



Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program

1. What is the Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP)?

The Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP) is a program in which grants are awarded to States, United States territories, and federally-recognized Indian tribal governments to provide low-income seniors with coupons that can be exchanged for eligible foods at farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs. The majority of the grant funds must be used to support the costs of the foods that are provided under the SFMNP; State agencies may use up to 10 percent of their grants to support administrative costs for the program.

2. What is the purpose of the SFMNP?

The purposes of the Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program are to:

1. Provide fresh, nutritious, unprepared, locally grown fruits, vegetables, and herbs from farmers' markets, roadside stands and community supported agriculture programs to low-income seniors, and
2. Increase the consumption of agricultural commodities by expanding, developing, or aiding in the development and expansion of domestic farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs.



3. Who is eligible for SFMNP benefits?

Low-income seniors, generally defined as individuals who are at least 60 years old and who have household incomes of not more than 185% of the federal poverty income guidelines (published each year by the Department of Health and Human Services) are the targeted recipients of SFMNP benefits. Some State agencies accept proof of participation or enrollment in another means-tested program, such as the Commodity Supplemental Food Program or Food Stamps, for SFMNP eligibility.

4. When does the SFMNP operate?

SFMNP benefits are provided to eligible recipients for use during the harvest season. In some States, the SFMNP season is relatively short, because the growing season in that area is not very long. In other States with longer growing seasons, recipients have a longer period of time in which to use their SFMNP benefits.

5. Where does the SFMNP operate?

For Fiscal Year (FY) 2007, grants have been awarded to 46 State agencies and federally recognized Indian tribal governments to operate the SFMNP: Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, California, the Chickasaw Nation in Oklahoma, Connecticut, the District of Columbia, Five Sandoval Pueblos (New Mexico), Florida, Georgia, the Grand Traverse Indians in Michigan, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, the Osage Tribal Council in Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, San Felipe Pueblo (New Mexico), South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

6. How does the SFMNP operate?

Once the SFMNP benefits have been issued to eligible seniors, they can be used at authorized farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs. In 2006, these products were available from over 14,575 farmers at 2,911 farmers' markets as well 2,323 roadside stands and 260 community supported agriculture programs.

7. What foods are available through the SFMNP?

Fresh, nutritious, unprepared fruits, vegetables, and herbs can be purchased with SFMNP benefits. State agencies may limit SFMNP sales to specific foods that are locally grown in order to encourage SFMNP recipients to support the farmers in their own States. Certain foods are not eligible for purchase with SFMNP benefits; these include dried fruits or vegetables, such as prunes (dried plums), raisins (dried grapes), sun-dried tomatoes or dried chili peppers. Potted fruit or vegetable plants, potted or dried herbs, wild rice, nuts of any kind (even raw), honey, maple syrup, cider, and molasses are also not allowed.

8. Who has the administrative responsibility for the SFMNP?

USDA's Food and Nutrition Service administers the SFMNP grants.

9. What is the current funding level?

For FY 2002-2007, Congress provided a total of \$15 million annually for the SFMNP.

10. How many recipients are served in the SFMNP?

In FY 2006, 825,691 people received SFMNP coupons.

11. How can I obtain further information?

For further information, please visit our website at: www.fns.usda.gov/wic

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