Appendix table 2-48

Doctoral degrees earned by foreign students, by selected industrialized country and field: 2003 or most recent year

Country and field	All	Foreign	
		Number	Percen
Germany	23,043	2,308	10.0
S&E	10,626	1,518	14.3
Physical/biological sciences	5,251	825	15.7
Mathematics/computer sciences	998	133	13.3
Agricultural sciences	501	167	33.3
Social/behavioral sciences	2,013	159	7.9
Engineering	1,863	234	12.6
Non-S&E	12,417	790	6.4
Japan ^a	11,352	1,475	13.0
S&E	5,825	745	12.8
Physical/biological sciences	1,415	59	4.2
Mathematics/computer sciences	NA	NA	NA
Agricultural sciences	900	206	22.9
Social/behavioral sciences	525	81	15.4
Engineering	2,985	399	13.4
Non-S&E	5,527	730	13.2
United Kingdom ^b (2004)	15,260	5,610	36.8
S&E	9,150	3,540	38.7
Physical/biological sciences	3,960	1,130	28.5
Mathematics/computer sciences	880	430	48.3
Agricultural sciences	320	150	46.2
Social/behavioral sciences	1,950	700	35.7
Engineering	2,040	1,150	56.2
Non-S&E	6,110	2,060	33.8
United States	40,710	12,216	30.0
S&E	26,891	9,871	36.7
Physical/biological sciences	11,430	3,692	32.3
Mathematics/computer sciences	1,860	921	49.5
Agricultural sciences	922	426	46.2
Social/behavioral sciences	7,414	1,658	22.4
Engineering	5,265	3,174	60.3
Non-S&E	13,819	2.345	17.0

NA = not available

^aUniversity-based doctorates only, excluding *ronbun hakase* doctorates awarded for research within industry. Includes mathematics in natural sciences and computer sciences in engineering.
^bData rounded to nearest 10. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Percentages based on unrounded data.

NOTES: Physical/biological sciences include physical, biological, earth, atmospheric, and ocean sciences. Data for doctoral degrees use the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED 97), level 6. S&E data do not include health fields. For each country, data are for doctoral degree recipients with foreign citizenship, including permanent and temporary residents.

SOURCES: Germany—Federal Statistical Office, *Prüfungen an Hochschulen* 2003 (2004); Japan—Government of Japan, Ministry of Education, Culture, and Science, Division of Higher Education, special tabulations (2005); United Kingdom—Higher Education Statistics Agency, special tabulations (2005), and United States—National Science Foundation, Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Earned Doctorates, Integrated Science and Engineering Resources Data System (WebCASPAR), http://webcaspar.nsf.gov.

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