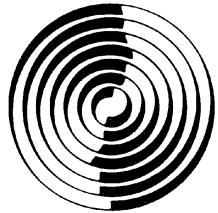


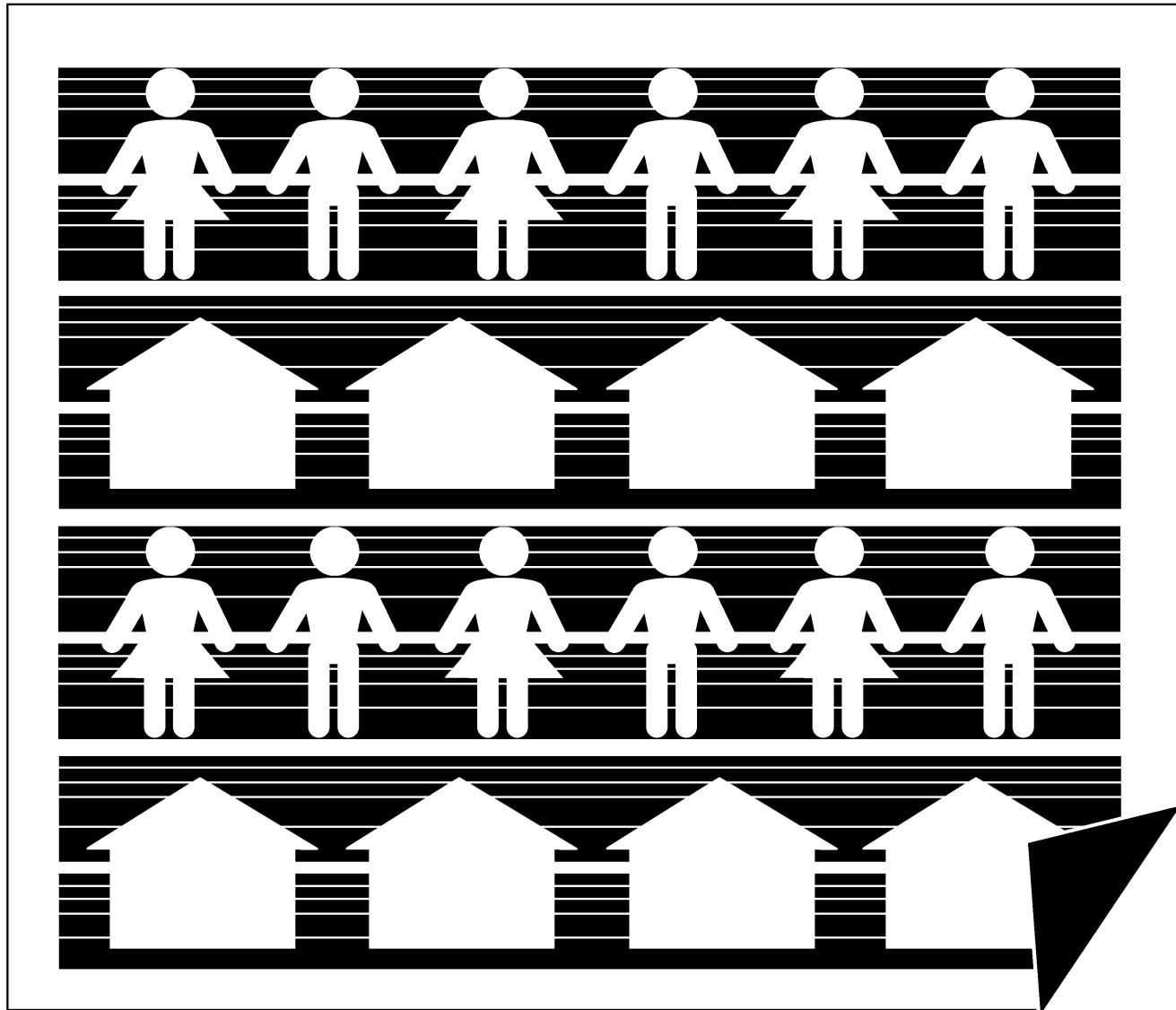
U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economics and Statistics Administration  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

CENSUS '90



1990 CPH-2-19

1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
**Population and Housing  
Unit Counts**  
**Kentucky**



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1990 CPH-2-19

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1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
**Population and Housing  
Unit Counts**  
**Kentucky**

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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists the geographic areas and the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the column headings at the top of the table finding guide and then look down the left-hand column for the desired type of geographic area. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

## TABLE FINDING GUIDE

### Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown at the top, and types of geographic areas are shown on the left side. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Area	Population counts			Housing unit counts			Land area
	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	
<b>THE STATE</b>							
Total .....	1,345,8 11,13,17, 22	1,38,11	1,4 23,4,6,8, 11,14,18, 22	2,3,8	2,4	4,7,8,11, 15,16,19, 20,22	
Urban and rural .....	1,5,11,12, 13,22	1,11,12	1,5 2,6,11, 14,22	2	2,6	7,11,15, 16,22	
Urban and rural by size of place .....	5,11,12, 13,22	11,12	... 6,11,14, 22	...	...	7,11,15, 16,22	
Inside and outside metropolitan area by urban and rural and size of place .....	13,22	...	...	14,22	...	...	15,16,22
Inside and outside metropolitan area by size of place .....	13,17,22	...	...	14,18,22	...	...	15,16,19, 20,22
Inside and outside urbanized area by size of place .....	24	...	...	24	...	...	24
<b>COUNTY</b>							
Total .....	3,4,8	3,8	4 3,4,8	3,8	4	4,7,8	
Urban and rural .....	5	...	5 6	...	6	7	
Urban and rural by size of place .....	5	...	6 ...	...	...	7	
<b>PLACE</b>							
By county and county subdivision .....	8	8	...	8 8	...	...	8
Alphabetically for the State .....	9	9	...	9 9	...	...	9
By 1990 population rank .....	10	10	...	10 10	10	...	...
<b>COUNTY SUBDIVISION</b>							
By county .....	8	8	...	8 8	...	...	8
Alphabetically for the State <sup>1</sup> .....	9	9	...	9 9	9	...	9
<b>METROPOLITAN AREA</b>							
Total and geographic components .....	21	21	...	21 21	...	...	21
By urban and rural and population size class of metropolitan area .....	22	...	...	22 ...	...	...	22
<b>URBANIZED AREA</b>							
Total and geographic components .....	23	...	...	23 ...	...	...	23
By size of place and population size class of urbanized area .....	24	...	...	24 ...	...	...	24

... Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>County subdivisions within the State are shown alphabetically with places only in the reports for the following 12 States: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

## HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

### Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*.

A typical census report table is illustrated below.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE																								
Table number and title			Headnote			Column head																		
Heading		Table number and title	Headnote		Column head	Spanner																		
Stubhead		The data User Note	Boxhead			Spanner																		
Stub		The data User Note	Table Number	Table Title	Column Head	Spanner	Spanner	Spanner	Spanner															
Sidehead		DATA OF SPHERE	Table Number	Table Title	Column Head	Spanner	Spanner	Spanner	Spanner															
20 ALASKA		SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Report title																					
Page number and State name																								
The heading consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table.																								
The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.																								

The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the *stubhead*. The *stubhead* is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a *sidehead*. The *sidehead*, similar to a *spanner*, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the *boxhead* to the bottom of the table and from the right of the *stub* to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

### Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash “-” represents zero or a figure or percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots “...” mean not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix “r” indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger “†” next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the “User Notes” section of the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and*

*Housing Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "--" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some 1990 census reports. If graphics are shown in a report, they are presented immediately after the "User Notes" section.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports unless graphics are shown. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown at the top, and types of geographic areas are shown on the left side. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Area	Population counts			Housing unit counts			Land area	Density		Number of places
	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses		Population	Housing unit	
<b>THE STATE</b>										
Total.....	1,3,4,5,8, 11,13,17, 22	1,3,8,11	1,4	2,3,4,6,8, 11,14,18, 22	2,3,8	2,4	4,7,8,11, 15,16,19, 20,22	4,8	4,8	11,13,14, 15,16,17, 18,19,20
Urban and rural .....	1,5,11,12, 13,22	1,11,12	1,5	2,6,11, 14,22	2	2,6	7,11,15, 16,22	...	...	1,11,12,13, 14,15,16
Urban and rural by size of place ...	5,11,12, 13,22	11,12	...	6,11,14, 22	...	...	7,11,15, 16,22	...	...	11,12,13, 14,15,16
Inside and outside metropolitan area by urban and rural and size of place .....	13,22	...	...	14,22	...	...	15,16,22	...	...	13,14,15, 16
Inside and outside metropolitan area by size of place .....	13,17,22	...	...	14,18,22	...	...	15,16,19, 20,22	...	...	13,14,15, 16,17,18, 19,20
Inside and outside urbanized area by size of place .....	24	...	...	24	...	...	24	...	...	...
<b>COUNTY</b>										
Total .....	3,4,8	3,8	4	3,4,8	3,8	4	4,7,8	4,8	4,8	...
Urban and rural .....	5	...	5	6	...	6	7	...	...	...
Urban and rural by size of place ...	5	...	...	6	...	...	7	...	...	...
<b>PLACE</b>										
By county and county subdivision ..	8	8	...	8	8	...	8	8	8	...
Alphabetically for the State .....	9	9	...	9	9	...	9	9	9	...
By 1990 population rank .....	10	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...
<b>COUNTY SUBDIVISION</b>										
By county .....	8	8	...	8	8	...	8	8	8	...
Alphabetically for the State <sup>1</sup> .....	9	9	...	9	9	...	9	9	9	...
<b>METROPOLITAN AREA</b>										
Total and geographic components ..	21	21	...	21	21	...	21	21	21	...
By urban and rural and population size class of metropolitan area....	22	...	...	22	...	...	22	...	...	...
<b>URBANIZED AREA</b>										
Total and geographic components ..	23	...	...	23	...	...	23	23	23	...
By size of place and population size class of urbanized area .....	24	...	...	24	...	...	24	...	...	...

... Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>County subdivisions within the State are shown alphabetically with places only in the reports for the following 12 States: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233  
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Robert C. Speaker  
Population Division  
Population and Housing Programs Branch  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### User Note 2

The latitude and longitude values shown by tick marks in the margins of the County Subdivision Outline Maps in appendix G are approximate. They are shown only for general reference. They are displayed accurately on the State and County Outline Maps.

## HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Kentucky, originally a part of Virginia, was admitted to the Union in 1792 as the fifteenth State with boundaries substantially as at present. The 1790 population of Kentucky is that of the part of Virginia taken to form Kentucky in 1792.

## GEOGRAPHIC CHANGE NOTES

The county subdivisions in this State are census county divisions (CCD's). One county, Fayette, is governmentally consolidated with the place, Lexington-Fayette. See appendix A for additional information. The year, where shown parenthetically, relates to the year the action was effective; the population and housing unit counts that follow, respectively, are as of April 1, 1980.

### Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places

**Adair County**—*Annexations*: Columbia city.

**Allen County**—*Annexations*: Scottsville city.

**Anderson County**—*Annexations*: Lawrenceburg city.

**Ballard County**—*Incorporated*: Blandville city (1986; 107 and 46). *Annexations*: Kevil city, La Center city.

**Barren County**—*Annexations*: Glasgow city, Park City city.

**Bath County**—*Annexations*: Owingsville city, Sharpsburg city.

**Bell County**—*Annexations*: Middlesborough city, Pineville city.

**Boone County**—*Annexations*: Florence city, Union city, Walton city. *Detachments*: Union city.

**Bourbon County**—*Annexations*: Paris city.

**Boyd County**—*Annexations*: Ashland city.

**Boyle County**—*Annexations*: Danville city.

**Bracken County**—*Annexations*: Brooksville city.

**Breathitt County**—*Annexations*: Jackson city.

**Breckinridge County**—*Annexations*: Cloverport city, Irvinton city.

**Bullitt County**—*Incorporated*: Fox Chase city (1983; 275 and 77); Hebron Estates city (1984; 433 and 121). *Annexations*: Hillview city, Lebanon Junction city, Mount Washington city, Pioneer Village city, Shepherdsville city.

**Butler County**—*Incorporated:* Woodbury city (1986; 91 and 38). *Annexations:* Morgantown city, Woodbury city.

**Calloway County**—*Annexations:* Murray city.

**Campbell County**—*Annexations:* Alexandria city, Bellevue city, Cold Spring city, Highland Heights city, Silver Grove city, Wilder city.

**Carlisle County**—*Annexations:* Arlington city, Bardwell city.

**Carroll County**—*Annexations:* Carrollton city, Prestonville city.

**Carter County**—*Annexations:* Grayson city.

**Christian County**—*Name changes:* LaFayette city and LaFayette CCD both previously shown as La Fayette. *Annexations:* Hopkinsville city, LaFayette city, Oak Grove city, Pembroke city.

**Clark County**—*Annexations:* Winchester city. *Detachments:* Winchester city.

**Clay County**—*Annexations:* Manchester city. *Detachments:* Manchester city.

**Clinton County**—*Annexations:* Albany city.

**Crittenden County**—*Annexations:* Marion city.

**Daviess County**—*Annexations:* Owensboro city, Whitesville city.

**Edmonson County**—*Detachments:* Brownsville city.

**Estill County**—*Annexations:* Irvine city.

**Fleming County**—*Annexations:* Ewing city, Flemingsburg city.

**Floyd County**—*Annexations:* Martin city, Prestonsburg city.

**Franklin County**—*Annexations:* Frankfort city. *Detachments:* Frankfort city.

**Fulton County**—*Annexations:* Fulton city, Hickman city.

**Gallatin County**—*Annexations:* Warsaw city.

**Garrard County**—*Annexations:* Lancaster city.

**Grant County**—*Annexations:* Crittenden city, Dry Ridge city, Williamstown city.

**Grayson County**—*Annexations:* Clarkson city, Leitchfield city.

**Green County**—*Annexations:* Greensburg city.

**Greenup County**—*Annexations:* Flatwoods city, Russell city.

**Hancock County**—*Annexations:* Hawesville city, Lewisport city.

**Hardin County**—*Annexations:* Elizabethtown city, Radcliff city. *Detachments:* Radcliff city.

**Harlan County**—*Annexations:* Cumberland city, Harlan city. *Deleted CDP:* Verda.

**Harrison County**—*Annexations:* Cynthiana city.

**Hart County**—*Annexations:* Horse Cave city.

**Henderson County**—*Annexations:* Henderson city.

**Henry County**—*Disincorporated:* Lockport (1987; 84 and 43). *Annexations:* New Castle city.

**Hopkins County**—*Annexations:* Hanson city, Madisonville city.

**Jackson County**—*Incorporated:* Annville city (1988; 371 and 141).

**Jefferson County**—*Name change:* Broad Fields city previously shown as Broadfields city. *Incorporated:* Broeck Pointe city (1980; 216 and 64); Coldstream city (1983; 549 and 175); Glenview city (1985; 511 and 209); Hurstbourne city (1982; 3,530 and 1,521); Murray Hill city (1982; 434 and 145); Poplar Hills city (1982; 381 and 265); Spring Mill city (1983; 426 and 108); Spring Valley city (1983; 510 and 168); Watterson Park city (1981; 1,101 and 546); Worthington Hills city (1980; 642 and 190). *Merged:* Graymoor city and Devondale city into Graymoor-Devondale city (1986; combined counts: 2,331 and 831). *Disincorporated:* Penn Run No. 1 city (1980; 75 and 25; now part of Highview CDP). *Annexations:* Anchorage city, Broeck Pointe city, Coldstream city, Douglass Hills city, Forest Hills city, Hollyville city, Hurstbourne city, Hurstbourne Acres city, Indian Hills city, Indian Hills Cherokee Section city, Jeffersontown city, Louisville city, Lyndon city, Meadow Vale city, Meadowview Estates city, Middletown city, Old Brownsboro Place city, Prospect city, Riverwood city, St. Matthews city, Spring Valley city, Watterson Park city, West Buechel city, Windy Hills city, Woodlawn Park city. *Detachments:* Anchorage city, Glenview city, Hollyville city, Lyndon city, Poplar Hills city, St. Matthews city.

**Jessamine County**—*Annexations:* Nicholasville city, Wilmore city.

**Johnson County**—Annexations: Paintsville city.

**Kenton County**—Merged: Ridgeview Heights city into Independence city (1983; combined counts: 8,727 and 2,907). Annexations: Covington city, Crescent Springs city, Crestview Hills city, Edgewood city, Elsmere city, Fort Wright city, Independence city, Ryland Heights city, Taylor Mill city, Villa Hills city. Detachments: Covington city, Kenton Vale city, Villa Hills city.

**Knott County**—Incorporated: Pippa Passes city (1983; 340 and 80).

**Knox County**—Annexations: Barbourville city, Corbin city.

**Laurel County**—Annexations: London city.

**Lawrence County**—Annexations: Louisa city.

**Leslie County**—Annexations: Hyden city.

**Letcher County**—Annexations: Whitesburg city.

**Lewis County**—Disincorporated: Tollesboro (1984; 808 and 494).

**Lincoln County**—Annexations: Eubank city, Hustonville city. Detachments: Hustonville city.

**Livingston County**—Annexations: Salem city.

**Logan County**—Annexations: Adairville city, Lewisburg city, Russellville city.

**Lyon County**—Annexations: Eddyville city, Kuttawa city.

**McCracken County**—New CCD: McCracken Southeast division created from parts of Paducah and McCracken Southwest divisions. Annexations: Paducah city.

**McLean County**—Annexations: Calhoun city.

**Madison County**—Annexations: Berea city, Richmond city.

**Magoffin County**—Annexations: Salyersville city. Detachments: Salyersville city.

**Marion County**—Annexations: Bradfordsville city, Lebanon city.

**Marshall County**—Annexations: Benton city.

**Martin County**—Incorporated: Warfield city (1982; 450 and 156).

**Mason County**—Annexations: Maysville city.

**Mercer County**—Annexations: Harrodsburg city.

**Monroe County**—Annexations: Gamaliel city, Tompkinsville city.

**Montgomery County**—Annexations: Camargo city, Mount Sterling city.

**Morgan County**—Annexations: West Liberty city.

**Muhlenberg County**—Annexations: Central City city.

**Nelson County**—Annexations: Bardstown city, New Haven city.

**Nicholas County**—Annexations: Carlisle city.

**Ohio County**—Annexations: Beaver Dam city, Centertown city.

**Oldham County**—Incorporated: Park Lake city (1983; 291 and 71); River Bluff city (1980; 283 and 76). Annexations: Crestwood city, La Grange city, Orchard Grass Hills city.

**Owen County**—Annexations: Owenton city.

**Perry County**—Annexations: Hazard city.

**Pike County**—Merged: Pleasant Valley city into Pikeville city (1980; combined counts: 5,098 and 2,155). Disincorporated: Phelps city (1980; 1,126 and 355), shown as a CDP in 1990; Yorktown city (1986; 155 and 61). Annexations: Pikeville city. Deleted CDP: South Williamson.

**Powell County**—Annexations: Clay City city, Stanton city.

**Pulaski County**—Annexations: Eubank city, Somerset city.

**Rowan County**—Deleted CDP: Clearfield.

**Russell County**—Annexations: Jamestown city, Russell Springs city.

**Scott County**—Annexations: Georgetown city, Stamping Ground city.

**Shelby County**—Annexations: Shelbyville city, Simpsonville city.

**Simpson County**—Annexations: Franklin city.

**Spencer County**—Annexations: Taylorsville city.

**Taylor County**—Annexations: Campbellsville city.

**Todd County**—Annexations: Elkton city, Guthrie city.

**Trigg County**—Annexations: Cadiz city.

**Union County**—Disincorporated: Caseyville (1987; 43 and 18). Annexations: Morganfield city, Uniontown city. Detachments: Morganfield city.

**Warren County**—Annexations: Bowling Green city, Woodburn city.

**Washington County**—Annexations: Springfield city.

**Webster County**—Annexations: Dixon city, Sebree city.

**Whitley County**—Annexations: Corbin city.

**Woodford County**—Annexations: Midway city, Versailles city.

**Table 1. Population: Earliest Census to 1990**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural	The State			Urban				Rural			Percent of total popula-tion	
		Change from preceding census		Number of places of 2,500 or more	Change from preceding census			Change from preceding census				
		Total population	Population	Percent	Population	Population		Population	Population	Urban	Rural	
<b>Current urban definition:</b>												
1990 (Apr. 1)-----	3 685 296	24 972	.7	135	1 910 325	48 142	2.6	1 774 971	-23 623	-1.3	51.8	48.2
1980 (Apr. 1)-----	r3 660 324	439 613	13.6	125	1 862 183	178 130	10.6	1 798 594	263 941	17.2	50.9	49.1
1970 (Apr. 1)-----	r3 220 711	182 555	6.0	103	1 684 053	330 838	24.4	1 534 653	-150 288	-8.9	52.3	47.7
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	3 038 156	93 350	3.2	88	1 353 215	269 145	24.8	1 684 941	-175 795	-9.4	44.5	55.5
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	2 944 806	99 179	3.5	74	1 084 070	...	...	1 860 736	...	...	36.8	63.2
<b>Previous urban definition:</b>												
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	3 038 156	93 350	3.2	83	1 144 583	158 844	16.1	1 893 573	-65 494	-3.3	37.7	62.3
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	2 944 806	99 179	3.5	68	985 739	136 412	16.1	1 959 067	-37 233	-1.9	33.5	66.5
1940 (Apr. 1)-----	2 845 627	231 038	8.8	56	849 327	50 301	6.3	1 996 300	180 737	10.0	29.8	70.2
1930 (Apr. 1)-----	2 614 589	197 959	8.2	53	799 026	165 483	26.1	1 815 563	32 476	1.8	30.6	69.4
1920 (Jan. 1)-----	2 416 630	126 725	5.5	51	633 543	78 101	14.1	1 783 087	48 624	2.8	26.2	73.8
1910 (Apr. 15)-----	2 289 905	142 731	6.6	40	555 442	87 774	18.8	1 734 463	54 957	3.3	24.3	75.7
1900 (June 1)-----	2 147 174	288 539	15.5	34	467 668	110 955	31.1	1 679 506	177 584	11.8	21.8	78.2
1890 (June 1)-----	1 858 635	209 945	12.7	26	356 713	106 790	42.7	1 501 922	103 155	7.4	19.2	80.8
1880 (June 1)-----	1 648 690	327 679	24.8	17	249 923	54 027	27.6	1 398 767	273 652	24.3	15.2	84.8
1870 (June 1)-----	1 321 011	165 327	14.3	14	195 896	75 272	62.4	1 125 115	90 055	8.7	14.8	85.2
1860 (June 1)-----	1 155 684	173 279	17.6	8	120 624	46 820	63.4	1 035 060	126 459	13.9	10.4	89.6
1850 (June 1)-----	982 405	202 577	26.0	6	73 804	42 856	138.5	908 601	159 721	21.3	7.5	92.5
1840 (June 1)-----	779 828	91 911	13.4	3	30 948	14 581	89.1	748 880	77 330	11.5	4.0	96.0
1830 (June 1)-----	687 917	123 600	21.9	2	16 367	7 076	76.2	671 550	116 524	21.0	2.4	97.6
1820 (Aug. 7)-----	564 317	157 806	38.8	2	9 291	4 965	114.8	555 026	152 841	38.0	1.6	98.4
1810 (Aug. 6)-----	406 511	185 556	84.0	1	4 326	4 326	...	402 185	181 230	82.0	1.1	98.9
1800 (Aug. 4)-----	220 955	147 278	199.9	-	-	-	-	220 955	147 278	199.9	-	100.0
1790 (Aug. 2)-----	73 677	...	...	-	-	...	...	73 677	...	...	-	100.0

**Table 2. Housing Units: 1950 to 1990**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural	The State			Urban			Rural			Percent of total housing units	
	Total housing units	Change from preceding census		Housing units	Change from preceding census		Housing units	Change from preceding census			
		Housing units	Percent		Housing units	Percent		Housing units	Percent		
<b>Current urban definition:</b>											
1990 (Apr. 1)-----	1 506 845	137 944	10.1	797 705	83 821	11.7	709 140	53 899	8.2	52.9	47.1
1980 (Apr. 1)-----	1 368 901	304 075	28.6	713 884	156 809	28.1	655 241	147 865	29.1	52.1	47.9
1970 (Apr. 1)-----	1 064 826	139 254	15.0	557 075	122 836	28.3	507 376	16 043	3.3	52.3	47.7
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	925 572	105 431	12.9	434 239	105 730	32.2	491 333	-299	-1	46.9	53.1
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	820 141	...	...	328 509	...	...	491 632	...	...	40.1	59.9

## 2 KENTUCKY

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

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## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

KENTUCKY 3

Table 3. Population and Housing Units: 1940 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Population						Housing units					
	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940
The State -----	3 685 296	13 660 324	3 220 711	3 038 156	2 944 806	2 845 627	1 506 845	1 368 901	1 064 826	925 572	820 141	729 206
COUNTY												
Adair County -----	15 360	15 233	13 037	14 699	17 603	18 566	6 434	6 163	4 793	4 636	4 783	4 395
Allen County -----	14 628	14 128	12 598	12 269	13 787	15 496	6 381	6 011	4 662	4 175	4 301	4 108
Anderson County -----	14 571	12 567	9 358	8 618	8 984	8 936	5 804	4 803	3 284	2 802	2 742	2 426
Ballard County -----	7 902	8 798	8 276	8 291	8 545	9 480	3 553	3 543	3 153	3 128	2 767	2 722
Barren County -----	34 001	34 009	28 677	28 303	28 461	27 559	14 202	13 503	10 164	9 282	8 292	7 268
Bath County -----	9 692	10 025	9 235	9 114	10 410	11 451	4 021	3 695	3 213	2 874	2 926	2 829
Bell County -----	31 506	34 330	31 121	35 336	47 602	43 812	12 568	12 049	9 978	9 900	11 293	9 534
Boone County -----	57 589	45 842	32 812	21 940	13 015	10 820	21 476	16 070	9 853	6 291	3 986	3 179
Bourbon County -----	19 236	19 405	18 476	18 178	17 752	17 932	7 781	7 213	6 350	5 824	5 415	5 105
Boyd County -----	51 150	55 513	52 376	52 163	49 949	45 938	21 365	21 445	17 779	16 185	13 885	11 280
Boyle County -----	25 641	25 066	21 861	21 257	20 532	17 075	10 191	9 516	7 267	6 302	5 501	4 610
Bracken County -----	7 766	7 738	7 227	7 422	8 424	9 389	3 166	2 980	2 607	2 518	2 745	2 642
Breathitt County -----	15 703	17 004	14 221	15 490	19 964	23 946	6 127	5 543	4 285	4 025	4 360	4 870
Breckinridge County -----	16 312	16 861	14 789	14 734	15 528	17 744	8 261	7 146	5 686	4 741	4 632	4 829
Bullitt County -----	47 567	43 346	26 090	15 726	11 349	9 511	16 629	13 664	7 732	4 713	3 512	2 517
Butler County -----	11 245	11 064	9 723	9 586	11 309	14 371	4 698	4 275	3 467	3 119	3 208	3 576
Caldwell County -----	13 232	13 473	13 179	13 073	13 199	14 499	5 794	5 353	4 936	4 571	4 091	4 199
Calloway County -----	30 735	30 031	27 692	20 972	20 147	19 041	13 242	12 010	9 863	7 205	6 453	5 403
Campbell County -----	83 866	83 317	88 704	86 803	76 196	71 918	32 910	30 268	28 150	26 714	22 980	21 183
Carlisle County -----	5 238	5 487	5 354	5 608	6 206	7 650	2 295	2 212	2 027	2 032	1 985	2 136
Carroll County -----	9 292	9 270	8 523	7 978	8 517	8 657	3 870	3 822	2 967	2 734	2 745	2 481
Carter County -----	24 340	25 060	19 850	20 817	22 559	25 545	9 290	8 771	6 407	5 860	5 561	5 552
Casey County -----	14 211	14 818	12 930	14 327	17 446	19 962	6 046	5 814	4 550	4 194	4 460	4 519
Christian County -----	68 941	66 878	56 224	56 904	42 359	36 129	23 429	21 195	16 227	15 308	11 300	9 842
Clark County -----	29 496	28 322	24 090	21 075	18 898	17 988	11 635	10 414	8 193	6 775	5 652	5 172
Clay County -----	21 746	22 752	18 481	20 748	23 116	23 901	7 930	7 403	5 464	4 993	5 071	4 687
Clinton County -----	9 135	9 321	8 174	8 886	10 605	10 279	4 189	4 031	2 854	2 643	2 744	2 384
Crittenden County -----	9 196	9 207	8 493	8 648	10 818	12 115	4 039	3 830	3 373	3 186	3 549	3 438
Cumberland County -----	6 784	7 289	6 850	7 835	9 309	11 923	3 051	3 147	2 604	2 531	2 634	2 779
Daviss County -----	87 189	85 949	79 486	70 588	57 241	52 335	35 041	31 665	25 374	21 387	16 155	14 192
Edmonson County -----	10 357	9 962	8 751	8 085	9 376	11 344	5 009	4 221	3 105	2 573	2 543	2 630
Elliott County -----	6 455	6 908	5 933	6 330	7 085	8 713	2 639	2 499	1 881	1 783	1 672	1 762
Estill County -----	14 614	14 495	12 752	12 466	14 677	17 978	5 863	5 251	4 241	3 905	3 825	3 996
Fayette County -----	225 366	204 165	174 323	131 906	100 746	78 899	97 742	81 747	59 528	40 263	27 905	21 963
Fleming County -----	12 292	12 323	11 366	10 890	11 962	13 327	5 163	4 628	4 099	3 607	3 630	3 728
Floyd County -----	43 586	48 764	35 889	41 642	53 500	52 986	17 169	17 354	11 412	10 880	12 065	10 792
Franklin County -----	43 781	41 830	34 481	29 421	25 933	23 308	18 543	16 971	11 732	9 351	7 668	6 280
Fulton County -----	8 271	8 971	10 183	11 256	13 668	15 413	3 684	3 631	3 788	3 908	4 227	4 205
Gallatin County -----	5 393	4 842	4 134	3 867	3 969	4 307	2 290	1 779	1 465	1 310	1 246	1 239
Garrard County -----	11 579	10 853	9 457	9 747	11 029	11 910	4 929	4 333	3 568	3 388	3 430	3 040
Grant County -----	15 737	13 308	9 999	9 489	9 809	9 876	6 543	5 355	3 984	3 371	3 096	2 859
Graves County -----	33 550	34 049	30 939	30 021	31 364	31 763	14 528	13 631	11 655	10 663	9 971	9 063
Grayson County -----	21 050	20 854	16 445	15 834	17 063	17 562	10 446	9 549	6 314	5 247	4 996	4 585
Green County -----	10 371	11 043	10 350	11 249	11 261	12 321	4 523	4 281	3 940	3 614	3 375	3 094
Greeneup County -----	36 742	39 132	33 192	29 238	24 887	24 917	14 657	13 847	10 426	8 470	6 563	5 763
Hancock County -----	7 864	7 742	7 080	5 330	6 009	6 807	3 080	2 810	2 371	1 863	1 855	1 879
Hardin County -----	89 240	88 911	78 421	67 789	50 312	29 108	32 375	r27 172	18 388	14 883	10 842	6 394
Harlan County -----	36 574	41 889	37 370	51 107	71 751	75 275	14 735	14 815	12 464	14 864	16 782	16 141
Harrison County -----	16 248	15 166	14 158	13 704	13 736	15 124	6 488	5 985	5 068	4 604	4 459	4 362
Hart County -----	14 890	15 402	13 980	14 119	15 321	17 239	6 501	6 431	5 025	4 672	4 688	4 603
Henderson County -----	43 044	40 849	36 031	33 519	30 715	27 020	17 932	15 523	12 267	11 219	9 301	7 679
Henry County -----	12 823	12 740	10 910	10 987	11 394	12 220	5 447	5 103	3 927	3 738	3 562	3 485
Hickman County -----	5 566	6 065	6 264	6 747	7 778	9 142	2 374	2 406	2 394	2 326	2 417	2 551
Hopkins County -----	46 126	46 174	38 167	38 458	38 815	37 789	19 325	17 675	13 490	12 643	11 900	10 749
Jackson County -----	11 955	11 996	10 005	10 677	13 101	16 339	4 895	4 368	3 359	3 219	3 244	3 542
Jefferson County -----	664 937	r684 638	695 055	610 947	484 615	385 392	282 578	r265 734	226 493	188 311	142 830	111 234
Jessamine County -----	30 508	r26 065	17 430	13 625	12 458	12 174	11 209	r9 028	5 596	3 971	3 556	3 351
Johnson County -----	23 248	24 432	17 539	19 748	23 846	25 771	9 381	8 817	6 023	5 876	5 992	5 705
Kenton County -----	142 031	137 058	129 440	120 700	104 254	93 139	56 086	51 241	42 455	37 743	32 144	27 528
Knott County -----	17 906	17 940	14 698	17 362	20 320	20 007	6 718	5 868	4 368	4 284	4 275	3 815
Knox County -----	29 676	30 239	23 689	25 258	30 409	31 029	11 731	10 821	7 709	7 046	7 441	6 777
Larue County -----	11 679	11 922	10 672	10 346	9 956	9 622	4 824	4 648	3 641	3 271	2 970	2 565
Laurel County -----	43 438	38 982	27 386	24 901	25 797	25 640	16 923	14 151	8 757	7 023	6 617	5 689
Lawrence County -----	13 998	14 121	10 726	12 134	14 418	17 275	5 684	5 223	3 957	3 778	3 920	4 015
Lee County -----	7 422	7 754	6 587	7 420	8 739	10 860	3 025	2 798	2 314	2 153	2 360	2 421
Leslie County -----	13 642	14 882	11 623	10 941	15 537	14 981	5 038	4 856	3 277	2 379	3 153	2 850
Letcher County -----	27 000	30 687	23 165	30 102	39 522	40 592	10 808	10 662	7 599	8 260	9 236	8 536
Lewis County -----	13 029	14 545	12 355	13 115	13 520	15 686	5 328	5 061	4 120	3 934	3 734	3 935
Lincoln County -----	20 045	19 053	16 663	16 503	18 668	19 859	7 985	7 194	5 762	5 090	5 049	4 790
Livingston County -----	9 062	9 219	7 596	7 029	7 184	9 127	4 177	3 841	2 982	2 531	2 375	2 549

Table 3. Population and Housing Units: 1940 to 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Population						Housing units					
	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>												
Logan County -----	24 416	24 138	21 793	20 896	22 335	23 345	10 303	9 468	7 627	6 789	6 462	6 257
Lyon County -----	6 624	6 490	5 562	5 924	6 853	9 067	3 460	2 538	1 887	1 802	1 975	2 083
McCracken County -----	62 879	61 310	58 281	57 306	49 137	48 534	27 581	24 797	21 131	19 739	15 491	13 826
McCreary County -----	15 603	15 634	12 548	12 463	16 660	16 451	6 039	5 176	3 903	3 191	3 771	3 384
McLean County -----	9 628	10 090	9 062	9 355	10 021	11 446	4 042	3 853	3 380	3 167	3 154	3 117
Madison County -----	57 508	53 352	42 730	33 482	31 179	28 541	21 456	17 975	12 597	10 175	8 729	7 434
Maggoffin County -----	13 077	13 515	10 443	11 156	13 839	17 490	4 800	4 486	3 089	3 008	3 222	3 466
Marion County -----	16 499	17 910	16 714	16 887	17 212	16 913	6 115	5 922	4 767	4 308	4 278	3 866
Marshall County -----	27 205	25 637	20 381	16 736	13 387	16 602	12 528	10 643	7 915	6 046	4 577	4 611
Martin County -----	12 526	13 925	9 377	10 201	11 677	10 970	4 697	4 449	2 614	2 462	2 443	2 128
Mason County -----	16 666	r17 760	17 273	18 454	18 486	19 066	7 089	r6 757	6 007	5 916	5 667	5 282
Meade County -----	24 170	22 854	18 796	18 938	9 422	8 827	8 907	7 640	5 787	5 282	2 520	2 265
Menifee County -----	5 092	5 117	4 050	4 276	4 798	5 691	2 421	1 868	1 338	1 256	1 247	1 275
Mercer County -----	19 148	19 011	15 960	14 596	14 643	14 629	8 212	7 558	6 099	5 145	4 633	4 006
Metcalfe County -----	8 963	9 484	8 177	8 367	9 851	10 853	3 793	3 566	2 936	2 801	2 845	2 807
Monroe County -----	11 401	12 353	11 642	11 799	13 770	14 070	4 882	5 143	4 283	3 718	3 763	3 393
Montgomery County -----	19 561	20 046	15 364	13 461	13 025	12 280	7 759	7 238	5 128	4 230	3 804	3 325
Morgan County -----	11 648	12 103	10 019	11 056	13 624	16 827	4 562	4 330	3 313	3 258	3 457	3 710
Muhlenberg County -----	31 318	32 238	27 537	27 791	32 501	37 554	12 754	11 584	9 578	8 773	9 167	9 479
Nelson County -----	29 710	27 584	23 477	22 168	19 521	18 004	11 078	9 227	6 742	5 673	5 010	4 278
Nicholas County -----	6 725	7 157	6 508	6 677	7 532	8 617	2 930	2 771	2 426	2 289	2 368	2 510
Ohio County -----	21 105	21 765	18 790	17 725	20 840	24 421	8 680	8 073	6 722	6 144	6 475	6 697
Oldham County -----	33 263	27 795	14 687	13 388	11 018	10 716	11 202	8 694	4 248	3 555	2 817	2 225
Owen County -----	9 035	8 924	7 470	8 237	9 755	10 942	4 723	3 972	3 103	3 054	3 031	3 130
Owsley County -----	5 036	5 709	5 023	5 369	7 324	8 957	2 137	2 039	1 766	1 684	1 812	1 987
Pendleton County -----	12 036	10 989	9 949	9 968	9 610	10 392	4 782	4 192	3 417	3 255	3 178	3 016
Perry County -----	30 283	33 763	26 259	34 961	46 566	47 828	11 565	11 268	8 049	8 794	10 403	9 629
Pike County -----	72 583	81 123	61 059	68 264	81 154	71 122	28 760	28 183	18 725	18 203	18 745	15 250
Powell County -----	11 686	11 101	7 704	6 674	6 812	7 671	4 458	3 822	2 401	1 904	1 759	1 750
Pulaski County -----	49 489	45 803	35 234	34 403	38 452	39 863	22 328	19 532	13 004	11 074	10 531	9 420
Robertson County -----	2 124	r2 270	2 163	2 443	2 881	3 419	955	r905	830	863	897	977
Rockcastle County -----	14 803	13 973	12 305	12 334	13 925	17 165	5 958	5 036	4 007	3 597	3 603	3 869
Rowan County -----	20 353	19 049	17 010	12 808	12 708	12 734	7 375	6 648	4 495	3 532	3 157	2 903
Russell County -----	14 716	13 708	10 542	11 076	13 717	13 615	7 375	6 345	4 297	3 878	3 677	3 097
Scott County -----	23 867	21 813	17 948	15 376	15 141	14 314	9 173	7 782	5 856	4 788	4 483	4 061
Shelby County -----	24 824	23 328	18 999	18 493	17 912	17 759	9 617	8 622	6 450	5 846	5 309	5 029
Simpson County -----	15 145	14 673	13 054	11 548	11 678	11 752	6 172	5 717	4 551	3 764	3 497	3 238
Spencer County -----	6 801	5 929	5 488	5 680	6 157	6 757	2 640	2 180	1 790	1 709	1 699	1 707
Taylor County -----	21 146	21 178	17 138	16 285	14 403	13 556	8 798	8 211	5 836	4 955	4 116	3 480
Todd County -----	10 940	11 874	10 823	11 364	12 890	14 234	4 415	4 577	3 798	3 781	3 825	3 929
Trigg County -----	10 361	9 384	8 620	8 870	9 683	12 784	5 284	4 379	3 087	2 857	2 926	3 332
Trimble County -----	6 090	6 253	5 349	5 102	5 148	5 601	2 510	2 428	1 831	1 621	1 513	1 552
Union County -----	16 557	17 821	15 882	14 537	14 893	17 411	6 091	5 671	4 909	4 663	4 594	4 602
Warren County -----	76 673	71 828	57 884	45 491	42 758	36 631	31 065	26 695	18 664	14 323	12 611	10 284
Washington County -----	10 441	10 764	10 728	11 168	12 777	12 965	4 009	3 759	3 333	3 221	3 297	3 097
Wayne County -----	17 468	17 022	14 268	14 700	16 475	17 204	7 791	7 168	4 918	4 156	4 139	3 938
Webster County -----	13 955	14 832	13 282	14 244	15 555	19 198	5 914	5 790	5 238	5 318	5 257	5 682
Whitley County -----	33 326	33 396	24 145	25 815	31 940	33 186	13 399	12 384	8 252	7 871	8 335	7 575
Wolfe County -----	6 503	6 698	5 669	6 534	7 615	9 997	2 779	2 570	1 774	1 685	1 938	2 084
Woodford County -----	19 955	17 778	14 434	11 913	11 212	11 847	7 689	6 408	4 722	3 787	3 292	3 113

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

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Table 4. Land Area, Population, and Housing Units: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Land area		Population		Housing units			Percent change				
	Square kilometers	Square miles	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Population		Housing units	
									1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980	1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980
The State -----	102 906.7	39 732.3	3 685 296	35.8	92.8	1 506 845	14.6	37.9	.7	13.6	10.1	28.6
<b>COUNTY</b>												
Adair County -----	1 053.8	406.9	15 360	14.6	37.7	6 434	6.1	15.8	.8	16.8	4.4	28.6
Allen County -----	896.5	346.1	14 628	16.3	42.3	6 381	7.1	18.4	3.5	12.1	6.2	28.9
Anderson County -----	525.0	202.7	14 571	27.8	71.9	5 804	11.1	28.6	15.9	34.3	20.8	46.3
Ballard County -----	650.5	251.2	7 902	12.1	31.5	3 553	5.5	14.1	-10.1	6.3	12.4	.3
Barren County -----	1 271.6	491.0	34 001	26.7	69.2	14 202	11.2	28.9	-	18.6	5.2	32.9
Bath County -----	723.8	279.4	9 692	13.4	34.7	4 021	5.6	14.4	-3.2	8.6	8.8	15.0
Bell County -----	934.4	360.8	31 506	33.7	87.3	12 568	13.5	34.8	-8.1	10.3	4.3	20.8
Boone County -----	637.8	246.3	57 589	90.3	233.8	21 476	33.7	87.2	25.6	39.7	63.1	33.6
Bourbon County -----	754.8	291.4	19 236	25.5	66.0	7 781	10.3	26.7	-.8	5.0	7.9	13.6
Boyd County -----	414.9	160.2	51 150	123.3	319.3	21 365	51.5	133.4	-7.8	6.0	-.3	20.6
Boyle County -----	470.4	181.6	25 641	54.5	141.2	10 191	21.7	56.1	2.3	14.7	7.1	30.9
Bracken County -----	526.4	203.2	7 766	14.8	38.2	3 166	6.0	15.6	.4	7.1	6.2	14.3
Breathitt County -----	1 282.6	495.2	15 703	12.2	31.7	6 127	4.8	12.4	-7.6	19.6	10.5	29.4
Breckinridge County -----	1 482.6	572.4	16 312	11.0	28.5	8 261	5.6	14.4	-3.2	14.0	15.6	25.7
Bullitt County -----	774.7	299.1	47 567	61.4	159.0	16 629	21.5	55.6	9.7	66.1	21.7	76.7
Butler County -----	1 108.8	428.1	11 245	10.1	26.3	4 698	4.2	11.0	1.6	13.8	9.9	23.3
Caldwell County -----	898.7	347.0	13 232	14.7	38.1	5 794	6.4	16.7	-1.7	2.2	8.2	8.4
Calloway County -----	1 000.5	386.3	30 735	30.7	79.6	13 242	13.2	34.3	2.3	8.4	10.3	21.8
Campbell County -----	392.6	151.6	83 866	213.6	553.2	32 910	83.8	217.1	-.7	-6.0	8.7	7.5
Carlisle County -----	498.6	192.5	5 238	10.5	27.2	2 295	4.6	11.9	-4.4	2.5	3.8	9.1
Carroll County -----	337.0	130.1	9 292	27.6	71.4	3 870	11.5	29.7	.2	8.8	1.3	28.8
Carter County -----	1 063.5	410.6	24 340	22.9	59.3	9 290	8.7	22.6	-2.8	26.2	5.9	36.9
Casey County -----	1 154.2	445.6	14 211	12.3	31.9	6 046	5.2	13.6	-4.0	14.6	4.0	27.8
Christian County -----	1 868.3	721.4	68 941	36.9	95.6	23 429	12.5	32.5	3.1	18.9	10.5	30.6
Clark County -----	658.7	254.3	29 496	44.8	116.0	11 635	17.7	45.8	4.1	17.6	11.7	27.1
Clay County -----	1 219.9	471.0	21 746	17.8	46.2	7 930	6.5	16.8	-4.3	23.1	7.1	35.5
Clinton County -----	511.4	197.5	9 135	17.9	46.3	4 189	8.2	21.2	-1.9	14.0	3.9	41.2
Crittenden County -----	938.0	362.2	9 196	9.8	25.4	4 039	4.3	11.2	-	8.4	5.5	13.5
Cumberland County -----	792.1	305.8	6 784	8.6	22.2	3 051	3.9	10.0	-6.8	6.4	-3.0	20.9
Daviss County -----	1 197.7	462.4	87 189	72.8	188.6	35 041	29.3	75.8	1.4	8.1	10.7	24.8
Edmonson County -----	783.8	302.6	10 357	13.2	34.2	5 009	6.4	16.6	4.0	13.8	18.7	35.9
Elliott County -----	606.0	234.0	6 455	10.7	27.6	2 639	4.4	11.3	-6.5	16.4	5.6	32.9
Estill County -----	657.9	254.0	14 614	22.2	57.5	5 863	8.9	23.1	.8	13.7	11.7	23.8
Fayette County -----	736.9	284.5	225 366	305.8	792.1	97 742	132.6	343.6	10.4	17.1	19.6	37.3
Fleming County -----	909.3	351.1	12 292	13.5	35.0	5 163	5.7	14.7	-2	8.4	11.6	12.9
Floyd County -----	1 021.3	394.3	43 586	42.7	110.5	17 169	16.8	43.5	-10.5	35.9	-1.0	52.1
Franklin County -----	545.2	210.5	43 781	80.3	208.0	18 543	34.0	88.1	4.7	21.3	9.3	44.7
Fulton County -----	541.2	209.0	8 271	15.3	39.6	3 684	6.8	17.6	-7.7	-11.8	1.5	-4.0
Gallatin County -----	256.0	98.8	5 393	21.1	54.6	2 290	8.9	23.2	11.4	17.1	28.7	21.4
Garrard County -----	598.9	231.2	11 579	19.3	50.1	4 929	8.2	21.3	6.7	14.8	13.8	21.4
Grant County -----	673.1	259.9	15 737	23.4	60.6	6 543	9.7	25.2	18.3	33.1	22.2	34.4
Graves County -----	1 439.1	555.7	33 550	23.3	60.4	14 528	10.1	26.1	-1.4	10.1	6.6	17.0
Grayson County -----	1 304.6	503.7	21 050	16.1	41.8	10 446	8.0	20.7	.9	26.8	9.4	51.2
Green County -----	747.9	288.7	10 371	13.9	35.9	4 523	6.0	15.7	-6.0	6.7	5.7	8.7
Greene County -----	896.7	346.2	36 742	41.0	106.1	14 657	16.3	42.3	-6.0	17.9	5.8	32.8
Hancock County -----	489.0	188.8	7 864	16.1	41.7	3 080	6.3	16.3	1.6	9.4	9.6	18.5
Hardin County -----	1 626.6	628.0	89 240	54.9	142.1	32 375	19.9	51.6	.4	13.4	19.1	47.8
Harlan County -----	1 210.0	467.2	36 574	30.2	78.3	14 735	12.2	31.5	-12.6	12.1	-4	18.9
Harrison County -----	802.2	309.7	16 248	20.3	52.5	6 488	8.1	20.9	7.1	7.1	8.4	18.1
Hart County -----	1 077.3	416.0	14 890	13.8	35.8	6 501	6.0	15.6	-3.2	10.2	1.1	28.0
Henderson County -----	1 140.0	440.2	43 044	37.8	97.8	17 932	15.7	40.7	5.4	13.4	15.5	26.5
Henry County -----	749.4	289.3	12 823	17.1	44.3	5 447	7.3	18.8	.7	16.8	6.7	29.9
Hickman County -----	633.2	244.5	5 566	8.8	22.8	2 374	3.7	9.7	-8.1	-3.1	-1.2	.5
Hopkins County -----	1 426.0	550.6	46 126	32.3	83.8	19 325	13.6	35.1	-	21.0	9.3	31.0
Jackson County -----	897.0	346.3	11 955	13.3	34.5	4 895	5.5	14.1	-.2	19.9	12.1	30.0
Jefferson County -----	997.4	385.1	664 937	666.7	1 726.7	282 578	283.3	733.8	-2.8	-1.4	6.3	17.3
Jessamine County -----	448.5	173.2	30 508	68.0	176.1	11 209	25.0	64.7	17.0	49.5	24.2	61.3
Johnson County -----	677.4	261.6	23 248	34.3	88.9	9 381	13.8	35.9	-4.7	39.3	6.4	46.4
Kenton County -----	421.1	162.6	142 031	337.3	873.5	56 086	133.2	344.9	3.6	5.9	9.5	20.7
Knott County -----	912.2	352.2	17 906	19.6	50.8	6 718	7.4	19.1	-.1	22.1	14.5	34.3
Knox County -----	1 004.1	387.7	29 676	29.6	76.5	11 731	11.7	30.3	-1.8	27.6	8.4	40.4
Larue County -----	682.3	263.4	11 679	17.1	44.3	4 824	7.1	18.3	-1.9	11.7	3.8	27.7
Laurel County -----	1 128.4	435.7	43 438	38.5	99.7	16 923	15.0	38.8	11.4	42.3	19.6	61.6
Lawrence County -----	1 084.8	418.9	13 998	12.9	33.4	5 684	5.2	13.6	-.8	31.7	8.8	32.0
Lee County -----	543.6	209.9	7 422	13.7	35.4	3 025	5.6	14.4	-4.2	17.7	8.1	20.9
Leslie County -----	1 046.5	404.0	13 642	13.0	33.8	5 038	4.8	12.5	-8.2	28.0	3.7	48.2
Letcher County -----	878.1	339.1	27 000	30.7	79.6	10 808	12.3	31.9	-11.9	32.5	1.4	40.3
Lewis County -----	1 254.9	484.5	13 029	10.4	26.9	5 328	4.2	11.0	-10.3	17.7	5.3	22.8
Lincoln County -----	871.7	336.6	20 045	23.0	59.6	7 985	9.2	23.7	5.2	14.3	11.0	24.9
Livingston County -----	818.7	316.1	9 062	11.1	28.7	4 177	5.1	13.2	-1.6	21.4	8.7	28.8
Logan County -----	1 439.3	555.7	24 416	17.0	43.9	10 303	7.2	18.5	1.2	10.8	8.8	24.1

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Table 4. Land Area, Population, and Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Land area		Population			Housing units			Percent change			
	Square kilometers	Square miles	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Population		Housing units	
									1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980	1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>												
Lyon County -----	558.8	215.8	6 624	11.9	30.7	3 460	6.2	16.0	2.1	16.7	36.3	34.5
McCracken County -----	650.5	251.1	62 879	96.7	250.4	27 581	42.4	109.8	2.6	5.2	11.2	17.3
McCreary County -----	1 107.8	427.7	15 603	14.1	36.5	6 039	5.5	14.1	−1	24.6	16.7	32.6
McLean County -----	659.7	254.3	9 628	14.6	37.9	4 042	6.1	15.9	−4.5	11.3	4.9	14.0
Madison County -----	1 141.5	440.7	57 508	50.4	130.5	21 456	18.8	48.7	7.8	24.9	19.4	42.7
Magnolia County -----	801.5	309.5	13 077	16.3	42.3	4 800	6.0	15.5	−3.1	29.4	7.0	45.2
Marion County -----	897.9	346.7	16 499	18.4	47.6	6 115	6.8	17.6	−7.8	7.2	3.3	24.2
Marshall County -----	789.7	304.9	27 205	34.4	89.2	12 528	15.9	41.1	6.1	25.8	17.7	34.5
Martin County -----	597.6	230.7	12 526	21.0	54.3	4 697	7.9	20.4	−9.9	48.5	5.6	70.2
Mason County -----	624.5	241.1	16 666	26.7	69.1	7 089	11.4	29.4	−6.1	2.8	4.9	12.5
Meade County -----	799.1	308.5	24 170	30.2	78.3	8 907	11.1	28.9	5.8	21.6	16.6	32.0
Menifee County -----	528.1	203.9	5 092	9.6	25.0	2 421	4.6	11.9	−4	26.3	29.6	39.6
Mercer County -----	649.9	250.9	19 148	29.5	76.3	8 212	12.6	32.7	−7	19.1	8.7	23.9
Metcalfe County -----	753.5	290.9	8 963	11.9	30.8	3 793	5.0	13.0	−5.4	16.0	6.4	21.5
Monroe County -----	856.8	330.8	11 401	13.3	34.5	4 882	5.7	14.8	−7.6	6.1	−5.0	20.1
Montgomery County -----	514.4	198.6	19 561	38.0	98.5	7 759	15.1	39.1	−2.3	30.5	7.2	41.1
Morgan County -----	987.6	381.3	11 648	11.8	30.5	4 562	4.6	12.0	−3.7	20.8	5.4	30.7
Muhlenberg County -----	1 229.6	474.7	31 318	25.5	66.0	12 754	10.4	26.9	−2.8	17.1	10.1	20.9
Nelson County -----	1 094.8	422.7	29 710	27.1	70.3	11 078	10.1	26.2	7.7	17.5	20.1	36.9
Nicholas County -----	509.2	196.6	6 725	13.2	34.2	2 930	5.8	14.9	−5.9	10.0	5.7	14.2
Ohio County -----	1 538.0	593.8	21 105	13.7	35.5	8 680	5.6	14.6	−2.9	15.8	7.5	20.1
Oldham County -----	490.0	189.2	33 263	67.9	175.8	11 202	22.9	59.2	19.7	89.2	28.8	104.7
Owen County -----	912.1	352.2	9 035	9.9	25.7	4 723	5.2	13.4	1.2	19.5	18.9	28.0
Owsley County -----	513.1	198.1	5 036	9.8	25.4	2 137	4.2	10.8	−11.7	13.7	4.8	15.5
Pendleton County -----	725.3	280.0	12 036	16.6	43.0	4 782	6.6	17.1	9.5	10.5	14.1	22.7
Perry County -----	886.2	342.2	30 283	34.2	88.5	11 565	13.1	33.8	−10.2	28.6	2.6	40.0
Pike County -----	2 040.2	787.7	72 583	35.6	92.1	28 760	14.1	36.5	−10.4	32.9	2.0	50.5
Powell County -----	466.6	180.1	11 686	25.0	64.9	4 458	9.6	24.8	5.3	44.1	16.6	59.2
Pulaski County -----	1 713.6	661.6	49 489	28.9	74.8	22 328	13.0	33.7	8.0	30.0	14.3	50.2
Robertson County -----	259.2	100.1	2 124	8.2	21.2	955	3.7	9.5	−6.3	4.9	5.5	9.0
Rockcastle County -----	822.4	317.5	14 803	18.0	46.6	5 958	7.2	18.8	5.9	13.6	18.3	25.7
Rowan County -----	727.4	280.8	20 353	28.0	72.5	7 375	10.1	26.3	6.8	12.0	10.9	47.9
Russell County -----	656.7	253.5	14 716	22.4	58.1	7 375	11.2	29.1	7.4	30.0	16.2	47.7
Scott County -----	738.6	285.2	23 867	32.3	83.7	9 173	12.4	32.2	9.4	21.5	17.9	32.9
Shelby County -----	995.0	384.2	24 824	24.9	64.6	9 617	9.7	25.0	6.4	22.8	11.5	33.7
Simpson County -----	611.8	236.2	15 145	24.8	64.1	6 172	10.1	26.1	3.2	12.4	8.0	25.6
Spencer County -----	481.5	185.9	6 801	14.1	36.6	2 640	5.5	14.2	14.7	8.0	21.1	21.8
Taylor County -----	698.9	269.8	21 146	30.3	78.4	8 798	12.6	32.6	−1	23.6	7.1	40.7
Todd County -----	974.8	376.4	10 940	11.2	29.1	4 415	4.5	11.7	−7.8	9.7	−3.4	20.5
Trigg County -----	1 148.3	443.4	10 361	9.0	23.4	5 284	4.6	11.9	10.4	8.9	20.7	41.9
Trimble County -----	385.5	148.9	6 090	15.8	40.9	2 510	6.5	16.9	−2.5	16.9	3.4	32.6
Union County -----	893.8	345.1	16 557	18.5	48.0	6 091	6.8	17.6	−7.0	12.2	7.4	15.5
Warren County -----	1 412.2	545.2	76 673	54.3	140.6	31 065	22.0	57.0	6.7	24.1	16.4	43.0
Washington County -----	778.6	300.6	10 441	13.4	34.7	4 009	5.1	13.3	−2.9	.3	6.7	12.8
Wayne County -----	1 189.9	459.4	17 468	14.7	38.0	7 791	6.5	17.0	2.6	19.3	8.7	45.8
Webster County -----	866.9	334.7	13 955	16.1	41.7	5 914	6.8	17.7	−5.8	11.7	2.1	10.5
Whitley County -----	1 140.0	440.2	33 326	29.2	75.7	13 399	11.8	30.4	−1	38.3	8.2	50.1
Wolfe County -----	577.1	222.8	6 503	11.3	29.2	2 779	4.8	12.5	−2.8	18.2	8.1	44.9
Woodford County -----	493.9	190.7	19 955	40.4	104.6	7 689	15.6	40.3	12.2	23.2	20.0	35.7

Table 5. Population by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total population	Urban			Rural			Percent of total population		Percent change, 1980 to 1990						
		Outside urbanized area		Total rural population	In place		Other rural	Urban		Rural	Urban					
		Total	Place of 10,000 or more		Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000						
The State -----	3 685 296	1 910 325	1 276 855	633 470	322 550	310 920	1 774 971	202 826	132 826	70 000	1 572 145	51.8	34.6	48.2	2.6	-1.3
COUNTY																
Adair County -----	15 360	3 845	-	3 845	-	3 845	11 515	-	-	-	11 515	25.0	-	75.0	3.6	-1
Allen County -----	14 628	4 278	-	4 278	-	4 278	10 350	-	-	-	10 350	29.2	-	70.8	-	5.1
Anderson County -----	14 571	5 911	-	5 911	-	5 911	8 660	-	-	-	8 660	40.6	-	59.4	14.4	17.0
Ballard County -----	7 902	-	-	-	-	-	7 902	3 029	1 040	1 989	4 873	-	-	100.0	-	-10.2
Barren County -----	34 001	12 351	-	12 351	12 351	-	21 650	2 722	1 953	769	18 928	36.3	-	63.7	-4.7	2.8
Bath County -----	9 692	-	-	-	-	-	9 692	2 148	1 491	657	7 544	-	-	100.0	-	-3.3
Bell County -----	31 506	11 328	-	11 328	11 328	-	20 178	2 198	2 198	-	17 980	36.0	-	64.0	-23.7	3.6
Boone County -----	57 589	35 358	35 358	-	-	-	22 231	3 035	3 035	-	19 196	61.4	38.6	85.9	-17.1	
Bourbon County -----	19 236	8 730	-	8 730	-	8 730	10 506	1 539	-	1 539	8 967	45.4	-	54.6	10.0	-8.4
Boyd County -----	51 150	37 780	37 780	-	-	-	13 370	-	-	-	13 370	73.9	-	26.1	-9.1	-4.3
Boyle County -----	25 641	12 420	-	12 420	12 420	-	13 221	2 798	1 983	815	10 423	48.4	-	51.6	-4.0	9.0
Bracken County -----	7 766	-	-	-	-	-	7 766	2 204	1 336	868	5 562	-	-	100.0	-	-4
Breathitt County -----	15 703	-	-	-	-	-	15 703	2 466	2 466	-	13 237	-	-	100.0	-	9.4
Breckinridge County -----	16 312	-	-	-	-	-	16 312	4 293	4 293	-	12 019	-	-	100.0	-	-3.3
Bullitt County -----	47 567	22 323	12 292	10 031	-	10 031	25 244	4 205	4 205	-	21 039	46.9	25.8	53.1	12.1	7.7
Butler County -----	11 245	-	-	-	-	-	11 245	2 592	2 284	308	8 653	-	-	100.0	-	1.6
Caldwell County -----	13 232	6 940	-	6 940	-	6 940	6 292	490	-	490	5 802	52.4	-	47.6	-1.9	-1.7
Calloway County -----	30 735	14 439	-	14 439	14 439	-	16 296	460	-	460	15 836	47.0	-	53.0	1.3	3.3
Campbell County -----	83 866	69 234	69 234	-	-	-	14 632	2 337	2 038	299	12 295	82.6	-	17.4	-1.0	9.4
Carlisle County -----	5 238	-	-	-	-	-	5 238	1 268	-	1 268	3 970	-	-	100.0	-	-4.5
Carroll County -----	9 292	3 715	-	3 715	-	3 715	5 577	992	-	992	4 585	40.0	-	60.0	-6.4	5.2
Carter County -----	24 340	3 510	-	3 510	-	3 510	20 830	1 809	1 809	-	19 021	14.4	-	85.6	-41.1	9.1
Casey County -----	14 211	-	-	-	-	-	14 211	1 937	-	-	12 274	-	-	100.0	-	-4.1
Christian County -----	68 941	51 533	21 724	29 809	29 809	-	17 408	1 445	-	1 445	15 963	74.7	31.5	25.3	10.5	-14.1
Clark County -----	29 496	15 799	-	15 799	15 799	-	13 697	-	-	-	13 697	53.6	-	46.4	3.8	4.5
Clay County -----	21 746	-	-	-	-	-	21 746	1 634	1 634	-	20 112	-	-	100.0	-	-4.4
Clinton County -----	9 135	-	-	-	-	-	9 135	2 062	2 062	-	7 073	-	-	100.0	-	-2.0
Crittenden County -----	9 196	3 320	-	3 320	-	3 320	5 876	47	-	47	5 829	36.1	-	63.9	-2.1	1.0
Cumberland County -----	6 784	-	-	-	-	-	6 784	1 815	1 815	-	4 969	-	-	100.0	-	-6.9
Davies County -----	87 189	60 645	60 645	-	-	-	26 544	1 801	1 119	682	24 743	69.6	69.6	30.4	5.4	-6.5
Edmonson County -----	10 357	-	-	-	-	-	10 357	897	-	897	9 460	-	-	100.0	-	4.0
Elliott County -----	6 455	-	-	-	-	-	6 455	548	-	548	5 907	-	-	100.0	-	-6.6
Estill County -----	14 614	2 836	-	2 836	-	2 836	11 778	804	-	804	10 974	19.4	-	80.6	-1.8	1.5
Fayette County -----	225 366	218 925	218 925	-	-	-	6 441	-	-	-	6 441	97.1	97.1	2.9	12.8	-36.1
Fleming County -----	12 292	3 071	-	3 071	-	3 071	9 221	268	-	268	8 953	25.0	-	75.0	8.3	-2.8
Floyd County -----	43 586	3 558	-	3 558	-	3 558	40 028	2 003	-	2 003	38 025	8.2	-	91.8	-11.3	-10.6
Franklin County -----	43 781	25 968	-	25 968	25 968	-	17 813	-	-	-	17 813	59.3	-	40.7	-12.3	
Fulton County -----	8 271	5 767	-	5 767	-	5 767	2 504	-	-	-	2 504	69.7	-	30.3	-4.4	-14.8
Gallatin County -----	5 393	-	-	-	-	-	5 393	1 554	1 202	352	3 839	-	-	100.0	-	11.4
Garrard County -----	11 579	3 421	-	3 421	-	3 421	8 158	-	-	-	8 158	29.5	-	70.5	1.7	8.9
Grant County -----	15 737	3 023	-	3 023	-	3 023	12 714	2 464	1 601	863	10 250	19.2	-	80.8	20.8	17.7
Graves County -----	33 550	9 935	-	9 935	-	9 935	23 615	889	-	889	22 726	29.6	-	70.4	-7.2	1.2
Grayson County -----	21 050	4 965	-	4 965	-	4 965	16 085	1 160	-	1 160	14 925	23.6	-	76.4	9.5	-1.4
Green County -----	10 371	-	-	-	-	-	10 371	1 990	1 990	-	8 381	-	-	100.0	-	-6.1
Greene County -----	36 742	18 342	18 342	-	-	-	18 400	2 476	2 476	-	15 924	49.9	49.9	50.1	-2.1	-9.8
Hancock County -----	7 864	-	-	-	-	-	7 864	2 776	1 778	998	5 088	-	-	100.0	-	1.6
Hardin County -----	89 240	56 932	-	56 932	53 346	3 586	32 308	1 917	1 216	701	30 391	63.8	-	36.2	-2.2	5.2
Harlan County -----	36 574	5 798	-	5 798	-	5 798	30 776	5 329	4 351	978	25 447	15.9	-	84.1	-13.9	-12.5
Harrison County -----	16 248	6 497	-	6 497	-	6 497	9 751	240	-	240	9 511	40.0	-	60.0	10.5	5.0
Hart County -----	14 890	-	-	-	-	-	14 890	4 140	3 840	300	10 750	-	-	100.0	-	-3.3
Henderson County -----	43 044	26 517	26 517	-	-	-	16 527	790	-	790	15 737	61.6	61.6	38.4	6.0	4.4
Henry County -----	12 823	-	-	-	-	-	12 823	4 396	2 055	2 341	8 427	-	-	100.0	-	-7
Hickman County -----	5 566	-	-	-	-	-	5 566	1 799	1 547	252	3 767	-	-	100.0	-	-8.2
Hopkins County -----	46 126	19 329	-	19 329	16 200	3 129	26 797	5 620	3 042	2 578	21 177	41.9	-	58.1	4.6	3.4
Jackson County -----	11 955	-	-	-	-	-	11 955	1 340	-	1 340	1 015	-	-	100.0	-	-3
Jefferson County -----	664 937	642 505	642 505	-	-	-	22 432	2 673	-	2 673	19 759	96.6	96.6	3.4	-1.9	-25.4
Jessamine County -----	30 508	19 594	1 776	17 818	13 603	4 215	10 914	-	-	-	10 914	64.2	5.8	35.8	38.1	-8.7
Johnson County -----	23 248	4 354	-	4 354	-	4 354	18 894	1 050	1 050	-	17 844	18.7	-	81.3	14.1	-8.4
Kenton County -----	142 031	131 757	131 757	-	-	-	10 274	469	-	469	9 805	92.8	92.8	7.2	4.7	-8.6
Knott County -----	17 906	-	-	-	-	-	17 906	993	-	993	16 913	-	-	100.0	-	-2
Knox County -----	29 676	5 271	-	5 271	-	5 271	24 405	510	510	-	23 895	17.8	-	82.2	12.9	-4.6
Larue County -----	11 679	2 721	-	2 721	-	2 721	8 958	313	-	313	8 645	23.3	-	76.7	7.5	-4.6
Laurel County -----	43 438	5 757	-	5 757	-	5 757	37 681	1 091	1 091	-	36 590	13.3	-	86.7	43.9	7.7
Lawrence County -----	13 998	-	-	-	-	-	13 998	2 261	1 990	271	11 737	-	-	100.0	-	-9
Lee County -----	7 422	-	-	-	-	-	7 422	1 131	1 131	-	6 291	-	-	100.0	-	-4.3
Leslie County -----	13 642	-	-	-	-	-	13 642	375	-	375	13 267	-	-	100.0	-	-8.3
Letcher County -----	27 000	2 751	-	2 751	-	2 751	24 249	3 496	2 737	759	20 753	10.2	-	89.8	-15.9	-11.6
Lewis County -----	13 029	-	-	-	-	-	13 029	1 778	1 713	65	11 251	-	-	100.0	-	-10.4
Lincoln County -----	20 045	2 686	-	2 686	-	2 686	17 359	1 173	-	1 173	16 186	13.4	-	86.6	-2.8	6.6
Livingston County -----	9 062	-	-	-	-	-	9 062	3 297</td								

Table 5. Population by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total population	Urban			Total rural population	Rural			Percent of total population		Percent change, 1980 to 1990						
		Outside urbanized area		Place of 10,000 or more		In place		Other rural	Urban	Inside urbanized area	Rural	Urban					
		Total	Inside urbanized area			Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499		Total			Rural					
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>																	
Logan County -----	24 416	7 454	—	7 454	—	7 454	16 962	2 951	1 273	1 678	14 011	30.5	—	69.5	—.9	2.1	
Lyon County -----	6 624	—	—	—	—	—	6 624	2 424	1 889	535	4 200	—	—	100.0	—	2.1	
McCracken County -----	62 879	43 709	—	43 709	27 256	16 453	19 170	2 025	1 560	465	17 145	69.5	—	30.5	15.7	—18.6	
McCreary County -----	15 603	—	—	—	—	—	15 603	4 232	4 232	—	11 371	—	—	100.0	—	—2.2	
McLean County -----	9 628	—	—	—	—	—	9 628	3 397	1 534	1 863	6 231	—	—	100.0	—	—4.6	
Madison County -----	57 508	30 281	—	30 281	21 155	9 126	27 227	—	—	—	27 227	52.7	—	47.3	1.2	16.3	
Magoffin County -----	13 077	—	—	—	—	—	13 077	1 917	1 917	—	11 160	—	—	100.0	—	—3.2	
Marion County -----	16 499	5 695	—	—	5 695	—	5 695	10 804	1 176	—	1 176	9 628	34.5	—	65.5	—13.6	—4.6
Marshall County -----	27 205	6 419	—	—	6 419	—	6 419	20 786	595	—	595	20 191	23.6	—	76.4	73.5	—5.2
Martin County -----	12 526	—	—	—	—	—	12 526	875	—	875	11 651	—	—	100.0	—	—10.0	
Mason County -----	16 666	7 169	—	7 169	—	7 169	9 497	1 343	—	1 343	8 154	43.0	—	57.0	—10.2	—2.9	
Meade County -----	24 170	6 088	—	6 088	6 088	—	18 082	3 343	3 233	110	14 739	25.2	—	74.8	—3.6	9.3	
Menifee County -----	5 092	—	—	—	—	—	5 092	625	—	625	4 467	—	—	100.0	—	—5.5	
Mercer County -----	19 148	7 335	—	7 335	—	7 335	11 813	1 009	1 009	—	10 804	38.3	—	61.7	1.0	—.6	
Metcalfe County -----	8 963	—	—	—	—	—	8 963	1 477	1 477	—	7 486	—	—	100.0	—	—5.5	
Monroe County -----	11 401	2 861	—	—	2 861	—	2 861	8 540	721	—	721	7 819	25.1	—	74.9	—34.5	6.9
Montgomery County -----	19 561	5 362	—	—	5 362	—	5 362	14 199	2 876	2 876	—	11 323	27.4	—	72.6	—7.9	—2.2
Morgan County -----	11 648	—	—	—	—	—	11 648	1 887	1 887	—	—	9 761	—	—	100.0	—	—3.8
Muhlenberg County -----	31 318	9 668	—	—	9 668	—	9 668	21 650	1 782	—	1 782	19 868	30.9	—	69.1	—1.8	—3.3
Nelson County -----	29 710	6 801	—	—	6 801	—	6 801	22 909	1 783	—	1 783	21 126	22.9	—	77.1	10.5	6.9
Nicholas County -----	6 725	—	—	—	—	—	6 725	1 639	1 639	—	—	5 086	—	—	100.0	—	—6.0
Ohio County -----	21 105	5 436	—	—	5 436	—	5 436	15 669	1 704	—	1 704	13 965	25.8	—	74.2	—4.6	—2.5
Oldham County -----	33 263	3 853	—	3 853	—	3 853	29 410	6 938	6 223	715	22 472	11.6	—	88.4	29.7	18.5	
Owen County -----	9 035	—	—	—	—	—	9 035	1 573	1 306	267	7 462	—	—	100.0	—	—1.2	
Owsley County -----	5 036	—	—	—	—	—	5 036	232	—	232	4 804	—	—	100.0	—	—11.8	
Pendleton County -----	12 036	—	—	—	—	—	12 036	3 003	2 378	625	9 033	—	—	100.0	—	—9.5	
Perry County -----	30 283	5 416	—	—	5 416	—	5 416	24 867	244	—	244	24 623	17.9	—	82.1	.8	—12.4
Pike County -----	72 583	6 324	—	—	6 324	—	6 324	66 259	2 438	1 298	1 140	63 821	8.7	—	91.3	33.0	—13.2
Powell County -----	11 686	2 795	—	—	2 795	—	2 795	8 891	1 258	1 258	—	7 633	23.9	—	76.1	3.9	5.7
Pulaski County -----	49 489	10 733	—	10 733	10 733	—	38 756	2 576	—	2 576	36 180	21.7	—	78.3	.8	10.2	
Robertson County -----	2 124	—	—	—	—	—	2 124	384	—	384	1 740	—	—	100.0	—	—6.2	
Rockcastle County -----	14 803	2 654	—	2 654	—	2 654	12 149	1 381	1 140	241	10 768	17.9	—	82.1	—13.1	—	
Rowan County -----	20 353	8 357	—	8 357	—	8 357	11 996	252	—	252	11 744	41.1	—	58.9	7.3	6.5	
Russell County -----	14 716	—	—	—	—	—	14 716	4 004	4 004	—	10 712	—	—	100.0	—	—7.4	
Scott County -----	23 867	11 414	—	11 414	11 414	—	12 453	958	—	958	11 495	47.8	—	52.2	4.0	14.9	
Shelby County -----	24 824	6 238	—	6 238	11 414	—	18 586	939	—	939	17 647	25.1	—	74.9	17.1	3.3	
Simpson County -----	15 145	7 607	—	7 607	—	7 607	7 538	—	—	—	7 538	50.2	—	49.8	—1.7	8.7	
Spencer County -----	6 801	—	—	—	—	—	6 801	774	—	774	6 027	—	—	100.0	—	14.7	
Taylor County -----	21 146	9 577	—	9 577	—	9 577	11 569	—	—	—	11 569	45.3	—	54.7	9.9	—7.2	
Todd County -----	10 940	—	—	—	—	—	10 940	3 889	3 293	596	7 051	—	—	100.0	—	—7.9	
Trigg County -----	10 361	—	—	—	—	—	10 361	2 148	2 148	—	8 213	—	—	100.0	—	10.4	
Trimble County -----	6 090	—	—	—	—	—	6 090	1 324	—	1 324	4 766	—	—	100.0	—	—2.6	
Union County -----	16 557	3 776	—	3 776	—	3 776	12 781	5 912	5 567	345	6 869	22.8	—	77.2	—46.6	18.9	
Warren County -----	76 673	40 641	—	40 641	40 641	—	36 032	1 609	—	1 609	34 423	53.0	—	47.0	.5	14.8	
Washington County -----	10 441	2 875	—	2 875	—	2 875	7 566	423	—	423	7 143	27.5	—	72.5	—9.6	—3	
Wayne County -----	17 468	5 357	—	5 357	—	5 357	12 111	—	—	—	12 111	30.7	—	69.3	—5.6	6.8	
Webster County -----	13 955	4 123	—	4 123	—	4 123	9 832	3 676	2 683	993	6 156	29.5	—	70.5	—7.0	—5.4	
Whitley County -----	33 326	11 299	—	11 299	—	11 299	22 027	—	—	—	22 027	33.9	—	66.1	—8.1	4.4	
Wolfe County -----	6 503	—	—	—	—	—	6 503	484	—	484	6 019	—	—	100.0	—	—2.9	
Woodford County -----	19 955	7 269	—	7 269	—	7 269	12 686	1 290	1 290	—	11 396	36.4	—	63.6	13.1	11.8	

Table 6. Housing Units by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total housing units	Urban				Total rural housing units	Rural				Percent of total housing units			Percent change, 1980 to 1990		
		Outside urbanized area		In place			Urban									
		Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural	Total	Inside urban- ized area	Rural	Urban	Rural	
The State -----	1 506 845	797 705	533 278	264 427	132 244	132 183	709 140	85 888	55 636	30 252	623 252	52.9	35.4	47.1	11.7	8.2
COUNTY																
Adair County -----	6 434	1 648	-	1 648	-	1 648	4 786	-	-	-	4 786	25.6	-	74.4	9.1	2.9
Allen County -----	6 381	1 861	-	1 861	-	1 861	4 520	-	-	-	4 520	29.2	-	70.8	.9	8.5
Anderson County -----	5 804	2 459	-	2 459	-	2 459	3 345	-	-	-	3 345	42.4	-	57.6	20.4	21.2
Ballard County -----	3 553	-	-	-	-	-	3 553	1 477	466	1 011	2 076	-	-	100.0	-	.3
Barren County -----	14 202	5 395	-	5 395	5 395	-	8 807	1 215	870	345	7 592	38.0	-	62.0	6.5	4.4
Bath County -----	4 021	-	-	-	-	-	4 021	996	670	326	3 025	-	-	100.0	-	8.8
Bell County -----	12 568	4 849	-	4 849	4 849	-	7 719	967	967	-	6 752	38.6	-	61.4	-15.7	22.6
Boone County -----	21 476	13 823	13 823	-	-	-	7 653	1 115	1 115	-	6 538	64.4	64.4	35.6	97.2	-15.5
Bourbon County -----	7 781	3 743	-	3 743	-	3 743	4 038	652	-	652	3 386	48.1	-	51.9	16.7	.8
Boyd County -----	21 365	16 277	16 277	-	-	-	5 088	-	-	-	5 088	76.2	76.2	23.8	-1.6	3.8
Boyle County -----	10 191	5 210	-	5 210	5 210	-	4 981	1 187	816	371	3 794	51.1	-	48.9	3.5	11.2
Bracken County -----	3 166	-	-	-	-	-	3 166	968	559	409	2 198	-	-	100.0	-	6.2
Breathitt County -----	6 127	-	-	-	-	-	6 127	995	995	-	5 132	-	-	100.0	-	35.0
Breckinridge County -----	8 261	-	-	-	-	-	8 261	1 962	1 962	-	6 299	-	-	100.0	-	15.6
Bullitt County -----	16 629	7 737	4 064	3 673	-	3 673	8 892	1 535	1 535	-	7 357	46.5	24.4	53.5	23.0	20.6
Butler County -----	4 698	-	-	-	-	-	4 698	1 121	970	151	3 577	-	-	100.0	-	9.9
Caldwell County -----	5 794	3 168	-	3 168	-	3 168	2 626	217	-	217	2 409	54.7	-	45.3	7.3	9.4
Calloway County -----	13 242	5 546	-	5 546	5 546	-	7 696	215	-	215	7 481	41.9	-	58.1	6.3	13.3
Campbell County -----	32 910	27 964	27 964	-	-	-	4 946	789	678	111	4 157	85.0	85.0	15.0	7.9	13.8
Carlisle County -----	2 295	-	-	-	-	-	2 295	636	-	636	1 659	-	-	100.0	-	3.8
Carroll County -----	3 870	1 663	-	1 663	-	1 663	2 207	364	-	364	1 843	43.0	-	57.0	-3.1	4.8
Carter County -----	9 290	1 343	-	1 343	-	1 343	7 947	833	833	-	7 114	14.5	-	85.5	-41.3	22.6
Casey County -----	6 046	-	-	-	-	-	6 046	905	905	-	5 141	-	-	100.0	-	4.0
Christian County -----	23 429	16 564	4 328	12 236	12 236	-	6 865	578	-	578	6 287	70.7	18.5	29.3	15.1	1.0
Clark County -----	11 635	6 592	-	6 592	6 592	-	5 043	-	-	-	5 043	56.7	-	43.3	9.6	14.6
Clay County -----	7 930	-	-	-	-	-	7 930	752	752	-	7 178	-	-	100.0	-	7.1
Clinton County -----	4 189	-	-	-	-	-	4 189	997	997	-	3 192	-	-	100.0	-	3.9
Crittenden County -----	4 039	1 555	-	1 555	-	1 555	2 484	28	-	28	2 456	38.5	-	61.5	-3.3	9.4
Cumberland County -----	3 051	-	-	-	-	-	3 051	817	817	-	2 234	-	-	100.0	-	-3.1
Davies County -----	35 041	25 677	25 677	-	-	-	9 364	661	393	268	8 703	73.3	73.3	26.7	15.2	-.1
Edmonson County -----	5 009	-	-	-	-	-	5 009	402	-	402	4 607	-	-	100.0	-	18.7
Elliott County -----	2 639	-	-	-	-	-	2 639	263	-	263	2 376	-	-	100.0	-	5.6
Estill County -----	5 863	1 258	-	1 258	-	1 258	4 605	365	-	365	4 240	21.5	-	78.5	6.3	13.2
Fayette County -----	97 742	95 122	95 122	-	-	-	2 620	-	-	-	2 620	97.3	97.3	2.7	21.7	-27.1
Fleming County -----	5 163	1 365	-	1 365	-	1 365	3 798	119	-	119	3 679	26.4	-	73.6	17.7	17.7
Floyd County -----	17 169	1 516	-	1 516	-	1 516	15 653	847	-	847	14 806	8.8	-	91.2	-10.3	-.1
Franklin County -----	18 543	11 880	-	11 880	11 880	-	6 663	-	-	-	6 663	64.1	-	35.9	5.9	15.7
Fulton County -----	3 684	2 629	-	2 629	-	2 629	1 055	-	-	-	1 055	71.4	-	28.6	3.8	-3.9
Gallatin County -----	2 290	-	-	-	-	-	2 290	698	537	161	1 592	-	-	100.0	-	28.7
Garrard County -----	4 929	1 546	-	1 546	-	1 546	3 383	-	-	-	3 383	31.4	-	68.6	3.1	19.4
Grant County -----	6 543	1 296	-	1 296	-	1 296	5 247	958	607	351	4 289	19.8	-	80.2	26.1	21.3
Graves County -----	14 528	4 859	-	4 859	-	4 859	9 669	422	-	422	9 247	33.4	-	66.6	3.7	8.1
Grayson County -----	10 446	2 114	-	2 114	-	2 114	8 332	541	-	541	7 791	20.2	-	79.8	16.5	7.7
Green County -----	4 523	-	-	-	-	-	4 523	931	931	-	3 592	-	-	100.0	-	5.7
Greene County -----	14 657	7 214	7 214	-	-	-	7 443	1 103	1 103	-	6 340	49.2	49.2	50.8	8.2	3.7
Hancock County -----	3 080	-	-	-	-	-	3 080	1 133	704	429	1 947	-	-	100.0	-	9.6
Hardin County -----	32 375	20 161	-	20 161	18 731	1 430	12 214	870	560	310	11 344	62.3	-	37.7	25.9	9.4
Harlan County -----	14 735	2 661	-	2 661	-	2 661	12 074	2 278	1 843	435	9 796	18.1	-	81.9	2.6	-.1
Harrison County -----	6 488	2 778	-	2 778	-	2 778	3 710	103	-	103	3 607	42.8	-	57.2	6.8	9.7
Hart County -----	6 501	-	-	-	-	-	6 501	1 884	1 736	148	4 617	-	-	100.0	-	1.1
Henderson County -----	17 932	11 663	11 663	-	-	-	6 269	297	-	297	5 972	65.0	65.0	35.0	15.6	15.5
Henry County -----	5 447	-	-	-	-	-	5 447	1 945	925	1 020	3 502	-	-	100.0	-	6.7
Hickman County -----	2 374	-	-	-	-	-	2 374	809	695	114	1 565	-	-	100.0	-	-.3
Hopkins County -----	19 325	8 575	-	8 575	7 146	1 429	10 750	2 445	1 349	1 096	8 305	44.4	-	55.6	4.3	13.7
Jackson County -----	4 895	-	-	-	-	-	4 895	566	-	566	4 329	-	-	100.0	-	12.1
Jefferson County -----	282 578	274 019	274 019	-	-	-	8 559	893	-	893	7 666	97.0	97.0	3.0	7.4	-20.4
Jessamine County -----	11 209	7 140	633	6 507	5 220	1 287	4 069	-	-	-	4 069	63.7	5.6	36.3	50.7	-5.7
Johnson County -----	9 381	2 014	-	2 014	-	2 014	7 367	438	438	-	6 929	21.5	-	78.5	25.0	2.2
Kenton County -----	56 086	52 494	52 494	-	-	-	3 592	152	-	152	3 440	93.6	93.6	6.4	10.4	-2.7
Knott County -----	6 718	-	-	-	-	-	6 718	446	-	446	6 272	-	-	100.0	-	14.5
Knox County -----	11 731	2 277	-	2 277	-	2 277	9 454	232	232	-	9 222	19.4	-	80.6	15.2	6.9
Larue County -----	4 824	1 174	-	1 174	-	1 174	3 650	146	-	146	3 504	24.3	-	75.7	11.4	1.6
Laurel County -----	16 923	2 553	-	2 553	-	2 553	14 370	467	467	-	13 903	15.1	-	84.9	54.1	15.0
Lawrence County -----	5 684	-	-	-	-	-	5 684	1 025	919	106	4 659	-	-	100.0	-	8.8
Lee County -----	3 025	-	-	-	-	-	3 025	498	498	-	2 527	-	-	100.0	-	8.1
Leslie County -----	5 038	-	-	-	-	-	5 038	137	-	137	4 901	-	-	100.0	-	3.7
Letcher County -----	10 808	1 182	-	1 182	-	1 182	9 626	1 515	1 169	346	8 111	10.9	-	89.1	-3.7	2.0
Lewis County -----	5 328	-	-	-	-	-	5 328	748	714	34	4 580	-	-	100.0	-	5.3
Lincoln County -----	7 985	1 159	-	1 159	-	1 159	6 826	527	-	527	6 299	14.5	-	85.5	1.8	12.7
Livingston County -----	4 177	-	-	-	-	-	4 177	1 448	650	798	2 729	-	-	100.0	-	8.7

## Table 6. Housing Units by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total housing units	Urban				Total rural housing units	Rural			Percent of total housing units		Percent change, 1980 to 1990							
		Total urban housing units	Inside urban- ized area	Outside urbanized area			Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	In place	Urban		Other rural	Total	Inside urban- ized area	Rural	Urban	Rural	
				Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499						Total	Place of less than 1,000							
COUNTY—Con.																			
Logan County	10 303	3 292	—	3 292	—	3 292	7 011	1 342	561	781	5 669	32.0	—	68.0	7.8	9.3			
Lyon County	3 460	—	—	—	—	—	3 460	872	630	242	2 588	—	—	100.0	—	36.3			
McCracken County	27 581	19 933	—	19 933	13 150	6 783	7 648	904	680	224	6 744	72.3	—	27.7	24.7	—13.2			
McCreary County	6 039	—	—	—	—	—	6 039	1 724	1 724	—	4 315	—	—	100.0	—	16.7			
McLean County	4 042	—	—	—	—	—	4 042	1 532	670	862	2 510	—	—	100.0	—	4.9			
Madison County	21 456	11 350	—	11 350	7 869	3 481	10 106	—	—	—	10 106	52.9	—	47.1	14.5	25.4			
Magnolia County	4 800	—	—	—	—	—	4 800	747	747	—	4 053	—	—	100.0	—	7.0			
Marion County	6 115	2 388	—	2 388	—	2 388	3 727	437	—	437	3 290	39.1	—	60.9	.4	5.2			
Marshall County	12 528	2 856	—	2 856	—	2 856	9 672	267	—	267	9 405	22.8	—	77.2	79.8	6.8			
Martin County	4 697	—	—	—	—	—	4 697	427	—	427	4 270	—	—	100.0	—	5.6			
Mason County	7 089	3 355	—	3 355	—	3 355	3 734	522	—	522	3 212	47.3	—	52.7	1.7	8.0			
Meade County	8 907	1 780	—	1 780	1 780	—	7 127	1 565	1 522	43	5 562	20.0	—	80.0	.1	21.6			
Menifee County	2 421	—	—	—	—	—	2 421	287	—	287	2 134	—	—	100.0	—	29.6			
Mercer County	8 212	3 317	—	3 317	—	3 317	4 895	410	410	—	4 485	40.4	—	59.6	10.3	7.6			
Metcalfe County	3 793	—	—	—	—	—	3 793	669	669	—	3 124	—	—	100.0	—	6.4			
Monroe County	4 882	1 292	—	1 292	—	1 292	3 590	339	—	339	3 251	26.5	—	73.5	—27.7	7.0			
Montgomery County	7 759	2 396	—	2 396	—	2 396	5 363	1 092	1 092	—	4 271	30.9	—	69.1	—1.2	11.4			
Morgan County	4 562	—	—	—	—	—	4 562	728	728	—	3 834	—	—	100.0	—	5.4			
Muhlenberg County	12 754	4 221	—	4 221	—	4 221	8 533	804	—	804	7 729	33.1	—	66.9	10.9	9.7			
Nelson County	11 078	2 803	—	2 803	—	2 803	8 275	731	—	731	7 544	25.3	—	74.7	22.1	19.4			
Nicholas County	2 930	—	—	—	—	—	2 930	810	810	—	2 120	—	—	100.0	—	5.7			
Ohio County	8 680	2 401	—	2 401	—	2 401	6 279	707	707	—	5 572	27.7	—	72.3	3.8	9.0			
Oldham County	11 202	1 522	—	1 522	—	1 522	9 680	2 353	2 135	218	7 327	13.6	—	88.4	35.0	27.9			
Owen County	4 723	—	—	—	—	—	4 723	725	603	122	3 998	—	—	100.0	—	18.9			
Owsley County	2 137	—	—	—	—	—	2 137	67	—	67	2 070	—	—	100.0	—	4.8			
Pendleton County	4 782	—	—	—	—	—	4 782	1 355	1 114	241	3 427	—	—	100.0	—	14.1			
Perry County	11 565	2 277	—	2 277	—	2 277	9 288	102	—	102	9 186	19.7	—	80.3	7.9	1.4			
Pike County	28 760	2 738	—	2 738	—	2 738	26 022	1 001	475	526	25 021	9.5	—	90.5	35.5	—5			
Powell County	4 458	1 135	—	1 135	—	1 135	3 323	507	507	—	2 816	25.5	—	74.5	15.5	17.0			
Pulaski County	22 328	4 633	—	4 633	4 633	—	17 695	1 079	—	1 079	16 616	20.7	—	79.3	8.0	16.1			
Robertson County	955	—	—	—	—	—	955	182	—	182	773	—	—	100.0	—	5.6			
Rockcastle County	5 958	1 146	—	1 146	—	1 146	4 812	579	463	116	4 233	19.2	—	80.8	—4.4	—			
Rowan County	7 375	2 326	—	2 326	—	2 326	5 049	88	—	88	4 961	31.5	—	68.5	—6	17.2			
Russell County	7 375	—	—	—	—	—	7 375	1 898	1 898	—	5 477	—	—	100.0	—	16.2			
Scott County	9 173	4 506	—	4 506	4 506	—	4 667	391	—	391	4 276	49.1	—	50.9	15.3	20.4			
Shelby County	9 617	2 727	—	2 727	4 506	2 727	6 890	384	—	384	6 506	28.4	—	71.6	26.5	6.5			
Simpson County	6 172	3 257	—	3 257	—	3 257	2 915	—	—	—	2 915	52.8	—	47.2	5.7	10.6			
Spencer County	2 640	—	—	—	—	—	2 640	357	—	357	2 283	—	—	100.0	—	21.1			
Taylor County	8 798	4 205	—	4 205	—	4 205	4 593	—	—	—	4 593	47.8	—	52.2	17.5	—8			
Todd County	4 415	—	—	—	—	—	4 415	1 717	1 459	258	2 698	—	—	100.0	—	—3.5			
Trigg County	5 284	—	—	—	—	—	5 284	938	938	—	4 346	—	—	100.0	—	20.7			
Trimble County	2 510	—	—	—	—	—	2 510	557	—	557	1 953	—	—	100.0	—	3.4			
Union County	6 091	1 539	—	1 539	—	1 539	4 552	1 911	1 783	128	2 641	25.3	—	74.7	—14.9	17.8			
Warren County	31 065	17 501	—	17 501	17 501	—	13 564	642	—	642	12 922	56.3	—	43.7	15.3	17.7			
Washington County	4 009	1 193	—	1 193	—	1 193	2 816	195	—	195	2 621	29.8	—	70.2	.4	9.5			
Wayne County	7 791	2 360	—	2 360	—	2 360	5 431	—	—	—	5 431	30.3	—	69.7	2.1	11.8			
Webster County	5 914	1 823	—	1 823	—	1 823	4 091	1 578	1 140	438	2 513	30.8	—	69.2	—4	3.3			
Whitley County	13 399	4 726	—	4 726	—	4 726	8 673	279	232	—	8 673	35.3	—	64.7	—2.3	14.9			
Wolfe County	2 779	—	—	—	—	—	2 779	232	—	232	2 547	—	—	100.0	—	8.1			
Woodford County	7 689	2 984	—	2 984	—	2 984	4 705	501	501	—	4 204	38.8	—	61.2	22.5	18.4			

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total land area	Urban			Rural			Percent of total land area			
		Total urban land area	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area		Total rural land area	In place		Other rural	Urban	Inside urbanized area
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		
<b>THE STATE</b>											
Square kilometers	102 906.7	2 733.1	1 426.3	1 306.8	549.0	757.8	100 173.6	815.3	535.7	279.5	99 358.4
Square miles	39 732.3	1 055.3	550.7	504.6	212.0	292.6	38 677.1	314.8	206.8	107.9	38 362.3
<b>COUNTY</b>											
<b>Adair County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 053.8	8.7	—	8.7	—	8.7	1 045.0	—	—	—	1 045.0
Square miles	406.9	3.4	—	3.4	—	3.4	403.5	—	—	—	403.5
<b>Allen County</b>											
Square kilometers	896.5	14.9	—	14.9	—	14.9	881.6	—	—	—	881.6
Square miles	346.1	5.7	—	5.7	—	5.7	340.4	—	—	—	340.4
<b>Anderson County</b>											
Square kilometers	525.0	7.9	—	7.9	—	7.9	517.0	—	—	—	517.0
Square miles	202.7	3.1	—	3.1	—	3.1	199.6	—	—	—	199.6
<b>Ballard County</b>											
Square kilometers	650.5	—	—	—	—	—	650.5	7.1	1.4	5.7	643.4
Square miles	251.2	—	—	—	—	—	251.2	2.7	.5	2.2	248.4
<b>Barren County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 271.6	27.3	—	27.3	27.3	—	1 244.3	17.7	11.1	6.6	1 226.6
Square miles	491.0	10.5	—	10.5	10.5	—	480.4	6.8	4.3	2.5	473.6
<b>Bath County</b>											
Square kilometers	723.8	—	—	—	—	—	723.8	8.2	5.6	2.5	715.6
Square miles	279.4	—	—	—	—	—	279.4	3.1	2.2	1.0	276.3
<b>Bell County</b>											
Square kilometers	934.4	19.8	—	19.8	19.8	—	914.6	3.7	3.7	—	910.9
Square miles	360.8	7.6	—	7.6	7.6	—	353.1	1.4	1.4	—	351.7
<b>Boone County</b>											
Square kilometers	637.8	67.7	67.7	—	—	—	570.2	12.7	12.7	—	557.4
Square miles	246.3	26.1	26.1	—	—	—	220.1	4.9	4.9	—	215.2
<b>Bourbon County</b>											
Square kilometers	754.8	13.3	—	13.3	—	13.3	741.6	1.7	—	1.7	739.9
Square miles	291.4	5.1	—	5.1	—	5.1	286.3	.6	—	.6	285.7
<b>Boyd County</b>											
Square kilometers	414.9	54.9	54.9	—	—	—	360.0	—	—	—	360.0
Square miles	160.2	21.2	21.2	—	—	—	139.0	—	—	—	139.0
<b>Boyle County</b>											
Square kilometers	470.4	14.4	—	14.4	14.4	—	456.0	6.9	4.8	2.1	449.1
Square miles	181.6	5.6	—	5.6	5.6	—	176.1	2.7	1.9	.8	173.4
<b>Bracken County</b>											
Square kilometers	526.4	—	—	—	—	—	526.4	5.2	3.2	2.0	521.2
Square miles	203.2	—	—	—	—	—	203.2	2.0	1.2	.8	201.2
<b>Breathitt County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 282.6	—	—	—	—	—	1 282.6	6.7	6.7	—	1 275.9
Square miles	495.2	—	—	—	—	—	495.2	2.6	2.6	—	492.6
<b>Breckinridge County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 482.6	—	—	—	—	—	1 482.6	16.0	16.0	—	1 466.6
Square miles	572.4	—	—	—	—	—	572.4	6.2	6.2	—	566.3
<b>Bullitt County</b>											
Square kilometers	774.7	46.7	16.7	30.0	—	30.0	728.1	27.1	27.1	—	700.9
Square miles	299.1	18.0	6.4	11.6	—	11.6	281.1	10.5	10.5	—	270.6
<b>Butler County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 108.8	—	—	—	—	—	1 108.8	10.2	8.7	1.4	1 098.6
Square miles	428.1	—	—	—	—	—	428.1	3.9	3.4	.6	424.2
<b>Caldwell County</b>											
Square kilometers	898.7	22.5	—	22.5	—	22.5	876.3	1.7	—	1.7	874.6
Square miles	347.0	8.7	—	8.7	—	8.7	338.3	.6	—	.6	337.7
<b>Calloway County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 000.5	19.1	—	19.1	19.1	—	981.3	1.0	—	1.0	980.3
Square miles	386.3	7.4	—	7.4	7.4	—	378.9	.4	—	.4	378.5
<b>Campbell County</b>											
Square kilometers	392.6	79.5	79.5	—	—	—	313.0	19.9	17.8	2.0	293.2
Square miles	151.6	30.7	30.7	—	—	—	120.9	7.7	6.9	.8	113.2
<b>Carlisle County</b>											
Square kilometers	498.6	—	—	—	—	—	498.6	2.8	—	2.8	495.7
Square miles	192.5	—	—	—	—	—	192.5	1.1	—	1.1	191.4
<b>Carroll County</b>											
Square kilometers	337.0	5.8	—	5.8	—	5.8	331.1	4.2	—	4.2	327.0
Square miles	130.1	2.3	—	2.3	—	2.3	127.9	1.6	—	1.6	126.2
<b>Carter County</b>											
Square kilometers	1 063.5	5.5	—	5.5	—	5.5	1 058.0	4.7	4.7	—	1 053.3
Square miles	410.6	2.1	—	2.1	—	2.1	408.5	1.8	1.8	—	406.7

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County		Urban			Rural			Percent of total land area		
		Total land area	Total urban land area	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area		Total rural land area	In place		Other rural
					Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>										
<b>Casey County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 154.2	—	—	—	—	—	1 154.2	4.4	4.4	—
Square miles	445.6	—	—	—	—	—	445.6	1.7	1.7	—
<b>Christian County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 868.3	87.5	34.8	52.7	52.7	—	1 780.9	4.7	—	4.7
Square miles	721.4	33.8	13.4	20.3	20.3	—	687.6	1.8	—	1.8
<b>Clark County</b>										
Square kilometers	658.7	14.6	—	14.6	14.6	—	644.1	—	—	644.1
Square miles	254.3	5.7	—	5.7	5.7	—	248.7	—	—	248.7
<b>Clay County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 219.9	—	—	—	—	—	1 219.9	3.9	3.9	—
Square miles	471.0	—	—	—	—	—	471.0	1.5	1.5	—
<b>Clinton County</b>										
Square kilometers	511.4	—	—	—	—	—	511.4	5.9	5.9	—
Square miles	197.5	—	—	—	—	—	197.5	2.3	2.3	—
<b>Crittenden County</b>										
Square kilometers	938.0	8.3	—	8.3	—	8.3	929.7	.1	—	.1
Square miles	362.2	3.2	—	3.2	—	3.2	358.9	—	—	358.9
<b>Cumberland County</b>										
Square kilometers	792.1	—	—	—	—	—	792.1	7.2	7.2	—
Square miles	305.8	—	—	—	—	—	305.8	2.8	2.8	—
<b>Daviess County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 197.7	58.1	58.1	—	—	—	1 139.6	24.3	23.2	1.2
Square miles	462.4	22.4	22.4	—	—	—	440.0	9.4	8.9	.4
<b>Edmonson County</b>										
Square kilometers	783.8	—	—	—	—	—	783.8	4.1	—	4.1
Square miles	302.6	—	—	—	—	—	302.6	1.6	—	1.6
<b>Elliott County</b>										
Square kilometers	606.0	—	—	—	—	—	606.0	2.4	—	2.4
Square miles	234.0	—	—	—	—	—	234.0	.9	—	.9
<b>Estill County</b>										
Square kilometers	657.9	3.7	—	3.7	—	3.7	654.2	1.0	—	1.0
Square miles	254.0	1.4	—	1.4	—	1.4	252.6	.4	—	.4
<b>Fayette County</b>										
Square kilometers	736.9	246.5	246.5	—	—	—	490.5	—	—	490.5
Square miles	284.5	95.2	95.2	—	—	—	189.4	—	—	189.4
<b>Fleming County</b>										
Square kilometers	909.3	5.8	—	5.8	—	5.8	903.5	.6	—	.6
Square miles	351.1	2.2	—	2.2	—	2.2	348.9	.2	—	.2
<b>Floyd County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 021.3	8.2	—	8.2	—	8.2	1 013.1	7.8	—	7.8
Square miles	394.3	3.2	—	3.2	—	3.2	391.2	3.0	—	3.0
<b>Franklin County</b>										
Square kilometers	545.2	37.7	—	37.7	37.7	—	507.4	—	—	507.4
Square miles	210.5	14.6	—	14.6	14.6	—	195.9	—	—	195.9
<b>Fulton County</b>										
Square kilometers	541.2	14.5	—	14.5	—	14.5	526.7	—	—	526.7
Square miles	209.0	5.6	—	5.6	—	5.6	203.4	—	—	203.4
<b>Gallatin County</b>										
Square kilometers	256.0	—	—	—	—	—	256.0	4.5	2.5	2.0
Square miles	98.8	—	—	—	—	—	98.8	1.7	1.0	.8
<b>Garrard County</b>										
Square kilometers	598.9	3.7	—	3.7	—	3.7	595.2	—	—	595.2
Square miles	231.2	1.4	—	1.4	—	1.4	229.8	—	—	229.8
<b>Grant County</b>										
Square kilometers	673.1	29.0	—	29.0	—	29.0	644.1	17.8	11.3	6.5
Square miles	259.9	11.2	—	11.2	—	11.2	248.7	6.9	4.4	2.5
<b>Graves County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 439.1	16.8	—	16.8	—	16.8	1 422.3	4.0	—	4.0
Square miles	555.7	6.5	—	6.5	—	6.5	549.2	1.5	—	1.5
<b>Grayson County</b>										
Square kilometers	1 304.6	11.7	—	11.7	—	11.7	1 292.8	5.7	—	5.7
Square miles	503.7	4.5	—	4.5	—	4.5	499.2	2.2	—	2.2
<b>Green County</b>										
Square kilometers	747.9	—	—	—	—	—	747.9	3.7	3.7	—
Square miles	288.7	—	—	—	—	—	288.7	1.4	1.4	—
<b>Greenup County</b>										
Square kilometers	896.7	36.0	36.0	—	—	—	860.7	3.7	3.7	—
Square miles	346.2	13.9	13.9	—	—	—	332.3	1.4	1.4	—

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

KENTUCKY 13

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County		Total land area	Urban			Total rural land area	Rural			Percent of total land area	
			Total urban land area	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area		Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Other rural	Urban
					Total	Place of 10,000 or more				Total	Inside urbanized area
COUNTY—Con.											
<b>Hancock County</b>		489.0	—	—	—	—	489.0	5.7	2.4	3.2	483.3
Square kilometers		188.8	—	—	—	—	188.8	2.2	.9	1.2	186.6
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Hardin County</b>		1 626.6	129.2	—	129.2	117.4	1 497.3	11.9	7.0	4.8	1 485.5
Square kilometers		628.0	49.9	—	49.9	45.3	578.1	4.6	2.7	1.9	573.5
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Harlan County</b>		1 210.0	16.2	—	16.2	—	1 193.8	21.5	19.5	2.0	1 172.3
Square kilometers		467.2	6.3	—	6.3	—	460.9	8.3	7.5	.8	452.6
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Harrison County</b>		802.2	7.0	—	7.0	—	795.2	.7	—	.7	794.5
Square kilometers		309.7	2.7	—	2.7	—	307.0	.3	—	.3	306.8
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Hart County</b>		1 077.3	—	—	—	—	1 077.3	14.4	13.0	1.4	1 062.9
Square kilometers		416.0	—	—	—	—	416.0	5.6	5.0	.5	410.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Henderson County</b>		1 140.0	39.8	39.8	—	—	1 100.1	1.4	—	1.4	1 098.8
Square kilometers		440.2	15.4	15.4	—	—	424.8	.5	—	.5	424.2
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Henry County</b>		749.4	—	—	—	—	749.4	8.0	4.2	3.8	741.4
Square kilometers		289.3	—	—	—	—	289.3	3.1	1.6	1.5	286.3
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Hickman County</b>		633.2	—	—	—	—	633.2	5.2	4.3	1.0	627.9
Square kilometers		244.5	—	—	—	—	244.5	2.0	1.6	.4	242.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Hopkins County</b>		1 426.0	42.9	—	42.9	33.3	9.6	1 383.1	22.0	10.9	11.1
Square kilometers		550.6	16.6	—	16.6	12.9	534.0	8.5	4.2	4.3	525.5
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Jackson County</b>		897.0	—	—	—	—	897.0	12.7	—	12.7	884.3
Square kilometers		346.3	—	—	—	—	346.3	4.9	—	4.9	341.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Jefferson County</b>		997.4	603.0	603.0	—	—	394.4	1.9	—	1.9	392.5
Square kilometers		385.1	232.8	232.8	—	—	152.3	.7	—	.7	151.6
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Jessamine County</b>		448.5	28.5	7.7	20.8	16.0	420.0	—	—	—	420.0
Square kilometers		173.2	11.0	3.0	8.0	6.2	162.2	—	—	—	162.2
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Johnson County</b>		677.4	11.1	—	11.1	—	666.3	14.0	14.0	—	652.4
Square kilometers		261.6	4.3	—	4.3	—	257.3	5.4	5.4	—	251.9
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Kenton County</b>		421.1	181.6	181.6	—	—	239.5	2.7	—	2.7	236.8
Square kilometers		162.6	70.1	70.1	—	—	92.5	1.0	—	1.0	91.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Knott County</b>		912.2	—	—	—	—	912.2	10.1	—	10.1	902.1
Square kilometers		352.2	—	—	—	—	352.2	3.9	—	3.9	348.3
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Knox County</b>		1 004.1	9.8	—	9.8	—	994.2	.7	.7	—	993.6
Square kilometers		387.7	3.8	—	3.8	—	383.9	.3	.3	—	383.6
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Larue County</b>		682.3	3.6	—	3.6	—	678.7	1.0	—	1.0	677.7
Square kilometers		263.4	1.4	—	1.4	—	262.0	.4	—	.4	261.7
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Laurel County</b>		1 128.4	19.9	—	19.9	—	1 108.6	4.1	4.1	—	1 104.5
Square kilometers		435.7	7.7	—	7.7	—	428.0	1.6	1.6	—	426.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Lawrence County</b>		1 084.8	—	—	—	—	1 084.8	11.5	3.2	8.3	1 073.4
Square kilometers		418.9	—	—	—	—	418.9	4.4	1.2	3.2	414.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Lee County</b>		543.6	—	—	—	—	543.6	3.9	3.9	—	539.7
Square kilometers		209.9	—	—	—	—	209.9	1.5	1.5	—	208.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Leslie County</b>		1 046.5	—	—	—	—	1 046.5	2.1	—	2.1	1 044.4
Square kilometers		404.0	—	—	—	—	404.0	.8	—	.8	403.2
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Letcher County</b>		878.1	22.1	—	22.1	—	856.0	25.9	22.1	3.8	830.1
Square kilometers		339.1	8.5	—	8.5	—	330.5	10.0	8.5	1.5	320.5
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Lewis County</b>		1 254.9	—	—	—	—	1 254.9	2.9	2.7	.2	1 252.0
Square kilometers		484.5	—	—	—	—	484.5	1.1	1.1	.1	483.4
Square miles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

100.0  
100.0

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County		Urban			Rural					Percent of total land area		
		Total land area	Total urban land area	Inside urban- ized area	Outside urbanized area		Total rural land area	In place		Other rural	Urban	
					Total	Place of 10,000 or more		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499		Total	Inside urban- ized area
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>												
<b>Ohio County</b>												
Square kilometers	1 538.0	12.1	—	12.1	—	12.1	1 525.8	5.8	—	5.8	1 520.1	.8
Square miles	593.8	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	589.1	2.2	—	2.2	586.9	.8
<b>Oldham County</b>												
Square kilometers	490.0	6.7	—	6.7	—	6.7	483.3	16.9	16.1	.8	466.4	1.4
Square miles	189.2	2.6	—	2.6	—	2.6	186.6	6.5	6.2	.3	180.1	1.4
<b>Owen County</b>												
Square kilometers	912.1	—	—	—	—	—	912.1	5.5	3.0	2.6	906.6	—
Square miles	352.2	—	—	—	—	—	352.2	2.1	1.2	1.0	350.0	—
<b>Owsley County</b>												
Square kilometers	513.1	—	—	—	—	—	513.1	1.5	—	1.5	511.6	—
Square miles	198.1	—	—	—	—	—	198.1	.6	—	.6	197.5	—
<b>Pendleton County</b>												
Square kilometers	725.3	—	—	—	—	—	725.3	3.1	2.5	.5	722.3	—
Square miles	280.0	—	—	—	—	—	280.0	1.2	1.0	.2	278.9	—
<b>Perry County</b>												
Square kilometers	886.2	16.8	—	16.8	—	16.8	869.4	2.0	—	2.0	867.4	1.9
Square miles	342.2	6.5	—	6.5	—	6.5	335.7	.8	—	.8	334.9	1.9
<b>Pike County</b>												
Square kilometers	2 040.2	33.7	—	33.7	—	33.7	2 006.5	29.0	23.0	6.0	1 977.5	1.7
Square miles	787.7	13.0	—	13.0	—	13.0	774.7	11.2	8.9	2.3	763.5	1.7
<b>Powell County</b>												
Square kilometers	466.6	5.1	—	5.1	—	5.1	461.5	2.8	2.8	—	458.7	1.1
Square miles	180.1	2.0	—	2.0	—	2.0	178.2	1.1	1.1	—	177.1	1.1
<b>Pulaski County</b>												
Square kilometers	1 713.6	25.0	—	25.0	25.0	—	1 688.7	12.3	—	12.3	1 676.3	1.5
Square miles	661.6	9.6	—	9.6	9.6	—	652.0	4.8	—	4.8	647.2	1.5
<b>Robertson County</b>												
Square kilometers	259.2	—	—	—	—	—	259.2	1.0	—	1.0	258.2	—
Square miles	100.1	—	—	—	—	—	100.1	.4	—	.4	99.7	—
<b>Rockcastle County</b>												
Square kilometers	822.4	5.3	—	5.3	—	5.3	817.2	6.5	5.7	.8	810.6	.6
Square miles	317.5	2.0	—	2.0	—	2.0	315.5	2.5	2.2	.3	313.0	.6
<b>Rowan County</b>												
Square kilometers	727.4	23.6	—	23.6	—	23.6	703.8	.4	—	.4	703.4	3.2
Square miles	280.8	9.1	—	9.1	—	9.1	271.7	.1	—	.1	271.6	3.2
<b>Russell County</b>												
Square kilometers	656.7	—	—	—	—	—	656.7	17.8	17.8	—	638.9	—
Square miles	253.5	—	—	—	—	—	253.5	6.9	6.9	—	246.7	—
<b>Scott County</b>												
Square kilometers	738.6	11.7	—	11.7	11.7	—	726.9	2.7	—	2.7	724.2	1.6
Square miles	285.2	4.5	—	4.5	4.5	—	280.7	1.0	—	1.0	279.6	1.6
<b>Shelby County</b>												
Square kilometers	995.0	11.6	—	11.6	—	11.6	983.5	2.2	—	2.2	981.3	1.2
Square miles	384.2	4.5	—	4.5	—	4.5	379.7	.9	—	.9	378.9	1.2
<b>Simpson County</b>												
Square kilometers	611.8	18.2	—	18.2	—	18.2	593.6	—	—	—	593.6	3.0
Square miles	236.2	7.0	—	7.0	—	7.0	229.2	—	—	—	229.2	3.0
<b>Spencer County</b>												
Square kilometers	481.5	—	—	—	—	—	481.5	1.1	—	1.1	480.4	—
Square miles	185.9	—	—	—	—	—	185.9	.4	—	.4	185.5	—
<b>Taylor County</b>												
Square kilometers	698.9	11.9	—	11.9	—	11.9	686.9	—	—	—	686.9	1.7
Square miles	269.8	4.6	—	4.6	—	4.6	265.2	—	—	—	265.2	1.7
<b>Todd County</b>												
Square kilometers	974.8	—	—	—	—	—	974.8	13.0	8.7	4.3	961.9	—
Square miles	376.4	—	—	—	—	—	376.4	5.0	3.4	1.6	371.4	—
<b>Trigg County</b>												
Square kilometers	1 148.3	—	—	—	—	—	1 148.3	4.9	4.9	—	1 143.4	—
Square miles	443.4	—	—	—	—	—	443.4	1.9	1.9	—	441.5	—
<b>Trimble County</b>												
Square kilometers	385.5	—	—	—	—	—	385.5	6.5	—	6.5	379.0	—
Square miles	148.9	—	—	—	—	—	148.9	2.5	—	2.5	146.3	—
<b>Union County</b>												
Square kilometers	893.8	5.7	—	5.7	—	5.7	888.1	15.0	14.3	.7	873.1	.6
Square miles	345.1	2.2	—	2.2	—	2.2	342.9	5.8	5.5	.3	337.1	.6
<b>Warren County</b>												
Square kilometers	1 412.2	75.0	—	75.0	75.0	—	1 337.1	5.7	—	5.7	1 331.4	5.3
Square miles	545.2	29.0	—	29.0	29.0	—	516.3	2.2	—	2.2	514.1	5.3

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County		Urban				Total rural land area	Rural				Percent of total land area		
		Total urban land area	Inside urban- ized area	Outside urbanized area			Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	In place		Rural	
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more					Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		
		Total land area											
COUNTY—Con.													
Washington County		778.6	5.8	—	5.8	—	5.8	772.8	2.4	—	2.4	770.4	
	Square kilometers	300.6	2.2	—	2.2	—	2.2	298.4	.9	—	.9	297.5	
	Square miles												
Wayne County		1 189.9	13.3	—	13.3	—	13.3	1 176.6	—	—	—	1 176.6	
	Square kilometers	459.4	5.1	—	5.1	—	5.1	454.3	—	—	—	454.3	
	Square miles												
Webster County		866.9	15.9	—	15.9	—	15.9	851.0	9.9	6.5	3.4	841.1	
	Square kilometers	334.7	6.2	—	6.2	—	6.2	328.6	3.8	2.5	1.3	324.7	
	Square miles												
Whitley County		1 140.0	23.6	—	23.6	—	23.6	1 116.4	—	—	—	1 116.4	
	Square kilometers	440.2	9.1	—	9.1	—	9.1	431.1	—	—	—	431.1	
	Square miles												
Wolfe County		577.1	—	—	—	—	—	577.1	2.7	—	2.7	574.3	
	Square kilometers	222.8	—	—	—	—	—	222.8	1.1	—	1.1	221.7	
	Square miles												
Woodford County		493.9	7.0	—	7.0	—	7.0	486.9	1.6	1.6	—	485.3	
	Square kilometers	190.7	2.7	—	2.7	—	2.7	188.0	.6	.6	—	187.4	
	Square miles												







Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
							Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Casey County—Con.														
South Fork division	1 099	1 306	1 274	479	542	468	237.5	91.7	237.5	91.7	4.6	12.0	2.0	5.2
Christian County	68 941	66 878	56 224	23 429	21 195	16 227	1 875.3	724.1	1 868.3	721.4	36.9	95.6	12.5	32.5
Crofton division	4 947	5 105	1 949	1 773	267	1 697.7	694.3	694.3	268.1	7.1	18.5	2.8	7.3	
Crofton city	699	823	631	314	359	1 787	1.7	.6	1.7	.6	411.2	1 165.0	184.7	523.3
Fort Campbell division	18 861	17 800	13 619	2 957	2 966	1 787	54.4	21.0	54.3	21.0	347.3	898.1	54.5	140.8
Fort Campbell North CDP	18 861	17 211	13 616	2 957	2 960	1 786	10.2	3.9	10.2	3.9	1 849.1	4 836.2	289.9	758.2
Oak Grove city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	.2	.1	.2	.1	—	—	—	—
Hopkinsville division	37 559	36 858	—	15 219	13 712	—	524.6	202.5	522.3	201.7	71.9	186.2	29.1	75.5
Hopkinsville city	29 809	27 318	21 395	12 236	10 528	7 643	52.7	20.3	52.7	20.3	565.6	1 468.4	232.2	602.8
LaFayette division	1 979	2 285	2 362	887	865	868	331.7	128.1	331.0	127.8	6.0	15.5	2.7	6.9
LaFayette city	106	160	158	55	71	67	.6	.2	.6	.2	176.7	530.0	91.7	275.0
Oak Grove city (pt.)	21	25	—	14	19	—	1.7	.6	1.7	.6	12.4	35.0	8.2	23.3
Pembroke division	5 595	4 830	3 376	2 417	1 879	1 117	266.9	103.0	266.5	102.9	21.0	54.4	9.1	23.5
Oak Grove city (pt.)	2 842	2 063	—	1 357	888	—	22.8	8.8	22.8	8.8	124.6	323.0	59.5	154.2
Pembroke city	640	636	634	209	211	201	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	266.7	711.1	87.1	232.2
Clark County	29 496	28 322	24 090	11 635	10 414	8 193	660.9	255.2	658.7	254.3	44.8	116.0	17.7	45.8
Boonesboro division	1 885	1 935	—	746	718	—	122.6	47.3	121.8	47.0	15.5	40.1	6.1	15.9
Clark Southeast division	2 770	2 988	—	1 014	1 002	—	219.3	84.7	218.4	84.3	12.7	32.9	4.6	12.0
Winchester division	24 841	23 399	—	9 875	8 694	—	319.1	123.2	318.6	123.0	78.0	202.0	31.0	80.3
Winchester city	15 799	15 216	13 402	6 592	6 014	4 851	14.7	5.7	14.6	5.7	1 082.1	2 771.8	451.5	1 156.5
Clay County	21 746	22 752	18 481	7 930	7 403	5 464	1 220.1	471.1	1 219.9	471.0	17.8	46.2	6.5	16.8
Ashers Fork division	1 778	1 948	—	575	582	—	218.1	84.2	218.1	84.2	8.2	21.1	2.6	6.8
Big Creek division	3 877	4 763	—	1 341	1 477	—	247.4	95.5	247.4	95.5	15.7	40.6	5.4	14.0
Burning Springs division	5 601	5 140	—	2 005	1 710	—	313.0	120.9	313.0	120.9	17.9	46.3	6.4	16.6
Manchester division	5 176	5 366	—	2 083	1 894	—	78.9	30.5	78.7	30.4	65.8	170.3	26.5	68.5
Manchester city	1 634	1 838	1 664	752	697	566	3.9	1.5	3.9	1.5	419.0	1 089.3	192.8	501.3
Oneida division	2 374	2 397	—	906	809	—	201.0	77.6	201.0	77.6	11.8	30.6	4.5	11.7
Sibert-Hima division	2 940	3 138	—	1 020	931	—	161.7	62.4	161.7	62.4	18.2	47.1	6.3	16.3
Clinton County	9 135	9 321	8 174	4 189	4 031	2 854	532.4	205.5	511.4	197.5	17.9	46.3	8.2	21.2
Albany division	6 570	6 879	—	3 009	2 943	—	319.1	123.2	307.5	118.7	21.4	55.3	9.8	25.3
Albany city	2 062	2 083	1 891	997	951	720	5.9	2.3	5.9	2.3	349.5	896.5	169.0	433.5
Cumberland City division	2 565	2 442	2 332	1 180	1 088	802	213.2	82.3	203.9	78.7	12.6	32.6	5.8	15.0
Crittenden County	9 196	9 207	8 493	4 039	3 830	3 373	960.8	371.0	938.0	362.2	9.8	25.4	4.3	11.2
Crittenden East division	1 780	1 617	—	717	654	—	363.6	140.4	361.8	139.7	4.9	12.7	2.0	5.1
Crittenden South division	1 807	1 788	—	840	720	—	232.3	89.7	231.0	89.2	7.8	20.3	3.6	9.4
Dycusburg city	47	64	89	28	32	(NA)	.1	—	.1	—	470.0	—	280.0	—
Crittenden West division	1 225	1 196	—	485	444	—	258.6	99.8	239.3	92.4	5.1	13.3	2.0	5.2
Marion division	4 384	4 606	—	1 997	2 012	—	106.3	41.0	105.9	40.9	41.4	107.2	18.9	48.8
Marion city	3 320	3 392	3 008	1 555	1 560	1 312	8.3	3.2	8.3	3.2	400.0	1 037.5	187.3	485.9
Cumberland County	6 784	7 289	6 850	3 051	3 147	2 604	805.1	310.9	792.1	305.8	8.6	22.2	3.9	10.0
Burkesville division	4 287	4 677	4 306	1 908	1 966	1 642	409.8	158.2	406.8	157.1	10.5	27.3	4.7	12.1
Burkesville city (pt.)	1 773	2 019	1 717	802	862	630	5.3	2.1	5.3	2.0	334.5	886.5	151.3	401.0
Cumberland South division	2 497	2 612	2 544	1 143	1 181	962	395.3	152.6	385.3	148.8	6.5	16.8	3.0	7.7
Burkesville city (pt.)	42	32	—	15	11	—	1.9	.7	1.9	.7	22.1	60.0	7.9	21.4
Davies County	87 189	85 949	79 486	35 041	31 665	25 374	1 233.6	476.3	1 197.7	462.4	72.8	188.6	29.3	75.8
Davies East division	20 362	17 562	—	7 148	5 862	—	525.5	202.9	510.5	197.1	39.9	103.3	14.0	36.3
Owensboro city (pt.)	109	2	—	32	2	—	2.0	.8	1.0	.4	109.0	272.5	32.0	80.0
Whiteside city	682	798	752	268	284	245	1.2	.4	1.2	.4	568.3	1 705.0	223.3	670.0
Davies West division	21 474	18 697	—	7 890	6 212	—	668.0	257.9	649.6	250.8	33.1	85.6	12.1	31.5
Masonville CDP	1 119	—	—	393	—	—	23.2	8.9	23.2	8.9	48.2	125.7	16.9	44.2
Owensboro city (pt.)	8 870	5 719	(NA)	3 365	1 951	(NA)	10.2	3.9	10.2	3.9	86.9	2 274.4	329.9	862.8
Owensboro division	45 353	49 690	—	20 003	19 591	—	40.1	15.5	37.6	14.5	1 206.2	3 127.8	532.0	1 379.5
Owensboro city (pt.)	44 570	48 729	(NA)	19 677	19 204	(NA)	29.7	11.5	27.6	10.7	1 614.9	4 165.4	712.9	1 839.0
Edmonson County	10 357	9 962	8 751	5 009	4 221	3 105	797.8	308.0	783.8	302.6	13.2	34.2	6.4	16.6
Brownsville division	4 810	4 300	3 702	1 916	1 657	1 334	232.8	89.9	232.0	89.6	20.7	53.7	8.3	21.4
Brownsville city (pt.)	897	674	542	402	285	205	4.1	1.6	4.1	1.6	218.8	560.6	98.0	251.3
Brownsville North division	3 213	3 441	2 945	1 571	1 365	1 084	178.7	69.0	173.5	67.0	18.5	48.0	9.1	23.4
Lincoln division	1 354	1 185	1 120	1 123	806	379	281.1	108.5	273.7	105.7	4.9	12.8	4.1	10.6
Brownsville city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sunfish division	980	1 036	984	399	393	308	105.2	40.6	104.6	40.4	9.4	24.3	3.8	9.9
Elliott County	6 455	6 908	5 933	2 639	2 499	1 881	609.2	235.2	606.0	234.0	10.7	27.6	4.4	11.3
Isomville division	2 024	2 346	2 091	812	849	634	271.7	104.9	270.0	104.3	7.5	19.4	3.0	7.8
Sandy Hook division	4 431	4 562	3 842	1 827	1 650	1 247	337.6	130.3	336.0	129.7	13.2	34.2	5.4	14.1
Sandy Hook city	548	627	561	263	253	188	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	228.3	608.9	109.6	292.2

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

KENTUCKY 21

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Estill County † —	14 614	14 495	12 752	5 863	5 251	4 241	662.3	255.7	657.9	254.0	22.2	57.5	8.9	23.1
Irvine division	6 017	5 939	5 505	2 511	2 231	1 840	194.7	75.2	192.9	74.5	31.2	80.8	13.0	33.7
Irvine city † —	2 836	2 889	2 918	1 258	1 184	1 070	3.8	1.5	3.7	1.4	766.5	2 025.7	340.0	898.6
Ravenna division (pt.)	1 601	1 776	1 761	696	683	645	132.8	51.3	132.1	51.0	12.1	31.4	5.3	13.6
Ravenna city (pt.)	804	793	784	365	323	318	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	804.0	2 010.0	365.0	912.5
Red Lick division	5 198	4 823	3 614	1 934	1 625	1 145	169.0	65.2	168.1	64.9	30.9	80.1	11.5	29.8
Station Camp division	1 798	1 957	1 872	722	712	611	165.8	64.0	164.7	63.6	10.9	28.3	4.4	11.4
Fayette County	225 366	204 165	174 323	97 742	81 747	59 528	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Fayette division	225 366	204 165	108 137	97 742	81 747	38 980	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Lexington-Fayette	225 366	204 165	108 137	97 742	81 747	38 980	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Fleming County † —	12 292	12 323	11 366	5 163	4 628	4 099	910.4	351.5	909.3	351.1	13.5	35.0	5.7	14.7
Ewing division	2 396	2 449	2 315	944	868	820	183.0	70.7	183.0	70.7	13.1	33.9	5.2	13.4
Ewing city † —	268	144	...	119	65	...	6	2	6	2	446.7	1 340.0	198.3	595.0
Flemingsburg division	6 549	6 414	...	2 747	2 484	...	292.8	113.0	292.1	112.8	22.4	58.1	9.4	24.4
Flemingsburg city † —	3 071	2 835	2 483	1 365	1 160	986	5.8	2.2	5.8	2.2	529.5	1 395.9	235.3	620.5
Hillsboro division	3 347	3 460	...	1 472	1 276	...	434.6	167.8	434.1	167.6	7.7	20.0	3.4	8.8
Floyd County † —	43 586	48 764	35 889	17 169	17 354	11 412	1 024.3	395.5	1 021.3	394.3	42.7	110.5	16.8	43.5
Allen-Martin division	6 147	6 909	...	2 435	2 444	...	124.2	47.9	124.2	47.9	49.5	128.3	19.6	50.8
Allen city (pt.)	229	338	724	104	126	260	...	.6	.6	.2	381.7	1 145.0	173.3	520.0
Martin city † —	694	827	786	315	313	262	9	.4	.9	.4	771.1	1 735.0	350.0	787.5
McDowell division	3 646	4 361	...	1 410	1 514	...	86.8	33.5	86.8	33.5	42.0	108.8	16.2	42.1
Mare Creek division	5 068	5 418	...	1 974	1 963	...	81.2	31.4	81.2	31.4	62.4	161.4	24.3	62.9
Mud Creek division	5 250	6 201	...	1 908	1 997	...	134.6	52.0	134.6	52.0	39.0	101.0	14.2	36.7
Prestonsburg division	13 270	14 160	...	5 391	5 345	...	349.0	134.8	346.0	133.6	38.4	99.3	15.6	40.4
Allen city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prestonsburg city (pt.) † —	3 556	4 011	3 422	1 515	1 691	1 256	7.9	3.0	7.9	3.0	450.1	1 185.3	191.8	505.0
Risner-Bull Creek division	2 059	2 116	...	794	711	...	92.3	35.6	92.3	35.6	22.3	57.8	8.6	22.3
Prestonsburg city (pt.) † —	2	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	3	1	6.7	20.0	3.3	10.0
Wayland division	3 873	4 529	...	1 555	1 576	...	82.4	31.8	82.4	31.8	47.0	121.8	18.9	48.9
Wayland city	359	601	384	158	206	130	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	199.4	512.9	87.8	225.7
Wheelwright-Weeks division	4 273	5 070	4 074	1 702	1 804	1 385	73.8	28.5	73.8	28.5	57.9	149.9	23.1	59.7
Wheelwright city	721	865	793	270	380	407	4.5	1.7	4.5	1.7	160.2	424.1	60.0	158.8
Franklin County † —	43 781	41 830	34 481	18 543	16 971	11 732	549.4	212.1	545.2	210.5	80.3	208.0	34.0	88.1
Bald Knob division	1 311	1 243	...	508	470	...	127.8	49.4	126.9	49.0	10.3	26.8	4.0	10.4
Frankfort division	41 302	39 429	...	17 605	16 087	...	339.0	130.9	336.4	129.9	122.8	318.0	52.3	135.5
Frankfort city † —	25 968	25 973	21 902	11 880	11 213	7 758	38.5	14.8	37.7	14.6	688.8	1 778.6	315.1	813.7
Peaks Mill division	1 168	1 158	...	430	414	...	82.6	31.9	81.9	31.6	14.3	37.0	5.3	13.6
Fulton County † —	8 271	8 971	10 183	3 684	3 631	3 788	597.2	230.6	541.2	209.0	15.3	39.6	6.8	17.6
Fulton division	4 595	4 619	5 022	2 129	1 998	1 990	222.1	85.7	221.9	85.7	20.7	53.6	9.6	24.8
Fulton city † —	3 078	3 137	3 250	1 474	1 398	1 311	6.8	2.6	6.8	2.6	452.6	1 183.8	216.8	566.9
Fulton West division	18	25	...	9	7	...	69.3	26.8	45.5	17.6	.4	1.0	.2	.5
Hickman division	3 658	4 327	...	1 546	1 626	...	305.8	118.1	273.8	105.7	13.4	34.6	5.6	14.6
Hickman city † —	2 689	2 894	3 048	1 155	1 135	1 146	7.7	3.0	7.7	3.0	349.2	896.3	150.0	385.0
Gallatin County † —	5 393	4 842	4 134	2 290	1 779	1 465	271.1	104.7	256.0	98.8	21.1	54.6	8.9	23.2
Warsaw division	5 393	4 842	4 134	2 290	1 779	1 465	271.1	104.7	256.0	98.8	21.1	54.6	8.9	23.2
Glencoe city	257	354	250	109	128	100	7	.3	.7	.3	367.1	856.7	155.7	363.3
Sparta city (pt.)	95	146	168	52	67	70	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	73.1	190.0	40.0	104.0
Warsaw city † —	1 202	1 328	1 232	537	530	456	3.9	1.5	2.5	1.0	480.8	1 202.0	214.8	537.0
Garrard County † —	11 579	10 853	9 457	4 929	4 333	3 984	605.8	233.9	598.9	231.2	19.3	50.1	8.2	21.3
Bryantsville division	2 630	2 268	1 736	1 163	964	766	154.2	59.5	147.8	57.0	17.8	46.1	7.9	20.4
Lancaster division	6 663	6 427	5 755	2 867	2 604	2 151	247.1	95.4	246.7	95.3	27.0	69.9	11.6	30.1
Lancaster city † —	3 421	3 365	3 230	1 546	1 500	1 285	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	92.4	2 443.6	417.8	1 043.3
Paint Lick division	2 286	2 158	1 966	899	765	651	204.5	79.0	204.4	78.9	11.2	29.0	4.4	11.4
Grant County † —	15 737	13 308	9 999	6 543	5 355	3 984	675.3	260.7	673.1	259.9	23.4	60.6	9.7	25.2
Corinth division	1 507	1 479	...	724	649	...	116.4	44.9	116.0	44.8	13.0	33.6	6.2	16.2
Corinth city (pt.)	132	249	236	85	104	112	.9	.3	.9	.3	146.7	440.0	94.4	283.3
Crittenden division	3 734	3 226	...	1 386	1 110	...	125.2	48.3	125.1	48.3	29.8	77.3	11.1	28.7
Crittenden city † —	731	597	359	266	186	128	5.6	2.2	5.6	2.2	130.5	332.3	47.5	120.9
Williamstown-Dry Ridge division	10 496	8 603	...	4 433	3 596	...	433.8	167.5	432.0	166.8	24.3	62.9	10.3	26.6
Dry Ridge city † —	1 601	1 250	1 100	607	443	373	11.3	4.4	11.3	4.4	141.7	363.9	53.7	138.0
Williamstown city † —	3 023	2 502	2 063	1 296	1 028	808	30.3	11.7	29.0	11.2	104.2	269.9	44.7	115.7
Graves County	33 550	34 049	30 939	14 528	13 631	11 655	1 441.3	556.5	1 439.1	555.7	23.3	60.4	10.1	26.1
Fancy Farm division	1 852	1 935	...	747	691	...	109.3	42.2	109.1	42.1	17.0	44.0	6.8	17.7
Farmington division	2 413	2 362	1 859	941	885	652	152.7	58.9	152.4	58.8	15.8	41.0	6.2	16.0
Hickory Grove division	4 083	3 870	...	1 667	1 464	...	260.1	100.4	259.7	100.3	15.7	40.7	6.4	16.6
Mayfield division	14 063	14 391	...	6 504	6 059	...	116.4	45.0	116.3	44.9	120.9	313.2	55.9	144.9
Mayfield city	9 935	10 705	10 724	4 859	4 687	4 286	16.8	6.5	16.8	6.5	591.4	1 528.5	289.2	747.5
Sedalia division	2 800	2 831	2 764	1 136	1 152	1 011	259.5	100.2	259.3	100.1	10.8	28.0	4.4	11.3
Symsonia division	4 747	4 771	4 015	1 992	1 814	1 472	277.7	107.2	277.3	107.1	17.1	44.3	7.2	18.6







**Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density		
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Total area		Land area		Population per—	Housing units per—	
							Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles			
Jefferson County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisville division—Con.													
Poplar Hills city	†												
Prospect city	†												
Richlawn city													
Riverwood city	†												
Robinswood city													
Rolling Fields city													
Rolling Hills city													
St. Dennis CDP													
St. Matthews city	†												
St. Regis Park city													
Seneca Gardens city													
Shively city													
South Park View city													
Springlee city													
Spring Mill city	†												
Spring Valley city	†												
Strathmoor Gardens city													
Strathmoor Manor city													
Strathmoor Village city													
Sycamore city													
Ten Broeck city													
Thornhill city													
Valley Station CDP													
Waterson Park city	†												
Wellington city													
West Buechel city	†												
Westwood city													
Whipps Millgate city													
Wildwood city													
Winding Falls city													
Windy Hills city	†												
Woodland Hills city													
Woodlawn Park city	†												
Worthington Hills city	†												
Jessamine County	†												
Keene division													
Nicholasville city (pt.)	†												
Nicholasville division													
Nicholasville city (pt.)	†												
Wilmore division													
Nicholasville city (pt.)	†												
Wilmore city	†												
Johnson County	†												
Flatgap division													
Nippa division													
Oil Springs division													
Paintsville division													
Paintsville city	†												
Van Lear CDP													
Kenton County	†												
Covington division													
Bromley city													
Covington City (pt.)	†												
Crescent Park city													
Crescent Springs city	†												
Crestview Hills city	†												
Edgewood city (pt.)	†												
Elsmere city (pt.)	†												
Erlanger city (pt.)													
Fairview city (pt.)													
Fort Mitchell city													
Fort Wright city	†												
Kenton Vale city	†												
Lakeside Park city													
Ludlow city													
Park Hills city													
Taylor Mill city (pt.)	†												
Villa Hills city	†												















Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Webster County †	13 955	14 832	13 282	5 914	5 790	5 238	869.5	335.7	866.9	334.7	16.1	41.7	6.8	17.7
Clay division	2 593	2 936	2 617	1 101	1 163	1 090	178.2	68.8	178.1	68.8	14.6	37.7	6.2	16.0
Clay city	1 173	1 356	1 426	533	561	588	.2	.9	.2	.9	510.0	1 303.3	231.7	592.2
Wheatcroft city	206	325	229	87	135	113	.6	.2	.6	.2	343.3	1 030.0	145.0	435.0
Dixon division	2 297	2 292	1 910	938	844	729	232.4	89.7	231.9	89.5	9.9	25.7	4.0	10.5
Dixon city	552	533	572	247	245	248	2.2	.9	2.2	.8	250.9	690.0	112.3	308.8
Providence division	4 962	5 367	5 040	2 162	2 183	2 005	141.9	54.8	140.9	54.4	35.2	91.2	15.3	39.7
Providence city	4 123	4 434	4 270	1 823	1 830	1 696	16.0	6.2	15.9	6.2	259.3	665.0	114.7	294.0
Sebree division	4 103	4 237	3 715	1 713	1 600	1 414	317.0	122.4	316.0	122.0	13.0	33.6	5.4	14.0
Sebree city	1 510	1 516	1 092	607	574	426	4.2	1.6	4.2	1.6	359.5	943.8	144.5	379.4
Slaughters city	235	269	276	104	117	128	.6	.2	.6	.2	391.7	1 175.0	173.3	520.0
Whitley County †	33 326	33 396	24 145	13 399	12 384	8 252	1 153.0	445.2	1 140.0	440.2	29.2	75.7	11.8	30.4
Corbin division	11 350	11 282	4 824	4 518	4 518	4 518	115.4	44.5	112.3	43.4	101.1	261.5	43.0	111.2
Corbin city (pt.)	5 806	6 739	6 295	2 692	2 833	2 374	11.5	4.5	11.5	4.5	504.9	1 290.2	234.1	598.2
Cumberland Falls division	3 817	3 345	... 345	1 491	1 178	...	280.5	108.3	272.8	105.3	14.0	36.2	5.5	14.2
Pearl division	259	254	341	100	80	99	35.8	13.8	35.8	13.8	7.2	18.8	2.8	7.2
Saxton division	4 667	5 108	... 1 788	1 843	1 772	...	195.3	75.4	195.1	75.3	23.9	62.0	9.4	24.5
Siler division	2 208	2 415	1 788	909	848	590	167.5	64.7	167.5	64.7	13.2	34.1	5.4	14.0
Williamsburg division	11 025	10 992	... 3 687	4 232	3 988	...	358.5	138.4	356.5	137.7	30.9	80.1	11.9	30.7
Williamsburg city	5 493	5 560	3 687	2 034	2 004	1 097	12.3	4.8	12.1	4.7	454.0	1 168.7	168.1	432.8
Wolfe County	6 503	6 698	5 669	2 779	2 570	1 774	577.3	222.9	577.1	222.8	11.3	29.2	4.8	12.5
Campbell division	3 447	3 528	...	1 510	1 380	...	250.2	96.6	250.0	96.5	13.8	35.7	6.0	15.6
Campbell city	484	486	419	232	233	161	2.7	1.1	2.7	1.1	179.3	440.0	85.9	210.9
Hazel Green division	2 029	2 104	1 871	853	807	606	216.2	83.5	216.2	83.5	9.4	24.3	3.9	10.2
Malaga division	1 027	1 066	...	416	383	...	110.9	42.8	110.9	42.8	9.3	24.0	3.8	9.7
Woodford County †	19 955	17 778	14 434	7 689	6 408	4 722	497.3	192.0	493.9	190.7	40.4	104.6	15.6	40.3
Midway division	2 203	2 452	2 650	851	882	808	70.7	27.3	70.7	27.3	31.2	80.7	12.0	31.2
Midway city	1 290	1 445	1 278	501	528	384	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	806.3	2 150.0	313.1	835.0
Versailles division	14 864	12 760	... 5 679	5 747	4 614	...	228.3	88.2	227.4	87.8	65.4	169.3	25.3	65.5
Versailles city	7 269	6 427	5 679	2 984	2 435	1 877	7.0	2.7	7.0	2.7	1 038.4	2 692.2	426.3	1 105.2
Woodford South division	2 888	2 566	...	1 091	912	...	198.2	76.5	195.8	75.6	14.7	38.2	5.6	14.4







Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Horse Cave city, Hart County	2 284	2 045	2 068	1 021	887	773	6.9	2.6	6.9	2.6	331.0	878.5	148.0	392.7
Houston Acres city, Jefferson County	496	608	684	228	224	211	.4	.1	.4	.1	1 240.0	4 960.0	570.0	2 280.0
Hunters Hollow city, Bullitt County	286	260	...	76	66	...	.1	—	.1	—	2 860.0	—	760.0	—
Hurstbourne city, Jefferson County	4 420	...	...	1 898	...	...	4.8	1.9	4.8	1.9	920.8	2 326.3	395.4	998.9
Hurstbourne Acres city, Jefferson County	1 072	386	289	930	130	81	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 340.0	3 573.3	1 162.5	3 100.0
Hurstbourneville city, Lincoln County	313	339	413	151	170	168	.9	.4	.9	.4	347.8	782.5	167.8	377.5
Hyden city, Leslie County	375	488	482	137	210	157	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	178.6	468.8	65.2	171.3
Independence city, Kenton County	10 444	7 998	1 715	3 686	2 634	500	42.5	16.4	42.5	16.4	245.7	636.8	86.7	224.8
Indian Hills city, Jefferson County	1 074	787	600	428	285	197	3.4	1.3	3.3	1.3	325.5	826.2	129.7	329.2
Indian Hills Cherokee Section city, Jefferson County	1 005	585	282	373	202	95	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 256.3	3 350.0	466.3	1 243.3
Inez city, Martin County	511	413	...	276	148	...	1.7	.7	1.7	.7	300.6	730.0	162.4	394.3
Irvine city, Estill County	2 836	2 889	2 918	1 258	1 184	1 070	3.8	1.5	3.7	1.4	766.5	2 025.7	340.0	888.6
Irvington city, Breckinridge County	1 180	1 409	1 300	517	557	461	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	421.4	1 072.7	184.6	470.0
Island city, McLean County	446	532	410	199	218	177	.9	.4	.9	.4	495.6	1 115.0	221.1	497.5
Jackson city, Breathitt County	2 466	2 651	1 887	995	1 004	622	7.0	2.7	6.7	2.6	368.1	948.5	148.5	382.7
Jamestown city, Russell County	1 641	1 441	1 027	740	595	425	5.8	2.2	5.8	2.2	282.9	745.9	127.6	336.4
Jeffersontown city, Jefferson County	23 221	15 795	9 701	9 369	6 085	2 732	25.1	9.7	25.1	9.7	925.1	2 393.9	373.3	965.9
Jeffersonville city, Montgomery County	1 854	1 528	775	697	533	244	6.9	2.7	6.9	2.7	268.7	686.7	101.0	258.1
Jenkins city, Letcher County	2 751	3 271	2 552	1 182	1 227	955	22.2	8.6	22.2	8.6	124.5	323.6	53.5	139.1
Junction City city	1 983	2 045	1 046	816	746	344	4.8	1.9	4.8	1.9	413.1	1 043.7	170.0	429.5
Boyle County	1 983	2 045	1 046	816	746	344	4.8	1.9	4.8	1.9	413.1	1 043.7	170.0	429.5
Lincoln County	—	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Keeneland city, Jefferson County	393	432	587	158	160	154	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 965.0	3 930.0	790.0	1 580.0
Kenton Vale city, Kenton County	358	145	178	62	53	55	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 790.0	3 580.0	310.0	620.0
Kevil city, Ballard County	337	382	274	169	170	117	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	337.0	842.5	169.0	422.5
Kingsley city, Jefferson County	399	464	504	169	191	180	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 995.0	3 990.0	845.0	1 690.0
Kuttawa city, Lyon County	535	560	453	242	233	239	6.2	2.4	4.4	1.7	121.6	314.7	55.0	142.4
La Center city, Ballard County	1 040	1 044	1 044	466	472	409	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	742.9	2 080.0	332.9	932.0
LaFayette city, Christian County	106	160	158	55	71	67	.6	.2	.6	.2	176.7	530.0	91.7	275.0
La Grange city, Oldham County	3 853	2 971	1 713	1 522	1 127	627	6.7	2.6	6.7	2.6	575.1	1 481.9	227.2	585.4
Lakeside Park city, Kenton County	3 131	r3 062	2 511	1 311	r1 275	752	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	1 565.5	3 913.8	655.5	1 638.8
Lakeview Heights city, Rowan County	252	269	3...	88	79	...	.4	.1	.4	.1	630.0	2 520.0	220.0	880.0
Lancaster city, Garrard County	3 421	3 365	3 230	1 546	1 500	1 285	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	924.6	2 443.6	417.8	1 104.3
Langdon Place city, Jefferson County	874	r407	...	318	r159	...	.4	.2	.4	.2	2 185.0	4 370.0	795.0	1 590.0
Latonia Lakes city, Kenton County	410	396	428	152	129	123	.8	.3	.8	.3	512.5	1 366.7	190.0	506.7
Lawrenceburg city, Anderson County	5 911	5 167	3 579	2 459	2 043	1 332	7.9	3.1	7.9	3.1	748.2	1 906.8	311.3	793.2
Lebanon city, Marion County	5 695	6 590	5 528	2 388	2 379	1 734	10.7	4.1	10.7	4.1	532.2	1 389.0	223.2	582.4
Lebanon Junction city, Bullitt County	1 741	1 581	1 571	685	597	480	13.8	5.3	13.8	5.3	126.2	328.5	49.6	129.2
Lebetter CDP, Livingston County	1 694	...	...	650	...	...	13.8	5.3	13.7	5.3	123.6	319.6	47.4	122.6
Leitchfield city, Grayson County	4 965	4 533	2 983	2 114	1 814	1 174	11.8	4.6	11.7	4.5	424.4	1 103.3	180.7	469.8
Lewisburg city, Logan County	772	972	651	387	390	253	3.2	1.2	3.2	1.2	241.3	643.3	120.9	322.5
Lewisport city, Hancock County	1 778	1 832	1 595	704	722	548	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	740.8	1 975.6	293.3	782.2
Lexington-Fayette, Fayette County	225 366	204 165	108 137	97 742	81 747	38 980	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Urban part	218 925	194 093	95 122	78 152	...	...	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Rural part	6 441	10 072	...	2 620	3 595	...	492.3	190.1	490.5	189.4	13.1	34.0	5.3	13.8
Liberty city, Casey County	1 937	2 206	1 765	905	914	680	4.4	1.7	4.4	1.7	440.2	1 139.4	205.7	532.4
Lincolnshire city, Jefferson County	125	139	222	52	53	68	.1	—	.1	—	1 250.0	—	520.0	—
Livemore city, McLean County	1 534	1 672	1 594	670	653	585	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	568.1	1 534.0	248.1	670.0
Livingston city, Rockcastle County	241	334	338	116	135	139	.8	.3	.8	.3	301.3	803.3	145.0	386.7
London city, Laurel County	5 757	4 002	4 337	2 553	1 657	1 520	19.9	7.7	19.9	7.7	289.3	747.7	128.3	331.6
Lone Oak city, McCracken County	465	443	...	224	193	...	.7	.3	.7	.3	664.3	1 550.0	320.0	746.7
Loretto city, Marion County	820	954	985	284	281	243	9.1	3.5	9.1	3.5	90.1	234.3	31.2	81.1
Louisa city, Lawrence County	1 990	1 832	1 781	919	859	720	3.3	1.3	3.2	1.2	621.9	1 658.3	287.2	765.8
Louisville city, Jefferson County	269 063	r298 694	361 706	124 018	r126 280	129 749	172.6	66.6	160.9	62.1	1 672.2	4 332.7	770.8	1 997.1
Loyall city, Harlan County	1 100	1 210	1 212	455	433	435	.9	.3	.9	.4	1 222.2	3 666.7	505.6	1 516.7
Ludlow city, Kenton County	4 736	4 959	5 815	1 901	1 902	2 048	3.3	1.3	2.3	.9	2 059.1	5 262.2	826.5	2 112.2
Lynch city, Harlan County	1 166	1 614	1 517	529	588	499	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 457.5	3 886.7	661.3	1 763.3
Lyndon city, Jefferson County	8 037	1 553	460	4 285	765	145	8.9	3.5	8.9	3.4	2 034.0	5 085.0	481.5	1 260.3
Lynwood city, Jefferson County	1 017	1 157	1 488	447	446	450	.5	—	.5	—	—	—	894.0	—
McHenry city, Ohio County	414	582	420	171	195	133	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	230.0	591.4	95.0	244.3
McKee city, Jackson County	870	759	255	410	309	104	5.9	2.3	5.9	2.3	147.5	378.3	69.5	178.3
Mackville city, Washington County	200	229	219	94	108	99	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	200.0	500.0	94.0	235.0
McRoberts CDP, Letcher County	1 101	1 106	1 037	430	389	321	14.2	5.5	14.2	5.5	77.5	200.2	30.3	78.2
Madisonville city, Hopkins County	16 200	16 979	15 332	7 146	6 874	5 488	33.6	13.0	33.6	12.9	486.5	1 255.8	214.6	554.0
Manchester city, Clay County	1 634	1 838	1 664	752	697	566	3.9	1.5	3.9	1.5	419.0	1 089.3	192.8	501.3
Manor Creek city, Jefferson County	179	241	...	68	66	...	.2	.1	.2	.1	895.0	1 790.0	340.0	680.0





**Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
South Wallins CDP, Harlan County -----	1 022	...	...	409	...	...	16.3	6.3	16.3	6.3	62.7	162.2	25.1	64.9
Sparta city -----	133	192	213	66	84	90	2.3	.9	2.3	.9	57.8	147.8	28.7	73.3
Gallatin County -----	95	146	168	52	67	70	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	73.1	190.0	40.0	104.0
Owen County -----	38	46	45	14	17	20	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	38.0	95.0	14.0	35.0
Springfield city, Washington County -----	2 875	3 179	2 961	1 193	1 188	955	5.9	2.3	5.8	2.2	495.7	1 306.8	205.7	542.3
Springlee city, Jefferson County -----	451	498	583	216	216	210	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 255.0	4 510.0	1 080.0	2 160.0
Spring Mill city, Jefferson County -----	342	...	...	112	...	...	.1	—	.1	—	3 420.0	—	1 120.0	—
Spring Valley city, Jefferson County -----	400	...	...	160	...	...	.5	.2	.5	.2	800.0	2 000.0	320.0	800.0
Stamping Ground city, Scott County -----	698	562	411	281	219	153	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	536.9	1 396.0	216.2	562.0
Stanford city, Lincoln County -----	2 686	2 764	2 474	1 159	1 138	933	7.1	2.7	7.1	2.7	378.3	994.8	163.2	429.3
Stanton city, Powell County -----	2 795	2 691	2 037	1 135	983	700	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	548.0	1 397.5	222.5	567.5
Stearns CDP, McCreary County -----	1 550	1 557	...	659	567	...	10.4	4.0	10.4	4.0	149.0	387.5	63.4	164.8
Strathmoor Gardens city, Jefferson County -----	300	292	337	125	126	125	.1	—	.1	—	3 000.0	—	1 250.0	—
Strathmoor Manor city, Jefferson County -----	391	368	464	151	140	164	.1	.1	.1	.1	3 910.0	3 910.0	1 510.0	1 510.0
Strathmoor Village city, Jefferson County -----	361	466	540	147	185	180	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 805.0	3 610.0	735.0	1 470.0
Sturgis city, Union County -----	2 184	2 293	2 210	1 031	974	916	3.9	1.5	3.9	1.5	560.0	1 456.0	264.4	687.3
Sycamore city, Jefferson County -----	70	195	34	90	—	—	.1	—	.1	—	700.0	—	340.0	—
Taylor Mill city, Kenton County -----	5 530	4 509	3 146	2 065	1 578	941	16.8	6.5	16.5	6.4	335.2	864.1	125.2	322.7
Taylorsville city, Spencer County -----	774	801	897	357	389	350	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	703.6	1 935.0	324.5	892.5
Ten Broeck city, Jefferson County -----	128	134	...	49	49	...	.6	.2	.6	.2	213.3	640.0	81.7	245.0
Thornhill city, Jefferson County -----	146	233	...	54	71	...	.1	—	.1	—	1 460.0	—	540.0	—
Tompkinsville city, Monroe County -----	2 861	r3 077	2 207	1 292	r1 261	840	9.5	3.7	9.1	3.5	314.4	817.4	142.0	369.1
Trenton city, Todd County -----	378	465	496	174	198	185	1.4	.6	1.4	.6	270.0	630.0	124.3	290.0
Union city, Boone County -----	1 001	601	233	314	206	75	5.8	2.2	5.8	2.2	172.6	455.0	54.1	142.7
Uniontown city, Union County -----	1 008	1 169	1 255	441	434	398	2.5	1.0	2.3	.9	438.3	1 120.0	191.7	490.0
Upton city -----	719	731	552	312	300	222	4.0	1.5	4.0	1.5	179.8	479.3	78.0	208.0
Hardin County -----	406	417	238	166	161	97	3.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	135.3	338.3	55.3	138.3
Larue County -----	313	314	314	146	139	125	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	313.0	782.5	146.0	365.0
Valley Station CDP, Jefferson County -----	22 840	24 474	24 471	8 168	7 903	6 358	20.4	7.9	20.4	7.9	1 119.6	2 891.1	400.4	1 033.9
Vanceburg city, Lewis County -----	1 713	1 939	1 773	714	743	656	2.7	1.1	2.7	1.1	634.4	1 557.3	264.4	649.1
Van Lear CDP, Johnson County -----	1 050	2 035	1 033	438	676	323	14.0	5.4	14.0	5.4	75.0	194.4	31.3	81.1
Versailles city, Woodford County -----	7 269	6 427	5 679	2 984	2 435	1 877	7.0	2.7	7.0	2.7	1 038.4	2 692.2	426.3	1 105.2
Visco city, Perry County -----	244	456	377	102	169	137	.2	.8	.2	.8	122.0	305.0	51.0	127.5
Villa Hills city, Kenton County -----	7 739	r4 384	1 647	2 619	r1 241	323	11.1	4.3	9.2	3.5	841.2	2 211.1	284.7	748.3
Vine Grove city, Hardin County -----	3 586	r3 648	2 987	1 430	r1 377	1 043	11.9	4.6	11.8	4.6	303.9	779.6	121.2	310.9
Visalia city, Kenton County -----	190	198	...	65	72	...	.7	.3	.7	.3	271.4	633.3	92.9	216.7
Wells Creek city, Harlan County -----	261	459	369	123	157	142	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	261.0	652.5	123.0	307.5
Walton city, Boone County -----	2 034	1 651	1 801	801	635	572	7.0	2.7	7.0	2.7	290.6	753.3	114.4	296.7
Warfield city, Martin County -----	364	...	...	151	...	...	2.5	.9	2.5	.9	145.6	404.4	60.4	167.8
Warsaw city, Gallatin County -----	1 202	1 328	1 232	537	530	456	3.9	1.5	2.5	1.0	480.8	1 202.0	214.8	537.0
Washington city, Mason County -----	795	624	439	296	231	156	4.6	1.8	4.6	1.8	172.8	441.7	64.3	164.4
Water Valley city, Graves County -----	321	395	285	166	179	121	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	200.6	535.0	103.8	276.7
Watertown Park city, Jefferson County -----	1 542	...	...	803	...	...	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	416.8	1 101.4	217.0	573.6
Waverly city, Union County -----	345	434	335	128	149	109	.7	.3	.7	.3	492.9	1 150.0	182.9	426.7
Wayland city, Floyd County -----	359	601	384	158	206	130	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	199.4	512.9	87.8	225.7
Wellington city, Jefferson County -----	593	653	727	257	270	262	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 965.0	5 930.0	1 285.0	2 570.0
West Buechel city, Jefferson County -----	1 587	1 205	1 581	772	595	651	1.7	.7	1.7	.7	935.3	2 267.1	454.1	1 102.9
West Liberty city, Morgan County -----	1 887	1 381	1 387	728	600	508	10.9	4.2	10.9	4.2	173.1	449.3	66.8	173.3
West Point city, Hardin County -----	1 216	1 339	1 741	560	678	735	7.0	2.7	7.0	2.7	173.7	450.4	80.0	207.4
Westwood CDP, Boyd County -----	5 300	5 973	...	2 168	2 228	...	10.1	3.9	10.1	3.9	524.8	1 359.0	214.7	555.9
Westwood city, Jefferson County -----	734	826	777	230	219	168	.3	.1	.3	.1	2 446.7	7 340.0	766.7	2 300.0
Wheatcroft city, Webster County -----	206	325	229	87	135	113	.6	.2	.6	.2	343.3	1 030.0	145.0	435.0
Wheelwright city, Floyd County -----	721	865	793	270	380	407	4.5	1.7	4.5	1.7	160.2	424.1	60.0	158.8
Whips Millgate city, Jefferson County -----	454	r553	612	211	r225	172	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 270.0	4 540.0	1 055.0	2 110.0
White Plains city, Hopkins County -----	598	859	729	254	323	253	2.2	.9	2.2	.9	271.8	664.4	115.5	282.2
Whitesburg city, Letcher County -----	1 636	1 525	1 137	739	609	449	8.0	3.1	8.0	3.1	204.5	527.7	92.4	238.4
Whitesville city, Daviess County -----	682	788	752	268	284	245	1.2	.4	1.2	.4	568.3	1 705.0	223.3	670.0
Whitley City CDP, McCreary County -----	1 133	1 683	1 060	484	641	385	6.0	2.3	6.0	2.3	188.8	492.6	80.7	210.4
Wickliffe city, Ballard County -----	851	1 034	1 211	421	454	493	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	293.4	773.6	145.2	382.7
Wilder city, Campbell County -----	691	633	823	241	200	214	8.9	3.4	8.6	3.3	80.3	209.4	28.0	73.0
Wildwood city, Jefferson County -----	266	309	412	117	116	113	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 330.0	2 660.0	585.0	1 170.0
Williamsburg city, Whitley County -----	5 493	5 560	3 687	2 034	2 004	1 097	12.3	4.8	12.1	4.7	454.0	1 168.7	168.1	432.8
Williamstown city, Grant County -----	3 023	2 502	2 063	1 296	1 028	808	30.3	11.7	29.0	11.2	104.2	269.9	44.7	115.7
Willisburg city, Washington County -----	223	235	304	101	111	125	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	159.3	446.0	72.1	202.0
Wilmore city, Jessamine County -----	4 215	3 787	3 466	1 287	1 048	937	4.8	1.9	4.8	1.9	878.1	2 218.4	268.1	677.4
Winchester city, Clark County -----	15 799	15 216	13 402	6 592	6 014	4 851	14.7	5.7	14.6	5.7	1 082.1	2 771.8	451.5	1 156.5
Winding Falls city, Jefferson County -----	657	454	...	214	157	...	.4	.2	.4	.2	1 642.5	3 285.0	535.0	1 070.0
Windy Hills city, Jefferson County -----	2 452	2 214	1 692	1 057	908	564	2.5	.9	2.5	.9	980.8	2 724.4	422.8	1 174.4
Wingo city, Graves County -----	568	606	593	256	276	258	2.4	.9	2.3	.9	247.0	631.1	111.3	284.4

Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Woodburn city, Warren County -----	343	330	351	114	112	98	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	285.8	686.0	95.0	228.0
Woodbury city, Butler County -----	117			49			.3	.1	.3	.1	390.0	1 170.0	163.3	490.0
Woodland Hills city, Jefferson County -----	714	839	1 233	290	292	336	.6	.2	.6	.2	1 190.0	3 570.0	483.3	1 450.0
Woodlawn city, Campbell County -----	308	331	525	101	105	146	.1	—	.1	—	3 080.0	—	1 010.0	—
Woodlawn-Oakdale CDP, McCracken County -----	4 954	r2 869	1 639	2 096	r1 082	573	15.4	5.9	15.4	5.9	321.7	839.7	136.1	355.3
Woodlawn Park city, Jefferson County -----	1 099	1 052	1 237	417	361	347	.6	.2	.6	.2	1 831.7	5 495.0	695.0	2 085.0
Worthington city, Greenup County -----	1 751	1 948	1 364	661	679	432	3.1	1.2	3.0	1.2	583.7	1 459.2	220.3	550.8
Worthington Hills city, Jefferson County -----	973	...	...	334	...	...	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 390.0	3 243.3	477.1	1 113.3
Worthville city, Carroll County -----	191	272	258	74	112	94	.7	.3	.7	.3	272.9	636.7	105.7	246.7
Wurtland city, Greenup County -----	1 221	1 301	...	434	447	...	3.4	1.3	3.3	1.3	370.0	939.2	131.5	333.8

Table 10. 1990 Population Rank; Population and Housing Units: 1980 and 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place [2,500 or More Persons]	1990 population rank	Population		Housing units		Place [2,500 or More Persons]	1990 population rank	Population		Housing units	
		1990	1980	1990	1980			1990	1980	1990	1980
Louisville city, Jefferson County -----	1	269 063	r298 694	124 018	r126 280	Shelbyville city, Shelby County -----	66	6 238	5 329	2 727	2 155
Lexington-Fayette, Fayette County -----	2	225 366	204 165	97 742	81 747	Hillview city, Bullitt County -----	67	6 119	5 196	1 887	1 361
Owensboro city, Daviess County -----	3	53 549	54 450	23 074	21 157	Burlington CDP, Boone County -----	68	6 070	...	2 170	...
Covington city, Kenton County -----	4	43 264	r49 585	19 117	r20 407	Lawrenceburg city, Anderson County -----	69	5 911	5 167	2 459	2 043
Bowling Green city, Warren County -----	5	40 641	40 450	17 501	15 173	London city, Laurel County -----	70	5 757	4 002	2 553	1 657
Hopkinsville city, Christian County -----	6	29 809	27 318	12 236	10 528	Lebanon city, Marion County -----	71	5 695	6 590	2 388	2 379
Paducah city, McCracken County -----	7	27 256	29 315	13 150	12 759	Alexandria city, Campbell County -----	72	5 592	4 735	1 949	1 556
Frankfort city, Franklin County -----	8	25 968	25 973	11 880	11 213	Douglas Hills city, Jefferson County -----	73	5 549	4 384	2 334	1 536
Henderson city, Henderson County -----	9	25 945	24 834	11 355	10 028	Taylor Mill city, Kenton County -----	74	5 530	4 509	2 065	1 578
Pleasure Ridge Park CDP, Jefferson County -----	10	25 131	27 332	9 538	9 247	Williamsburg city, Whitley County -----	75	5 493	5 560	2 034	2 004
Ashland city, Boyd County -----	11	23 622	27 064	11 021	11 418						
Jeffersontown city, Jefferson County -----	12	23 221	15 795	9 369	6 085	Hazard city, Perry County -----	76	5 416	5 371	2 277	2 110
Valley Station CDP, Jefferson County -----	13	22 840	24 474	8 168	7 903	Mount Sterling city, Montgomery County -----	77	5 362	5 820	2 396	2 425
Newburg CDP, Jefferson County -----	14	21 647	24 612	8 119	8 889	Monticello city, Wayne County -----	78	5 357	5 677	2 360	2 312
Fort Knox CDP -----	15	21 495	31 055	4 346	4 375	Westwood CDP, Boyd County -----	79	5 300	5 973	2 168	2 228
Hardin County -----	(NA)	15 407	24 738	2 566	2 597	Mount Washington city, Bullitt County -----	80	5 226	3 997	1 870	1 380
Meade County -----	(NA)	6 088	6 317	1 780	1 778	Middletown city, Jefferson County -----	81	5 016	414	2 106	172
Richmond city, Madison County -----	16	21 155	21 705	7 869	6 933	Central City city, Muhlenberg County -----	82	4 979	5 214	2 196	2 012
Radcliff city, Hardin County -----	17	19 772	r14 656	8 251	r5 836	Leitchfield city, Grayson County -----	83	4 965	4 533	2 114	1 814
Okolona CDP, Jefferson County -----	18	18 902	20 039	7 297	7 021	Woodlawn-Oakdale CDP, McCracken County -----	84	4 954	r2 869	2 096	r1 082
Newport city, Campbell County -----	19	18 871	21 587	8 059	8 633	Sherpherdsville city, Bullitt County -----	85	4 805	4 454	1 803	1 584
Fort Campbell North CDP, Christian County -----	20	18 861	17 211	2 957	2 960	Ludlow city, Kenton County -----	86	4 736	4 959	1 901	1 902
Florence city, Boone County -----	21	18 624	15 586	7 336	5 840	Greenville city, Muhlenberg County -----	87	4 689	4 631	2 025	1 793
Elizabethtown city, Hardin County -----	22	18 167	15 380	7 914	6 285	Hurstbourne city, Jefferson County -----	88	4 420	...	1 898	...
Fern Creek CDP, Jefferson County -----	23	16 406	16 866	5 996	5 696	Paintsville city, Johnson County -----	89	4 354	3 815	2 014	1 611
Madisonville city, Hopkins County -----	24	16 200	16 979	7 146	6 874	Scottsville city, Allen County -----	90	4 278	4 278	1 861	1 845
Fort Thomas city, Campbell County -----	25	16 032	16 012	6 544	6 006	Highland Heights city, Campbell County -----	91	4 223	4 435	1 797	1 466
Erlanger city, Kenton County -----	26	15 979	r14 466	6 081	r5 169	Wilmore city, Jessamine County -----	92	4 215	3 787	1 287	1 048
St. Matthews city, Jefferson County -----	27	15 800	r13 519	8 235	r5 938	Providence city, Webster County -----	93	4 123	4 434	1 823	1 830
Winchester city, Clark County -----	28	15 799	15 216	6 592	6 014	Oakbrook CDP, Boone County -----	94	4 113	...	1 644	...
Shively city, Jefferson County -----	29	15 535	r16 645	6 852	r6 588	Reidland CDP, McCracken County -----	95	4 054	3 730	1 645	1 413
Highview CDP, Jefferson County -----	30	14 814	13 286	5 513	4 389						
Murray city, Calloway County -----	31	14 439	14 248	5 546	5 219	Russell city, Greenup County -----	96	4 014	3 824	1 535	1 423
Nicholasville city, Jessamine County -----	32	13 603	10 400	5 220	3 689	Benton city, Marshall County -----	97	3 899	3 700	1 813	1 588
Danville city, Boyle County -----	33	12 420	12 942	5 210	5 036	La Grange city, Oldham County -----	98	3 853	2 971	1 522	1 127
Glasgow city, Barren County -----	34	12 351	12 958	5 395	5 064	Columbia city, Adair County -----	99	3 845	3 710	1 648	1 510
Georgetown city, Scott County -----	35	11 414	10 972	4 506	3 907	Morganfield city, Union County -----	100	3 776	3 781	1 539	1 438
Middlesborough city, Bell County -----	36	11 328	12 251	4 849	4 726	Massac CDP, McCracken County -----	101	3 733	...	1 466	...
Somerset city, Pulaski County -----	37	10 733	10 649	4 633	4 288	Carrollton city, Carroll County -----	102	3 715	3 967	1 663	1 716
Independence city, Kenton County -----	38	10 444	7 998	3 686	2 634	Hendron CDP, McCracken County -----	103	3 712	...	1 576	...
St. Dennis CDP, Jefferson County -----	39	10 326	...	4 033	...	Barbourville city, Knox County -----	104	3 658	3 333	1 523	1 290
Mayfield city, Graves County -----	40	9 935	10 705	4 859	4 687	Vine Grove city, Hardin County -----	105	3 586	r3 648	1 430	r1 377
Campbellsville city, Taylor County -----	41	9 577	8 715	4 205	3 580	Prestonsburg city, Floyd County -----	106	3 558	4 011	1 516	1 691
Berea city, Madison County -----	42	9 126	8 226	3 481	2 980	Grayson city, Carter County -----	107	3 510	3 423	1 343	1 292
Paris city, Bourbon County -----	43	8 730	7 935	3 743	3 208	Lancaster city, Garrard County -----	108	3 421	3 365	1 546	1 500
Morehead city, Rowan County -----	44	8 357	7 789	2 326	2 339	Park Hills city, Kenton County -----	109	3 321	3 500	1 529	1 466
Edgewood city, Kenton County -----	45	8 143	r7 243	2 510	r2 065	Marion city, Crittenden County -----	110	3 320	3 392	1 555	1 560
Lyndon city, Jefferson County -----	46	8 037	1 553	4 285	765	Southgate city, Campbell County -----	111	3 266	2 833	1 546	1 050
Flatwoods city, Greenup County -----	47	7 799	8 354	3 115	2 919	Lakeside Park city, Kenton County -----	112	3 131	r3 062	1 311	r1 275
Villa Hills city, Kenton County -----	48	7 739	r4 384	2 619	r1 241	Dawson Springs city, Hopkins County -----	113	3 129	3 275	1 429	1 346
Franklin city, Simpson County -----	49	7 607	7 738	3 257	3 082	Cumberland city, Harlan County -----	114	3 112	3 712	1 384	1 433
Russellville city, Logan County -----	50	7 454	7 520	3 292	3 053	Fulton city, Fulton County -----	115	3 078	3 137	1 474	1 398
Fort Mitchell city, Kenton County -----	51	7 438	r7 294	3 354	r3 071						
Corbin city -----	52	7 419	8 075	3 446	3 520	Flemingsburg city, Fleming County -----	116	3 071	2 835	1 365	1 160
Knox County -----	(NA)	1 613	1 336	754	687	Williamstown city, Grant County -----	117	3 023	2 502	1 296	1 028
Whitley County -----	(NA)	5 806	6 739	2 692	2 833	Graymoor-Devondale city, Jefferson County -----	118	2 911	...	1 117	...
Harrodsburg city, Mercer County -----	53	7 335	7 265	3 317	3 008	Beaver Dam city, Ohio County -----	119	2 904	3 185	1 297	1 303
Versailles city, Woodford County -----	54	7 269	6 427	2 984	2 435	Cold Spring city, Campbell County -----	120	2 880	2 117	1 047	662
Maysville city, Mason County -----	55	7 169	7 983	3 355	3 299	Springfield city, Washington County -----	121	2 875	3 179	1 193	1 188
Buechel CDP, Jefferson County -----	56	7 081	r6 855	3 416	r2 996	Oak Grove city, Christian County -----	122	2 863	2 088	1 371	907
Belleview city, Campbell County -----	57	6 997	7 678	2 939	2 968	Tompkinsville city, Monroe County -----	123	2 861	r3 077	1 292	r1 261
Princeton city, Caldwell County -----	58	6 940	7 073	3 168	2 952	Irvine city, Estill County -----	124	2 836	2 889	1 258	1 184
Elsmere city, Kenton County -----	59	6 847	7 203	2 394	2 414	Stanton city, Powell County -----	125	2 795	2 691	1 135	983
Bardstown city, Nelson County -----	60	6 801	6 155	2 803	2 296	Hickman city, Fulton County -----	126	2 788	1 981	1 089	738
Dayton city, Campbell County -----	61	6 576	6 979	2 449	2 416	Jenkins city, Letcher County -----	127	2 751	3 271	1 182	1 227
Fort Wright city, Kenton County -----	62	6 570	4 481	2 637	1 550	Hodgenville city, Larue County -----	128	2 721	2 531	1 174	1 054
Fairdale CDP, Jefferson County -----	63	6 563	7 315	2 467	2 453	Harlan city, Harlan County -----	129	2 689	2 894	1 155	1 135
Cynthiana city, Harrison County -----	64	6 497	5 881	2 778	2 602	Stanford city, Lincoln County -----	130	2 686	3 024	1 277	1 298
Pikeville city, Pike County -----	65	6 324	4 756	2 738	2 020	Mount Vernon city, Rockcastle County -----	132	2 654	2 334	1 146	956
						Crestview Hills city, Kenton County -----	133	2 546	r1 362	945	r3 64
						Hartford city, Ohio County -----	134	2 532	2 512	1 104	1 009
						Calvert City city, Marshall County -----	135	2 531	2 388	1 048	865

Table 11. Population 1990 and 1980; Housing Units and Land Area: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural and Size of Place	1990 population				1980 population				1990 housing units			1990 land area			
	Number of places	Total population	Percent of total population	Percent distribution	Number of places	Total population	Percent of total population	Percent distribution	Total housing units	Percent of total housing units	Percent distribution	Square kilometers	Square miles	Percent of total land area	Percent distribution
The State -----	471	3 685 296	100.0	...	449	3 660 324	100.0	...	1 506 845	100.0	...	102 906.7	39 732.3	100.0	...
Urban -----	237	1 910 325	51.8	100.0	225	1 862 183	50.9	100.0	797 705	52.9	100.0	2 733.1	1 055.3	2.7	100.0
Inside urbanized area -----	155	1 276 855	34.6	66.8	142	1 232 682	33.7	66.2	533 278	35.4	66.9	1 426.3	550.7	1.4	52.2
Central place -----	5	591 104	16.0	30.9	4	574 058	15.7	30.8	264 590	17.6	33.2	507.7	196.0	.5	18.6
Place of -----															
1,000,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500,000 to 999,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250,000 to 499,999 -----	1	269 063	7.3	14.1	1	298 451	8.2	16.0	124 018	8.2	15.5	160.9	62.1	.2	5.9
100,000 to 249,999 -----	1	218 925	5.9	11.5	1	194 093	5.3	10.4	95 122	6.3	11.9	246.5	95.2	.2	9.0
50,000 to 99,999 -----	1	53 549	1.5	2.8	1	54 450	1.5	2.9	23 074	1.5	2.9	38.8	15.0	-	1.4
Less than 50,000 -----	2	49 567	1.3	2.6	1	27 064	.7	1.5	22 376	1.5	2.8	61.6	23.8	.1	2.3
Urban fringe -----	150	685 751	18.6	35.9	138	658 624	18.0	35.4	268 688	17.8	33.7	918.6	354.7	.9	33.6
Place of 2,500 or more -----	48	490 875	13.3	25.7	38	453 308	12.4	24.3	192 494	12.8	24.1	569.9	220.0	.6	20.9
100,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50,000 to 99,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25,000 to 49,999 -----	2	68 395	1.9	3.6	2	76 895	2.1	4.1	28 655	1.9	3.6	54.7	21.1	.1	2.0
10,000 to 24,999 -----	15	258 302	7.0	13.5	14	254 908	7.0	13.7	98 245	6.5	12.3	256.8	99.1	.2	9.4
5,000 to 9,999 -----	18	118 966	3.2	6.2	11	78 135	2.1	4.2	46 864	3.1	5.9	172.4	66.6	.2	6.3
2,500 to 4,999 -----	13	45 212	1.2	2.4	11	43 370	1.2	2.3	18 730	1.2	2.3	86.0	33.2	.1	3.1
Place of less than 2,500 -----	102	69 590	1.9	3.6	100	70 072	1.9	3.8	28 268	1.9	3.5	98.1	37.9	.1	3.6
2,000 to 2,499 -----	5	11 200	.3	.6	3	6 419	.2	.3	4 578	.3	.6	23.1	8.9	-	.8
1,500 to 1,999 -----	6	9 831	.3	.5	8	14 336	.4	.8	4 000	.3	.5	12.8	4.9	-	.5
1,000 to 1,499 -----	12	13 657	.4	.7	13	15 614	.4	.8	5 794	.4	.7	18.6	7.2	-	.7
Less than 1,000 -----	79	34 902	.9	1.8	76	33 703	.9	1.8	13 896	.9	1.7	43.6	16.8	-	1.6
Other urban -----	...	125 286	3.4	6.6	...	135 244	3.7	7.3	47 926	3.2	6.0	250.7	96.8	.2	9.2
Outside urbanized area -----	82	633 470	17.2	33.2	83	629 501	17.2	33.8	264 427	17.5	33.1	1 306.8	504.6	1.3	47.8
Place of -----															
25,000 or more -----	4	123 674	3.4	6.5	5	154 111	4.2	8.3	54 767	3.6	6.9	210.9	81.4	.2	7.7
10,000 to 24,999 -----	13	198 876	5.4	10.4	13	178 924	4.9	9.6	77 477	5.1	9.7	338.1	130.5	.3	12.4
5,000 to 9,999 -----	24	166 995	4.5	8.7	21	141 510	3.9	7.6	70 816	4.7	8.9	366.3	141.4	.4	13.4
2,500 to 4,999 -----	41	143 925	3.9	7.5	44	154 956	4.2	8.3	61 367	4.1	7.7	391.5	151.2	.4	14.3
Rural -----	234	1 774 971	48.2	100.0	224	1 798 594	49.1	100.0	709 140	47.1	100.0	100 173.6	38 677.1	97.3	100.0
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	83	132 826	3.6	7.5	83	130 886	3.6	7.3	55 636	3.7	7.8	535.7	206.8	.5	.5
2,000 to 2,499 -----	15	33 780	.9	1.9	16	34 919	1.0	1.9	13 510	.9	1.9	110.4	42.6	.1	.1
1,500 to 1,999 -----	33	57 397	1.6	3.2	26	44 673	1.2	2.5	24 526	1.6	3.5	233.2	90.0	.2	.2
1,000 to 1,499 -----	35	41 649	1.1	2.3	41	51 294	1.4	2.9	17 600	1.2	2.5	192.1	74.2	.2	.2
Place of less than 1,000 -----	151	70 000	1.9	3.9	141	69 250	1.9	3.9	30 252	2.0	4.3	279.5	107.9	.3	.3
Other rural -----	...	1 572 145	42.7	88.6	...	1 598 458	43.7	88.9	623 252	41.4	87.9	99 358.4	38 362.3	96.6	99.2

Table 12. Urban and Rural Population: 1930 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Size of Place	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950		1940	1930
					Current urban definition	Previous urban definition		
<b>NUMBER OF PLACES</b>								
Urban	237	225	173	145	97	68	56	53
Place of 2,500 or more	135	125	103	88	74	68	56	53
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100,000 to 249,999	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1
25,000 to 49,999	7	8	6	5	4	4	5	4
10,000 to 24,999	29	27	21	13	8	8	6	7
5,000 to 9,999	42	32	28	22	23	20	17	16
2,500 to 4,999	54	55	44	45	36	33	26	24
Place of less than 2,500	102	100	70	57	23	... ...	...	...
Rural	234	224	236	254	273	265	267	316
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	83	83	76	85	104	80	82	74
Place of less than 1,000	151	141	160	169	169	185	185	242
<b>Cumulative summary:</b>								
Place of —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 or more	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100,000 or more	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
50,000 or more	3	3	4	3	3	3	2	2
25,000 or more	10	11	10	8	7	7	7	6
10,000 or more	39	38	31	21	15	15	13	13
5,000 or more	81	70	59	43	38	35	30	29
2,500 or more	135	125	103	88	74	68	56	53
<b>POPULATION</b>								
Urban	1 910 325	1 862 183	1 684 053	1 353 215	1 084 070	985 739	849 327	799 026
Place of 2,500 or more	1 715 449	1 656 867	1 423 059	1 175 967	1 016 888	985 739	849 327	799 026
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999	269 063	298 451	361 472	390 639	369 129	369 129	319 077	307 745
100,000 to 249,999	218 925	194 093	108 137	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999	53 549	54 450	102 864	123 186	119 986	119 986	62 018	65 252
25,000 to 49,999	218 014	258 070	189 297	166 641	128 654	128 654	173 482	138 095
10,000 to 24,999	480 800	433 832	320 885	174 841	106 378	106 378	73 772	89 511
5,000 to 9,999	285 961	219 645	189 882	158 506	162 473	141 065	123 263	112 451
2,500 to 4,999	189 137	198 326	150 522	162 154	130 268	120 527	97 715	85 972
Place of less than 2,500	69 590	70 072	57 931	45 628	20 596	...	...	...
Other urban	125 286	135 244	203 063	131 620	46 586	...	...	...
Rural	1 774 971	1 798 594	1 534 653	1 684 941	1 860 736	1 959 067	1 996 300	1 815 563
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	132 826	130 886	117 843	131 416	155 316	123 494	130 517	117 656
Place of less than 1,000	70 000	69 250	69 003	72 168	75 659	84 874	85 922	97 497
Other rural	1 572 145	1 598 458	1 347 807	1 481 357	1 481 357	1 629 761	1 750 699	1 779 861
<b>PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION</b>								
Urban	51.8	50.9	52.3	44.5	36.8	33.5	29.8	30.6
Place of 2,500 or more	46.5	45.3	44.2	38.7	34.5	33.5	29.8	30.6
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999	7.3	8.2	11.2	12.9	12.5	12.5	11.2	11.8
100,000 to 249,999	5.9	5.3	3.4	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 9,999	1.5	1.5	3.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	2.2	2.5
25,000 to 49,999	5.9	7.0	5.9	5.5	4.4	4.4	6.1	5.3
10,000 to 24,999	13.0	11.9	10.0	5.8	3.6	3.6	2.6	3.4
5,000 to 9,999	7.8	6.0	5.9	5.2	5.5	4.8	4.3	4.3
2,500 to 4,999	5.1	5.4	4.7	5.3	4.4	4.1	3.4	3.3
Place of less than 2,500	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.5	.7	...	...	...
Other urban	3.4	3.7	6.3	4.3	1.6	...	...	...
Rural	48.2	49.1	47.7	55.5	63.2	66.5	70.2	69.4
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.3	5.3	4.2	4.6	4.5
Place of less than 1,000	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.7
Other rural	42.7	43.7	41.9	48.8	55.3	59.5	62.5	61.2

Table 13. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Table 13. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Population	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>															
Outside urbanized area	114 471	12	114 471	12	114 471	1	29 809	11	84 662	—	—	—	—	...	
Place of—															
25,000 or more	29 809	1	29 809	1	29 809	1	29 809	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	40 816	3	40 816	3	40 816	—	—	3	40 816	—	—	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	27 463	4	27 463	4	27 463	—	—	4	27 463	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	16 383	4	16 383	4	16 383	—	—	4	16 383	—	—	—	—	...	
Rural	<b>322 585</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>39 145</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>31 077</b>	—	<b>6 441</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>24 636</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8 068</b>	—	—	<b>283 440</b>	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	22 195	14	22 195	10	14 127	—	—	10	14 127	4	8 068	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	8 983	4	8 983	1	2 034	—	—	1	2 034	3	6 949	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	3 550	2	3 550	2	3 550	—	—	2	3 550	—	—	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	9 662	8	9 662	7	8 543	—	—	7	8 543	1	1 119	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	10 509	19	10 509	19	10 509	—	—	19	10 509	—	—	—	—	...	
Other rural	289 881	...	6 441	...	6 441	...	6 441	...	—	...	...	...	...	283 440	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	1 971 385	271	689 132	255	635 251	...	...	255	635 251	16	53 881	...	...	1 282 253	
Urban	<b>518 999</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>518 999</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>481 051</b>	...	...	<b>65</b>	<b>481 051</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>37 948</b>	...	...	—	
Inside urbanized area	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Central place	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of—															
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Less than 50,000	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	
Urban fringe	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of 2,500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
25,000 to 49,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
10,000 to 24,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
5,000 to 9,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
2,500 to 4,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of less than 2,500	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
2,000 to 2,499	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
1,500 to 1,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
1,000 to 1,499	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Less than 1,000	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Other urban	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	
Outside urbanized area	518 999	70	518 999	65	481 051	...	...	65	481 051	5	37 948	...	...	...	
Place of—															
25,000 or more	93 865	3	93 865	3	93 865	...	...	3	93 865	—	—	...	...	...	
10,000 to 24,999	158 060	10	158 060	9	136 565	...	...	9	136 565	1	21 495	...	...	...	
5,000 to 9,999	139 532	20	139 532	20	139 532	...	...	20	139 532	—	—	...	...	...	
2,500 to 4,999	127 542	37	127 542	33	111 089	...	...	33	111 089	4	16 453	...	...	...	
Rural	<b>1 452 386</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>170 133</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>154 200</b>	...	...	<b>190</b>	<b>154 200</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>15 933</b>	...	...	<b>1 282 253</b>	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	110 631	69	110 631	58	94 698	...	...	58	94 698	11	15 933	...	...	...	
2,000 to 2,499	24 797	11	24 797	10	22 422	...	...	10	22 422	1	2 375	...	...	...	
1,500 to 1,999	53 847	31	53 847	26	45 893	...	...	26	45 893	5	7 954	...	...	...	
1,000 to 1,499	31 987	27	31 987	22	26 383	...	...	22	26 383	5	5 604	...	...	...	
Place of less than 1,000	59 491	132	59 491	132	59 491	...	...	132	59 491	—	—	...	...	...	
Other rural	1 282 264	...	11	...	11	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	1 282 253	

**Table 14. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990**

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Housing units	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
THE STATE				Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units		
Total	1 506 845	471	838 292	438	755 186	6	279 446	432	475 740	33	83 106	-	-	668 553	
Urban	797 705	237	749 779	219	675 164	6	276 826	213	398 338	18	74 615	-	-	47 926	
Inside urbanized area	533 278	155	485 352	142	421 866	5	264 590	137	157 276	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
Central place	264 590	5	264 590	5	264 590	5	264 590	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Place of —															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	95 122	1	95 122	1	95 122	1	95 122	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 50,000	22 376	2	22 376	2	22 376	2	22 376	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Urban fringe	268 688	150	220 762	137	157 276	-	-	137	157 276	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
Place of 2,500 or more	192 494	48	192 494	35	129 008	-	-	35	129 008	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
100,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	28 655	2	28 655	1	19 117	-	-	1	19 117	1	9 538	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	98 245	15	98 245	8	56 162	-	-	8	56 162	7	42 083	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	46 864	18	46 864	14	36 643	-	-	14	36 643	4	10 221	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	18 730	13	18 730	12	17 086	-	-	12	17 086	1	1 644	-	-	...	
Place of less than 2,500	28 268	102	28 268	102	28 268	-	-	102	28 268	-	-	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	4 578	5	4 578	5	4 578	-	-	5	4 578	-	-	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	4 000	6	4 000	6	4 000	-	-	6	4 000	-	-	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	5 794	12	5 794	12	5 794	-	-	12	5 794	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 1,000	13 896	79	13 896	79	13 896	-	-	79	13 896	-	-	-	-	...	
Other urban	47 926	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47 926	
Outside urbanized area	264 427	82	264 427	77	253 298	1	12 236	76	241 062	5	11 129	-	-	...	
Place of —															
25,000 or more	54 767	4	54 767	4	54 767	1	12 236	3	42 531	-	-	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	77 477	13	77 477	12	73 131	-	-	12	73 131	1	4 346	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	70 816	24	70 816	24	70 816	-	-	24	70 816	-	-	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	61 367	41	61 367	37	54 584	-	-	37	54 584	4	6 783	-	-	...	
Rural	709 140	234	88 513	219	80 022	-	2 620	219	77 402	15	8 491	-	-	620 627	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	55 636	83	55 636	68	47 145	-	-	68	47 145	15	8 491	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	13 510	15	13 510	11	10 917	-	-	11	10 917	4	2 593	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	24 526	33	24 526	28	21 257	-	-	28	21 257	5	3 269	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	17 600	35	17 600	29	14 971	-	-	29	14 971	6	2 629	-	-	...	
Place of less than 1,000	30 252	151	30 252	151	30 252	-	-	151	30 252	-	-	-	-	...	
Other rural	623 252	...	2 625	...	2 625	...	2 620	...	5	...	...	...	...	620 627	
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	697 441	200	546 042	183	479 881	6	279 446	177	200 435	17	66 161	-	-	151 399	
Urban	579 111	167	531 185	154	467 699	6	276 826	148	190 873	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
Inside urbanized area	533 278	155	485 352	142	421 866	5	264 590	137	157 276	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
Central place	264 590	5	264 590	5	264 590	5	264 590	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Place of —															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	95 122	1	95 122	1	95 122	1	95 122	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 50,000	22 376	2	22 376	2	22 376	2	22 376	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Urban fringe	268 688	150	220 762	137	157 276	-	-	137	157 276	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
Place of 2,500 or more	192 494	48	192 494	35	129 008	-	-	35	129 008	13	63 486	-	-	47 926	
100,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	28 655	2	28 655	1	19 117	-	-	1	19 117	1	9 538	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	98 245	15	98 245	8	56 162	-	-	8	56 162	7	42 083	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	46 864	18	46 864	14	36 643	-	-	14	36 643	4	10 221	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	18 730	13	18 730	12	17 086	-	-	12	17 086	1	1 644	-	-	...	
Place of less than 2,500	28 268	102	28 268	102	28 268	-	-	102	28 268	-	-	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	4 578	5	4 578	5	4 578	-	-	5	4 578	-	-	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	4 000	6	4 000	6	4 000	-	-	6	4 000	-	-	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	5 794	12	5 794	12	5 794	-	-	12	5 794	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 1,000	13 896	79	13 896	79	13 896	-	-	79	13 896	-	-	-	-	...	
Other urban	47 926	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47 926	

Table 14. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Housing units	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>															
Outside urbanized area	45 833	12	45 833	12	45 833	1	12 236	11	33 597	—	—	—	—	...	
Place of—															
25,000 or more	12 236	1	12 236	1	12 236	1	12 236	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	16 318	3	16 318	3	16 318	—	—	3	16 318	—	—	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	11 324	4	11 324	4	11 324	—	—	4	11 324	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	5 955	4	5 955	4	5 955	—	—	4	5 955	—	—	—	—	...	
Rural	<b>118 330</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>14 857</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>12 182</b>	—	<b>2 620</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>9 562</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2 675</b>	—	—	<b>103 473</b>	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	8 293	14	8 293	10	5 618	—	—	10	5 618	4	2 675	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	3 083	4	3 083	1	801	—	—	1	801	3	2 282	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	1 518	2	1 518	2	1 518	—	—	2	1 518	—	—	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	3 692	8	3 692	7	3 299	—	—	7	3 299	1	383	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	3 944	19	3 944	19	3 944	—	—	19	3 944	—	—	—	—	...	
Other rural	106 093	...	2 620	...	2 620	...	2 620	...	—	...	...	...	...	103 473	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	809 404	271	292 250	255	275 305	...	...	255	275 305	16	16 945	...	...	517 154	
Urban	<b>218 594</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>218 594</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>207 465</b>	...	...	<b>65</b>	<b>207 465</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>11 129</b>	...	...	—	
Inside urbanized area	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Central place	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of—						...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Less than 50,000	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	
Urban fringe	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of 2,500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
25,000 to 49,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
10,000 to 24,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
5,000 to 9,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
2,500 to 4,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of less than 2,500	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
2,000 to 2,499	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
1,500 to 1,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
1,000 to 1,499	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Less than 1,000	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	
Other urban	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	
Outside urbanized area	218 594	70	218 594	65	207 465	...	...	65	207 465	5	11 129	...	...	...	
Place of—						...	...	3	42 531	—	—	...	...	...	
25,000 or more	42 531	3	42 531	3	42 531	...	...	9	56 813	1	4 346	...	...	...	
10,000 to 24,999	61 159	10	61 159	9	56 813	...	...	20	59 492	—	—	...	...	...	
5,000 to 9,999	59 492	20	59 492	20	59 492	...	...	33	48 629	4	6 783	...	...	...	
2,500 to 4,999	55 412	37	55 412	33	48 629	...	...	190	<b>67 840</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>5 816</b>	...	...	<b>517 154</b>	
Rural	<b>590 810</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>73 656</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>67 840</b>	...	...	58	41 527	11	5 816	...	...	...	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	47 343	69	47 343	58	41 527	...	...	10	10 116	1	311	...	...	...	
2,000 to 2,499	10 427	11	10 427	10	10 116	...	...	26	19 739	5	3 269	...	...	...	
1,500 to 1,999	23 008	31	23 008	26	19 739	...	...	22	11 672	5	2 236	...	...	...	
1,000 to 1,499	13 908	27	13 908	22	11 672	...	...	132	26 308	—	—	...	...	...	
Place of less than 1,000	26 308	132	26 308	132	26 308	...	...	5	—	...	...	...	...	517 154	
Other rural	517 159	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	

Table 15. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Land area	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
THE STATE															
Total	102 906.7	471	3 801.5	438	3 318.1	6	1 050.8	432	2 267.3	33	483.4	-	-	99 105.3	
Urban	2 733.1	237	2 482.5	219	2 192.0	6	560.3	213	1 631.7	18	290.5	-	-	250.7	
Inside urbanized area	1 426.3	155	1 175.6	142	990.8	5	507.7	137	483.1	13	184.9	-	-	250.7	
Central place	507.7	5	507.7	5	507.7	5	507.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Place of —															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	246.5	1	246.5	1	246.5	1	246.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 50,000	61.6	2	61.6	2	61.6	2	61.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Urban fringe	918.6	150	668.0	137	483.1	-	-	137	483.1	13	184.9	-	-	250.7	
Place of 2,500 or more	569.9	48	569.9	35	385.1	-	-	35	385.1	13	184.9	-	-	...	
100,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	54.7	2	54.7	1	34.3	-	-	1	34.3	1	20.5	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	256.8	15	256.8	8	154.6	-	-	8	154.6	7	102.2	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	172.4	18	172.4	14	119.0	-	-	14	119.0	4	53.5	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	86.0	13	86.0	12	77.2	-	-	12	77.2	1	8.8	-	-	...	
Place of less than 2,500	98.1	102	98.1	102	98.1	-	-	102	98.1	-	-	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	23.1	5	23.1	5	23.1	-	-	5	23.1	-	-	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	12.8	6	12.8	6	12.8	-	-	6	12.8	-	-	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	18.6	12	18.6	12	18.6	-	-	12	18.6	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 1,000	43.6	79	43.6	79	43.6	-	-	79	43.6	-	-	-	-	...	
Other urban	250.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	250.7	
Outside urbanized area	1 306.8	82	1 306.8	77	1 201.2	1	52.7	76	1 148.5	5	105.6	-	-	...	
Place of —															
25,000 or more	210.9	4	210.9	4	210.9	1	52.7	3	158.2	-	-	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	338.1	13	338.1	12	283.9	-	-	12	283.9	1	54.2	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	366.3	24	366.3	24	366.3	-	-	24	366.3	-	-	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	391.5	41	391.5	37	340.1	-	-	37	340.1	4	51.4	-	-	...	
Rural	100 173.6	234	1 319.0	219	1 126.1	-	490.5	219	635.7	15	192.9	-	-	98 854.6	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	535.7	83	535.7	68	342.8	-	-	68	342.8	15	192.9	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	110.4	15	110.4	11	66.3	-	-	11	66.3	4	44.1	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	233.2	33	233.2	28	180.9	-	-	28	180.9	5	52.2	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	192.1	35	192.1	29	95.5	-	-	29	95.5	6	96.6	-	-	...	
Place of less than 1,000	279.5	151	279.5	151	279.5	-	-	151	279.5	-	-	-	-	...	
Other rural	99 358.4	...	503.8	...	503.8	-	490.5	...	13.3	...	...	...	...	98 854.6	
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	15 121.4	200	1 968.1	183	1 724.1	6	1 050.8	177	673.3	17	244.0	-	-	13 153.2	
Urban	1 600.2	167	1 349.5	154	1 164.6	6	560.3	148	604.3	13	184.9	-	-	250.7	
Inside urbanized area	1 426.3	155	1 175.6	142	990.8	5	507.7	137	483.1	13	184.9	-	-	250.7	
Central place	507.7	5	507.7	5	507.7	5	507.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Place of —															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	246.5	1	246.5	1	246.5	1	246.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 50,000	61.6	2	61.6	2	61.6	2	61.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
Urban fringe	918.6	150	668.0	137	483.1	-	-	137	483.1	13	184.9	-	-	250.7	
Place of 2,500 or more	569.9	48	569.9	35	385.1	-	-	35	385.1	13	184.9	-	-	...	
100,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	54.7	2	54.7	1	34.3	-	-	1	34.3	1	20.5	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	256.8	15	256.8	8	154.6	-	-	8	154.6	7	102.2	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	172.4	18	172.4	14	119.0	-	-	14	119.0	4	53.5	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	86.0	13	86.0	12	77.2	-	-	12	77.2	1	8.8	-	-	...	
Place of less than 2,500	98.1	102	98.1	102	98.1	-	-	102	98.1	-	-	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	23.1	5	23.1	5	23.1	-	-	5	23.1	-	-	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	12.8	6	12.8	6	12.8	-	-	6	12.8	-	-	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	18.6	12	18.6	12	18.6	-	-	12	18.6	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 1,000	43.6	79	43.6	79	43.6	-	-	79	43.6	-	-	-	-	...	
Other urban	250.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	250.7	

Table 15. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Land area	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>															
Outside urbanized area	173.9	12	173.9	12	173.9	1	52.7	11	121.2	—	—	—	—	...	
Place of—															
25,000 or more	52.7	1	52.7	1	52.7	1	52.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	42.4	3	42.4	3	42.4	—	—	3	42.4	—	—	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	40.6	4	40.6	4	40.6	—	—	4	40.6	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	38.2	4	38.2	4	38.2	—	—	4	38.2	—	—	—	—	...	
Rural	13 521.2	33	618.6	29	559.4	—	490.5	29	69.0	4	59.2	—	—	12 902.6	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	107.0	14	107.0	10	47.8	—	—	10	47.8	4	59.2	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	43.0	4	43.0	1	7.0	—	—	1	7.0	3	36.0	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	18.5	2	18.5	2	18.5	—	—	2	18.5	—	—	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	45.5	8	45.5	7	22.3	—	—	7	22.3	1	23.2	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	21.2	19	21.2	19	21.2	—	—	19	21.2	—	—	—	—	...	
Other rural	13 393.0	...	490.5	...	490.5	—	490.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	12 902.6	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	87 785.4	271	1 833.3	255	1 594.0	...	...	255	1 594.0	16	239.3	...	...	85 952.0	
Urban	1 133.0	70	1 133.0	65	1 027.3	—	—	65	1 027.3	5	105.6	—	—	—	
Inside urbanized area	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Central place	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Place of—															
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Less than 50,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Urban fringe	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Place of 2,500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 to 49,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Place of less than 2,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Less than 1,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Other urban	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Outside urbanized area	1 133.0	70	1 133.0	65	1 027.3	—	—	65	1 027.3	5	105.6	—	—	—	
Place of—															
25,000 or more	158.2	3	158.2	3	158.2	—	—	3	158.2	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	295.7	10	295.7	9	241.5	—	—	9	241.5	1	54.2	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	325.7	20	325.7	20	325.7	—	—	20	325.7	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	353.3	37	353.3	33	301.9	—	—	33	301.9	4	51.4	—	—	...	
Rural	86 652.4	201	700.4	190	566.7	—	—	190	566.7	11	133.7	—	—	85 952.0	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	428.7	69	428.7	58	295.0	—	—	58	295.0	11	133.7	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	67.5	11	67.5	10	59.4	—	—	10	59.4	1	8.1	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	214.6	31	214.6	26	162.4	—	—	26	162.4	5	52.2	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	146.6	27	146.6	22	73.2	—	—	22	73.2	5	73.4	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	258.4	132	258.4	132	258.4	—	—	132	258.4	—	—	—	—	...	
Other rural	85 965.3	...	13.3	...	13.3	—	—	...	13.3	—	—	—	—	85 952.0	

Table 16. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Table 16. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area		
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>															
Outside urbanized area	67.1	12	67.1	12	67.1	1	20.3	11	46.8	—	—	—	—	—	
Place of—														...	
25,000 or more	20.3	1	20.3	1	20.3	1	20.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	16.4	3	16.4	3	16.4	—	—	3	16.4	—	—	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	15.7	4	15.7	4	15.7	—	—	4	15.7	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	14.8	4	14.8	4	14.8	—	—	4	14.8	—	—	—	—	...	
Rural	5 220.5	33	238.9	29	216.0	—	189.4	29	26.6	4	22.9	—	—	4 981.7	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	41.3	14	41.3	10	18.5	—	—	10	18.5	4	22.9	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	16.6	4	16.6	1	2.7	—	—	1	2.7	3	13.9	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	7.2	2	7.2	2	7.2	—	—	2	7.2	—	—	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	17.6	8	17.6	7	8.6	—	—	7	8.6	1	8.9	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	8.2	19	8.2	19	8.2	—	—	19	8.2	—	—	—	—	4 981.7	
Other rural	5 171.0	...	189.4	...	189.4	—	189.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>															
Total	33 894.0	271	707.9	255	615.4	—	—	255	615.4	16	92.4	—	—	33 186.1	
Urban	437.4	70	437.4	65	396.7	—	—	65	396.7	5	40.8	—	—	—	
Inside urbanized area	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central place	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Place of—														...	
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Less than 50,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Urban fringe	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Place of 2,500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25,000 to 49,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
10,000 to 24,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
5,000 to 9,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
2,500 to 4,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Place of less than 2,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
2,000 to 2,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1,500 to 1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1,000 to 1,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Less than 1,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other urban	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Outside urbanized area	437.4	70	437.4	65	396.7	—	—	65	396.7	5	40.8	—	—	—	
Place of—														...	
25,000 or more	61.1	3	61.1	3	61.1	—	—	3	61.1	—	—	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	114.2	10	114.2	9	93.2	—	—	9	93.2	1	20.9	—	—	...	
5,000 to 9,999	125.8	20	125.8	20	125.8	—	—	20	125.8	—	—	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	136.4	37	136.4	33	116.6	—	—	33	116.6	4	19.8	—	—	...	
Rural	33 456.5	201	270.4	190	218.8	—	—	190	218.8	11	51.6	—	—	33 186.1	
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	165.5	69	165.5	58	113.9	—	—	58	113.9	11	51.6	—	—	...	
2,000 to 2,499	26.0	11	26.0	10	22.9	—	—	10	22.9	1	3.1	—	—	...	
1,500 to 1,999	82.9	31	82.9	26	62.7	—	—	26	62.7	5	20.2	—	—	...	
1,000 to 1,499	56.6	27	56.6	22	28.3	—	—	22	28.3	5	28.3	—	—	...	
Place of less than 1,000	99.8	132	99.8	132	99.8	—	—	132	99.8	—	—	—	—	...	
Other rural	33 191.3	...	5.1	...	5.1	—	—	...	5.1	—	—	—	—	33 186.1	

**Table 17. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990**

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place												Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place					
		Number of places	Population	Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area			
THE STATE															
Total.....	3 685 296	471	1 994 317	438	1 754 314	6	627 354	432	1 126 960	33	240 003	-	-	1 690 979	
In place .....	1 994 317	471	1 994 317	438	1 754 314	6	627 354	432	1 126 960	33	240 003	-	-	...	
Place of—															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	225 366	1	225 366	1	225 366	1	225 366	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	53 549	1	53 549	1	53 549	1	53 549	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	218 014	7	218 014	6	192 883	2	55 754	4	137 129	1	25 131	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	480 800	29	480 800	21	335 509	1	23 622	20	311 887	8	145 291	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	285 961	42	285 961	38	260 947	-	-	38	260 947	4	25 014	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	189 148	54	189 148	49	168 582	-	-	49	168 582	5	20 566	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	44 980	20	44 980	16	35 656	-	-	16	35 656	4	9 324	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	67 228	39	67 228	34	59 274	-	-	34	59 274	5	7 954	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	55 306	47	55 306	41	48 583	-	-	41	48 583	6	6 723	-	-	...	
500 to 999	66 277	91	66 277	91	66 277	-	-	91	66 277	-	-	-	-	...	
200 to 499	33 366	101	33 366	101	33 366	-	-	101	33 366	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 200	5 259	38	5 259	38	5 259	-	-	38	5 259	-	-	-	-	...	
Cumulative summary:															
Place of—															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 or more	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 or more	494 429	2	494 429	2	494 429	2	494 429	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 or more	547 978	3	547 978	3	547 978	3	547 978	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 or more	765 992	10	765 992	9	740 861	5	603 732	4	137 129	1	25 131	-	-	...	
10,000 or more	1 246 792	39	1 246 792	30	1 076 370	6	627 354	24	449 016	9	170 422	-	-	...	
5,000 or more	1 532 753	81	1 532 753	68	1 337 317	6	627 354	62	709 963	13	195 436	-	-	...	
2,500 or more	1 721 901	135	1 721 901	117	1 505 899	6	627 354	111	878 545	18	216 002	-	-	...	
2,000 or more	1 766 881	155	1 766 881	133	1 541 555	6	627 354	127	914 201	22	225 326	-	-	...	
1,500 or more	1 834 109	194	1 834 109	167	1 600 829	6	627 354	161	973 475	27	233 280	-	-	...	
1,000 or more	1 889 415	241	1 889 415	208	1 649 412	6	627 354	202	1 022 058	33	240 003	-	-	...	
500 or more	1 955 692	332	1 955 692	299	1 715 689	6	627 354	293	1 088 335	33	240 003	-	-	...	
200 or more	1 989 058	433	1 989 058	400	1 749 055	6	627 354	394	1 121 701	33	240 003	-	-	...	
Not in place .....	1 690 979	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 690 979	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA															
Total.....	1 713 911	200	1 305 185	183	1 119 063	6	627 354	177	491 709	17	186 122	-	-	408 726	
In place .....	1 305 185	200	1 305 185	183	1 119 063	6	627 354	177	491 709	17	186 122	-	-	...	
Place of—															
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	225 366	1	225 366	1	225 366	1	225 366	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	53 549	1	53 549	1	53 549	1	53 549	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 49,999	124 149	4	124 149	3	99 018	2	55 754	1	43 264	1	25 131	-	-	...	
10,000 to 24,999	322 740	19	322 740	12	198 944	1	23 622	11	175 322	7	123 796	-	-	...	
5,000 to 9,999	146 429	22	146 429	18	121 415	-	-	18	121 415	4	25 014	-	-	...	
2,500 to 4,999	61 595	17	61 595	16	57 482	-	-	16	57 482	1	4 113	-	-	...	
2,000 to 2,499	20 183	9	20 183	6	13 234	-	-	6	13 234	3	6 949	-	-	...	
1,500 to 1,999	13 381	8	13 381	8	13 381	-	-	8	13 381	-	-	-	-	...	
1,000 to 1,499	23 319	20	23 319	19	22 200	-	-	19	22 200	1	1 119	-	-	...	
500 to 999	27 977	38	27 977	38	27 977	-	-	38	27 977	-	-	-	-	...	
200 to 499	14 692	42	14 692	42	14 692	-	-	42	14 692	-	-	-	-	...	
Less than 200	2 742	18	2 742	18	2 742	-	-	18	2 742	-	-	-	-	...	

Table 17. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place										Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place					
		Number of places	Population	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Other	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Number of places	Population	Number of places		
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>													
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
250,000 or more	269 063	1	269 063	1	269 063	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
100,000 or more	494 429	2	494 429	2	494 429	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50,000 or more	547 978	3	547 978	3	547 978	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25,000 or more	672 127	7	672 127	6	646 996	5	603 732	1	43 264	1	25 131	—	
10,000 or more	994 867	26	994 867	18	845 940	6	627 354	12	218 586	8	148 927	—	
5,000 or more	1 141 296	48	1 141 296	36	967 355	6	627 354	30	340 001	12	173 941	—	
2,500 or more	1 202 891	65	1 202 891	52	1 024 837	6	627 354	46	397 483	13	178 054	—	
2,000 or more	1 223 074	74	1 223 074	58	1 038 071	6	627 354	52	410 717	16	185 003	—	
1,500 or more	1 236 455	82	1 236 455	66	1 051 452	6	627 354	60	424 098	16	185 003	—	
1,000 or more	1 259 774	102	1 259 774	85	1 073 652	6	627 354	79	446 298	17	186 122	—	
500 or more	1 287 751	140	1 287 751	123	1 101 629	6	627 354	117	474 275	17	186 122	—	
200 or more	1 302 443	182	1 302 443	165	1 116 321	6	627 354	159	488 967	17	186 122	—	
Not in place	408 726	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	408 726	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>													
Total	1 971 385	271	689 132	255	635 251	...	...	255	635 251	16	53 881	...	
In place	689 132	271	689 132	255	635 251	...	...	255	635 251	16	53 881	...	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25,000 to 4,999	93 865	3	93 865	3	93 865	...	...	3	93 865	—	—	—	
10,000 to 2,499	158 060	10	158 060	9	136 565	...	...	9	136 565	1	21 495	—	
5,000 to 9,999	139 532	20	139 532	20	139 532	...	...	20	139 532	—	—	—	
2,500 to 4,999	127 553	37	127 553	33	111 100	...	...	33	111 100	4	16 453	—	
2,000 to 2,499	24 797	11	24 797	10	22 422	...	...	10	22 422	1	2 375	—	
1,500 to 1,999	53 847	31	53 847	26	45 893	...	...	26	45 893	5	7 954	—	
1,000 to 1,499	31 987	27	31 987	22	26 383	...	...	22	26 383	5	5 604	—	
500 to 999	38 300	53	38 300	53	38 300	...	...	53	38 300	—	—	—	
200 to 499	18 674	59	18 674	59	18 674	...	...	59	18 674	—	—	—	
Less than 200	2 517	20	2 517	20	2 517	...	...	20	2 517	—	—	—	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25,000 or more	93 865	3	93 865	3	93 865	...	...	3	93 865	—	—	—	
10,000 or more	251 925	13	251 925	12	230 430	...	...	12	230 430	1	21 495	—	
5,000 or more	391 457	33	391 457	32	369 962	...	...	32	369 962	1	21 495	—	
2,500 or more	519 010	70	519 010	65	481 062	...	...	65	481 062	5	37 948	—	
2,000 or more	543 807	81	543 807	75	503 484	...	...	75	503 484	6	40 323	—	
1,500 or more	597 654	112	597 654	101	549 377	...	...	101	549 377	11	48 277	—	
1,000 or more	629 641	139	629 641	123	575 760	...	...	123	575 760	16	53 881	—	
500 or more	667 941	192	667 941	176	614 060	...	...	176	614 060	16	53 881	—	
200 or more	686 615	251	686 615	235	632 734	...	...	235	632 734	16	53 881	—	
Not in place	1 282 253	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 282 253	

**Table 18. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990**

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place										Not in place		
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place						
		Number of places	Housing units	Total	Number of places	Housing units	Central city of metropolitan area	Other	Total	Number of places	Housing units	Central city of metropolitan area		
<b>THE STATE</b>														
Total.....	1 506 845	471	838 292	438	755 186	6	279 446	432	475 740	33	83 106	-	-	668 553
In place .....	838 292	471	838 292	438	755 186	6	279 446	432	475 740	33	83 106	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	97 742	1	97 742	1	97 742	1	97 742	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 4,999	94 777	7	94 777	6	85 239	2	23 591	4	61 648	1	9 538	-	-	...
10,000 to 24,999	186 743	29	186 743	21	140 314	1	11 021	20	129 293	8	46 429	-	-	...
5,000 to 9,999	117 680	42	117 680	38	107 459	...	...	38	107 459	4	10 221	-	-	...
2,500 to 4,999	80 102	54	80 102	49	71 675	...	...	49	71 675	5	8 427	-	-	...
2,000 to 2,499	18 088	20	18 088	16	15 495	...	...	16	15 495	4	2 593	-	-	...
1,500 to 1,999	28 526	39	28 526	34	25 257	...	...	34	25 257	5	3 269	-	-	...
1,000 to 1,499	23 394	47	23 394	41	20 765	...	...	41	20 765	6	2 629	-	-	...
500 to 999	27 857	91	27 857	91	27 857	...	...	91	27 857	-	-	-	-	...
200 to 499	14 039	101	14 039	101	14 039	...	...	101	14 039	-	-	-	-	...
Less than 200	2 252	38	2 252	38	2 252	...	...	38	2 252	-	-	-	-	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 or more	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 or more	221 760	2	221 760	2	221 760	2	221 760	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 or more	244 834	3	244 834	3	244 834	3	244 834	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 or more	339 611	10	339 611	9	330 073	5	268 425	4	61 648	1	9 538	-	-	...
10,000 or more	526 354	39	526 354	30	470 387	6	279 446	24	190 941	9	55 967	-	-	...
5,000 or more	644 034	81	644 034	68	577 846	6	279 446	62	298 400	13	66 188	-	-	...
2,500 or more	724 136	135	724 136	117	649 521	6	279 446	111	370 075	18	74 615	-	-	...
2,000 or more	724 224	155	724 224	133	665 016	6	279 446	127	385 570	22	77 208	-	-	...
1,500 or more	770 750	194	770 750	167	690 273	6	279 446	161	410 827	27	80 477	-	-	...
1,000 or more	794 144	241	794 144	208	711 038	6	279 446	202	431 592	33	83 106	-	-	...
500 or more	822 001	332	822 001	299	738 895	6	279 446	293	459 449	33	83 106	-	-	...
200 or more	836 040	433	836 040	400	752 934	6	279 446	394	473 488	33	83 106	-	-	...
Not in place .....	668 553	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	668 553
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>														
Total.....	697 441	200	546 042	183	479 881	6	279 446	177	200 435	17	66 161	-	-	151 399
In place .....	546 042	200	546 042	183	479 881	6	279 446	177	200 435	17	66 161	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	
250,000 to 499,999	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	-	-	-	-	-	...	
100,000 to 249,999	97 742	1	97 742	1	97 742	1	97 742	-	-	-	-	-	...	
50,000 to 99,999	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	1	23 074	-	-	-	-	-	...	
25,000 to 4,999	52 246	4	52 246	3	42 708	2	23 591	1	19 117	1	9 538	-	-	...
10,000 to 24,999	125 584	19	125 584	12	83 501	1	11 021	11	72 480	7	42 083	-	-	...
5,000 to 9,999	58 188	22	58 188	18	47 967	...	...	18	47 967	4	10 221	-	-	...
2,500 to 4,999	24 685	17	24 685	16	23 041	...	...	16	23 041	1	1 644	-	-	...
2,000 to 2,499	7 661	9	7 661	6	5 379	...	...	6	5 379	3	2 282	-	-	...
1,500 to 1,999	5 518	8	5 518	8	5 518	...	...	8	5 518	-	-	-	-	...
1,000 to 1,499	9 486	20	9 486	19	9 093	...	...	19	9 093	1	393	-	-	...
500 to 999	10 878	38	10 878	38	10 878	...	...	38	10 878	-	-	-	-	...
200 to 499	5 866	42	5 866	42	5 866	...	...	42	5 866	-	-	-	-	...
Less than 200	1 096	18	1 096	18	1 096	...	...	18	1 096	-	-	-	-	...

Table 18. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place										Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place				
		Number of places	Housing units	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Other	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>												
Cumulative summary:												
Place of—												
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 or more	124 018	1	124 018	1	124 018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 or more	221 760	2	221 760	2	221 760	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 or more	244 834	3	244 834	3	244 834	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25,000 or more	297 080	7	297 080	6	287 542	5	268 425	1	19 117	1	9 538	—
10,000 or more	422 664	26	422 664	18	371 043	6	279 446	12	91 597	8	51 621	—
5,000 or more	480 852	48	480 852	36	419 010	6	279 446	30	139 564	12	61 842	—
2,500 or more	505 537	65	505 537	52	442 051	6	279 446	46	162 605	13	63 486	—
2,000 or more	513 198	74	513 198	58	447 430	6	279 446	52	167 984	16	65 768	—
1,500 or more	518 716	82	518 716	66	452 948	6	279 446	60	173 502	16	65 768	—
1,000 or more	528 202	102	528 202	85	462 041	6	279 446	79	182 595	17	66 161	—
500 or more	539 080	140	539 080	123	472 919	6	279 446	117	193 473	17	66 161	—
200 or more	544 946	182	544 946	165	478 785	6	279 446	159	199 339	17	66 161	—
Not in place	151 399	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	151 399
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>												
Total	809 404	271	292 250	255	275 305	...	...	255	275 305	16	16 945	... 517 154
In place	292 250	271	292 250	255	275 305	...	...	255	275 305	16	16 945	... 517 154
Cumulative summary:												
Place of—												
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999	42 531	3	42 531	3	42 531	—	—	3	42 531	—	—	—
10,000 to 24,999	61 159	10	61 159	9	56 813	—	—	9	56 813	1	4 346	—
5,000 to 9,999	59 492	20	59 492	20	59 492	—	—	20	59 492	—	—	—
2,500 to 4,999	55 417	37	55 417	33	48 634	—	—	33	48 634	4	6 783	—
2,000 to 2,499	10 427	11	10 427	10	10 116	—	—	10	10 116	1	311	—
1,500 to 1,999	23 008	31	23 008	26	19 739	—	—	26	19 739	5	3 269	—
1,000 to 1,499	13 908	27	13 908	22	11 672	—	—	22	11 672	5	2 236	—
500 to 999	16 979	53	16 979	53	16 979	—	—	53	16 979	—	—	—
200 to 499	8 173	59	8 173	59	8 173	—	—	59	8 173	—	—	—
Less than 200	1 156	20	1 156	20	1 156	—	—	20	1 156	—	—	—
Cumulative summary:												
Place of—												
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25,000 or more	42 531	3	42 531	3	42 531	—	—	3	42 531	—	—	—
10,000 or more	103 690	13	103 690	12	99 344	—	—	12	99 344	1	4 346	—
5,000 or more	163 182	33	163 182	32	158 836	—	—	32	158 836	1	4 346	—
2,500 or more	218 599	70	218 599	65	207 470	—	—	65	207 470	5	11 129	—
2,000 or more	229 026	81	229 026	75	217 586	—	—	75	217 586	6	11 440	—
1,500 or more	252 034	112	252 034	101	237 325	—	—	101	237 325	11	14 709	—
1,000 or more	265 942	139	265 942	123	248 997	—	—	123	248 997	16	16 945	—
500 or more	282 921	192	282 921	176	265 976	—	—	176	265 976	16	16 945	—
200 or more	291 094	251	291 094	235	274 149	—	—	235	274 149	16	16 945	—
Not in place	517 154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	517 154

Table 19. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place										Not in place		
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place						
		Number of places	Land area	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Other	Total	Central city of metropolitan area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area		
<b>THE STATE</b>														
Total.....	102 906.7	471	3 801.5	438	3 318.1	6	1 050.8	432	2 267.3	33	483.4	-	-	99 105.3
In place .....	3 801.5	471	3 801.5	438	3 318.1	6	1 050.8	432	2 267.3	33	483.4	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 to 499,999	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999	736.9	1	736.9	1	736.9	1	736.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 to 99,999	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 to 4,999	299.4	7	299.4	6	278.9	2	86.4	4	192.5	1	20.5	-	-	
10,000 to 24,999	622.7	29	622.7	21	466.3	1	27.8	20	438.5	8	156.4	-	-	
5,000 to 9,999	538.8	42	538.8	38	485.3	-	-	38	485.3	4	53.5	-	-	
2,500 to 4,999	490.8	54	490.8	49	430.6	-	-	49	430.6	5	60.2	-	-	
2,000 to 2,499	133.5	20	133.5	16	89.4	-	-	16	89.4	4	44.1	-	-	
1,500 to 1,999	245.9	39	245.9	34	193.7	-	-	34	193.7	5	52.2	-	-	
1,000 to 1,499	210.7	47	210.7	41	114.1	-	-	41	114.1	6	96.6	-	-	
500 to 999	192.7	91	192.7	91	192.7	-	-	91	192.7	-	-	-	-	
200 to 499	107.3	101	107.3	101	107.3	-	-	101	107.3	-	-	-	-	
Less than 200	23.2	38	23.2	38	23.2	-	-	38	23.2	-	-	-	-	
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 or more	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 or more	897.8	2	897.8	2	897.8	2	897.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 or more	936.5	3	936.5	3	936.5	3	936.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 or more	1 235.9	10	1 235.9	9	1 215.4	5	1 022.9	4	192.5	1	20.5	-	-	
10,000 or more	1 858.6	39	1 858.6	30	1 681.8	6	1 050.8	24	631.0	9	176.9	-	-	
5,000 or more	2 397.4	81	2 397.4	68	2 167.1	6	1 050.8	62	1 116.3	13	230.3	-	-	
2,500 or more	2 888.1	135	2 888.1	117	2 597.7	6	1 050.8	111	1 546.9	18	290.5	-	-	
2,000 or more	3 021.6	155	3 021.6	133	2 687.0	6	1 050.8	127	1 636.3	22	334.6	-	-	
1,500 or more	3 267.6	194	3 267.6	167	2 880.8	6	1 050.8	161	1 830.0	27	386.8	-	-	
1,000 or more	3 478.3	241	3 478.3	208	2 994.9	6	1 050.8	202	1 944.1	33	483.4	-	-	
500 or more	3 671.0	332	3 671.0	299	3 187.6	6	1 050.8	293	2 136.8	33	483.4	-	-	
200 or more	3 778.3	433	3 778.3	400	3 294.9	6	1 050.8	394	2 244.2	33	483.4	-	-	
Not in place .....	99 105.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99 105.3	
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>														
Total.....	15 121.4	200	1 968.1	183	1 724.1	6	1 050.8	177	673.3	17	244.0	-	-	13 153.2
In place .....	1 968.1	200	1 968.1	183	1 724.1	6	1 050.8	177	673.3	17	244.0	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 to 499,999	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999	736.9	1	736.9	1	736.9	1	736.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 to 99,999	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	1	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 to 4,999	141.1	4	141.1	3	120.7	2	86.4	1	34.3	1	20.5	-	-	
10,000 to 24,999	327.0	19	327.0	12	224.8	1	27.8	11	197.0	7	102.2	-	-	
5,000 to 9,999	213.0	22	213.0	18	159.6	-	-	18	159.6	4	53.5	-	-	
2,500 to 4,999	124.2	17	124.2	16	115.4	-	-	16	115.4	1	8.8	-	-	
2,000 to 2,499	66.0	9	66.0	6	30.0	-	-	6	30.0	3	36.0	-	-	
1,500 to 1,999	31.3	8	31.3	8	31.3	-	-	8	31.3	-	-	-	-	
1,000 to 1,499	64.1	20	64.1	19	40.9	-	-	19	40.9	1	23.2	-	-	
500 to 999	43.6	38	43.6	38	43.6	-	-	38	43.6	-	-	-	-	
200 to 499	13.3	42	13.3	42	13.3	-	-	42	13.3	-	-	-	-	
Less than 200	7.9	18	7.9	18	7.9	-	-	18	7.9	-	-	-	-	

Table 19. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place										Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place					
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area		
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>													
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 or more	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	1	160.9	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 or more	897.8	2	897.8	2	897.8	2	897.8	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 or more	936.5	3	936.5	3	936.5	3	936.5	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 or more	1 077.6	7	1 077.6	6	1 057.2	5	1 022.9	1	34.3	1	20.5	...	
10,000 or more	1 404.6	26	1 404.6	18	1 282.0	6	1 050.8	12	231.3	8	122.6	...	
5,000 or more	1 617.7	48	1 617.7	36	1 441.6	6	1 050.8	30	390.8	12	176.1	...	
2,500 or more	1 741.9	65	1 741.9	52	1 557.0	6	1 050.8	46	506.3	13	184.9	...	
2,000 or more	1 807.9	74	1 807.9	58	1 587.0	6	1 050.8	52	536.3	16	220.9	...	
1,500 or more	1 839.2	82	1 839.2	66	1 618.4	6	1 050.8	60	567.6	16	220.9	...	
1,000 or more	1 903.3	102	1 903.3	85	1 659.3	6	1 050.8	79	608.5	17	244.0	...	
500 or more	1 946.9	140	1 946.9	123	1 702.9	6	1 050.8	117	652.1	17	244.0	...	
200 or more	1 960.2	182	1 960.2	165	1 716.1	6	1 050.8	159	665.4	17	244.0	...	
Not in place	13 153.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 153.2	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>													
Total	87 785.4	271	1 833.3	255	1 594.0	...	...	255	1 594.0	16	239.3	...	
In place	1 833.3	271	1 833.3	255	1 594.0	...	...	255	1 594.0	16	239.3	...	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 to 49,999	158.2	3	158.2	3	158.2	...	...	3	158.2	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	295.7	10	295.7	9	241.5	...	...	9	241.5	1	54.2	...	
5,000 to 9,999	325.7	20	325.7	20	325.7	...	...	20	325.7	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	366.6	37	366.6	33	315.2	...	...	33	315.2	4	51.4	...	
2,000 to 2,499	67.5	11	67.5	10	59.4	...	...	10	59.4	1	8.1	...	
1,500 to 1,999	214.6	31	214.6	26	162.4	...	...	26	162.4	5	52.2	...	
1,000 to 1,499	146.6	27	146.6	22	73.2	...	...	22	73.2	5	73.4	...	
500 to 999	149.1	53	149.1	53	149.1	...	...	53	149.1	—	—	...	
200 to 499	94.1	59	94.1	59	94.1	...	...	59	94.1	—	—	...	
Less than 200	15.2	20	15.2	20	15.2	...	...	20	15.2	—	—	...	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 or more	158.2	3	158.2	3	158.2	...	...	3	158.2	—	—	...	
10,000 or more	454.0	13	454.0	12	399.7	...	...	12	399.7	1	54.2	...	
5,000 or more	779.7	33	779.7	32	725.5	...	...	32	725.5	1	54.2	...	
2,500 or more	1 146.3	70	1 146.3	65	1 040.6	...	...	65	1 040.6	5	105.6	...	
2,000 or more	1 213.7	81	1 213.7	75	1 100.0	...	...	75	1 100.0	6	113.7	...	
1,500 or more	1 428.4	112	1 428.4	101	1 262.4	...	...	101	1 262.4	11	165.9	...	
1,000 or more	1 575.0	139	1 575.0	123	1 335.6	...	...	123	1 335.6	16	239.3	...	
500 or more	1 724.1	192	1 724.1	176	1 484.7	...	...	176	1 484.7	16	239.3	...	
200 or more	1 818.1	251	1 818.1	235	1 578.8	...	...	235	1 578.8	16	239.3	...	
Not in place	85 952.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85 952.0	

**Table 20. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990**

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place										Not in place		
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place						
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area			
<b>THE STATE</b>														
Total.....	39 732.3	471	1 467.7	438	1 281.1	6	405.7	432	875.4	33	186.6	-	-	38 264.6
In place .....	1 467.7	471	1 467.7	438	1 281.1	6	405.7	432	875.4	33	186.6	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 to 499,999	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999	284.5	1	284.5	1	284.5	1	284.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 to 99,999	15.0	1	15.0	1	15.0	1	15.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 to 4,999	115.6	7	115.6	6	107.7	2	33.4	4	74.3	1	7.9	-	-	
10,000 to 24,999	240.4	29	240.4	21	180.1	1	10.8	20	169.3	8	60.4	-	-	
5,000 to 9,999	208.0	42	208.0	38	187.4	...	...	38	187.4	4	20.6	-	-	
2,500 to 4,999	189.5	54	189.5	49	166.3	...	...	49	166.3	5	23.2	-	-	
2,000 to 2,499	51.5	20	51.5	16	34.5	...	...	16	34.5	4	17.0	-	-	
1,500 to 1,999	95.0	39	95.0	34	74.8	...	...	34	74.8	5	20.2	-	-	
1,000 to 1,499	81.3	47	81.3	41	44.1	...	...	41	44.1	6	37.3	-	-	
500 to 999	74.4	91	74.4	91	74.4	...	...	91	74.4	-	-	-	-	
200 to 499	41.4	101	41.4	101	41.4	...	...	101	41.4	-	-	-	-	
Less than 200	8.9	38	8.9	38	8.9	...	...	38	8.9	-	-	-	-	
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 or more	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 or more	346.6	2	346.6	2	346.6	2	346.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 or more	361.6	3	361.6	3	361.6	3	361.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 or more	477.2	10	477.2	9	469.3	5	395.0	4	74.3	1	7.9	-	-	
10,000 or more	717.6	39	717.6	30	649.3	6	405.7	24	243.6	9	68.3	-	-	
5,000 or more	925.6	81	925.6	68	836.7	6	405.7	62	431.0	13	88.9	-	-	
2,500 or more	1 115.1	135	1 115.1	117	1 003.0	6	405.7	111	597.3	18	112.2	-	-	
2,000 or more	1 166.7	155	1 166.7	133	1 037.5	6	405.7	127	631.8	22	129.2	-	-	
1,500 or more	1 261.6	194	1 261.6	167	1 112.3	6	405.7	161	706.6	27	149.3	-	-	
1,000 or more	1 343.0	241	1 343.0	208	1 156.3	6	405.7	202	750.6	33	186.6	-	-	
500 or more	1 417.4	332	1 417.4	299	1 230.7	6	405.7	293	825.0	33	186.6	-	-	
200 or more	1 458.8	433	1 458.8	400	1 272.2	6	405.7	394	866.5	33	186.6	-	-	
Not in place .....	38 264.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38 264.6	
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>														
Total.....	5 838.4	200	759.9	183	665.7	6	405.7	177	260.0	17	94.2	-	-	5 078.5
In place .....	759.9	200	759.9	183	665.7	6	405.7	177	260.0	17	94.2	-	-	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500,000 to 999,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
250,000 to 499,999	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999	284.5	1	284.5	1	284.5	1	284.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50,000 to 99,999	15.0	1	15.0	1	15.0	1	15.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25,000 to 4,999	54.5	4	54.5	3	46.6	2	33.4	1	13.2	1	7.9	-	-	
10,000 to 24,999	126.3	19	126.3	12	86.8	1	10.8	11	76.1	7	39.4	-	-	
5,000 to 9,999	82.3	22	82.3	18	61.6	...	...	18	61.6	4	20.6	-	-	
2,500 to 4,999	48.0	17	48.0	16	44.6	...	...	16	44.6	1	3.4	-	-	
2,000 to 2,499	25.5	9	25.5	6	11.6	...	...	6	11.6	3	13.9	-	-	
1,500 to 1,999	12.1	8	12.1	8	12.1	...	...	8	12.1	-	-	-	-	
1,000 to 1,499	24.7	20	24.7	19	15.8	...	...	19	15.8	1	8.9	-	-	
500 to 999	16.8	38	16.8	38	16.8	...	...	38	16.8	-	-	-	-	
200 to 499	5.1	42	5.1	42	5.1	...	...	42	5.1	-	-	-	-	
Less than 200	3.1	18	3.1	18	3.1	...	...	18	3.1	-	-	-	-	

Table 20. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place										Not in place	
		Total		Incorporated place				Census designated place					
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area		
<b>INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.</b>													
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 or more	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	1	62.1	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 or more	346.6	2	346.6	2	346.6	2	346.6	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 or more	361.6	3	361.6	3	361.6	3	361.6	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 or more	416.1	7	416.1	6	408.2	5	395.0	1	13.2	1	7.9	...	
10,000 or more	542.3	26	542.3	18	495.0	6	405.7	12	89.3	8	47.3	...	
5,000 or more	624.6	48	624.6	36	556.6	6	405.7	30	150.9	12	68.0	...	
2,500 or more	672.5	85	672.5	52	601.2	6	405.7	46	195.5	13	71.4	...	
2,000 or more	698.0	74	698.0	58	612.8	6	405.7	52	207.1	16	85.3	...	
1,500 or more	710.1	82	710.1	66	624.8	6	405.7	60	219.1	16	85.3	...	
1,000 or more	734.9	102	734.9	85	640.6	6	405.7	79	234.9	17	94.2	...	
500 or more	751.7	140	751.7	123	657.5	6	405.7	117	251.8	17	94.2	...	
200 or more	756.8	182	756.8	165	662.6	6	405.7	159	256.9	17	94.2	...	
Not in place	5 078.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 078.5	
<b>OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA</b>													
Total	33 894.0	271	707.9	255	615.4	...	...	255	615.4	16	92.4	...	
In place	707.9	271	707.9	255	615.4	...	...	255	615.4	16	92.4	33 186.1	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 to 49,999	61.1	3	61.1	3	61.1	—	—	3	61.1	—	—	...	
10,000 to 24,999	114.2	10	114.2	9	93.2	—	—	9	93.2	1	20.9	...	
5,000 to 9,999	125.8	20	125.8	20	125.8	—	—	20	125.8	—	—	...	
2,500 to 4,999	141.5	37	141.5	33	121.7	—	—	33	121.7	4	19.8	...	
2,000 to 2,499	26.0	11	26.0	10	22.9	—	—	10	22.9	1	3.1	...	
1,500 to 1,999	82.9	31	82.9	26	62.7	—	—	26	62.7	5	20.2	...	
1,000 to 1,499	56.6	27	56.6	22	28.3	—	—	22	28.3	5	28.3	...	
500 to 999	57.6	53	57.6	53	57.6	—	—	53	57.6	—	—	...	
200 to 499	36.3	59	36.3	59	36.3	—	—	59	36.3	—	—	...	
Less than 200	5.9	20	5.9	20	5.9	—	—	20	5.9	—	—	...	
Cumulative summary:													
Place of—													
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
50,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
25,000 or more	61.1	3	61.1	3	61.1	—	—	3	61.1	—	—	...	
10,000 or more	175.3	13	175.3	12	154.3	—	—	12	154.3	1	20.9	...	
5,000 or more	301.0	33	301.0	32	280.1	—	—	32	280.1	1	20.9	...	
2,500 or more	442.6	70	442.6	65	401.8	—	—	65	401.8	5	40.8	...	
2,000 or more	468.6	81	468.6	75	424.7	—	—	75	424.7	6	43.9	...	
1,500 or more	551.5	112	551.5	101	487.4	—	—	101	487.4	11	64.1	...	
1,000 or more	608.1	139	608.1	123	515.7	—	—	123	515.7	16	92.4	...	
500 or more	665.7	192	665.7	176	573.3	—	—	176	573.3	16	92.4	...	
200 or more	702.0	251	702.0	235	609.6	—	—	235	609.6	16	92.4	...	
Not in place	33 186.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33 186.1	

**Table 21. Population and Housing Units 1970 to 1990; Land Area and Density for Metropolitan Area: 1990**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. Counts relate to component parts as defined at each census. Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Metropolitan Area	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Cincinnati--Hamilton, OH--KY--IN CMSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	283 486	266 217	250 956	110 472	97 579	80 458	1 505.8	581.4	1 451.5	560.4	195.3	505.9	76.1	197.1
In central city														
Not in central city	283 486	266 217	250 956	110 472	97 579	80 458	1 505.8	581.4	1 451.5	560.4	195.3	505.9	76.1	197.1
<b>Cincinnati, OH--KY--IN PMSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	283 486	266 217	250 956	110 472	97 579	80 458	1 505.8	581.4	1 451.5	560.4	195.3	505.9	76.1	197.1
In central city														
Not in central city	283 486	266 217	250 956	110 472	97 579	80 458	1 505.8	581.4	1 451.5	560.4	195.3	505.9	76.1	197.1
Boone County	57 589	45 842	32 812	21 476	16 070	9 853	665.6	257.0	637.8	246.3	90.3	233.8	33.7	87.2
Campbell County	83 866	83 317	88 704	32 910	30 268	28 150	413.0	159.4	392.6	151.6	213.6	553.2	83.8	217.1
Kenton County	142 031	137 058	129 440	56 086	51 241	42 455	427.3	165.0	421.1	162.6	337.3	873.5	133.2	344.9
<b>Clarksville--Hopkinsville, TN--KY MSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	68 941	66 878	56 224	23 429	21 195	16 227	1 875.3	724.1	1 868.3	721.4	36.9	95.6	12.5	32.5
In central city														
Hopkinsville city	29 809	27 318	21 395	12 236	10 528	7 643	52.7	20.3	52.7	20.3	565.6	1 468.4	232.2	602.8
Not in central city	39 132	39 560	34 829	11 193	10 667	8 584	1 822.6	703.7	1 815.7	701.0	21.6	55.8	6.2	16.0
Christian County	68 941	66 878	56 224	23 429	21 195	16 227	1 875.3	724.1	1 868.3	721.4	36.9	95.6	12.5	32.5
<b>Evansville, IN--KY MSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	43 044	40 849	36 031	17 932	15 523	12 267	1 210.2	467.3	1 140.0	440.2	37.8	97.8	15.7	40.7
In central city														
Henderson city	25 945	24 834	22 976	11 355	10 028	7 975	39.2	15.1	33.7	13.0	769.9	1 995.8	336.9	873.5
Not in central city	17 099	16 015	13 055	6 577	5 495	4 292	1 171.0	452.1	1 106.2	427.1	15.5	40.0	5.9	15.4
Henderson County	43 044	40 849	36 031	17 932	15 523	12 267	1 210.2	467.3	1 140.0	440.2	37.8	97.8	15.7	40.7
<b>Huntington--Ashland, WV--KY--OH MSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	112 232	119 705	105 418	45 312	44 063	34 612	2 404.9	928.5	2 375.1	917.0	47.3	122.4	19.1	49.4
In central city														
Ashland city	23 622	27 064	29 245	11 021	11 418	10 772	27.8	10.8	27.8	10.8	849.7	2 187.2	396.4	1 020.5
Not in central city	88 610	92 641	76 173	34 291	32 645	23 840	2 377.1	917.8	2 347.3	906.3	37.7	97.8	14.6	37.8
Boyd County	51 150	55 513	52 376	21 365	21 445	17 779	419.1	161.8	414.9	160.2	123.3	319.3	51.5	133.4
Carter County	24 340	25 060	19 850	9 290	8 771	6 407	1 067.5	412.2	1 063.5	410.6	22.9	59.3	8.7	22.6
Greenup County	36 742	39 132	33 192	14 657	13 847	10 426	918.2	354.5	896.7	346.2	41.0	106.1	16.3	42.3
<b>Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA</b>														
The area	348 428	r317 548	266 701	145 229	r122 592	90 245	3 844.0	1 484.2	3 831.5	1 479.3	90.9	235.5	37.9	98.2
In central city														
Lexington-Fayette	225 366	204 165	108 137	97 742	81 747	38 980	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Not in central city	123 062	r113 383	158 564	47 487	r40 845	51 265	3 104.4	1 198.6	3 094.6	1 194.8	39.8	103.0	15.3	39.7
Bourbon County	19 236	19 405	18 476	7 781	7 213	6 350	755.4	291.7	754.8	291.4	25.5	66.0	10.3	26.7
Clark County	29 496	28 322	24 090	11 635	10 414	8 193	660.9	255.2	658.7	254.3	44.8	116.0	17.7	45.8
Fayette County	225 366	204 165	174 323	97 742	81 747	59 528	739.5	285.5	736.9	284.5	305.8	792.1	132.6	343.6
Jessamine County	30 508	r26 065	17 430	11 209	r9 028	5 596	451.9	174.5	448.5	173.2	68.0	176.1	25.0	64.7
Scott County	23 867	21 813	17 948	9 173	7 782	5 856	739.0	285.3	738.6	285.2	32.3	83.7	12.4	32.2
Woodford County	19 955	17 778	14 434	7 689	6 408	4 722	497.3	192.0	493.9	190.7	40.4	104.6	15.6	40.3
<b>Louisville, KY--IN MSA (pt.)</b>														
The area	770 591	75 483	320 026	r296 714	244 923	3 317.9	1 281.0	3 257.3	1 257.6	236.6	612.7	98.2	254.5	
In central city														
Louisville city	269 063	r298 694	361 706	124 018	r126 280	129 749	172.6	66.6	160.9	62.1	1 672.2	4 332.7	770.8	1 997.1
Not in central city	501 528	r480 413	393 125	196 008	r170 434	115 174	3 145.3	1 214.4	3 096.4	1 195.5	162.0	419.5	63.3	164.0
Bullitt County	47 567	43 346	26 090	16 629	13 664	7 732	777.5	300.2	774.7	299.1	61.4	159.0	21.5	55.6
Jefferson County	664 937	r684 638	695 055	282 578	r265 734	226 493	1 032.4	398.6	997.4	385.1	666.7	1 726.7	283.3	733.8
Oldham County	33 263	27 795	14 687	11 202	8 694	4 248	509.1	196.6	490.0	189.2	67.9	175.8	22.9	59.2
Shelby County	24 824	23 328	18 999	9 617	8 622	6 450	998.9	385.7	995.0	384.2	24.9	64.6	9.7	25.0
<b>Owensboro, KY MSA</b>														
The area	87 189	85 949	79 486	35 041	31 665	25 374	1 233.6	476.3	1 197.7	462.4	72.8	188.6	29.3	75.8
In central city														
Owensboro city	53 549	54 450	50 329	23 074	21 157	16 929	41.9	16.2	38.8	15.0	1 380.1	3 569.9	594.7	1 538.3
Not in central city	33 640	31 499	29 157	11 967	10 508	8 445	1 191.7	460.1	1 158.9	447.5	29.0	75.2	10.3	26.7
Daviess County	87 189	85 949	79 486	35 041	31 665	25 374	1 233.6	476.3	1 197.7	462.4	72.8	188.6	29.3	75.8

Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Total	Urban						Rural				
		Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000	Other rural	
		Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999					
<b>POPULATION</b>												
The State -----	3 685 296	1 910 325	1 276 855	591 104	685 751	633 470	322 550	310 920	1 774 971	132 826	70 000	1 572 145
Inside metropolitan area -----	1 713 911	1 391 326	1 276 855	591 104	685 751	114 471	70 625	43 846	322 585	22 195	10 509	289 881
In central city -----	627 354	620 913	591 104	591 104	—	29 809	29 809	—	6 441	—	—	6 441
Not in central city -----	1 086 557	770 413	685 751	—	685 751	84 662	40 816	43 846	316 144	22 195	10 509	283 440
1,000,000 or more -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA (pt.) -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	283 486	236 349	236 349	—	236 349	—	—	—	47 137	5 073	768	41 296
Less than 1,000,000 -----	1 430 425	1 154 977	1 040 506	591 104	449 402	114 471	70 625	43 846	275 448	17 122	9 741	248 585
In central city -----	627 354	620 913	591 104	591 104	—	29 809	29 809	—	6 441	—	—	6 441
Not in central city -----	803 071	534 064	449 402	—	449 402	84 662	40 816	43 846	269 007	17 122	9 741	242 444
500,000 to 999,999 -----	770 591	674 919	654 797	269 063	385 734	20 122	—	—	95 672	10 428	4 327	80 917
In central city -----	269 063	269 063	269 063	—	269 063	—	—	—	20 122	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	501 528	405 856	385 734	—	385 734	20 122	—	—	95 672	10 428	4 327	80 917
Louisville-KY-IN MSA (pt.) -----	770 591	674 919	654 797	269 063	385 734	20 122	—	—	95 672	10 428	4 327	80 917
In central city -----	269 063	269 063	269 063	—	269 063	—	—	—	20 122	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	501 528	405 856	385 734	—	385 734	20 122	—	—	95 672	10 428	4 327	80 917
250,000 to 499,999 -----	503 704	367 880	303 340	268 492	268 492	34 848	64 540	40 816	135 824	5 575	3 287	126 962
In central city -----	274 933	268 492	268 492	—	268 492	—	—	—	6 441	—	—	6 441
Not in central city -----	228 771	99 388	34 848	—	34 848	64 540	40 816	23 724	129 383	5 575	3 287	120 521
Evansville, IN-KY MSA (pt.) -----	43 044	26 517	26 517	25 945	572	—	—	—	16 527	—	—	790
In central city -----	25 945	25 945	25 945	—	25 945	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	17 099	572	572	—	572	—	—	—	16 527	—	—	790
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA (pt.) -----	112 232	59 632	56 122	23 622	32 500	3 510	—	—	3 510	52 600	4 285	48 315
In central city -----	23 622	23 622	23 622	—	23 622	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	88 610	36 010	32 500	—	32 500	3 510	—	—	3 510	52 600	4 285	48 315
Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA -----	348 428	281 731	220 701	218 925	218 925	1 776	61 030	40 816	20 214	66 697	1 290	2 497
In central city -----	225 366	218 925	218 925	—	218 925	—	—	—	6 441	—	—	6 441
Not in central city -----	123 062	62 806	1 776	—	1 776	61 030	40 816	20 214	60 256	1 290	2 497	56 469
100,000 to 249,999 -----	68 941	51 533	21 724	—	21 724	29 809	29 809	—	17 408	—	—	1 445
In central city -----	29 809	29 809	—	—	—	29 809	29 809	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	39 132	21 724	21 724	—	21 724	—	—	—	17 408	—	—	1 445
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA (pt.) -----	68 941	51 533	21 724	—	21 724	29 809	29 809	—	17 408	—	—	1 445
In central city -----	29 809	29 809	—	—	—	29 809	29 809	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	39 132	21 724	21 724	—	21 724	—	—	—	17 408	—	—	1 445
Less than 100,000 -----	87 189	60 645	60 645	53 549	7 096	—	—	—	26 544	1 119	682	24 743
In central city -----	53 549	53 549	53 549	53 549	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	33 640	7 096	7 096	—	7 096	—	—	—	26 544	1 119	682	24 743
Owensboro, KY MSA -----	87 189	60 645	60 645	53 549	7 096	—	—	—	26 544	1 119	682	24 743
In central city -----	53 549	53 549	53 549	53 549	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	33 640	7 096	7 096	—	7 096	—	—	—	26 544	1 119	682	24 743
Outside metropolitan area -----	1 971 385	518 999	—	—	—	518 999	251 925	267 074	1 452 386	110 631	59 491	1 282 264
<b>HOUSING UNITS</b>												
The State -----	1 506 845	797 705	533 278	264 590	268 688	264 427	132 244	132 183	709 140	55 636	30 252	623 252
Inside metropolitan area -----	697 441	579 111	533 278	264 590	268 688	45 833	28 554	17 279	118 330	8 293	3 944	106 093
In central city -----	279 446	276 826	264 590	264 590	—	12 236	12 236	—	2 620	—	—	2 620
Not in central city -----	417 995	302 285	268 688	—	268 688	33 597	16 318	17 279	115 710	8 293	3 944	103 473
1,000,000 or more -----	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990—Con.

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Total	Urban						Rural			
		Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000	Other rural
		Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999				
<b>HOUSING UNITS—Con.</b>											
Inside metropolitan area—Con.											
1,000,000 or more—Con.											
1,000,000 to 2,499,999	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
In central city											
Not in central city	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA (pt.)	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
In central city											
Not in central city	110 472	94 281	94 281	—	94 281	—	—	16 191	1 793	263	14 135
Less than 1,000,000	586 969	484 830	438 997	264 590	174 407	45 833	28 554	17 279	102 139	6 500	3 681
In central city	279 446	276 826	264 590	264 590	—	12 236	12 236	—	2 620	—	2 620
Not in central city	307 523	208 004	174 407	—	174 407	33 597	16 318	17 279	99 519	6 500	3 681
500,000 to 999,999	320 026	286 005	278 083	124 018	154 065	7 922	—	7 922	34 021	3 670	1 495
In central city	124 018	124 018	124 018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	196 008	161 987	154 065	—	154 065	7 922	—	7 922	34 021	3 670	1 495
Louisville, KY-IN MSA (pt.)	320 026	286 005	278 083	124 018	154 065	7 922	—	7 922	34 021	3 670	1 495
In central city	124 018	124 018	124 018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	196 008	161 987	154 065	—	154 065	7 922	—	7 922	34 021	3 670	1 495
250,000 to 499,999	208 473	156 584	130 909	117 498	13 411	25 675	16 318	9 357	51 889	2 437	1 340
In central city	120 118	117 498	117 498	—	—	—	—	—	2 620	—	2 620
Not in central city	88 355	39 086	13 411	—	13 411	25 675	16 318	9 357	49 269	2 437	1 340
Evansville, IN-KY MSA (pt.)	17 932	11 663	11 663	11 355	308	—	—	—	6 269	—	5 972
In central city	11 355	11 355	11 355	11 355	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	6 577	308	308	—	308	—	—	—	—	—	5 972
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA (pt.)	45 312	24 834	23 491	11 021	12 470	1 343	—	1 343	20 478	1 936	—
In central city	11 021	11 021	11 021	11 021	—	—	—	—	—	—	18 542
Not in central city	34 291	13 813	12 470	—	12 470	1 343	—	1 343	20 478	1 936	—
Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	145 229	120 087	95 755	95 122	633	24 332	16 318	8 014	25 142	501	1 043
In central city	97 742	95 122	95 122	95 122	—	—	—	—	2 620	—	2 620
Not in central city	47 487	24 965	633	—	633	24 332	16 318	8 014	22 522	501	1 043
100,000 to 249,999	23 429	16 564	4 328	—	4 328	12 236	12 236	—	6 865	—	6 287
In central city	12 236	12 236	—	—	—	12 236	12 236	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	11 193	4 328	4 328	—	4 328	—	—	—	6 865	—	5 287
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA (pt.)	23 429	16 564	4 328	—	4 328	12 236	12 236	—	6 865	—	5 287
In central city	12 236	12 236	—	—	—	12 236	12 236	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	11 193	4 328	4 328	—	4 328	—	—	—	6 865	—	5 287
Less than 100,000	35 041	25 677	25 677	23 074	2 603	—	—	—	9 364	393	268
In central city	23 074	23 074	23 074	23 074	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	11 967	2 603	2 603	—	2 603	—	—	—	9 364	393	268
Owensboro, KY MSA	35 041	25 677	25 677	23 074	2 603	—	—	—	9 364	393	268
In central city	23 074	23 074	23 074	23 074	—	—	—	—	9 364	393	268
Not in central city	11 967	2 603	2 603	—	2 603	—	—	—	9 364	393	268
Outside metropolitan area	809 404	218 594	—	—	—	218 594	103 690	114 904	590 810	47 343	26 308
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS</b>											
The State	102 906.7	2 733.1	1 426.3	507.7	918.6	1 306.8	549.0	757.8	100 173.6	535.7	279.5
Inside metropolitan area	15 121.4	1 600.2	1 426.3	507.7	918.6	173.9	95.0	78.8	13 521.2	107.0	21.2
In central city	1 050.8	560.3	507.7	507.7	—	52.7	52.7	—	490.5	—	490.5
Not in central city	14 070.6	1 039.9	918.6	—	918.6	121.2	42.4	78.8	13 030.7	107.0	21.2
1,000,000 or more	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
5,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA (pt.)	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 451.5	328.8	328.8	—	328.8	—	—	—	1 122.7	30.6	4.7
Less than 1,000,000	13 669.9	1 271.4	1 097.5	507.7	589.9	173.9	95.0	78.8	12 398.5	76.4	16.5
In central city	1 050.8	560.3	507.7	507.7	—	52.7	52.7	—	490.5	—	490.5
Not in central city	12 619.1	711.1	589.9	—	589.9	121.2	42.4	78.8	11 908.1	76.4	16.5
500,000 to 999,999	3 257.3	668.0	619.7	160.9	458.8	48.3	—	48.3	2 589.3	43.2	4.9
In central city	160.9	160.9	160.9	160.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	3 096.4	507.1	458.8	—	458.8	48.3	—	48.3	2 589.3	43.2	4.9
Louisville, KY-IN MSA (pt.)	3 257.3	668.0	619.7	160.9	458.8	48.3	—	48.3	2 589.3	43.2	4.9
In central city	160.9	160.9	160.9	160.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	3 096.4	507.1	458.8	—	458.8	48.3	—	48.3	2 589.3	43.2	4.9

Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990—Con.

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Total	Urban						Rural			
		Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000	Other rural
		Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999				
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS—Con.</b>											
Inside metropolitan area—Con.											
Less than 1,000,000—Con.											
250,000 to 499,999	7 346.6	457.9	384.9	308.0	76.9	72.9	42.4	30.6	6 888.7	10.0	5.8
In central city	798.5	308.0	308.0	308.0	—	76.9	72.9	42.4	490.5	—	490.5
Not in central city	6 548.1	149.8	76.9	—	76.9	72.9	42.4	30.6	6 398.3	10.0	5.8
Evansville, IN-KY MSA (pt.)	1 140.0	39.8	39.8	33.7	6.1	—	—	—	1 100.1	—	1.4
In central city	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 106.2	6.1	6.1	—	6.1	—	—	—	—	—	1 098.8
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA (pt.)	2 375.1	96.5	91.0	27.8	63.1	5.5	—	5.5	2 278.6	8.4	—
In central city	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 270.2
Not in central city	2 347.3	68.6	63.1	—	63.1	5.5	—	5.5	2 278.6	8.4	—
Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	3 831.5	321.5	254.1	246.5	7.7	67.4	42.4	25.0	3 510.0	1.6	4.4
In central city	736.9	246.5	246.5	246.5	—	—	—	—	490.5	—	490.5
Not in central city	3 094.6	75.1	7.7	—	7.7	67.4	42.4	25.0	3 019.5	1.6	4.4
100,000 to 249,999	1 868.3	87.5	34.8	—	34.8	52.7	52.7	—	1 780.9	—	—
In central city	52.7	52.7	—	—	—	52.7	52.7	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 815.7	34.8	34.8	—	34.8	—	—	—	1 780.9	—	4.7
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA (pt.)	1 868.3	87.5	34.8	—	34.8	52.7	52.7	—	1 780.9	—	4.7
In central city	52.7	52.7	—	—	—	52.7	52.7	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 815.7	34.8	34.8	—	34.8	—	—	—	1 780.9	—	1 776.2
Less than 100,000	1 197.7	58.1	58.1	38.8	19.3	—	—	—	1 139.6	23.2	1.2
In central city	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 158.9	19.3	19.3	—	19.3	—	—	—	1 139.6	23.2	1.2
Owensboro, KY MSA	1 197.7	58.1	58.1	38.8	19.3	—	—	—	1 139.6	23.2	1.2
In central city	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 158.9	19.3	19.3	—	19.3	—	—	—	1 139.6	23.2	1.2
Outside metropolitan area	87 785.4	1 133.0	—	—	—	1 133.0	454.0	679.0	86 652.4	428.7	258.4
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES</b>											
The State	39 732.3	1 055.3	550.7	196.0	354.7	504.6	212.0	292.6	38 677.1	206.8	107.9
Inside metropolitan area	5 838.4	617.8	550.7	196.0	354.7	67.1	36.7	30.4	5 220.5	41.3	8.2
In central city	405.7	216.3	196.0	196.0	—	20.3	20.3	—	189.4	—	189.4
Not in central city	5 432.7	401.5	354.7	—	354.7	46.8	16.4	30.4	5 031.2	41.3	8.2
1,000,000 or more	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
5,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA (pt.)	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
In central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	560.4	126.9	126.9	—	126.9	—	—	—	433.5	11.8	1.8
Less than 1,000,000	5 278.0	490.9	423.8	196.0	227.8	67.1	36.7	30.4	4 787.1	29.5	6.4
In central city	405.7	216.3	196.0	196.0	—	20.3	20.3	—	189.4	—	189.4
Not in central city	4 872.3	274.5	227.8	—	227.8	46.8	16.4	30.4	4 597.7	29.5	6.4
500,000 to 999,999	1 257.6	257.9	239.3	62.1	177.2	18.6	—	18.6	999.7	16.7	1.9
In central city	62.1	62.1	62.1	62.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 195.5	195.8	177.2	—	177.2	18.6	—	18.6	999.7	16.7	1.9
Louisville, KY-IN MSA (pt.)	1 257.6	257.9	239.3	62.1	177.2	18.6	—	18.6	999.7	16.7	1.9
In central city	62.1	62.1	62.1	62.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	1 195.5	195.8	177.2	—	177.2	18.6	—	18.6	999.7	16.7	1.9
250,000 to 499,999	2 836.5	176.8	148.6	118.9	29.7	28.2	16.4	11.8	2 659.7	3.9	2.2
In central city	308.3	118.9	118.9	118.9	—	—	—	—	189.4	—	189.4
Not in central city	2 528.2	57.8	29.7	—	29.7	28.2	16.4	11.8	2 470.4	3.9	2.2
Evansville, IN-KY MSA (pt.)	440.2	15.4	15.4	13.0	2.4	—	—	—	424.8	—	.5
In central city	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	427.1	2.4	2.4	—	2.4	—	—	—	424.8	—	.5
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA (pt.)	917.0	37.3	35.1	10.8	24.4	2.1	—	2.1	879.8	3.2	.5
In central city	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	906.3	26.5	24.4	—	24.4	2.1	—	2.1	879.8	3.2	.5
Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	1 479.3	124.1	98.1	95.2	3.0	26.0	16.4	9.7	1 355.2	.6	1.7
In central city	284.5	95.2	95.2	—	—	—	—	—	189.4	—	189.4
Not in central city	1 194.8	29.0	3.0	—	3.0	26.0	16.4	9.7	1 165.8	.6	1.7

Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990—Con.

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Total	Urban						Rural			
		Total	Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000
			Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999			
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES—Con.</b>											
Inside metropolitan area—Con.											
Less than 1,000,000—Con.											
100,000 to 249,999	721.4	33.8	13.4	—	13.4	20.3	20.3	—	687.6	—	1.8
In central city	20.3	20.3	—	—	—	20.3	20.3	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	701.0	13.4	13.4	—	13.4	—	—	—	687.6	—	1.8
Clarksville–Hopkinsville, TN–KY MSA (pt.)	721.4	33.8	13.4	—	13.4	20.3	20.3	—	687.6	—	1.8
In central city	20.3	20.3	—	—	—	20.3	20.3	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	701.0	13.4	13.4	—	13.4	—	—	—	687.6	—	1.8
Less than 100,000	462.4	22.4	22.4	15.0	7.5	—	—	—	440.0	8.9	.4
In central city	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city	447.5	7.5	7.5	—	7.5	—	—	—	440.0	8.9	.4
Owensboro, KY MSA	462.4	22.4	22.4	15.0	7.5	—	—	—	440.0	8.9	.4
In central city	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	—	—	—	—	440.0	8.9	.4
Not in central city	447.5	7.5	7.5	—	7.5	—	—	—	440.0	8.9	.4
Outside metropolitan area	33 894.0	437.4	—	—	—	437.4	175.3	262.2	33 456.5	165.5	99.8
											33 191.3

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990

[Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urbanized Area	Population	Housing units	Area measurements				Density			
			Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
			Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Cincinnati, OH-KY (pt.)</b>										
The area	236 349	94 281	341.6	131.9	328.8	126.9	718.8	1 862.5	286.7	743.0
In central place	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Urban fringe	236 349	94 281	341.6	131.9	328.8	126.9	718.8	1 862.5	286.7	743.0
Boone County (pt.)†	35 358	13 823	67.8	26.2	67.7	26.1	522.3	1 354.7	204.2	529.6
Burlington division (pt.)	4 997	1 710	19.2	7.4	19.2	7.4	260.3	675.3	89.1	231.1
Burlington CDP (pt.)	4 997	1 710	19.2	7.4	19.2	7.4	260.3	675.3	89.1	231.1
Florence division (pt.)	29 807	11 912	46.6	18.0	46.5	18.0	641.0	1 655.9	256.2	661.8
Burlington CDP (pt.)	1 073	460	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	383.2	975.5	164.3	418.2
Florence city†	18 624	7 336	21.5	8.3	21.5	8.3	866.2	2 243.9	341.2	883.9
Oakbrook CDP†	4 113	1 644	8.8	3.4	8.8	3.4	467.4	1 209.7	186.8	483.5
Hebron division (pt.)	554	201	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	277.0	692.5	100.5	251.3
Campbell County (pt.)†	69 234	27 964	87.0	33.6	79.5	30.7	870.9	2 255.2	351.7	910.9
Alexandria division (pt.)	5 771	2 009	15.1	5.8	14.9	5.8	387.3	995.0	134.8	346.4
Alexandria city†	5 592	1 949	14.7	5.7	14.6	5.6	383.0	998.6	133.5	348.0
Newport division (pt.)	63 463	25 955	71.9	27.8	64.6	24.9	982.4	2 548.7	401.8	1 042.4
Bellevue city†	6 997	2 939	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	2 915.4	7 774.4	1 224.6	3 265.6
Cold Spring city†	2 880	1 047	5.6	2.2	5.6	2.2	514.3	1 309.1	187.0	475.9
Crestview city	356	121	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 186.7	3 560.0	403.3	1 210.0
Dayton city	6 576	2 449	4.3	1.7	3.4	1.3	1 934.1	5 058.5	720.3	1 883.8
Fort Thomas city	16 032	6 544	16.6	6.4	14.6	5.6	1 098.1	2 862.9	448.2	1 168.6
Highland Heights city†	4 223	1 797	5.4	2.1	5.4	2.1	782.0	2 011.0	332.8	855.7
Melbourne city	660	199	2.2	.8	2.2	.8	300.0	825.0	90.5	248.8
Newport city	18 871	8 059	7.7	3.0	7.1	2.7	2 657.9	6 989.3	1 135.1	2 984.8
Silver Grove city†	1 102	449	5.6	2.1	3.1	1.2	355.5	918.3	144.8	374.2
Southgate city	3 266	1 546	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	882.7	2 332.9	417.8	1 104.3
Wilder city†	691	241	8.9	3.4	8.6	3.3	80.3	209.4	28.0	73.0
Woodlawn city	308	101	.1	—	.1	—	3 080.0	—	1 010.0	—
Kenton County (pt.)†	131 757	52 494	186.8	72.1	181.6	70.1	725.5	1 879.6	289.1	748.8
Covington division	112 808	46 131	120.0	46.3	115.3	44.5	978.4	2 535.0	400.1	1 036.7
Bromley city	1 137	440	1.1	.4	.8	.3	1 421.3	3 790.0	550.0	1 466.7
Covington city (pt.)†	40 560	18 320	30.3	11.7	28.9	11.2	1 403.5	3 621.4	633.9	1 635.7
Crescent Park city	364	131	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 213.3	3 640.0	436.7	1 310.0
Crescent Springs city†	2 179	898	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	622.6	1 676.2	256.6	690.8
Crestview Hills city†	2 546	945	4.9	1.9	4.9	1.9	519.6	1 340.0	192.9	497.4
Edgewood city (pt.)†	8 143	2 510	10.8	4.2	10.8	4.2	754.0	1 938.8	232.4	597.6
Elsmere city (pt.)†	4 493	1 659	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.2	1 449.4	3 744.2	535.2	1 382.5
Erlanger city (pt.)	13 606	5 313	14.4	5.6	14.3	5.5	951.5	2 473.8	371.5	966.0
Fairview city (pt.)	24	9	.4	.1	.4	.1	60.0	240.0	22.5	90.0
Fort Mitchell city	7 438	3 354	7.8	3.0	7.8	3.0	953.6	2 479.3	430.0	1 118.0
Fort Wright city†	6 570	2 637	9.0	3.5	9.0	3.5	730.0	1 877.1	293.0	753.4
Kenton Vale city†	358	62	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 790.0	3 580.0	310.0	620.0
Lakeside Park city	3 131	1 311	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	1 565.5	3 913.8	655.5	1 638.8
Ludlow city	4 736	1 901	3.3	1.3	2.3	.9	2 059.1	5 262.2	826.5	2 112.2
Park Hills city	3 321	1 529	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	1 660.5	4 151.3	764.5	1 911.3
Taylor Mill city (pt.)†	5 493	2 050	13.7	5.3	13.7	5.3	400.9	1 036.4	149.6	386.8
Villa Hills city†	7 739	2 619	11.1	4.3	9.2	3.5	841.2	2 211.1	284.7	748.3
Independence division (pt.)	18 942	6 359	66.7	25.8	66.3	25.6	285.7	739.9	95.9	248.4
Covington city (pt.)†	2 704	797	5.4	2.1	5.4	2.1	500.7	1 287.6	147.6	379.5
Edgewood city (pt.)†	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Elsmere city (pt.)†	2 354	735	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	692.4	1 810.8	216.2	565.4
Erlanger city (pt.)	2 373	768	7.4	2.8	7.2	2.8	329.6	847.5	106.7	274.3
Fairview city (pt.)	95	36	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	63.3	158.3	24.0	60.0
Independence city†	10 444	3 686	42.5	16.4	42.5	16.4	245.7	636.8	86.7	224.8
Latonia Lakes city	410	152	.8	.3	.8	.3	512.5	1 366.7	190.0	506.7
Taylor Mill city (pt.)†	37	15	3.1	1.2	2.8	1.1	13.2	33.6	5.4	13.6
Piner-Visalia division (pt.)	7	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Clarksville, TN-KY (pt.)</b>										
The area	21 724	4 328	34.8	13.4	34.8	13.4	624.3	1 621.2	124.4	323.0
In central place	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Urban fringe	21 724	4 328	34.8	13.4	34.8	13.4	624.3	1 621.2	124.4	323.0
Christian County (pt.)†	21 724	4 328	34.8	13.4	34.8	13.4	624.3	1 621.2	124.4	323.0
Fort Campbell division (pt.)	18 861	2 957	10.4	4.0	10.4	4.0	4 813.6	4 715.3	284.3	739.3
Fort Campbell North CDP	18 861	2 957	10.2	3.9	10.2	3.9	1 849.1	4 836.2	289.9	758.2
Oak Grove city (pt.)†	—	—	.2	.1	.2	.1	—	—	—	—
LaFayette division (pt.)	21	14	1.7	.6	1.7	.6	12.4	35.0	8.2	23.3
Oak Grove city (pt.)†	21	14	1.7	.6	1.7	.6	12.4	35.0	8.2	23.3
Pembroke division (pt.)	2 842	1 357	22.8	8.8	22.8	8.8	124.6	323.0	59.5	154.2
Oak Grove city (pt.)†	2 842	1 357	22.8	8.8	22.8	8.8	124.6	323.0	59.5	154.2

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990—Con.

[Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urbanized Area	Population	Housing units	Area measurements				Density			
			Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
			Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Evansville, IN-KY (pt.)</b>										
The area	26 517	11 663	45.8	17.7	39.8	15.4	666.3	1 721.9	293.0	757.3
In central place	25 945	11 355	39.2	15.1	33.7	13.0	769.9	1 995.8	336.9	873.5
Henderson city†	25 945	11 355	39.2	15.1	33.7	13.0	769.9	1 995.8	336.9	873.5
Urban fringe	572	308	6.6	2.5	6.1	2.4	93.8	238.3	50.5	128.3
Henderson County (pt.)†	26 517	11 663	45.8	17.7	39.8	15.4	666.3	1 721.9	293.0	757.3
Corydon division (pt.)	1 555	585	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	457.4	1 196.2	172.1	450.0
Henderson city (pt.)†	1 196	433	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	443.0	1 196.0	160.4	433.0
Hebbardsville-Robards division (pt.)	189	71	.6	.2	.6	.2	315.0	945.0	118.3	355.0
Henderson city (pt.)†	189	71	.6	.2	.6	.2	315.0	945.0	118.3	355.0
Henderson division (pt.)	21 069	9 508	29.8	11.5	24.4	9.4	863.5	2 241.4	389.7	1 011.5
Henderson city (pt.)†	21 069	9 508	29.8	11.5	24.4	9.4	863.5	2 241.4	389.7	1 011.5
Spottsville division (pt.)	3 704	1 499	12.0	4.6	11.4	4.4	324.9	841.8	131.5	340.7
Henderson city (pt.)†	3 491	1 343	6.1	2.4	6.1	2.3	572.3	1 517.8	220.2	583.9
<b>Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (pt.)</b>										
The area	56 122	23 491	98.8	38.1	91.0	35.1	616.7	1 598.9	258.1	669.3
In central place	23 622	11 021	27.8	10.8	27.8	10.8	849.7	2 187.2	396.4	1 020.5
Ashland city†	23 622	11 021	27.8	10.8	27.8	10.8	849.7	2 187.2	396.4	1 020.5
Urban fringe	32 500	12 470	70.9	27.4	63.1	24.4	515.1	1 332.0	197.6	511.1
Boyd County (pt.)†	37 780	16 277	59.0	22.8	54.9	21.2	688.2	1 782.1	296.5	767.8
Ashland division (pt.)	29 546	13 399	42.2	16.3	39.0	15.1	757.6	1 956.7	343.6	887.4
Ashland city (pt.)†	23 521	10 973	27.1	10.4	27.1	10.4	867.9	2 261.6	404.9	1 055.1
Westwood CDP	5 300	2 168	10.1	3.9	10.1	3.9	524.8	1 359.0	214.7	555.9
Ashland Rural division (pt.)	4 021	1 125	8.5	3.3	8.5	3.3	473.1	1 218.5	132.4	340.9
Ashland city (pt.)†	94	45	.8	.3	.8	.3	117.5	313.3	56.3	150.0
Cannonsburg division (pt.)	1 598	585	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.2	515.5	1 331.7	188.7	487.5
Catlettsburg division (pt.)	2 615	1 168	5.2	2.0	4.2	1.6	622.6	1 634.4	278.1	730.0
Ashland city (pt.)†	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Catlettsburg city	2 231	1 020	4.4	1.7	3.5	1.3	637.4	1 716.2	291.4	784.6
Greenup County (pt.)†	18 342	7 214	39.8	15.4	36.0	13.9	509.5	1 319.6	200.4	519.0
Russell division (pt.)	16 464	6 493	35.1	13.5	31.4	12.1	524.3	1 360.7	206.8	536.6
Bellefonte city	838	347	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	465.6	1 197.1	192.8	495.7
Flatwoods city (pt.)†	7 772	3 105	8.7	3.4	8.7	3.4	893.3	2 285.9	356.9	913.2
Raceland city (pt.)	2 160	867	5.6	2.2	5.6	2.2	385.7	981.8	154.8	394.1
Russell city†	4 014	1 535	10.2	4.0	10.2	4.0	393.5	1 003.5	150.5	383.8
Worthington city (pt.)	1 514	579	2.9	1.1	2.8	1.1	540.7	1 376.4	206.8	526.4
Wurtland division (pt.)	1 878	721	4.7	1.8	4.6	1.8	408.3	1 043.3	156.7	400.6
Flatwoods city (pt.)†	27	10	.2	.1	.2	.1	135.0	270.0	50.0	100.0
Raceland city (pt.)	96	52	.1	.1	.1	.1	960.0	960.0	520.0	520.0
Worthington city (pt.)	237	82	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 185.0	2 370.0	410.0	820.0
Wurtland city	1 221	434	3.4	1.3	3.3	1.3	370.0	939.2	131.5	333.8
<b>Lexington-Fayette, KY</b>										
The area	220 701	95 755	254.9	98.4	254.1	98.1	868.6	2 249.8	376.8	976.1
In central place	218 925	95 122	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Lexington-Fayette (pt.)	218 925	95 122	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Urban fringe	1 776	633	7.7	3.0	7.7	3.0	230.6	592.0	82.2	211.0
Fayette County (pt.)	218 925	95 122	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Fayette division (pt.)	218 925	95 122	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Lexington-Fayette (pt.)	218 925	95 122	247.2	95.4	246.5	95.2	888.1	2 299.6	385.9	999.2
Jessamine County (pt.)†	1 776	633	7.7	3.0	7.7	3.0	230.6	592.0	82.2	211.0
Keene division (pt.)	665	222	2.3	.9	2.3	.9	289.1	738.9	96.5	246.7
Nicholasville division (pt.)	1 111	411	5.4	2.1	5.4	2.1	205.7	529.0	76.1	195.7
<b>Louisville, KY-IN (pt.)</b>										
The area	654 797	278 083	636.5	245.8	619.7	239.3	1 056.6	2 736.3	448.7	1 162.1
In central place	269 063	124 018	172.6	66.6	160.9	62.1	1 672.2	4 332.7	770.8	1 997.1
Louisville city†	269 063	124 018	172.6	66.6	160.9	62.1	1 672.2	4 332.7	770.8	1 997.1
Urban fringe	385 734	154 065	463.9	179.1	458.8	177.2	840.7	2 176.8	335.8	869.4
Bullitt County (pt.)†	12 292	4 064	16.7	6.4	16.7	6.4	736.0	1 920.6	243.4	635.0
Shepherdsville Northwest division (pt.)	12 292	4 064	16.7	6.4	16.7	6.4	736.0	1 920.6	243.4	635.0
Fox Chase city†	528	165	.9	.3	.9	.3	586.7	1 760.0	183.3	550.0
Hebron Estates city†	930	334	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	620.0	1 550.0	222.7	556.7
Hillview city†	6 119	1 887	5.0	1.9	5.0	1.9	1 223.8	3 220.5	377.4	993.2
Hunters Hollow city	286	76	.1	—	.1	—	2 860.0	—	760.0	—
Pioneer Village city†	1 130	378	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	389.7	1 027.3	130.3	343.6

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990—Con.

[Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urbanized Area	Population	Housing units	Area measurements				Density			
			Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
			Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Louisville, KY--IN (pt.)—Con.</b>										
Jefferson County (pt.)	642 505	274 019	619.8	239.3	603.0	232.8	1 065.5	2 759.9	454.4	1 177.1
Fisherville division (pt.)	1 187	425	.2	.1	.2	.1	439.6	1 079.1	157.4	386.4
Middletown city (pt.)†	2	1	.2	.1	.2	.1	10.0	20.0	5.0	10.0
Louisville division (pt.)	641 318	273 594	617.1	238.3	600.3	231.8	1 068.3	2 766.7	455.8	1 180.3
Anchorage city†	2 082	684	.9	.3	.7	.3	263.5	694.0	86.6	228.0
Audubon Park city†	1 520	620	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 900.0	5 066.7	775.0	2 066.7
Bancroft city	582	205	.4	.2	.4	.2	1 455.0	2 910.0	512.5	1 025.0
Barbourmeade city	1 402	509	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	1 274.5	3 505.0	462.7	1 272.5
Beechwood Village city	1 263	543	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 804.3	4 210.0	775.7	1 810.0
Bellemeade city	927	434	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 324.3	3 090.0	620.0	1 446.7
Bellewood city	329	134	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 645.0	3 290.0	670.0	1 340.0
Blue Ridge Manor city	565	278	.5	.2	.5	.2	1 130.0	2 825.0	556.0	1 390.0
Briarwood city	658	358	.4	.2	.4	.2	1 645.0	3 290.0	895.0	1 790.0
Broad Fields city†	273	135	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 365.0	2 730.0	675.0	1 350.0
Broeck Pointe city†	325	101	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 625.0	3 250.0	505.0	1 010.0
Brownsboro Farm city	670	238	.6	.2	.6	.2	1 116.7	3 350.0	396.7	1 190.0
Brownsboro Village city	361	189	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 805.0	3 610.0	945.0	1 890.0
Buechel CDP	7 081	3 416	6.6	2.5	6.6	2.5	1 072.9	2 832.4	517.6	1 366.4
Cambridge city	193	97	.2	.1	.2	.1	965.0	1 930.0	485.0	970.0
Cherrywood Village city	340	148	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 700.0	3 400.0	740.0	1 480.0
Creekside city	323	111	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 615.0	3 230.0	555.0	1 110.0
Crossgate city†	261	95	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 305.0	2 610.0	475.0	950.0
Douglass Hills city†	5 549	2 334	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	1 585.4	4 268.5	666.9	1 795.4
Druid Hills city	305	142	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 525.0	3 050.0	710.0	1 420.0
Fairdale CDP	6 563	2 467	14.8	5.7	14.8	5.7	443.4	1 151.4	166.7	432.8
Fairmeade city	280	116	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 400.0	2 800.0	580.0	1 160.0
Fern Creek CDP	16 406	5 996	15.1	5.8	15.1	5.8	1 086.5	2 828.6	397.1	1 033.8
Forest Hills city†	454	175	.8	.3	.8	.3	567.5	1 513.3	218.8	583.3
Glenview city†	653	255	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	176.5	466.4	68.9	182.1
Glenview Hills city	353	129	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 176.7	3 530.0	430.0	1 290.0
Glenview Manor city	197	83	.3	.1	.3	.1	656.7	1 970.0	276.7	830.0
Goose Creek city	321	120	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 605.0	3 210.0	600.0	1 200.0
Graymoor-Devondale city†	2 911	1 117	1.9	.7	1.9	.7	1 532.1	4 158.6	587.9	1 595.7
Green Spring city	768	265	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 097.1	2 560.0	378.6	883.3
Hickory Hill city	152	56	.1	—	.1	—	1 520.0	—	560.0	—
Highview CDP	14 814	5 513	16.9	6.5	16.9	6.5	876.6	2 279.1	326.2	848.2
Hills and Dales city	154	58	.3	.1	.3	.1	513.3	1 540.0	193.3	580.0
Hollow Creek city	991	339	.5	.2	.5	.2	1 982.0	4 955.0	678.0	1 695.0
Hollyville city†	649	237	.9	.3	.9	.3	721.1	2 163.3	263.3	790.0
Houston Acres city	496	228	.4	.1	.4	.1	1 240.0	4 960.0	570.0	2 280.0
Hurstbourne city†	4 420	1 898	4.8	1.9	4.8	1.9	920.8	2 326.3	395.4	998.9
Hurstbourne Acres city†	1 072	930	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 340.0	3 573.3	1 162.5	3 100.0
Indian Hills city†	1 074	428	3.4	1.3	3.3	1.3	325.5	826.2	129.7	329.2
Indian Hills Cherokee Section city†	1 005	373	.8	.3	.8	.3	1 256.3	3 350.0	466.3	1 243.3
Jeffersontown city†	23 221	9 369	25.1	9.7	25.1	9.7	925.1	2 393.9	373.3	965.9
Keeneland city	393	158	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 965.0	3 930.0	790.0	1 580.0
Kingsley city	399	169	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 995.0	3 990.0	845.0	1 690.0
Langdon Place city	874	318	.4	.2	.4	.2	2 185.0	4 370.0	795.0	1 590.0
Lincolnshire city	125	52	.1	—	.1	—	1 250.0	—	520.0	—
Louisville city†	269 063	124 018	172.6	66.6	160.9	62.1	1 672.2	4 332.7	770.8	1 997.1
Lyndon city†	8 037	4 285	8.9	3.5	8.9	3.4	903.0	2 363.8	481.5	1 260.3
Lynnvie city	1 017	447	.5	.2	.5	.2	2 034.0	5 085.0	894.0	2 235.0
Manor Creek city	179	68	.2	.1	.2	.1	895.0	1 790.0	340.0	680.0
Maryhill Estates city	177	63	.1	—	.1	—	1 770.0	—	630.0	—
Meadowbrook Farm city	163	51	.1	—	.1	—	1 630.0	—	510.0	—
Meadow Vale city†	798	275	.5	.2	.5	.2	1 596.0	3 990.0	550.0	1 375.0
Meadowview Estates city†	259	157	.1	—	.2	.1	1 295.0	2 590.0	785.0	1 570.0
Middletown city (pt.)†	5 014	2 105	12.3	4.8	12.3	4.7	407.6	1 066.8	171.1	447.9
Minor Lane Heights city	1 675	536	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	620.4	1 675.0	198.5	536.0
Mockingbird Valley city	177	74	.5	.2	.5	.2	354.0	885.0	148.0	370.0
Moorland city	467	211	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 335.0	4 670.0	1 055.0	2 110.0
Murray Hill city†	619	300	.3	.1	.3	.1	2 063.3	6 190.0	1 000.0	3 000.0
Newburg CDP	21 647	8 119	14.9	5.7	14.9	5.7	1 452.8	3 797.7	544.9	1 424.4
Norbourne Estates city	461	180	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 305.0	4 610.0	900.0	1 800.0
Northfield city	898	422	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	816.4	2 245.0	383.6	1 055.0
Norwood city	372	153	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 240.0	3 720.0	510.0	1 530.0
Okolona CDP	18 902	7 297	17.9	6.9	17.9	6.9	1 056.0	2 739.4	407.7	1 057.5
Old Brownsboro Place city†	348	123	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 160.0	3 480.0	410.0	1 230.0
Parkway Village city	707	309	.2	.1	.2	.1	3 535.0	7 070.0	1 545.0	3 090.0
Plantation city	830	328	.5	.2	.5	.2	1 660.0	4 150.0	656.0	1 640.0
Pleasure Ridge Park CDP	25 131	9 538	20.5	7.9	20.5	7.9	1 225.9	3 181.1	465.3	1 207.3
Plymouth Village city	162	78	.1	—	.1	—	1 620.0	—	780.0	—
Poplar Hills city†	377	243	.1	—	.1	—	3 770.0	—	2 430.0	—

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990—Con.

[Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urbanized Area	Population	Housing units	Area measurements				Density			
			Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
			Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Louisville, KY—IN (pt.)—Con.</b>										
Jefferson County (pt.)†—Con.										
Louisville division (pt.)—Con.										
Prospect city†	2 788	1 089	9.8	3.8	9.8	3.8	284.5	733.7	111.1	286.6
Richlawn city	435	184	.3	.1	.3	.1	1 450.0	4 350.0	613.3	1 840.0
Riverwood city†	506	180	.5	.2	.5	.2	1 012.0	2 530.0	360.0	900.0
Robinsons wood city	250	96	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 250.0	2 500.0	480.0	960.0
Rolling Fields city	593	259	.6	.2	.6	.2	988.3	2 965.0	431.7	1 295.0
Rolling Hills city	1 135	446	.5	.2	.5	.2	2 270.0	5 675.0	892.0	2 230.0
St. Dennis CDP	10 326	4 033	6.8	2.6	6.8	2.6	1 518.5	3 971.5	593.1	1 551.2
St. Matthews city†	15 800	8 235	10.4	4.0	10.4	4.0	1 519.2	3 950.0	791.8	2 058.8
St. Regis Park city	1 756	608	.9	.4	.9	.4	1 951.1	4 390.0	675.6	1 520.0
Seneca Gardens city	684	303	.4	.2	.4	.2	1 710.0	3 420.0	757.5	1 515.0
Shively city	15 535	6 852	12.1	4.7	12.1	4.7	1 283.9	3 305.3	566.3	1 457.9
South Park View city	214	75	.3	.1	.3	.1	713.3	2 140.0	250.0	750.0
Springlee city	451	216	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 255.0	4 510.0	1 080.0	2 160.0
Spring Mill city†	342	112	.1	—	.1	—	3 420.0	—	1 120.0	—
Spring Valley city†	400	160	.5	.2	.5	.2	800.0	2 000.0	320.0	800.0
Strathmoor Gardens city	300	125	.1	—	.1	—	3 000.0	—	1 250.0	—
Strathmoor Manor city	391	151	.1	—	.1	—	3 910.0	3 910.0	1 510.0	1 510.0
Strathmoor Village city	361	147	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 805.0	3 610.0	735.0	1 470.0
Sycamore city	70	34	.1	—	.1	—	700.0	—	340.0	—
Ten Broeck city	128	49	.6	.2	.6	.2	213.3	640.0	81.7	245.0
Thornhill city	146	54	.1	—	.1	—	1 460.0	—	540.0	—
Valley Station CDP	22 840	8 168	20.4	7.9	20.4	7.9	1 119.6	2 891.1	400.4	1 033.9
Waterson Park city†	1 542	803	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	416.8	1 101.4	217.0	573.6
Wellington city	593	257	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 965.0	5 930.0	1 285.0	2 570.0
West Buechel city†	1 587	772	1.7	.7	1.7	.7	933.5	2 267.1	454.1	1 102.9
Westwood city	734	230	.3	.1	.3	.1	2 446.7	7 340.0	766.7	2 300.0
Whipps Millgate city	454	211	.2	.1	.2	.1	2 270.0	4 540.0	1 055.0	2 110.0
Wildwood city	266	117	.2	.1	.2	.1	1 330.0	2 660.0	585.0	1 170.0
Winding Falls city	657	214	.4	.2	.4	.2	1 642.5	3 285.0	535.0	1 070.0
Windy Hills city†	2 452	1 057	2.5	.9	2.5	.9	980.8	2 724.4	422.8	1 174.4
Woodland Hills city	714	290	.6	.2	.6	.2	1 190.0	3 570.0	483.3	1 450.0
Woodlawn Park city†	1 099	417	.6	.2	.6	.2	1 831.7	5 495.0	695.0	2 085.0
<b>Owensboro, KY</b>										
The area	60 645	25 677	62.7	24.2	58.1	22.4	1 043.8	2 707.4	441.9	1 146.3
In central place	53 549	23 074	41.9	16.2	38.8	15.0	1 380.1	3 569.9	594.7	1 538.3
Owensboro city†	53 549	23 074	41.9	16.2	38.8	15.0	1 380.1	3 569.9	594.7	1 538.3
Urban fringe	7 096	2 603	20.8	8.0	19.3	7.5	367.7	946.1	134.9	347.1
Davies County (pt.)†	60 645	25 677	62.7	24.2	58.1	22.4	1 043.8	2 707.4	441.9	1 146.3
Davies East division (pt.)	5 121	1 885	15.0	5.8	12.9	5.0	397.0	1 024.2	146.1	377.0
Owensboro city (pt.)†	109	32	2.0	.8	1.0	.4	109.0	272.5	32.0	80.0
Davies West division (pt.)	10 287	3 828	13.7	5.3	13.6	5.2	756.4	1 978.3	281.5	736.2
Owensboro city (pt.)†	8 870	3 365	10.2	3.9	10.2	3.9	869.6	2 274.4	329.9	862.8
Owensboro division (pt.)	45 237	19 964	34.0	13.1	31.6	12.2	1 431.6	3 708.0	631.8	1 636.4
Owensboro city (pt.)†	44 570	19 677	29.7	11.5	27.6	10.7	1 614.9	4 165.4	712.9	1 839.0

Table 24. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area by Population Size Class of Urbanized Area: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Size of Place Population Size Class of Urbanized Area Urbanized Area	Inside urbanized area								Inside metropolitan area			Outside metropoli- tan area	
	Total	In central place	Urban fringe					Total	In central city	Not in central city			
			Total	Place of 50,000 or more	Place of 10,000 to 49,999	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Place of less than 2,500						
<b>POPULATION</b>													
The State -----	1 276 855	591 104	685 751	-	326 697	164 178	69 590	125 286	1 713 911	627 354	1 086 557	1 971 385	
Inside urbanized area -----	1 276 855	591 104	685 751	-	326 697	164 178	69 590	125 286	1 276 855	591 104	685 751	-	
1,000,000 or more -----	236 349	-	236 349	-	123 214	95 718	7 684	9 733	236 349	-	236 349	-	
5,000,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	236 349	-	236 349	-	123 214	95 718	7 684	9 733	236 349	-	236 349	-	
Cincinnati, OH-KY (pt.)-----	236 349	-	236 349	-	123 214	95 718	7 684	9 733	236 349	-	236 349	-	
Less than 1,000,000 -----	1 040 506	591 104	449 402	-	203 483	68 460	61 906	115 553	1 040 506	591 104	449 402	-	
500,000 to 999,999 -----	654 797	269 063	385 734	-	184 622	48 484	53 609	99 019	654 797	269 063	385 734	-	
Louisville, KY-IN (pt.)-----	654 797	269 063	385 734	-	184 622	48 484	53 609	99 019	654 797	269 063	385 734	-	
250,000 to 499,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999 -----	303 340	268 492	34 848	-	-	17 113	8 297	9 438	303 340	268 492	34 848	-	
Evansville, IN-KY (pt.)-----	26 517	25 945	572	-	-	-	-	572	26 517	25 945	572	-	
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (pt.)-----	56 122	23 622	32 500	-	-	17 113	8 297	7 090	56 122	23 622	32 500	-	
Lexington-Fayette, KY -----	220 701	218 925	1 776	-	-	-	-	1 776	220 701	218 925	1 776	-	
Less than 100,000 -----	82 369	53 549	28 820	-	18 861	2 863	-	7 096	82 369	53 549	28 820	-	
Clarksville, TN-KY (pt.)-----	21 724	-	21 724	-	18 861	2 863	-	-	21 724	-	21 724	-	
Owensboro, KY -----	60 645	53 549	7 096	-	-	-	-	7 096	60 645	53 549	7 096	-	
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	437 056	36 250	400 806	1 971 385	
<b>HOUSING UNITS</b>													
The State -----	533 278	264 590	268 688	-	126 900	65 594	28 268	47 926	697 441	279 446	417 995	809 404	
Inside urbanized area -----	533 278	264 590	268 688	-	126 900	65 594	28 268	47 926	533 278	264 590	268 688	-	
1,000,000 or more -----	94 281	-	94 281	-	50 823	36 806	2 839	3 813	94 281	-	94 281	-	
5,000,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	94 281	-	94 281	-	50 823	36 806	2 839	3 813	94 281	-	94 281	-	
Cincinnati, OH-KY (pt.)-----	94 281	-	94 281	-	50 823	36 806	2 839	3 813	94 281	-	94 281	-	
Less than 1,000,000 -----	438 997	264 590	174 407	-	76 077	28 788	25 429	44 113	438 997	264 590	174 407	-	
500,000 to 999,999 -----	278 083	124 018	154 065	-	73 120	20 599	22 048	38 298	278 083	124 018	154 065	-	
Louisville, KY-IN (pt.)-----	278 083	124 018	154 065	-	73 120	20 599	22 048	38 298	278 083	124 018	154 065	-	
250,000 to 499,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999 -----	130 909	117 498	13 411	-	-	6 818	3 381	3 212	130 909	117 498	13 411	-	
Evansville, IN-KY (pt.)-----	11 663	11 355	308	-	-	-	-	308	11 663	11 355	308	-	
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (pt.)-----	23 491	11 021	12 470	-	-	6 818	3 381	2 271	23 491	11 021	12 470	-	
Lexington-Fayette, KY -----	95 755	95 122	633	-	-	-	-	633	95 755	95 122	633	-	
Less than 100,000 -----	30 005	23 074	6 931	-	2 957	1 371	-	2 603	30 005	23 074	6 931	-	
Clarksville, TN-KY (pt.)-----	4 328	-	4 328	-	2 957	1 371	-	-	4 328	-	4 328	-	
Owensboro, KY -----	25 677	23 074	2 603	-	-	-	-	2 603	25 677	23 074	2 603	-	
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	164 163	14 856	149 307	809 404	
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS</b>													
The State -----	1 426.3	507.7	918.6	-	311.5	258.4	98.1	250.7	15 121.4	1 050.8	14 070.6	87 785.4	
Inside urbanized area -----	1 426.3	507.7	918.6	-	311.5	258.4	98.1	250.7	1 426.3	507.7	918.6	-	
1,000,000 or more -----	328.8	-	328.8	-	141.4	136.8	21.6	28.9	328.8	-	328.8	-	
5,000,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	328.8	-	328.8	-	141.4	136.8	21.6	28.9	328.8	-	328.8	-	
Cincinnati, OH-KY (pt.)-----	328.8	-	328.8	-	141.4	136.8	21.6	28.9	328.8	-	328.8	-	
Less than 1,000,000 -----	1 097.5	507.7	589.9	-	170.1	121.6	76.4	221.7	1 097.5	507.7	589.9	-	
500,000 to 999,999 -----	619.7	160.9	458.8	-	159.9	67.8	59.0	172.1	619.7	160.9	458.8	-	
Louisville, KY-IN (pt.)-----	619.7	160.9	458.8	-	159.9	67.8	59.0	172.1	619.7	160.9	458.8	-	
250,000 to 499,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100,000 to 249,999 -----	384.9	308.0	76.9	-	-	29.2	17.4	30.2	384.9	308.0	76.9	-	
Evansville, IN-KY (pt.)-----	39.8	33.7	6.1	-	-	-	-	6.1	39.8	33.7	6.1	-	
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (pt.)-----	91.0	27.8	63.1	-	-	29.2	17.4	16.5	91.0	27.8	63.1	-	
Lexington-Fayette, KY -----	254.1	246.5	7.7	-	-	-	-	7.7	254.1	246.5	7.7	-	
Less than 100,000 -----	92.9	38.8	54.1	-	10.2	24.6	-	19.3	92.9	38.8	54.1	-	
Clarksville, TN-KY (pt.)-----	34.8	-	34.8	-	10.2	24.6	-	-	34.8	-	34.8	-	
Owensboro, KY -----	58.1	38.8	19.3	-	-	-	-	19.3	58.1	38.8	19.3	-	
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 695.0	543.1	13 151.9	87 785.4	

Table 24. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area by Population Size Class of Urbanized Area: 1990 —Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Size of Place Population Size Class of Urbanized Area Urbanized Area	Inside urbanized area								Inside metropolitan area			Outside metropoli- tan area	
	Total	In central place	Urban fringe					Other urban	Total	In central city	Not in central city		
			Total	Place of 50,000 or more	Place of 10,000 to 49,999	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Place of less than 2,500						
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES</b>													
The State -----	550.7	196.0	354.7	—	120.3	99.8	37.9	96.8	5 838.4	405.7	5 432.7	33 894.0	
Inside urbanized area -----	550.7	196.0	354.7	—	120.3	99.8	37.9	96.8	550.7	196.0	354.7	—	
1,000,000 or more -----	126.9	—	126.9	—	54.6	52.8	8.4	11.2	126.9	—	126.9	—	
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	126.9	—	126.9	—	54.6	52.8	8.4	11.2	126.9	—	126.9	—	
Cincinnati, OH-KY (pt.) -----	126.9	—	126.9	—	54.6	52.8	8.4	11.2	126.9	—	126.9	—	
Less than 1,000,000 -----	423.8	196.0	227.8	—	65.7	47.0	29.5	85.6	423.8	196.0	227.8	—	
500,000 to 999,999 -----	239.3	62.1	177.2	—	61.7	26.2	22.8	66.5	239.3	62.1	177.2	—	
Louisville, KY-IN (pt.) -----	239.3	62.1	177.2	—	61.7	26.2	22.8	66.5	239.3	62.1	177.2	—	
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
100,000 to 249,999 -----	148.6	118.9	29.7	—	—	11.3	6.7	11.7	148.6	118.9	29.7	—	
Evansville, IN-KY (pt.) -----	15.4	13.0	2.4	—	—	—	—	2.4	15.4	13.0	2.4	—	
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (pt.) -----	35.1	10.8	24.4	—	—	11.3	6.7	6.4	35.1	10.8	24.4	—	
Lexington-Fayette, KY -----	98.1	95.2	3.0	—	—	—	—	3.0	98.1	95.2	3.0	—	
Less than 100,000 -----	35.9	15.0	20.9	—	3.9	9.5	—	7.5	35.9	15.0	20.9	—	
Clarksville, TN-KY (pt.) -----	13.4	—	13.4	—	3.9	9.5	—	—	13.4	—	13.4	—	
Owensboro, KY -----	22.4	15.0	7.5	—	—	—	—	7.5	22.4	15.0	7.5	—	
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 287.7	209.7	5 078.0	33 894.0	

# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

## Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## BLOCK

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

## BLOCK GROUP (BG)

### Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### Tabulation Block Group

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

## BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

## CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

### Census Division

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

### Northeast Region

#### *New England Division:*

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

#### *Middle Atlantic Division:*

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

### Midwest Region

#### *East North Central Division:*

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

#### *West North Central Division:*

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

### South Region

#### *South Atlantic Division:*

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

***East South Central Division:***

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

***West South Central Division:***

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

**West Region*****Mountain Division:***

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

***Pacific Division:***

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

**Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

**CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA****Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

**Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

## **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)**

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## **COUNTY**

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## **COUNTY SUBDIVISION**

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### **Census County Division (CCD)**

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### **Census Subarea (Alaska)**

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### **Minor Civil Division (MCD)**

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

### **Unorganized Territory (unorg.)**

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

## **GEOGRAPHIC CODE**

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### **Census Code**

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### **Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code**

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

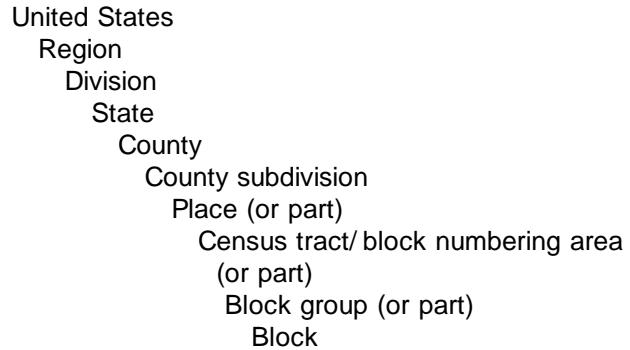
### **United States Postal Service (USPS) Code**

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

## **GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION**

### **Hierarchical Presentation**

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:



### **Inventory Presentation**

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract/

block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

- State
- County "A"
- County "B"
- County "C"
- Place "X"
- Place "Y"
- Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

## **Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)**

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

## **Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)**

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

## **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

## **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## **POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY**

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/ United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels—although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

## **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

## **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

## **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

#### **ZIP CODE®**

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.

# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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### POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

In this report, counts of all persons living in housing units and group quarters are presented for various geographic areas. Separate population characteristics are not shown.

### HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contain 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of 10 unrelated persons), they are classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contain eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as housing units.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are

classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the “dwelling unit” concept. Although the term became “housing unit” and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is

essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## DERIVED MEASURES

This report includes various derived measures such as percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by showing a dash (-).

### Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products and are used to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1) subtraction which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items and (2) the quotient of two numbers which provides a relative measure of difference.

# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

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### **CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA**

To maintain confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to assure published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, and housing units. The result is that a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into some of the census characteristics to prevent identification of specific individuals, households, or housing units. The edit is controlled so that the counts of total persons, totals by race and American Indian tribe, Hispanic origin, and age 18 years and over are *not affected* by the confidentiality edit and are published as collected. In addition, total counts for housing units by tenure are not affected by this edit.

The confidentiality edit is conducted by selecting a sample of census households from the 100-percent data internal census files and interchanging its data with other households that have identical characteristics on a set of selected key variables but are in different geographic locations within the same State. To provide more protection for "small areas," a higher sampling rate was used for these areas. The net result of this procedure is that the data user's ability to obtain census data, particularly for small areas and subpopulation groups, has been significantly enhanced.

### **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires were also reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions or inconsistencies.

### **ACCURACY OF THE DATA**

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Allocations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household, or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

### **SOURCES OF ERROR**

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as the 1990 decennial census, human- and machine-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods

were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was designed to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize under-coverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 decennial census and results from the 1990 decennial census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- For larger urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and coded address lists, had the United States Postal Service (USPS) review and update this list, and conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. Prior to mailout, local officials were given the opportunity

to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors, and the USPS conducted a final review.

- For small cities and suburban and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation that occurred in 1988 and 1989. For the addresses listed in 1988, the USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections through a field check; prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review of these addresses, and local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) delivered census questionnaires in the rural and seasonal housing areas listed in 1989 and in inner-city public housing developments. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followups contributed to improved coverage.

# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

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### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.

## **APPENDIX E.**

# **Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages**

# **Your Guide for the 1990 U.S. Census Form**

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

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CENSUS '90

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



D-3

## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
4   1	1 9 4 9	0 9	1 9 8 1
0 0 0 0 0	1 • 8 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 • 0 0	1 • 8 0 0 0 0
1 0 1 0 1 •	9 • 1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0 1 0	9 • 1 0 1 •
2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0
4 • 4 0	4 • 4 0	4 0 4 0	4 0 4 0
5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0
6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0
7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0
8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0	8 • 8 0
9 0 9 0	9 0 9 •	9 0 9 •	9 0 9 0

### Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups--including community organizations--and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a.** List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b.** If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.

- 2.** Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.

If the **Stepson / stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson / stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son / daughter**. In other words, **Stepson / stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son / daughter**.

- 4.** Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, **fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.**

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

- 5.** Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.

- 6.** If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.

- 7.** A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

## Instructions for Questions H1a through H6

**H1a.** Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.

**b.** If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.

**H2.** Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

**H3.** Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

**H4.** Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. **Mark Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. **Mark Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

**H5a.** Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home; include only land which you own or rent.

**b.** A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

**H6.** If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

## Instructions for Questions H7a and H7b

**H7a.** Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day .....	30	4 times a year .....	3
By the week .....	4	2 times a year .....	6
Every other week .....	2	Once a year .....	12

**b.** Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## What the Census Is About – Some Questions and Answers

### Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

### Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

**Name?** Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

**Value or rent?** Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

CENSUS '90



# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM

Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

### The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years--or until the year 2062--only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else--no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency--is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

### How to get started--and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

### Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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### Para personas de habla hispana -

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM D-1

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91

**Page 1**

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

**1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle → ○ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**

Page 2

## PLEASE ALSO ANSWER HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3 →

		PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
<b>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</b>		Last name  First name                      Middle initial		Last name  First name                      Middle initial	
<b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b>  Fill ONE circle for each person.  If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.  If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<b>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> or adopted <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Other relative <input type="radio"/> Stepson/ stepdaughter  <b>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other roommate                            nonrelative	
<b>3. Sex</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.		<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female		<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<b>4. Race</b> Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.  If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut                                 Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut                                 Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
<b>5. Age and year of birth</b> a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.  b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.		a. Age <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9	b. Year of birth <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 9 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9	a. Age <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9	b. Year of birth <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 9 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9
<b>6. Marital status</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.  If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group. →		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →	
<b>FOR CENSUS USE →</b>		<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>		<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	



Page 4

## Please make sure you have . . .

- 1. FILLED this form completely.**
- 2. ANSWERED Question 1a on page 1.**
- 3. ANSWERED Questions 2 through 7 for each person you listed in Question 1a.**
- 4. ANSWERED Questions H1a through H7b on page 3.**
- Also . . .**
- 5. PRINT here the name of a household member who filled the form, the date the form was completed, and the telephone number at which a person in this household can be called.**

Name			Date
Telephone number →	Area code	Number	<input type="radio"/> Day <input type="radio"/> Night

## Then . . .

- 6. FOLD the form the way it was sent to you.**
- 7. MAIL it back by April 1, or as close to that date as possible, in the envelope provided; no stamp is needed. When you insert your completed questionnaire, please make sure that the address of the U.S. Census Office can be seen through the window on the front of the envelope.**

**NOTE** – If you have listed more than 7 persons in Question 1a, please make sure that you have filled the form for the first 7 people. Then mail back this form. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the other people.

## Thank you very much.

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take 14 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about this estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Management Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, Attn: CEN-90, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project CEN-90, Washington, DC 20503. Please DO NOT RETURN your questionnaire to either of these addresses. Use the enclosed preaddressed envelope to return your completed questionnaire.

# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

<b>Data Products</b>	F-1
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<b>Other Census Bureau Resources</b>	F-5
<b>Reference Materials</b>	F-4
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The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)

**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**—These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/ Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

**User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations**—UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County

Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/ Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/ BNA's. The Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the

features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/ Line™ files. TIGER/ Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/ longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/ Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide.* This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program.* A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics.* A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community.* A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers.* A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base.* A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You.* The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement.* A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide.* A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

## **Regional Office Contacts—**

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## **Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office**

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## **Other Sources of Products and Services**

**State Data Centers**—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**Census Information Center (CIC)**—The CIC program provides data-related services for nationally based non-profit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through the project, five nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the program, write to the Census Information Center Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse**—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries**—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## **OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES**

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People*: Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry*: Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction*: Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms*: Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments*: Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade*: Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations*: Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## **Other Statistical Activities**

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

**Figure 1. 1990 Census Content****100-PERCENT COMPONENT****Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

**SAMPLE COMPONENT****Population**

*Social characteristics:*  
Education—enrollment and attainment  
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.  
Ancestry  
Language spoken at home  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Disability  
Fertility  
Veteran status

**Housing**

Year moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Plumbing and kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Heating fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Place of work and journey to work  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989  
Year last worked

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

## Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/ BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivi- sions of 1,000 or more inhab- itants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geo- graphic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reser- vations, trust lands, tribal jurisdic- tion statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhab- itants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census sub- jects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

### Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

**Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>**

		<b>Geographic areas</b>	<b>Description</b>
STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	Over 900 cells/ items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's	
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 2,100 cells/ items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	Over 3,300 cells/ items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	

**Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.**

**Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>**

<b>Geographic areas</b>	<b>Description</b>
A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's
STF 4 (Sample)	B State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

#### Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/ Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
5 Percent—PUMS Areas	County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants	
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)	MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants	
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas

Maps are not available.