Table 1303. Single-Parent Households: 1980 to 2006

[In thousands (6,061 represents 6,061,000). For the United Kingdom in 1981, children are defined as those under 15 and those who are 15, 16, or 17 and attended school full-time; for later years, children are defined as those under 16 and those who are 16 or 17 and attend school full-time. For Ireland, children are defined as those under 15. For all other countries, children are defined as children living at home, or away at school, under the age of 18. Data are generally for the entire year, but in some instances they are only for a particular month within the year]

Country and year	Number	Percent of all households with children	Country and year	Number	Percent of all households with children
United States:			Germany:		
1980	6,061	19.5	1991	1,429	15.2
1990	7,752	24.0	1995	2,496	18.8
1995	9,055	26.4	1995	2,274	17.6
2005	10,339	28.3	2005	2,525	20.1
Canada:	ŕ		Ireland: 1	ŕ	
1981	437	12.7	1981	30	7.2
1991	572	16.2	1991	44	10.7
1996	690	18.7	1996	56	13.8
2001	707	19.3	2006	78	22.6
Japan:			Netherlands:		
1980	796	4.9	1988	179	9.6
1990	934	6.5	1988	208	11.7
1995	884	6.9	2000	240	13.0
2005	1,102	9.8	2006	297	15.3
Denmark: 1	, -		Sweden:		
1980	99	13.4	1985	117	11.2
1990	117	17.8	1990	151	14.8
1995	120	18.6	1995 2	189	17.4
2006	138	20.5	1990	208	19.6
France:			United Kingdom: 4		
1988	761	11.9	1981	1,010	13.9
1990	755	11.9	1991	1,344	19.4
1995	874	14.0	1994–95	1,617	21.9
2000	1,039	17.1	2006	1,694	24.1

¹ Data are from family-based, rather than household-based, statistics. ² Break in series. ³ Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates. ⁴ Great Britain only (excludes Northern Ireland).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, updated and revised from "Families and Work in Transition in 12 Countries, 1980–2001," *Monthly Labor Review*, September 2003, with unpublished data.