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(5) If the released employee holds a position that is less than three grades above the lowest grade in the applicable classification system (e.g., the employee holds a GS-2 position), the agency provides the released employee with assignment rights up to three actual grades lower on a one-grade basis in other pay systems.

[51 FR 319, Jan. 3, 1986, as amended at 56 FR 65417, Dec. 17, 1991; 60 FR 3063, Jan. 13, 1995; 60 FR 44254, Aug. 25, 1995; 62 FR 62502, Nov. 24, 1997; 63 FR 32594, June 15, 1998; 65 FR 62991, Oct. 20, 2000]

§ 351.702 Qualifications for assignment.

- (a) Except as provided in §351.703, an employee is qualified for assignment under §351.701 if the employee:
- (1) Meets the OPM standards and requirements for the position, including any minimum educational requirement, and any selective placement factors established by the agency;
- (2) Is physically qualified, with reasonable accommodation where appropriate, to perform the duties of the position;
- (3) Meets any special qualifying condition which the OPM has approved for the position; and
- (4) Has the capacity, adaptability, and special skills needed to satisfactorily perform the duties of the position without undue interruption. This determination includes recency of experience, when appropriate.
- (b) The sex of an employee may not be considered in determining whether an employee is qualified for a position, except for positions which OPM has determined certification of eligibles by sex is justified.
- (c) An employee who is released from a competitive level during a leave of absence because of a corpensable injury may not be denied an assignment right solely because the employee is not physically qualified for the duties of the position if the physical disqualification resulted from the compensable injury. Such an employee must be afforded appropriate assignment rights subject to recovery as provided by 5 U.S.C. 8151 and part 353 of this chapter.
- (d) If an agency determines, on the basis of evidence before it, that a preference eligible employee who has a

compensable service-connected ability of 30 percent or more is not able to fulfill the physical requirements of a position to which the employee would otherwise have been assigned under this part, the agency must notify the OPM of this determination. At the same time, the agency must notify the employee of the reasons for the determination and of the right to respond, within 15 days of the notification, to the OPM which will require the agency to demonstrate that the notification was timely sent to the employee's last known address. The OPM shall make a final determination concerning the physical ability of the employee to perform the duties of the position. This determination must be made before the agency may select any other person for the position. When the OPM has completed its review of the proposed disqualification on the basis of physical disability, it must sent its finding to both the agency and the employee. The agency must comply with the findings of the OPM. The functions of the OPM under this paragraph may not be delegated to an agency.

- (e) An agency may formally designate as a trainee or developmental position a position in a program with all of the following characteristics:
- (1) The program must have been designed to meet the agency's needs and requirements for the development of skilled personnel;
- (2) The program must have been formally designated, with its provisions made known to employees and supervisors:
- (3) The program must be developmental by design, offering planned growth in duties and responsibilities, and providing advancement in recognized lines of career progression; and
- (4) The program must be fully implemented, with the participants chosen through standard selection procedures. To be considered qualified for assignment under §351.701 to a formally designated trainee or developmental position in a program having all of the characteristics covered in paragraphs (e)(1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section, an

employee must meet all of the conditions required for selection and entry into the program.

[51 FR 319, Jan. 3, 1986, as amended at 60 FR 3063, Jan. 13, 1995]

§351.703 Exception to qualifications.

An agency may assign an employee to a vacant position under §351.201(b) or §351.701 of this part without regard to OPM's standards and requirements for the position if:

- (a) The employee meets any minimum education requirement for the position; and
- (b) The agency determines that the employee has the capacity, adaptability, and special skills needed to satisfactorily perform the duties and responsibilities of the position.

[56 FR 65417, Dec. 17, 1991]

§351.704 Rights and prohibitions.

- (a)(1) An agency may satisfy an employee's right to assignment under §351.701 by assignment to a vacant position under §351.201(b), or by assignment under any applicable administrative assignment provisions of §351.705, to a position having a representative rate equal to that the employee would be entitled under §351.701. An agency may also offer an employee assignment under §351.201(b) to a vacant position in lieu of separation by reduction in force under 5 CFR part 351. Any offer of assignment under §351.201(b) to a vacant position must meet the requirements set forth under §351.701.
- (2) An agency may, at its discretion, choose to offer a vacant other-than-full-time position to a full-time employee or to offer a vacant full-time position to an other-than-full-time employee in lieu of separation by reduction in force.
 - (b) Section 351.701 does not:
- (1) Authorize or permit an agency to assign an employee to a position having a higher representative rate;
- (2) Authorize or permit an agency to displace a full-time employee by an other-than-full-time employee, or to satisfy an other-than-full-time employee's right to assignment by assigning the employee to a vacant full-time position.

- (3) Authorize or permit an agency to displace an other-than-full-time employee by a full-time employee, or to satisfy a full-time employee's right to assignment by assigning the employee to a vacant other-than-full-time position.
- (4) Authorize or permit an agency to assign a competing employee to a temporary position (i.e., a position under an appointment not to exceed 1 year), except as an offer of assignment in lieu of separation by reduction in force under this part when the employee has no right to a position under §351.701 or §351.704(a)(1) of this part. This option does not preclude an agency from, as an alternative, also using a temporary position to reemploy a competing employee following separation by reduction in force under this part.
- (5) Authorize or permit an agency to displace an employee or to satisfy a competing employee's right to assignment by assigning the employee to a position with a different type of work schedule (e.g., full-time, part-time, intermittent, or seasonal) than the position from which the employee is released.

[51 FR 319, Jan. 3, 1986, as amended at 56 FR 65417, Dec. 17, 1991; 60 FR 3063, Jan. 13, 1995; 63 FR 63591, Nov. 16, 1998]

§351.705 Administrative assignment.

- (a) An agency may, at its discretion, adopt provisions which:
- (1) Permit a competing employee to displace an employee with lower retention standing in the same subgroup consistent with §351.701 when the agency cannot make an equally reasonable assignment by displacing an employee in a lower subgroup:
- (2) Permit an employee in subgroup III-AD to displace an employee in subgroup III-A or III-B, or permit an employee in subgroup III-A to displace an employee is subgroup III-B consistent with § 351.701; or
- (3) Provide competing employees in the excepted service with assignment rights to other positions under the same appointing authority on the same basis as assignment rights provided to competitive service employees under §351.701 and in paragraphs (a) (1) and (2) of this section.