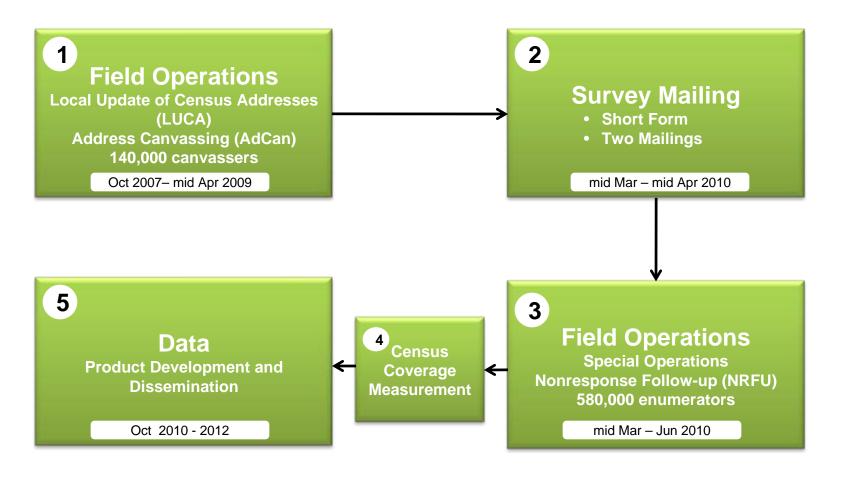
Decennial Census Progress Review and Program Replan

Key Discussion Points

- The Census
- Planning for the 2010 Census
- Cost Estimates
- Executing the Replan

The Census

Process at a Glance



The Census

Scope and Complexity

Largest peacetime mobilization in the United States

People and Infrastructure

- 140,000 address canvassers
- 580,000 NFRU enumerators
- 12 Regional Census Centers
- Over 450 Local Census Offices

Supported by state-of-the-art technology

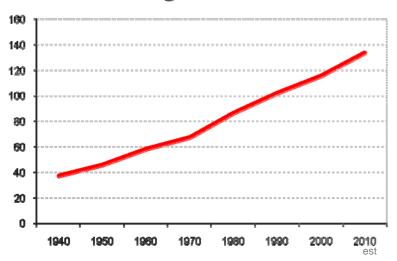
Information and Technology

- GPS address mapping
- Wireless handheld computers
- Sophisticated electronic and paper based data integration systems

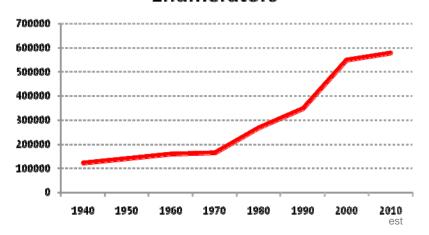
The Census

Becoming More Challenging

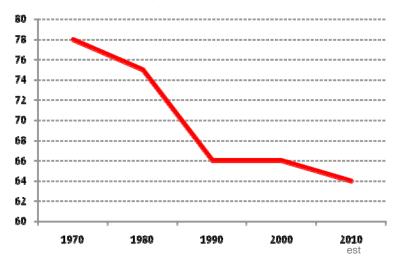
Housing Units (millions)



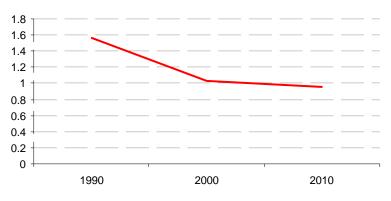
Enumerators



Survey Response Rates (%)



NRFU Productivity (Cases Per Hour)



Improvements Since 2000

American Community Survey

Starting in 2005, provides annual data for economic and social factors

Technology

GPS mapping Handheld computers

Short Form Only Census

Provides all the data required for apportionment and redistricting, less burden on respondents

Multi Language

Questionnaires in both English and Spanish on the same form

Integrated Communications and Partnerships

Coordinated and targeted messaging

Status

Much of the decennial census is on track

- MAF/TIGER
- ACS
- DRIS
- Communications and Partnerships

Field Data Collection Automation (FDCA) problems

- Behind schedule
- Technical requirements not defined
- Program management
- Enumerator productivity estimates revised
- Escalating costs

FDCA History

2000 - 2002 • Decision to automate data collection **2002 - 2004 •** Census in-house automation development efforts 2006 FDCA Contract signed (Apr) • GAO report (Jun) 2007 Address Canvassing Dress Rehearsal (Jun) MITRE report (Jun) • GAO report (Jul) GAO report (Oct) Census Integrated project team assessment (Nov - Jan) 2008 More than 400 additional requirements (Jan 16) Harris rough order of magnitude response (Jan 31) Clarified need for urgent action

Decision Inputs

Office of the Inspector General

Government Accountability Office

MITRE

2010 Census Risk Reduction Task Force

Expert Panel

Replan Options

Revised **Option 1** Replan **Option 3 Baseline Address Canvassing Harris Harris Harris Harris** (Handhelds) (Handhelds) (AdCan) (Handhelds) (Handhelds) Harris Non-Response Census Census Census Follow Up (NRFU) (Handhelds) (Paper) (Paper) (Paper) **Operating Control Harris Harris Harris** Census System (OCS) **Regional Census Centers** Census **Harris** Census Census Infrastructure

Lifecycle Revised Baseline vs. Replan

(Dollars in millions)	Revised Baseline	Replan	
Original Lifecycle Costs	11.546	11.546	
Additional Resources	2.0-2.3	2.2-3.0	
Total Lifecycle Costs	13.5-13.8	13.7-14.5	

<u>Additional Funding Requirements FY08 – FY13</u>

(Dollars in Billions)	FY 2008 (remaining)	FY 2009	FY 2010 - 2013	Total Increase
Additional Funding Needed	0.21-0.28	0.6-0.7	1.3-2.1	2.2-3.0
Less Census Reprogramming	- 0.05			- 0.05
Additional Funding Needed	0.16-0.23	0.6-0.7	1.3-2.1	2.15-2.95
Possible Funding Mechanisms	Reprogramming/ Transfers	Budget amendment	Budget requests	

Major Cost Increases

People, Productivity and Workload

Additional enumerators and lower productivity \$ 1.0-1.3B

Technology Costs

\$500M

Help desk

Upgrades to data capture system (DRIS)

Regional Census Center Network

Data center

Paper NRFU Control System

Other Costs

\$300M

Increased gas prices

Increased printing

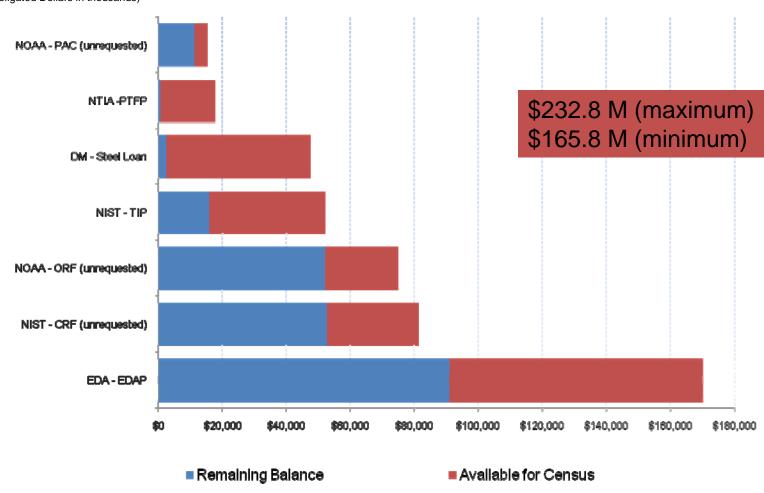
End-to-end testing

Personally Identifiable Information Protection

Increased postage

Transfer Candidates for FY08

(Unobligated Dollars in thousands)



Executing the Replan

Strengthening Management

Clear Accountability and Leadership Expectations Better Integration Harris - Census Rapid Decision Making Real-Time Problem Solving Improved Communication