

Table 6. Standard errors for medical plans: Share of premiums paid by employer and employee, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008

(In percent)

Characteristics	Single coverage		Family coverage	
	Employer share	Employee share	Employer share	Employee share
All workers	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Worker characteristics				
Management, professional, and related	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Management, business, and financial	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Professional and related	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
Service	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2
Sales and office	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Sales and related	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Office and administrative support	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.0
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9
Production, transportation, and material moving ...	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
Production	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1
Transportation and material moving	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0
Full time	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Part time	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Union	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7
Nonunion	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Average wage within the following percentiles: ¹				
Less than 10	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8
10 to under 25	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
25 to under 50	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
50 to under 75	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
75 to under 90	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6
90 or greater	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Establishment characteristics				
Goods-producing industries	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.8
Construction	0.8	0.8	1.7	1.7
Manufacturing	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Standard errors for medical plans: Share of premiums paid by employer and employee, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008—Continued

(In percent)

Characteristics	Single coverage		Family coverage	
	Employer share	Employee share	Employer share	Employee share
Service-providing industries	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Wholesale trade	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.1
Retail trade	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Transportation and warehousing	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.7
Utilities	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Information	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0
Financial activities	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Finance and insurance	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Credit intermediation and related activities	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
Insurance carriers and related activities	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.2
Professional and business services	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0
Professional and technical services	1.1	1.1	1.7	1.7
Administrative and waste services	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.2
Education and health services	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9
Educational services	1.0	1.0	1.8	1.8
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5
Health care and social assistance	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0
Leisure and hospitality	1.3	1.3	1.9	1.9
Accommodation and food services	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.3
Other services	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.3
1 to 99 workers	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6
1 to 49 workers	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
50 to 99 workers	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0
100 workers or more	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
100 to 499 workers	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
500 workers or more	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Geographic areas				
Metropolitan areas	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Nonmetropolitan areas	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
New England	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7
Middle Atlantic	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4
East North Central	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
West North Central	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.7
South Atlantic	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
East South Central	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
West South Central	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Mountain	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Pacific	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9

¹ The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates

published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2007." See Technical Note for more details.