Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996

Guam

Guain											
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1996 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries				
			Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
					(000's)				(000's)		
All industries including State and local government ⁶		_	1.9	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	
Private industry ⁶		-	1.5	.9	.9	.6	1.4	.9	.9	.5	
Construction		-	.4	.2	.2	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	
Nonresidential building construction	154 17 171 179	- - -	.4 (7) (7) (7)	.1 (7) (7) (7) (7)	.1 (7) (7) (7)	.2 - (⁷) (⁷)	.4 (⁷) (⁷)	.1 (7) (7) (7) (7)	.1 (7) (7) (7) (7)	.2 - (⁷) (⁷)	
Manufacturing											
Nondurable goods											
Food and kindred products Printing and publishing	20 27	-	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	
Transportation and public utilities 8,9		_	.4	.3	.3	.1	.4	.3	.3	.1	
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing ⁹ Water transportation Transportation services ⁹ Communications	41 42 44 47 48	- - - -	(⁷) .2 (⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(7) .2 (7) (7) (7)	(7) .2 (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(⁷) .2 (⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(7) .2 (7) (7) (7)	(7) .2 (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	
Wholesale and retail trade		-	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	
Wholesale trade		_	.1	(7)	(7)	(7)	.1	(7)	(7)	(⁷)	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50 51 514	- - -	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	
Retail trade		_	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	
General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	53 54 55 56 58 59	- - - -	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) - (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) - (7) (7) (7) (7)	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		_	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(⁷)	
Depository institutionsReal estate	60 65		(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	
Services		-	.3	.2	.2	-	-	.2	.2	_	
Personal services	72 73 75 76 79 82	- - - -	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued

Guam

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1996 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		
			Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total ⁴ (000's)	With days away from work ⁵ (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)
Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	83 86 87	- - -	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)	(⁷) (⁷) (⁷)

Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups

421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of

restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Fewer than 50 cases.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of