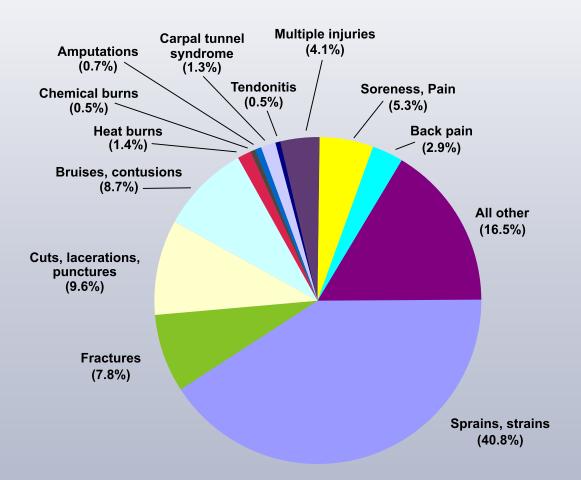
Sprains and strains accounted for 503,530 cases, or more than 4 out of 10 of all nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work in 2005.

Sprains and strains declined by 4 percent from 2004 to 2005. Sprains and strains accounted for more than half of the injuries in the health care and social assistance industry and were nearly half of the injuries in transportation and warehousing.

Carpal tunnel syndrome declined by 14 percent. Carpal tunnel syndrome and tendonitis are the only conditions that affect more women than men.

## Distribution of injuries and illnesses, by nature, 2005



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November, 2006