

Swift-BAT

Post-Launch

Status

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and many others

14 Jan 2005

Burst Alert Telescope (BAT)





BAT Characteristics

- E Range: 15 150 keV (12-300)
- E Resoln: 7 kev (5)
- Loc Resoln: 1-4 arcmin (1-4)
- PSF: 22 arcmin (21.8)
- 2 steradian field of view
- 32K CZT dets, 5200 cm2
- Autonomous operations

BAT Activation Chronology

- Launch 20 Nov 04, 17:16 UT
- L+4 Computer (Image Processor (IP)) and Power Box (PCB) turned on
- L+5 Thermal Control System started
- L+7 First Detector Module turned on (1 of 128) (HV @ L+8)
- L+9 Second DM
- L+11 Completed 1st Block (8 DMs) turn-on (1 of 16)
- L+14 Cyg X-1 detected with only 1/4 of the Det Array on at half HV
- L+26 Completed Full Detector Array (all 16 Blocks)
- L+26 Triggers enabled (Rate- & Image-); "tuning" done in about 2 weeks
- L+27 First GRB detected (GRB041211e)
 - Through the bottom of the instrument
- L+28 First Imaged GRB (GRB041217)
- Since then Triggers enable most of the time; Auto slewing enabled about 20% of the time.
- Sky observing efficiency has been complicated by XRT and UVOT commissioning (especially in the last 3 weeks). And Non-Safe_Pointings.

BAT GRBs and SGR

GRB	Time [UT]	RA (J2000)	Dec (J2000)	T90 [sec]	Fluence [10 ⁻⁷ erg/cm2]	Comments
041211e	23:57:41	n/a	n/a		n/a	Bottom of the instrument.
041217	07:28:30	164.79	-17.95	7.5	65.7	Our first imaged burst
041219	01:42:18	6.51	62.85	(520)	1000	Bright, multi-peak
041219b	15:38:48	167.67	-33.46	(30)		1 big spike, 3 little spikes; IPN
101219c	20:30:33	343.97	-76.80	(40)	20	3 spikes
041220	22:58:26	291.24	60.69	5	8.3	FRED
041223	14:06:18	100.12	-37.03	107	509	Multi-peak, bright
041224	20:20:57	56.20	-6.62	235	218	Multi peaks
041226	20:34:19	79.77	73.32	~15	n/a	Weak spike
041227	21:30:25	n/a	n/a	(400)	[10^6]	SGR1806-20 Giant Flare
041228	10:49:13	336.65	5.04	62	78	Milti peaks
050105	00:45:53	n/a	n/a	(8)	n/a	Weak detection (6 sigma); not issued
050107a	02:08:21	272.15	-20.37	(0.1)		SGR1806-20 still active
050107b	13:12:26	272.16	-20.41	(0.1)		SGR1806-20 still active

GCN Circulars issued on all 9 gold-plated GRBs in T+3-4 hrs.

A Couple BAT GRB Lightcurves GRB041217 SGR1806-20 G

SGR1806-20 Giant Flare





QuickTime[™] and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

Plots by BAT Team

Survey: First Light: Cyg X1 & X3 (3/4 Array)



Image by H.Krimm

BAT Position Accuracy

QuickTime[™] and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

- * Steady-state source: Vela X-1
- * 4-min observations
- * Near-threshold detections
 - 6-13 sigma
- * Systematic offset has been fixed Alignment matrix
- * Statistical: 2.3 arcmin, radius Will be reduced, ~1.8arcmin

Analysis by H.Krimm

All-Sky Survey Data Products



- BAT will monitor a large fraction of the sky
- Light curves will be built up for sources we detect
- Example: Hercules X-1, 35-day outburst cycle, 1.7-day eclipse cycle lasting 5.5 hrs
- Flat regions are times when BAT was pointing such that Her X-1 was not in the FOV

Crab Spectrum



- Power law fit
- Index = 2.13 ± 0.03
- Normalization = 9.70 ± 0.86 @ 1 keV
- Reduced Chi2 = 1.48 (53 DOF)

On-Orbit Am241 Cal Spectrum 32K detectors summed together



BAT Energy Threshold

Near-Threshold Spectrum for 1 detector

Threshold Distribution for 32K detectors

QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture. QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

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Analysis by G.Sato

Status and Future Developments

- BAT is fully operational
 - All Det Array on; At temperature; HV fully up;
 - Trigger adjustments 90% done
- BAT is detecting bursts and steady-state sources
 - It is waiting the NFIs to complete their check-out phases so we can begin full autonomous mission operations.
- Lower the Thresholds another 1-2 keV
 - Select a subset of Sandwiches for extra low energy operations
- Lower the Rate-Trigger thresholds
 - Maybe 20-30% in some time/energy/geography domains
- Begin delayed-distribution of Notices soon (1-2 weeks)
- Auto-distribution of Notices in a about a month

Backup/Optional Slides

BAT's First Burst



- GRB041211e
- Also detected by HETE, RHESSI, Odyssey, & KONUS
- Rate Trigger: ~200 sigma
 - No imaging possible; burst came up through the bottom of the instrument

Plot by H.Krimm



BAT First Light

3/4 of the Array activated



On-Orbit Am241 Cal Spectrum



16 Blocks

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Coded Aperture Imaging



- Source Photons "Encoded" by Partially Blocked Aperture
- Can be Decoded in Data Analysis to Determine Source Position

Swift Mission









Swift Launch November 20, 2004







DeltaII with 3 solids 590 km; 20.6°



Swift Instruments



Instruments

• Burst Alert Telescope (BAT)

- New CdZnTe detectors
- Detect >100 GRBs per year depending on logN-logS
- Most sensitive gamma-ray imager ever

• X-Ray Telescope (XRT)

- Arcsecond GRB positions
- CCD spectroscopy

• (UVOT) UV/Optical Telescope

- Sub-arcsec imaging
- Grism spectroscopy
- 24th mag sensitivity (1000 sec)
- Finding chart for other observers

Spacecraft

- Autonomous re-pointing, 20 75 s
- Onboard and ground triggers



BAT Characteristics

Telescope	Coded Aperture		
Telescope PSF	17 arcmin FWHM		
Position Accuracy	1-4 arcminutes		
Detector	CZT		
Detector Format	32768 pixels		
Energy Resolution	7 keV FWHM (ave.)		
Timing Resolution	100 microseconds		
Field of View	2 Steradians, partially-coded		
Energy Range	15 – 150 keV	'	
Detector Area	5200 cm^2		
Sensitivity	0.2 photons/cm ² /s		
Max Flux	195,000 cps (entire array)		
Operation	Autonomous		

Even Later News

- Array fully on: all 32,768 detectors
- HV at nominal -200v
- Temperature of the Array at nominal 20°C
- Thresholds at 14 keV -- will go lower within a month
- Energy resolution 5 keV @ 60 keV
- Triggers are running (rate & image)
- 8 steady-state sources routinely detected (with just 1/2-3/4 array)
 Crab, CygX1, CygX3, ScoX1, VelaX1, V0332+53, GX301-2, GRS1915+105
- As-built alignment only 7' error
- Measured PSF is 22'
- Position uncertainty:
 - 0.4' fully coded, 0.7' at edge of FOV; for a 25-sigma source
 - 1.9' fully coded; for a 7-sigma source
- One ground-detected burst so far (position not possible: thru the side?)
- Fully commissioned by L+7weeks

Light Curves of BAT GRBs (incomplete - waiting for IPN detection red dots)



- = detected by other gamma-ray instrument
- = slewed to and imaged by XRT
- = detected by ground-based optical/IR

GRB 041223 cont.

Decay Lightcurve







craigm 23-Dec-2004 20:56



Scientific Findings To Date

- 9 GRBs detected since Dec. 17
- Large GRB detected on Dec. 19 (GRB 041219)
- XRT pointed at GRB 041223 via ground command at ~4.5 hours. Afterglow detected.
- Giant flare detected from soft gamma repeater SGR 1806-20 on Dec. 27
- BAT is performing sensitive monitoring of hard x-ray sky



Giant Flare from SGR 1806-20

- SGRs are galactic neutron stars with huge magnetic fields (~10¹⁵ G) that have occasional active periods and outbursts.
- SGR 1806-20 discovered in 1986. Four known SGRs
- Detected on Dec. 27, 2004 by all non-occulted gamma-ray detectors in space
- Huge main peak lasting 0.5 sec followed by 400 sec of pulsations
- Estimate (Boggs et al. GCN 2936) puts fluence greater than ~0.1 erg cm⁻², 1-2 orders of magnitude greater than SGR 1900+14 1998 and SGR 0526-66 1979 flares.
- Radio transient detected. Slightly extended source. Polarization detected.

