Review of the VHA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline for the Management of MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER IN ADULTS

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Overview

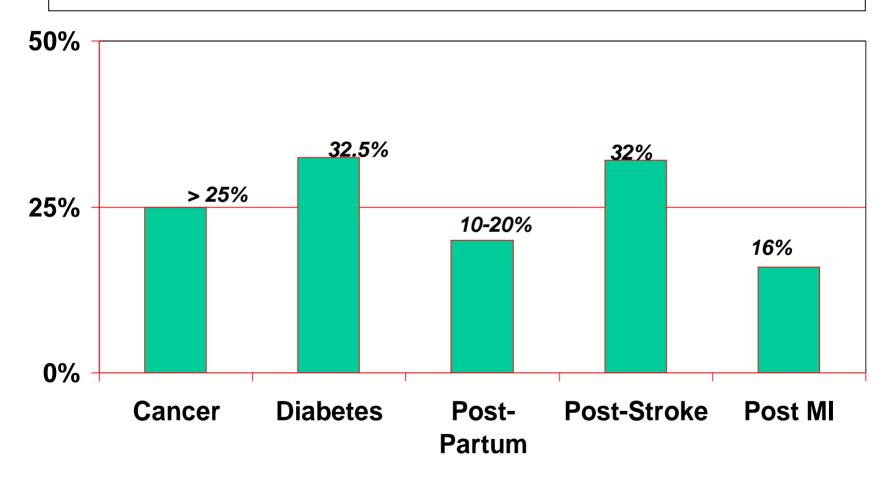
- **★ Why a guideline for depression?**
- **★ Main guideline elements**
- **★ Guideline tools**
- **★** Guideline piloting
- **★ Questions**

Why Depression?

Major Depressive Disorder An Important Public Health Problem

- **★ Common**
- ★ Detectable
- ★ Reduces functioning & quality of life
- **★** Associated with behavioral health risk (e.g., substance use disorders, STDs)
- **★** Treatable
- ★ Under-recognized & under-treated

Depression as a Coexisting Condition



* Massie & Holland, 1995; Lustman et al, 1998; Dobie & Walker, 1992; Morris et al, 1990

ICD-9 Diagnoses – DoD CCEP Report 10,020 with Gulf War Concerns

	Any Dx	Primary Dx
Musc-Skeletal	45%	17%
III-Defined	41%	17%
Psychological	37%	19%
Digestive	22%	6%
Dermatologic	20%	6%
Healthy	19%	11%
Respiratory	18%	7%
Nervous	18%	6%
Endocrine	11%	2%
Infectious	9%	3%

Work Days Lost – DoD CCEP

		Days of Lost Work % of					
	<u>N</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>	All Lost			
Psychological	2,453	8,709	3.6	28.0%			
Mood	781	3,106	4.0	·····10.0%			
III-Defined	2,506	7,169	2.2	17.0%			
Musculoskeletal	2,351	6,757	2.0	15.2%			
Neoplasm	108	871	8.1	2.8%			
<u>Healthy</u>	1,183	866	0.7	2.8%			
Total	18,075	43,771	2.4	100.0%			

Depression & Physical Symptoms

Number of Symptoms	Number of Patients	Psychiatr Anxiety	N (%) <u>Any</u>	
Physical (N:	=1000)			
0-1	215	2 (1)	5 (2)	16 (7)
2-3	225	17 (7)	27 (12)	50 (22)
4-5	191	25 (13)	44 (23)	67 (35)
6-8	230	68 (30)	100 (44)	140 (61)
9+	130	68 (48)	84 (80)	113 (81)
Somatoforn	n (N=900)			
0	654	68 (10)	107 (16)	102 (25)
1-2	143	42 (29)	60 (42)	74 (52)
3-5	87	35 (40)	40 (46)	77 (89)
6+	49	40 (55)	34 (68)	45 (94)

Kroenke et al. Arch Fam Med 1994; 3:774

MDD Guideline Purpose

- **★** To increase primary care awareness, diagnosis and treatment of MDD
- ★ Part of the Army Surgeon General's goal to provide consistent and high quality health care

Guideline Development

- ★ Representatives of VHA, Army, Navy, Air Force, and academia
- ★ Primary care, psychiatrists, psychologists, social workers, administrators, and a chaplain
- * Review evidence & develop guideline document
- **★** Develop guideline implementation tools
- **★** Pilot the guideline
- **★** Adopt the guideline
- **★** Intensify implementation efforts
- **★** Reinitiate the process

Depression Guideline Structure

Three Clinical Modules

- **★ Primary Care**
- **★ Outpatient Mental Health Care**
- **★ Inpatient Mental Health Care**

Main Guideline Points

- **★** Screening
- **★** Emergencies/Red Flags
- **★ Depression Assessment**
- **★** Alternative Causes Medical & Psychiatric
- **★** Triage
- **★ Review & Initiate Therapy**
- ★ Follow-up/Reassessment

Primary Care Initial Screening

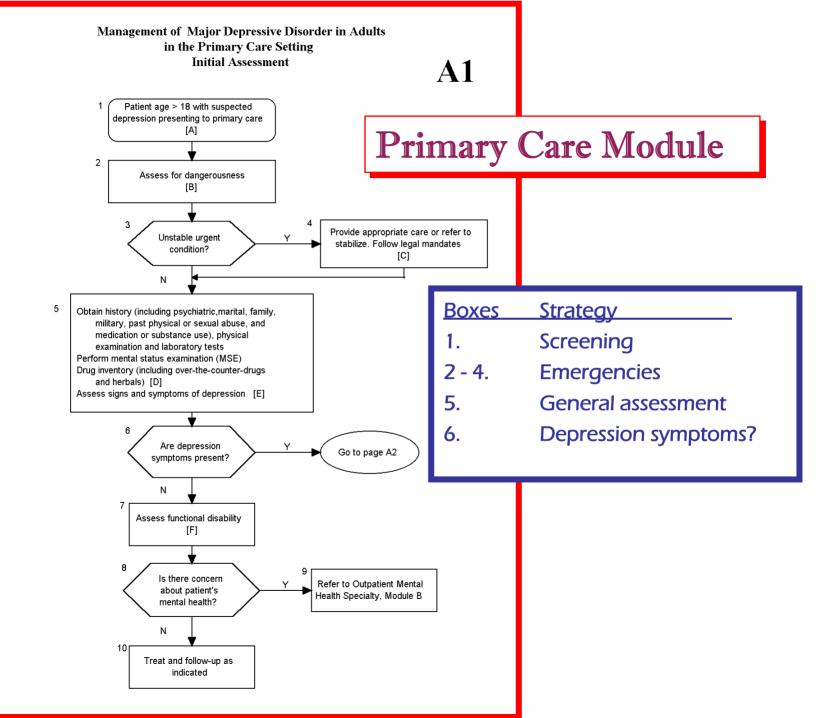
Every patient screened once annually -

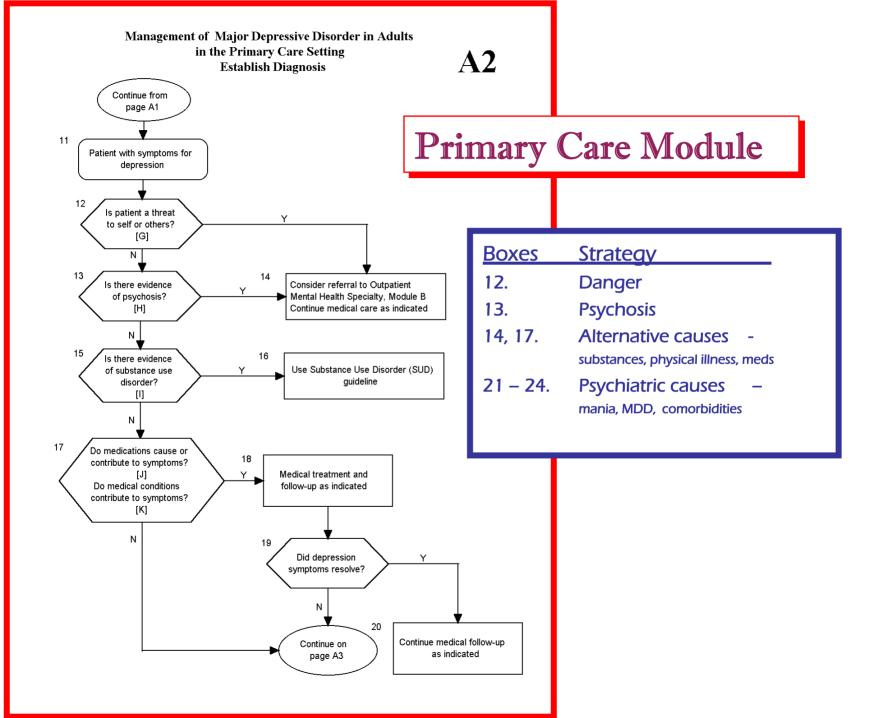
- ★ prior to seeing provider, unless diagnosis previously recorded
- **★** two question screen (from Prime-MD)
 - Do you have little interest or pleasure in doing things?
 - Do you feel down, depressed or hopeless?

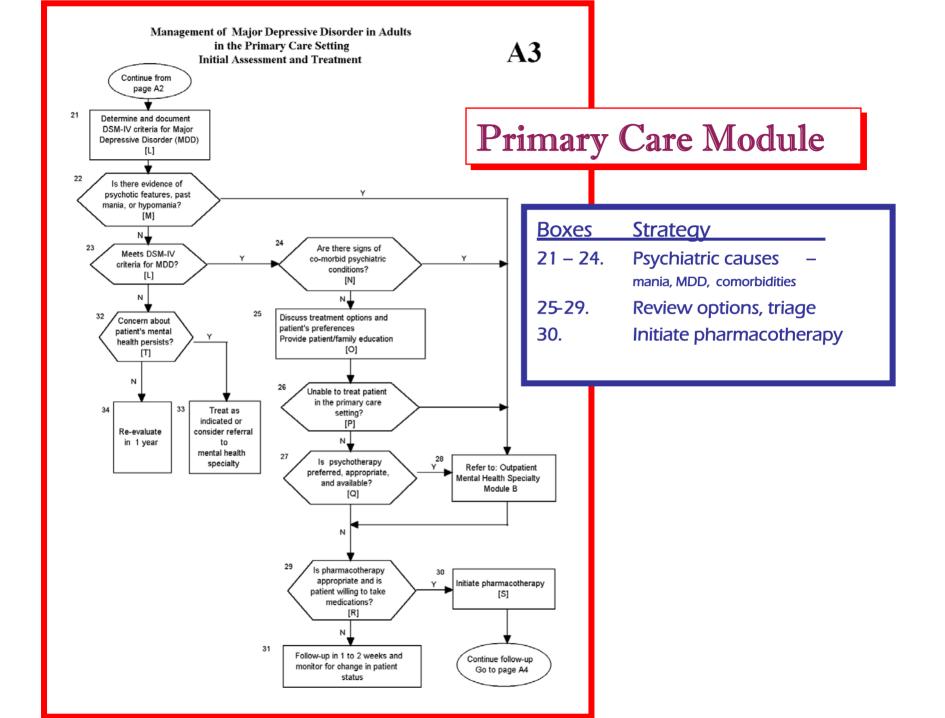
Tools for Guideline Implementation

Tools: Primary Care Provider Info

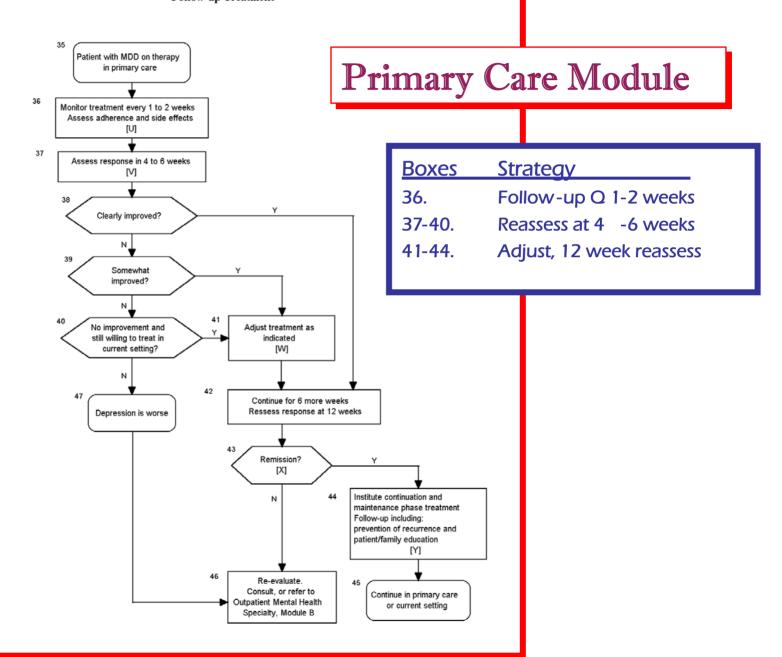
- * Algorithms
- **★** Depression Red Flags (urgent risk factors)
- ★ Cage-Aid (comorbid alcohol assessment)
- **★ SIG-E-CAPS** (depression symptom assessment)
- **★ Suicide & violence assessment**
- ★ Diagnostic criteria (MDD & Dysthymia)
- **★** Patient education guidance
- **★ Admission & referral criteria**
- **★** Antidepressant table







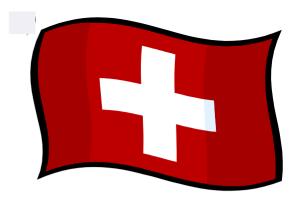
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Tools: Primary Care Provider Info

- **★ Algorithms**
- **★** Depression Red Flags (urgent risk factors)
- **★** Cage-Aid (comorbid alcohol assessment)
- **★ SIG-E-CAPS (depression symptom assessment)**
- ★ Suicide & violence assessment
- ★ Diagnostic criteria (MDD & Dysthymia)
- ★ Patient education guidance
- ★ Admission & referral criteria
- **★** Antidepressant table

Red Flags



- **★** Does patient need emergency treatment?
 - Suicidal or violent thoughts
 - Inability to care for self
 - Psychosis or mania
 - Unstable medical illness
 - **Delirium**
- **★** Is active chemical abuse or dependency present?
- ★ Is there a history of noncompliance or abuse of medications?
- **★** Is there a strong suggestion of a personality disorder?

Tools: Depression Care Forms

- **★ Patient Self-Assessment (Prime-MD PHQ)**
- **★ Primary Care Provider Assessment**
- **★ Primary Care Referral**
- **★ Mental Health Feedback**

Form 717-R Page 1 of 2

Depression Self-Assessment

- 1. Meds & OTC
- 2. Alcohol
- 3. Prime-MD PHQ

DEPRESSION OUTPATIENT DOCUMENTATION		DATE	of VISIT:		
For use of this form see MEDCOM Circular 40-13		☐ INI	TIAL	FOLLO	W-UP
SECTION I - VITAL SIGNS / VISIT INFORMATION /To be	e Comple	ited by An	cillary Sup	oport Staff)	
Reason for Visit to Primary Care Provider:					
AGE: TEMP: PULSE: RESP:	B/P:		HT:	WT:	
Do you use tobacco products? No If yes, what type and ho					
Are you interested in quitting? No Yes Tobacco cessa			ovided?	□ Yes □ 1	N/A
Are you in pain? No If yes, severity of pain on a scale of 1-					
Is your visit today deployment related? Yes No May					
Allergies					
SECTION II - DEPRESSION SELF-ASSESSMENT	/T- D-			Staff Signature	
			-		_
Do you use alcohol? Yes No Do you use drugs other th					Yes No
List all current medications (amount, dose, how often)?					
List all herbal remedies or supplements:					
PRIME-MD PATIENT HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE:					
1. Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by	any of	the follow	wing pro	blems?	
Circle the number that best describes your situation:		Not		More Than	Nearly
a. Little interest or pleasure in doing things.		At All 0	Days 1	Half the Day 2	Every Day 3
 Feeling down, depressed or hopeless. 		0	1	2	3
c. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much.		0	1	2	3
d. Feeling tired or little energy.		0	1	2	3
e. Poor appetite or overeating.		0	1	2	3
 Feeling bad about yourself – or that you are a failure or have yourself or your family down. 	/e let	0	1	2	3
g. Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the news	paper				
or watching TV.		0	1	2	3
 Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so fidgety or restless that have been moving around a lot more than usual. 		0	1	2	3
 Thoughts that you may be better off dead or of hurting you 	urself				
in some way.		0	1	2	3
If you checked off any problems on the questionnaire, how di your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other			e proble	ms made it fo	r you to do
☐ Not Difficult at All ☐ Somewhat Difficult		Very Diffi	cult	Extrem	ely Difficult
Adapted from PRIME-MD Patient Health Questionnaire [PHQ] * Trademark of Pfizer Inc					
PATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Name – last first, middle; grade; date; hospital or medical facility)					
inst, made, grade, date, nospital di medical radiity)					
	-		(Patient	's Signature)	
	DDUISE	To			
	PKIME	-MD TO	AL SCO	ORE:	
	Staff In	structions:		numeric respons tal in the space	

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MC V2.00

SECTION III - MEDICAL ASSESSMENT / DIAGNOSIS / TREATMENT PLAN / EDUCATION /To be completed by Provider) PART A - MEDICAL HISTORY / PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT (Include a brief medical history, personal and family history, treatment of mental illness, possible organic causes of depression, physical findings, etc.) PART B - MENTAL STATUS ASSESSMENT Document as indicated, or ✓ if N/A APPEARANCE: (appearance to age, dress, hygiene, grooming) (volume, rate, clarity) MOOD / AFFECT: (euthymic, anxious, flat, tearful, blunted, etc) SENSORIUM: (time, person, place, situation) THOUGHT COHERENCE: (logical, goal directed, tangential, loose associations) [(paranoid, grandiose) / (auditory, visual, tactile) DELUSIONS / HALLUCINATIONS: HYPERACTIVITY: (excitable, little or no sleep, spending sprees, talkative) RECENT STRESSORS: (death, birth, divorce, finances, unemployment, illness) SUICIDE: (ideation, intent w plan, means, pt/family history of) HOMICIDE: (ideation, intent w plan, means, past history of violence) RESPONSE to INTERVIEW: (cooperative, frightened, distrustful, hostile, etc) PART C - DIAGNOSIS / RISK FACTORS RED FLAG RISK FACTORS: Check All That Apply: Danger to Self □ Danger to Others ☐ Substance Abuse Psychosis Personality D/O Other mental disorder causing significant impairment of social, familial, vocational or educational functioning ☐ Depressive D/O NOS DSM-IV DIAGNOSIS: Deferred □ Dysthymic D/O ☐ Adjustment D/O with Depressed Mood ☐ Other: PART D - TREATMENT PLAN 1. MEDICATION: 2. MONITORING PLAN: 3. REFERRAL: Self Care Nutrition Tobacco Cessation Pastoral Substance Abuse Program ☐ Behavioral Health Clinic ☐ Case Mgt Services ☐ Other: ____ 4. CLINIC FOLLOW-UP: ☐ None ☐ 48/72 Hours ☐ One Week ☐ Two Weeks ☐ Other: 5. INSTRUCTIONS: REVIEWED with PT: Yes No RESPONSE to PLAN: _ PART E - PATIENT / FAMILY EDUCATION / INSTRUCTIONS 1. MEDICATION: Instruction/Precautions Literature Other: 2. DISEASE MANAGEMENT: Depression Brochure Depression Video Self-Mgt Guidelines Folder ☐ Tobacco Cessation Literature ☐ Safety Plan ☐ Other:_ 3. CONTINUITY of CARE: PCM F/U Appointment Info Activity Diet Referral Appointment MEDCOM FORM 717-R (TEST) (MCHO) AUG 2001 PREVIOUS EDITIONS ARE OBSOLETE

Form 717-R Page 2 of 2

Depression Clinician Assessment

- 1. Medical Hx
- 2. Structured MS & E
- 3. Diagnosis
- 4. Red Flag Risk Factors
- 5. Interdisciplinary Treatment Plan
- 6. Patient & Family Education/Instructions

Form 723 -R Page 1 of 2

Primary Care Referral to Mental Health

- 1. Referral Reason
- 2. Med Problems
- 3. Depression assessment
- 4. Structured MSE
- 5. Current therapies

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH REFERRAL / RESPONSE DOCUMENTATION For use of this form see MEDCOM Circular xxx DATE OF REQUEST							
SECTION I - PRIMARY CARE CLINIC REFERRAL to BEHAVIORAL HEALTH							
PART A - REASON for REF		П					
		neck all that apply)					
Medication Ca Psychological Testing Ini Psychotherapy M Group Therapy Sic Family Therapy Lif Marital Counseling Re	tial Medication Recoredication Failure de Effects from Curre e-style Modification I source Identification I her:	ent in the Primary Care Setting nmendation					
Allergies:Suppo Depression Assessment: (Check all that apply) Feeling Down, Empty, Hopeless Sleep Disturbance (hracked Appetite Shorthlessness, Guilt Increased Appetite Poor Concentration Danger to Self/Others Poor Energy Drug Misuse/Abuse Anxiety Periods of Hyperactivity/Ex	☐ Weight☐ Past U☐ Past H☐ Past Ps	t Loss (lbs in weeks) t Gain (lbs in weeks) se of Psychotropic Medication istory of Depression sychiatric Hospitalization					
		CAGE-AID SCORE:					
PART C - MENTAL STATUS ASS		OAGE AID GOOKE					
Document as indicated, or ☑ if N/A	Exam	nlaa					
(a Cappearance: (a	ppearance to age, dre plume, rate, clarity) poperative, frightened uthymic, anxious, fla me, person, place, si gical, goal directed, t aranoid, grandiose) / eation, intent w plan elow average, averag	d, distrustful, hostile, etc) t, tearful, blunted, etc) tuation) tangential, loose associations) (auditory, visual, tactile) , means, pt/family history)					
PART D - CURRENT MEDICAL TR	REATMENT						
All Current Medications/Herbals/Supplements (amount & dose): Current Interventions: Other: ATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Name - last,							
rst, middle; grade; date; hospital or medical facility)	Signature of F Clinic:	Primary Care Manager / Date					
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BEHAVIORAL HEALTH REFERRAL / RESPONSE DOCUME	NTATION	TO: PRIMARY CARE CLINIC	DATE OF CONSULT			
For use of this form see MEDCOM Circular xxx		PCM:				
SECTION II - BEHAVIORAL HEALTH RESPONSE						
PART A - DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSION						
,		·				
			İ			
DADT D. T	REATMENT PI	ANI				
MEDICATION: (Check and describe all that apply)		NTION: (Check and describe a	all that apply)			
Antidepressant Medications:	l —	plogical Testing	an that apply,			
- Fanagopi ocodani i modiodilono.	L `	ive Behavioral Therapy				
•		ersonal Psychotherapy				
	☐ Brief D	ynamic Psychotherapy				
	☐ Group	Therapy				
	☐ Family	Therapy				
	l —	Counseling				
Other Medications:						
	Frequenc	y:				
Anticipated Length of Treatment:						
	Anticipat	ed Length of Treatment.				
PART C - PA	TIENT EDUCA	TION				
Patient Response to Plan:						
Medication Information:	Dise	ase Management Information:				
Appointment Schedule:	_ Other: _	n en anno a				
PART D - CONTINUATION						
RECOMMENDATIONS TO PCM:						
PCM Clinic Follow-up Appointments:						
Indications for Referral Back to Behavioral Health:						
Medication Adjustment:						
Laboratory Studies:	Oth	er:				
PATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Name- first, middle; grade; date; hospital or medical facility)	· last,		4.7			
	[
	ŀ	Signature of Behavioral Health	Specialist / Date			
	ĺ	Clinic:				
		Telephone:				
NOTE: At Conclusion or Discontinuation	of Therapy	Please Notify the Patient's PC	M.			
MEDCOM FORM 723-R (TEST) (MCHO) NOV 2000		Page 2 of 2 pag				

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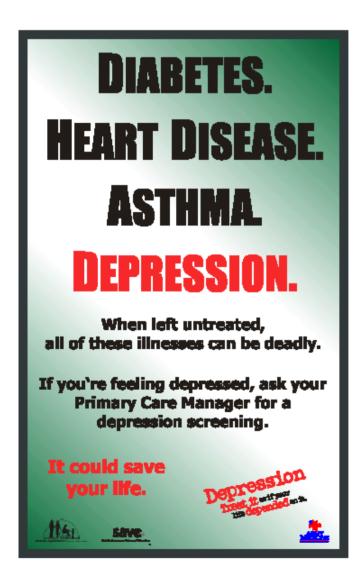
Mental Health Provider Response

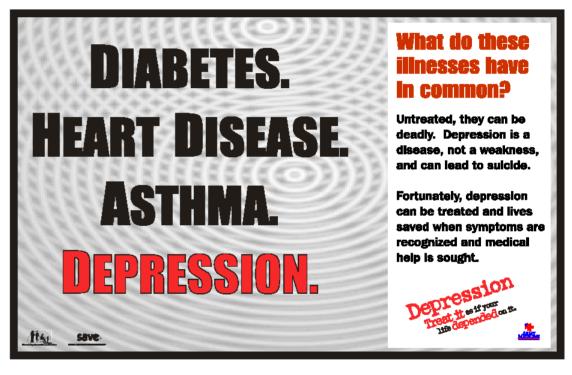
- 1. Diagnostic impression
- 2. Recommended meds
- 3. Recommended therapies
- 4. Patient education
- 5. Primary care recommendations

Tools: Patient Education Materials

- **★ Clinic posters**
- **★** Depression videotapes
- **★ Self-management brochure**
- **★ Patient & family information brochure**

Patient Posters





"Just snap out of it"

Snapping out of depression is as likely as talking yourself out of a heart attack. Depression is a serious liness that needs medical attention. Left untreated, depression can lead to suicide.

Fortunately, depression can be treated and livee saved when symptoms are recognized.

Some Symptoms Include:

- T Little Interest or Pleasure in Activities
- ▼ Hard to Think or Concentrate
- * Feeling Worthless
- Trouble Making Decisions
- Feeling Restless or Nervous
- T Changes in Eating and/or Sleeping Patterns
- 💎 Fatigue or No Energy
- Thoughts of Death or Suicide

If you or comeone you know has these symptoms for more than two weeks, ask your primary care provider for a depression acreening.

Patient Posters

Sometimes, it's not just a bad day.

Everyone has a bad day now and then. When that bad day lasts for weeks, it's time to see your primary care provider.

Like asthma, heart disease, or diabetes, depression can be a serious illness.

Left untreated, it can lead to suicide.

Har save







Patient Posters

It's not simply mind over matter.

Thoughts Fatigue or No Energy? Little Interest or Pleasure in Activities? Feeling Worthless? Suicide? Too Little or Too Trouble Much Sleep? Making Crest it as if your Decisions? He depended on it. Recent Weight Loss or Gain? Hard to Think or Concentrate? Feeling Bad Feeling Restless Thoughts About Yourself? or Nervous? of Death? If You Are Experiencing Any of These Symptoms, Talk To Your Primary Care Manager. Save.

an't be talked out of asthma, discase, diabetes or depression.

ssion is a serious illness that medical treatment.

're teeling depressed, ask your ry care provider for a depression ning.

could save vour life.

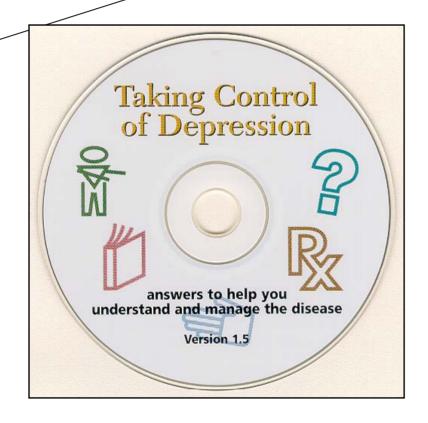


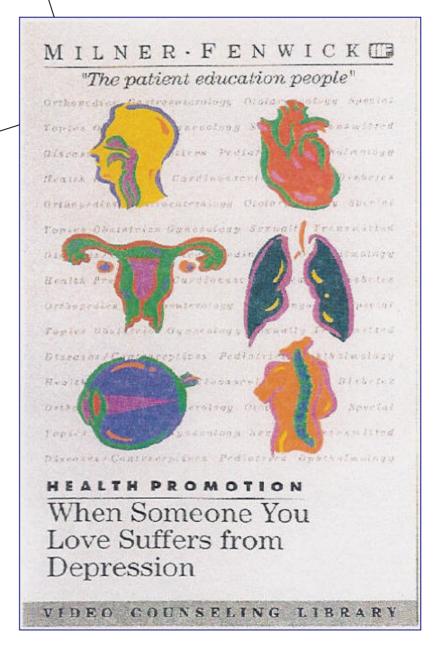






Depression Video and CD-ROW and





Patient & Family Education Brochure

Available in Spanish

Little Interest or Thoughts Pleasure in Activities? of Suicide? TOD Little pr Patigue or No Energy? Top Much Sleepf Feeling Worthless? Recent Weight ression Loss or Gain? rest it as if your life depended on it. Trouble Making Thoughts Feeling Bad Decisions? of Death? About Yourself? Hard to Think or Posling Restless Concentrate? or Nervous? If You Are Experiencing Any of These Symptoms, Talk To Your Primary Care Manager.

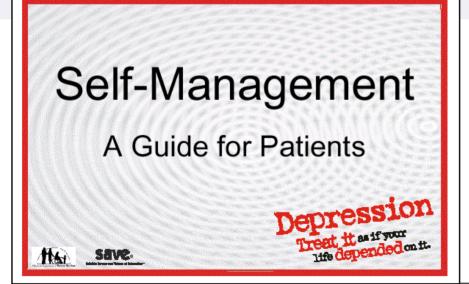
WHAT YOU and YOUR FAMILY SHOULD KNOW ABOUT DEPRESSION

- What is Major Depression? A medical illness, characterized by depression that is believed due to biochemical changes in brain function.
- Myths Major depression is not a trivial disorder, will not go away on its own and is not the result of personal weakness, laziness or lack of will power.
- Incidence Depression is one of the most common illnesses treated by health care professionals, affecting one out of every 20 people sometime in their lifetime.
- Risk Factors Females, people with a first degree relative with depression, people with a history of drug or alcohol abuse or people with a history of anxiety or eating disorders have an increased incidence of depression.
- Treatment Response Depression is very responsive to treatment through antidepressant medication, psychotherapy or a combination. People do get better.
- Medications All antidepressant medications take several weeks to produce their full effect.
- Medication Safety Antidepressants are safe when taken as prescribed and are not addicting.
- Medication Side Effects Discuss medication side effects or other problems with your primary care manager. Most problems can be resolved.
- Don't Drink alcohol, self-medicate, blame yourself or make major life decisions or changes during treatment.
- Do Get plenty of rest, exercise, eat regularly, socialize.

- Outpatient vs Inpatient Care Most depressions are successfully treated in the primary care manager's office. Inpatient hospitalization is generally reserved for patients who have delusions or hallucinations or are a danger to themselves or others.
- Consultation/Referral Sometimes a second opinion is required because a combination of treatments might work best, or the depression is severe or lasts a long time or the first treatment did not work well.
- Treatment Compliance Medication must be taken as directed, including dosage, frequency and length of time prescribed. Follow-up appointments with your primary care manager, mental health specialist or others need to be kept as scheduled.
- Suicide Thoughts of death often accompany depression. Always discuss this symptom with your primary care provider. If your provider is not available, tell a trusted friend or relative who can get you immediate emergency professional help.
- Communication Ask questions about treatment.
 Verbalize any concerns. Discuss with your primary care manager your feelings, activity, sleep and eating patterns, as well as unusual symptoms or physical problems.
- Recurrence Depression is often recurrent.
 Maintenance antidepressants are sometimes indicated.

VA/DoD Depression Clinical Practice Guideline April 2002





Date/Time of Today's Appointing	nt: D	ate/Time of Last Appoi	intment:
My Primary Care Manager is:		at the	Clini
Telephone:	Date/Time of Next Appo	intment:	
Since my last visit with my Pri	mary Care Manager I have	had the following sy	mptoms: (Check all that apply)
□ Depressed Mood □ Little Interest/Pleasure □ Feelings of Worthlessness □ Fatigue/Loss of Energy □ Other Symptoms: Health Care Concerns: I want to	Feelings of Guilt Crying Spells Indecisiveness Poor Concentration odiscuss the following con		☐ Insomnia ☐ Sleeping Too Much ☐ Homicidal Ideation ☐ Suicidal Plans ————————————————————————————————————
Medication Information: My antidepressant medication is: Side Effects I am experiencing a			se times:
Other medications I am taking:			
,		help me learn more at	out depression:
Educational Resources: I will r	ead or view the following to	_	
Educational Resources: I will r	ead or view the following to	ession Brochure (
Educational Resources: I will r CD-ROM "Taking Control of De Medication Information Hand Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services:	ead or view the following to pression" VA/DoD Deprout Depression V e following appointments, ii	ession Brochure () ideo () scheduled. Write in a Chaplain/Minister:_	Other: Dother: ppointment date and time.
Educational Resources: I will r CD-ROM "Taking Control of De Medication Information Hand Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services: Other Referral:	ead or view the following to pression*	ession Brochure (deo (deo (deo (deo (deo (deo (deo (de	Other: Dother: ppointment date and time.
Educational Resources: I will r CD-ROM "Taking Control of De Medication Information Hand Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services: Other Referral: Supportive Family or Friends: Name:	ead or view the following to pression*	ession Brochure () deo () scheduled. Write in a Chaplain/Minister: Substance Abuse P	Other:
Educational Resources: I will represent the control of De Medication Information Hands Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services: Other Referral: Supportive Family or Friends: Name: Emergency Contacts: Fill in Te Emergency Dept: I will contact a support friend or	ead or view the following to pression*	ession Brochure () deo () deo () deco	Other: Dother: ppointment date and time. rogram: Phone: Police/EMS:
Educational Resources: I will r CD-ROM "Taking Control of De Medication Information Hand Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services: Other Referral: Supportive Family or Friends: Name: Emergency Contacts: Fill in Te I will contact a support friend or side effects, suicidal thoughts or	ead or view the following to pression*	ession Brochure () deo () deo () deco	Other: Dother: ppointment date and time. rogram: Phone:
Medication Information Hands Referral Services: I will keep th Behavioral Health: Case Management Services: Other Referral: Supportive Family or Friends: Name: Emergency Contacts: Fill in Te	ead or view the following to pression*	ession Brochure () deo () deo () deco	Other: Dother: ppointment date and time. rogram: Phone: Police/EMS:

Patient Self-Management Folder

Tools: Primary Care Provider Info

- **★ Algorithms**
- **★** Depression Red Flags (urgent risk factors)
- **★** Cage-Aid (comorbid alcohol assessment)
- **★ SIG-E-CAPS (depression symptom assessment)**
- **★ Suicide & violence assessment**
- ★ Diagnostic criteria (MDD & Dysthymia)
- **★** Patient education guidance
- * Admission & referral criteria
- **★ Antidepressant Medication Table**

VA / DOD DEPRESSION PRACTICE GUIDELINE PROVIDER CARE CARD ANTIDEPRESSANT MEDICATION TABLE

Refer to pharmaceutical manufacturer's literature for full prescribing information

	Refer to pharmaceutical manufacturer's literature for full prescribing information							
	SEROTONIN SELECTIVE REUPTAKE INHIBITORS (SSRIs)							
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Citalopram	Celexa	20 mg	60 mg	Reduce dose		Nausea, Insomnia,		
Flucxetine	Prozac	20 mg	80 mg	for the elderly & those with renal	No serious systemio toxicity even after substantial overdose. Drug interactions may	n after headache, fatigue dizziness, sexual cons may dysfunction syrolic sants, loss, sweating, Gil pine & distress, tramor,	Response rate = 2 - 4 w/cs	AM daily dosing. Can be started at an effective dose immediately.
Paroxetine	Paxil	20 mg	50 mg	or hepatic failure				
Sertraline	Zoloft	50 mg	200 mg	nanca 4	include tricyclic antidepressants,			
on other medical	s differ substantially i	Antidepressant Medication in safety, tolerability and simple ICA (tricyclic antidepressant) ally when discontinuing these is	licity when u nonrespond		carbamazepine & warfarin.			minazazary.
		SEROTONIN and N	IOREPHIN	IEPHRINE RI	EUPTAKE INHIBIT	rors		
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Venlafaxine IR	Effexor IR	75 mg	375 mg	Reduce dose for the elderly & those with renal	for the elderly & No serious systemic	Take with food. Comparable to SSR is at low dose.		BID or TID dosing with IR.
Venlafaxine XR	Effexor XR	75 mg	375 mg	or hepatic failure	toxicity. Downtaper slowly to prevent clinically	Nausea, dry mouth, insomnia, arotiety, somnolence, head-	Response rate = 2 - 4 w/cs (4 - 7 days at	Daily dosing with XR. Can be started at
doses and adds th	e effect of an Norepi	cts like a Serotonin Selective nephrine Selective Reuptake li ve to TCAs or SSRIs. Taper d	nhibitor at his	gh doses.	ibitor at low syndrome. Few drug interactions.		-300 mg/day)	an effective dose (75 mg) Immediately.
		DOPAMINE and I	NOREPINE	PHRINE RE	JPTAKE INHIBITO	ORS		
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Bupropion - IR	Wellbutrin - IR	200 mg	450 mg	Reduce dose for the elderly & those with renal	Seizure risk at doses higher than max or with			BID or TID dosing. Increase dose
Bupropion - SR	Wellbutrin - SR	150 mg	400 mg	or hepatic failure	other drugs that increase seizure risk. Drug/drug interactions	Rarely bauses sexual dysfunction.	Response rate = 2 - 4 wks	gradually to decrease risk of seizures.
		a patient becoming manic. Do ia or anorexia. Can work in TC			uncommon.			Requires dose titration.
		NOREPINEPHR	RINE SELE	CTIVE REUF	TAKE INHIBITOR	ts		
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Desipramine *	Norpramin *	75 - 200 mg	300 mg	Reduce dose for the elderly &	Serious toxicity can		Response rate = 2 - 4 wks	Can be given QD. Can start
Nortriptyline *	Aventyl/Pamelor *	50 mg	150 mg	those with renal or hepatic	result from OD. Reserve Maprotiline as		Therapeutic levels:	effective dose immediately.
Maprotiline **	Ludiomil **	75 mg	225 mg	failure	a second-line agent due to risk of seizures	Generally Good.	Desipramine	Monitor serum level after one
	nine or Nortriptyline fi Tricyclic Antidepressar	rst in the elderly if TCAs are n its (SATCAs) ** Tetracyclic		nt	at therapeutic & nontherapeutic doses.		125-300 ng/mL Nortriptyline 50-150 ng/mL	week of treatment.





CARD A 2

VA / DOD DEPRESSION PRACTICE GUIDELINE PROVIDER CARE CARD ANTIDEPRESSANT MEDICATION TABLE

Refer to pharmaceutical manufacturer's literature for full prescribing information

		recier to priarmacedicari						
	SEROTONIN (5-H2A) RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST and WEAK SEROTONIN REUPTAKE INHIBITORS							
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Nefazodone *	Serzone *	200 mg	600 mg	Reduce dose for the elderly & those with renal	the elderly & No serious systemic	Somnolence, dizziness, fatigue, dry mouth, nausea, headache, constitution.		BID dosing. Requires dose
Trazodone	Desyrel	150 mg	600 mg	or hepatic failure	interact with agents that decrease arous al, impair cognitive		Response rate =	
Corrects sleep disturbance and reduces anxiety in about one week. * Caution - Nefazodone Specific-Monitor for signs & symptoms of liver dysfunction; consider LFT monitoring. Do not take with triazolam, alprazolam, pimozide, astemizole, cisapride & terfenadine due to increased plasma levels. If on Digoxin, monitor levels.				performance and interact with adrenerglo agents that regulate blood pressure.	impaired vision. Unlikely to cause sexual dysfunction.		titration.	
		MIXED REUPTA	KE and NI	EURORECEP	TOR ANTAGONIS	STS		
GENERIC	BRAND NAME	ADULT STARTING DOSE	MAX	EXCEPTION	SAFETY MARGIN	TOLERABILITY	EFFICACY	SIMPLICITY
Amitriptyline* Elavil, Endep * 50 - 100 mg 300 mg Reduce dose				Sedation, Increased				
Imipramine *	Tofranil *	75 mg	300 mg	for those with renal or hepatic	epatio result from OD.	effects, orthostatio =: hypotension, cardiac conduction Th	Response rate = 2 - 4 wks	Can be given
Doxepin *	Sinequan *	75 mg	300 mg	failure			Therapeutio	QD. Monitor serum level after
Highest response	These antidepressants are not recommended for use in the elderly. Highest response rates. TATCAs useful in chronic pain, migraine headaches & insomnia. * Tertiary Amine Tricyclic Antidepressants (TATCAs).					disturbances, anrhythmia & wt gain, dizziness, sexual dysfunction.	Levels: Impramine 200-350 ng/mL	one week of treatment.

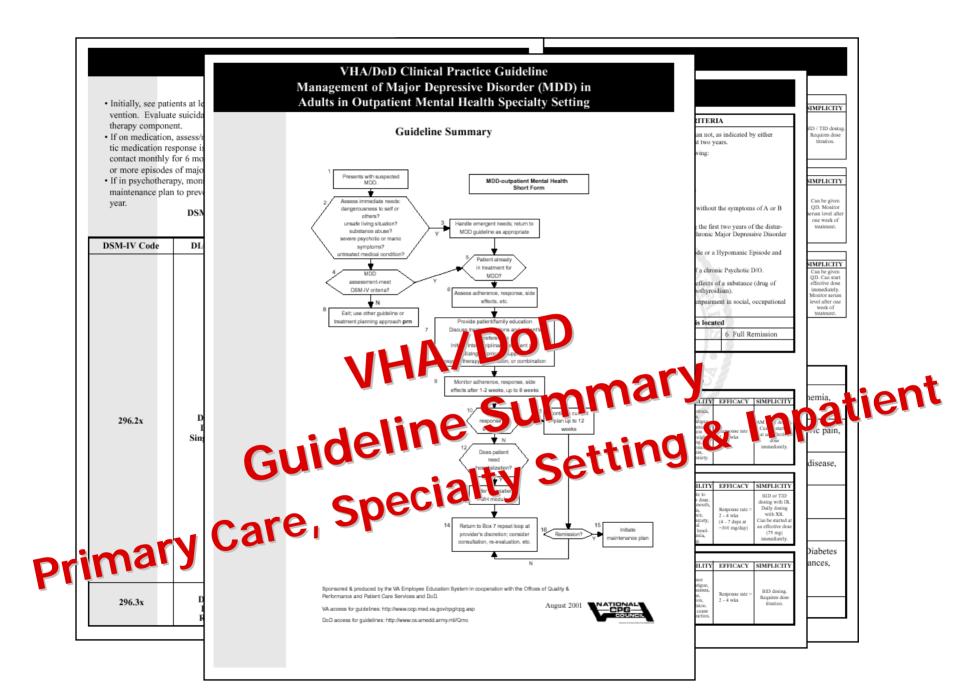
CAUTION: In rare cases initiating or titrating routine antidepressant medication can precipitate a manic episode in some individuals.

CAUTION: if patient is currently receiving an MAOI consult/refer to a behavioral health physician for medication prescribing.

NOTE: Antidepressant Medication Information current as of February 2002. May become outdated.

MEDICATIONS THAT CAN CAUSE DEPRESSION							
QUALITY of EVIDENCE	STRENGTH of RECOMMENDATION	DRUG / DRUG CLASS					
I	В	Amphetamine withdrawal, Anabolic Steroids, Digitalis, Glucocorticoids					
I	С	Cocaine withdrawal					
II-1	С	eserpine					
II-2	A	onadotropin-releasing agonists, Pimozide					
II-2	В	Propanolol (Beta Blockers)					
II-2	С	ACE Inhibitors, Antihyperlipidemics, Benzodiazepines, Cimetidine, Ranitidine, Clonidine, Cycloserine, Interferons, Levodopa, Methyldopa, Metoclopramide, Oral Contraceptives, Topiramate, Verapamil, (Calcium Channel Blockers)					

Although there is little published information on alternative medicines causing depression, consideration should also be given to herbal, nutritional, vitamins and body building supplements, particularly when consumed in large doses.



VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline for Mana of Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: Inp

POCKET GUIDE

Evaluate & treat/stabilize emergency cond Suicidal risk, violent behavior, unstable medical condition, comorbid substance ab

Conduct comprehensive evaluation

Hx, MSE, PE, laboratory Meets criteria for inpatient admission? DSM-IV diagnosis of depression

Initiate treatment for depression

Antidepressant Tx in adequate dose & dura (SSRI first line medication)

ECT if primary indication present (psychotic featu stupor, severe suicidality, other)

Evaluate treatment by decre

Reevaluate daily. If sub-optimal uspruse, seliside strategy for refractory depression 1x. Change antider T3, Li, Co3, trazodone, bupropion, anticonvolsa If depressive symptoms have responded to initial Tx step down to less restrictive en a proper stability ment of symplactic and for the stability of the setting; no acute manifestation of intent to harm se support level allows active participation in after

If discharge criteria met, ensure appropriate continuity of aftercare & discharge to appropriate to the continuity of aftercare and the continuity of a state of the continuity of the co

VA access to full guidelines: http://www.oqp.med.va.gov/cpg/cpg.htm DoD access to full guidelines: http://www.cs.amedd.army.mil/Qmo Sponsored & produced by the VA Employee Education System in co the Offices of Quality & Performance and

Patient Care Services and DoD November 2001

VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline for Management of Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: Primary Care

POCKET GUIDE

Positive Depression Screen

Emergencies?

Depressive Episode?

Contributing Factors?

("DSM") Disease, Substances, Meds

Optimize Managment of "DSMs"

Provide Education, Discussion Options

Joint The There

Determine Locus of Car

Initia and a value of the largery 1-2 weeks

Assess Response at 4-6 weeks Adjust Therapy

Reassess Response at 12 Weeks

Consider Consultation/Referral for Incomplete Response

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Patient Care Services and DoD

Clinical Practice Guideline for Management of or Depressive Disorder in Adults: Outpatient

POCKET GUIDE

Evaluate for serious immediate needs

unsafe living situation, substance abuse, psychosis, untreated medical andle as needed before continuing MDD assessment and treatment

Assess for MDD

criteria for diagnosis; include other testing as needed pression Inventory, CES-D)

ressive episode. 5 or more of "sig-e-caps" for at least two weeks symptoms must be
interest and/or depressed mood)

Interests (→), Guilt, Energy (→), Concentration (→),

Suicidal ideas.

MDD treatm at stient referred from other provider: adher-

+ 00

tion, discuss treatment opt busing of the those therapy at and if appropriate factors: Emerging the first of the combination and the first of the combination of the

py as planned with patient and interdisciplinary team

ent response every 1-2 weeks

ment in 6 weeks, reevaluate, considering other MDD treatments indiagnosed comorbid conditions

continue current treatment up to 12 weeks

ssion around 12 weeks afterinitiation of therapy

12 weeks, institute maintenance plan

but not remitted, continue therapy with timetable for ission

ing or not remitted after expected time exceeded, reevaluate, ther MDD treatments and possible undiagnosed comorbid

guidelines: http://www.oqp.med.va.gov/cpg/cpg.htm ill guidelines: http://www.cs.amedd.army.mil/Qmo

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November 2001



VHA/DoD Key Points Cards Primary Care, Specialty & Inpatient

VA/DøD Clinical Practice Guideline for Management of Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: Inpatient Care

- 1. Evaluate and trea
 - Suicidal risk
 - Violent behar
- Conduct compre
 - ➤ History, MSI
 - Meets criteri
 - > DSM-IV dia:
- Initiate treatment
 - Antidepressa (SSRI is cons
 - ECT if prima (psychotic fea

VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline Management of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) in Adults: Outpatient Mental Health Specialty Setting

- Evaluate for serious i Dangerousness, unsafe condition - handle as n
- 2. Assess for MDD
 - Use DSM-IV criteria t (e.g. Beck Depression

Assess for depressive (1 or 2 of the 5 symp Sleep (__or __), Inter Psychomotor changes

Assess current MDD response, and side eff

VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline for Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: Primary Care

- Screening Routine in primary care. ("yes" to either Q below = positive screen)
 - YES/NO: During the past month, have you often been bothered by feeling down, depressed, or hopeless?
 - YES/NO: During the past month, have you often been bothered by little interest or pleasure in doing things?
- Consider for emergent triage: Delirium, acute or marked psychosis, severe depression (e.g. catatonia, malnourishment), acute danger to self or others, or unstable acute medical conditions.
- Assess for "red flags". High index of suspicion for depression if...
 unexplained symptoms, chronic illness, decreased function, hx of abuse/neglect,
 family hx, significant losses, other psychiatric problems

Pilot Sites Depression Guideline

- ★ Ireland Army Community Hospital Fort Knox
- **★ Walter Reed Army Medical Center**
- ★ DeWitt Army Community Hospital Fort Belvoir
- **★ Tripler Army Medical Center**
- **★ Madigan Army Medical Center (informal)**

Piloting Process

- ★ Local administrative and clinical "champions"
- **★ Local implementation plan**
- **★** Coordination calls
- ★ Site assessments at approximately 3 and 6 months
- **★** Tools are improved based on experience
- ★ Lessons learned are collated for general dissemination

Lessons Learned Depression Piloting

- ★ Champion 'transitions' and institutional knowledge
- **★** Assessment form only necessary if patients screen positive
- **★** Forms under-utilized automation will help
- ★ Referral form viewed as unnecessary
- ★ Need to bundle 'like' guidelines for implementation planning
- ★ Behavioral health satellite broadcast in Sep 02

Concluding Review

- ★ Why a guideline for depression?
- **★ Main guideline elements**
- **★ Guideline tools**
- **★** Guideline piloting

Performance Measures

★ <u>Detection</u>

Percent of patients seen in a general medicine, or primary care clinic who were screened for depression during the previous twelve (12) months.

* Assessment

Percent of patients diagnosed with a depressive disorder during the previous 12 months.

Performance Measures

* Treatment

Percent of patients newly diagnosed with and treated for major depressive disorder past twelve (12) months who continue on prescribed medication for at least 90 days in the next 120 days or at had least eight (8) psychotherapy sessions in the next 180 days.

Performance Measures

★ Effectiveness

Percent of patients who were seen during the past 12 months with a diagnosis of major depression who have a systematic symptom assessment at 12 weeks following diagnosis or if in remission by week 12, a systematic symptom assessment at the time of the documented remission.

For More Information:

VHA and MEDCOM Website URLs:

- **★ MEDCOM Depression Guidelines Main Page:** www.qmo.amedd.army.mil/depress/depress.htm
- **★ Toolkit and Supply Ordering Information:**www.qmo.amedd.army.mil
- **★ VHA Guidelines Home Page:**www.oqp.med.va.gov/cpg/cpg.htm