

LEED Lessons Learned

2006 Efficient Electro-Technology Exposition & Conference



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LEED Lessons Learned

1. Start Early
2. Process Matters
3. Understanding and Fulfilling the Owner's Requirements
4. LEED Documentation
5. Operating & Maintaining a Green Building

1. Start Early



Eco Charrette

Goal Setting

Opportunities Assessment

Eco-Charrette



- Sets green building goals
- Identifies strategies
- Fosters integrated design process
- Develops working relationships
- Creates “stakeholders”



Eco-Charrette



Sets green building goals

“Building as an educational tool”

“Market differentiation”

“Provide healthy interiors”

“Provide daylight and views to all building occupants”

“Minimum 10% ROI”

“Increase worker productivity”

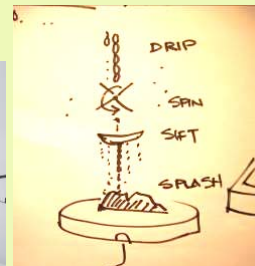
“Timeless, long-lasting and durable”

Eco-Charrette



Identifies strategies

- Identify site and program challenges
- Look for opportunities
- Create synergies
- Inventory benefits
- Develop action plan



Eco-Charrette



Develops working relationships
Creates “stakeholders”



2. Process Matters



Communication

Integrated Design

Case Studies

1. Stoller Winery
2. Armory
3. Kelly Engineering
4. Providence

Green Building Process



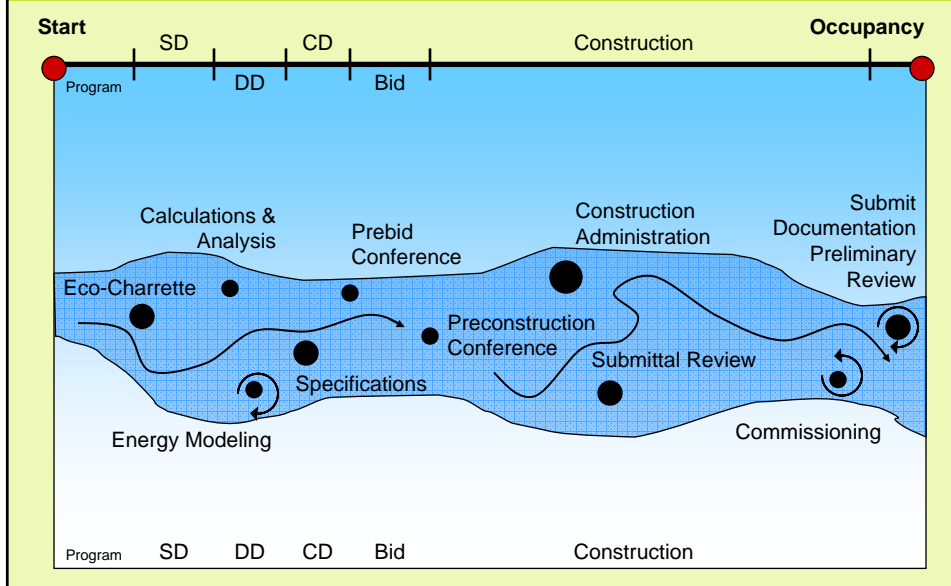
Conventional Process

- Design to meet code minimum standards
- Specifications to meet quality and performance standards
- Construction administration to verify and document compliance with CDs

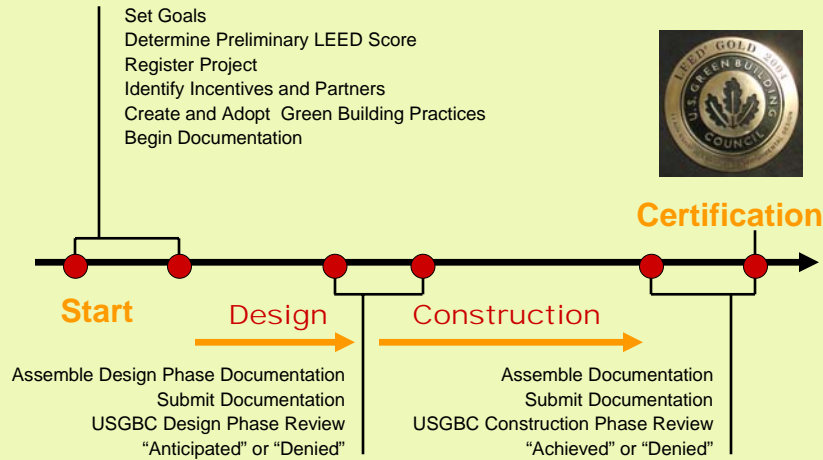
Green Process

- Design to meet optimized environmental performance standards
- Specifications to meet expanded quality and performance standards
- Construction administration to verify and document compliance with CDs

Green Building Process



LEED-NC v2.2 Certification Process



3. Understanding and Fulfilling the Owner's Requirements



OPR: Owner's Projects Requirements

- Defines owners desires for the buildings performance
- Occupant needs and specific task needs
- HVAC, plumbing and electrical
- Temperature, humidity, air quality
- Daylighting, lighting, glare
- Etc...

BOD: Basis of Design

- Design team's response to owner's requirements
- Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing system narrative

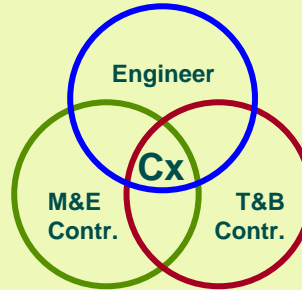
Commissioning



Conventional M&E Process



Green M&E Process



LEED Commissioning



EA Prerequisite 1: Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning

EA Credit 3: Enhanced Commissioning

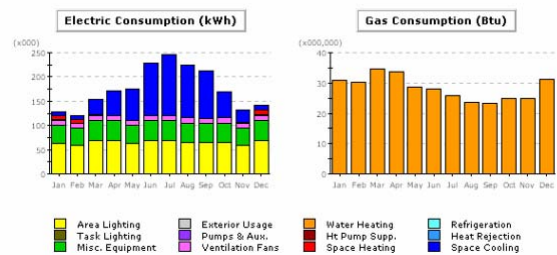
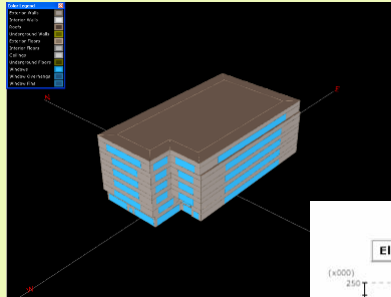
- **Intent**
 - Verify and ensure that fundamental building elements and systems are designed, installed and calibrated to operate as intended.



Energy Modeling



Computer simulation of energy use in a building



Energy Modeling



What are the inputs from the design team?

Architect

- Analysis of the Objective (Why are we performing this analysis?)
- Site and Weather Data
- Building (Architectural) Data like form, materials, structure etc.

Engineer

- Internal Loads
- HVAC Equipment performance

Owner

- Building Operations and Schedule (present or proposed)
- Utility Rates

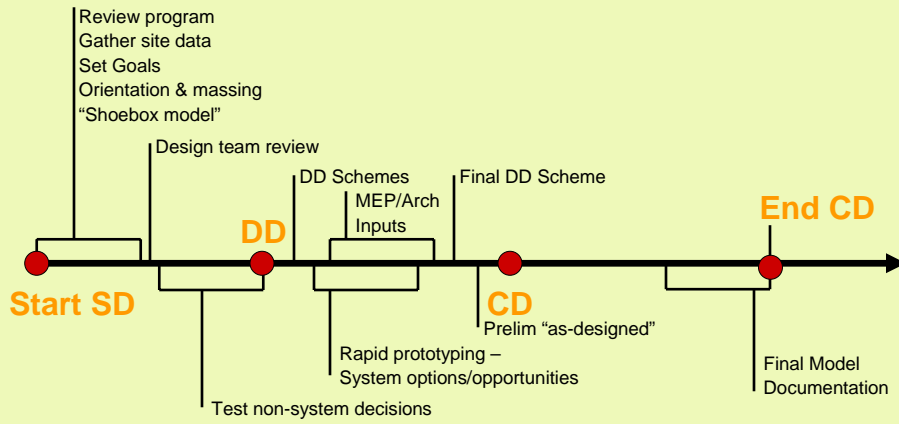
Modeler

- Weather Data
- Building geometry
- EEMs

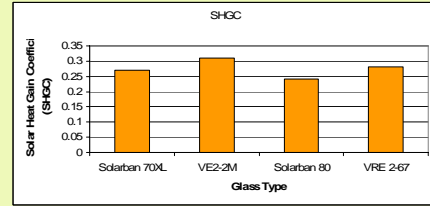
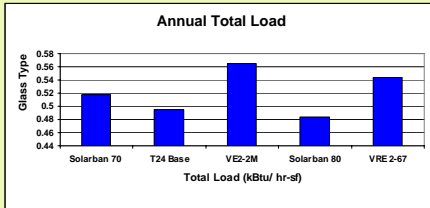
Energy Modeling



What is the process and how is the design team best involved and when?



SoCal Tower Glazing Analysis

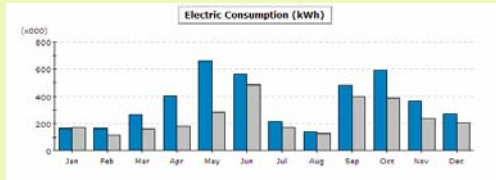


Glass	SHGC	winter u-value
Solarban 70XL	0.27	0.29
VE2-2M	0.31	0.29
Solarban 80	0.24	0.29
VRE 2-67	0.28	0.30

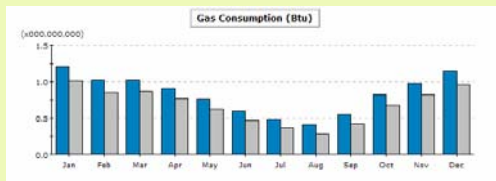
Glass	% Opacity of Building (Window to Wall Ratio)	Annual Cooling Load (kBtu/ hr-sf)	Annual Heating Load (kBtu/ hr-sf)	Annual Total Load (kBtu/ hr-sf)
Solarban 70	20%	0.2512	0.2666	0.5178
T24 Base	n/a	0.2349	0.2597	0.4946
VE2-2M	20%	0.2787	0.2860	0.5648
Solarban 80	20%	0.2331	0.2510	0.4840
VRE 2-67	20%	0.2412	0.3021	0.5432



Condominium



Electric (x 000 kWh)	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
ASHRAE	166	163.9	267.5	402	661.9	563.4	213.4	135.7	479.7	589.1	361.8	272.5
Proposed	168.8	114.2	162.5	182.2	279.3	483.2	169.6	125.9	394.8	387.7	239.3	202



Gas (x 000,000,000 Btu)	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
ASHRAE	1.21	1.02	1.02	0.91	0.76	0.59	0.48	0.41	0.55	0.82	0.98	1.14
Proposed	1.01	0.86	0.87	0.77	0.62	0.47	0.36	0.29	0.42	0.68	0.82	0.96



ECB – Elliot Center



ECB Table

Energy Summary by End Use

End Use	Energy Type	Proposed Building		Budget Building		Optimized Energy Performance (%)
		Energy (MBtu/yr)	Peak (kBTU/hr)	Energy (MBtu/yr)	Peak (kBTU/hr)	
Lighting - Conditioned	Elec.	83.45		136.67		61%
Lighting - Task	Elec.	-		-		
Space Heating	Gas	0.44		0.46		98%
Space Cooling	Elec.	19.16		21.93		87%
Pumps	Elec.	0.68		0.68		100%
Heat Rejection						
Fans - Interior Ven						
Fans - Interior Ex						
Service Water He						
Office Equipment	Elec.	194.01		197.76		98%
Elevators & Escalator						
Refrigeration (food, etc)						
Cooking (commercial)						
TOTAL BUILDING CONSUMPTION		347.0		561.6		62%

Regulated Energy and Cost Summary by Fuel Type

Type	DEC* Use (MBtu/yr)	DEC* Cost (\$)	ECB* Use (MBtu/yr)	ECB* Cost (\$)	DEC* / ECB* Energy %	DEC* / ECB* Cost %
Electricity	153	\$ 2,254	364	\$ 5,406	42%	42%
Natural Gas	2	\$ 304	2	\$ 306	99%	99%
Other						
Total Nonrenewable	155	2,557	366	5,712		
Renewable						
Total including Renewable	155	\$ 2,557	366	\$ 5,712		

$\$ 2,557$ 366 $\$ 5,712$
Percent Savings = (ECB' \$ -DEC' \$)/ECB' \$ = 55.23%

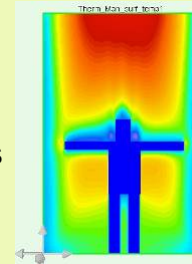
CFD



What can we use CFD for?

Architectural Applications –

- Thermal Comfort
- Airflow in and around buildings
- Convective and radiation heat transfer among building components – effectiveness of radiant heating and cooling systems.
- Natural Ventilation Design
- Displacement Ventilation design
- Urban air pollution and contaminants analysis

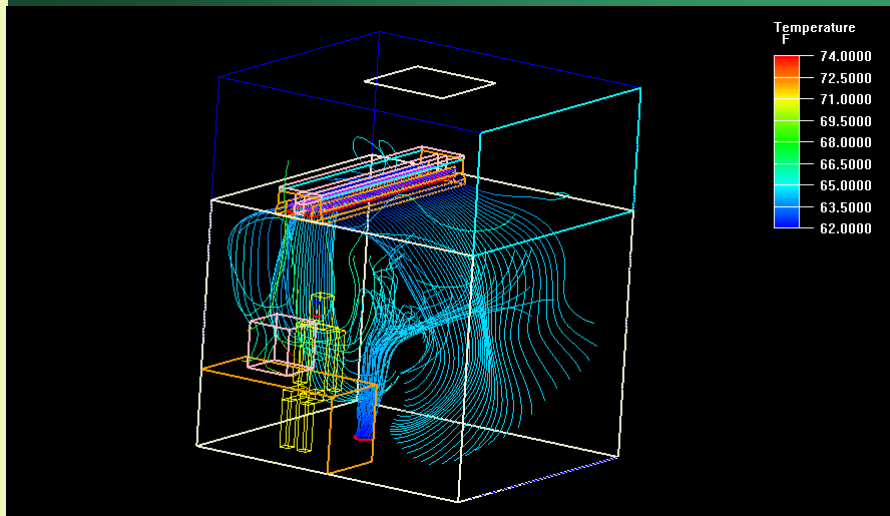


CFD – Armory PSC

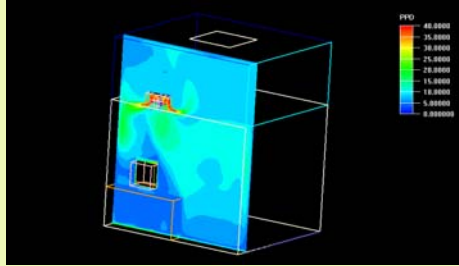


Airflow Patterns

SUMMER



CFD – Armory PSC

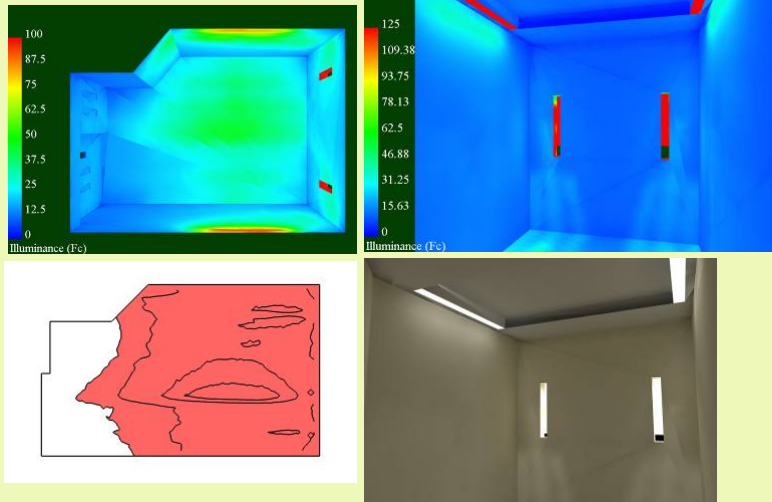


Daylighting and Energy

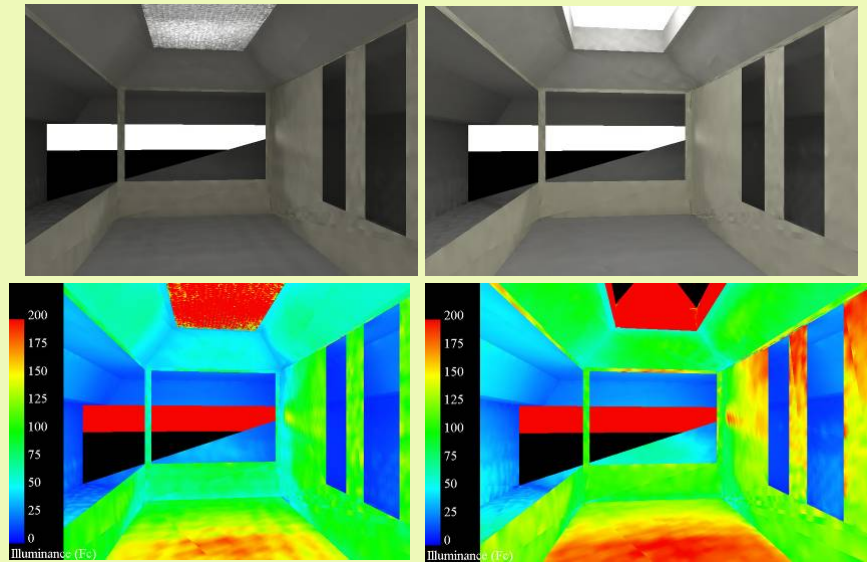
How does Daylight Analysis factor in the Energy Analysis?

- Daylight modeling for good lighting design – generate required light levels (foot-candles)
- Provides data for most efficient lighting plan – W/sf
- W/sf plugged in to an energy model – impacts:
 - Lighting energy consumption
 - Heating and cooling loads
 - Peak demands and equipment sizing

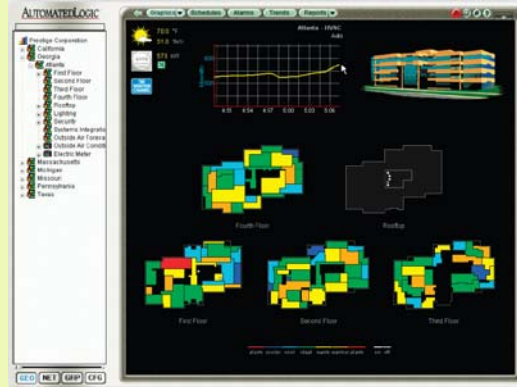
Daylighting and Energy



Daylighting and Energy



Measurement & Verification



- Define M&V scope
- Develop M&V Plan
- Include measurement devices in specifications
- Future building operator involvement is essential because they will be executing the M&V plan

4. Documentation

Start early - pre-design to construction

Who is involved?

- Owner
- Architect, Interior Designer
- MEP Engineer, Energy Modeler, Cx Agent
- Civil Engineer, Landscape Architect
- General Contractor
- Etc...

LEED Online is live!



New
Way

-VS-

Old
Way

LEED Online



- The project Administrator registers project with the USGBC (www.usgbc.org)
- Administrator invites team members via email through the LEED-Online 'Team Member' page
- Team members register and accept invitation
- Administrator gives team members roles (architect, contractor, mechanical, plumbing, etc.)

INVITE SOMEONE TO JOIN THIS PROJECT
 Enter in an individual's email address and they will be invited to register as a USGBC user. Once they have registered, you will be able to add them as a Project Team Member. If you need more instructions for joining this project.

Email Address:

MANAGE TEAM ROLES
 Add, remove, and modify your project team roles. Once created, these roles can be identified.

Team Role

- Client
- Owner
- Developer
- Cost Consultant
- Broker
- Tenant
- Project Manager
- Architect

LEED Online



- Team members are assigned to credits and become the responsible party for those credits
- Team members download letter template from LEED-Online
- Once complete, the responsible team member uploads the Letter Template and documentation to LEED-Online.
- The Project Administrator can track the status of all attempted credits in "Credit Scorecard & Status" and submit the project for review at the appropriate time.

0	MR	Credit 4.1-4.2	Recycled Content	Contractor
0	MR	Credit 5.1-5.2	Regional Materials	Contractor
0	MR	Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	Contractor
0	MR	Credit 7	Certified Wood	Contractor

Documentation



Creating a good submission



The 4 C's

- Clear
- Consistent
- Concise
- Complete

Documentation



Creating a good submission



Clear

- Legibility
- Highlight pertinent information
- Organize coherently

Documentation



Creating a good submission

Consistent

- Use the same information throughout
- Related prerequisites/credits data:
 - Project site area and site credits
 - Occupant numbers for SSc4 and WEc3
 - Impervious areas for SSc6 and SSc7.1
 - Dollar values for MRc3 - MRc7
 - Energy usage - EAp2, EAc1, EAc2, EAc6

Documentation



Consistent

Project Information			
Project Name	Bonneville Power Administration Ampere Annex		
Location	Ross Complex, Vancouver, Washington		
LEED™ Project Number	1166		

Site Characteristics			
Site Area [acres]	.55 acre	Unbuilt Site Area [acres]	.48 acre
Building Square Footage [SF]	3000 sf	Building Footprint [SF]	3000 sf

Building Occupancy		Parking Characteristics	
Estimated Male Occupants	1	Parking Area [acres]	.13 acres
Estimated Female Occupants	4	Parking Footprint [SF]	.13 acres
Annual Work Days	260		

Design Case Table						
Flush Fixture	Daily Uses	Flowrate [GPF]	Duration [flush]	Auto Controls	Occupants	Water Use [gal]
Dual Flush (Avg.)						
Male WC-1	3	1.1	1	--	1	3
Female WC-1	3	1.1	1	--	4	13

Documentation



Creating a good submission

Concise

- Succinct and to the point narratives
- Minimize extraneous information

Complete

- Documentation as required or recommended
- Sufficient to demonstrate compliance

Documentation



Complete

WE Credit 3.1: Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction

Intent

Maximize water efficiency within buildings to reduce the burden on municipal water supply and wastewater systems.

Requirements

Employ strategies that in aggregate use 20% less water than the water use baseline calculated for the building (not including irrigation) after meeting Energy Policy Act of 1992 fixture performance requirements. (1 point)

Submittals

- Provide cut sheets for all water consuming fixtures necessary for the occupancy use of the building, with water conservation specifications highlighted. Demonstrate that plumbing fixtures meet or exceed fixture performance requirements of the Energy Policy Act of 1992.
- Provide a water budget calculation demonstrating that occupancy based potable water consumption is reduced by 20% over baseline conditions.

Supporting Documents

- Calculations see Calculator WEc3
- Drawings
- Specifications Clackamas High School specifications section 15440
- Cut Sheets Manufacturer's cut sheets of installed fixtures with flow rates highlighted
- Other

5. Operating & Maintaining a Green Building



- Post Occupancy Evaluations
- Operations & Maintenance
- Policies
- Purchasing
- Measurement & Verification
- Environmental Management Systems

Case Studies

Case Studies

Gerding Theater
LEED Platinum 2006
 PA: GBD Architects
 Project Size: 55,000 Sq. Ft.
 Project Cost: \$ NA



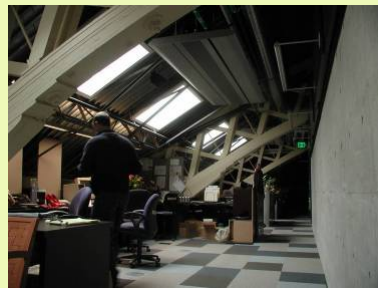
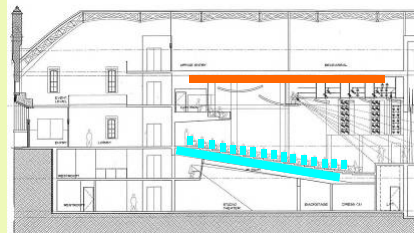
<u>LEED Credit Category</u>	Achieved
Sustainable Sites	11
Water Efficiency	5
Energy and Atmosphere	10
Material and Resources	8
Indoor Environmental Quality	14
Innovation in Design	5
Total	53

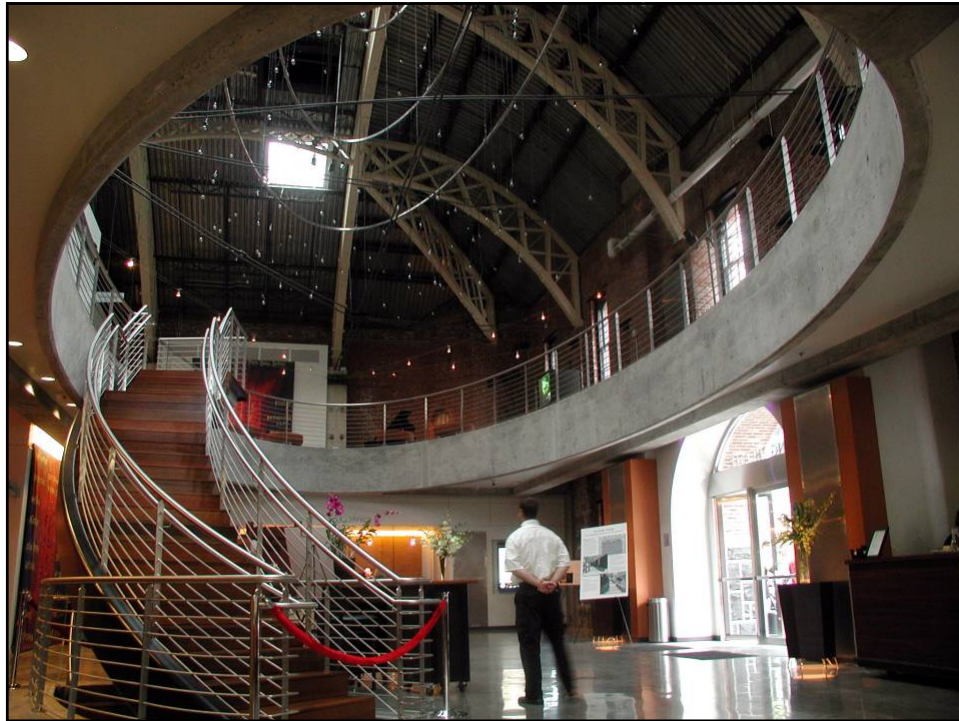
The Gerding Theater - Armory



- Indoor Environmental Quality

- Integrated daylight dimming of electrical lights in office spaces.
- Efficient luminaires in office spaces.
- Met LEED's minimum 2% daylight factor thresholds for 75% of spaces.
- Displacement ventilation





Case Studies



Stoller Winery

Dayton, Oregon Ernest R. Munch Architect LLC



LEED Gold Certified



- 75% Energy Cost Savings
- PVs produce 40% of building energy
- Access to Daylight and Views
- Restoration of native meadow
- Recycled Content Materials
- Water Efficient fixtures
- Carbon dioxide monitoring

Case Studies



Providence Newberg Medical Center

Newberg, Oregon Providence Health System



- 28% Energy Cost Savings
- 100% Green Power purchased
- Use of native and adapted vegetation
- Recycled Content Materials
- Stormwater management plan
- Carbon dioxide monitoring

LEED Gold Certified

KELLEY ENGINEERING Oregon State University



Sustainable Site + Water

- Building orientation to maximize daylighting opportunities
- Stormwater planters and permeable pavers decrease runoff
- Rainwater capturing from roof drains used to flush toilets and urinals
- Challenge of preserving the trees



Daylighting

Atrium

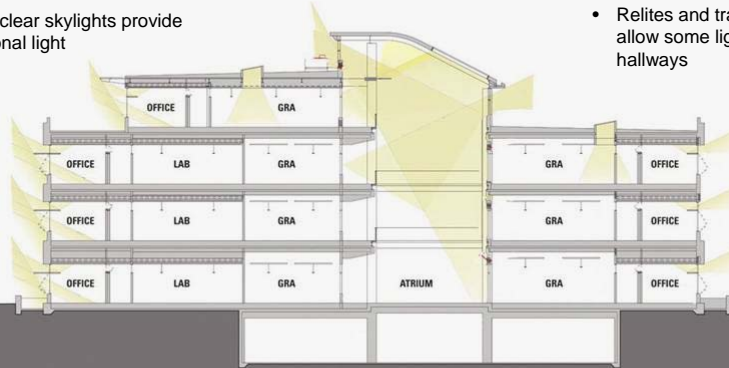
- Clerestory window and light shelf at south provides controlled south light
- Clerestory window at north provides more diffused light
- Large clear skylights provide additional light

Graduate Student Offices

- Receive light from the atrium
- Top floor has translucent skylights to bring light into the back of the space

Faculty Offices

- Sunscreens and light shelves at south
- Light shelves only at north
- Relites and transoms allow some light into hallways



SOUTH SIDE

NORTH SIDE

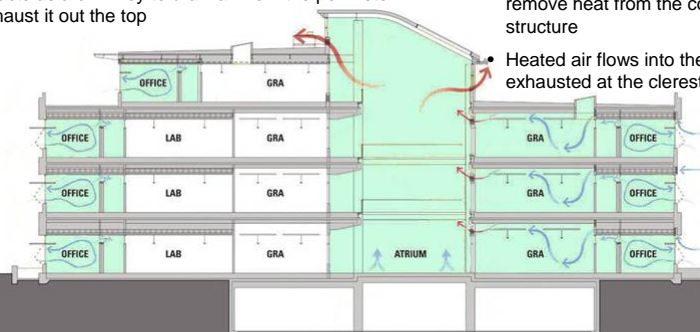
Natural Ventilation

Perimeter offices are ventilated with operable windows

- Operable windows are controlled by the HVAC system
- Graduate student offices on north are ventilated with transfer ducts routed over the perimeter offices
- Atrium acts as a chimney to draw air from the perimeter and exhaust it out the top

Night Flushing

- Concrete structure soaks up heat during the day
- Windows and transfer ducts open at night to allow air into the building to remove heat from the concrete structure
- Heated air flows into the atrium to be exhausted at the clerestory louvers



SOUTH SIDE

NORTH SIDE

MECHANICAL ECONOMIZER CYCLE NIGHT TIME ZONE

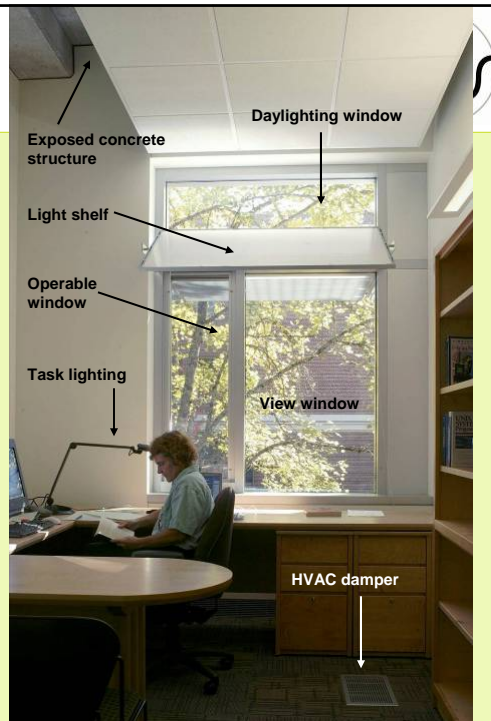
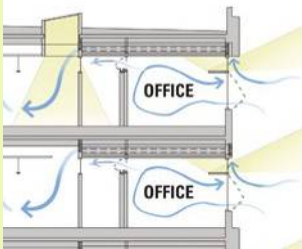
MECHANICALLY CONDITIONED ZONE

NATURAL VENTILATION NIGHT TIME FLUSH ZONE

MECHANICAL ECONOMIZER CYCLE NIGHT TIME ZONE

Perimeter Offices + Hallways

- Operable windows at exterior are controlled by HVAC, but have a manual override function
- When windows are open, HVAC damper in access floor closes
- Operable transom windows allow air and light into the hallways
- Sunscreens at south provide shading from high angle sun
- Light shelves balance light levels in the space and rotate for ease of cleaning
- Photocell dimming and occupancy sensors
- Task lights supplement ambient lighting



Clackamas High School



Clackamas, OR

First LEED certified high school in Oregon - Silver rating.



Grades 9-12
 Students 1,800
 Area: 250,000 SF
 Overall Cost: \$30M

BOORA Architects

Daylighting Analysis



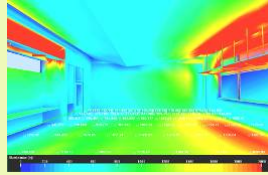
January 1 | 12:00pm | Clear Sky



March 1 | 12:00pm | Clear Sky



September 1 | 12:00pm | Clear Sky



Daylighting Analysis



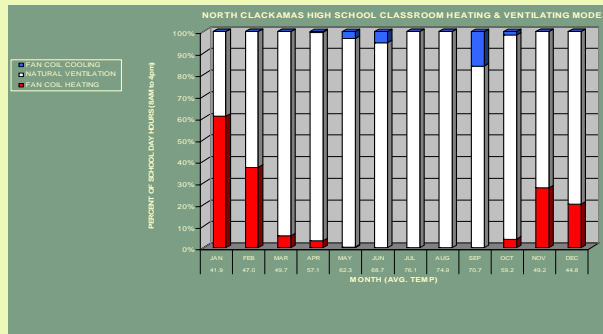
Lighting Lab



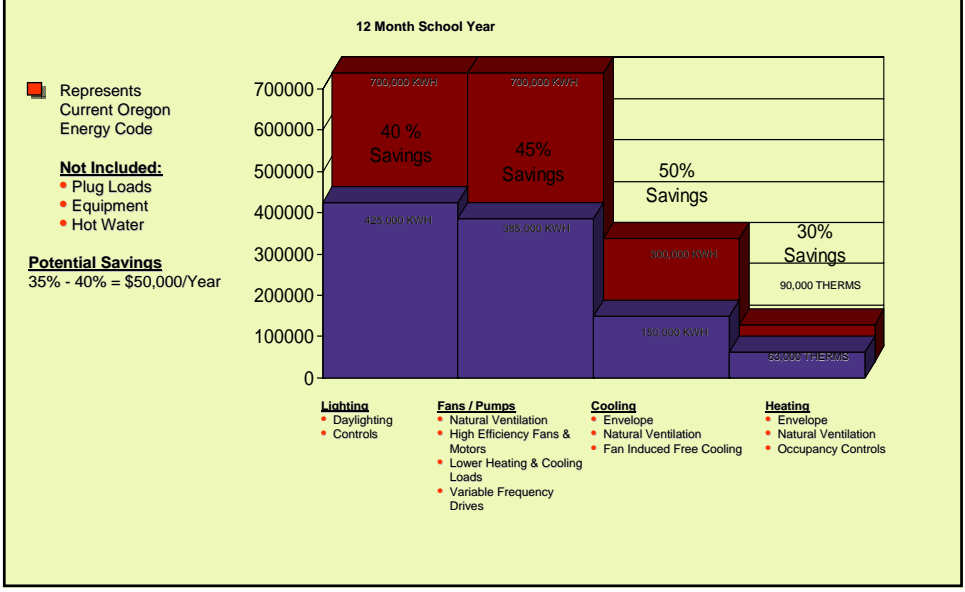
Classroom Heating + Ventilating Modes



- At 45 degrees full heating.
- Includes December, March and June Vacations.



Potential Energy Savings



Registered & Certified Schools



180+ schools registered under LEED-NC

30 K-12 schools certified under LEED-NC (as of Sept. 2006)

- Third Creek Elementary School
Statesville, NC (Gold)
- Langston-Brown High School
Continuation & Community Center
Arlington, VA (Silver)
- Goodwillie Environmental School
Grand Rapids, MI (Certified)
- Clackamas High School
Clackamas, OR (Silver)
- Baca/Dlo'ay azhi Community School
Prewitt, NM (Certified)



Langston-Brown HS

Kulamalu Town Center



Reduction in potable water use for irrigation

100%

Stormwater managed on-site

100%

Water use reduction compared to EPA 1992

89%

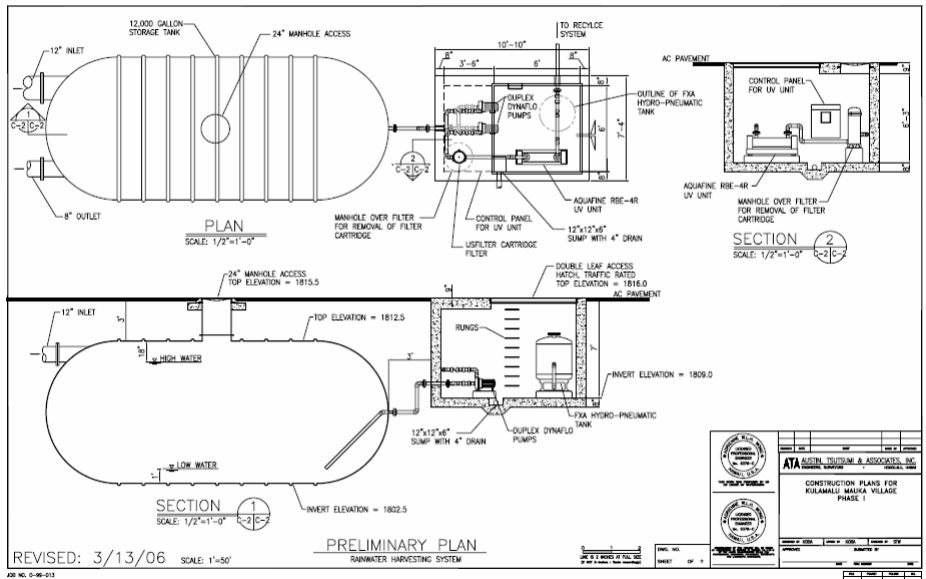
Energy cost reduction compared to ASHRAE 90.1-1999

35%



- Seeking LEED Silver to Gold

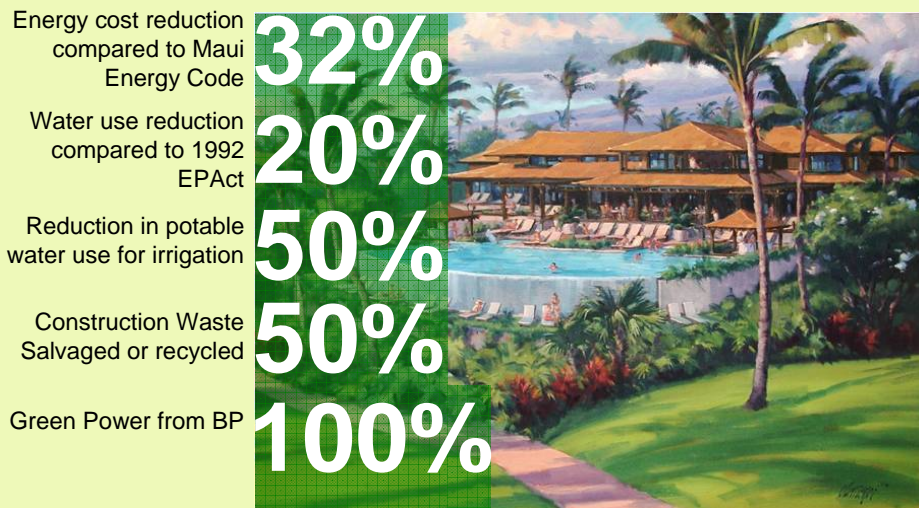
Kulamalu Town Center



Makena Resort

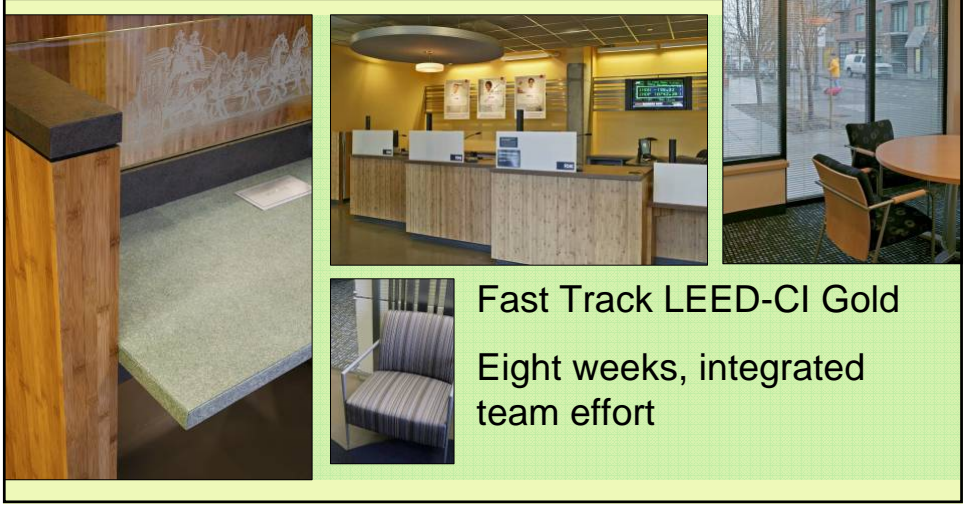


Makena Recreation Center



- Seeking LEED Gold


Wells Fargo Pearl District Achieved LEED Gold



Fast Track LEED-CI Gold
Eight weeks, integrated team effort

Wells Fargo Pearl District

- **Energy:** lighting is 25% better than code
- **Water:** 63% reduction over EPAC
- **IAQ**
 - 100% of materials are low emitting
 - 96% of employees have access to views



The Next Stage[®]

At Wells Fargo's Pearl District store, our favorite color is **GREEN**... for more than one reason.

This store was built using a number of environmentally friendly practices and incorporates a number of recycled materials. For instance:

Location
 This store is located in a dense urban setting with easy access to mass transit, street car and to met.

Finishes
 Milliken carpet, environmentally sensitive product with an innovative backing system allow installation with no mastic.
 Esparico cork & rubber flooring, 70% cork and 30% rubber, cork is a rapidly renewable resource.
 Miller Panel has zero VOCs, volatile organic compounds, which are the main component of indoor air pollutants.
 The face of teller row is bamboo, a rapidly renewable resource.
 The Armstrong acoustical ceiling tile ceiling has a high recycled material content.
 The transaction surface of teller row is made of recycled newspaper and a no-VOC resin.
 The check writing stand surface is made of recycled money and a no-VOC resin.
 The acrylic panels at the entrance and teller row are recyclable polyester resin.

Furniture
 The majority of the furniture is manufactured by Herman Miller, a company that has been an innovator and leader in the development of sustainable furniture design and manufacturing.

Construction
 Demolition and construction waste was recycled.
 Low flow fixtures were used to minimize water usage.
 All sealants, adhesives, paint and coatings are low or no VOC, plus all Wells Fargo stores are nonsmoking all of which contributes to optimum indoor air quality for employees and customers.

Design
 Lighting, heating and cooling systems were designed to maximum efficiency.
 Maximum use of natural daylight, personal task lights, EnergyStar rated equipment and flexible lighting controls all decrease and correct energy use. The electrical service is 100% "green power".

Function
 Wells Fargo staff recycle all paper, cardboard, glass and metals from daily operations.
 Wells Fargo utilizes all "green housekeeping" procedure and materials.

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Wells Fargo-Pearl Branch LEED-CI Gold



Materials

- 100 % wood products FSC
- 57% construction waste recycling
- 23% of materials had recycled content



Dowling Co. TI, Maui, HI LEED CI Certified

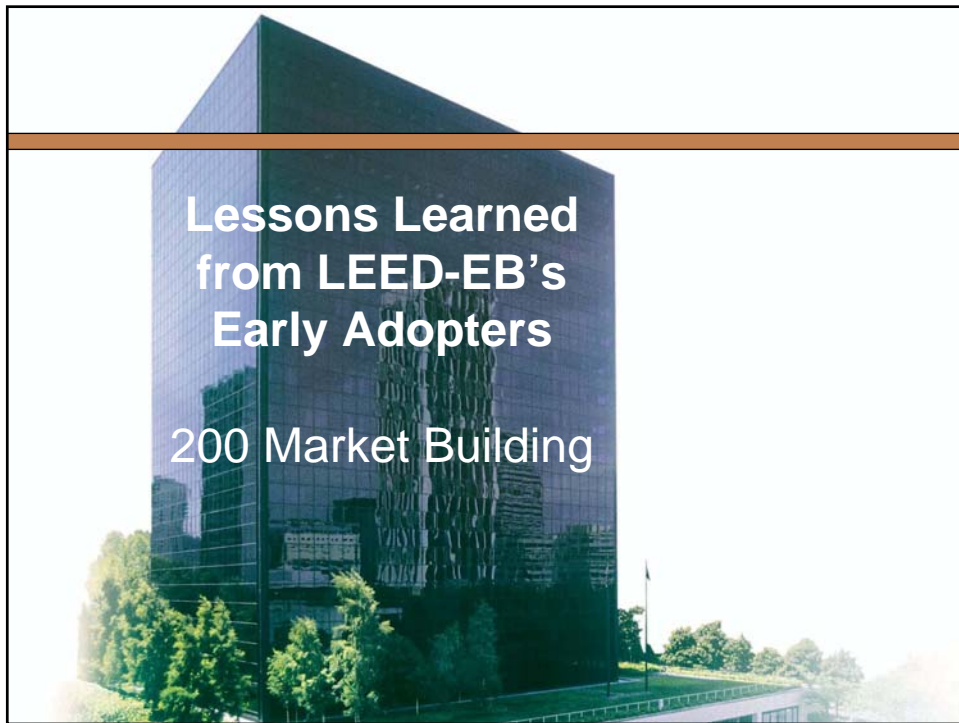


Existing project 5 years since last remodel

Lessons Learned:

- CFC's in refrigeration
- Lighting Power Density exceeded ASHRAE by 35%
- Water fixtures did not meet Energy Policy Act of 1992

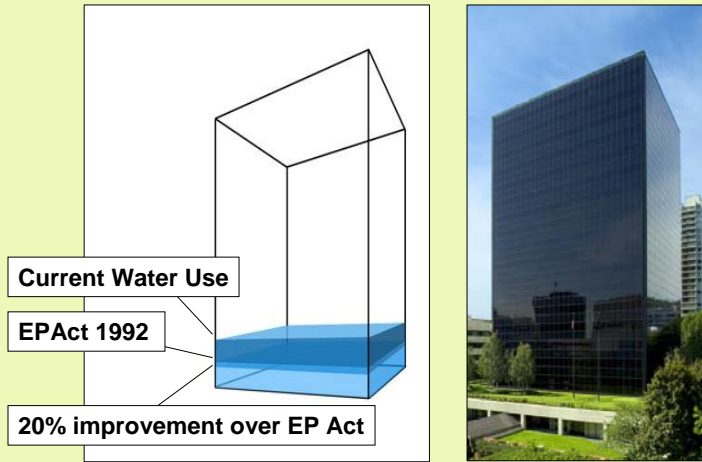




200 Market Water Use Reduction



Annual Water Use

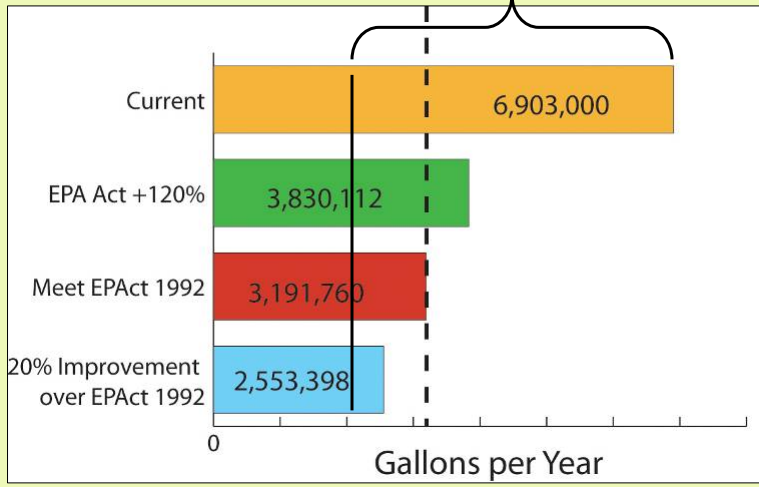


Russell Development Company, Inc Cushman & Wakefield

200 Market Water Use Reduction



Actual reduction: 70% or 4.8 million gal./yr.



200 Market Water Use Reduction



\$53,000 Investment
1.5 Year Pay Back Period
67% Return on Investment

Fixtures	Current	EPAct 1992
Water Closets	4.6 gpf	1.6 gpf
Urinals	3.6 gpf	1.0 gpf
Faucets	2.5 gpm	0.5 gpm



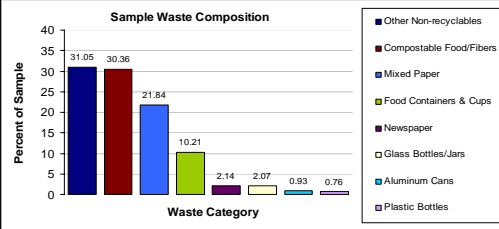
Achieved **31.63%** Water Use
 Reduction beyond EPAct

200 Market Occupant Recycling



83% Waste Diverted from the Landfill

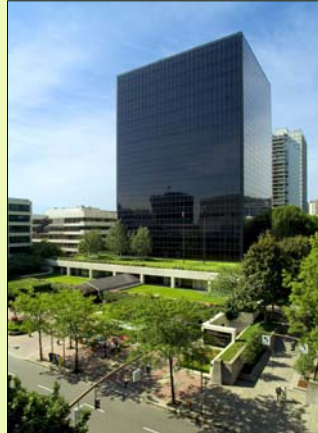
- Mixed paper
- Newspaper
- Food Containers and Cups
- Aluminum
- Plastic Bottles
- Glass Bottles and Jars
- Non-Recyclables
- Compostable Food/Fibers



200 Market Achieved LEED EB Gold



49 Points



Russell Development Company, Inc
Cushman & Wakefield

Oregon Convention Center Implement Policy and Practices



- Achieved LEED Certified 2004
- Goals for 2007 LEED Gold
 - Major Chiller Retrofit
 - Replace water closets
 - Provide Salmon Safe Audit
 - Implemented Environmental Management System
 - Implemented a solid waste audit including food waste
 - Monthly team coordination
 - Extensive tracking of purchases
 - Estimated Energy Star Benchmarking of 70



Establish Monthly Meeting Schedule



1. Conducted a Comprehensive Sustainability Audit
2. Project kick off and employee LEED training
3. LEED EB and Management System Consulting
4. LEED-EB and Management System Implementation
5. LEED-EB Documentation and Quarterly Tracking
6. LEED-EB Submittal, Review and Recertification

Feedback-Communications-Feedback-Communications

Oregon Convention Center Water Efficiency



- 30% Water use reduction

Oregon Convention Center Water Usage

WEp1 Baseline Comparison

# of occupants ¹	Annual Water Usage ^{2,3}	EPAct Baseline	LEED-EB WEp1 Baseline ⁴	Meets WEp1 (Y or N)
3794	9,581,277 gal.	8,404,892	10,085,870 gal.	Y

Notes:

- 1.) Occupant numbers were obtained from Oregon Convention Center's facility's department.
- 2.) Annual Water consumption calculate by multiplying daily water usage by 365 work days per year.
- 3.) Water Usage was calculated using USGBC's LEED-NC v2.0 WEc3 calculation methodology.
- 4.) WEp1 Baseline is calculated by taken EPAct Baseline Usage and multiplying it by 120%.

Estimated Annual Water Cost Savings (\$ US)

Convention Center	Estimated Annual Water Usage (gal.)	Monthly Usage	Annual Water & Sewer Cost
Existing Conditions	9,581,277	798,440	\$88,216
After Upgrades for LEED-EB	6,668,608	55,717	\$61,270
Annual Savings			\$26,946

Tracking Cleaning Products



Date	Manufacture	Product Use	Trade Name	Green Seal GS-37	CACode of Regulations	CCR VOC Standard	Product's VOC	Unit Cost	Quantity	Total Cost
9/1/06		Gloves	Glove Disp Vinyl Exam Powderless					\$9.66	6	\$57.96
9/1/06		Liners	43x48 Liner 2.0 Mil 100/cs clear					\$60.65	15	\$909.75
6/1/06		Cleaner	Gum off remover					\$3.87	24	\$92.88
6/1/06		Cleaner	Clean sheen 4 gl/cs					\$15.41	1	\$15.41
6/1/06		Sealer	Hard rock sealer 4 gl/cs					\$10.39	1	\$10.39
6/1/06		Sealer	Hard rock sealer 5 gl					\$43.95	5	\$219.75
6/1/06		Cleaner	#61 SE QM Glass & Surface Clnr					\$24.30	16	\$388.80
6/1/06		Cleaner	#62 SE QM Carpet cleaner 4-1GL					\$22.50	16	\$360.00
6/1/06		Cleaner	#64 SE QM Neutral cleaner 4-1g					\$25.50	16	\$408.00
6/1/06		Cleaner	#66 SE QM Disinfectant Sanitiz					\$20.50	16	\$328.00
6/1/06		Cleaner	#71 SE QM Toilet and urinal clnr					\$30.00	16	\$480.00
6/1/06		Gloves	13" glove sml 7 nitrile gn					\$1.92	24	\$46.08
6/1/06		Gloves	13" glove xlg 10 nitrile gn					\$1.92	24	\$46.08
6/1/06		Gloves	Glove gp disp vinyl sml 100/bx					\$5.24	24	\$125.76

Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy

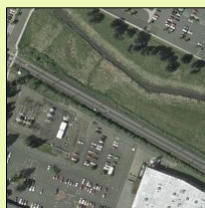


Monthly Reports	Tracking Period '06-'07			
	October	November	December	January
Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy				
Name of person currently responsible for making sure that the Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy is being effectively implemented.				
Date they were contacted for the quarterly report information / provided quarterly report information listed below.	Sept. 20, 2006	-	-	-
Questions to be answered monthly:				
Has the Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy program been maintained over the last quarter? (Y or N)				
Has the Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy continued to work well over the last quarter? (Y or N)				
What are the best available Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy quantities for the last quarter and the year to date?				
Are the Low Environmental Impact Cleaning Policy quantities for the last quarter and the year to date on track for achieving the annual irrigation water use reduction goals for the building?				
Are there any problems with the Cleaning Policy that need to be remedied? (Insert a numbered list of problems or insert "None")				
If any problems with this program were identified, how have these been remedied? (Insert a numbered list of remedies or insert "None")				
Are there any opportunities for improving the Cleaning Policy? (insert a numbered list of opportunities or insert "None")				
If any opportunities for improvements were identified, how have these been implemented? (List opportunities and how each has been implemented or "None")				

Vernier Software & Technology



- Built in 1960,
- 30,000 sq. ft. single story commercial office and manufacturing facility



Vernier Software & Technology



- Installed New Energy Star Roof
- New Photo Voltaic System
- 5 New High Efficient Rooftop Units
- Achieved Energy Star Rating of 86
- Purchasing
- Green Education



Vernier Software & Technology Green Building Services

Photovoltaic Panels

- 64 panels in three arrays
- 3 PV powered inverters in operation
 - 1 additional already installed for future PVs on front of building
- Predicted annual energy production = 14,267 kwh
- Percent of electrical energy produced by PVs = 4.8%
- Future Plan: Building integrated PVs on building front
 - Different type of PVs will be educational as a comparison



Vernier Software & Technology Green Building Services Achieved LEED Gold



Thank You!

Ralph DiNola
Principal
Green Building Services, Inc.

Elaine Aye
Principal
Green Building Services, Inc.

www.greenbuildingservices.com