Hawaii Population Characteristics 2007

The U.S. Census Bureau released the 2007 National and State population characteristics on May 1, 2008. The following are a few of the facts for Hawaii:

On July 1, 2007, Asians (alone or in combination) accounted for 54.9% of the state total population (ranked #1 in the nation in terms of shares of Asians in total population; ranked the second is California at 13.7%).

On July 1, 2007, Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders accounted for 21.0% of Hawaii's total population (ranked #1 in the country in terms of shares of this race group in the total population).

On July 1, 2007, White alone or in combination accounted for 42.5% of the state total population (ranked the second from the bottom in the nation in terms of shares of this race group in the total population, Washington D.C. had the lowest share at 40.5%).

On July 1, 2007, population 65 year and above accounted for 14.3% (ranked 7th in the nation), while persons 85 years of age and above shared 2.3% of the total population (7th place in the nation).

Hawaii's population 65 years and above increased at 1.9% a year from July 1, 2000 to July 1, 2007 while total population increased 0.8% a year during the same period.

On July 1, 2007, Hawaii's total population consisted of 50% males and 50% females. There are more females than males for Asians but for other races, there are more males than females.

Mixed race population decreased from 20.1% on April 1, 2000 to 18.6% on July 1, 2007.

White alone population increased from 25.9% of the state total on April 1, 2000, to 29.1% on July 1, 2007. In terms of numbers, White alone increased an average of 8,324 persons a year from 2000 to 2007.

School age population (5-17 years) decreased by 2,566 per year during the 2000 to 2007 period.

Source: Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism, Research and Economic Analysis Division.