

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

Connecticut

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1999 Annual average employment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
All Industries including State and local government⁷		1,630.1	7.2	3.5	2.4	3.7	6.8	3.3	2.3	3.5
Private Industry⁷		1,444.2	6.8	3.4	2.2	3.4	6.4	3.2	2.1	3.2
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁷		17.4	9.2	4.5	2.8	4.7	8.9	4.5	2.8	4.4
Mining⁸		0.8	5.3	3.4	2.3	1.9	5.1	3.4	2.3	1.7
Construction		61.2	10.2	4.8	4.0	5.3	10.0	4.8	4.0	5.2
General building contractors	15	12.6	8.9	4.6	4.0	4.2	8.8	4.5	3.8	4.2
Residential building construction	152	7.5	9.2	4.7	4.0	4.6	9.2	4.6	3.9	4.6
Nonresidential building construction	154	4.9	8.6	4.8	4.0	3.8	8.4	4.6	3.9	3.8
Heavy construction, except building	16	6.1	7.8	2.5	2.0	5.3	7.8	2.5	1.9	5.3
Special trade contractors	17	42.5	10.9	5.3	4.4	5.6	10.7	5.3	4.4	5.5
Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning	171	10.1	11.9	4.3	3.0	7.6	11.8	4.3	3.0	7.5
Electrical work	173	9.0	11.3	5.9	4.9	5.4	11.3	5.8	4.8	5.4
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	4.5	9.8	6.1	6.1	3.7	9.8	6.1	6.1	3.7
Miscellaneous special trade contractors	179	8.6	11.1	4.5	4.1	6.7	10.5	4.5	4.1	6.0
Manufacturing		268.0	7.3	3.9	2.1	3.3	6.4	3.4	1.9	3.0
Durable goods		186.9	7.8	4.1	2.1	3.7	6.8	3.6	1.9	3.3
Primary metal industries	33	9.4	13.5	7.3	3.4	6.2	12.4	7.0	3.3	5.5
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	5.1	11.3	7.2	3.3	4.0	10.2	7.1	3.2	3.1
Fabricated metal products	34	34.0	11.6	6.3	3.4	5.3	10.6	5.6	3.2	5.0
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	6.1	7.6	4.0	1.3	3.6	6.3	3.0	1.2	3.2
Screw machine products, bolts, etc.	345	4.6	8.8	5.0	3.2	3.9	8.5	4.8	3.0	3.7
Metal forgings and stampings	346	5.9	12.1	3.6	2.2	8.5	11.6	3.4	2.1	8.2
Metal services, n.e.c.	347	4.0	19.5	13.4	6.7	6.1	17.9	12.6	6.2	5.3
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	5.9	12.9	6.7	4.5	6.2	11.9	6.1	4.0	5.8
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	33.0	7.3	3.5	1.9	3.9	6.7	3.1	1.8	3.6
Metalworking machinery	354	8.2	9.5	4.1	2.9	5.4	9.0	3.9	2.7	5.1
Special industry machinery	355	3.2	5.6	2.5	1.5	3.2	5.5	2.4	1.4	3.2
General industrial machinery	356	5.1	10.5	5.8	2.0	4.6	9.5	5.2	1.8	4.3
Computer and office equipment	357	6.4	4.5	2.4	1.0	2.1	--	1.6	--	1.7
Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	359	5.5	7.9	3.3	2.5	4.6	7.6	3.1	2.4	4.5
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	26.9	5.3	3.1	1.3	2.2	4.5	2.5	1.1	2.0
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	3.4	5.0	2.1	--	2.9	4.7	1.9	--	2.8
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	5.9	8.0	5.3	1.9	2.7	6.8	4.4	1.6	2.4
Communications equipment	366	3.7	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.6
Electronic components and accessories	367	6.7	5.9	3.1	2.0	2.8	5.2	2.6	1.8	2.5
Transportation equipment	37	48.2	7.7	3.7	1.8	3.9	6.1	3.1	1.6	3.0
Aircraft and parts	372	36.3	6.6	3.2	1.5	3.5	5.4	2.6	1.3	2.8
Aircraft	3721	--	9.5	4.4	1.8	5.2	7.2	3.3	1.5	3.9
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	20.2	5.7	3.1	1.6	2.6	4.9	2.7	1.4	2.2
Aircraft parts and equipment, n.e.c.	3728	--	6.0	2.2	1.0	3.8	5.1	1.9	0.9	3.1
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	--	9.1	3.4	1.7	5.8	7.2	2.9	1.6	4.3
Instruments and related products	38	20.4	3.2	1.7	0.7	1.5	2.8	1.4	0.6	1.4
Measuring and controlling devices	382	8.2	2.2	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.9	0.9	0.5	1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1999 Annual average employment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
Medical instruments and supplies	384	7.8	4.5	2.2	0.9	2.4	3.7	1.6	0.8	2.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	6.3	7.0	2.7	1.3	4.3	6.5	2.5	1.2	4.0
Nondurable goods		81.0	6.0	3.6	2.1	2.4	5.3	3.1	1.9	2.2
Food and kindred products	20	8.1	12.3	8.8	3.5	3.5	10.3	7.2	3.0	3.1
Apparel and other textile products	23	3.5	5.4	2.2	1.9	3.2	4.5	1.5	1.3	3.0
Paper and allied products	26	8.0	9.3	5.0	3.6	4.2	9.0	5.0	3.6	4.0
Printing and publishing	27	25.3	3.7	2.1	1.5	1.6	3.3	1.8	1.3	1.5
Newspapers	271	6.7	5.2	2.3	1.7	2.9	5.0	2.1	1.6	2.9
Commercial printing	275	9.0	4.3	2.8	1.6	1.5	3.6	2.3	1.3	1.3
Chemicals and allied products	28	21.9	2.9	1.4	0.8	1.5	2.6	1.3	0.7	1.3
Drugs	283	10.5	2.6	1.0	0.8	1.6	2.1	0.9	0.7	1.3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30	10.1	9.6	5.6	3.4	4.0	8.7	5.1	3.2	3.6
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	308	7.8	10.3	6.0	3.7	4.3	9.5	5.5	3.6	4.0
Transportation and public utilities⁸		75.5	8.8	5.3	3.9	3.5	8.5	5.2	3.8	3.3
Railroad transportation ⁸	40	--	6.3	5.2	3.0	1.1	6.3	5.2	3.0	1.1
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	13.4	16.2	5.6	3.1	10.6	16.2	5.6	3.1	10.6
Trucking and warehousing	42	12.1	13.1	8.6	6.6	4.5	13.1	8.6	6.6	4.5
Water transportation	44	2.6	5.3	2.3	2.3	3.0	5.3	2.3	2.3	3.0
Transportation by air	45	9.5	18.8	15.9	13.1	2.9	18.4	15.5	12.8	2.9
Communications	48	19.2	3.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.6	1.7	1.5	0.9
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	12.8	4.2	2.8	1.4	1.4	3.8	2.7	1.4	1.1
Wholesale and retail trade		359.3	7.5	3.3	2.4	4.2	7.4	3.3	2.3	4.2
Wholesale trade		82.2	8.1	3.9	2.8	4.2	7.9	3.8	2.8	4.1
Wholesale trade--durable goods	50	48.6	8.2	3.3	2.1	4.9	8.1	3.2	2.1	4.8
Wholesale trade--nondurable goods	51	33.6	7.9	4.9	3.8	3.0	7.6	4.7	3.7	3.0
Retail trade		277.2	7.3	3.1	2.2	4.2	7.2	3.1	2.2	4.2
Building materials and garden supplies	52	12.3	9.2	4.4	1.9	4.7	9.1	4.4	1.9	4.7
General merchandise stores	53	26.0	12.2	6.3	4.3	5.9	11.9	6.1	4.2	5.8
Food stores	54	53.0	9.4	4.2	3.2	5.2	9.3	4.1	3.1	5.2
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	27.3	8.6	2.8	2.0	5.8	8.5	2.8	2.0	5.7
Apparel and accessory stores	56	18.5	4.2	2.1	1.2	2.1	4.1	2.0	1.2	2.1
Furniture and homefurnishings stores	57	13.6	5.5	3.2	2.0	2.2	5.4	3.2	1.9	2.2
Eating and drinking places	58	79.4	5.8	2.0	1.7	3.8	5.7	2.0	1.7	3.7
Miscellaneous retail	59	47.1	5.3	2.1	1.5	3.2	5.3	2.1	1.5	3.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		140.2	1.8	0.7	0.5	1.2	1.6	0.6	0.5	1.0
Depository institutions	60	24.8	2.7	0.8	0.6	1.9	2.6	0.8	0.6	1.8
Insurance carriers	63	60.5	1.7	0.4	0.3	1.2	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.9
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	11.2	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3
Real estate	65	16.4	3.5	1.6	1.3	2.0	3.5	1.5	1.2	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

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			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
Services		521.2	6.6	3.4	2.1	3.2	6.3	3.3	2.1	3.0
Hotels and other lodging places	70	11.5	8.0	3.4	3.0	4.6	7.9	3.3	2.9	4.6
Personal services	72	18.3	2.0	0.8	0.7	1.2	2.0	0.8	0.7	1.2
Business services	73	112.0	3.6	2.2	1.9	1.4	3.4	2.2	1.8	1.2
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	14.1	7.0	2.7	2.1	4.3	7.0	2.7	2.1	4.3
Miscellaneous repair services	76	4.4	6.3	3.4	2.6	3.0	6.3	3.4	2.6	3.0
Amusement and recreation services	79	36.5	12.9	6.4	2.6	6.5	11.8	5.9	2.4	5.9
Health services	80	158.4	11.5	6.0	3.3	5.5	11.1	5.9	3.2	5.2
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	40.8	20.9	13.1	5.7	7.8	20.7	13.1	5.7	7.7
Hospitals	806	51.6	12.2	5.8	3.6	6.4	11.1	5.4	3.4	5.7
Home health care services	808	15.2	19.8	7.5	6.4	12.3	19.6	7.5	6.4	12.1
Legal services	81	14.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.2
Educational services	82	39.2	4.3	1.6	1.5	2.7	4.3	1.5	1.5	2.7
Elementary and secondary schools	821	12.9	5.2	1.8	1.7	3.4	5.1	1.7	1.6	3.4
Colleges and universities	822	21.0	3.9	1.8	1.7	2.1	3.9	1.8	1.7	2.1
Social services	83	44.8	4.8	2.8	2.2	2.0	4.6	2.8	2.2	1.9
Membership organizations	86	14.5	3.3	1.6	1.2	1.6	3.2	1.6	1.1	1.6
Engineering and management services	87	39.7	1.6	0.6	0.4	1.0	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.9
State and local government		185.9	11.2	4.4	3.7	6.8	10.5	4.2	3.6	6.3
State government		62.3	7.9	4.0	3.6	3.9	7.4	3.8	3.5	3.6
Services		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Health services	80	--	11.7	4.0	3.7	7.8	11.1	3.8	3.7	7.3
Educational services	82	19.1	6.1	1.1	0.9	5.0	5.8	1.1	0.8	4.7
Social services	83	9.9	12.9	10.8	9.5	--	12.9	10.8	9.5	--
Public administration		--	6.4	3.2	3.0	3.2	5.8	3.0	2.9	2.7
Justice, public order, and safety	92	12.9	8.8	4.8	4.8	3.9	8.1	4.7	4.7	3.4
Administration of human resources	94	4.1	1.8	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.3
Environmental quality and housing	95	1.3	4.8	2.2	1.8	2.7	--	1.5	1.2	--
Administration of economic programs	96	5.7	5.5	1.9	1.2	3.7	4.8	1.6	0.9	3.2
Local government		123.6	13.1	4.7	3.8	8.4	12.3	4.5	3.7	7.9
Construction		3.7	27.8	12.6	8.3	15.2	25.9	12.6	8.3	13.3
Transportation and public utilities		3.5	23.2	14.4	9.7	8.8	22.5	14.0	9.3	8.6
Water supply	494	1.2	22.3	13.1	6.4	9.1	21.0	11.8	5.1	9.1
Sanitary services	495	1.8	23.1	15.6	10.9	7.4	22.6	15.6	10.9	7.0
Services		90.3	9.2	2.1	1.6	7.2	9.0	2.0	1.5	7.0
Amusement and recreation services	79	5.0	17.6	6.7	4.4	10.9	15.2	6.3	4.2	8.9

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Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

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			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost work-days
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
Educational services	82	81.5	8.9	1.8	1.4	7.1	8.7	1.8	1.4	6.9
Public administration		25.0	19.7	8.8	8.2	10.9	17.7	8.4	7.8	9.4
Justice, public order, and safety	92	14.4	28.1	12.9	12.2	15.2	25.3	12.3	11.6	13.0
Police protection	9221	9.3	28.2	12.2	11.7	16.0	26.0	11.6	11.2	14.3
Fire protection	9224	--	29.5	15.1	13.8	14.4	25.6	14.5	13.1	11.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.
 n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.