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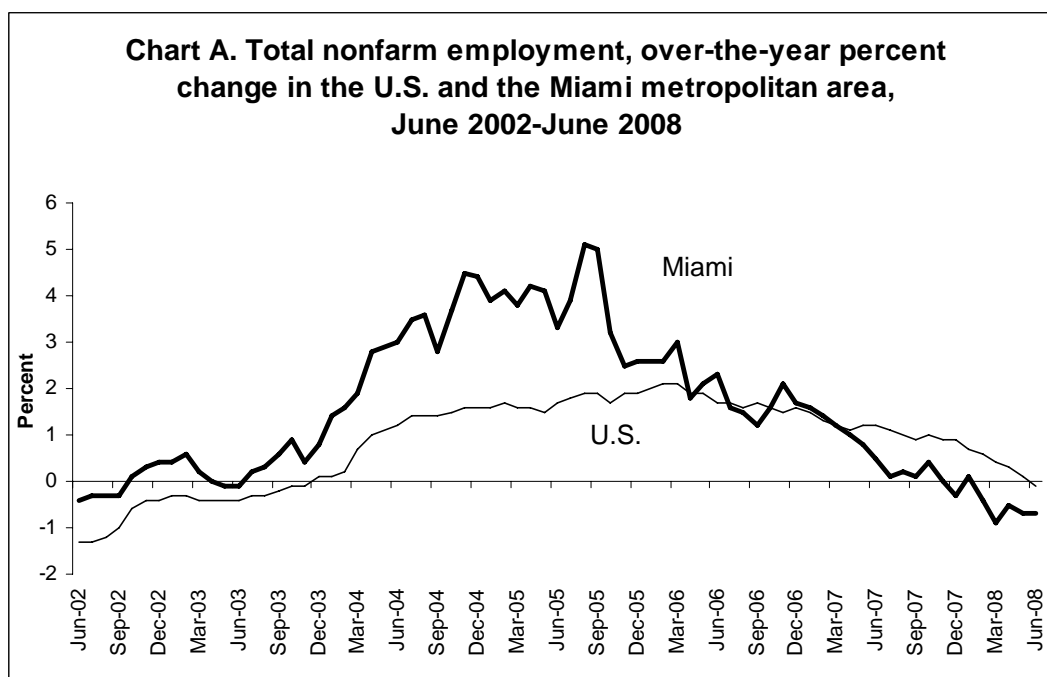
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FOR RELEASE:  
TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 2008

## JUNE 2008 JOB COUNT FOR THE MIAMI AREA DECREASED BY 17,400 OVER THE YEAR

Total nonfarm employment for the Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,399,500 in June 2008, down 17,400, or 0.7 percent, over the year, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. The rate of job loss in the Miami metropolitan area was greater than the 0.1-percent national decrease in jobs from June 2007 to June 2008. Janet S. Rankin, the Bureau's regional commissioner in Atlanta, noted that this was the fifth consecutive month of over-the-year declines in the local area. (See chart A and table 1; Technical Note at end of release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)



## **Metropolitan Divisions**

The Miami metropolitan area is made up of three metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the larger metropolitan area. The Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach Metropolitan Division, which made up 32 percent of the area workforce, accounted for 55 percent (-9,600) of the area's employment decline from June a year ago. The West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach Metropolitan Division, with 24 percent of the workforce, accounted for 28 percent (-4,900) of the jobs lost in the area. The Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall Metropolitan Division, with 44 percent of the workforce, accounted for only 11 percent (-2,900) of the area's job decline over the 12-month period.

## **Industry Employment**

In the Miami metropolitan area, the construction supersector experienced the largest employment decline, losing 16,800 jobs over the year, with all three metropolitan divisions contributing to the drop. Locally, construction employment decreased at a 10.5-percent pace, greater than the national rate of 6.1 percent. Of the three divisions, job losses were largest (-7,900) and the rate of decline the steepest (-14.4 percent) in the Miami division. (See table 1.)

Three other supersectors in Miami had job losses of 5,000 or more. Professional and business services shed 6,400 jobs, manufacturing, 5,700, and financial activities, 5,200. All three of these industries lost jobs at a faster rate locally than they did nationally.

Miami experienced employment growth in 4 supersectors, with three adding at least 4,000 jobs. Education and health services had the largest increase, up 10,900 or 3.4 percent over the year. Nationally, this supersector added jobs at a 2.7-percent pace. Locally, government added 5,100 jobs since June 2007 and leisure and hospitality, 4,000/

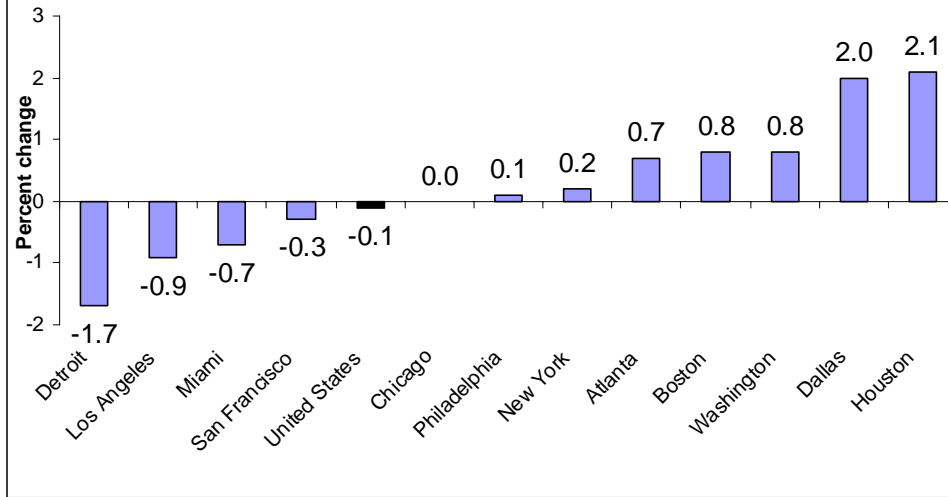
## **Employment in the 12 Largest Metropolitan Areas**

The Miami area was one of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in June 2008. Four of these areas registered percentage losses in employment greater than the national decline of 0.1 percent from June 2007 to June 2008. Detroit-Warren-Livonia experienced the largest decline (-1.7 percent) followed by Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana (-0.9 percent), Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach (-0.7 percent), and San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont (-0.3 percent).

Seven of the 12 areas experienced over-the-year job growth. Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown registered the fastest rate of gain, up 2.1 percent from June 2007, closely followed by Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, up 2.0 percent. The other five areas with job growth were: Washington-Arlington-Alexandria and Boston-Cambridge-Quincy (both at 0.8 percent), Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta (0.7 percent), New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island (0.2 percent), and Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington (0.1 percent). In the remaining area, Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, employment growth was unchanged over the year. (See Chart B.)

Dallas, the area with the second fastest growth rate in June 2008, added the largest number of jobs over the year, 57,800. Houston ranked second with the addition of 54,100 jobs. Washington, D.C. was a distant third adding 25,300 jobs. The largest declines in employment occurred in Los Angeles (-48,900) and Detroit (-34,800).

**Chart B. Over-the-year percent change in employment, 12 largest areas and United States, June 2008**



## Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State employment security agencies prepare the data using concepts, definitions, and technical procedures prescribed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

### Employment

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12<sup>th</sup> of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their places of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

**Method of estimation.** The employment data are estimated using a “link relative” technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

**Annual revisions.** Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

### Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

**Employment estimates.** Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level are available on the BLS Web site at [www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm). Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

**Area definitions.** The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on November 20, 2007. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at [www.whitehouse.gov/omb/bulletins/fy2008/b08-01.pdf](http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/bulletins/fy2008/b08-01.pdf).

### **Additional information**

Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the CES program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

For personal assistance or further information on the Current Employment Statistics program, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Southeast BLS information office at 404-893-4222 from 9:00 A.M. to 12:00 P.M. and from 1:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M. ET.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

### **Area definitions**

**The Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL, Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)** includes Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties in Florida.

**The Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, FL, Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Broward County in Florida.

**The Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL, Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Miami-Dade County in Florida.

**The West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach, FL, Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Palm Beach County in Florida.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and Miami metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	June 2007	Apr 2008	May 2008	June 2008(p)	Change from June 2007 to June 2008	
					Number	Percent
<b>United States</b>						
Total nonfarm	138,791.0	137,730.0	138,383.0	138,624.0	-167.0	-0.1
Natural resources and mining	733.0	743.0	758.0	776.0	43.0	5.9
Construction	7,913.0	7,125.0	7,305.0	7,433.0	-480.0	-6.1
Manufacturing	13,990.0	13,544.0	13,564.0	13,632.0	-358.0	-2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,662.0	26,274.0	26,395.0	26,482.0	-180.0	-0.7
Information	3,055.0	3,003.0	3,009.0	3,020.0	-35.0	-1.1
Financial activities	8,383.0	8,206.0	8,227.0	8,278.0	-105.0	-1.3
Professional and business services	18,133.0	18,000.0	17,980.0	18,068.0	-65.0	-0.4
Education and health services	18,137.0	18,924.0	18,867.0	18,633.0	496.0	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	14,049.0	13,581.0	13,902.0	14,272.0	223.0	1.6
Other services	5,573.0	5,532.0	5,552.0	5,603.0	30.0	0.5
Government	22,163.0	22,798.0	22,824.0	22,427.0	264.0	1.2
<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,416.9	2,432.0	2,431.1	2,399.5	-17.4	-0.7
Natural resources and mining	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	-0.1	-12.5
Construction	159.9	142.3	143.2	143.1	-16.8	-10.5
Manufacturing	99.1	93.8	93.7	93.4	-5.7	-5.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	546.4	544.7	542.4	543.2	-3.2	-0.6
Information	52.6	51.1	51.3	51.3	-1.3	-2.5
Financial activities	180.9	175.5	174.9	175.7	-5.2	-2.9
Professional and business services	400.8	393.3	393.8	394.4	-6.4	-1.6
Education and health services	317.5	328.8	329.9	328.4	10.9	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	256.5	264.2	262.8	260.5	4.0	1.6
Other services	101.6	102.5	102.7	102.9	1.3	1.3
Government	300.8	335.1	335.7	305.9	5.1	1.7
<b>Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm	1,049.9	1,060.9	1,060.8	1,047.0	-2.9	-0.3
Natural resources and mining	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	-16.7
Construction	55.0	46.0	46.5	47.1	-7.9	-14.4
Manufacturing	48.1	46.1	46.1	46.1	-2.0	-4.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	265.6	264.3	263.7	265.1	-0.5	-0.2
Information	21.3	20.3	20.4	20.3	-1.0	-4.7
Financial activities	74.6	74.8	74.6	75.0	0.4	0.5
Professional and business services	149.6	144.8	144.3	145.1	-4.5	-3.0
Education and health services	147.4	154.5	155.2	154.7	7.3	5.0
Leisure and hospitality	103.4	106.7	106.2	105.8	2.4	2.3
Other services	42.3	42.8	43.0	43.0	0.7	1.7
Government	142.0	160.1	160.3	144.3	2.3	1.6
<b>Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, FL Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm	787.6	787.6	786.9	778.0	-9.6	-1.2
Construction	60.3	56.1	56.2	55.8	-4.5	-7.5
Manufacturing	31.8	29.9	29.8	29.7	-2.1	-6.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	174.9	173.9	172.9	173.0	-1.9	-1.1
Information	20.1	19.7	19.8	19.9	-0.2	-1.0
Financial activities	65.8	61.9	61.6	61.6	-4.2	-6.4
Professional and business services	129.9	126.5	126.3	126.3	-3.6	-2.8
Education and health services	91.1	95.1	95.6	94.5	3.4	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	80.3	82.1	81.9	81.7	1.4	1.7
Other services	34.8	34.5	34.6	34.8	0.0	0.0
Government	98.5	107.8	108.1	100.6	2.1	2.1
<b>West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach, FL Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm	579.4	583.5	583.4	574.5	-4.9	-0.8
Construction	44.6	40.2	40.5	40.2	-4.4	-9.9
Manufacturing	19.2	17.8	17.8	17.6	-1.6	-8.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	105.9	106.5	105.8	105.1	-0.8	-0.8
Information	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.1	-0.1	-0.9
Financial activities	40.5	38.8	38.7	39.1	-1.4	-3.5
Professional and business services	121.3	122.0	123.2	123.0	1.7	1.4
Education and health services	79.0	79.2	79.1	79.2	0.2	0.3
Leisure and hospitality	72.8	75.4	74.7	73.0	0.2	0.3
Other services	24.5	25.2	25.1	25.1	0.6	2.4
Government	60.3	67.2	67.3	61.0	0.7	1.2

(p) preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	June 2007	Apr 2008	May 2008	June 2008(p)	Change from June 2007 to June 2008	
					Number	Percent
					<b>Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA</b>	
Total nonfarm	2,450.1	2,472.9	2,479.1	2,468.2	18.1	0.7
Natural resources and mining	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0
Construction	140.4	138.2	139.5	137.6	-2.8	-2.0
Manufacturing	176.4	173.6	173.1	171.4	-5.0	-2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	561.8	563.0	565.0	565.0	3.2	0.6
Information	87.9	88.5	88.7	88.8	0.9	1.0
Financial activities	163.3	160.5	161.0	161.2	-2.1	-1.3
Professional and business services	406.6	410.0	409.1	410.6	4.0	1.0
Education and health services	249.3	259.6	260.9	258.6	9.3	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	241.5	240.4	243.6	244.7	3.2	1.3
Other services	99.2	98.4	99.3	99.8	0.6	0.6
Government	321.2	338.2	336.4	328.0	6.8	2.1
<b>Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,510.2	2,497.7	2,513.5	2,529.4	19.2	0.8
Natural resources and mining	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.1	9.1
Construction	104.2	94.8	98.8	102.1	-2.1	-2.0
Manufacturing	224.0	219.9	219.7	221.3	-2.7	-1.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	423.2	412.7	416.7	421.8	-1.4	-0.3
Information	75.2	75.0	74.8	75.3	0.1	0.1
Financial activities	191.3	187.5	187.6	190.0	-1.3	-0.7
Professional and business services	415.0	413.6	417.4	423.0	8.0	1.9
Education and health services	453.7	482.0	475.5	464.8	11.1	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	229.6	215.2	223.5	234.2	4.6	2.0
Other services	90.6	87.3	88.4	90.3	-0.3	-0.3
Government	302.3	308.6	309.9	305.4	3.1	1.0
<b>Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI</b>						
Total nonfarm	4,615.7	4,545.2	4,585.3	4,616.6	0.9	0.0
Natural resources and mining	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	0.1	4.0
Construction	227.0	205.8	213.5	219.4	-7.6	-3.3
Manufacturing	487.1	478.9	478.8	480.6	-6.5	-1.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	933.9	926.8	935.2	939.8	5.9	0.6
Information	91.6	91.2	91.1	91.5	-0.1	-0.1
Financial activities	333.3	325.0	325.0	327.3	-6.0	-1.8
Professional and business services	754.3	740.9	749.1	758.7	4.4	0.6
Education and health services	588.6	601.1	601.6	597.5	8.9	1.5
Leisure and hospitality	425.8	402.0	413.8	425.4	-0.4	-0.1
Other services	200.9	196.9	197.0	200.5	-0.4	-0.2
Government	570.3	574.3	577.7	573.3	3.0	0.5
<b>Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,959.0	2,996.3	3,005.5	3,016.8	57.8	2.0
Natural resources, mining, and construction	190.8	193.8	194.8	199.0	8.2	4.3
Manufacturing	299.8	294.8	294.6	296.0	-3.8	-1.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	623.6	626.6	628.1	630.8	7.2	1.2
Information	88.7	89.9	89.4	89.8	1.1	1.2
Financial activities	235.2	236.4	237.0	238.6	3.4	1.4
Professional and business services	442.8	445.1	444.7	448.4	5.6	1.3
Education and health services	315.7	329.6	330.9	329.0	13.3	4.2
Leisure and hospitality	285.9	288.1	292.1	295.9	10.0	3.5
Other services	109.2	109.0	109.9	111.7	2.5	2.3
Government	367.3	383.0	384.0	377.6	10.3	2.8

(p) preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)--continued

Area and Industry	June 2007	Apr 2008	May 2008	June 2008(p)	Change from June 2007 to June 2008	
					Number	Percent
<b>Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI</b>						
Total nonfarm	1,996.9	1,919.3	1,946.4	1,962.1	-34.8	-1.7
Natural resources, mining, and construction	75.6	61.0	65.1	66.8	-8.8	-11.6
Manufacturing	262.6	232.9	238.5	246.8	-15.8	-6.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	367.7	359.7	363.0	365.1	-2.6	-0.7
Information	34.3	33.0	33.1	33.1	-1.2	-3.5
Financial activities	113.2	109.7	109.9	110.7	-2.5	-2.2
Professional and business services	354.0	342.3	347.1	350.6	-3.4	-1.0
Education and health services	277.5	284.1	285.0	284.6	7.1	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	190.8	179.7	186.8	189.9	-0.9	-0.5
Other services	89.8	85.9	86.6	87.1	-2.7	-3.0
Government	231.4	231.0	231.3	227.4	-4.0	-1.7
<b>Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,565.2	2,597.3	2,606.1	2,619.3	54.1	2.1
Natural resources and mining	85.4	88.4	89.2	90.6	5.2	6.1
Construction	199.9	201.9	201.9	203.3	3.4	1.7
Manufacturing	234.7	236.0	235.7	237.8	3.1	1.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	519.8	524.5	525.4	530.3	10.5	2.0
Information	37.2	36.9	36.9	37.1	-0.1	-0.3
Financial activities	145.7	145.8	146.1	147.5	1.8	1.2
Professional and business services	383.5	386.9	388.3	392.0	8.5	2.2
Education and health services	281.1	289.8	291.2	291.2	10.1	3.6
Leisure and hospitality	236.6	232.4	235.4	239.8	3.2	1.4
Other services	94.9	95.8	96.2	97.3	2.4	2.5
Government	346.4	358.9	359.8	352.4	6.0	1.7
<b>Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA</b>						
Total nonfarm	5,659.4	5,607.2	5,611.1	5,610.5	-48.9	-0.9
Natural resources and mining	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	266.1	246.1	246.7	248.4	-17.7	-6.7
Manufacturing	632.1	620.8	619.7	619.4	-12.7	-2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,092.0	1,079.1	1,080.6	1,083.8	-8.2	-0.8
Information	244.1	230.9	234.6	232.2	-11.9	-4.9
Financial activities	375.0	355.6	354.5	354.1	-20.9	-5.6
Professional and business services	882.2	876.6	872.6	874.8	-7.4	-0.8
Education and health services	621.9	649.5	646.5	639.0	17.1	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	579.5	573.3	577.4	580.8	1.3	0.2
Other services	197.0	197.1	197.7	198.5	1.5	0.8
Government	764.5	773.2	775.8	774.5	10.0	1.3
<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,416.9	2,432.0	2,431.1	2,399.5	-17.4	-0.7
Natural resources and mining	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	-0.1	-12.5
Construction	159.9	142.3	143.2	143.1	-16.8	-10.5
Manufacturing	99.1	93.8	93.7	93.4	-5.7	-5.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	546.4	544.7	542.4	543.2	-3.2	-0.6
Information	52.6	51.1	51.3	51.3	-1.3	-2.5
Financial activities	180.9	175.5	174.9	175.7	-5.2	-2.9
Professional and business services	400.8	393.3	393.8	394.4	-6.4	-1.6
Education and health services	317.5	328.8	329.9	328.4	10.9	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	256.5	264.2	262.8	260.5	4.0	1.6
Other services	101.6	102.5	102.7	102.9	1.3	1.3
Government	300.8	335.1	335.7	305.9	5.1	1.7

(p) preliminary



Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)--continued

Area and Industry	June 2007	Apr 2008	May 2008	June 2008(p)	Change from June 2007 to June 2008	
					Number	Percent
<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA</b>						
Total nonfarm	8,690.4	8,586.4	8,646.1	8,709.4	19.0	0.2
Natural resources, mining, and construction	375.0	357.5	368.2	375.2	0.2	0.1
Manufacturing	455.5	435.0	435.1	436.1	-19.4	-4.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,630.9	1,602.7	1,614.0	1,629.2	-1.7	-0.1
Information	291.5	293.9	294.5	295.4	3.9	1.3
Financial activities	805.9	788.2	788.1	794.1	-11.8	-1.5
Professional and business services	1,320.5	1,298.5	1,305.0	1,322.3	1.8	0.1
Education and health services	1,438.3	1,471.2	1,472.1	1,460.3	22.0	1.5
Leisure and hospitality	686.5	649.4	672.9	696.0	9.5	1.4
Other services	375.8	374.0	377.3	380.5	4.7	1.3
Government	1,310.5	1,316.0	1,318.9	1,320.3	9.8	0.7
<b>Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,837.1	2,823.9	2,835.9	2,839.4	2.3	0.1
Natural resources, mining, and construction	131.6	123.8	126.6	128.8	-2.8	-2.1
Manufacturing	222.5	216.5	215.9	217.2	-5.3	-2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	533.3	526.4	530.0	531.7	-1.6	-0.3
Information	58.0	57.4	57.5	57.6	-0.4	-0.7
Financial activities	221.6	216.4	216.8	218.2	-3.4	-1.5
Professional and business services	435.4	433.3	434.8	438.3	2.9	0.7
Education and health services	518.2	539.4	536.8	526.5	8.3	1.6
Leisure and hospitality	234.9	223.8	231.1	237.2	2.3	1.0
Other services	125.5	124.4	125.2	126.2	0.7	0.6
Government	356.1	362.5	361.2	357.7	1.6	0.4
<b>San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA</b>						
Total nonfarm	2,043.1	2,036.3	2,038.7	2,036.9	-6.2	-0.3
Natural resources and mining	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.2	14.3
Construction	118.5	112.9	113.8	114.3	-4.2	-3.5
Manufacturing	137.9	136.4	136.5	136.3	-1.6	-1.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	358.8	353.3	353.5	353.6	-5.2	-1.4
Information	68.6	68.0	67.9	67.7	-0.9	-1.3
Financial activities	153.0	147.5	147.0	147.1	-5.9	-3.9
Professional and business services	356.2	360.9	359.8	361.4	5.2	1.5
Education and health services	230.8	233.9	233.8	231.8	1.0	0.4
Leisure and hospitality	216.2	213.6	216.4	217.8	1.6	0.7
Other services	75.3	75.6	75.8	75.9	0.6	0.8
Government	326.4	332.6	332.6	329.4	3.0	0.9
<b>Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV</b>						
Total nonfarm	3,017.0	3,007.7	3,026.0	3,042.3	25.3	0.8
Natural resources, mining, and construction	189.7	179.9	181.7	184.1	-5.6	-3.0
Manufacturing	62.9	61.0	61.1	61.5	-1.4	-2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	406.9	401.0	403.6	407.3	0.4	0.1
Information	94.3	91.4	91.7	92.2	-2.1	-2.2
Financial activities	160.9	155.7	156.3	157.1	-3.8	-2.4
Professional and business services	685.6	685.8	688.4	695.2	9.6	1.4
Education and health services	324.0	339.8	337.4	333.2	9.2	2.8
Leisure and hospitality	264.6	251.4	257.6	265.6	1.0	0.4
Other services	182.6	184.7	186.3	188.3	5.7	3.1
Government	645.5	657.0	661.9	657.8	12.3	1.9

(p) preliminary