

Bureau of Labor Statistics

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HIGHLIGHTS OF NEW ORLEANS-METAIRIE-KENNER, LA NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY MAY 2007

Workers in the New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner metropolitan area earned an average of \$19.14 per hour in May 2007, according to new survey results from the National Compensation Survey (NCS) released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman noted that wage data were reported for workers in a wide range of occupational groups, including average hourly earnings of \$25.71 for healthcare practitioner and technical occupations and \$19.13 for production occupations. Another occupational group, office and administrative support, had a mean hourly wage rate of \$15.02. The NCS data available for the New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner area include earnings for 20 major occupational groups with additional detail for selected occupations within those groups. (See table 1.)

Registered nurses, part of the healthcare practitioner and technical occupational group, earned \$31.30 per hour. Within the production occupational group, machinists averaged \$24.70 per hour and welding, soldering, and brazing workers, \$17.07. Secretaries and administrative assistants, an occupation within the office and administrative support group, registered an average hourly rate of \$17.72, and bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks earned \$11.76 per hour. (See table 1.)

Broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics is available from NCS for the local area. Full-time workers averaged \$20.17 per hour while their part-time counterparts earned \$9.10. Union workers earned \$21.57 and non-union workers, \$18.90. Workers in establishments with 1-99 workers averaged \$16.33 per hour, those in establishments with 100-499 workers earned \$19.57, and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$24.32.

The occupational wage data available from NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. NCS results also include the work level and respective earnings for occupations determined by a point factor leveling process. The four occupational leveling factors are: knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. Details on the NCS are available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm.

The NCS data reported here covered 255 establishments with one or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. Agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government were excluded from the survey. This sample of establishments represented 477,800 workers in the New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner metropolitan area which is comprised of Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes in Louisiana.

Survey Availability

While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the Southwest Information Office by calling (214) 767-6970 from 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. CT. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm.

Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers², New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA, May 2007

Occupation ³	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All workers	\$19.14	5.2	\$20.17	5.3	\$9.10	5.4
Management occupations	42.53 60.65	9.7 9.2	42.53 60.65	9.7 9.2	<u>-</u>	_
Business and financial operations occupations	24.76 21.48	15.3 27.9	24.60 21.48	15.6 27.9	- -	-
Computer and mathematical science occupations	24.68	13.6	24.68	13.6	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations Engineers	35.51 37.79	13.0 14.6	35.51 37.79	13.0 14.6	- -	-
Life, physical, and social science occupations	28.76	10.1	28.76	10.1	_	_
Community and social services occupations	18.57 18.91	14.5 5.1	18.45 18.91	14.7 5.1	<u>-</u>	-
Education, training, and library occupations	31.98 41.95	7.2 14.6	32.53 42.49	7.3 14.6	9.58 -	32.4
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers Primary, secondary, and special education school	29.02 34.23	8.1 2.9	29.21 34.23	7.4	-	-
teachers Elementary and middle school teachers Elementary school teachers, except special	32.27	2.9	32.27	2.9	_	_
education	32.35 13.84	.4 10.3	32.35 13.84	.4 10.3	_	_
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	18.21	15.9	18.21	15.9	_	-
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Registered nurses	25.71 31.30	3.1 4.4	26.01 31.30	3.3 4.4	16.78	20.0
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support	18.29	3.5	18.29	3.5	-	-
technicians	14.90 18.75	7.0 11.7	- 18.73	12.1	-	_
Healthcare support occupations	16.37	27.6	16.67	27.6	-	_
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	9.36	3.8	9.48	3.3	-	_
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.39 12.12	2.5 8.7	12.12	8.7	-	_
Protective service occupations	14.44	5.3	14.15	3.9	-	-
Food preparation and serving related occupations Cooks	8.06 11.48	16.0 9.3	8.51 11.18	17.3 12.7	7.07	19.9
Food service, tipped	4.39	4.7	4.12	16.7	4.76	20.9
Waiters and waitresses	2.93	9.8	-	-	3.22	24.4
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.84	17.5	_	-	-	_
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.81	3.1	9.74	4.2	_	_
Building cleaning workers Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	9.50	2.8	9.63	3.3	-	_
housekeeping cleaners	9.63	5.2	9.55 9.63	5.2 5.2	_	
Personal care and service occupations	9.53	6.9	10.09	10.5	8.41	4.0
Sales and related occupations	17.36	24.8	19.92	25.2	8.07	10.2
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales	25.27	30.1	25.59	31.3	-	_
workers	17.36	28.1	17.51	29.9	- 7.00	
Retail sales workers	10.12	14.5 4.4	11.48	10.9	7.89 8.31	9.0 2.5
Cashiers, all workers	8.53	4.4	_	-	8.31	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2, New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA, May 2007 — Continued

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Cashiers	\$8.53	4.4	-	_	\$8.31	2.5
Office and administrative support occupations	15.02	4.6	\$15.28	4.7	10.97	7.7
Financial clerks	12.13	8.0	12.47	10.0	10.76	8.5
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	11.76	3.8	12.02	4.5	_	_
Tellers	10.93	.3	10.65	2.3	_	_
Customer service representatives	20.14	5.4	20.14	5.4	_	_
Receptionists and information clerks	8.96	6.5	9.13	8.7	_	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	17.72	3.8	17.80	3.9	_	_
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	20.19	6.1	20.19	6.1	_	_
Office clerks, general	13.26	8.0	13.26	8.0	-	-
Construction and extraction occupations	18.97	2.1	18.85	1.5	-	_
Electricians	19.42	1.0	19.09	1.0	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	19.10	8.2	19.10	8.2	_	_
workers	16.96	5.1	16.96	5.1	-	-
Production occupations	19.13	17.2	19.13	17.2	-	-
operating workers	25.47	26.0	25.47	26.0	_	_
Machinists	24.70	.0	24.70	.0	_	_
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	17.07	.5	17.07	.5	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.93	9.7	15.60	9.2	8.78	10.5
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	11.90	20.0	12.85	17.2	_	_
Sailors and marine oilers	14.79	8.0	14.79	8.0	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.44	1.6	10.56	2.1	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,						
hand	10.43	2.3	10.49	2.7	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. For more information see full publication.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time content is the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. 3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see full publication.