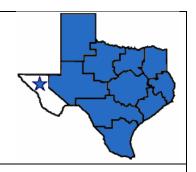
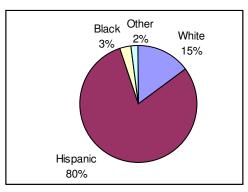
Texas Cardiovascular Health & Wellness Program **Texas Department of State Health Services**

Cardiovascular Health Facts 2001-2005

Texas Health Services Region 10



Demography of Texas Health Service Region 10 in 2005



Demographics				
Age	Total	Males	Females	Percent
0-4	74,575	37,960	36,615	9.7%
5-9	54,217	27,547	26,670	7.1%
10-14	61,070	30,865	30,205	8.0%
15-17	38,134	19,459	18,675	5.0%
18-29	153,393	80,003	73,390	20.0%
30-44	156,797	75,841	80,956	20.5%
45-64	152,747	70,528	87,946	19.9%
65+	75,187	31,384	43,803	9.8%
Total	766,120	373,587	398,260	100%

Population per square mile: 35.3 Area in square miles: 21,709

Provalence of Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) Among Adults (18+ years) 2005

	Estimated Case	%	Race	Estimated Cases	%	Age Group	Estimated Cases	%
CVD	27,968	5.2%	White	5,051	5.5%	18-29 years		
Gender			Hispanic	22,279	5.3%	30-44 years	7,526	4.8%
Male	12,888	5.0%	Black			45-64 years	10,063	6.6%
Female	15,163	5.3%	Other			65 + (Note: ""	9,925	13.2%

CVD Age-adjusted Mortality Rates ² (per 100,000) 2001-2004								
	N	Rates	Race	N	Rates	Age Group	N	Rates
Total	8600	264.6	White	3238	310.0	0-34 years	98	4.0
Gender			Hispanic	5072	240.5	35-44 years	147	23.9
Male	4283	311.2	Black	222	359.3	45-64 years	1291	157.1
Female	4317	228.5	Other	68	156.7	65+ years	7064	1657.0
				(Nlata: Aga adjusted to the LIC	2000 concue no	pulation " "indicator	rata tan amal	I to coloulato)

		(Note. Age adjusted to the oc	2000 cerisus population, 1	ndicates rate too sinali to calculate)	
Hospital Discharges ³	2005	Texas EMS/Trauma Registry Data ⁴ 2003			
	Charges (\$)		Time (in Minutes) for CVD	Time (in Minutes) for Stroke	
Ischemic Heart Disease	\$184,859,729	Response Time = (Call Received Time - Time EMS Arrived on Scene)	12.0	6.9	
Hemorrhagic Stroke	\$21,247,401	Scene Time = (Time EMS Arrived on Scene – Time EMS Departed Scene	18.4	14.9	
Ischemic Stroke	\$40,578,772	Transport Time = (Time EMS Departed Scene – Time EMS Arrived at Destination).	13.0	12.6	
Congestive Heart Failure	\$92,255,695	Delivery Time = (Call Received Time – Time EMS Arrived at Destination)	43.4	34.2	

¹ 2005 Texas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Statewide BRFSS Survey, for Respondents 18 years and older who report that they have been diagnosed as having had a Heart Attack, Myocardial Infarction, Angina, Coronary Heart Disease, or Stroke.

² 1999-2004 Texas Department of State Health Services Vital Statistics. Mortality due to CVD was defined as the (ICD-10 Code I00-I99) cause of death. 2004 mortality data is still

- · Suspected Illness Types include Cardiac Arrest, Cardiac Rhythm Disturbance, and Chest Pain/Discomfort
- Medical-related calls only (i.e. calls exclusively related to trauma were excluded)
- 911 calls only (no inter-facility transfers)
- · Texas residents only

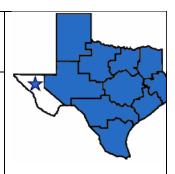
preliminary and may change at any point.

²⁰⁰³ Texas Health Care Information Council, Inpatient Hospital Discharge Public Use File, for persons all ages. Ischemic heart disease (ICD-9 Code 410-414); Hemorrhagic Stroke (ICD-9 Code 430-432); Ischemic Stroke (ICD-9 Code 436-438,433,434); Congestive Heart Failure (ICD-9 Code 428).

Texas EMS/Trauma Registry Data Selected in 2003. the selection criteria as:

Texas Cardiovascular Health & Wellness Program **Texas Department of State Health Services**

Cardiovascular Health Facts 2005 Region 10



CVD Risk Factors	s ¹ 2005				
Diabetes	Estimated Cases	Percent	High Blood Cholesterol	Estimated Cases	Percent
Total	38671	7.2	Total	194,702	36.3
Gender			Gender		
Male	15,156	5.9	Male	95,112	36.9
Female	24,144	8.6	Female	70,910	35.6
Current Smoker	Estimated Cases	Percent	High Blood Pressure	Estimated Cases	Percent
Total	101,116	18.8	Total	108,350	20.1
Gender			Gender		
Male	62,918	24.4	Male	45,881	17.8
Female	35,460	12.7	Female	63,301	22.4

SPAN Data (Youth Risk Factor Information)

A word about the information in this fact sheet

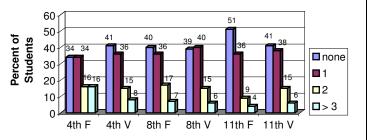
- SPAN is the School Physical Activity and Nutrition Project.
- The goal of SPAN is to monitor the prevalence of overwieght/obesity and certain risk factors in school-aged children in Texas.
- The SPAN data presented are a snapshot of the 4th, 8th, and 11th grade population in PHR 1.
- The results are statistically weighted and can be used as representative data for the region.

Compared to Others, Do You Think You Weigh							
•	Right Amount	Too Much	Not Enough				
4 th Grade	61%	18%	21%				

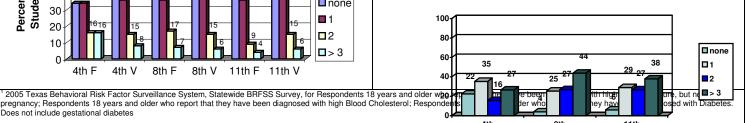
8 th Grade	57%	28%	15%
11 th Grade	58%	26%	16%

Body Mass Index (BMI)				5 or more Days	of Moderate Physic	cal Activity ²	
	Normal	At Risk*	Overweight**		5 Days	6 Days	7 Days
4 th Grade	63%	18%	19%	4 th Grade	12%	2%	9%
8 th Grade	66%	16%	18%	8 th Grade	12%	4%	10%
11 th Grade	62%	19%	19%	11 th Grade	14%	3%	12%

No. of times students ate Fruit/Vegetables Yesterday4



Number of Hours of TV /Videos Yesterday^{3,4}



2Recommendation: Physical Activity -The 2005 Dietary Guidelines recommends: All children and adolescents participate in at least 60 minutes of moderate intensity physical activity on most, preferably all, days of the week.

-The National Association for Sport and Physical Education (NASPE) adds: Children should engage in up to several hours a day of age and developmentally appropriate physical activity 10 – 15 minutes should include moderate to vigorous activities. http://www.aahperd.org/naspe/template.cfm?template=ns index.html

³ Recommendation: Media Time- The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends that parents limit children's total entertainment media time to: No more than 1 – 2 hours per day. http://www.aap.org/policy/re0043.html

Some questions in the survey ask the students questions about "vesterday".

Does not include gestational diabetes

These questions cannot provide information about "typical" individual behaviors, since it is only 1 day of data.

However, if we look at the aggregate results of a group of students, we can get a reasonable idea of what the group is doing overall.

^{*} At risk of overweight is ≥85th but <95th Percentile for BMI by Age/Sex **Overweight is ≥ 95th Percentile for BMI by Age/Sex</p>