

**Fatal occupational injuries Primary Characteristics Table, Texas, 2004**  
**Texas, All Ownerships, 2004**

Characteristic	All Industries
<b>Total:</b>	440
<b>Employee status:</b>	
Wage and salary workers	334
Self-employed	106
<b>Gender:</b>	
Men	411
Women	29
<b>Age:</b>	
Under 16 years	--
16 to 17 years	--
18 to 19 years	3
20 to 24 years	49
25 to 34 years	106
35 to 44 years	101
45 to 54 years	100
55 to 64 years	47
65 years and over	31
<b>Race or ethnic origin<sup>1</sup>:</b>	
White, non-Hispanic	236
Black, non-Hispanic	40
Hispanic or Latino	150
American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	--
Asian	13
Pacific Islander	--
Multiple races	--
Other or not reported	--
<b>Event or exposure:</b>	
Contact with objects and equipment	77
Struck by object	49
Struck by falling object	32
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	15
Caught in running equipment or machinery	8
Falls	61
Fall to lower level	58
Fall from ladder	9
Fall from roof	12
Fall from scaffold, staging	9
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	35
Contact with electric current	21
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	5

Oxygen deficiency (including drowning)	3
Transportation incidents	194
Highway incidents	121
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	71
Non-collision incidents	27
Non-highway incident, except rail, air, water	12
Overturned	6
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	23
Aircraft incidents	28
Fires and explosions	18
Assaults and violent acts	54
Homicides	37
Self inflicted injuries	14
Other or not reported	--

See footnotes at end of table.

<b>Primary source<sup>2</sup>:</b>	
Vehicles	199
Highway vehicles	147
Automobiles	33
Trucks	102
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	9
Forklifts	8
Tractors	--
Structures and surfaces	72
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	63
Machinery	38
Agriculture and garden machinery	6
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	14
Material handling machinery	15
Parts and materials	35
Machine, tool, and electric parts	17
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	11
Persons -other than injured worker	--
Robber	--
Co-worker, former co-worker	--
Trees, logs	3
Chemicals and chemical products	7
Tools, instruments, and equipment	5
Containers	10
Other	63
Bullets and pellets	38
Fire, flame, smoke	4
<b>Secondary source<sup>3</sup>:</b>	
Vehicles	95
Highway vehicles	83
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	5
Structures and surfaces	76
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	18
Structures	41
Machinery	27

Parts and materials	20
Machine, tool, and electric parts	13
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	41
Persons -other than injured worker	36
Robber	21
Co-worker, former co-worker	--
Trees, logs	3
Chemicals and chemical products	3
Tools, instruments, and equipment	16
Containers	16
Other	24
Liquids (including water)	17
No secondary source	122

See footnotes at end of table.

<b>Nature:</b>	
Intracranial injuries	74
Other traumatic injuries	102
Internal injuries	44
Asphyxiations, suffocations	16
Drownings	13
Electrocutions	21
Poisonings, toxic effects	8
Open wounds	48
Gunshot wounds	38
Burns (heat, chemical, etc.)	7
Multiple traumatic injuries	193
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	33
<b>Part of body:</b>	
Head	87
Trunk	68
Chest	18
Back	4
Neck	10
Lower extremities	--
Upper extremities	--
Body systems	61
Multiple	211
<b>Worker activity:</b>	
Vehicular and transportation operations	193
Using or operating tools, machinery	38
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	102
Protective service activities	13
Materials handling operations	33
Physical activities	19
Other activities	42
Tending a retail establishment	19
Not reported	--

<b>Location:</b>	
Private residence	39
Farm	17
Mine, quarry	5
Industrial place and premises	131
Place for recreation or sports	--
Street and highway	151
Public building	39
Residential institutions	--
Other or not reported	55

See footnotes at end of table.

<b>Occupation:</b>	
Management occupations	23
Business and financial operations occupations	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	--
Architecture and Engineering occupations	8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3
Community and social services occupations	4
Legal occupations	--
Education, training, and library occupations	5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	3
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	3
Healthcare support occupations	--
Protective service occupations	27
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	17
Personal care and service occupations	6
Sales and related occupations	24
Office and administrative support occupations	3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	10
Construction and extraction occupations	122
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	25
Production occupations	24
Transportation and material moving occupations	121
Military specific occupations	7

<sup>1</sup>Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

<sup>2</sup>The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

<sup>3</sup>The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Data for 2004 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, July 17, 2006