

Send to workers' compensation carrier:

(Name and fax number of carrier)



CLAIM # _____

CARRIER'S CLAIM # _____

Initial Amended

EMPLOYER'S WAGE STATEMENT

The Texas Workers' Compensation Act and Workers' Compensation rules require an employer to provide an Employer's Wage Statement to its workers' compensation insurance carrier (carrier) and the claimant or the claimant's representative, if any. The purpose of the form is to provide the employee's wage information to the carrier for calculating the employee's Average Weekly Wage (AWW) to establish benefits due to the employee or a beneficiary.

The AWW is based on the wages the employee earned in the 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of injury (or the wage a similar employee earned if the employee did not work the full 13-week period). "Wages" include all forms of remuneration payable to an employee for personal services, including fringe benefits. To simplify filing, employers may file wages in a monthly, biweekly, or weekly manner as discussed below.

NOTE - An employer who fails without good cause to timely file a complete wage statement as required by the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, Texas Labor Code, Section 408.063(c) and Worker's Compensation Rule 120.4 may be assessed an administrative penalty not to exceed \$500.00 for an initial offense and not to exceed \$10,000.00 for a repeated administrative violation.

The employer shall timely file a complete wage statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Division.

(1) The wage statement shall be filed ("filed" means received) with the carrier, the claimant, and the claimant's representative (if any) within 30 days of the earliest of:

- (A) the employee's eighth day of disability;
- (B) the date the employer is notified that the employee is entitled to income benefits;
- (C) the date of the employee's death as a result of a compensable injury.

(2) The wage statement shall also be filed with the Division within seven days of receiving a request from the Division (Only When Requested).

(3) A subsequent wage statement shall be filed with the carrier, employee, and the employee's representative (if any) within seven days if any information contained on the previous wage statement changes (such as if the employer discontinues providing a nonpecuniary wage that was initially continued after the date of injury).

All applicable DWC rules can be found at www.tdi.state.tx.us

EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYER INFORMATION

Employee's Name (Last, First, M.I.):	Employer's Business Name:
Employee's Mailing Address (Street or P.O. Box):	Employer's Mailing Address (Street or P.O. Box):
City: State: ZIP Code:	City: State: ZIP Code:
Social Security Number:	Federal Tax I.D. Number:
Date of Hire: Date of Injury:	Name and Phone # of Person Providing Wage Information:
<input type="checkbox"/> As of today's date, the employee is not back at work. OR <input type="checkbox"/> The employee returned to work on _____ and is working: <input type="checkbox"/> without restriction. OR <input type="checkbox"/> with restrictions and is earning wages of \$ _____ per week/month (circle one). NOTE - Rule 120.3 requires the employer file the Supplemental Report of Injury (DWC FORM-6) to report changes in Work Status and Post-Injury Earnings.	I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT this wage statement is complete, accurate, and complies with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and applicable rules, and the listed wages include all pecuniary and nonpecuniary wages paid for (earned in) the 13 weeks prior to the date of injury (as described on page 2) and I understand that making a misrepresentation about a workers' compensation claim is a crime that can result in fines and/or imprisonment. Signature: _____ Date: _____

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INJURY (Check All That Apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> Full-time: employee who regularly works at least 30 hours per week and whose schedule is comparable to other employees of the company and/or other employees in the same business or vicinity who are considered full-time. <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonal: employee who as regular course of conduct engages in seasonal or cyclical employment that may or may not be agricultural in nature and that does not continue throughout the year.	<input type="checkbox"/> Part-time: Regular Course of Conduct: employee whose work history for the 12-month period preceding the injury shows the person only worked part-time during that period. <input type="checkbox"/> Part-time: Not Regular Course of Conduct: employee whose work history for the 12-month period preceding the injury shows part-time and full time work during that period. <input type="checkbox"/> Apprentice: employee who is learning a skilled trade or art by practical experience under the direction of a skilled crafts person or artisan.	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor: employee less than 18 years of age and not emancipated by marriage or judicial action who is also an apprentice, trainee or student. <input type="checkbox"/> Student: employee enrolled in a course of study in high school, college or other institute of higher education or technical training. <input type="checkbox"/> Trainee: employee undergoing systematic instruction and practice in some art, trade or profession with a view towards proficiency in it.
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SAME OR SIMILAR EMPLOYEE?

The wage information on this form is for: <input type="checkbox"/> The Injured Employee OR <input type="checkbox"/> A Similar Employee (NOTE - If requested by the Division, the employer shall identify the similar employee whose wages were provided.)	If the employee was not employed for 13 continuous weeks before the date of injury, report the wages of an employee who has training, experience, skills & wages comparable to the injured employee AND who performs services/tasks comparable in nature and in number of hours. If no similar employee exists, report the limited available wages earned by the injured employee prior to the injury.
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NOTE TO INJURED EMPLOYEE - If you were injured on or after 7/1/02, and had employment with more than one employer on the date of injury, you can provide your insurance carrier with wage information from your other employment for the carrier to include in your AWW and this may affect your benefits. Contact your carrier for additional information or call the Division at (800) 252-7031. You can also read rule 122.5 at www.tdi.state.tx.us.



WAGE INFORMATION INSTRUCTIONS

Employee Name:

Social Security #:

Date of Injury:

- The employer shall report all wages **earned in the 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of injury**. If the employee is paid on a monthly or semi-monthly basis, the employer may provide wages for the 3 months preceding the date of injury. Monthly wages may also be converted to weekly wages by dividing the gross monthly amount by 4.34821. If the employee is paid on a biweekly basis, the employer may provide the wages for the 14 weeks preceding the date of injury. When setting the periods to report, the employer may adjust the reporting period backward slightly (up to six days) to line up the reporting timeframes with the employer's natural pay cycle. **However, the employer shall not report wages earned on or after the date of injury.**

- If reporting weekly earnings, use all 13 Period Columns below. If reporting 3 months of earnings, either convert the wages to weekly earnings or use the first 3 Period Columns. If reporting 14 weeks of biweekly earnings, use the first 7 Period Columns. **In all cases, indicate the dates that each period covers.**

PECUNIARY WAGE INFORMATION

Pecuniary Wages include all wages that are paid to the employee in the form of money. These include, but are not limited to: hourly, weekly, biweekly, monthly, etc. wages; salary; tips/gratuities; piecework compensation; monetary allowances; bonuses; and commissions. Earnings are reported in the periods they are earned, NOT when they are paid and some (such as bonuses and commissions) need to be prorated. Pecuniary wages don't include payments made by an employer to reimburse the employee for the use of the employee's equipment or for paying helpers or to reimburse for travel expenses. Consider as earnings amounts from paid holidays and any vacation, personal or sick leave an employee used but not the market value of leave time earned but not used.

PERIOD # (Week #, Month #, or Bi-Week #)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
FROM DATE:														
TO DATE:														
# HOURS WORKED:														
GROSS WAGES EARNED:														
														TOTALS

NONPECUNIARY WAGE INFORMATION

Nonpecuniary Wages include all wages paid to the employee in a form other than money. These include, but are not limited to, the benefits listed below but do not include monetary allowances or stipends paid to allow the employee to purchase the benefits.

Nonpecuniary Wage Type	Employer Provided Prior To Injury?		Specify Value Or Amount Earned in Each Reported Period For Each Benefit Provided Prior To Injury (Use the same periods as used above)													Will Employer Continue To Provide?		Date Benefit Suspended (if suspended)
	YES	NO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	YES	NO	
Health Insurance																		
Laundry/Cleaning																		
Clothing/Uniforms																		
Lodging/Housing/																		
Food/Meals																		
Vehicle/Fuel																		
Other																		

