2006-2007 TEXAS COMMERCIAL FISHING GUIDE

Effective Sept. 1, 2006 • Expires Aug. 31, 2007



Information in this guide may change due to Legislative or Commission action.

• IMPORTANT: See Special Notices, Page 2 •

A GUIDE TO TEXAS COMMERCIAL FISHING INDUSTRY REGULATIONS

Commercial fishing is any activity involving taking or handling fresh or saltwater aquatic products for pay or for the purpose of barter, sale or exchange.

This publication is a summary of regulations for the commercial fishing industry in Texas and is designed as a guide only. Regulations concerning sport fishing are contained in the Texas Parks and Wildlife Outdoor Annual

which is available free of charge from Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) offices and from bait, tackle and sporting goods dealers where fishing licenses are sold.

More detailed information concerning commercial fishing industry regulations can be obtained from TPWD game wardens or any law enforcement office of TPWD.

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SPECIAL NOTICES

- All commercial shipments of aquatic products must be accompanied by an invoice and containers must be labeled. (See SHIPPING REGULATIONS page 10.)
- The <u>Shipper</u> and <u>Receiver</u> of commercial shipments of aquatic products must keep the shipping invoices on file as a record for one year from the date of shipment. (See <u>RECORDS</u> page 11.)
- Consumption of Clams, Mussels, and Other Molluscan Shellfish taken from public fresh waters is prohibited by the Texas Department of State Health Services.
- 4. Clams, Mussels, Oysters, and Other Molluscan Shellfish taken from public salt waters may be taken only from waters approved by the Texas Department of State Health Services. (Maps identifying approved areas may be obtained from the Texas Department of State Health Services, Seafood Safety Division (512) 719-0215. Additional information concerning area closures may be obtained 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by calling (800) 685-0361.)
- 5. By Order of the Texas Department of State Health Services the area of Lavaca Bay inshore of a line drawn from the southwestern most point of land at Cox Point to Channel Marker #74 on the Matagorda Ship Channel, thence in a northwesterly direction to Channel Marker #12 on the Red Bluff Channel, and thence in a northerly direction to the last part of land at the northeastern approach of the Port Lavaca Causeway, is closed to the retention of finfish and crabs. (Catch and release of finfish and crabs is lawful. This closure is due to mercury contamination.)
- 6. By Order of the Texas Department of State Health Services the area of the Trinity River from the 7th Street Bridge in Fort Worth downstream to the Texas State Highway 36 Bridge in Kaufman and Ellis counties southeast of Dallas, Lake Como, Echo Lake and Fosdic Lake (also known as Oakland Lake) in Tarrant County, and Mountain Creek Lake in Dallas County are closed to the retention of finfish. Catch and release of finfish is lawful. This closure is due to chlordane contamination and toxic organic compounds in fish.
- 7. By order of the Texas Department of State Health Services the Donna Irrigation System located in Hidalgo County is declared a prohibited area for the taking of all species of aquatic life. This closure is due to elevated levels of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) found in fish samples.

- 8. Commercial Bay, Bait, and Gulf Shrimp boat licenses, Commercial Crab Fisherman's licenses, Commercial Finfish Fisherman's licenses, and Commercial Oyster boat licenses, are subject to limited issuance. For detailed information see pages 19, 21, 34 and 35
- **9.** Texas Department of State Health Services recommends limiting consumption of certain fish in these areas as follows:
 - (a) GULF OF MEXICO: All Texas Coastal Waters.
 - Chemical of Concern: Mercury
 - King mackerel greater than 43 inches in total length should not be consumed.
 - For **king mackerel** 37 to 43 inches in total length:
 - Adults should limit consumption to no more than one, 8-ounce meal per week.
 - Women of child-bearing age and children should limit consumption to not more than one, 8-ounce meal per month.
 - King mackerel less than 37 inches in total length are safe for unrestricted consumption.
 - (b) Arroyo Colorado, Llano Grande Lake, and the Main Floodway upstream of the Port of Harlingen in Cameron and Hidalgo counties.
 - Chemicals of Concern: Organochlorine pesticides
 - For smallmouth buffalo, adults should limit consumption to no more than two, 8-ounce meals per month, and children should limit consumption to no more than two, 4-ounce meals per month.
 - (c) B.A. Steinhagen Lake in Jasper and Tyler counties; Big Cypress Creek in Marion County; Caddo Lake in Harrison and Marion counties; Sam Rayburn Reservoir in Angelina, Jasper, Nacogdoches, Sabine and San Augustine counties; and Toledo Bend Reservoir in Newton, Panola, Sabine and Shelby counties.
 - · Chemical of Concern: Mercury
 - All Locations: For largemouth bass and freshwater drum, adults should limit consumption to no more than two, 8-ounce meals per month, and children should limit consumption to no more than two, 4-ounce meals per month.
 - For B.A. Steinhagen Reservoir: For white bass or hybrid striped bass,

adults should limit consumption to no more than one, 8-ounce meal per month, and children should limit consumption to no more than one, 4-ounce meal per month.

- (d) Houston Ship Channel upstream and downstream of the Lynchburg Ferry crossing and all contiguous water including the San Jacinto River below U.S. Highway 90 bridge, and Upper Galveston Bay and all contiguous waters north of a line drawn from Red Bluff Point to Five Mile cut Marker to Houston Point in Harris and Chambers counties.
 - Chemicals of Concern: Dioxin (all waters), and Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and Organochlorine pesticides (upstream of the Lynchburg Ferry crossing)
 - For all species of fish and blue crabs, adults should limit consumption to no more than one, 8-ounce meal per month, and women of child-bearing age and children should not consume any fish or blue crabs from this area.
- (e) Houston Ship Channel and Upper Galveston Bay, downstream of the Lynchburg Ferry crossing to a line from Red Bluff Point to Five Mile Cut marker to Houston Point.
 - Chemicals of Concern: Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
 - For **spotted seatrout**, adults should limit consumption to no more than one, 8-ounce meal per month, and women of child-bearing age and children should not consume any spotted seatrout from this area.
- **(f) Lake Daingerfield** in Morris County and **Lake Ratcliff** in Houston County.
 - Chemical of Concern: Mercury
 - For largemouth bass, adults should limit consumption to no more than two, 8-ounce meals per month, and children should limit

consumption to no more than two, 4-ounce meals per month.

- (g) Lake Kimball in Hardin and Tyler counties and Lake Pruitt (Black Cypress Creek) in Cass County.
 - · Chemical of Concern: Mercury
 - For all species of fish, adults should limit consumption to no more than two, 8-ounce meals per month, and children under 11 years of age should limit consumption to no more than two, 4-ounce meals per month.
- **(h) Lake Meredith** in Hutchinson, Moore and Potter counties.
 - Chemical of Concern: Mercury
 - For walleye, adults should limit consumption to no more than two, 8-ounce meals per month, and children should limit consumption to no more than two, 4-ounce meals per month.
- (i) Lake Worth in Tarrant County.
 - Chemicals of Concern: Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
 - Persons should not consume any species of fish from these waters.
- (j) Lower Leon Creek from the Texas Highway 90 bridge downstream to Military Drive in San Antonio, Bexar County.
 - Chemical of Concern: Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
 - Persons should not consume any species of fish from these waters.
- **(k) Trinity River** from Texas 34 to Cedar Creek Reservoir discharge in Kaufman, Ellis, Henderson and Navarro counties.
 - Chemicals of Concern: Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), Chlordane, DDF
 - Persons should not consume any species of gar from these waters.

Note: Additional information concerning Texas Department of State Health Services closures or advisories may be obtained by calling (800) 685-0361 (shellfish) or (512) 719-0215 (other advisories) or visiting: www.tdh.state.tx.us/bfds/ssd

GENERAL REGULATIONS

These rules also apply to fish, shrimp, crabs or other aquatic life caught in the Exclusive Economic Zone and landed in Texas.

Civil Restitution: When a Texas Game Warden encounters a violation of hunting and fishing regulations, there will be a criminal complaint filed in either a justice court or a county court. Fines for such violations are assessed by the presiding judge hearing the case. In addition to assessed fines that

may be associated with a criminal complaint, violators are also liable to civil restitution for the loss of or damage to wildlife resources that have resulted from the violation. Civil restitution will be assessed following each conviction and each violator will receive an invoice for this restitution from the department. Failure to pay the civil recovery value will result in the department's refusal to issue any license, tag or permit in the violator's name until restitution is made. An individual who hunts or fishes after such a refusal commits a Class A misdemeanor which is punishable by a fine not less than \$500 or more than \$4,000; punishment in jail not to exceed one year; or both fine and confinement. For questions concerning civil restitution call (512) 389-4630.

Texas residents 17 years of age or older while fishing, hunting or trapping **MUST** have on their person a driver's license or personal identification certificate issued by the Department of Public Safety. **Non-residents** must have similar documents issued by the agency of the state or country of which the person is a resident that is authorized to issue driver's licenses or personal identification certificates.

POSSESSION OF PROHIBITED FISHING DEVICES

It is unlawful to possess a device designed to catch fish or other aquatic life in or on the public water of this state where the use of the device is prohibited.

In coastal waters, a prohibited device may be possessed on board a vessel if the vessel is in port or in a marked channel going directly to or from an area in this state where the use of the device is permitted.

Gill nets, trammel nets, strike nets and seines (other than minnow seines) may not be possessed within 500 yards of any public coastal waters.

DEFINITIONS

Aquatic Product: Any live or dead uncooked, fresh or frozen aquatic animal life.

Artificial Lure: Any lure (including flies) with hook or hooks attached that is man-made and is used as a bait while fishing.

Bait: Something used to lure any wildlife resource. It is unlawful to use gamefish or any part thereof as bait.

Bycatch Reduction Device (BRD): A device installed in the cod end (tail bag) of a shrimp trawl for the purpose of excluding finfish from the net. **NOTE: BRDs are required in certain trawls.**

Cast Net: A net which can be thrown or cast to drop over an area.

Community Fishing Lake: All public impoundments 75 acres or smaller located totally within an incorporated city limits or a public park, and all impoundments of any size lying totally within the boundaries of a state park. For a list of community fishing lakes in your area, call (800) 792-1112.

Crab Line: A baited line with no hook or pole attached.

Crab Measurement: Blue crabs are measured across the widest point of the body from tip of spine to tip of spine. Stone crab claws are measured by the propodus length which is that distance from the tip of the immovable claw finger to the first joint behind the claw.

Daily Bag Limit: The quantity of a species that may be taken in one day.

Day: A 24-hour period of time that begins at midnight and ends the following midnight.

Fishing: Taking or trying to take fish, shrimp, crabs, oysters, clams, mussels or any other aquatic life by any means.

Fishing Guide: A person who, for compensation, accompanies, assists, or transports a person or persons engaged in fishing in the waters of this state.

Fishing Guide Deck Hand: A person in the employ of a fishing guide who assists in operating a boat for compensation to accompany or to transport a person or persons engaged in fishing in the water of this state.

Gaff: Any hand-held pole with a hook attached.

Game Fish (includes hybrids or subspecies of fish on this list):

- Bass, Guadalupe
 Marlin, blue
- Bass, largemouth
 Marlin, white
 Bickgrouph
- Bass, smallmouthBass, spottedPickerelSailfish
- Bass, striped Sauger
- Bass, white
 Seatrout, spotted
- Bass, yellowCatfish, blueSnook
- Catfish, channel
 Spearfish, longbill
 Swordfish, broadh
- Catfish, flatheadSwordfish, broadbillTarpon
- Crappie, blackCrappie, whiteTripletailTrout, brown
- Drum, red Trout, rainbow
- Mackerel, kingMackerel, SpanishWalleye

Gear Tag: A tag constructed of material as durable as the device to which it is attached. The gear tag must be clearly legible and show the name and address of the person using the device and except for saltwater trotlines and crab traps, the date the device is set out.

Gig: Any hand-held shaft with single or multiple points, barbed or barbless.

Jug Line (fresh water): A fishing line with five or less hooks tied to a free-floating device.

Lawful Archery Equipment: Longbow, recurved bow, compound bow and crossbow.

Mussels and Clams: Includes all freshwater and marine bivalve mollusks except oysters.

• Freshwater mussels – bivalve mollusks of the family Unionidae.

Natural Bait: A whole or cut-up portion of a fish or shellfish or a whole or cut-up portion of plant material in its natural state, provided that none of these may be altered beyond cutting into portions.

Non-game Fish: All species not listed as game fish except endangered or threatened fish which are defined and regulated under separate rules.

Non-resident: A person who does not meet the resident requirements.

Permanent Residence: One's principal or ordinary home or dwelling place. This does not include a temporary abode or dwelling such as a hunting/fishing club, or any club house, cabin, tent or trailer house used as a hunting/fishing club, or any hotel, motel or rooming house used during a hunting, fishing, pleasure or business trip.

Permanent Structure: A building designed, planned and constructed so as to remain at one location.

Pole and Line: A line with hook, attached to a pole. This gear includes rod and reel.

Possession Limit: The maximum number of a species of game, fish or other animals that may be possessed at one time.

Purse Seine: A net with flotation on the corkline adequate to support the net in open water without touching bottom with a rope or wire cable strung through rings attached along the bottom edge to close the bottom of the net.

Resident: A person who has lived in Texas continuously for more than six months immediately before applying for a license. (This includes residents and their spouses or unmarried children living at home who enter the United States Armed Forces and continue to list Texas as their state of residency with the armed forces.)

Sack: 110 pounds of oysters including the weight of the sack.

Seine: A section of non-metallic mesh webbing. The top edge buoyed upwards by a floatline and the bottom edge weighted.

Spear: Any shaft with single or multiple points, barbed or barbless, which may be propelled by any means, but does not include arrows.

Spear Gun: Any hand operated device designed and used for propelling a spear, but does not include the crossbow.

Throwline (fresh water): A fishing line with five or less hooks and with one end attached to a permanent fixture. Components of a throwline may also include swivels, snaps, rubber and rigid support structures.

Trap: A rigid device of various designs and dimensions used to entrap aquatic organisms.

Trawl: A beam trawl or otter trawl with a bagshaped net which is used to catch shrimp.

- Beam Trawl A trawl, without wings, the mouth of which is held open by a rigid beam of wood or metal.
- Otter Trawl A funnel-shaped trawl, with wings, the mouth of which is held open by floats and weights and spread by trawl doors fastened to the wings.

Trotline: A non-metallic main fishing line with more than five hooks attached and with each end attached to a fixture.

Turtle Excluder Device (TED): A device installed in a shrimp trawl forward of the cod end (tail bag) for the purpose of excluding sea turtles from the net. **NOTE: TEDs are required in certain trawls.**

Umbrella Net: A non-metallic mesh net that is suspended horizontally in the water by multiple lines attached to a rigid frame.

POTENTIALLY HARMFUL EXOTIC FISH, SHELLFISH AND AQUATIC PLANTS

The importation, sale, transportation and release of exotic fish, shellfish, or aquatic plants designated harmful or potentially harmful by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission are prohibited except by special permit from the department. The list of potentially harmful species may be obtained by calling (800) 792-1112.

LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

License requirements and fees are subject to change. (License fees are not refundable.)

SPORTFISHING LICENSE REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN

Residents who possess a Resident General Commercial Fisherman's License must purchase a Resident Sport Fishing License or a Temporary Resident Sport Fishing License to fish for recreational purposes.

Non-resident commercial fishermen must obtain a Non-Resident Fishing License or a Day Non-Resident Fishing License to fish for recreational purposes.

In addition to the above, a Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp is required to fish for recreational purposes in coastal waters of this state and a Freshwater Fishing Stamp is required to fish for recreational purposes in fresh waters of this state.

GENERAL LICENSES

General Commercial Fisherman's Resident (Type 372).....\$24 Non-resident (Type 340)\$180 Required for any person who:

- catches aquatic products from the waters of this state for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter or exchange or any other commercial purpose; or
- unloads in this state aquatic products that were taken from water outside this state and have not been previously unloaded in another state or a foreign country, for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter or exchange or any other commercial purpose.
- a non-resident who is residing in a state that denies the privilege of commercial fishing in that state to a Texas resident because of residency status is not eligible for a nonresident general commercial fisherman's license.

Exceptions:

 a person who holds a commercial shrimp boat captain's license, commercial oyster boat captain's license, a bait dealer's license and catching bait only, commercial crab fisherman's license, commercial finfish fisherman's license, Class A and Class B Menhaden boat license, or the crew of a licensed commercial shrimp boat or oyster boat is not required to obtain a general commercial fisherman's license.

Commercial Finfish Fisherman's Resident (Type 371).....\$360 Non-resident (Type 361).....\$1,440

Required for any person who takes finfish for commercial purposes from the coastal waters of this state.

- Finfish Fisherman: defined as a person who catches finfish from the coastal waters of this state for the purpose of sale, barter, exchange or any other commercial purpose.
- Finfish: defined as those living resources having either cartilaginous or bony skeletons (Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes).

Exceptions:

- A person who is licensed as a bait dealer and who takes finfish for bait only is not required to obtain a commercial finfish fisherman's license.
- A person who is in a vessel licensed as a menhaden boat and who takes menhaden is not required to obtain a Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License.
- A person who holds a Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's License or the crew of a licensed commercial shrimp boat is not required to obtain a Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License when catching finfish incidental to legal shrimp trawling operations.
- A person may operate a boat bearing a commercial finfish fisherman's license plate ONLY if that person possesses on board the following documentation:
 - a commercial finfish fisherman's license
 - a general commercial fisherman's license, AND a copy of an affidavit permitting the boat operator to fish the commercial finfish fishing devices owned by the person to whom the commercial finfish fisherman's license was issued. The affidavit must contain the date, original signature of the licensee, and commercial finfish license number which matches the commercial finfish license plate number on the boat.
- A person operating a boat for the purpose of commercial finfish fishing is not required to possess a commercial fishing boat license.

Note

- A person purchasing this license will receive two (2) license plates bearing a number unique to that person.
- A boat operated for the purposes of commercial finfish fishing is required to have a commercial finfish fisherman's license plate

prominently displayed as to be clearly visible from both sides of the boat.

 No more than one set of commercial finfish fisherman's license plates may be on board a commercial finfish fishing boat at any one time.

Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's Resident (Type 333)......\$30 Non-resident (Type 433)\$120

Required of any person who operates a commercial shrimp boat catching or attempting to catch shrimp and other aquatic products from the public waters of this state or unloading or attempting to unload in this state shrimp and other aquatic products taken from waters outside this state.

Commercial Oyster Boat Captain's Resident (Type 309)......\$30 Non-resident (Type 409)\$120

Required of any person who operates a commercial oyster boat while taking oysters from the public waters of this state.

Commercial Oyster Fisherman's

Resident (Type 370)	.\$120
Non-resident (Type 470)	.\$300

Required of any person who takes oysters from the public waters of this state for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter or exchange or any other commercial purpose. (Not required of the captain and crew of licensed commercial oyster boats.)

Commercial Crab Fisherman's

Resident (Type 338)	\$600
Non-resident (Type 438)	2,400

Required for any person who takes crabs for commercial purposes from the coastal waters of the state.

NOTE: No person may hold more than three commercial crab fisherman's licenses.

Exceptions:

- A person may operate a boat bearing a commercial crab fisherman's license plate ONLY if that person possesses on board the following documentation:
 - a commercial crab fisherman's license OR
 - a general commercial fisherman's license, AND a copy of an affidavit permitting the boat operator to fish the commercial crab fishing devices owned by the person to whom the commercial crab fisherman's license was issued. The affidavit must contain the date, original signature of the licensee, and commercial crab license number which matches the commercial crab license plate number on the boat.

 A person operating a boat for the purpose of commercial crab fishing is not required to possess a commercial fishing boat license.

Note:

- A person purchasing this license will receive two (2) license plates bearing a number unique to that person.
- A boat operated for the purposes of commercial crab fishing is required to have a commercial crab fisherman's license plate prominently displayed as to be clearly visible from both sides of the boat.
- No more than one set of commercial crab fisherman's license plates may be on board a commercial crab fishing boat at any one time

Commercial Mussel and Clam Fisherman's Resident (Type 320)......\$36 Non-resident (Type 420)\$960

Required of any person taking mussels, clams or their shells from the public waters of this state for commercial purposes.

Fishing Guide

Freshwater Fishing Guide (available at any location where licences are sold)

Resident (Type 600)	\$125
Non-resident (Type 700)	\$125

Required for any person who for compensation, accompanies, assists or transports any person engaged in fishing in the fresh waters of the state.

Saltwater Fishing Guide (available only at TPWD Law Enforcement Offices)

Resident (Type 610)	\$200
Non-resident (Type 710)	\$1,000

Required for any person who for compensation, accompanies, assists or transports any person engaged in fishing in the salt waters or both salt and fresh waters of the state.

A vessel license is required from the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) to carry passengers for hire on waters designated as navigable by the USCG. It is the operator's responsibility to assure compliance with USCG regulations. For additional information, contact the USCG Regional Examination Center in Houston at (713) 948-3350.

NOTE: NO PERSON operating a vessel or boat as a fishing guide on or in the salt waters of this state may be issued a Fishing Guide license unless the person presents documentation to the license agent that the applicant possesses a valid and appropriate U.S. Coast Guard Operator's License.

BAIT DEALERS' LICENSES

All Bait Dealers who purchase aquatic product(s) from anyone except other Dealers, and all Bait Dealers who harvest aquatic product(s) themselves are required to report these landings under the Trip Ticket Program. See page 11, COMMERCIAL HARVEST REPORTS.

Bait Dealer - Individual

(Type 312).....\$36

Required for any person who catches, transports or sells his own catch of minnows, fish or other aquatic products (except shrimp) for bait.

Note: In addition to this license, a permit to sell non-game fish taken from public fresh water is required. The fee for this license is \$60 and can be obtained by calling (512) 389-4647.

Bait Dealer – Place of Business/Building (Type 515)......\$36

Required for any person who buys for the purpose of sale, minnows, fish, shrimp in non-coastal counties or other aquatic products for bait.

Bait Dealer – Place of Business/ Motor Vehicle

(Type 516).....**\$36**

Required for any person operating a place of business and buying, for the purpose of sale from a motor vehicle, minnows, fish, shrimp in non-coastal counties or other aquatic products for bait.

Bait-Shrimp Dealer (coastal counties)

(Type 335).....**\$204**

Required for any person who operates an established place of business engaged in selling shrimp for fish bait. Minnows, non-game fish or other aquatic products may also be sold for fish bait under this license. Only the place of business/building bait dealer's license is required for grocery stores which do not unload or purchase shrimp directly from commercial bait-shrimp boats.

OTHER BUSINESS LICENSES

"Place of business" means a permanent structure on land or a motor vehicle where aquatic products or orders for aquatic products are received or where aquatic products are sold or purchased, but does not include a boat or any type of floating device, a public cold-storage vault, the portion of a structure that is used as a residence, or a vehicle from which no orders are taken or no shipments or deliveries are made other than to the place of business of a licensee in this state.

Aquatic products lawfully taken from the waters of another state or country may be sold within this state by licensed dealers without

regard to size limitations imposed on such products taken within this state. A record of the source and disposition of such undersized or oversized products shall be maintained by the dealer for as long as the undersized or oversized products are retained and for at least 30 days thereafter.

All Fish Dealers who purchase aquatic product(s) from anyone except other Dealers, and all Fish Dealers who harvest aquatic product(s) themselves are required to report these landings under the Trip Ticket Program. See page 11, COMMERCIAL HARVEST REPORTS.

*Wholesale Fish Dealer (each place of business

except trucks) (Type 314) \$825
*Wholesale Fish Truck Dealer

Vholesale Fish Truck Dealer (for each truck used as a place of business) (Type 315).....\$561

Required for any person who operates a place of business for the purpose of selling, offering for sale, canning, preserving, processing, or handling for shipments or sale aquatic products to retail or wholesale fish dealers, hotels, restaurants, cafes, or consumers.

*Note: HB 2470 of the 78th Legislature mandated a 10% surcharge on fees for these licenses. The funds generated by these increases will be dedicated to a shrimp marketing and promotion program administered by the Texas Department of Agriculture.

*Retail Fish Dealer (each place of business except trucks)

(Type 302)**\$92.40**

*Retail Fish Truck Dealer (each truck used as a place of business) (Type 316).....\$171.60

Required for any person who operates a place of business and sells aquatic products to **consumers**.

*Note: HB 2470 of the 78th Legislature mandated a 10% surcharge on fees for these licenses. The funds generated by these increases will be dedicated to a shrimp marketing and promotion program administered by the Texas Department of Agriculture.

Menhaden Fish Plant (Type 326)\$180

Required for any person who operates, at a fixed location on land, any installation where fish and fish by-products are processed by pressure, heat or chemical means into fish oil, fish solubles, fish scraps or other products.

Texas Finfish Import License

(Type 380).....**\$90**

Required of any person in this state receiving bass of the genus Micropterus, blue marlin, crappie, flathead catfish, goliath grouper (formerly called jewfish), longbill spearfish, muskellunge, northern pike, red drum, sailfish, sauger, snook, spotted seatrout, striped bass, tarpon, walleye, white bass, white marlin, yellow bass or hybrids of any of these fish directly from another state or country; or importing, transporting, or selling these fishes in this state. (This license is not required for licensed Texas fish farmers raising these fishes, or persons transporting these fish by common carrier from outside this state to a point of delivery outside this state providing the fish are not unloaded in Texas and are accompanied by a bill of lading.)

Shell Buyer

Resident (Type	324)	\$120
)\$1,800

Required to purchase for commercial use mussel and clam shells that have been taken from the public waters.

BOAT LICENSES

Current boat registration or documentation papers must be presented when purchasing a boat license.

A **non-resident boat** is defined as a boat that does not have a Texas Certificate of Number or a boat that does not have a United States Coast Guard Certificate of Documentation that lists the owner's address in Texas.

Commercial Fishing Boat

Resident (Type 304)	\$18
Non-resident (Type 404)	

Required of each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in taking aquatic products except menhaden, oysters and shrimp from the public waters of the state or for boats unloading within the state such products taken outside the state's waters for pay, barter, sale, exchange or any commercial purpose.

Class A Menhaden Boat

(Type 325)	\$4,200
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Required for each boat used in the coastal waters of this state for the purpose of catching, storing and transporting menhaden for pay, barter, sale or exchange. Persons aboard a menhaden boat for the purpose of taking menhaden are not required to possess a general commercial fisherman's license or commercial finfish fisherman's license.

Class B Menhaden Boat

(Type	3791)	\$50
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Required for each boat used for the purpose of assisting a Class A Menhaden boat in catching menhaden. Persons aboard a Class B Menhaden boat for the purpose of catching menhaden are not required to possess a general commercial fisherman's license or commercial finfish fisherman's license.

Bait-Shrimp Boat

Resident (Type 337)	\$348
Non-resident (Type 437)	\$750

Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the inside waters of the state for taking **bait** shrimp for pay, barter, sale or exchange. A boat licensed as a commercial bait shrimp boat may also be used to take edible aquatic products, other than shrimp, for pay, barter, sale or exchange from inside waters.

Bay-Shrimp Boat

Resident (Type 336)	\$382.80
Non-resident (Type 436)	

Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the inside major bay waters of the state for taking shrimp for pay, barter, sale or exchange. A boat licensed as a commercial bay shrimp boat may also be used to take other edible aquatic products for pay, barter, sale or exchange from inside waters.

Gulf-Shrimp Boat

Resident (Type	330)	\$495
Non-resident	(Type 430)\$1,485

Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the Gulf of Mexico or "outside" waters of the state for taking shrimp and other edible aquatic products for pay, barter, sale or exchange or for boats unloading within the state such products taken outside the state's waters.

Commercial Ovster Boat License

Resident (Type	306)	\$420
Non-resident	(Type 406)	\$1,680

Required for each boat used to transport or for taking oysters for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose from the public waters of this state by utilizing a dredge, tongs, or other mechanical means.

PERMIT TO SELL NON-GAME FISH TAKEN FROM PUBLIC FRESH WATER

In addition to a General Commercial Fisherman's License, Bait Dealer's License, and/or a Commercial Fishing Boat License (if using a boat to catch nongame fish), no person may sell a non-game fish taken from the public fresh waters of this state unless that person first obtains a permit to sell non-game fish. (See the section entitled **SALE OF FISH — FRESH WATER**, page 14 of this guide.) The fee for the PERMIT TO SELL NON-GAME FISH is \$60, and can be obtained by calling (512) 389-8037.

PURCHASE OF AQUATIC PRODUCTS FOR RESALE

Wholesale Fish Dealers may purchase for resale, or receive for sale, barter, exchange, or any other commercial purpose aquatic products **only** from persons or entities in this state who hold a valid:

- general commercial fisherman's license;
- · commercial oyster fisherman's license;
- · commercial oyster boat license;
- · wholesale fish dealer's license;
- · fish farmer's license:
- · commercial ovster boat captain's license:
- · commercial shrimp boat license;
- · commercial shrimp boat captain's license;
- · commercial crab fisherman's license; or
- commercial finfish fisherman's license.

All Wholesale Fish Dealers who purchase aquatic product(s) from anyone except other Dealers, and all Wholesale Fish Dealers who harvest aquatic product(s) themselves are required to report these landings under the Trip Ticket Program. See page 11, COMMERCIAL HARVEST REPORTS.

Retail Fish Dealers may purchase for resale, or receive for sale, barter, exchange, or any other commercial purpose aquatic products **only** from persons or entities in this state who hold a valid:

- · wholesale fish dealer's license;
- · fish farmer's license:
- · general commercial fisherman's license;

- · commercial shrimp boat captain's license;
- commercial shrimp boat license when the retail fish dealer has given written notification to the department of the dealer's intent to purchase aquatic products from the holder of a general commercial fisherman's license or a commercial shrimp boat license;
- · commercial crab fisherman's license; or
- · commercial finfish fisherman's license.

All Retail Fish Dealers who purchase aquatic product(s) from anyone except other Dealers, and all Retail Fish Dealers who harvest aquatic product(s) themselves are required to report these landings under the Trip Ticket Program. See page 11, COMMERCIAL HARVEST REPORTS.

Restaurant owners, operators or employees may purchase aquatic products (**only** for consump-

may purchase aquatic products (**only** for consumption by the restaurant's patrons on the restaurant premises) **only** from persons or entities in this state who hold a valid:

- · general commercial fisherman's license;
- · wholesale fish dealer's license;
- · fish farmer's license;
- commercial shrimp boat license;
- · commercial shrimp boat captain's license;
- · commercial crab fisherman's license: or
- · commercial finfish fisherman's license.

SHIPPING REGULATIONS

AQUATIC PRODUCT TRANSPORTATION INVOICES

All aquatic products (uncooked, fresh or frozen fish, shrimp, oysters, crabs, etc.) shipped for commercial purposes must be accompanied by an invoice prepared by the shipper containing the following information:

- Invoice Number
- · Date of Shipment
- Name and Physical Address of Shipper (Fish Dealer)
- · Name and Physical Address of Receiver
- Dealer Number of Shipper
- Quantity of Aquatic Products contained in the shipment; finfish by species, number or weight; oysters by volume; and all other aquatic products by weight.

Shippers shall sequentially number invoices during each license year. No number may be used twice during any one license period.

Shipper and receiver shall maintain a copy of invoice for a period of one year from date of shipment.

CONTAINERS

All containers of aquatic products shipped for commercial purposes must have a label attached to the outside listing the following information:

- Aquatic Products Transportation Invoice number of the shipment of which the container is a part
- Kind of aquatic product contained
- · Weight of aquatic product in the container

Finfish may not be shipped in individual packages that contain more than one species.

A commercial fisherman licensed to take aquatic products from Texas waters transporting **his own catch** within this state is not required to invoice the shipment or label containers.

LICENSES

Any person transporting aquatic products for commercial purposes must have in his possession the license authorizing the shipment.

- · Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License OR
- General Commercial Fisherman's License and an affidavit from the holder of the Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License authorizing the person to operate their fishing devices for shipment's of the fisherman's own catch.
- Commercial Shrimp Boat License (or copy of Commercial Shrimp Boat License) and Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's License for shipments of shrimp and/or other aquatic products taken on a commercial shrimp boat.
- Commercial Oyster Boat Captain's License and Commercial Oyster Boat License (or copy of Commercial Oyster Boat License), for shipments of oysters taken on a commercial oyster boat.
- Commercial Oyster Fisherman's License for shipments of the fisherman's own catch of oysters.
- Wholesale or Retail Fish Dealer's Truck Licenses (original license) or a <u>copy</u> of the Wholesale or

Retail Fish Dealer's business license for shipments going to or from the place of business of fish dealer.

No person may transport aquatic products out of this state for commercial purposes unless the shipper first obtains a Wholesale Fish Dealer's License, Retail Fish Dealer's License or a Bait Dealer's License, whichever is applicable.

No person may bring into this state and **deliver** aquatic products for any commercial purpose unless he has obtained a Wholesale Fish Dealer's License or a Retail Fish Dealer's License, whichever is applicable.

A motor carrier providing contract carriage of aquatic products for a fish dealer is not responsible for invoicing or labeling the shipment or obtaining a Wholesale or Retail Fish Dealer's License. The shipper (seller of the aquatic product) is responsible for invoicing and labeling the shipment and obtaining the proper dealer's license.

RECORDS

COMMERCIAL HARVEST REPORTS

Trip Tickets

NOTE: Beginning Sept. 1, 2006, Monthly Aquatic Product Reports will be replaced by Trip Tickets. Transactions will be recorded by individual trip regardless of the species involved in the transaction, and each trip's landings will be linked to information about the fisherman and his equipment. These transactions may be recorded electronically [using software provided by TPWD at the address below] or on paper using forms provided by TPWD [at the same address1.

All dealers who purchase or receive aquatic product(s) from anyone other than another dealer **MUST** file a monthly report with the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department on or before the 10th day of each month following the month in which the reportable activity occurred. The report must be filed every month, whether or not reportable activity occurs. The filing of an incorrect or false report is unlawful. This report must include the forms for all transactions conducted during the period covered by the report. Shrimp fishermen who sell their catch to individuals other than wholesale fish dealer, retail fish dealer, wholesale truck dealer, retail truck dealer, bait dealer, bait-shrimp dealer are responsible for reporting these sales.

A trip ticket must include:

- the name of the seller:
- · the commercial license number of the seller;
- commercial license type of seller;
- Texas driver's license;
- · the date of sale:
- · the number of pounds sold by species;
- · unit and condition codes
- count and/or market size
- · the water body or bay system from which the aquatic products were taken;
- · price paid per pound per species;
- · gear used to harvest the aquatic product;
- trip time:
- · fishing time;
- · commercial fishing vessel name;
- commercial fishing vessel registration number;
- · dealer name: and
- the commercial license number of the dealer.

Trip tickets are required for all **aquatic** products and must be completed at the time the products are delivered from the fisherman to the dealer.

Source of Forms

Dealer report forms for saltwater and freshwater products are available by writing: Commercial Harvest Program, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Dickinson Marine Laboratory, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539 or calling (281) 534-0109.

MARKING OF VEHICLES

All motor vehicles, trailers or semi-trailers transporting aquatic products for commercial purposes are required to exhibit the inscription "FISH" on the rear of the vehicle. The inscription shall read from left to right, be attached or painted on the vehicle in block letters of good proportion in contrasting color to the background and be at least 6 inches in height, or be marked in the lower left portion, on the rear of the vehicle with a decal (see illustration – right) as prescribed by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission. For information call (512) 389-4628. Each individual dealer or company is responsible for generating their own decal according to provided guidelines.

A motor carrier providing contract carriage of aquatic products for a fish dealer is not required to mark his vehicle providing the motor carrier does not own or have part ownership of the aquatic products.



(Reduced version of truck decal. Must be at least six inches by six inches in size and in contrasting color to the truck.)

IMPORTATION REGULATIONS

No person may import into this state or possess a wildlife resource taken outside this state, unless the person possessing the wildlife resource produces on demand by a game warden a valid hunting, fishing or other applicable license, stamp, tag, permit or document for the state or country in which the wildlife resource was legally taken.

A person importing or possessing a wildlife resource from another state or country must produce upon demand by a game warden a valid driver's license or personal identification certificate.

Fish imported into Texas and landed by boat, must comply with Texas bag and size limits. This does not apply to fish caught under the authority of an approved Federal Fishery Management Plan.

IMPORTATION OF COMMERCIALLY PROTECTED FISH

All shipments of commercially protected finfish must be accompanied by a "Commercially Protected Finfish Shipping Invoice." A copy of the invoice must accompany all commercially protected finfish shipments through their place of final sale to the consumer.

Commercially Protected Finfish

- Bass of the genus Micropterus*
- Bass, striped*
- · Bass, white*
- Bass, yellow
- · Catfish, flathead*
- · Crappie, black*
- · Crappie, white*
- · Drum, red*
- · Grouper, goliath (formerly called jewfish)
- · Marlin, blue
- Marlin, white
- Muskellunge
- Pike, northern
- Sailfish
- Sauger
- · Seatrout, spotted
- Snook
- · Spearfish, longbill
- Tarpon
- Walleye
- · Hybrids of any of these fish*

*NOTICE: To be lawfully imported, sold or purchased in Texas, bass of the genus Micropterus, crappie, flathead catfish, red drum, striped bass, white bass or a hybrid of any of these fish must be farm raised and fed a prepared feed containing 20% or more of plant protein or grain by-products as a primary food source.

Commercially Protected Finfish Invoice

1. Shall accompany all shipments of commercially protected finfish imported, exported or shipped within the state.

- 2. Shall contain all of the following information, correctly stated and legibly written:
 - (a) Commercially Protected Finfish Shipping Invoice number:
 - (b) Date of shipment;
 - (c) Name and physical address of shipper;
 - (d) Name and physical address of receiver;
 - (e) Shipper's and receiver's Texas Finfish Import Dealer number when required;
 - (f) Number <u>and</u> weight of whole fish or fillets by species contained in the shipment; and
 - (g) State (or country, if outside the United States) of origin.
- 3. Shall be in the form prescribed by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission and $8^1/2 \times 11$ inches in size.
- 4. Be sequentially numbered during the license period.
- 5. The **shipper** and **receiver** is responsible for submitting a copy of each invoice for shipments made during each month to the **Texas Parks** and **Wildlife Department Regional Law Enforcement office** on or before the **10th day of the following month**, except a retail dealer or restaurant selling only to the consumer is not required to submit a copy of the invoice.
- 6. One copy of each invoice must be **retained** by the shipper and receiver, including retail dealers and restaurants, for a period of at least one year from the date of shipment.

Package Requirements

Commercial shipments of commercially protected finfish must be shipped in containers whose volume is no greater than six cubic feet or in containers that do not contain more than three individual fish each

Package Labels

Each package of commercially protected finfish shall be labeled as to its contents. Labels shall be placed on the outside of each package and contain the following information:

- 1. The commercially protected finfish invoice number of the shipment of which the package is a part.
- 2. The number and weight of whole fish or fillets by species contained in the package.

Importation of Commercially Protected Finfish from the EEZ by Commercial Fishermen

A commercially protected finfish lawfully taken or raised for commercial purposes in the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) under the authority of a Federal Fishery Management Plan or Federal Permit may be transported into this state by the harvesting vessel. These commercially protected finfish may only be unloaded to the holder of a Texas Finfish Import License.

COASTAL WATERS BOUNDARY

All public waters east and south of the following boundary are considered coastal waters: beginning at the International Toll Bridge in Brownsville, northward along U.S. Hwy. 77 to the junction of Paredes Lines Road (F.M. Road 1847) in Brownsville, thence northward along F.M. Road 1847 to the junction of F.M. Road 106 east of Rio Hondo, thence westward along F.M. Road 106 to the junction of F.M. Road 508 in Rio Hondo, thence northward along F.M. Road 508 to the junction of F.M. Road 1420, thence northward along F.M. Road 1420 to the junction of State Hwy. 186 east of Raymondville, thence westward along State Hwy. 186 to the junction of U.S. Hwy. 77 near Raymondville, thence northward along U.S. Hwy. 77 to the junction of the Aransas River south of Woodsboro, thence eastward along the south shore of the Aransas River to the junction of the Aransas River Road at the Bonnie View boat ramp; thence northward along the Aransas River Road to the junction of F.M. Road 136 to F.M. Road 2678 to the junction of F.M. Road 774 in Refugio, thence eastward along F.M. Road 774 to the junction of State Hwy. 35 south of Tivoli, thence northward along State Hwy. 35 to the JACKSON iunction of State VICTORIA Hwy. 185 between MATAGORDA Bloomington and Seadrift, thence REFÚGIO northwestward SAN PATRICIO A - U.S. Highway 77 NUÉCES B - FM Road 1847 - FM Road 106 FM Road 508 KLEBERG D - FM Road 1420 E - State Highway 186 F - U.S. Highway 77 G - FM Road 774 H - State Highway 35 I - State Highway 185 KENEDY J – FM Road 616 K - State Highway 35 L - FM Road 521 M - State Highway 36 N - FM Road 2004 O - Interstate Highway 45 P - Interstate Highway 610 Q - Interstate Highway 10 R - State Highway 73

- U. S. Highway 287 - Interstate Highway 10 along State Hwy. 185 to the junction of F.M. Road 616 in Bloomington, thence northeastward along F.M. Road 616 to the junction of State Hwy. 35 east of Blessing, thence southward along State Hwy. 35 to the junction of F.M. Road 521 north of Palacios, thence northeastward along F.M. Road 521 to the junction of State Hwy. 36 south of Brazoria, thence southward along State Hwy. 36 to the junction of F.M. Road 2004, thence northward along F.M. Road 2004 to the junction of Interstate Hwy. 45 between Dickinson and La Marque, thence northwestward along Interstate Hwy. 45 to the junction of Interstate Hwy. 610 in Houston, thence east and northward along Interstate Hwy. 610 to the junction of Interstate

ORANGE

JEFFERSON HARRIS CHAMBERS Hwv. 10 in Houston, thence eastward along Interstate BRAZORIA Hwy. 10 to the junction of State Hwy. 73 in Winnie, thence eastward along State Hwy. 73 to the junction of U.S. Hwy. 287 in Port Arthur, thence northwestward along U.S. Hwy. 287 to the junction of Interstate Hwy. 10 in Beaumont, thence eastward along Interstate Hwy. 10 to the Louisiana State Line. The public waters: (1) waters of Spindletop

Bayou inland from the concrete dam at Russels Landing on Spindletop Bayou in Jefferson County; (2) north of the dam on Lake Anahuac in Chambers County; (3) the waters of Taylor Bayou and Big Hill Bayou inland from the saltwater locks on Taylor Bayou in Jefferson County; (4) Galveston County Reservoir on State Hwy. 146 and Galveston State Park Ponds #1 through 7 in Galveston County; (5) Lakeview City Park Lake, West Guth Park Pond, and Waldron Park Pond in Nueces County; (6) Lake Burke-Crenshaw and Lake Nassau in Harris County; (7) Fort Brown Resaca, Resaca de la Guerra, Resaca de la Palma, Resaca de los Cuates, Resaca de los Fresnos, Resaca Rancho Viejo, and Town Resaca in Cameron County; and (8) Little Chocolate Bayou Park Ponds #1 and #2 in Port Lavaca in Calhoun County, are not considered coastal waters for purposes of this definition.

FISH

GENERAL REGULATIONS

It is unlawful to take, attempt to take, possess, sell or purchase fish within a protected length limit, in greater numbers, by other means, or at any time or place other than as provided in this guide.

It is unlawful to transport by boat or person any fish within a protected length limit, or in excess of the daily bag limit or possession limit established for those fish.

No person on board a licensed commercial fishing boat (a commercial fishing boat. commercial shrimp boat, menhaden boat, commercial oyster boat) may possess any fish species whose sale is prohibited. To legally sport fish from a licensed commercial fishing boat the commercial plates must be removed from the boat. While no commercial plates are on board all sport fishing regulations apply including size, bag and possession limits. While the commercial plates are on board, all commercial regulations apply, including size, bag and possession limits.

No person may possess a finfish of any species, except broadbill swordfish, shark or king mackerel, taken from public water that has the head or tail removed until such person finally lands the catch on the mainland, a peninsula or barrier island, not including jetties, piers and does not transport the catch by boat.

Leaving fish to die. A person commits an offense if the person leaves edible fish or bait fish taken from the public waters of this state to die without the intent to retain the fish for consumption or bait.

PROHIBITED ACTS IN ALL PUBLIC WATERS

It is unlawful to fail to immediately remove the intestines from grass carp, tilapia, or any other harmful exotic species when caught or possessed. (For a complete listing contact TPWD at (800) 792-1112.)

It is **unlawful** for any person to use a gaff except to aid in the landing of fish caught by other legal devices, means, or methods. Fish landed with a gaff may not be below the minimum, above the maximum, or within a protected length limit.

It is **unlawful** for any person to release into the public waters of this state a fish with a device or substance implanted or attached that is designed, constructed or adapted to produce an audible, visual or electronic signal used to monitor, track, follow or in any manner aid in the location of the released fish.

It is **unlawful** to catch, possess, use, transport, purchase or sell any game fish or any part thereof as bait.

Billfish, except swordfish, may not be landed or possessed by the captain or crew of a commercial fishing vessel.

SALE OF FISH — FRESH WATER

It is unlawful to sell any fish taken from the public fresh water of Texas except for the followina:

(1) Channel and Blue catfish over 14 inches in length taken in the following:

- Angelina County
- Bowie County
- Camp County
- Cass County
- · Chambers County
- Franklin County
- · Freestone County
- Gregg County
- · Hardin County
- · Harris County
- · Harrison County
- · Jasper County Jefferson County
- Lamar County
- Leon County
- Liberty County
- · Madison County
- · Marion County
- Montgomery County
- · Morris County
- Nacogdoches
- County
- · Navarro County

- · Newton County
- Orange County
- · Panola County
- · Polk County
- · Red River County
- · Sabine County
- · San Augustine County
- · San Jacinto County
- · Shelby County
- · Titus County
- · Trinity County
- · Tyler County
- Upshur County
- Walker County
- · the Neches and Trinity rivers in Houston County
- · the Colorado River in Bastrop. Colorado, Fayette,

Matagorda or Wharton counties

(2) A PERMIT TO SELL NON-GAME FISH

is required to sell alligator gar, shortnose gar, spotted gar, longnose gar, bowfin, gizzard shad, threadfin shad, common carp, goldfish, grass carp, bighead carp, bigmouth buffalo, black buffalo, smallmouth buffalo, river carpsucker, black bullhead, yellow bullhead, freshwater drum (gaspergou), Mozambique tilapia, blue tilapia, redbelly tilapia, Rio Grande perch, silversides, mullet, shiners, minnows and hybrids of these species taken from the public fresh waters of this state. Other non-game fish may not be sold. For permit information call (512) 389-8037.

SALE OF FISH -SAIT WATER

All fish listed below taken from the public salt water of Texas may **NOT** be sold for any purpose. All other fish taken from public salt water may be sold provided all commercial fishing regulations including licensing, and size, possession and bag limits are met.

- · Bass of the genus Micropterus Bass, striped Bass, white
 - Sailfish
- · Bass, yellow Catfish, flathead Crappie, black
- · Crappie, white Drum, red
- Grouper, goliath (formerly called jewfish) Marlin, blue
- · Marlin, white

- Muskellunge · Pike, northern
- Sauger · Seatrout,
- spotted Snook
- · Spearfish,
- Ionabill Tarpon
- · Walleye · Hybrids of any of these fish

Commercial Fishing Seasons

The commercial fishing seasons for red snapper, sharks and king mackerel caught in Texas waters shall run concurrently with commercial seasons established for these species in federal waters of the Exclusive Economic Zone (more than 9nm off shore).

TEXAS STATE WATERS -FEDERAL WATERS

Texas recreational and commercial fishermen fishing more than nine (9) nautical miles off the coast of Texas are in federal waters and are subject to rules and regulations that may differ from those in state waters. To insure you are in compliance with federal regulations, you should contact the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council at (888) 833-1844 (tollfree) or visit their web site at http://gsmfc.org and click on REGULATIONS.

PADRE ISLAND NATIONAL SEASHORE -SPECIAL REGULATIONS

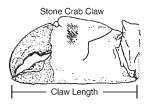
Until further notice, after Nov. 15, 2000, the National Park Service will prohibit commercial fishing within the park boundary of the Padre Island National Seashore in the Laguna Madre and 1/8 mile east of the shoreline into the Gulf of Mexico to the twofathom depth.

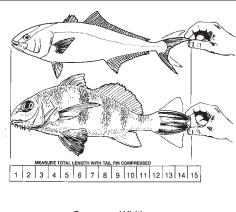
Commercial fishing guides are required to have an Incidental Business Permit in order to operate within the park boundaries.

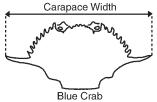
For more information contact the National Park Service at (361) 949-8173.

HOW TO MEASURE FISH AND CRABS

The length to be measured is that straight line distance from the tip of the snout to the extreme tip of the tail or caudal fin. All measurements are to be made as that straight line distance (not over the curve of the body) with the fish lying on its side and with the jaw closed in a normal position, not extended in any way. The tail should be squeezed or rotated to produce the maximum overall length.







COMMERCIAL BAG, POSSESSION AND LENGTH LIMITS

Species	Bag Limit	Possession Limit	Minimum Length (Inches)	Maximum Length (Inches)
Amberjack, greater	1	2	32	No limit
Drum, black*	No limit	No limit	14	30
Catfish: blue & channel	25*** (In any combination)	50 (In any combination)	14	No limit
Catfish, gafftopsail	No limit	No limit	14	No limit
Cobia	2	4	37	No limit
Flounder°	60	60	14	No limit
Mackerel, king	2	4	27	No limit
Mackerel, Spanish	15	30	14	No limit
Mullet: all species their hybrids & subspecies**	No limit	No limit	No limit	12 during Oct., Nov., Dec. & Jan.
Snapper, lane	No limit	No limit	8	No limit
Snapper, red	4	8	15	No limit
Snapper, vermilion	No limit	No limit	10	No limit
Shark: All species, their hybrids & subspecies	1	2	24	No limit
Sheepshead*	No limit	No limit	12	No limit
Tripletail	3	6	17	No limit

[°]Special Regulation: The daily bag and possession limit for the holder of a valid commercial finfish fisherman's license is 60 flounder, except on board a licensed commercial shrimp boat the limit is 10 per person and is subject to the 50% bycatch rule (see page 20).

- 1) in Lake Livingston (Polk, San Jacinto, Trinity and Walker counties) the daily bag limit for channel and blue catfish is 50 in any combination;
- 2) in lakes lying totally within a state park and community fishing lakes (see the Texas Parks and Wildlife Outdoor Annual), the daily bag limit for channel and blue catfish is five in any combination and fish may be taken by pole and line only.

The possession limit does not apply to fish in the possession of:

- (1) a person who has an invoice or sales ticket showing the name and address of the seller, number of fish by species, date of the sale, and other information required on a sales ticket or an invoice.
- (2) for all wildlife resources (including fish) taken for personal consumption and for which

there is a possession limit, the possession limit shall not apply after the wildlife resource has reached its final destination.

It is unlawful for any person while fishing on or in public waters to have in possession fish in excess of the daily bag limit or fish within a protected length limit as established for those waters.

^{*}Only the holder of a commercial finfish fisherman's license is exempt from recreational bag and possession limits while commercial fishing for black drum or sheepshead.

^{**}May not take from public waters or possess on board a boat mullet over 12 inches during October, November, December and January. No limits apply during other months.

^{***}Exceptions to daily bag limit:

FRESHWATER DEVICES, MEANS AND METHODS

This section describes what fishing devices may be lawfully used to take fish from public freshwater and in what areas the devices may be used. Areas of the state where fish may be taken commercially from public fresh water are described in the SALE OF FISH - FRESH WATER section on page 14 of this guide.

It is **unlawful** for any person to fish with more than 100 hooks on all devices combined or for any person to take, attempt to take, or possess fish caught by any device, means, or method other than as listed in this guide.

In community fishing lakes and in sections of rivers lying totally within the boundaries of state parks, game and non-game fish may be taken by pole and line only.

Channel and blue catfish may be taken only by pole and line (includes rod and reel), trotline, jugline or throwline.

Non-game fish may be taken by pole and line (includes rod and reel), trotline, jugline, throwline, shad trawl, minnow seine, dip net, cast net, minnow trap, gig, umbrella net, speargun and spear or bow and arrow.

Cast Net: It is unlawful for any person to use a cast net exceeding 14 feet in diameter. Nongame fish only may be taken.

Dip Net: It is unlawful for any person to take game fish with a dip net except a dip net may be used to aid in the landing of fish caught on other legal devices.

Jugline: It is unlawful for any person to use a jugline with more than five hooks attached. Gear tags must be attached within six inches of the free floating device, are valid for 30 days after the date set out, and must include the number of the permit to sell non-game fish taken from public fresh water, if applicable. For commercial purposes, a jugline must be marked with an orange free floating device; for non-commercial purposes, a jugline must be marked with a white free floating device. The use of a jugline is prohibited in Lake Bastrop, Bellwood Lake, Boerne City Park Lake, Lake Bryan, Lakes Coffee Mill and Davy Crockett in Fannin County, Dixieland Reservoir, Gibbons Creek Reservoir, Lake Pflugerville in Travis County, Tankersley Reservoir in Titus County, community fishing lakes and in sections of rivers lying totally within the boundaries of a state park.

Lawful Archery Equipment: Only non-game fish, channel catfish and blue catfish may be taken for commercial purposes.

Minnow Seine: It is unlawful for any person to use a minnow seine: which exceeds 20 feet in length; with mesh exceeding 1/2-inch square; or which is not manually operated. Non-game fish only may be taken.

Minnow Trap: It is unlawful for any person to use a minnow trap exceeding 24 inches in length or with a throat larger than one inch by three inches. Non-game fish only may be taken.

Shad Trawl: It is unlawful for any person to use a shad trawl longer than six feet or with a mouth larger than 36 inches in diameter. A shad trawl may be equipped with a funnel or throat and must be towed by a boat or by hand. Nongame fish only may be taken.

Speargun and Spear: Non-game fish only may be taken.

Throwline: It is unlawful for any person to use a throwline with more than five hooks attached. The use of a throwline is prohibited in Lake Bastrop, Bellwood Lake, Boerne City Park Lake, Lake Bryan, Lakes Coffee Mill and Davy Crockett in Fannin County, Dixieland Reservoir, Gibbons Creek Reservoir, Lake Pflugerville in Travis County, Tankersley Reservoir in Titus County, community fishing lakes and in sections of rivers lying totally within the boundaries of a state park.

Trotline: It is unlawful for any person to use a trotline: with a mainline length exceeding 600 feet; without valid gear tags (gear tags must be attached within three feet of each end of the trotline and are valid only for 30 days after the date set out); with hook intervals of less than three horizontal feet; with metallic stakes; with the main fishing line and attached hooks and stagings above the water's surface; or with more than 50 hooks.

The use of trotlines is prohibited in Pinkston Reservoir, Lake Bastrop, Gibbons Creek Reservoir, Fayette County Reservoir, Bellwood Lake, Boerne City Park Lake, Lakes Coffee Mill and Davy Crockett in Fannin County, Dixieland Reservoir, Lake Pflugerville in Travis County, Tankersley Reservoir in Titus County, community fishing lakes and in reservoirs or sections of rivers lying totally within the boundaries of a state park.

Umbrella Net: It is **unlawful** for any person to use an umbrella net with the area within the frame exceeding 16 square feet. Non-game fish only may be taken.

SALTWATER DEVICES, MEANS AND METHODS

It is **unlawful** to take gamefish on any device except pole and line (includes rod and reel). Non-game fish may be taken with lawful archery equipment, cast net (for bait only), gig, minnow seine (for bait only), perch trap (for bait only), pole and line (includes rod and reel), spear gun and spear, or trotline. Purse seines may be used for taking menhaden only.

In salt water, it is unlawful to fish with any device that is marked with a buoy made of a plastic bottle(s) of any color or size.

Cast Net: It is **unlawful** for any person to use a cast net exceeding 14 feet in diameter. Nongame fish only, to be used for bait only, may be taken.

Minnow Seine: It is **unlawful** for any person to use a minnow seine which exceeds 20 feet in length. Non-game fish only, to be used for bait only, may be taken.

Perch Traps: For use in SALT WATER only.

- · May be used to take NONGAME fish only.
- · May not exceed 18 cubic feet.
- Must be marked with a floating visible orange buoy not less than 6 inches in height and 6 inches in width. The buoy must have a GEAR TAG (see page 4) valid only for 30 days attached.
- Must be equipped with a degradable panel sewn or tied with untreated jute twine or untreated steel wire less than 20 ga. in the sidewall of the trap.
- Buoys or floats may not be made of plastic bottle(s) of any color or size.
- It is unlawful to place any type of trap within the area in Cedar Bayou between a department sign erected where Mesquite Bay flows into Cedar Bayou and the department sign erected near the point where the pass empties into the Gulf of Mexico.

Purse Seine: Purse seines with not less than 1-1/2 inch stretched mesh, not including the bag, may be used only for taking menhaden from the third Monday in April through the first day in November. Purse seines for taking menhaden may not be used in any bay, river, pass or tributary, nor within one mile of any barrier, jetty, island or pass, nor within 1/2 mile offshore in the Gulf of Mexico. When using a purse seine to take menhaden, edible aquatic products may not exceed five percent by volume of the menhaden in possession.

Trotline: A non-metallic main fishing line with more than five hooks attached and with each end attached to a fixture.

- May be used to take non-game fish, channel catfish, blue catfish and flathead catfish.
- Red drum, spotted seatrout and sharks caught on a trotline may not be retained or possessed.
- · Maximum Number of Trotlines Allowed:
 - It is unlawful to fish for commercial purposes with more than 20 trotlines at one time.
 - It is unlawful to fish for non-commercial purposes with more than one trotline at one time.

• <u>Tag Requirements</u>:

 Must be used with a valid GEAR TAG (see pg. 4) attached and attached within three feet of the first hook at each end of the trotline.

· Construction and Design Restrictions:

- The mainline length may not exceed 600 feet.
- · May not use metallic stakes.
- May not place the main fishing line and attached hooks and stagings above the water's surface.
- Must be marked with yellow flagging attached to stakes or with a yellow floating buoy not less than six inches in height and six inches in width, attached to end fixtures.
- · Floats must be yellow.
- Buoys or floats may not be made of plastic bottle(s) of any color or size.
- May not be baited with other than natural bait (EXCEPT Sail Lines). Natural bait is whole or cut-up portion of a fish or shellfish or a whole or cut-up portion of plant material in its natural state, provided that none of these may be altered beyond cutting into portions.
- · Hooks must be three feet apart.
- May not be used with hooks other than circle-type hook (comparable to Mustad 11/0 circle hook Model #39960ST) with point curved in and having a gap (distance from point to shank) of no more than one-half inch, and with the diameter of the circle not less than five-eighths inch (EXCEPT Sail Lines).

· Placement and Location Restrictions:

- May not be used in or on the waters of the Gulf of Mexico within the jurisdiction of this state;
- May not be placed closer than 50 feet from any other trotline, or set within 200 feet of the edge of the Intracoastal Waterway or its tributary channels.
- May not be used in Aransas County in Little Bay and the water area of Aransas Bay within one-half mile of a line from

Hail Point on the Lamar Peninsula, then direct to the eastern end of Goose Island, then along the southern shore of Goose Island, then along the causeway between Lamar Peninsula and Live Oak Peninsula, then along the eastern shoreline of the Live Oak Peninsula past the town of Fulton, past Nine-Mile Point, past the town of Rockport to a point at the east end of Talley Island, including that part of Copano Bay within 1,000 feet of the causeway between Lamar Peninsula and Live Oak Peninsula.

· No trotline or trotline components (EXCEPT Sail Lines), including lines and hooks, but excluding poles, may be left in or on coastal waters between the hours of 1 p.m. on Friday through 1 p.m. on Sunday of each week, except that attended sail lines are excluded from the restrictions imposed by this clause. Under the authority of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Code, §66.206(b), in

the event small craft advisories or higher marine weather advisories issued by the National Weather Service are in place at 8 a.m. on Friday, trotlines may remain in the water until 6 p.m. on Friday. If small craft advisories are in place at 1 p.m. on Friday, trotlines may remain in the water until Saturday. When small craft advisories are lifted by 8 a.m. on Saturday, trotlines must be removed by 1 p.m. on Saturday. When small craft advisories or higher marine weather advisories are still in place at 1 p.m. on Saturday, trotlines may remain in the water through 1 p.m. on Sunday. It is a violation to tend, bait or harvest fish or any other aquatic life from trotlines during the period that trotline removal requirements are suspended under this provision for adverse weather conditions. For purposes of enforcement, the geographic area customarily covered by marine weather advisories will be delineated by department policy.

GULF SHRIMP AND OYSTER LICENSE MANAGEMENT

A moratorium on the sale of licenses or a license management program (limited entry) has been in effect for the Texas bay and bait shrimp fishery since 1996, the crab fishery since 1998, and the finfish fishery since 2000. Beginning 2005, both the gulf shrimp and oyster fisheries may only be purchased by fishermen who held those licenses at the end of the previous license year.

For further information regarding any limited entry requirements or other provisions of the program contact: Mr. Art Morris, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, Natural Resources Building, 6300 Ocean Drive, Suite 2500, Corpus Christi, TX 78412, (361) 825-3356 or Mr. Bobby Miller, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539, (281) 534-0110.

SHRIMP

GENERAL REGULATIONS

LICENSE REQUIRED

- Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's License
- Commercial Shrimp Boat License (Bay, Bait or Gulf)

(see pages 6 and 9)

To legally sport fish from a licensed commercial shrimp boat and to legally catch and retain fish species prohibited from sale, the commercial plates must be removed from the boat. While no commercial plates are on board, all

sport fishing regulations apply including size, bag and possession limits. All commercial regulations apply when the commercial plates are on board.

It is **unlawful** to:

- · take or attempt to take shrimp within the boundaries of any natural or man-made pass leading from the inside waters to the outside waters (Gulf of Mexico) of the
- use a trawl or fail to have the spreading devices on deck and the trawl bag untied at a time when shrimping is prohibited.

- possess a trawl that is too wide or has small mesh in an area where the trawl is prohibited. Such trawls may be possessed on vessels in port or in a marked channel going directly to or from an area in this state where the use of the trawl is permitted.
- head shrimp aboard a boat in inside waters.
- possess a device designed to catch fish or other aquatic life, including a shrimp trawl, in or on the public waters of the state where the use of the device is prohibited.
- · catch and retain fish species prohibited from sale on a licensed commercial shrimp boat while the commercial plates are on board.
- retain a red drum, spotted seatrout or lightning whelk on board a licensed commercial shrimp boat if there is a trawl on board the boat.

It is **unlawful** for any person:

- aboard a vessel licensed as a commercial bay shrimp boat to off-load, transfer, sell, or barter any amount of live or dead shrimp to a person aboard another vessel:
- · aboard a vessel to off-load, transfer, purchase, or barter from a person aboard a vessel licensed as a commercial **bav** shrimp boat any amount of live or dead shrimp;
- · aboard a vessel licensed as a commercial **bait** shrimp boat to off-load, transfer, sell, or barter any amount of live or dead shrimp, except an amount of live or dead shrimp not to exceed two quarts per sport fisherman or one gallon (by volume) for two or more sport fishermen may be offloaded, transferred, sold, or bartered to a person aboard a sport fishing vessel; or
- · aboard a vessel to off-load, transfer, purchase, or barter from a person aboard a vessel licensed as a commercial **bait** shrimp boat any amount of live or dead shrimp, except a person aboard a sport fishing vessel may off-load, transfer, purchase, or barter an amount of shrimp not to exceed two quarts per sport fisherman or one gallon (by volume) for two or more sport fishermen.

A commercial shrimp boat license must be prominently displayed as to be clearly visible from both sides of the boat.

Fresh shrimp may be held in possession only through open seasons and five days thereafter, **except** that bait dealers and sport fishermen may possess bait shrimp throughout the year.

The captain of a licensed commercial shrimp boat is required to hold a Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's license.

Non-game fish and other aquatic products taken incidental to legal shrimp trawling operations may be retained provided:

- · the total weight of aquatic products retained, in any combination, do not exceed 50% by weight of shrimp on a shrimping vessel; or
- from May 1 to Sept. 30 up to 1,500 live non-game fish not regulated by bag or size limit and/or 300 dozen ribbonfish may be retained daily for bait purposes only on board a vessel licensed for commercial bait shrimp fishing.

The taking of aquatic products of illegal **size** on board a licensed commercial shrimp boat engaged in the lawful taking of shrimp is not a violation if the aquatic products of unlawful size are returned to the waters from which taken in a manner to ensure their **best** chance of survival.

DISPLAY BOAT NUMBERS

All commercial shrimp boats are required to exhibit the vessel's documentation or registration number on the **port** and **starboard** sides of the deckhouse or hull and on an appropriate weather deck. The number in block Arabic numerals in contrasting color to the background must be at least 18 inches in height on vessels over 65 feet and 10 inches in height for all other vessels and be permanently attached.

METHOD OF NET MEASUREMENT

All total widths specified for commercial otter trawls, including try nets, are measured along the uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door, including any and all add-on devices or attachments to the corkline. All beam trawl widths are measured along the beam in its fully extended position.

Mesh sizes specified for commercial trawls apply to the trawl, bag and trawl liner and are measured in inches of length between the two most widely separated knots in any consecutive series of five stretched meshes after the trawl has been placed in use.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS (Bay and Bait Shrimping)

A boat having on board or displaying a bait shrimp boat license must operate **only** under commercial bait shrimp regulations, including: 1) 200 pound daily limit; 2) maintaining 50% of the shrimp alive; 3) places authorized for bait shrimping; and 4) sale or unload to a bait shrimp dealer or sportsman. See page 19, GENERAL REGULATIONS.

A shrimp boat licensed both as a bay shrimp boat and a bait shrimp boat may not shrimp in both a major bay and any other water on the same calendar day during the period May 15 through July 15 (Spring Open Season).

A shrimp boat licensed both as a bay shrimp boat and a bait shrimp boat may not take more than 600 pounds of heads on shrimp per calendar day during the period May 15 through July 15 (Spring Open Season).

SHRIMP LICENSE **BUYBACK PROGRAM**

At least once each year, the TPWD provides an opportunity for holders of commercial bayshrimp boat licenses and/or commercial baitshrimp boat licenses to apply to have their licenses purchased by the department. For further information on any limited entry requirements and restrictions, contact Mr. Art Morris, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, Natural Resources Building, 6300 Ocean Drive, Suite 2500, Corpus Christi, TX 78412, (361) 825-3356 or Mr. Bobby Miller, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539, (281) 534-0110.

WATERS DEFINED

Outside Waters-That part of the Gulf of Mexico extending from the shoreline seaward to nine nautical miles.

Inside Waters—All bays, passes, rivers or other bodies of water landward from the Gulf of Mexico. In these waters, the tide rises and falls and saltwater shrimp are found or migrate.

Major Bays (arranged geographically north

- Sabine Lake (north of Cameron Causeway to the south of a line marked by the GIWW [Sabine Neches Canal/Sabine Riverl between the eastern most tip of Goat Island to the western most tip of Stewts Island)
- · Trinity Bay (southward from a line extending from the mouth of Double Bayou in Chambers County to Double Bayou Channel Marker 14, to Separator C-2, to Point Barrow in Chambers County)
- Galveston Bay
- East Bay (westward from a line extending from Frozen Point to the GIWW Marker 12)
- Matagorda Bay (westward of a line extending from a location on the mainland where a line running immediately northwest [bearing 330 degrees] from Shellfish Marker A intersects the mainland; thence southeasterly to Shellfish Marker A located near the

mainland, thence to Shellfish Marker B located near the end of Shell Island Reef, thence to the tide gauge located near the Matagorda Peninsula, and thence southeasterly [bearing 153 degrees] to the Matagorda Peninsula)

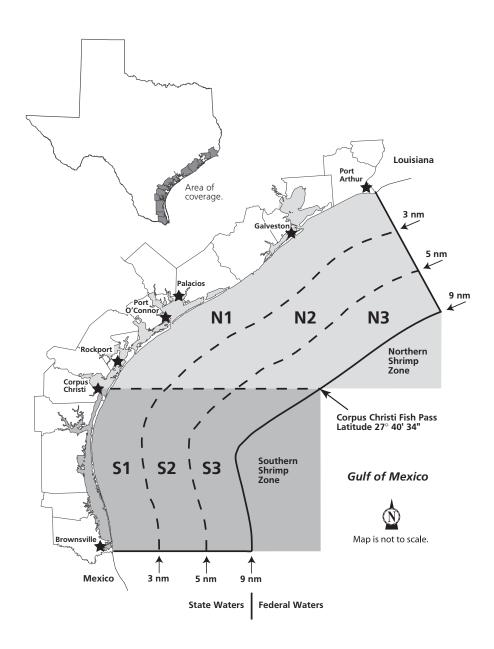
- · East Matagorda Bay
- Tres Palacios Bay (south of a line from Grassey Point to the mouth of Pilkington Bayou)
- Espiritu Santo Bay
- Lavaca Bay (seaward of State Hwy. 35)
- · San Antonio Bay (seaward of a line from McDowell Point to Mosquito Point)
- · Aransas Bay
- · Corpus Christi Bay (exclusive of the area bounded by a line extending from the GIWW at the southwest point of Dagger Island chain, along Dagger Island to the southeast tip of Ransom Island, then southeast to the westernmost point of land north of Marker 14 in the Corpus Christi Ship Channel)
- · All exclusive of tributary bays, bayous and inlets, lakes and rivers.

Bait Bays include major bays and the following (arranged geographically north to south)

- · Gulf Intracoastal Waterway (GIWW) exclusive of all tributaries
- Chocolate Bay
- · West Bay (south and west of Interstate Hwy. 45 Causeway Bridge and the GIWW inclusive of the area south of a line extending westward from the Interstate Hwy. 45 Causeway Bridge at Virgina Point, along the southern edge of Tiki Island to the northeastern tip of North Deer Island at Channel Marker 48)
- · Trinity Bay (northward from a line extending from the mouth of Double Bayou in Chambers County to Double Bayou Channel Marker 14, to Separator C-2, to Point Barrow in Chambers County)
- · The Old Brazos River (lying north of the GIWW in Brazoria County)
- · Baroom Bay
- Upper Laguna Madre
- Alazan Bay
- Baffin Bay, and
- · Lower Laguna Madre including the Brownsville Ship Channel

Nursery Areas (Those coastal waters not specifically named above as Major Bays or Bait Bays are considered Nursery Areas)—Includes tributary bays, bayous, inlets, lakes and rivers that provide growth and development environments for postlarval and juvenile shrimp. Does not include outside waters, major bays or bait bays.

MAP OF GULF SHRIMP **FISHERY MANAGEMENT ZONES**



OUTSIDE WATERS

Commercial Gulf-Shrimp Boats — Closed Seasons, Limits and Gear Restrictions

Closed Seasons:

- Federal Waters (from 9 miles to 200 miles from the Texas Coast), shrimping is closed:
 - from May 15** July 15**
 - **IMPORTANT NOTICE:** The rules regarding the Summer Closed Season for Federal Waters off Texas may have changed prior to publication of this guide. For current rules, please call the National Marine Fisheries Service at (727) 570-5305 or contact your nearest TPWD Law Enforcement office.
- · Within 5 miles of the Texas coast (Zones N1, N2, S1, S2), shrimping is closed:
 - at night (30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise)
 - from Dec. 1 Feb. 15
- · Within 5 miles of the Texas coast in the **South Zone** (Zones S1, S2), shrimping is closed:
 - from Feb. 16 May 15**
- Within 9 miles of the Texas coast (Zones N1, N2, N3, S1, S2, S3), shrimping is closed:
 - from May 15** July 15**
- **SPECIAL NOTICE: These dates may be changed by the department providing 72 hours public notice on new closing dates and 24 hours notice on new opening dates.

Net Limitations:

- · Net Type I:
 - Trawl Size: Otter trawls must have doors at least 3 feet long as measured along the door centerline from leading tip of door to trailing edge of door; and each net cannot exceed any of the following dimensions as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add-on devices or attachments to the corkline.

Net Dimensions:

Door Length (ft.)	Total Width (ft.)
3' or more but less than 4'	71'
4' or more but less than 5'	73'
5' or more but less than 6'	75'
6' or more but less than 7'	77'
7' or more but less than 8'	79'
8' or more but less than 9'	81'
9' or more but less than 10'	83'
10' or more but less than 11'	85'
11' or more but less than 12'	87'
12' or more	89'

· Net Type II:

· Trawl Size: Otter trawls must have doors at least 3 feet long as measured along the door centerline from leading tip of door to trailing edge of door; and each net cannot exceed any of the following dimensions as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add-on devices or attachments to the corkline.

Net Dimensions:

Door Length (ft.)	Total Width (ft.)
3' or more but less than 4'	40'
4' or more but less than 5'	42'
5' or more but less than 6	44'
6' or more but less than 7'	46'
7' or more but less than 8'	48'
8' or more but less than 9'	50'
9' or more but less than 10'	52'
10' or more	54'

· Seabob Net:

· Trawl Size: Otter trawls must have doors at least 3 feet long as measured along the door centerline from leading tip of door to trailing edge of door; and each net cannot exceed any of the following dimensions as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add-on devices or attachments to the corkline.

Net Dimensions:

Door Length (ft.)	Total Width (ft.)
3' or more but less than 4'	48'
4' or more but less than 5'	50'
5' or more but less than 6'	52'
6' or more but less than 7'	54'
7' or more but less than 8'	56'
8' or more but less than 9'	58'
9' or more but less than 10'	60'
10' or more	62'

- Try Nets (Gulf and Inshore Bay Shrimping):
 - Otter Trawls:
 - · Total width: 21 feet
 - · Doors: 450 square inches
 - · Beam Trawls: May not exceed 10 feet in width
- Try Nets (Inshore Bait Shrimping):
 - · Otter Trawls:
 - · Total width: 12 feet
 - Doors: 450 square inches
 - Beam Trawls: May not exceed 5 feet in width

See tables on pages 24-25 for open seasons, limits and requirements for the Southern and Northern Zones for Commercial Gulf-Shrimp Boats.

SOUTHERN SHRIMP ZONE (South of a line from the Corpus Christi Fish Pass [Latitude 27° 40' 34"] to the Mexican Border)

	The State Outside	e Waters of the So	The State Outside Waters of the Southern Shrimp Zone are OPEN TO SHRIMPING as follows:	EN TO SHRIMPING a	ss follows:	
	Map Segments (see pg. 22)	Location	Season (Dates)	Hours	Limits	Trawl Requirements
əuo	S3	5-9 nautical miles	July 16** – Nov. 30 Dec. 1 – May. 15**	Day and Night	Bag: No Limit Size: No Limit	Number of trawls. No Limit Mesh Size: Not less than 8-3/4 inches over 5 stretched
Z dmind2 ı	25	3-5 nautical miles	July 16** – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset		 Trawl Size: No Limit Approved BRDs† are required Approved TEDs‡ are required
Southern	25	Inside 3 nautical miles	July 16** – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset	Bag: No Limit Size: No Limit	 Number of trawls: No more than 2 Mesh Size: Not less than 8-3/4 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Net Type I (see pg. 23) Approved BRDst are required Approved TEDst are required
	**SPECIAL NOTICE: These t BRD means Bycatch Redi	ICE: These dates may beatch Reduction Device	nay be changed by the depar vice # TED mear	yy the department providing 72 hour TED means Turtle Excluder Device	ours public notice o	**SPECIAL NOTICE: These dates may be changed by the department providing 72 hours public notice on new closing dates and 24 hours notice on new opening dates. † TED means Turtle Excluder Device

NORTHERN SHRIMP ZONE (North of a line from the Corpus Christi Fish Pass [Latitude 27° 40' 34"] to the Louisiana Border)

	The State Outside	• Waters of the No	The State Outside Waters of the Northern Shrimp Zone are OPEN TO SHRIMPING as follows:	EN TO SHRIMPING a	s follows:	
	Map Segments (see pg. 22)	Location	Season (Dates)	Hours	Limits	Trawl Requirements
	N3	5-9 nautical miles	July 16** – Nov. 30 Dec. 1 – May 15**	Day and Night	Bag: No Limit Size: No Limit	• Number of trawls: No Limit • Mesh Size: Not less than 8-3/4 inches over 5 stretched
ənoZ qmin	N2	3-5 nautical miles	Feb. 16 – May 15** July 16** – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset		mesnes • Trawl Size: No Limit • Approved BRDs† are required • Approved TEDs‡ are required
Northern Sh	Z	Inside 3 nautical miles	Feb. 16 – May 15** July 16** – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset	Bag: No Limit Size: No Limit	Mush Size: Not less than 8-3/4 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Net Type I (see pg. 23) Approved BRDst are required Approved TEDst are required
	N1, N2 & N3	Seabobs	Dec. 1 – May 15** July 16** – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset	No person catching seabobs may catch or have on board a boat any other species of shrimp which exceed 10%, in weight or number of the entire catch.	 Number of trawls: No more than 1 Mesh Size: 6-1/2 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Seabob Net (see pg. 23) Approved BRDst are required Approved TEDst are required
	**SPECIAL NOT † BRD means Byc	*SPECIAL NOTICE: These dates may b BRD means Bycatch Reduction Device	nay be changed by the depar trice # TED mear	by the department providing 72 hour TED means Turtle Excluder Device	ours public notice on n	**SPECIAL NOTICE: These dates may be changed by the department providing 72 hours public notice on new closing dates and 24 hours notice on new opening dates. † TED means Bycatch Reduction Device † TED means Bycatch Reduction Device

Commercial Bay-Shrimp Boats – Seasons, Limits and Gear Restrictions (Major Bays Only)

Location	Season (Dates)	Hours	Limits	Trawl Requirements
Major Bays	Spring Open Season May 15 – July 15	30 min. before sunrise to 2 p.m.	Bag: 600 pounds Size: No Limit	 Main Net: No more than 1 net may be used at any one time as a main net. Mesh Size: 6-1/2 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Net Type II (see pg. 23) (Beam trawls used as the main trawl cannot exceed 25 feet in width.) Approved BRDsf are required. Approved TEDsf are required (FEDERAL REGULATION).
Major Bays	Fall Open Season Aug. 15 – Nov. 30	30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset	Bag: No Limit Size: <u>Aug. 15 – Oct. 31:</u> 50 h-o/lb* Nov. 1 – Nov. 30: No Limit	 Main Net: No more than 1 net may be used at any one time as a main net. Aug. 15 – Oct. 31: Nos. 1 – Nov. 30: Nov. 1 – Nov. 30: Mesh Size: 6-1/2 inches over 5 stretched meshes Approved BRDs1 are required Approved TEDs4 are required Approved TEDs4 in required Approved TEDs4 in required Trawl may not exceed 95 ft. in total width.
Major Bays — Only south of the Colorado River	Winter Open Season Feb. 1 – April 15	30 min. after sunset to 30 min. before sunrise	Bag: No Limit Size: No Limit	 Main Net: No more than 1 net may be used at any one time as a main net. Mesh Size: 6-1/2 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Net Type II (see pg. 23) (Beam trawls used as the main trawl cannot exceed 25 feet in width.) Approved BRDsf are required. Approved TEDsf are required (FEDERAL REGULATION).
t BRD means Bycat	† BRD means Bycatch Reduction Device	# TED means Ti	# TED means Turtle Excluder Device	* h-o means heads on

Commercial Bait-Shrimp Boats – Seasons, Limits and Gear Restrictions (Major Bays and Bait-Bays)

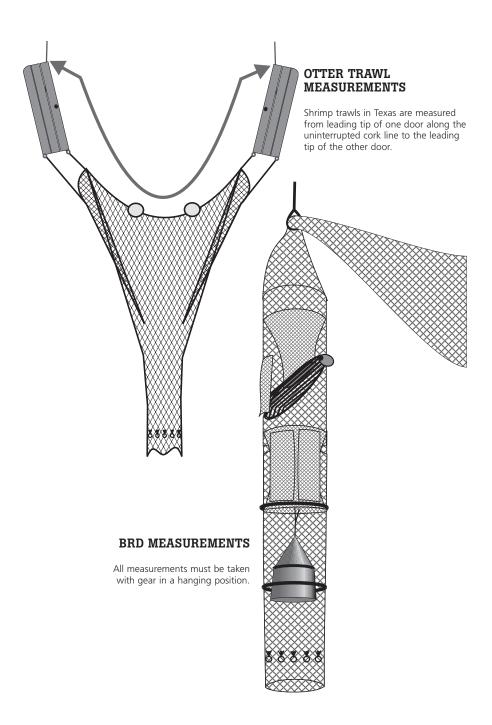
Location	Season (Dates)	Hours	Limits	Trawl Requirements
Major Bays and Year-round Bait Bays	Year-round	Aug. 15 – Mar. 31: Bag: 200 pounds 30 min. before sunrise to 30 min. after sunset Apr. 1 – Aug. 14: least 50% of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 2 p.m. kept in a live comparation of the sunrise to 30 min.	nents: 5: at sst be dition. 4: all heads	 Main Net: No more than 1 net may be used at any one time as a main net. Mesh Size: 6-1/2 inches over 5 stretched meshes Trawl Size: Net Type II (see pg. 23) (Beam trawls used as the main trawl cannot exceed 25 feet in width.) Approved TEDs[‡] are required (FEDERAL REGULATION).
Ninoson County	orace County I sering Madra Charial Commercial Bait-Shrimning Benulations	mmorcial Rait-Chrimr	Dogitations	

- All year in the Intracoastal waterway between markers 17 and 57 in the Laguna Madre in Nueces County, commercial bait-shrimp boats may take bait-shrimp from 1 a.m. to 30 minutes before sunrise each day with a legal beam trawl only.
- of Pita Island; then continuing on a line to the southernmost point on the westerly most spoil island bordering the north side of the New Humble Channel (commonly eferred to as Hap's Channel); then continuing on a line along the north edge of the New Humble Channel (commonly referred to as Hap's Channel) to its junction with line starting on the mainland at the most northeasterly point on the north side of the entrance of Whiteley Channel then proceeding in a straight line to the north end It is unlawful for any person to take or attempt to take shrimp with a trawl at any other time or in any other place in the Laguna Madre in Nueces County north of a the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway; then continuing on a straight line to the Nueces/Kleberg County line marker on Padre Island.

BRD means Bycatch Reduction Device

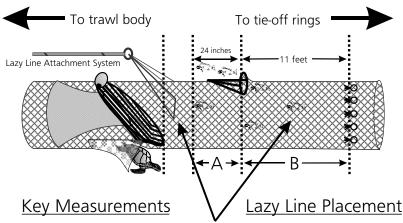
TED means Turtle Excluder Device

A trawl may be EXEMPT from the federal TED regulation if (1) there is no on-board power or mechanical-advantage trawl retrieval system; or (2) all live shrimp on board are retained in a container with a circulating seawater system if it does not possess more than 32 pounds of dead shrimp on board AND tow times do not exceed: (A) 55 minutes during the period Apr. 1-Oct. 31; AND (B) 75 minutes during the period Nov. 1-Mar. 31.

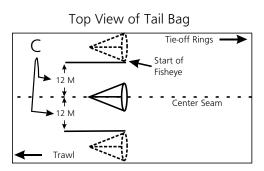


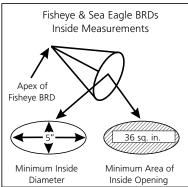
For additional information on specifications for trawls, BRDs and TEDs, call the nearest Coastal Law Enforcement office (see back cover).

FISHEYE AND SEA EAGLE BRDs



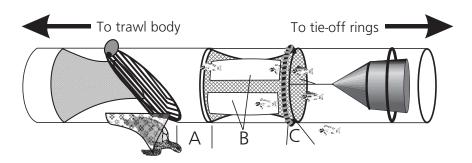
- A. Fisheye opening may not be placed less than 24 inches behind lazy line attachment system.
- B. Fisheye opening must be less than 11 ft. from the cod end tie-off rings.
- C. Fisheve may not be placed more than 12 meshes either side of the center seam. of the tail bag.
- Lazy lines, choker straps, elephant ears, rings and other lines may be placed in these areas.
- Fisheye opening may not be obstructed by any ropes, rings, elephant ears or straps.



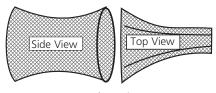


For additional information on specifications for trawls, BRDs and TEDs, call the nearest Coastal Law Enforcement office (see back cover).

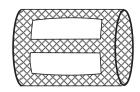
JONES-DAVIS BRD



Components



Funnel Section



Escape Openings (Openings are cutouts in the body of the trawl tail bag)



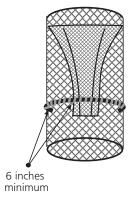
Stimulator



Semi-rigid Hoop

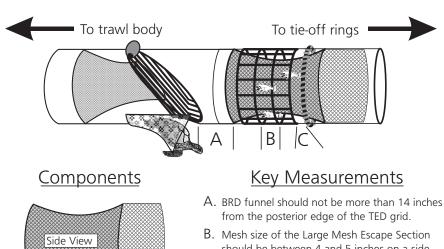
Key Measurements

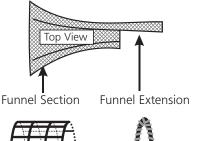
- A. Leading edge of the Escape Opening must be within 18 inches of the posterior edge of the TED grid.
- B. BRD escape opening should total a minimum of 864 sq. in.
- C. Clearance between the 28-inch hoop and the side of the funnel, when hanging, should be at least 6 inches.



For additional information on specifications for trawls, BRDs and TEDs, call the nearest Coastal Law Enforcement office (see back cover).

LARGE MESH EXTENDED FUNNEL BRD



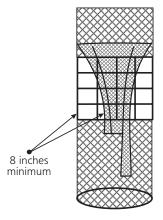


Semi-rigid Hoop

Large Mesh

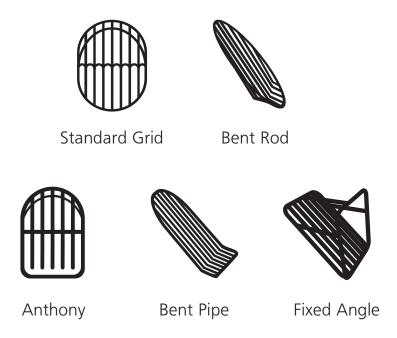
Escape Section

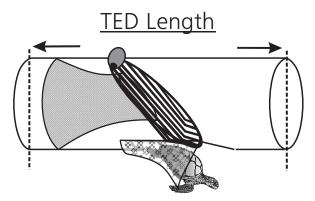
- should be between 4 and 5 inches on a side.
- C. Clearance between the posterior edge of the large mesh escape section and the funnel, when hanging, should be at least 8 inches.



For additional information on specifications for trawls, BRDs and TEDs, call the nearest Coastal Law Enforcement office (see back cover).

APPROVED TED DESIGNS





If webbing immediately around TED has a mesh size smaller than allowed for the trawl, such webbing may not be greater than 60 total stretched meshes in length.

For additional information on specifications for trawls, BRDs and TEDs, call the nearest Coastal Law Enforcement office (see back cover).

CRABS

NOTE: It is unlawful to place, fish or leave a crab trap component in the coastal waters of the state from Feb. 16-25, 2007.

- · There are no public salt waters, seasons or times closed to the taking and retaining of crabs and ghost shrimp, EXCEPT as provided in this auide.
- · It is lawful to take, attempt to take or possess crabs and ghost shrimp by means, in numbers, and of sizes ONLY as described helow

Bag, Possession and Length Limits

Blue crab

- · Daily Bag: No limit · Possession: No limit
 - · Except that not more than 5% by number, of undersized blue crabs may be possessed for bait purposes only and must be placed in a separate container.
 - May not possess egg-bearing (sponge) crabs. · May not possess a female crab that has its
 - abdominal apron detached.
- · Minimum Length: five inches
 - · Measured across the widest point of the body from tip of spine to tip of spine (see pg. 15).

Stone crab (right claw only)

- · Daily Bag: No limit
- · Possession: No limit
 - · Only the right claw may be retained or possessed.
 - · The body of the stone crab must be returned to the water from which it was taken.
- Minimum Length: 2-1/2 inches measurement
 - · Measured from the tip of the immovable claw to the first joint behind the claw (see pg. 15).

Devices and Restrictions

Crab Line: A baited line with no hook attached.

- · Must be marked with a white floating buoy not less than six inches in height, 6 inches in length and 6 inches in width.
- · Buoys must be marked with a commercial crab fisherman's license plate number in letters of a contrasting color at least 2 inches high attached to the trap.
- · Buoys or floats may not be made of plastic bottle(s) of any color or size.

Crab Traps:

· May only remove crab traps from the water or remove crabs from crab traps during the period from 30 minutes before sunrise to 30 minutes after sunset.

- Maximum Number of Traps Allowed:
 - Only 200 crab traps at a time may be used while fishing under the authority of a commercial crab fisherman's license.
 - · Only 20 crab traps at a time may be used while fishing under the authority of a commercial finfish fisherman's license.
- · Tag Requirements: Must be used with a valid GEAR TAG (see pg. 4) attached within six inches of the buoy.
- · Construction and Design Restrictions:
 - · May not exceed 18 cubic feet.
 - · Must be equipped with at least two escape vents in each crab-retaining chamber and located on the outside trap walls.
 - · Escape vents must be at least 2-3/8" in diameter.
 - Must be marked with a white floating buoy not less than 6 inches in height, six inches in length and 6 inches width.
 - · Crab traps fished under the authority of a commercial crab fisherman's license must have buoys marked with a commercial crab fisherman's license plate number in letters of a contrasting color at least two inches high attached to the trap.
 - Crab traps fished under the authority of a commercial finfish fisherman's license must have buovs marked with a commercial finfish fisherman's license plate number preceded with the letter "F" in letters of a contrasting color at least two inches high attached to the trap.
 - · Buoys or floats may not be made of plastic bottle(s) of any color or size.
 - · Must be equipped with a degradable panel. A trap is considered to have a degradable panel if one of the following methods is used in construction of the trap:
 - the trap lid tie-down strap is secured to the trap at one end by a simple loop of untreated jute twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #530), sisal twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #390) or untreated steel wire with a diameter of 20 gauge or smaller. The trap lid must be secured so that when the twine or wire degrades, the lid will no longer be securely closed; or
 - · the trap contains at least one sidewall, not including the bottom panel, with a rectangular opening no smaller in either dimension than three inches by 6 inches. Any obstruction placed in this opening may not be secured in any manner EXCEPT it may be laced, sewn, or otherwise obstructed by a single length of untreated jute twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #530), sisal twine (compa-

- rable to Lehigh brand #390) or untreated steel wire with a diameter of 20 gauge or smaller knotted only at each end and not tied or looped more than once around a single mesh bar. When the twine or wire degrades, the opening in the sidewall of the trap will no longer be obstructed; or
- the obstruction may be loosely hinged at the bottom of the opening by no more than two untreated steel hog rings and secured at the top of the obstruction in no more than one place by a single length of untreated jute twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #530), sisal twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #390) or untreated steel wire with a diameter of 20 gauge or smaller. When the twine or wire degrades, the obstruction will hinge downward and the opening in the sidewall of the trap will no longer be obstructed.
- Placement and Location Restrictions:
 - May not place a crab trap or portion thereof closer than 100 feet from any other crab trap, EXCEPT when traps are secured to a pier or dock.
 - May not fish a crab trap in public fresh waters.
 - May not fish a crab trap within 200 feet of a marked navigable channel in Aransas County; and in the water area of Aransas Bay within one-half mile of a line from Hail Point on the Lamar Peninsula, then direct to the eastern end of Goose Island, then along the southern shore of Goose Island, then along the eastern shoreline of the Live Oak Peninsula past the town of Fulton, past Nine Mile Point, past the town of Rockport to a point at the east end of Talley Island including that part of Copano Bay within 1,000 feet of the causeway between Lamar Peninsula and Live Oak Peninsula.
 - May not possess, use or place more than three crab traps in waters north and west

- of Highway 146 where it crosses the Houston Ship Channel in Harris County.
- May not use or place more than three crab traps in public waters of the San Bernard River north of a line marked by the boat access channel at Bernard Acres.

Other Devices:

- Devices legally used for taking of fresh or saltwater fish or shrimp may be used to take crab if operated in places and at times authorized by a proclamation of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission or the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Code.
- See applicable pages in this guide to determine authorized uses, places and times for other legal devices.

CRAB LICENSE MANAGEMENT

A license management program (limited entry) has been in effect for the Texas commercial crab fishery since 1998.

For further information on any limited entry requirements and restrictions, contact Mr. Art Morris, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, Natural Resources Building, 6300 Ocean Drive, Suite 2500, Corpus Christi, TX 78412, (361) 825-3356 or Mr. Bobby Miller, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539, (281) 534-0110.

CRAB LICENSE BUYBACK PROGRAM

At least once each year, the TPWD provides an opportunity for holders of commercial crab fisherman's license to apply to have their licenses purchased by the department. If you are interested in more information about participating in this voluntary program contact the Coastal Fisheries Division, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, 4200 Smith School Road, Austin, Texas 78744; (800) 792-1112, ext. 4645 or (512) 389-4645.

OYSTERS

Commercial Oystering Seasons—Nov. 1 through Apr. 30 except in all private leases with permits from the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department where there is no closed season. During open season, oysters may be taken only from sunrise to sunset.

Commercial Oyster Limits—No oyster boat may take more than 90 sacks of oysters per boat per day, and may possess no more than 6 sacks (equivalent of 2 barrels) of unculled oysters. A

sack is defined as 110 pounds of oysters (including the sack).

Legal Size Limits—Three (3) inches (greatest length of shell) or larger. Oysters 3/4 inch to three inches are to be culled and returned to reef from which taken; provided, however, that each cargo may contain not more than 15 percent of oysters of this size. Not more than six (6) sacks of unculled oysters are permitted on board while on a reef.

Legal Means and Methods-It is unlawful while taking or attempting to take oysters for pay or the purpose of sale, barter or exchange or any other commercial purpose to use more than one dredge, use a dredge which exceeds 48 inches in width and a two-barrel capacity, have more than one dredge connected in any manner to a winch, chain or other lifting device during the open public season; or have any additional dredge(s) on board unless secured below deck, to the wheelhouse or to the deck in such a manner as to be lashed, tied, shackled or chained as to prevent its immediate use. Commercial oyster boats limited to not more than 90 sacks of legal size oysters.

Special Provisions—Oysters may be taken only from waters approved by the State Commissioner of Health.

The harvesting, shucking, processing and sale of oysters must conform to all regulations specified by the Texas Department of State Health Services.

OYSTER LICENSE MANAGEMENT

A moratorium on the sale of new licenses or a license management program (limited entry) went into effect for the Texas commercial oyster fishery 2005. Only fishermen who held a Commercial Oyster Boat License during the 2005-2006 license year, or who had a license transferred into their name, will be eligible to buy a license for the current license year.

For further information on any limited entry requirements and restrictions, contact Mr. Art Morris, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, Natural Resources Building, 6300 Ocean Drive, Suite 2500, Corpus Christi, TX 78412, (361) 825-3356 or Mr. Bobby Miller, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539, (281) 534-0110.

MUSSELS AND CLAMS

IMPORTANT NOTICE: At the time of this printing, the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission is deliberating major changes to regulations governing the commercial harvest of mussels and clams. In addition to establishing new standards for licensure, the new rules will designate additional stream segments where the harvest of mussels and clams is prohibited and open some stream segments where harvest was previously prohibited.

The new rules are expected to become effective by Oct. 1, 2006. When the rules are adopted, the department will make every reasonable effort to inform affected persons. After Sept. 1, 2006, interested persons may obtain the adopted rules and additional information by visiting the TPWD web site at www.tpwd.state.tx.us, by calling a local Law Enforcement Office (see back of this guide) or by calling (800) 792-1112.

SEA TURTLES AND OTHER AQUATIC LIFE

It is unlawful for any person to knowingly take, kill or disturb any sea turtle or sea turtle eggs in the State of Texas. To report stranded sea turtles or nests, please call 1-866-TURTLE5.

There is no open season in any county for ALL MARINE MAMMALS INCLUDING POR-POISES, DOLPHINS AND WHALES.

Any other aquatic life (except threatened and endangered species) not addressed in this guide may be taken only by hand or with the devices defined as lawful for taking fish, shrimp, oysters or crabs in places and at times as provided in this guide.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND CIVIL VALUE RECOVERY

If you violate fish and wildlife laws, in addition to civil restitution you may:

- be fined (Class C \$25-\$500; Class B \$200-\$2000; Class A \$500-\$4000; State Jail Felony, \$1500-\$10,000);
- · be jailed (Class B and higher offenses);
- face automatic suspension or revocation of licenses for up to 5 years;
- · forfeit hunting gear, including firearms, used to commit a violation.

CIVIL RESTITUTION: In addition to the **criminal** penalty for hunting and fishing violations, the department will seek the civil recovery value for the loss or damage to wildlife resources. The civil restitution cost is payable to Texas Parks and Wildlife Department and is in addition to the fine assessed by the court. Failure to pay the civil recovery value will result in the department's refusal to issue a license, tag or permit. An individual who hunts or fishes after the refusal commits a class A misdemeanor which is punishable by a fine not less than \$500 or more than \$4,000; punishment in jail not to exceed one year; or both fine and confinement. For questions concerning civil restitution call (512) 389-4630.



You can make a difference by reporting

poaching, pollution and dumping, arson in state parks, and intoxicated boaters! Up to \$1,000 may be paid for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person for a violation of our state's wildlife and fisheries laws, as well as for certain laws related to environmental crime, arson, and intoxicated boaters.



Reward Hotline (800) 792-GAME

Support anti-poaching efforts by becoming a member of the Operation Game Thief Program (call (512) 389-4381 for membership information) or by sending your tax deductible donation to Operation Game Thief, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, 4200 Smith School Road, Austin, Texas 78744.

WHERE TO GET INFORMATION AND LICENSES

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Regional and Field Law Enforcement Offices

ABILENE, 281 North Willis (79603) (325) 673-3333 AMARILLO, 203 West 8th, Suite #200, LB14006 (79101) (806) 379-8900

BEAUMONT, 5550-K Eastex Freeway (77708)

(409) 892-8666

BROWNSVILLE, 5460 Paredes Line Road, Suite 201 (78526) (956) 546-1952

BROWNWOOD, 301 Main, Suite D (76801) (325) 646-0440

BRYAN, 3608 East 29th Street, Suite 220 (77802) (979) 260-1372

CORPUS CHRISTI, 5541 Bear Lane, Suite 232 (78405) (361) 289-5566

EL PASO, 401 East Franklin, Suite 520 (79901) (915) 834-7050

FORT WORTH, 5400 Airport Freeway, Suite E (76117) (817) 831-3128 FREEPORT, 210 W. First Street, Suite C (77541)

(979) 233-7968 - hours 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM GARLAND, 346 Oaks Trail, Suite 100 (75043) (972) 226-9966

HOUSTON (NORTH), 350 North Sam Houston Pkwy E., Suite 100 (77060) (281) 931-6471 HOUSTON (SOUTH), 10101 Southwest Frwy, #206

(77074) (713) 779-8977

KERRVILLE, 309 Sidney Baker South (78028)

KERRVILLE, 309 Sidney Baker South (78028) (830) 257-7611 LAMARQUE, 14037 Delany Road (77568) (409) 933-1947

LUBBOCK, 1702 Landmark Lane, Suite 1 (79415) (806) 761-4930

LUFKIN, 1515 Atkinson Drive (75902) (936) 632-1311

MIDLAND, 4500 West Illinois, Suite 307 (79703) (432) 520-4649

MT. PLEASANT, 212 South Johnson (75455) (903) 572-7966

ROCKPORT, 715 South Highway 35 (78382) (361) 790-0312

RUSK, 801 West 6th Street (75785) 903) 683-2511 **SAN ANGELO**, 3407 South Chadbourne (76903)

(325) 651-4844 **SAN ANTONIO**, 858 West Rhapsody (78216) (210) 348-7375

TEMPLE, 3615 So. General Bruce Drive (76504) (254) 778-2851

TYLER, 3330 South Southwest Loop 323 (75701) (903) 534-0388

VICTORIA, 2805 N. Navarro, Suite 600A (77901) (361) 575-6306

WACO, 1601 East Crest Drive (76705) (254) 867-7951

WICHITA FALLS, 100 Fremar Valley (76301) (940) 723-7327

COMMERCIAL FISHING LICENSE LIMITED ENTRY AND BUYBACK PROGRAMS

For further information regarding any commercial license management program or license buyback program contact: Mr. Art Morris, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, Natural Resources Building, 6300 Ocean Drive, Suite 2500, Corpus Christi, TX 78412, (361) 825-3356 or Mr. Bobby Miller, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Coastal Fisheries Division, 1502 F.M. 517 E, Dickinson, TX 77539, (281) 534-0110.

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Internet Web site: http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us

Operation Game Thief

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department • 4200 Smith School Road • Austin, Texas 78744 STOP POACHING! FOR 24-HOUR REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS, you may call: (800) 792-GAME; AUSTIN — (512) 389-4848; HOUSTON — (281) 842-8100

TOLL FREE INFORMATION (Mon. - Fri., 8 a.m. - 5 p.m.)

For information concerning fishing regulations or other subjects related to TPWD. (800) 792-1112 (general information) OR (512) 389- + extension #

#4820 Hunting & Fishing Licenses #4828 Boat Registration #4726 Resource Protection #4854 Law Enforcement - Hunting #2011 Coastal Fisheries #4481 Scientific Permit #4630 Law Enforcement - Fishing #4444 Inland Fisheries #4628 Commercial Licenses

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department receives federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior and its bureaus prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex (in educational programs). If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any Texas Parks and Wildlife Department program, crivity, or facility, or if you desire further information, please call or write: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office for Diversity and Civil Rights Programs - External Programs, 4040 N. Fairfax Drive, Webb 300, Arlington, VA 22203, 703-358-1724.



This digest will be revised as new regulations become effective. Note the date on the front cover and make sure you have the latest issue. For further information, please contact your local game warden or Texas Parks and Wildlife Department.