TEXAS BEGINNING EDUCATOR SUPPORT SYSTEM

TxBESS ACTIVITY PROFILE TAP

January 2005

© 2005 by the Texas State Board for Educator Certification

Copyright © **Notice.** The materials are copyrighted © and trademarked [™] as the property of the Texas State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) and may not be reproduced without the express written permission of SBEC, except under the following conditions:

- 1) Texas public school districts, charter schools, educator preparation entities, and education service centers may reproduce and use copies of the materials and related materials for educational use without obtaining permission from SBEC.
- 2) Residents of the state of Texas may reproduce and use copies of the materials and related materials for individual personal use only, without obtaining written permission of SBEC.
- 3) No monetary charge can be made for the reproduced materials or any document containing them; however, a reasonable charge to cover only the cost of reproduction and distribution may be charged.

Private entities or persons located in Texas that are **not** Texas public school districts, educator preparation entities, Texas education service centers, or Texas charter schools or any entity, whether public or private, educational or non-educational, located **outside the state of Texas** *MUST* obtain written approval from SBEC and will be required to enter into a license agreement that may involve the payment of a licensing fee or a royalty.

For information contact: State Board for Educator Certification, Capitol Station, P.O. Box 12728, Austin, TX 78711-2728; phone 888-863-5880.



Table of Contents

Getting Started	4
TAP Road Map	6
Class Background Study	7
Plan for Learning	9
Data Collection Notes	1
Learning Reflection	10
Statement of Professional Responsibilities	18
Mentor Questionnaire	19
Data Summary	_20
Action Plan	2:

Getting Started

The TxBESS Activity Profile (TAP) is a data-gathering process designed to help beginning teachers reflect on and improve their teaching practice. The TAP is based on the TxBESS Framework, which contains performance standards for beginning teachers, and is designed to elicit evidence on how beginning teachers demonstrate each performance standard. The TAP is essentially a case study of beginning teaching. At each step of the way, beginning teachers and mentors have opportunities to learn and grow from the thoughtful examination of the beginning teacher's instruction.

In 1998-99, the Texas State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC), a committee of Texas educators, and the Educational Testing Service developed an assessment of beginning teaching. After the initial development, SBEC and Resources for Learning (RFL) fine-tuned and streamlined the assessment based on feedback from beginning teachers and mentors, resulting in the TAP. Furthermore, SBEC and RFL shifted the TAP process to be a collaborative one in which beginning teachers and mentors jointly collect and analyze data. From 2000-03, approximately 7,000 beginning teachers and their mentors completed the TAP.

Training is a critical component of the TAP process. After beginning teachers and mentors are trained to use the TAP, they can begin working through each activity described on the TAP Road Map on page 6. The TAP provides multiple opportunities for mentors and beginning teachers to discuss the beginning teacher's practice in the context of the *TxBESS Framework*.

As a standards-based formative assessment, it is critical that the tasks in the TAP be tightly aligned with the standards in the framework. Each question and task of the TAP is designed to provide evidence about one or more of the standards. To illustrate this alignment, the items in the TAP are keyed directly to the standards in the framework. For example, question 8 of the Class Background Study asks, "How do you become familiar with your students' individual interests and cultural backgrounds?" It is followed by the designation (1b), which links the question to Standard 1b, "The teacher demonstrates knowledge of students." Beginning teachers and mentors who need more information to respond to the question or analyze the response can refer to Standard 1b in their *TxBESS Framework*.

The formative assessment data collected in the TAP are confidential, and mentors should not share results with principals or other parties. No piece of the TAP was designed for use in teacher appraisal. Beginning teachers keep all written documents that are part of their case studies.

Often beginning teachers and mentors do not know how to structure their time together; the TAP provides such a structure. The suggested timeline outlined in the road map provides guidance and pacing for beginning teacher and mentor activities related to the TAP. When a beginning teacher is hired after the beginning of the school year, the timeline should be adjusted accordingly.

Options

Teaching assignments of beginning teachers in Texas vary widely, as do beginning teachermentor relationships. Therefore, options exist for completing the TAP. The following list is not exhaustive, and educators may find additional ways to use the TAP.

- 1. Reviewing the developmental continuum in two conversations rather than one. A thoughtful conversation about the beginning teacher's performance on twenty-two standards can be lengthy. Beginning teachers and mentors may wish to have a conversation on Clusters 2 and 3 immediately after the observation and on Clusters 1 and 4 at another time.
- 2. Completing the observation in two short segments rather than one long one. A mentor and beginning teacher may opt to have two short observations, one focused on Cluster 2 and the other focused on Cluster 3. A separate Plan for Learning will be required for each observation.
- 3. <u>Repeating the TAP process for self-assessment</u>. The first TAP serves as a benchmark and documents beginning teaching practices. Subsequently, the beginning teacher may ask the mentor to repeat the TAP process for self-assessment purposes, perhaps focusing on particular challenge areas.
- 4. <u>Using the TAP</u> with teachers other than novices who are fully certified. Teachers who are new to a district, school, grade level, or assignment can benefit from the TAP and TxBESS support. Those who may be employed on temporary credentials or waivers can also benefit from TxBESS.
- 5. <u>Videotaping a segment of instruction</u>. Rather than conducting a direct observation, the mentor, with the permission of the beginning teacher, may videotape a lesson. If videotaping, the mentor and the beginning teacher watch the videotape together, and both may record data on the Data Collection Notes. When videotaping for this purpose, school policies for videotaping students should be followed.
- 6. <u>Using an observer who is not the mentor</u>. If an outside observer conducts the observation, the beginning teacher, mentor, and observer participate in the post-observation activities. The Class Background Study and Plan for Learning should be available for the observer when he/she arrives for the observation. The Learning Reflection, Statement of Professional Responsibilities, and Mentor Questionnaire should be available to the observer prior to the post-observation conference.

TAP Road Map

Directions: The page numbers on the TAP Road Map indicate activities that have corresponding documentation. For example, Checkpoint 1 stands alone, so it does not have a corresponding page number. Checkpoint 2 has a document to help structure the activity, so the page numbers are indicated.

Page Numbers for Corresponding Documents	Mentor and Beginning Teacher Checkpoints	Suggested Timeline
	1. Select a class that will be the focus of the TAP case study. The class may be one in which the beginning teacher faces particular challenges.	Week 3
7-8	2. With guidance from the mentor, the beginning teacher completes the <i>Class Background Study</i> .	Weeks 4-6
9-10	3. Identify a class period when the mentor will observe the beginning teacher. With guidance from the mentor, the beginning teacher completes the <i>Plan for Learning</i> .	Weeks 7-8
11-14	4. The mentor observes the beginning teacher, completing the <i>Data Collection Notes</i> for Clusters 1, 2, and 3.	Week 9
16-17	5. The beginning teacher completes the <i>Learning Reflection</i> .	Week 9
18	6. With the mentor's assistance, the beginning teacher completes the Statement of Professional Responsibilities .	Week 10
19	7. The mentor completes the <i>Mentor Questionnaire</i> .	Week 10
15	8. The mentor completes the <i>Data Collection Notes</i> for Cluster 4.	Week 10
9. Using the <i>Data Collection Notes</i> for Clusters 1-4, the beginning teacher and mentor conference and review the developmental continuum in the <i>TxBESS Framework</i> for each performance standard (1a-4f), highlighting the descriptors that best represent the data collected.		Weeks 11-12
20-24	10. The use of the <i>Data Summary</i> is optional.	Week 12
25	11. The beginning teacher and mentor develop an <i>Action Plan</i> for the second semester that is tied to the framework. The plan may include revisiting some of the earlier steps of the TAP, such as reviewing the Class Background Study, a focused mini-observation, or periodic reflections.	Weeks 13-15

Class Background Study

District:	Ca	mpus:	
Mentor:			
		Date:	
questions for the class that wil	l be the focus of the	from your mentor, respond to TxBESS Activity Profile. Note that to the related standard in the Tx	t the numerals as
How many students are in your c		6. Approximately how many stu- the following ethnic groups? (
Female Male		Asian	
Ammovimoto ogo	udanta (1h).	African American	
Approximate age range of your st	udents (1b):	Hispanic	
Describe the general instructional		White	
the students in this class (e.g., adv grade level, mixed). (1b)	anced, average, below	Other:	
		7. How do you become familiar v students already know and are	
		Content-based pretests	
Approximately how many studen	ts are in each of the	Individualized educational plans (IEF	P)
following language categories? (1)	o)	Permanent records	
English proficient		Standardized tests	
English language learner		Strategies for accessing prior knowledge (e.g., KWL charts)	
Approximately how many studen	ts have been identified	Student surveys	
as having the following special ne		Other:	
Attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder		8. How do you become familiar v	with your students
Blindness or visual impairment		individual interests and cultura	
Deafness or hard of hearing		Extracurricular activities	
Developmental impairment		Family/caregiver contact	
Emotional disability		Getting-acquainted activities	
Giftedness		Interest inventories	
Learning disability		Student writing/journals	
Physical disability		Student-teacher email	
504 modifications		Other:	
Multiple impairments		Omer.	
Other:			

ns are available to you in planning		Describe how you establish and maintain an atmosphere of trust, openness, and mutual respect
		(e.g., greeting students, modeling courtesy). (2a)
aair		
<u></u>		
<u></u>		
n teachers		
<u></u>	14.	How do you encourage students to take
		responsibility for their own learning? (2b)
available to students needing		
n teachers		
	15.	How do you coordinate learning activities with
		other colleagues (e.g., same grade level/content
		area teachers, special education teachers, language acquisition teachers)? (4d)
		acquisition teachers). (14)
establish and implement important and procedures (e.g., distribution		
ting rules and consequences,	16.	What else is important to you about the background of your students? (1b)
	thair aff aff aff aff n teachers thy available to students needing n teachers and procedures (e.g., distribution materials, transition between a establish and maintain standards of ting rules and consequences, ool policies). (2d)	aff aff In teachers Ity available to students needing In teachers In teachers Iff In establish and implement important is and procedures (e.g., distribution materials, transition between 16. In establish and maintain standards of ting rules and consequences,

Plan for Learning

Teacher:	
Mentor: Date:	
Directions to the beginning teacher: With guidance your mentor will observe. Note that the numerals at refer to the related standards in the TxBESS Framework	nd letters in parentheses following each question
STANDARDS-BASE	
PLAN	RATIONALE
Describe the key knowledge and skills (objectives) you intend for students to learn in this lesson. (1c)	Why are these objectives appropriate for these students at this time? (1c)
	Describe how these objectives build on previous lessons and how they lead to future lessons. (1a, 2b)
ASSESSMENT	STRATEGIES
PLAN	RATIONALE
How do you plan to assess how well the students have achieved the learning/objectives in this lesson? (1f) Check all that apply.	Why have you chosen these approaches for assessment for <u>this</u> lesson? (1f)
Observation	
Written test (e.g., multiple choice, true/false)	
Oral report	
Performance	How do these assessment approaches support your long-term assessment plan? (1f)
Individual or group project	long-term assessment plan: (11)
Portfolio entry	
Conference	
Student self-assessment	
Peer assessment	
Rubric	
Other:	

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY		
PLAN	RATIONALE	
Describe your instructional delivery. Address each of the following questions. • What instructional strategies will you use for this lesson? Include estimates of time allocations. (1e)	Address each of the following questions. Why have you chosen these instructional strategies? (1e)	
How will the students be grouped for instruction? (1e)	Why have you chosen this grouping of students? (1e)	
What activities have you planned for your students? (1e)	Why have you chosen these activities? (1e)	
What instructional materials, resources, and technology will you use? Attach a copy of instructional artifacts. (1d)	Why have you chosen these instructional materials and resources? (1d)	
What modifications will you make for identified students with special needs? (1c)	Why have you chosen these modifications? (1c)	
How will you accommodate different instructional levels and learning styles of students in your class? (1c)	Why have you chosen these accommodations? (1c)	

Are there any special circumstances that the observer should be aware of?

Data Collection Notes

Teacher:	-
Mentor:	-
Date:	-

Directions to the mentor: Complete these notes with data provided by the beginning teacher and data gathered in the classroom observation. You may complete the beginning teacher's reflection column based on the Learning Reflection and on the conference with the beginning teacher.

Cluster 1: Planning for Learner-centered Instruction

	Data	Beginning Teacher Reflection
	Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy (Content knowledge; Prerequisite relationships; Content-specific pedagogy)—See Plan for Learning	
9	Demonstrating Knowledge of Students (Characteristics of age group; Students' varied approaches to learning; Students' skills and knowledge; Students' interests and cultural heritages)—See Class Background Study, Plan for Learning	
	Selecting Key Knowledge and Skills (Significance; Clarity; Suitability for diverse students)—See Plan for Learning, Learning Reflection	
(Demonstrating Knowledge of Materials, Resources, and Technology (Materials/resources; Technology)—See Class Background Study, Plan for Learning, Instructional Artifacts, Learning Reflection	
]	Designing Activities That Promote Student Learning (Learning activities; Learning groups; Lesson structure)—See Plan for Learning, Learning Reflection, Instructional Artifacts	
	Planning to Assess Student Learning (Assessment content and methods; Criteria)—See Plan for Learning, Learning Reflection	

Cluster 2: A Classroom Environment That Promotes Equity, Excellence, and Learning

Learning	
Data	Beginning Teacher Reflection
2a: Creating an Environment of Rapport and Respect (Teacher interaction with students; Student interaction)—See Class Background Study	
2b: Establishing a Culture for Learning (Importance of content; Expectations for learning and achievement)—See Class Background Study	
2c: Managing Classroom Procedures (Transitions; Materials and supplies; Non-instructional duties; Volunteers and paraprofessionals)—See Class Background Study	
2d: Managing Student Behavior (Expectations; Monitoring of student behavior; Response to student behavior)—See Class Background Study	
2e: Organizing Physical Space (Environmental considerations in support of learning; Safety and arrangement of furniture; Accessibility to learning and use of physical resources)	

Cluster 3: Instruction and Communication

Data	Beginning Teacher Reflection
3a: Communicating Clearly and Accurately (Directions and procedures; Oral and written language; Student communication)	
3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques (Quality of questions/discussion techniques; Student participation)—See Learning Reflection	
3c: Engaging Students in Learning (Representation of content; Activities and assignments; Grouping of students; Materials, resources, and technology; Structure, sequencing, and pacing)—See Instructional Artifacts, Learning Reflection	
3d: Assessing Student Learning (Implementation of assessment; Use for planning; Quality and timeliness of feedback)—See Instructional Artifacts, Learning Reflection	
3e: Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness (Lesson adjustment; Response to students; Persistence)	

Cluster 4: Professionalism

Data	Beginning Teacher Reflection
4a: Reflecting on Teaching (Accuracy; Use in future teaching)—See Learning Reflection	
4b: Maintaining Accurate Records (Student progress in learning; Non-instructional records)—See Statement of Professional Responsibilities, Instructional Artifacts	
4c: Communicating with Families/Caregivers (Information about the instructional program; Information about individual students; Engagement of families/caregivers in the instructional program)—See Statement of Professional Responsibilities, Instructional Artifacts	
4d: Contributing to the School (Relationships with colleagues; Service to the school)—See Statement of Professional Responsibilities, Class Background Study, Mentor Questionnaire	
4e: Growing and Developing Professionally (Enhancement of content knowledge and pedagogical skill; Participation in beginning teacher support)—See Mentor Questionnaire	
4f: Serving as an Advocate for Students (Decision-making; Student advocacy)—See Class Background Study, Statement of Professional Responsibilities, Mentor Questionnaire	

Learning Reflection

Teacher:
Mentor:
Date:
Directions to the beginning teacher: Complete the Learning Reflection immediately following your observed lesson. You may wish to refer to the TxBESS Framework to add details to your reflection.
GENERAL REFLECTION
Overall, how effective was this lesson? What is the basis for your judgment? (4a)
ALTERATIONS
Did you depart in any way from your lesson plan? If so, how? Why? (3e, 4a)
FUTURE PLANNING
What might you change the next time you teach this lesson? (4a)

Learning Reflection (cont'd)

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY—Respond to these questions for each aspect.						
	How were the following aspects of your instructional delivery effective for all students ? How was delivery similar or different to what you had planned? (4a)	What might you do differently to improve the lesson?(4a)				
Key Knowledge and Skills (1c, 3c)						
Instructional Strategies (1e, 3b, 3c)						
Student Grouping (1e, 3c)						
Materials, Resources, and Technology (1d, 3c)						
Assessment (1f, 3d)						

Statement of Professional Responsibilities

Teacher:
Mentor:
Date:
Directions to the beginning teacher: Complete the following three sections and attach artifacts as directed.
MAINTAINING RECORDS Describe your record-keeping procedures. Provide two samples of your record-keeping systems (e.g., attendance records, grade books, or financial records such as accounts of lunch money). At least one sample must be an instruction-related record. Be sure to remove identifying information, such as students' last names. (4b)
FAMILY/CAREGIVER COMMUNICATION What types of information do you communicate to the families/caregivers of students in your class? Provide two samples of your communications with families/caregivers (e.g., notes about individual students, newsletters, and communication logs). Be sure to remove identifying information, such as students' last names. (4c)
PROFESSIONAL GROWTH List professional development activities in which you have participated since being hired for this teaching position (e.g., attending workshops, beginning teacher orientation, consulting with colleagues or your mentor, joining a professional organization). (4d)

Mentor Questionnaire

Te	acher:		
Μe	Mentor:		
Da	te:		
Di	rections to the mentor: Answer the following three questions.		
1.	List examples you have observed of the beginning teacher's professional interactions with colleagues. Include examples of how the beginning teacher has participated in activities designed for beginning teacher support. (4d, 4e)		
2.	List examples of the beginning teacher's participation in school activities. (4d)		
3.	List examples of the beginning teacher's efforts to advocate for students and/or respond to student needs/concerns. (4f)		

Teacher:	
Mentor:	
Date:	

Directions to the mentor and beginning teacher: After considering all the data gathered in the TAP, the beginning teacher and mentor consult the developmental continuum in the TxBESS Framework, highlighting the descriptors that best represent the data collected. The Data Summary may be used to record overall impressions. For each standard, circle D for Developing, C for Beginning or Advanced Competent, or P for Proficient. If performance is at the Developing level, check the elements in which the beginning teacher needs improvement.

Cluster 1: Planning for Learner-centered Instruction

Standards and Elements	Circle performance level. If D, check reason.		
Standard 1a: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy	D	С	P
Content Knowledge: Teacher displays a lack of understanding of the			
structure of the discipline, or the teacher makes content errors.			
Prerequisite Relationships: Teacher displays a lack of understanding of			
knowledge and skills students must already have in order to learn the			
identified content.			
Content-specific Pedagogy: Teacher displays a lack of understanding of			
pedagogical strategies used to promote student learning of the content.			
Standard 1b: Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	D	С	P
Characteristics of Age Group: Teacher's plans are not aligned with the			
developmental characteristics of the age group.			
Students' Varied Approaches to Learning: Teacher's plans do not			
reflect knowledge of the different approaches to learning that students			
exhibit.			
Students' Skills and Knowledge: Teacher's plans do not reflect			
understanding of students' prior knowledge and skills.			
Students' Interests and Cultural Heritages: Teacher's plans do not			
reflect knowledge of student interests and/or cultural heritages that would			
further enhance student learning.			
Standard 1c: Selecting Key Knowledge and Skills	D	С	P
Significance: Selected knowledge and skills are trivial, represent low			
expectations for students, or require little or no conceptual understanding.			
Clarity: Key knowledge and skills are not discernible.			
Suitability for Diverse Students: Teacher selects key knowledge and skills		1	
that are not aligned with students' needs.			
Standard 1d: Demonstrating Knowledge of Materials, Resources,	D	С	P
and Technology			
Materials/Resources: Teacher's plans do not indicate an awareness of			
school or district resources that would assist in teaching and in student			
learning, or teacher inappropriately uses materials and resources.			
Technology: Teacher's plans do not indicate an awareness of technology			
that would assist in teaching and student learning, or teacher inappropriately			
uses technology.			
Standard 1e: Designing Activities That Promote Student Learning	D	С	P
Learning Activities: The planned activities do not support key knowledge			
and skills, or they lack coherence.			
Learning Groups: The planned activities do not include meaningful			
groupings of students.			
Lesson Structure: The planned activities have no defined structure or an			
illogical sequence.			
Standard 1f: Planning to Assess Student Learning	D	С	P
Assessment Content and Methods: The content identified for assessment			
and/or the assessment methodology are not aligned with key knowledge and			
skills and/or activities; or little or no evidence of assessment plans are present.			
Criteria: The criteria identified for the assessment are not aligned with the			
key knowledge and skills and/or activities.			

Cluster 2: A Classroom Environment That Promotes Equity, Excellence, and Learning

Standards and Elements	Circle performance level. If D, check reason.		e level.
Standard 2a: Creating an Environment of Rapport and Respect	D	C	P
Teacher Interaction with Students: Classroom interactions between the			
teacher and students are disrespectful or inappropriate (e.g., sarcasm, putdowns,			
physical contact, conflict).			
Student Interaction: Classroom interactions among students are disrespectful			
or inappropriate (e.g., sarcasm, putdowns, physical contact, conflict).			
Standard 2b: Establishing a Culture for Learning	D	С	P
Importance of Content: Teacher demonstrates a low level of commitment to			
the content.			
Expectations for Learning and Achievement: Teacher demonstrates low			
expectations for student achievement. Student products are not evident or do			
not reflect relevant learning.			
Standard 2c: Managing Classroom Procedures	D	С	P
Transitions: Transition procedures are haphazard, inefficient, or nonexistent,			
resulting in loss of instructional time.			
Materials and Supplies: Procedures for handling materials and supplies are			
haphazard, inefficient, or nonexistent, resulting in loss of instructional time.			
Non-instructional Duties: Procedures for handling non-instructional duties			
are haphazard, inefficient, or nonexistent, resulting in loss of instructional time.			
Volunteers and Paraprofessionals: Procedures for volunteers and			
paraprofessionals are haphazard, inefficient, or nonexistent, resulting in loss of			
instructional time.			
Standard 2d: Managing Student Behavior	D	С	P
Expectations: Student behavior reflects teacher's lack of clear expectations.			
Monitoring of Student Behavior: Student behavior reflects teacher's lack of			
monitoring of student behavior.			
Response to Student Behavior: Teacher responds inappropriately to student			
behavior, resulting in loss of learning time.			
Standard 2e: Organizing Physical Space	D	C	P
Environmental Considerations in Support of Learning: The classroom's			
physical arrangement does not support the lesson.			
Safety and Arrangement of Furniture: The teacher fails to use standard			
safety procedures in the physical environment.			
Accessibility to Learning and Use of Physical Resources: The physical			
arrangement does not support the learning of all students. Some aspects of the			
lesson may be physically inaccessible for some students.			

Cluster 3: Instruction and Communication

Standards and Elements	Circle performance level. If D, check reason.		
Standard 3a: Communicating Clearly and Accurately	D	С	P
Directions and Procedures: Teacher's oral and/or written directions and			
procedures are unclear.			
Oral and Written Language: Teacher's oral and/or written communication			
contains errors, is unclear, and/or is inappropriate for students.			
Student Communication: Teacher's communication does not facilitate			
appropriate teacher-student or student-student exchanges.			
Standard 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques	D	С	P
Quality of Questions/Discussion Techniques: Teacher asks low-level			
questions in a recitation format, resulting in trivialized student participation.			
Student Participation: Students' responses do not reflect new learning.			
Standard 3c: Engaging Students in Learning	D	С	P
Representation of Content: Many students are not engaged in significant			
learning as a result of poor representation of content.			
Activities and Assignments: Many students are not engaged in significant			
learning as a result of inappropriate activities and assignments.			
Grouping of Students: Many students are not engaged in significant learning			
as a result of inappropriate grouping.			
Materials, Resources, and Technology: Many students are not engaged in			
significant learning as a result of inappropriate use of materials and resources.			
Structure, Sequencing, and Pacing: Many students are not engaged in			
significant learning as a result of a lack of lesson structure and/or inappropriate			
sequencing and pacing.			
Standard 3d: Assessing Student Learning	D	C	P
Implementation of Assessment: Assessment is not aligned with the lesson.			
Use for Planning: Assessment results are not used to plan future instruction.			
Quality and Timeliness of Feedback: Students do not use the teacher's			
feedback, if and when given.			
Standard 3e: Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness	D	C	P
Lesson Adjustment: Teacher adheres to the instructional plan in spite of a			
lack of student understanding or interest.			
Response to Students: Teacher ignores students' questions.			
Persistence: Teacher assumes little or no responsibility when students fail to			
understand.			

Cluster 4: Professionalism

	Circle performance leve		
Standards and Elements	If D, check reason.		son.
Standard 4a: Reflecting on Teaching	D	C	P
Accuracy: Teacher does not know whether a lesson was effective or achieved			
its purpose, and/or misjudges the success of a lesson.			
Use in Future Teaching: Teacher does not offer suggestions for how a lesson			
may be improved in the future.			
Standard 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records	D	C	P
Student Progress in Learning: Teacher has no system or a haphazard system			
for maintaining academic records, resulting in errors and confusion.			
Non-instructional Records: Teacher has no system or a haphazard system for			
maintaining non-instructional records, resulting in errors and confusion.			
Standard 4c: Communicating with Families/Caregivers	D	C	P
Information about the Instructional Program: Teacher provides little or			
no information about the instructional program to families/caregivers.			
Information about Individual Students: Teacher provides little or no			
information about individual students to their families/caregivers.			
Engagement of Families/Caregivers in the Instructional Program:			
Teacher makes few or no attempts to engage families/caregivers to initiate			
communication in regard to the instructional program and/or classroom			
activities.			
Standard 4d: Contributing to the School	D	C	P
Relationships with Colleagues: Teacher maintains minimal relationships			
with colleagues.			
Service to the School: Teacher does not consistently fulfill contractual			
and/or professional obligations.			
Standard 4e: Growing and Developing Professionally	D	С	P
Enhancement of Content Knowledge and Pedagogical Skill: Teacher			
does not participate in professional development activities.			
Participation in Beginning Teacher Support: Teacher does not participate			
in support activities designed for beginning teacher support.			
Standard 4f: Serving as an Advocate for Students	D	С	P
Decision Making: Teacher does not use critical data to identify necessary			
actions in support of student growth or to meet individual student needs.			
Student Advocacy: The teacher does not take action once a need is			
identified.			

Action Plan

Teacher:	Mentor:	Date:	

Success Indicators			
Timeline			
Beginning Teacher Responsibilities			
Mentor Responsibilities			
Action(s) To Be Taken			
Standards Chosen for Further Development			