



DIVISION OF  
MARKET REGULATION

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

August 17, 2001

Claire P. McGrath, Esq.  
Vice President and Special Counsel  
The American Stock Exchange  
55 Trinity Place  
New York, NY 10008-1872

Re: Exemptive Relief for Exchange Traded Index Funds  
File No. TP 00-133

Dear Ms. McGrath:

In your letter dated July 12, 2001, as supplemented by conversations with the staff, the American Stock Exchange (AMEX) requests no-action advice and exemptive relief with respect to specified rules under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) for Portfolio Depositary Receipts (PDRs) and Index Fund Shares<sup>1</sup> that meet certain standards described in your letter. We are responding to your request and have enclosed a photocopy of your letter. Each defined term in this letter has the same meaning as defined in your letter, unless we note otherwise.

Specifically, the AMEX requests, on behalf of itself and persons or entities engaging in transactions involving Fund Shares, certain exemptions from, or no-action advice regarding, Section 11(d)(1) of the Exchange Act and Rules 10a-1, 10b-10, 10b-17, 11d1-2, 14e-5, 15c1-5, and 15c1-6 thereunder, and Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M in connection with secondary market transactions in Fund Shares and the creation and redemption of Fund Shares meeting the specified criteria.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of this letter, PDRs and Index Fund Shares are collectively referred to as Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs). Shares, portfolio deposit receipts, or units of beneficial interest issued by ETFs for trading are collectively referred to as Fund Shares.

<sup>2</sup> The Commission has granted relief under these rules on prior occasions for certain ETFs, traded on the AMEX, as well as other exchanges. See letter from Nancy J. Sanow, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to James F. Duffy, General Counsel, AMEX, dated January 22, 1993 (regarding SPDRs listed on the AMEX); letter from James A. Brigagliano, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to James F. Duffy, General Counsel, AMEX, dated March 3, 1999 (regarding Nasdaq 100 Fund listed on the AMEX); letter from James A. Brigagliano, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to Mary Joan Hoene, Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, dated September 5, 2000 (regarding iShares S&P 100 listed on the CBOE); letter from James A. Brigagliano, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to Mary Joan Hoene, Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, dated December 1, 2000 (regarding iShares S&P 100 Global listed on the NYSE).

Response:

The relief granted herein extends to all ETFs trading on any registered national securities exchange that have obtained Rule 19b-4(e) listing approval from the Commission. ETFs meeting the following criteria are granted exemptive and/or no action relief, as more fully described below, from Section 11(d)(1) of the Exchange Act and Rules 10a-1, 10b-10, 10b-17, 11d1-2, 14e-5, 15c1-5, and 15c1-6 thereunder, and Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

1. Fund Shares must be issued by an open-end management investment company or a unit investment trust, registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;<sup>3</sup>
2. ETFs must consist of a "basket" of twenty (20) or more different Component Stocks,<sup>4</sup> in which no one stock can constitute more than 25% of the total value of the ETF.
3. At least 85% of the ETF must be comprised of Component Stocks that have a minimum public float value of at least \$150 million and a minimum average daily trading volume (ADTV) of at least \$1 million during each of the previous two (2) months of trading prior to formation of the relevant ETF; provided, however, if the ETF has 200 or more Component Stocks, then 75% of the Component Stocks must meet the \$150 million public float and the \$1 million ADTV thresholds;
4. Each Component Stock must be listed on a national securities exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market, including the Nasdaq SmallCap Market;
5. Fund Shares are only to be issued or redeemed in Creation Unit aggregations of 50,000 shares or more. The value of each Creation Unit must be at least \$1 million at the time of issuance; and

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<sup>3</sup> 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 *et seq.*

<sup>4</sup> For purposes of this letter, individual stocks that comprise the ETF basket, i.e., the stocks that are assembled to replicate the particular index that the ETF tracks, are referred to as Component Stocks.

6. The ETF must be passively managed and track a particular index whose components are publicly available. The intra-day proxy value of the ETF<sup>5</sup> and the value of the "benchmark" index must be publicly disseminated throughout the trading day.

The relief is further subject to "rule-specific" terms described below.

#### Regulation M

Redeemable securities issued by an open-end management investment company are excepted from the provisions of Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M. As described above, ETFs must register as an open-end management investment company or a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940 to issue shares that are redeemable only in Creation Units.

#### Rule 101 of Regulation M

Generally, Rule 101 of Regulation M is an anti-manipulation regulation that, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits any "distribution participant" and its "affiliated purchasers" from bidding for, purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase, any security which is the subject of a distribution until after the applicable restricted period, except as specifically permitted in the Regulation. The provisions of Rule 101 of Regulation M apply to underwriters, prospective underwriters, brokers, dealers, or other persons who have agreed to participate or are participating in a distribution of securities.

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, particularly that the ETFs will be registered open-end management investment companies that will continuously redeem at net asset value Creation Unit size aggregations of shares; and the secondary market price of Fund Shares should not vary substantially from the net asset value of such shares, which will be based on the value of the Component Stocks in the underlying Index and will be computed on a daily basis, the Commission hereby confirms that the ETFs will be excepted under paragraph (c)(4) of Rule 101 of Regulation M thus permitting persons who may be deemed to be participating in a distribution of Fund Shares to bid for or purchase shares during their participation in such distribution.<sup>6</sup>

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<sup>5</sup> This is an approximation of the net asset value of the Fund determined throughout the trading day, which is officially calculated daily after the market's close.

The Commission also confirms the interpretation of Rule 101 of Regulation M that a redemption of Creation Unit size aggregations of Fund Shares and the receipt of Component Stocks in exchange therefor by a participant in a distribution of Fund Shares would not constitute an "attempt to induce any person to bid for or purchase a covered security, during the applicable restricted period"<sup>7</sup> within the meaning of Regulation M, and therefore would not violate Regulation M.

#### Rule 102 of Regulation M

Rule 102 of Regulation M prohibits issuers, selling security holders, or any affiliated purchaser of such person from bidding for, purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase a covered security during the applicable restricted period in connection with a distribution of securities effected by or on behalf of an issuer or selling security holder.

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, particularly that the ETFs will be registered open-end management investment company that will redeem at net asset value Creation Units of Fund Shares, the Commission hereby confirms that the ETFs are excepted under paragraph (d)(4) of Rule 102 of Regulation M, thus permitting each of the ETFs to redeem shares during the continuous offering of the shares.

#### Rule 10a-1

Rule 3b-3 under the Exchange Act defines "short sale," and Rule 10a-1 under the Exchange Act governs short sales generally. Paragraph (a) of Rule 10a-1 covers transactions in any security registered on a national securities exchange if trades in such security are reported in the consolidated transaction reporting system, and prohibits short

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<sup>6</sup> We note that Regulation M does not prohibit a distribution participant and its affiliated purchasers from bidding for and purchasing Component Stocks in accordance with the exceptions contained in paragraphs (b)(6) and (c)(1) of Rule 101. Rule 101(b)(6)(i) excepts basket transactions in which bids or purchases are made in the ordinary course of business in connection with a basket of 20 or more securities in which a covered security does not comprise more than 5% of the value of the basket purchased. Rule 101(b)(6)(ii) excepts adjustments to such a basket made in the ordinary course of business as a result of a change in the composition of a standardized index. Also, Rule 101(c)(1) excepts transactions in actively-traded securities, that is, securities that have an average daily trading volume value of at least \$1 million and are issued by an issuer whose common equity securities have a public float value of at least \$150 million; provided, however, that such securities are not issued by the distribution participant or an affiliate of the distribution participant.

<sup>7</sup> 17 CFR 242.101.

sales with respect to these securities unless such sales occur on a "plus tick" (that is, a price above the price at which the immediately preceding sale was effected), or "zero-plus tick" (that is, at the last sale price if it was higher than the last different price). Rule 10a-1 is designed to prevent the market price of a stock or other "reported security," as defined in Rule 11Aa3-1(a)(4) under the Exchange Act, from being manipulated downward by unrestricted short selling.

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, in particular the composite and derivative nature of the ETFs, it would not appear that trading in Fund Shares would be susceptible to the practices that Rule 10a-1 is designed to prevent. In particular, the AMEX anticipates that the market value of Fund Shares will rise or fall based on changes in the net asset value of the Component Stocks of the particular index and supply and demand. Moreover, the short sale rule does not apply to analogous derivative products such as index options and index futures contracts. Accordingly, the Commission hereby grants an exemption from Rule 10a-1 to permit sales of Fund Shares without regard to the "tick" requirements of Rule 10a-1.

We note that the exemption from Rule 10a-1 would not apply to secondary market portfolio sales made in connection with the redemption of Fund Shares.

#### Rule 10b-10

Rule 10b-10 under the Exchange Act requires a broker-dealer that effects a securities transaction with or for the account of a customer to provide, at or before the completion of the transaction, a written confirmation statement to the customer disclosing the information specified in paragraph (a) of Rule 10b-10. The required information includes the identity, price, and number of shares or units (or principal amount) of the security purchased or sold by the customer.

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, and particularly the expected institutional nature of the market for Fund Shares in Creation Unit size aggregations and the public availability of information regarding the composition of the Component Stocks to be tendered or received by customers in ETF creation and redemption transactions, the Commission hereby grants an exemption from Rule 10b-10 under the Exchange Act in order to permit broker-dealers who create or redeem Fund Shares on behalf of their customers to confirm such creation or redemption transactions without providing a statement of the identity, price, and number of shares of each individual Component Stock tendered to or delivered by the Trust pursuant to the creation or redemption transaction. This exemption does not apply to purchases and sales of Fund Shares in the secondary market. This exemption is subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Any confirmation statement of creation or redemption of Fund Shares transaction that omits any of the information specified in paragraph (a) of Rule 10b-10 will contain a statement that such omitted information will be provided to the customer upon request;
- (2) All such requests will be fulfilled in a timely manner in accordance with paragraph (c) of Rule 10b-10; and
- (3) Confirmation statements of Fund Shares creation and redemption transactions will contain all of the information specified in paragraph (a) of Rule 10b-10 other than identity, price, and number of shares of each Component Stock tendered or received by the customer in the transaction.

#### Rule 10b-17

Rule 10b-17, with certain exceptions, requires an issuer of a class of publicly traded securities to give notice of certain specified actions (for example, a dividend distribution, stock split, or rights offering) relating to such class of securities in accordance with Rule 10b-17(b).

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, particularly that the ETFs will be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as an open-end management investment companies, the Commission hereby grants an exemption from the requirements of Rule 10b-17 to the ETFs with respect to transactions in Fund Shares.<sup>8</sup>

#### Section 11(d)(1); Rules 11d1-1 and 11d1-2

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, the Division will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission under Section 11(d)(1) of the Exchange Act if broker-dealers treat Fund Shares, for the purposes of Rule 11d1-2 under the Exchange Act, as "securities issued by a registered ... open-end investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940" and thereby extend or maintain or arrange for the extension or maintenance of credit on Fund Shares that have been owned by the persons to whom credit is provided for more than 30 days, in reliance on the exemption contained in the rule. The exemption provided in Rule 11d1-2 will not be available, however, with respect to any Fund Shares owned for 30 days or less by the person to whom credit is provided.

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<sup>8</sup> We also note that compliance with Rule 10b-17 would be impractical in light of the nature of the ETFs. This is because it is not possible for the ETFs to accurately project ten days in advance what dividend, if any, would be paid on a particular record date.

In addition, on the basis of your representations and the facts presented, the Division will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission under Section 11(d)(1) of the Exchange Act if broker-dealers that do not create Fund Shares, but engage in both proprietary and customer transactions in Fund Shares exclusively in the secondary market, extend or maintain or arrange for the extension or maintenance of credit on Fund Shares, in connection with such secondary market transactions.

#### Rule 14e-5

Rule 14e-5 under the Exchange Act, among other things, prohibits any covered person in connection with a tender offer for equity securities from, directly or indirectly, purchasing or arranging to purchase any subject or related securities except as part of the offer, from the time the offer is publicly announced until its expiration.

Rule 14e-5 explicitly includes dealer-managers of a tender offer within the rule's definition of covered person. Accordingly, while acting as dealer-manager of a tender offer for a Component Stock, a dealer-manager is prohibited from purchasing or arranging to purchase that Component Stock until the expiration of the offer.

On the basis of your representations and the facts presented, particularly that purchases or redemptions of Fund Shares would not appear to result in the abuses at which Rule 14e-5 is directed and that any bids or purchases by dealer-managers would not be effected for the purpose of facilitating a tender offer, the Commission hereby grants an exemption from Rule 14e-5 to permit any person acting as dealer-manager of a tender offer for a Component Stock to: (1) redeem Fund Shares in Creation Unit size aggregations for Component Stocks that may include a security subject to the tender offer; and (2) purchase Fund Shares during such offer.<sup>9</sup>

#### Rule 15c1-5 and 15c1-6

Rule 15c1-5 under the Exchange Act requires a broker-dealer controlled by, controlling, or under common control with the issuer of any security, before entering into

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<sup>9</sup> The Division also confirms its no-action position under Rule 14e-5 when a broker-dealer (including a member or member organization of the AMEX or other national securities exchange), acting as a dealer-manager of a tender offer for a Component Stock, purchases such Component Stock in the secondary market for the purpose of tendering them to purchase a Creation Unit size aggregation of Fund Shares, if such transactions are effected as adjustments to such a basket in the ordinary course of business as a result of a change in the composition of the relevant index.

any contract with or for a customer for the purchase or sale of such security, to disclose that relationship and to provide written disclosure to the customer of such control relationship at or before the completion of the transaction.

Rule 15c1-6 under the Exchange Act generally requires a broker-dealer that effects a transaction with a customer in any security in a primary or secondary distribution in which the broker-dealer is participating or is otherwise financially interested, to provide written notification to the customer of the existence of such participation or interest at or before the completion of each transaction.

In light of the composite nature of the ETFs and the relatively small proportionate share of any Component Stock in an ETF, transactions in Fund Shares do not appear to result in any of the harms that Rules 15c1-5 and 15c1-6 are designed to prevent. Therefore, on the basis of your representations and the facts presented, the Division will not recommend that the Commission take enforcement action under Rule 15c1-5 if a broker-dealer executes transactions in Fund Shares without disclosing any control relationship with an issuer of a Component Stock. Moreover, on the basis of your representations and the facts presented, the Division will not recommend that the Commission take enforcement action under Rule 15c1-6 if a broker-dealer executes transactions in Fund Shares without disclosing its participation or interest in a primary or secondary distribution of a Component Stock.

The foregoing exemptions from Rules 10a-1, 10b-10, 10b-17, 14e-5, Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M, and no-action positions taken under Section 11(d)(1) and Rules 11d1-2, 14e-5, 15c1-5, and 15c1-6 are based solely on your representations and the facts presented to staff, and are strictly limited to the application of those rules to transactions involving Fund Shares under the circumstances described above and in your letter. Such transactions should be discontinued, pending presentation of the facts for our consideration, in the event that any material change occurs with respect to any of those facts or representations. Moreover, the foregoing exemptions from Rules 10a-1, 10b-10, 10b-17, 14e-5, Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M and no-action positions taken under Section 11(d)(1) and Rules 11d1-2, 14e-5, 15c1-5, and 15c1-6 are subject to the condition that such transactions in Fund Shares, any Component Stock, or any related securities are not made for the purpose of creating actual, or apparent, active trading in or raising or otherwise affecting the price of such securities. Finally, requests for relief for ETFs not meeting the above criteria will continue to be considered upon request on a case-by-case basis.

These exemptions and no-action positions are subject to modification or revocation if at any time the Commission determines that such action is necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act. In addition, persons



Claire P. McGrath, Esq.  
The American Stock Exchange  
August 17, 2001  
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relying on these exemptions and no-action positions are directed to the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation provisions of the Exchange Act, particularly Sections 9(a), 10(b), and Rule 10b-5 there under. Responsibility for compliance with these and other provisions of the federal or state securities laws must rest with persons relying on these exemptions and no-action positions. The Division expresses no view with respect to other questions that the proposed transactions may raise, including, but not limited to, the adequacy of disclosure concerning, and the applicability of other federal and state laws to, the proposed transactions.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market  
Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "James Brigagliano".

James Brigagliano  
Assistant Director



**The American  
Stock Exchange**  
An NASD Company

**Claire P. McGrath**  
Vice President and Special Counsel  
Derivative Securities

July 12, 2001

Mr. James A. Brigagliano  
Assistant Director  
Securities and Exchange Commission  
Division of Market Regulation  
450 Fifth St., N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20549

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
RECEIVED

JUL 13 2001

DIVISION OF MARKET REGULATION

Re: Request for Exemptions from Rules 10a-1, 10b-10, 10b-17, 14e-5, 15c1-5, 15c1-6 and Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("1934 Act") and No-Action under Section 11(d)(1) of the 1934 Act and Rules 11d1-1 and 11d1-2 thereunder.

Dear Mr. Brigagliano:

The American Stock Exchange LLC ("Amex" or "Exchange") currently lists and trades 86 different series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts ("PDRs<sup>SM</sup>") and Index Fund Shares<sup>1</sup>. These include four series of PDRs (Standard & Poor's Depositary Receipts<sup>®</sup> or "SPDRs<sup>®</sup>"; MidCap SPDRs<sup>TM</sup>; DIAMONDS<sup>®</sup>; and Nasdaq-100 Index Tracking Stock<sup>TM</sup>); and 82 series of Index Fund Shares, including Select Sector SPDRs<sup>®</sup>, iShares<sup>TM</sup>, streetTracks<sup>SM</sup> and VIPERS<sup>TM</sup>. Descriptions of series of PDRs and Index Fund Shares (referred to herein collectively as "Exchange Traded Funds" or "ETFs") that are currently trading have been set forth in detail in the exemptive/no-action letters submitted to the Division of Market Regulation for each series (see note 2, *infra*); in Applications for Orders pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("1940 Act"), which have been filed with Division of Investment Management; as well as in the prospectus and, if applicable, the Statement of Additional Information for each series.

In connection with the start of trading of each Exchange Traded Fund series; the Exchange as well as trusts or funds that issue series of ETFs have submitted written requests for exemptive or no-action relief from specified rules under the 1934 Act<sup>2</sup>. In the interest of expediting the start-up of

<sup>1</sup> PDRs are listed under Amex Rules 1000 *et. seq.* Index Fund Shares are listed under Amex Rules 1000A *et. seq.*

<sup>2</sup> The Exchange has previously received exemptive or no-action relief under Rules 10a-1; 10b-6; 10b-7; 10b-10; 10b-13; (now Rule 14e-5); 10b-17; 11d1-2; 15c1-5; and 15c1-6 under the Act with respect to the trading of SPDRs<sup>®</sup> and MidCap SDPRs. See letter from Nancy Sanow, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to James Duffy, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, Amex, dated January 22, 1993 (regarding SPDRs<sup>®</sup>); letter from Nancy Sanow, Division of Market Regulation, to James Duffy, Executive Vice President, Amex, dated April 21,

secondary market trading of new ETFs, and reducing some of the regulatory burdens on trust or funds that issue ETFs, the Exchange believes it is appropriate for the Division of Market Regulation (“Division”) to allow ETF series to begin secondary market trading without the submission of a 1934 Act exemptive/no-action request, subject to the conditions set forth below. The Exchange believes such a “generic” approach is particularly appropriate in view of the similar nature of the exemptive/no-action request letters that have been submitted on behalf of the ETFs currently traded.

The Exchange, therefore, on behalf of itself and persons or entities engaging in transactions in PDRs and Index Fund Shares, request that, subject to the conditions set forth below, the Division grant exemptions from Rules 10a-1; 10b-10; 10b-17; 14e-5; 15c1-5; 15c1-6; and Rules 101 and 102 of Regulation M under the Act, and no-action under Section 11(d)(1) of the Act and Rules 11d1-1 and 11d1-2 thereunder in connection with secondary market transactions in such securities and the creation or redemption of such securities. If the Commission grants the relief requested, the Exchange or a fund or trust that issues a series of fund shares would not be required to submit a written exemptive / no-action request relating to these rules as long as the index or portfolio underlying a series of PDRs or Index Fund Shares satisfies the conditions set forth below as of the date of the initial creation of shares of the fund or trust prior to commencement of secondary market trading.

### **Characteristics of PDRs and Index Fund Shares**

The investment objective of a trust or fund that issues a series of PDRs or Index Fund Shares is to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance of securities included in a particular securities index or portfolio. PDRs and Index Fund Shares are defined in Rules 1000 and 1000A, respectively. The term “Portfolio Depositary Receipt” means a security that is based on a unit investment trust which holds the securities which comprise an index or portfolio

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1995 (regarding MidCap SPDRs®). In addition, the Exchange has received exemptive or no-action relief under Rules 10a-1; 10b-10; 10b-13; 10b-17; 11d1-2; 15c1-5; 15c1-6 and Regulation M for DIAMONDS® and for Nasdaq-100® Shares (now called Nasdaq-100 Index Tracking Stock™). See letter from Larry E. Bergmann, Senior Associate Director, Division of Market Regulation, to James Duffy, Amex, dated January 9, 1998 (for DIAMONDS®), and letter from James A. Brigagliano, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to James F. Duffy, Amex, dated March 3, 1999, (for Nasdaq-100 Shares). The Commission has also granted similar exemptive or no-action relief to Foreign Fund, Inc. (now iShares, Inc.) in connection with creations, redemption and secondary market trading of World Equity Benchmark Shares (now iShares MSCI Index Funds) (see letter from Nancy J. Sanow, Division of Market Regulation, to Donald R. Crawshaw, Sullivan & Cromwell, dated April 17, 1996); for the Select Sector SPDR® Trust (see letter dated December 14, 1998 from Larry E. Bergmann, Senior Associate Director, Division of Market Regulation, Commission, to Stuart Strauss, Gordon Altman Butowsky Weitzen Shalov & Wein, and letter dated December 22, 1998 from James A. Brigagliano, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, to Stuart Strauss); for iShares of the iShares Trust (see letter dated May 16, 2000, from James A. Brigagliano, SEC, to Kathleen H. Moriarty, Carter, Ledyard & Milburn); for streetTRACKS™ (see letter dated September 26, 2000 from James A. Brigagliano, SEC, to Stuart Strauss, Mayer, Brown & Platt); and for Vanguard Index Funds (see letter dated May 21, 2001 from James A. Brigagliano, SEC to Kathleen H. Moriarty).

underlying a series of PDRs; that is issued by the trust in a specified aggregate minimum number in return for a "Portfolio Deposit" consisting of specified numbers of shares of stock plus a cash amount; that, when aggregated in the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed from the Trust which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock and cash then comprising the "Portfolio Deposit"; and that pays holders a periodic cash payment corresponding to the regular cash dividends or distributions declared with respect to the component securities of the stock index or portfolio of securities underlying the series of PDRs, less certain expenses and other charges set forth in the Trust prospectus.

The term "Index Fund Share" means a security that is issued by an open-end management investment company (referred to herein as "fund") based on a portfolio of stocks that seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance of a specified foreign or domestic stock index; that is issued by such fund in a specified aggregate minimum number in return for a deposit of specified numbers of shares of stock and/or cash amount with a value equal to the next determined net asset value; and that, when aggregated in the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed at a holder's request by such fund which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock and/or cash with a value equal to the next determined net asset value.

Shares are issued and redeemed only in Creation Unit ("CU") size aggregations of shares, which vary among the various trusts and funds (e.g.; 50,000 shares per CU for SPDRs; DIAMONDS, Nasdaq-100 Index Tracking Stock and Select Sector SPDRs; 25,000 shares per CU for MidCap SPDRs). The value of a CU has generally exceeded \$1 million, and is often far higher, depending on the initial per share price range desired by the trust or fund.

Shares may be sold on the Amex in lots of any size following issuance; investors may purchase or sell shares in lots of any size throughout the trading day. Shares are issued through a distributor for the trust or fund, which serves as the principal underwriter on an agency basis. Shares are held in book-entry form only at the Depository Trust Company. A trust or fund may periodically rebalance the securities it holds to conform to requirements under the Internal Revenue Code for qualification of the trust or fund as a regulated investment company<sup>3</sup>.

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<sup>3</sup> Under the Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code, for a fund to qualify as a regulated investment company of the securities of a single issuer can account for no more than 25% of a fund's total assets, and at least 50% of a fund's total assets must be comprised of cash (including government securities) and securities of single issuers whose securities account for less than 5% of such fund's total assets.

### Applicable Conditions

An open-end management investment company or unit investment trust would be subject to the following conditions in order to permit reliance on previous Division no-action and exemptive positions with respect to the above captioned rules:

1. The ETF series must be issued by an open-end management investment company or a unit investment trust, registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
2. The index or portfolio underlying the ETF series must consist of a "basket" of twenty (20) or more different Component Stocks, in which the most heavily weighted component stock cannot exceed 25% of the weight of the index or portfolio.
3. Component Stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 85% of the weight of the underlying index or portfolio must have a minimum public float value of at least \$150 million and a minimum average daily trading volume (ADTV) with a value of at least \$1 million during each of the previous two (2) months of trading prior to formation of the ETF series; provided however, if such series has 200 or more Component Stocks, then Component Stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 75% of the weight of the underlying index or portfolio must meet the \$150 million public float and the \$1 million ADTV value thresholds;
4. Each component stock in the index or portfolio underlying the ETF series must be listed on a national securities exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market, including the Nasdaq Small Cap Market;
5. The ETF series must be issued or redeemed in Creation Unit aggregations of 50,000 shares or more. The value of each Creation Unit must be at least \$1 million at the time of issuance; and
6. The ETF series must be passively managed and hold securities comprising an index or portfolio the components of which are publicly available. The intra-day proxy value of the ETF series and the value of the "benchmark" index or portfolio must be publicly disseminated throughout the trading day.

The Exchange respectfully requests that the Division issue a letter providing that a trust or fund that issues a series of ETFs and that satisfies the conditions set forth above would not be required to submit a request to the Division for no-action/exemptive relief from the above-captioned 1934 Act rules. Any such fund or trust as well as the Exchange could rely on exemptive/no-action letters previously issued by the Division with respect to the above-captioned rules, and would be required to comply with all applicable conditions set forth in the Division's previous letters.

Sincerely,

