Dallas–Fort Worth, TX National Compensation Survey March 2002



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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, or call (202) 691–6199, or send e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are in three formats: An ASCII file containing the published table formats; an ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet; and a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the entire bulletin.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are also available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Dallas–Fort Worth, TX, metropolitan area. Data were collected between September 2001 and October 2002; the average reference month is March 2002. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and several appendixes with detailed information on occupational classifications and the occupational leveling methodology.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides data on occupational wages and employee benefits for localities, broad geographic regions, and the Nation as a whole. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence of benefit plans and their provisions. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational groups. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational groups; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational groups within the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers. These iterations correspond to those presented in tables 2–1, 2–2, and 2–3. For each published occupation, these percentiles relate to the average hourly earnings of jobs surveyed in establishments. The percentiles do not relate to the hourly earnings of individual workers in these establishment jobs.

Appendix table 1 provides the number of workers represented by the survey by major occupational group. The employment estimates relate to all employers in the area, rather than just to those surveyed.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/	State and	d local gover	nment
Worker and establishment characteristics	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean
worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³
Total	\$18.73	2.7	37.0	\$18.15	3.3	36.7	\$21.42	2.0	38.3
Worker characteristics: ⁴									
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical	23.16 28.51 30.35 16.05 14.21 14.21 17.80 12.65 16.54 10.44 11.04 19.44 10.46 22.31 18.33	3.2 5.4 3.9 10.6 2.1 4.3 5.2 3.4 9.5 5.5 5.3 2.7 9.8	37.6 37.6 40.1 32.3 38.6 38.1 40.1 39.7 39.9 33.9 33.2 39.7 20.6	22.78 28.90 30.50 16.09 14.38 14.14 17.88 12.65 16.86 10.44 9.53 18.93 10.31 22.31 17.58	4.0 8.0 4.4 10.6 2.5 4.7 5.9 3.4 10.0 5.6 7.4 3.4 10.5	37.5 37.7 40.1 32.3 38.6 38.1 40.2 39.7 40.4 33.7 31.5 39.7 20.8	24.60 27.76 29.47 - 13.35 15.28 17.28 - 13.73 10.26 15.24 21.64 12.98	2.1 1.8 5.2 - 2.1 4.0 3.4 - 2.4 10.3 3.1 2.0 8.9	38.1 37.4 40.4 - 38.5 38.6 39.9 - 36.2 40.0 39.0 39.6 16.7
TimeIncentive	18.83 17.15	2.7	36.8 39.4	18.23 17.15	3.4 11.3	36.5 39.4	21.42	2.0	38.3
Establishment characteristics:	(6)	(6)	(6)	10.02	4.1	30.9	(6)	(6)	(6)
Goods producing Service producing 50-99 workers ⁷ 100-499 workers 500 workers or more	(6) (6) 14.41 16.11 22.13	(6) (6) 8.0 5.0 3.6	(6) (6) 36.8 36.7 37.2	18.83 - 14.41 15.87 22.35	4.1 - 8.0 5.5 5.1	39.8 - 36.8 36.6 36.7	(6) (6) - 19.65 21.67	(6) (6) - 4.5 2.2	(6) (6) - 38.2 38.4

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

<sup>Mean weekly hours are the nours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on</sup>

based on producting paymonic scale. The production of the control of the control

industries applies to private industry only.

The establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent	
All	\$18.73	2.7	\$18.15	3.3	\$21.42	2.0	
All excluding sales	18.93	2.7	18.34	3.4	21.45	2.0	
White collar	23.16	3.2	22.78	4.0	24.60	2.1	
White collar excluding sales	24.17	3.2	24.03	4.2	24.65	2.1	
Drafessianal specialty and technical	20 54	F 4	20.00	0.0	07.76	1.0	
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	28.51 28.90	5.4 2.2	28.90 29.00	8.0 3.5	27.76 28.75	1.8	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.77	3.3	32.84	3.3	20.73	'.'	
Electrical and electronic engineers	33.75	5.0	33.75	5.0	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.	33.98	4.9	34.15	5.0	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	32.49	7.7	32.80	7.8	_	_	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.12	8.1	33.48	8.2	_	_	
Natural scientists	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Health related	24.75	6.0	24.89	6.8	23.83	8.3	
Registered nurses	23.67	2.6	23.49	2.5	25.19	10.2	
Pharmacists	28.66	18.5	_	_	_	_	
Teachers, college and university	39.74	6.4	_	_	40.03	7.0	
Other post-secondary teachers	35.98	6.8	_	_	35.87	7.0	
Teachers, except college and university	27.43	1.3	21.58	5.8	27.82	1.1	
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	24.58	4.9	26.17	8.9	24.41	5.4	
Elementary school teachers	27.28	1.7	_	_	27.72	1.1	
Secondary school teachers	28.00	1.4	29.54	9.5	27.94	1.4	
Teachers, special education	28.88	1.8	_	_	28.88	1.8	
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.10	3.7	22.33	13.1	_	_	
Vocational and educational counselors	27.97	13.4	_	_	30.20	12.7	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.00	6.1	_	_	30.22	5.9	
Librarians	30.00	6.1	_	_	30.22	5.9	
Social scientists and urban planners	26.06	9.4	_	_	31.29	4.2	
Psychologists	29.18	8.8	_	_	31.72	4.3	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	17.51	6.0	18.41	9.2	16.56	6.1	
Social workers	18.06	6.9	_	_	16.59	6.4	
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	
professionals, n.e.c.	22.99	7.6	21.66	7.1			
	22.99	14.1	21.00	14.1	_	_	
Designers Technical	27.15	24.3	28.66	26.5	17.82	6.5	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.17	4.4	18.76	4.3	17.02	6.5	
Radiological technicians	19.70	6.9	10.76	4.5	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses	17.27	4.8	17.52	4.9	_		
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	13.70	4.9	13.44	4.9	_	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	20.39	4.1	20.43	4.1	_	_	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.08	11.3	20.40		19.94	12.3	
Drafters	20.63	2.8	20.63	2.8	-	_	
Computer programmers	24.82	8.6	24.86	8.9	_	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.20	7.1	-	-	_	_	
·							
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.35	3.9	30.50	4.4	29.47	5.2	
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.63	4.9	36.10	5.8	33.48	5.3	
Administrators and officials, public administration	26.25	12.1	_	_	29.95	7.6	
Financial managers	40.14	9.4	40.29	9.7	_	_	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	44.70	0.0	44.70				
relations	41.79	6.8	41.79	6.8	-	_	
Administrators, education and related fields	32.34	8.6	22.09	15.7	35.39	6.6	
Managers, medicine and health Managers, food servicing and lodging	44.95	16.2	_	_	_	_	
establishments	13.62	8.8	_	_	_	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	38.54	5.2	38.85	5.5	33.13	9.6	
Management related	25.01	5.6	25.25	6.2	23.16	8.9	
Accountants and auditors	23.38	6.3	23.45	6.4	_	_	
Other financial officers	21.71	9.4	-	_	_	_	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	24.75	12.5	25.09	13.0	_	_	
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	-						
construction	23.62	8.3	_	-	_	_	
Management related, n.e.c.	27.41	13.9	27.55	16.0	26.62	11.1	

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Sales	\$16.05	10.6	\$16.09	10.6		
Supervisors, sales	20.64	11.9	20.64	11.9	_	_
Securities and financial services sales	16.79	2.4	16.79	2.4	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesale	27.50	8.1	27.50	8.1	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	10.95	27.0	10.95	27.0	_	_
Cashiers	8.11	2.9	7.98	3.0	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	14.21	2.1	14.38	2.5	\$13.35	2.1
Supervisors, general office	23.23	3.4	23.51	3.4	ψ15.55 —	
Computer operators	16.18	2.0	-	-	_	_
Secretaries	15.31	3.1	15.66	4.1	14.46	3.2
Interviewers	12.69	3.4	-	_	_	_
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	12.72	6.8	12.72	6.8	_	_
Receptionists	11.19	5.3	11.26	5.4	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	13.83	6.9	_ 45.46	- 0.5	_	_
Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	15.16 13.69	8.5 8.0	15.16 13.69	8.5 8.0	_	_
Library clerks	10.42	6.1	-	- 0.0	10.62	6.7
Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.63	4.5	11.53	4.1	13.97	5.2
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.17	3.4	14.37	4.1	13.44	4.7
Dispatchers	15.61	9.8	_	_	13.68	6.1
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.12	11.4	13.12	11.4	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.88	6.2	14.08	6.7	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance General office clerks	12.87 12.37	3.7 4.0	12.55 12.44	4.6 4.8	_ 12.07	- 4.6
Bank tellers	13.25	13.1	13.25	13.1	12.07	4.6
Data entry keyers	13.22	5.8	13.80	7.6	_	_
Teachers' aides	10.12	6.2	-	_	10.24	6.0
Administrative support, n.e.c	14.31	4.4	14.34	4.5	-	-
Blue collar	14.21	4.3	14.14	4.7	15.28	4.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.80	5.2	17.88	5.9	17.28	3.4
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	22.90	3.1	23.47	3.7	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.65	5.7	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	17.17	4.9	17.31	5.0	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	22.24	14.4	_	-	15.06	5.0
Construction trades, n.e.c	15.01 21.24	4.2 4.7	21.24	4.8	15.20	5.9
Precision assemblers, metal	19.04	5.7	19.04	5.7	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.83	2.3	10.83	2.3	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	11.15	12.8	11.15	12.8	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	19.55	6.8	19.55	6.8	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12.65	3.4	12.65	3.4	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	11.79	10.4	11.79	10.4	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.50	3.1	11.50	3.1	_	_
Slicing and cutting machine operators	11.05	17.3	11.05	17.3	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	11.07 15.16	8.3 6.6	11.07	8.3 6.6	_	_
Assemblers	13.16	5.3	15.16 13.91	5.3	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.81	6.5	11.81	6.5	_	_
Transportation and material moving	16.54	9.5	16.86	10.0	13.73	2.4
Truck drivers	15.96	4.9	16.20	5.2	13.73	5.3
Bus drivers	13.36	5.1	-	-	13.45	2.9
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.98	10.8	15.11	12.4	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.44	5.5	10.44	5.6	10.26	10.3
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	16.94	16.3	_	-	-	-
Production helpers	9.60	7.7	9.60	7.7	-	_
Stock handlers and baggers	9.39	5.1	9.39	5.1	_	-

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	\$12.84	17.6	\$13.15	18.0	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	10.50	10.9	10.50	10.9	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.60	6.4	8.53	6.7	-	_
Service	11.04	5.3	9.53	7.4	\$15.24	3.1
Protective service	15.48	7.5	11.02	9.3	19.89	2.5
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	22.44	7.5	_	_	22.44	7.5
Supervisors, police and detectives	29.89	3.6	_	_	29.89	3.6
Supervisors, quards	20.02	24.0	_	_	_	_
Firefighting	18.33	4.1	_	_	18.33	4.1
Police and detectives, public service	22.58	2.2	_	_	22.58	2.2
Correctional institution officers	14.77	1.6	_	_	14.77	1.6
Guards and police, except public service	10.40	7.8	10.31	7.9	_	_
Food service	7.82	8.5	7.40	9.9	10.25	9.3
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.86	12.9	4.86	12.9	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.63	10.6	3.63	10.6	-	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.19	9.7	6.19	9.7	-	_
Other food service	8.73	8.4	8.37	10.3	10.25	9.3
Supervisors, food preparation and service	16.02	3.8	_	_	_	_
Cooks	7.79	8.6	7.48	9.4	9.11	4.0
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.54	2.6	8.58	2.6	8.42	6.5
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.24	4.1	6.68	3.0	9.16	4.8
Health service	9.76	2.3	9.56	2.5	11.85	5.5
Health aides, except nursing	10.82	5.4	10.35	5.8	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.46	2.7	9.41	2.9	_	-
Cleaning and building service	9.36	7.0	8.45	7.1	11.72	8.1
Maids and housemen	7.17	5.8	7.17	5.8	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	8.77	7.8	8.15	9.5	10.40	5.2
Personal service	16.73	23.3	18.79	27.2	11.23	3.4
Early childhood teachers' assistants	9.35	6.3	7.46	6.7	10.82	2.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

 $^{^4\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
	\$19.44	2.7	\$18.93	3.4	\$21.64	2.0
All excluding sales	19.47	2.8	18.92	3.5	21.67	2.0
Vhite collar	23.85	3.2	23.61	4.1	24.69	2.1
White collar excluding sales	24.38	3.3	24.27	4.3	24.74	2.1
Professional specialty and technical	28.55	5.6	28.96	8.4	27.81	1.8
Professional specialty	28.89	2.2	28.94	3.5	28.82	1.7
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.77	3.3	32.84	3.3	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	33.75	5.0	33.75	5.0	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	33.98	4.9	34.15	5.0	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	32.49	7.7	32.80	7.8	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.12	8.1	33.48	8.2	_	_
Natural scientists	_		_		_	_
Health related	22.95	3.0	22.79	3.1	23.81	8.6
Registered nurses	23.48	2.9	23.25	2.8	25.21	10.6
Teachers, college and university	40.69	6.7	-		41.21	7.4
Other post-secondary teachers	37.35	7.6	_	_	37.27	7.8
Teachers, except college and university	27.51	1.3	21.54	5.8	27.91	1.1
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	24.58	4.9	26.17	8.9	24.41	5.4
Elementary school teachers	27.35	1.7	20.17	0.9	27.80	1.1
Secondary school teachers	28.02	1.4	30.26	9.4	27.94	1.4
Teachers, special education	28.88	1.8	30.20	3.4	28.88	1.4
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.41	3.8	21.84	13.1	20.00	1.0
Vocational and educational counselors	27.97	13.4	21.04	13.1	30.20	12.7
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.00	6.1	_	_	30.20	5.9
	30.00	6.1	_	_	30.22	5.9
Librarians	26.06	9.4	_		31.29	4.2
Social scientists and urban planners		_	_	_	31.72	1
Psychologists	29.18	8.8	10.07	12.1		4.3
Social, recreation, and religious workers	17.78	7.5	19.07	13.1	16.56	6.1
Social workers	18.47	9.0	_	_	16.59	6.4
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	22.76		22.40			
professionals, n.e.c.	23.76	6.8	22.40	5.8	-	_
Designers	23.13	10.7	23.13	10.7	47.00	
Technical	27.39	24.8	29.00	27.1	17.82	6.5
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.17	4.5	18.78	4.5	_	_
Radiological technicians	19.70	6.9	-	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	16.71	4.6	16.96	4.8	-	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	13.70	4.9	13.44	4.9	-	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	20.39	4.1	20.43	4.1		
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.08	11.3			19.94	12.3
Drafters	20.63	2.8	20.63	2.8	_	_
Computer programmers	24.82	8.6	24.86	8.9	_	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.20	7.1	-	-	-	_
Evecutive administrative and managerial	30.35	20	30.50	1 11	29.47	5.2
Executive, administrative, and managerial		3.9		4.4		1
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.63	4.9	36.10	5.8	33.48	5.3
Administrators and officials, public administration	26.25	12.1	40.00		29.95	7.6
Financial managers	40.14 41.79	9.4	40.29 41.79	9.7	_	_
relations Administrators, education and related fields	32.34	8.6	22.09	6.8 15.7	- 35.39	6.6
Managers, medicine and health	44.95	16.2		10.7	-	0.0
Managers, food servicing and lodging	44.55	10.2				
establishments	13.62	8.8	_	_	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	38.54	5.2	38.85	5.5	33.13	9.6
Management related	25.01	5.6	25.25	6.2	23.16	8.9
Accountants and auditors	23.34	6.3	23.42	6.4	23.10	0.9
Other financial officers	23.3 4 21.71	9.4	23.42	0.4	_	
	21.71 24.75		25.09	13.0	_	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c		12.5	25.08	13.0	_	
construction	23.62 27.41	8.3 13.9	27.55	16.0	26.62	11.1
Color	40.00	,,	40.00	44 -		
Sales	18.92	11.4	18.99	11.5	_	_

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Sales -Continued						
Supervisors, sales	\$20.64	11.9	\$20.64	11.9	_	_
Securities and financial services sales	16.79	2.4	16.79	2.4	_	_
Sales, other business services	14.16	14.1	14.16	14.1	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesale	27.50	8.1	27.50	8.1	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	14.11	37.6	14.11	37.6	_	_
Cashiers	8.76	4.7	8.46	4.8	_	_
A desiminate of the common to including a classical	44.47	2.4	44.60	2.5	¢40.40	2.4
Administrative support, including clerical	14.47	2.1	14.68	2.5	\$13.42	2.1
Supervisors, general office Computer operators	23.23 16.18	3.4 2.0	23.51	3.4	_	_
Secretaries	15.41	3.1	_ 15.75	4.1	- 14.57	3.1
Interviewers	12.69	3.4	15.75	4.1	-	3.1
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	12.09	6.8	12.72	6.8	_	_
Receptionists	11.45	5.7	11.55	5.8	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	14.91	2.6	-	_	_	_
Order clerks	15.52	7.5	15.52	7.5	_	_
Library clerks	10.37	6.8	_	_	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.71	4.7	11.57	4.3	14.03	5.2
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.44	3.3	14.74	4.1	13.44	4.7
Dispatchers	15.61	9.8	_	_	13.68	6.1
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.28	11.7	13.28	11.7	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.96	6.3	14.18	6.8	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.84	3.7	12.51	4.6	-	_
General office clerks	13.00	3.1	13.25	3.7	12.08	4.6
Bank tellers	13.33	13.2	13.33	13.2	_	_
Data entry keyers	13.67	6.1	_	_	-	-
Teachers' aides	10.27 14.41	6.0 4.6	- 14.44	4.7	10.37	5.8
					45.20	
Blue collar	14.64	4.4	14.58	4.7	15.36	4.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.80	5.2	17.88	5.9	17.28	3.4
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	22.90	3.1	23.47	3.7	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.65	5.7	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	17.17	4.9	17.31	5.0	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	22.24	14.4	_	_	15.06	5.0
Construction trades, n.e.c.	15.01	4.2	. .		15.20	5.9
Supervisors, production	21.24	4.7	21.24	4.8	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	19.04	5.7	19.04	5.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.83	2.3	10.83	2.3	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	11.15	12.8	11.15	12.8	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	19.55	6.8	19.55	6.8	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12.68	3.4	12.68	3.4	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	11.79	10.4	11.79	10.4	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.50	3.1	11.50	3.1	_	_
Slicing and cutting machine operators	11.05	17.3	11.05	17.3	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	11.07	8.3	11.07	8.3	_	_
Welders and cutters	15.16	6.6	15.16	6.6	_	_
Assemblers	13.99	5.4	13.99	5.4	-	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.81	6.5	11.81	6.5	_	-
Transportation and material moving	17.31	8.9	17.72	9.3	13.89	2.5
Truck drivers	16.28	4.7	16.57	5.0	13.51	5.3
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.17 14.98	5.6 10.8	– 15.11	- 12.4	13.96	3.0
moustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.30	10.0	13.11	12.4	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.97	6.2	10.99	6.4	10.26	10.3
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	17.08	16.0	_	-	-	-
Production helpers	9.60	7.7	9.60	7.7	-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	10.42	4.8	10.42	4.8	_	1 -

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	\$13.32	19.9	\$13.72	20.3	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	10.62	11.3	10.62	11.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.44	7.2	9.36	7.6	_	_
Out to	44.57		0.00		045.04	0.4
Service	11.57	5.5	9.86	8.1	\$15.61	3.1
Protective service	15.71	7.9	11.21	10.0	19.95	2.5
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	22.44	7.5	_	_	22.44	7.5
Supervisors, police and detectives	29.89	3.6	_	_	29.89	3.6
Supervisors, guards	20.02 18.33	24.0	_	_	-	_
Firefighting		4.1	_	_	18.33	4.1
Police and detectives, public service Correctional institution officers	22.58 14.77	2.2 1.6	_	_	22.58 14.77	2.2 1.6
		8.2	10.47	_	14.77	1.6
Guards and police, except public service	10.53 8.30	9.3	10.47 7.86	8.3 10.9	10.80	10.3
Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.33	13.2	5.33	13.2	10.80	10.3
Other food service	9.06	8.9	8.67	11.1	10.80	10.3
Supervisors, food preparation and service	16.02	3.8	0.07	11.1	10.60	10.3
Cooks	7.76	8.8	7.42	9.6	9.11	4.0
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.93	4.5	7.42	9.0	9.11	4.0
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.72	2.6	8.59	2.9		
· · ·	7.32				0.50	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	7.32 9.68	4.1 2.4	6.79 9.45	2.9 2.6	9.50 12.36	5.5 5.0
	10.93	6.3	10.39	7.1	12.30	5.0
Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.32	2.8	9.28	2.8	_	_
Cleaning and building service	10.08	6.1	9.28	6.7	11.77	8.2
Maids and housemen	7.17	5.8	7.17	5.8	'!.''	0.2
Janitors and cleaners	9.57	6.4	9.11	8.9	10.43	5.2
Personal service	17.75	28.2	21.92	32.7	11.32	3.4
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.25	5.4	-	-	10.82	2.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. ⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings,¹ part-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$10.46	9.8	\$10.31	10.5	\$12.98	8.9
All excluding sales	11.15	12.0	11.01	13.0	12.98	8.9
White collar	13.14	13.9	12.85	14.9	18.88	10.5
White collar excluding sales	18.47	17.7	18.43	19.7	18.88	10.5
Professional specialty and technical	27.53	17.8	27.97	19.8	24.41	7.5
Professional specialty	29.16	19.1	30.00	21.4	24.41	7.5
Health related	33.12	20.2	33.29	20.4	_	_
Registered nurses	24.71	5.3	24.71	5.4	_	_
Teachers, college and university	28.95	6.5	_	_	28.95	6.5
Other post-secondary teachers	28.95	6.5	_	_	28.95	6.5
Teachers, except college and university	15.80	13.3	23.41	24.4	14.18	15.1
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	_	-	-	-	_
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	_	-	_	-	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	_	_	_	-	_	-
Sales	8.23	5.0	8.23	5.0	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities Cashiers	7.74 7.71	2.9 3.5	7.74 7.71	2.9 3.5	_	_
Casillers	7.71	3.5	7.71	3.5	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	9.72	4.1	9.61	4.3	10.96	11.6
General office clerks	8.13	5.5	8.10	5.5	-	-
Blue collar	8.27	4.6	8.21	4.7	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	8.96	12.9	8.79	13.9	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.02	3.5	8.02	3.5	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	7.17	5.2	7.17	5.2	_	_
Service	8.12	19.0	8.08	21.0	8.52	4.5
Protective service	8.49	6.3	_		_	
Food service	5.73	8.4	5.39	10.5	7.77	3.9
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.66	12.9	3.66	12.9	_	_
Other food service	6.91	3.4	6.66	3.7	7.77	3.9
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.69	6.4	_	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.74	7.2	_	_	8.14	3.9
Health service	10.36	6.5	10.41	7.4	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.41	8.1	10.50	9.5	_	_
Cleaning and building service	6.09	8.3	6.04	8.1	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	6.09	8.3	6.04	8.1	_	_
Personal service	14.63	47.9	14.78	48.4	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.11	8.9	7.11	8.9	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. ⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
All All excluding sales	\$771 771	2.6 2.6	39.7 39.6	\$751 749	3.2 3.3	39.7 39.6	\$858 859	2.0 2.0	39.6 39.6
White collar White collar excluding sales	945 963	2.8 2.8	39.6 39.5	937 959	3.5 3.7	39.7 39.5	973 975	2.1 2.1	39.4 39.4
Professional specialty and									
technical Professional specialty	1,110 1,143	4.2 2.2	38.9 39.5	1,122 1,154	6.4 3.5	38.8 39.9	1,088 1,126	1.8 1.7	39.1 39.1
Engineers, architects, and	1,143	2.2	39.5	1,154	3.3	39.9	1,120	1.7	39.1
surveyors	1,313	3.2	40.0	1,315	3.3	40.0	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic									
engineers	1,334	5.3	39.5	1,334	5.3	39.5	_	-	-
Engineers, n.e.c	1,361	4.9	40.1	1,368	5.0	40.1	_	_	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,297	7.7	39.9	1,311	7.8	40.0	_	_	_
Computer systems analysts	1,231	'.'	35.5	1,511	7.0	40.0	_	_	_
and scientists	1,323	8.1	39.9	1,338	8.2	40.0	_	_	_
Natural scientists	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Health related	903	3.1	39.4	895	3.3	39.3	948	8.6	39.8
_ Registered nurses	924	2.9	39.4	914	2.8	39.3	1,001	10.7	39.7
Teachers, college and university	1,578	6.6	38.8	_	_	_	1,588	7.3	38.5
Other post-secondary	4 400	6.2	20.4	_	_	_	1 100	6.5	20.2
teachers Teachers, except college and	1,433	6.3	38.4	_	_	_	1,428	6.5	38.3
university	1,076	1.3	39.1	855	5.7	39.7	1,091	1.1	39.1
Prekindergarten and	1,070	1.0	00.1	000	0.7	00.7	1,001	1	00.1
kindergarten	928	5.1	37.7	985	10.9	37.6	922	5.5	37.8
Elementary school teachers	1,074	1.8	39.3	_	_	_	1,091	1.3	39.2
Secondary school teachers	1,094	1.5	39.1	1,190	9.2	39.3	1,091	1.6	39.0
Teachers, special education	1,127	2.3	39.0	_	_	-	1,127	2.3	39.0
Teachers, n.e.c.	1,054	3.9	39.9	879	13.3	40.2	_	_	-
Vocational and educational	4.070	40.0	00.4				4.450	44.5	00.4
counselors	1,073	12.2	38.4	_	_	_	1,150	11.5	38.1
Librarians, archivists, and curators	1,151	5.1	38.4	_	_	_	1,159	5.0	38.3
Librarians	1,151	5.1	38.4	_	_	_	1,159	5.0	38.3
Social scientists and urban	1,101	0.1	00.1				1,100	0.0	00.0
planners	1,011	8.7	38.8	_	_	_	1,205	3.8	38.5
Psychologists	1,106	9.4	37.9	_	_	_	1,214	3.9	38.3
Social, recreation, and religious									
workers	699	6.9	39.3	740	11.8	38.8	658	6.2	39.8
Social workers	722	8.3	39.1	-	_	_	659	6.4	39.8
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers,	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	970	8.2	40.8	916	8.1	40.9	_	_	_
Designers	977	14.2	42.2	977	14.2	42.2	_	_	_
Technical	1,007	19.0	36.8	1,054	20.5	36.3	704	6.6	39.5
Clinical laboratory									
technologists and		1							
technicians	707	3.7	38.9	728	3.9	38.8	_	_	-
Radiological technicians	772 667	7.2	39.2	- 676	4.9	30.0	_	-	-
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	667	4.7	39.9	676	4.9	39.9	_	_	-
technicians, n.e.c.	535	4.9	39.0	527	4.8	39.2	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic	500		55.5	J		55.2			
technicians	813	4.0	39.9	815	4.1	39.9	_	_	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	763	11.3	40.0	_	_	-	798	12.3	40.0
Drafters	825	2.8	40.0	825	2.8	40.0	-	-	-
Computer programmers	989	8.6	39.9	994	8.9	40.0	_	-	-
Technical and related, n.e.c	566	6.9	39.9	_	-	_	_	_	-

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local povernment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekl
White collar -Continued									
Executive, administrative, and managerial	\$1,218	3.9	40.1	\$1,223	4.5	40.1	\$1,191	5.2	40.4
Executives, administrators, and managers	1,440	4.8	40.4	1,456	5.7	40.3	1,364	4.8	40.8
Administrators and officials, public administration	1,119	14.6	42.6	_	_	_	1,310	7.5	43.7
Financial managers Managers, marketing,	1,584	9.7	39.5	1,589	9.9	39.4	-	-	-
advertising, and public relations	1,729	8.3	41.4	1,729	8.3	41.4	-	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	1,271	8.5	39.3	867	15.3	39.2	1,391	6.6	39.3
Managers, medicine and health	1,756	15.6	39.1	-	_	-	_	-	_
Managers, food servicing and lodging establishments Managers and administrators,	564	7.5	41.4	_	_	-	-	-	_
n.e.c	1,555	4.9	40.4	1,569	5.1	40.4	1,314	9.7	39.7
Management related	998	5.7	39.9	1,007	6.3	39.9	924	8.9	39.9
Accountants and auditors	934	6.3	40.0	937	6.4	40.0	_	_	_
Other financial officers Purchasing agents and	869	9.4	40.0	_	_	_	-	_	-
buyers, n.e.c Inspectors and compliance officers, except	990	12.5	40.0	1,004	13.0	40.0	-	_	_
construction Management related, n.e.c	945 1,091	8.3 14.2	40.0 39.8	- 1,096	- 16.4	- 39.8	_ 1,059	11.4	- 39.8
Sales	773	10.7	40.8	776	10.8	40.9			
Supervisors, sales Securities and financial	789	11.9	38.2	789	11.9	38.2	-	_	_
services sales Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining,	672 561	2.4 17.0	40.0 39.7	672 561	2.4 17.0	40.0 39.7	_ _		_
manufacturing, and wholesaleSales workers, other	1,100	8.1	40.0	1,100	8.1	40.0	-	_	_
commodities	535	38.6	37.9	535	38.6	37.9	_	_	_
Cashiers	350	4.7	40.0	338	4.8	40.0	-	-	_
Administrative support, including									
clerical	576	2.1	39.8	586	2.5	39.9	530	2.2	39.5
Supervisors, general office	952	3.7	41.0	966	3.6	41.1	_	_	-
Computer operators	626	3.0	38.7	_	-	-	-	_	
Secretaries	609	3.2	39.6	623	4.2	39.6	576	3.2	39.5
Interviewers	507	3.4	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	509	6.8	40.0	509	6.8	40.0			
Receptionists	455	5.7	39.8	460	5.8	39.8	_	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	575	1.6	38.6	-	-	-	_	_	-
Order clerks	619	7.5	39.9	619	7.5	39.9	_	_	_
Library clerks	414	6.8	39.9	-	_	_	_	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c	506	4.6	39.8	463	4.3	40.0	554	5.5	39.5
auditing clerks	575	3.2	39.8	587	3.9	39.8	534	4.4	39.8
Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving	623	9.8	39.9	=	_	-	544	5.9	39.8
clerks Stock and inventory clerks	531 558	11.7 6.3	40.0 40.0	531 567	11.7 6.8	40.0 40.0	_		_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	514	3.7	40.0	500	4.6	40.0	-	_	_

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued 2 Co$

	Total			Priv	ate industry	'		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including									
clerical –Continued	¢ 540		20.0	# F00	0.0	000	# 400	4.0	40.0
General office clerks	\$519	3.2	39.9	\$529	3.8	39.9	\$483	4.6	40.0
Bank tellers	533	13.2	40.0	533	13.2	40.0	_	_	_
Data entry keyers	534	6.8	39.1	_	-	-	-	_	
Teachers' aides	399	7.0	38.9				403	6.9	38.8
Administrative support, n.e.c.	575	4.6	39.9	576	4.7	39.9	_	_	_
Blue collar	589	4.5	40.2	587	4.8	40.3	607	4.1	39.5
Precision production, craft, and repair	714	5.3	40.1	718	6.0	40.2	690	3.4	39.9
Supervisors, mechanics and		3.0		,	3.0		555	"	50.5
repairers	932	3.7	40.7	969	4.0	41.3	_	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary	302] 5		500					1
engine mechanics	666	5.7	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	l _
Industrial machinery repairers	687	4.9	40.0	692	5.0	40.0	_		I _
Mechanics and repairers,	007	4.9	40.0	092	3.0	40.0	_	_	-
	889	14.5	40.0	_		_	602	5.0	40.0
n.e.c.		1		_	_	_			
Construction trades, n.e.c	600	4.2	40.0	_	_		608	5.9	40.0
Supervisors, production	885	6.7	41.7	886	6.9	41.7	_	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	761	5.7	40.0	761	5.7	40.0	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic									
equipment assemblers	433	2.3	40.0	433	2.3	40.0	_	_	-
Butchers and meat cutters	446	12.8	40.0	446	12.8	40.0	_	_	-
Inspectors, testers, and graders	782	6.8	40.0	782	6.8	40.0	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors	506	3.4	39.9	506	3.4	39.9	_	_	_
Fabricating machine	300	3.4	39.9	300	3.4	39.9	_	_	_
S .	471	10.4	40.0	471	10.4	400			
operators, n.e.c.	471	10.4	40.0	4/1	10.4	40.0	_	_	_
Packaging and filling machine	400	0.4	40.0	400	0.4	400			
operators	460	3.1	40.0	460	3.1	40.0	_	_	-
Slicing and cutting machine	440	17.0	40.0	440	17.0	400			1
operators	442	17.3	40.0	442	17.3	40.0	_	_	-
Miscellaneous machine	4.40		40.0	4.40		400			1
operators, n.e.c.	443	8.3	40.0	443	8.3	40.0	_	-	-
Welders and cutters	606	6.6	40.0	606	6.6	40.0	_	-	-
Assemblers	556	5.7	39.7	556	5.7	39.7	_	-	-
Production inspectors,		1	40-						
checkers and examiners	472	6.5	40.0	472	6.5	40.0	-	_	_
Transportation and material									
moving	740	8.1	42.8	767	8.1	43.3	536	3.2	38.6
Truck drivers	764	7.6	46.9	792	7.8	47.8	541	5.3	40.0
Bus drivers	538	6.0	38.0	_	-	_	495	7.2	35.5
Industrial truck and tractor		1						1	
equipment operators	650	16.2	43.4	665	18.2	44.0	-	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
	426	6.4	20.0	427	6.6	200	111	10.2	40.0
helpers, and laborers	426	6.4	38.8	427	6.6	38.8	411	10.3	40.0
Groundskeepers and	600	16.0	40.0						
gardeners, except farm	683	16.0	40.0	-		40.0	_	_	-
Production helpers	384	7.7	40.0	384	7.7	40.0	-	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers	376	9.0	36.0	376	9.0	36.0	_	-	-
Freight, stock, and material		1							
	529	19.9	39.7	545	20.4	39.7	_	_	-
handlers, n.e.c	323								

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		Total		Priv	rate industry	,		te and local	l
Occupation ³	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
Blue collar -Continued									
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued									
Laborers, except construction,									
n.e.c	\$365	4.9	38.6	\$361	5.2	38.6	_	_	-
Service	449	4.6	38.8	377	6.3	38.2	\$631	3.6	40.4
Protective service	649	8.5	41.3	443	9.4	39.5	860	2.5	43.1
Supervisors, firefighters and	4.407	7.0	F0.7				4 407	7.0	F0.7
fire prevention	1,137	7.2	50.7	_	_	_	1,137	7.2	50.7
Supervisors, police and detectives	1,196	3.6	40.0	_	_	_	1,196	3.6	40.0
Supervisors, guards	769	20.9	38.4		_		1,130	3.0	40.0
Firefighting	938	3.5	51.2	_	_	_	938	3.5	51.2
Police and detectives, public	000	0.0	02					0.0	02
service	907	2.2	40.2	_	_	_	907	2.2	40.2
Correctional institution officers	591	1.6	40.0	_	_	_	591	1.6	40.0
Guards and police, except									
public service	418	7.7	39.6	415	7.9	39.6	-	_	
Food service	326	10.3	39.3	314	12.3	40.0	384	8.6	35.6
Waiters, waitresses, and	211	13.5	39.5	211	13.5	20.5			
bartenders Other food service	355	10.4	39.5	348	13.5	39.5 40.2	384	8.6	35.6
Supervisors, food preparation	333	10.4	39.2	340	13.1	40.2	304	0.0	33.0
and service	685	8.5	42.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cooks	303	8.1	39.0	294	9.2	39.6	336	6.9	36.8
Food counter, fountain, and									
related	277	4.5	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	-
Kitchen workers, food									
preparation	342	3.1	39.2	344	2.8	40.0	_	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	276	3.7	37.7	260	3.7	38.4	333	3.3	35.1
Health service	366	4.3	37.8	356	4.6	37.7	482	4.9	39.0
Health aides, except nursing	435	6.1	39.8	416	7.1	40.0	_	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and	0.46		07.0	0.40		07.0			
attendants	348	5.2	37.3	346	5.3	37.3	-		20.5
Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen	399 276	6.3 4.1	39.6 38.5	366 276	6.9 4.1	39.7 38.5	464	8.3	39.5
Janitors and cleaners	380	6.3	39.7	362	8.9	39.8	413	5.3	39.6
Personal service	527	11.0	29.7	561	12.2	25.6	446	3.5	39.4
Early childhood teachers'	021	''	20.1	501	12.2	20.0		0.0	00.4
assistants	403	5.0	39.3	-	_	_	424	2.6	39.2

¹ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. $$^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. 5 Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours ⁵
All	\$38,861	2.6	2,000	\$38,966	3.2	2,058	\$38,468	2.0	1,778
All excluding sales	38,788	2.6	1,993	38,869	3.3	2,054	38,503	2.0	1,777
White collar	46,852 47,516	2.8 2.8	1,965 1,949	48,555 49,675	3.5 3.7	2,056 2,047	41,833 41,894	2.1 2.1	1,694 1,693
Professional specialty and							40.000		
technical	52,015	4.2	1,822	57,737	6.4	1,994	43,673	1.8	1,570
Professional specialty	51,976	2.2	1,799	59,069	3.5	2,041	44,293	1.7	1,537
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	68,250	3.2	2,082	68,397	3.3	2,082	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic	00,230	3.2	2,002	00,537	3.3	2,002		_	
engineers	69,385	5.3	2,056	69,385	5.3	2,056	_	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	70,778	4.9	2,083	71,130	5.0	2,083	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer	-, -		,	,		,			
scientists Computer systems analysts	67,464	7.7	2,076	68,159	7.8	2,078	-	_	-
and scientists	68,776	8.1	2,076	69,578	8.2	2,078	_	_	_
Natural scientists		_			_		_	_	_
Health related	46,537	3.1	2,028	46,528	3.3	2,042	46,579	8.6	1,957
Registered nurses	47,855	2.9	2,038	47,513	2.8	2,044	50,302	10.7	1,996
Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary	63,849	6.6	1,569	_	_	_	64,889	7.3	1,574
teachers	56,592	6.3	1,515	-	_	_	56,850	6.5	1,525
Teachers, except college and university	40,678	1.3	1,479	33,816	5.7	1,570	41,109	1.1	1,473
Prekindergarten and			1,170			1,070	11,100		
kindergarten	34,679	5.1	1,411	37,073	10.9	1,416	34,423	5.5	1,410
Elementary school teachers	40,049	1.8	1,464	-	-		40,705	1.3	1,464
Secondary school teachers	40,956	1.5	1,462	45,540	9.2	1,505	40,792	1.6	1,460
Teachers, special education Teachers, n.e.c	42,554 41,222	2.3 3.9	1,474 1,561	- 38,988	13.3	1,785	42,554	2.3	1,474
Vocational and educational	41,222	3.9	1,301	30,900	13.3	1,703	_	_	_
counselors	47,961	12.2	1,715	_	_	_	50,388	11.5	1,668
Librarians, archivists, and	,		, -				,		, , , , , ,
curators	48,803	5.1	1,627	_	-	-	49,280	5.0	1,631
Librarians	48,803	5.1	1,627	_	-	-	49,280	5.0	1,631
Social scientists and urban	4= 000						10.000		
planners	45,630	8.7	1,751	_	_	_	48,899	3.8	1,563
Psychologists Social, recreation, and religious	45,328	9.4	1,553	_	_	_	47,735	3.9	1,505
workers	36,008	6.9	2,026	38,326	11.8	2,010	33,791	6.2	2,041
Social workers	37,202	8.3	2,015	-	-		33,819	6.4	2,039
Lawyers and judges		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers,									
athletes, and professionals,									
_n.e.c	49,597	8.2	2,087	47,627	8.1	2,127	_	_	_
Designers	50,793	14.2	2,196	50,793	14.2	2,196	_ 05.004	-	
Technical Clinical laboratory	52,159	19.0	1,904	54,777	20.5	1,889	35,664	6.6	2,001
technologists and									
technicians	36,778	3.7	2,024	37,860	3.9	2,016	_	_	_
Radiological technicians	40,156	7.2	2,039	_	-	-	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	34,316	4.7	2,053	35,161	4.9	2,073	_	_	_
Health technologists and									
technicians, n.e.c.	27,806	4.9	2,030	27,401	4.8	2,038	_	-	_
Electrical and electronic	40.077	4.0	0.074	40.000		0.074			
technicians Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	42,277	4.0	2,074	42,362	4.1	2,074	44 492	12.2	2 000
Drafters	39,681 42,908	11.3 2.8	2,080 2,080	- 42,908	2.8	2,080	41,483	12.3	2,080
Computer programmers	51,298	8.6	2,067	51,701	8.9	2,080	_	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c	28,445	6.9	2,003	-	-	_,500	_	_	_
	2, 0		, , , , , , ,						

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar -Continued									
Executive, administrative, and managerial	\$63,081	3.9	2,078	\$63,600	4.5	2,085	\$60,100	5.2	2,03
Executives, administrators, and managers	74,295	4.8	2,085	75,689	5.7	2,097	68,020	4.8	2,03
Administrators and officials,									
public administration	58,090	14.6	2,213	_	_	_	67,932	7.5	2,26
Financial managers	82,362	9.7	2,052	82,632	9.9	2,051	-	_	_
advertising, and public relations Administrators, education and	89,923	8.3	2,152	89,923	8.3	2,152	-	-	_
related fields	61,855	8.5	1,912	45,088	15.3	2,041	66,436	6.6	1,87
health Managers, food servicing and	91,291	15.6	2,031	-	-	-	-	-	-
lodging establishments Managers and administrators,	28,954	7.5	2,126	_	-	-	-	-	-
n.e.c.	80,736	4.9	2,095	81,612	5.1	2,101	66,405	9.7	2,00
Management related	51,817	5.7	2,072	52,376	6.3	2,075	47,506	8.9	2,05
Accountants and auditors	48,555	6.3	2,080	48,714	6.4	2,080	_ ′	_	
Other financial officers	45,166	9.4	2,080	_	_	_,-	_	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	51,488	12.5	2,080	52,183	13.0	2,080	_	_	_
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	40.404								
construction Management related, n.e.c	49,124 56,577	8.3 14.2	2,080 2,064	- 57,017	16.4	2,070	- 53,978	- 11.4	2,02
Salas	10 101	10.7	2 124	40 220	10.8	2 124			
Sales Supervisors, sales Securities and financial	40,181 41,015	11.9	2,124 1,987	40,338 41,015	11.9	2,124 1,987	-	_	_
services sales Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining,	34,919 29,198	2.4 17.0	2,080 2,062	34,919 29,198	2.4 17.0	2,080 2,062	_	- -	_ _
manufacturing, and wholesale Sales workers, other	57,194	8.1	2,080	57,194	8.1	2,080	_	-	_
commodities	27,833	38.6	1,972	27,833	38.6	1,972	_	_	_
Cashiers	18,212	4.7	2,080	17,598	4.8	2,080	-	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	29,499	2.1	2,039	30,443	2.5	2,074	25,292	2.2	1,88
Supervisors, general office	49,530	3.7	2,132	50,223	3.6	2,136		_	· -
Computer operators	32,563	3.0	2,012		_	_	_	_	_
Secretaries	31,107	3.2	2,019	32,400	4.2	2,058	28,130	3.2	1,93
Interviewers	26,385	3.4	2,080	_ `	_			_	
Transportation ticket and									
reservation agents	26,451	6.8	2,080	26,451	6.8	2,080	_	_	_
Receptionists	23,597	5.7	2,061	23,916	5.8	2,071	_	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c	29,925	1.6	2,007	_	-	-	_	_	-
Order clerks	32,189	7.5	2,074	32,189	7.5	2,074	_	_	-
Library clerks	21,069	6.8	2,031	_	_	-	_	_	
Records clerks, n.e.c Bookkeepers, accounting and	24,529	4.6	1,930	24,074	4.3	2,080	24,980	5.5	1,78
auditing clerks	29,781	3.2	2,063	30,542	3.9	2,072	27,344	4.4	2,03
Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving	32,399	9.8	2,076	_	-	-	28,296	5.9	2,06
clerks Stock and inventory clerks	27,629 29,019	11.7 6.3	2,080 2,079	27,629 29,464	11.7 6.8	2,080 2,078	-	_ _	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	26,712	3.7	2,080	26,018	4.6	2,080	_	_	_

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	<i>'</i>		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean -	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including									
clerical –Continued General office clerks	\$26,974	22	2,074	\$27,497	20	2.075	¢25.044	16	2,073
Bank tellers	27,720	3.2 13.2	2,074	27,720	3.8 13.2	2,075 2,080	\$25,041	4.6	2,073
				21,120			_	_	_
Data entry keyers	24,951	6.8	1,826	_	-	_	14.074		4 4 4
Teachers' aides	14,888 29,732	7.0 4.6	1,450 2,063	_ 29,975	- 4.7	2,075	14,974 –	6.9	1,44
Blue collar	30,565	4.5	2,088	30,527	4.8	2,093	31,087	4.1	2,024
	30,303	4.5	2,000	30,327	4.0	2,093	31,007	4.1	2,024
Precision production, craft, and repair	37,131	5.3	2,086	37,324	6.0	2,087	35,864	3.4	2,07
Supervisors, mechanics and	40 444	2.7	0.115	E0 202	4.0	0.447			
repairersBus, truck, and stationary	48,444	3.7	2,115	50,392	4.0	2,147	_	_	_
engine mechanics	34,636	5.7	2,080	_	_	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	35,720	4.9	2,080	36,003	5.0	2,080	_	_	_
Mechanics and repairers,	,		_,	,		_,,,,,			
n.e.c	46,124	14.5	2,074	_	_	_	31,322	5.0	2,08
Construction trades, n.e.c	31,222	4.2	2,080	_	_	_	31,626	5.9	2,08
Supervisors, production	46,043	6.7	2,167	46,069	6.9	2,169	_	_	
Precision assemblers, metal	39,595	5.7	2,080	39,595	5.7	2,080	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic	00,000	"	_,,,,,	00,000	0	_,,,,,			
equipment assemblers	22,526	2.3	2,080	22,526	2.3	2,080	_	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	23,202	12.8	2,080	23,202	12.8	2,080	_	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and	20,202	12.0	2,000	20,202	12.0	2,000			
graders	40,655	6.8	2,080	40,655	6.8	2,080	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors	26,242	3.4	2,070	26,242	3.4	2,070	_	_	-
Fabricating machine									
operators, n.e.c	24,249	10.4	2,057	24,249	10.4	2,057	_	_	-
Packaging and filling machine									
operators	23,930	3.1	2,080	23,930	3.1	2,080	_	_	-
Slicing and cutting machine									
operators	22,986	17.3	2,080	22,986	17.3	2,080	_	_	-
Miscellaneous machine									
operators, n.e.c	23,025	8.3	2,080	23,025	8.3	2,080	_	_	-
Welders and cutters	31,537	6.6	2,080	31,537	6.6	2,080	_	_	-
Assemblers	28,777	5.7	2,056	28,777	5.7	2,056	_	_	-
Production inspectors,									
checkers and examiners	24,537	6.5	2,077	24,537	6.5	2,077	-	_	-
Transportation and material									
moving	38,279	8.1	2,211	39,909	8.1	2,252	26,627	3.2	1,91
Truck drivers	39,732	7.6	2,440	41,187	7.8	2,486	28,006	5.3	2,07
Bus drivers	26,265	6.0	1,853	_	_	-	22,413	7.2	1,60
Industrial truck and tractor									
equipment operators	33,797	16.2	2,255	34,600	18.2	2,291	-	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
helpers, and laborers	22,153	6.4	2,020	22,182	6.6	2,018	21,351	10.3	2,08
Groundskeepers and									
gardeners, except farm	35,524	16.0	2,080	_	_	-	_	-	-
Production helpers	19,967	7.7	2,080	19,967	7.7	2,080	_	-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	19,530	9.0	1,874	19,530	9.0	1,874	_	-	-
Freight, stock, and material									
handlers, n.e.c.	27,521	19.9	2,067	28,343	20.4	2,066	_	_	l _
Hand packers and packagers	22,088	11.3	2,080	22,088	11.3	2,080	_	l _	l _
riana paonera ana paonagera	22,000	''.3	2,000	22,000	11.3	2,000	_	_	ı –

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local	l
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵
Blue collar –Continued									
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued									
Laborers, except construction,									
n.e.c	\$18,954	4.9	2,008	\$18,763	5.2	2,005	_	_	-
						·			
Service	22,831	4.6	1,974	19,572	6.3	1,984	\$30,451	3.6	1,950
Protective service	33,715	8.5	2,145	23,004	9.4	2,052	44,700	2.5	2,241
Supervisors, firefighters and	50.447	7.0	0.005				50 4 47	7.0	0.005
fire prevention	59,147	7.2	2,635	_	_	_	59,147	7.2	2,635
Supervisors, police and detectives	62,176	3.6	2,080	_	_	_	62,176	3.6	2,080
Supervisors, quards	39.963	20.9	1.996	_	_		02,170	3.0	2,000
Firefighting	48.761	3.5	2.660	_	_	_	48.761	3.5	2.660
Police and detectives, public	10,701	0.0	2,000				10,701	0.0	2,000
service	47,156	2.2	2,088	_	_	_	47,156	2.2	2,088
Correctional institution officers	30,727	1.6	2,080	_	_	_	30,727	1.6	2,080
Guards and police, except	,		,				,		,
public service	21,698	7.7	2,060	21,562	7.9	2,060	_	_	-
Food service	16,274	10.3	1,962	16,347	12.3	2,079	15,975	8.6	1,479
Waiters, waitresses, and									
bartenders	10,960	13.5	2,055	10,960	13.5	2,055	_		
Other food service	17,572	10.4	1,939	18,086	13.1	2,087	15,975	8.6	1,479
Supervisors, food preparation	00.040		0.004						
and service	33,343	8.5	2,081	-	_	-	-	_	
CooksFood counter, fountain, and	14,556	8.1	1,875	15,268	9.2	2,057	12,647	6.9	1,388
related	14,403	4.5	2,080						
Kitchen workers, food	14,403	4.5	2,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
preparation	16,762	3.1	1,922	17,837	2.8	2,075	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	13.689	3.7	1,871	13.542	3.7	1,996	14.141	3.3	1.489
Health service	18,941	4.3	1,957	18,507	4.6	1,959	23,971	4.9	1,940
Health aides, except nursing	22,150	6.1	2,027	21,617	7.1	2,080		-	',5 .5
Nursing aides, orderlies and	,	"	,,	.,		, , , , , ,			
attendants	18,077	5.2	1,939	17,999	5.3	1,939	_	_	-
Cleaning and building service	20,681	6.3	2,051	19,042	6.9	2,063	23,856	8.3	2,027
Maids and housemen	14,355	4.1	2,001	14,355	4.1	2,001		-	
Janitors and cleaners	19,656	6.3	2,054	18,840	8.9	2,069	21,135	5.3	2,025
Personal service	25,346	11.0	1,428	29,158	12.2	1,330	18,238	3.5	1,611
Early childhood teachers'	16 000	F 0	4.500		_	_	16 1 14	2.6	1 404
assistants	16,222	5.0	1,583	_	_	_	16,141	2.6	1,491

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. $$^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. 5 Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

Occupation and level All excluding sales	\$18.73 18.93 23.16 7.51 9.85 11.09 13.38	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 2.7 2.7 3.2 2.1 4.9	\$18.15 18.34 22.78 7.44	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 3.3 3.4 4.0	Mean \$21.42 21.45	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All excluding sales	18.93 23.16 7.51 9.85 11.09 13.38	2.7 3.2 2.1 4.9	18.34 22.78	3.4		
All excluding sales	18.93 23.16 7.51 9.85 11.09 13.38	3.2 2.1 4.9	18.34 22.78			2.0
1	7.51 9.85 11.09 13.38	2.1 4.9		4.0		2.0
2	9.85 11.09 13.38	4.9	7.44	1 7.0	24.60	2.1
3	11.09 13.38			2.3	8.43	4.3
4	13.38		9.75	5.7	10.44	3.9
5		2.4	11.07	2.6	11.25	2.3
6		2.9 1.9	13.34 15.72	3.4 2.2	13.57 15.00	2.6 3.6
7 8 9 10	15.61 19.87	9.5	20.25	10.6	17.30	5.4
8 9 10	20.28	2.9	19.89	3.4	21.82	4.5
9 10	25.44	1.6	23.85	2.8	27.54	1.2
-	27.76	3.4	28.17	4.2	26.28	2.4
4.4	30.71	3.2	31.42	3.4	27.46	9.5
11	42.89	14.6	46.14	16.9	31.06	4.2
12	41.64	2.8	41.85	3.5	41.13	4.7
13	53.59	5.0	53.25	5.3	55.91	14.8
14	53.18	1.9	-	_	-	-
Not able to be leveled	24.41	9.4	23.60	9.9	37.55	19.1
White collar excluding sales	24.17 8.09	3.2	24.03 8.10	4.2 4.7	24.65	2.1
2	10.59	4.3	10.62	5.3	10.44	3.9
3	11.66	2.7	11.73	3.1	11.24	2.3
4	13.45	2.6	13.42	3.2	13.57	2.7
5	15.83	1.9	16.00	2.2	15.00	3.6
6	18.44	5.2	18.66	6.1	17.30	5.4
7	20.07	2.9	19.61	3.4	21.82	4.5
8	25.45	1.6	23.62	3.0	27.54	1.2
9	27.85	3.5	28.29	4.2	26.28	2.4
10	31.02	3.3	31.90	3.4	27.46	9.5
11	42.81	15.4	46.26	18.0	31.06	4.2 4.7
12 13	41.64 53.59	2.8 5.0	41.85 53.25	3.6 5.3	41.13 55.91	14.8
14	53.18	1.9	-	3.5	- 33.91	14.0
Not able to be leveled	25.89	9.2	25.05	9.9	37.55	19.1
Professional specialty and technical	28.51	5.4	28.90	8.0	27.76	1.8
Professional specialty	28.90	2.2	29.00	3.5	28.75	1.7
5	17.69	11.2	19.39	13.0	_	_
6	19.82	7.4	19.88	7.6	-	_
7	22.03 26.09	5.7	20.78	9.0	23.57	4.2
8 9	27.15	1.6 2.7	22.70 27.53	2.1 3.8	28.00 26.38	1.1 2.6
10	33.08	2.7	33.56	2.9	31.13	7.2
11	36.57	5.5	37.30	6.3	33.72	5.9
12	43.46	3.5	43.36	3.6	43.66	7.4
13	55.04	9.6	52.26	10.3	-	-
Not able to be leveled	31.75	13.3	28.68	14.5	43.18	20.3
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.77	3.3	32.84	3.3	_	-
7	28.38	3.3	28.38	3.3	-	_
9	30.11	4.8	30.13	4.9	_	_
10 11	33.35 36.72	3.6 3.1	33.69 36.98	3.6 3.2	_	
12	44.38	6.7	44.38	6.7	_	
Electrical and electronic engineers	33.75	5.0	33.75	5.0	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	33.98	4.9	34.15	5.0	_	_
10	33.35	3.6	33.69	3.6	-	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	32.49	7.7	32.80	7.8	-	-
9	28.66	5.8	28.77	5.9	-	_
10	35.24	4.2	35.24	4.2	-	_
11	38.61	7.7	38.61	7.7	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	41.27	3.9	41.27	3.9	-	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists 9	33.12 30.39	8.1 4.9	33.48 30.55	8.2 5.1	_	-
10	35.24	4.9	35.24	4.2	_	_
11	38.74	8.4	38.74	8.4	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
ite collar –Continued							
Professional specialty and technical –Continued							
Professional specialty –Continued Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued							
Computer systems analysts and scientists							
-Continued							
12	\$41.27	3.9	\$41.27	3.9	-	_	
Natural scientists	_ 04.75	_	- 24.00	-	_ 	-	
Health related	24.75 21.21	6.0 4.4	24.89 22.62	6.8 4.7	\$23.83 18.18	8.3 6.2	
8	22.51	1.8	22.36	1.8	24.49	7.9	
9	22.51	7.3	21.92	8.5	24.91	6.8	
11	37.38	8.0	37.79	10.5	_	_	
Registered nurses	23.67	2.6	23.49	2.5	25.19	10.2	
7	21.42	3.2	21.74	3.4	_	-	
8	22.41	1.9	22.37	1.9	_	_	
9 11	24.48 38.52	2.8 9.1	24.26	3.1	_	_	
Pharmacists	28.66	18.5	_		_	_	
Teachers, college and university	39.74	6.4	_	_	40.03	7.0	
9	26.80	10.3	-	_	27.13	10.7	
10	32.14	16.7	-	_	_	_	
11	33.47	11.7	-	_	32.69	12.3	
Other post-secondary teachers9	35.98	6.8 11.9	-	_	35.87	7.0	
11	22.02 34.56	13.3	_		_	_	
Teachers, except college and university	27.43	1.3	21.58	5.8	27.82	1.1	
7	25.98	2.8	16.37	6.3	26.66	2.2	
8	27.92	1.4	22.26	7.6	28.29	.9	
9	25.78	2.5	34.28	15.9	25.57	2.5	
11	34.15	6.5 4.9	26.17	- 8.9	_ 24.41	5.4	
Prekindergarten and kindergarten 8	24.58 26.92	2.6	23.74	6.3	24.41	5.4	
Elementary school teachers	27.28	1.7	-	-	27.72	1.1	
7	26.01	2.4	_	_	26.35	2.2	
8	27.72	2.1	-	_	28.26	1.3	
9	25.92	2.3	-		25.94	2.3	
Secondary school teachers	28.00	1.4	29.54	9.5	27.94	1.4	
7 8	28.78 28.20	2.6 1.5	_ 27.59	11.9	28.78 28.21	2.6 1.5	
9	25.29	5.4	-	-	-	-	
Teachers, special education	28.88	1.8	_	_	28.88	1.8	
8	29.54	1.6	-	_	29.54	1.6	
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.10	3.7	22.33	13.1	-	-	
Vocational and educational counselors	25.84 27.97	7.0 13.4	27.54	6.0	30.20	12.7	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.00	6.1	_		30.22	5.9	
Librarians	30.00	6.1	_	_	30.22	5.9	
Social scientists and urban planners	26.06	9.4	-	_	31.29	4.2	
Psychologists	29.18	8.8		-	31.72	4.3	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	17.51	6.0	18.41	9.2	16.56	6.1	
7 Social workers	17.17 18.06	5.6 6.9	_	_	- 16.59	6.4	
7	17.24	5.9	_		-	- 0.4	
Lawyers and judges	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c.	22.99	7.6	21.66	7.1	_	-	
Not able to be leveled	28.32	21.6	-	_	_	-	
Designers Technical	22.17	14.1	22.17	14.1	17.00	_ 6.F	
4	27.15 14.50	24.3 5.0	28.66 14.50	26.5 5.3	17.82 –	6.5	
5	18.39	4.9	18.39	5.3	_	_	
6	18.24	4.4	19.11	5.5	16.34	6.4	
7	19.23	5.2	19.45	5.4		1 _	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued						
Technical –Continued						
8	\$22.45	3.6	\$22.08	4.0	-	_
9	28.00	8.1	28.09	8.7	_	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.17	4.4	18.76	4.3	_	-
Radiological technicians	19.70	6.9	-	_	_	-
Licensed practical nurses	17.27	4.8 4.2	17.52	4.9 4.5	_	_
4 5	16.67 19.54	6.4	16.63 19.54	6.4		
7	15.54	2.0	15.54	2.0	_	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	13.70	4.9	13.44	4.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	20.39	4.1	20.43	4.1	_	_
7	19.57	5.9	19.63	6.0	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.08	11.3	_	_	\$19.94	12.3
Drafters	20.63	2.8	20.63	2.8	_	_
Computer programmers	24.82	8.6	24.86	8.9	_	-
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.20	7.1	-	_	_	-
-	00.05	0.0	00.50		00.47	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.35	3.9	30.50	4.4	29.47	5.2
5 6	14.07 20.46	8.2 6.4	20.48	8.6	_	_
7	18.45	5.1	18.47	5.3	18.25	7.7
8	24.84	6.0	25.42	6.3	18.36	7.7
9	29.45	8.2	29.67	8.6	26.38	5.3
10	28.44	7.4	28.46	8.1	_	
11	34.38	3.9	35.99	4.7	30.13	4.5
12	40.57	3.7	41.05	4.8	39.24	6.2
13	52.99	5.9	53.60	6.3	_	_
Not able to be leveled	33.88	12.9	34.07	13.2	_	-
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.63	4.9	36.10	5.8	33.48	5.3
8	32.91	17.3	_	_	_	_
9	27.41	9.4	27.34	10.0	_	-
10	28.48	9.4	28.53	10.6	_	
11	35.60	4.9	37.83	5.9	29.68	5.7
12	40.19	4.2	40.97	5.7	38.33	6.1
Not able to be leveled	52.99 46.14	5.9 22.4	53.60	6.3	_	
Administrators and officials, public administration	26.25	12.1	_	_	29.95	7.6
Financial managers	40.14	9.4	40.29	9.7	_	
11	36.28	13.5	-	-	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	41.79	6.8	41.79	6.8	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	32.34	8.6	22.09	15.7	35.39	6.6
11	32.71	9.9	_	_	32.93	9.9
Managers, medicine and health Managers, food servicing and lodging	44.95	16.2	-	_	-	_
establishments	13.62	8.8	-	-	-	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	38.54	5.2	38.85	5.5	33.13	9.6
9	29.05 37.77	10.9 11.1	29.05	10.9	_	_
11	36.94	8.2	37.55	8.8	_	
12	37.25	5.0	38.24	6.1	_	_
13	54.53	7.6	54.39	7.9	_	_
Management related	25.01	5.6	25.25	6.2	23.16	8.9
6	21.78	4.2		-	_	-
7	18.84	4.1	18.88	4.4	18.25	7.7
8	23.75	6.2	24.06	6.2	_	-
9	31.35	10.3	31.88	10.3	_	-
11	30.53	4.3	30.13	6.1	_	-
Not able to be leveled	27.30	4.8	27.30	4.8	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.38	6.3	23.45	6.4	_	_
7	18.59	2.4	20.04	- 2	_	-
11	29.04	8.2	29.04	8.2	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

		To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
	Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
/hite co	ollar –Continued						
	ntive, administrative, and managerial –Continued						
IV	Management related –Continued Other financial officers	\$21.71	9.4				
	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	24.75	12.5	\$25.09	13.0		
	Inspectors and compliance officers, except	24.73	12.5	Ψ23.03	13.0	_	_
	construction	23.62	8.3	_	_	_	_
	Management related, n.e.c.	27.41	13.9	27.55	16.0	\$26.62	11.1
	7	18.26	7.6	_	- 10.0	Ψ20.02	
	8	29.20	8.3	-	_	_	_
0-1		40.05	40.0	40.00	40.0		
Sales	4	16.05	10.6	16.09	10.6	_	_
	1	7.34	2.5	7.29	2.6	_	-
	3	7.85	2.5 4.4	7.85 9.87	2.5 4.4	_	-
	4	9.88 12.83	15.4	9.87 12.81	15.9	_	-
	5	13.73	8.7	13.73	8.7	_	_
	6	25.01	26.9	25.01	26.9	_	-
	7	25.01	14.1	25.01	14.1	_	
	8	25.40	8.5	25.40	8.5	_	_
	10	28.17	5.2	28.17	5.2	_	_
	Supervisors, sales	20.17	11.9	20.17	11.9	_	_
	Securities and financial services sales	16.79	2.4	16.79	2.4	_	
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	10.75	2.7	10.75	2.7		
	and wholesale	27.50	8.1	27.50	8.1	_	_
	Sales workers, other commodities	10.95	27.0	10.95	27.0	_	_
	Cashiers	8.11	2.9	7.98	3.0	_	_
	1	7.43	2.6	7.36	2.7	_	-
	3	8.16	6.6	8.00	6.6	-	_
Admii	nistrative support, including clerical	14.21	2.1	14.38	2.5	13.35	2.1
	1	8.09	3.6	8.10	4.7	_	_
	2	10.51	4.5	10.53	5.6	10.44	3.9
	3	11.68	2.8	11.75	3.2	11.25	2.3
	4	13.38	2.7	13.35	3.4	13.52	2.7
	5	15.49	1.6	15.70	1.9	14.51	2.1
	6	17.40	10.2	17.56	11.3	16.02	8.5
	7	20.13	4.8	20.94	4.5	15.76	5.8
	Not able to be leveled	14.85	6.3	14.84	6.4	_	_
	Supervisors, general office	23.23	3.4	23.51	3.4	_	_
	7	22.73	3.7	_	-	-	_
	Computer operators	16.18	2.0	- 15.66	_	14.46	
		15.31 10.88	3.1 5.1	13.00	4.1	14.46 11.43	3.2 4.2
	3	15.24	5.1	_ 15.50	6.8	11.43	
	5	16.00	3.3	16.79	4.0	14.11	3.9
	6	17.29	5.0	17.10	2.2	17.65	13.6
	7	15.86	7.5	-		-	15.0
	Interviewers	12.69	3.4	_		_	_
	Transportation ticket and reservation agents	12.72	6.8	12.72	6.8	_	_
	Receptionists	11.19	5.3	11.26	5.4	_	_
	2	9.60	3.6	9.85	2.9	_	_
	3	11.37	5.8	11.37	5.8	_	_
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	13.83	6.9	-		-	-
	Order clerks	15.16	8.5	15.16	8.5	_	-
	Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	13.69	8.0	13.69	8.0	-	_
	Library clerks	10.42	6.1	_	_	10.62	6.7
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.63	4.5	11.53	4.1	13.97	5.2
	4	13.57	6.8	_	-	-	-
	5	12.96	7.4	_	-	-	_
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.17	3.4	14.37	4.1	13.44	4.7
	3	12.09	5.1	_	-	-	-
	4	13.98	5.3	13.80	6.2	-	-
	5	16.01	6.1	16.34	7.5	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Administrative cuppert including elevical Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued Dispatchers	\$15.61	9.8	_	_	\$13.68	6.1
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.12	11.4	\$13.12	11.4	-	-
3	10.16	5.4	10.16	5.4	-	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.88	6.2	14.08	6.7	-	_
3	12.61	8.4	12.61	8.4	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.87	3.7	12.55	4.6	-	_
4 General office clerks	12.55 12.37	6.0 4.0	- 12.44	4.8	- 12.07	4.6
2	10.09	4.0	12.44	4.0	12.07	4.6
3	11.45	5.9	11.69	7.2	10.53	5.9
4	12.68	5.6	12.57	6.9	13.11	3.2
Bank tellers	13.25	13.1	13.25	13.1	_	_
Data entry keyers	13.22	5.8	13.80	7.6	_	-
Teachers' aides	10.12	6.2	_	_	10.24	6.0
2	10.22	6.5			10.26	6.5
Administrative support, n.e.c.	14.31	4.4	14.34	4.5	_	_
5	15.50	3.5	15.47	3.6	_	_
lue collar	14.21	4.3	14.14	4.7	15.28	4.0
1	8.69	3.2	8.69	3.2	-	
2	10.27	3.9	10.24	4.0	11.46	4.4
3	13.33	4.5	13.32	4.8	13.49	3.5
4	15.94	13.0	16.15	13.2	12.12	12.2
5	14.51	3.1	14.57	3.4	13.88	2.8
6	16.13	2.7	15.99	2.9	16.53	5.2
7	21.28	5.3	21.63	5.8	18.93	4.5
8	22.74	5.8	22.93	6.1	_	_
9 Not able to be leveled	23.32 18.66	3.3 6.4	23.20 18.66	3.4 6.4	_	_
Precision production graft and renair	17.80	5.2	17.88	5.9	17.28	3.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.42	5.3	-	3.9	-	- 3.4
2	10.26	1.0	10.26	1.0	_	_
3	10.87	5.8	10.44	4.7	_	_
4	12.78	4.7	12.71	4.7	_	_
5	14.19	5.2	14.27	6.5	13.90	3.6
6	16.72	2.9	16.76	3.4	16.67	5.2
7	22.47	5.3	23.17	5.4	18.96	4.6
8	23.10	5.7	23.33	6.0	_	_
9 Not able to be leveled	23.41 19.61	2.9 5.5	23.26 19.61	2.9 5.5	_	-
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	22.90	3.1	23.47	3.7	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.65	5.7	-	-	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	17.17	4.9	17.31	5.0	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	22.24	14.4	_	_	15.06	5.0
Construction trades, n.e.c.	15.01	4.2	_	-	15.20	5.9
Supervisors, production	21.24	4.7	21.24	4.8	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	19.04	5.7	19.04	5.7	-	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.83	2.3	10.83	2.3	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	11.15 19.55	12.8 6.8	11.15 19.55	12.8 6.8	_	-
mopeolors, lesiers, and graders	13.33	0.0	13.00	0.0	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12.65	3.4	12.65	3.4	_	_
1	8.58	6.0	8.58	6.0	-	-
2	10.36	5.9	10.36	5.9	-	_
3	14.22	5.8	14.22	5.8	-	_
4	12.82	4.3	12.82	4.3	_	_
5	14.61	5.4	14.61	5.4	_	_
7 Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	17.22	6.4 10.4	17.22 11.70	6.4	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.79 11.50	3.1	11.79 11.50	10.4 3.1	_	
Slicing and cutting machine operators	11.05	17.3	11.05	17.3	_	_
		1	11.00	1	1	1

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar –Continued						
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors						
Continued Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	\$11.07	8.3	\$11.07	8.3	_	_
4	11.92	6.4	11.92	6.4	_	_
Welders and cutters	15.16	6.6	15.16	6.6	-	_
Assemblers	13.91	5.3	13.91	5.3	-	_
1	9.21	6.5	9.21	6.5	_	_
2	11.24 17.69	7.7	11.24 17.69	7.7	_	_
3 Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.81	6.5	11.81	7.8 6.5	_	_
Transportation and material moving	16.54	9.5	16.86	10.0	\$13.73	2.4
2	10.75	9.8	10.58	11.2	-	_
3	15.54	8.4	16.04	9.6	13.81	4.2
4	18.47	13.7	18.77	13.8	13.86	3.0
5	15.52	4.2	15.66	4.8	14.15	4.5
6 Truck drivers	15.49 15.96	9.3 4.9	- 16.20	5.2	- 13.51	5.3
3	16.60	11.6	-	- 5.2	13.65	7.8
4	16.38	4.1	16.55	4.4	-	_
Bus drivers	13.36	5.1	-	_	13.45	2.9
3 Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	- 14.98	10.8	– 15.11	- 12.4	13.90 –	3.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.44		10.44	5.6	10.26	10.3
1	8.75	5.5 3.9	8.75	3.9	10.20	10.3
2	9.62	2.8	9.58	3.0	_	_
3	11.03	3.9	11.02	4.0	-	_
4	15.31	18.4	16.15	18.0	-	_
5	12.20	6.4	12.22	6.7	-	_
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	16.94	16.3	-	_ 7.7	-	_
Production helpers Stock handlers and baggers	9.60 9.39	7.7 5.1	9.60 9.39	7.7 5.1	_	_
1	7.01	3.3	7.01	3.3	_	_
3	9.88	5.1	9.88	5.1	_	_
4	12.17	4.4	12.17	4.4	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	12.84	17.6	13.15	18.0	-	_
1	8.16	6.9	8.16	6.9	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	10.50	10.9	10.50	10.9	-	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	8.60 8.46	6.4 7.0	8.53 8.46	6.7 7.0	_	_
ervice	11.04	5.3	9.53	7.4	15.24	3.1
1	7.09	5.7	6.97	6.1	8.62	5.7
2	8.50	3.6	8.23	4.2	9.45	4.3
3	9.22	4.3	8.43	5.9	10.93	2.9
4	11.49	6.3	11.05	8.1	12.89	2.9
5 6	22.57 14.19	16.6 18.3	- 12.06	26.9	15.90 17.61	4.6 7.1
7	18.95	5.1	-	-	20.21	3.0
8	19.23	5.9	_	_	20.84	4.8
9	26.26	4.6	_	_	26.26	4.6
10	28.80	6.8	-	_	26.65	4.4
Protective service	15.48	7.5	11.02	9.3	19.89	2.5
2	9.46 8.71	7.0 10.8	9.47	7.0	_	_
3	10.28	4.8	_	_	_	_
4	12.43	7.7	_	_	13.87	2.1
5	14.51	3.0	_	-	14.93	1.6
6	18.39	4.4	_	-	18.72	5.8
7	20.21	3.0	_	-	20.21	3.0
8 9	20.52	5.2 4.6	_	_	21.01 26.26	4.9 4.6
y	26.26	4.0	_	_	20.20	4.6

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
Carries Continued							
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued							
10	\$28.80	6.8	_	_	\$26.65	4.4	
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	22.44	7.5		_	22.44	7.5	
Supervisors, police and detectives	29.89	3.6	_	_	29.89	3.6	
Supervisors, guards	20.02	24.0	_	_	25.05		
Firefighting	18.33	4.1	_	_	18.33	4.1	
7	17.76	3.7	_	_	17.76	3.7	
Police and detectives, public service	22.58	2.2	_	_	22.58	2.2	
7	22.01	2.4	_	_	22.01	2.4	
Correctional institution officers	14.77	1.6	_	_	14.77	1.6	
Guards and police, except public service	10.40	7.8	\$10.31	7.9	_	-	
1	9.47	7.0	9.47	7.0	_	_	
Food service	7.82	8.5	7.40	9.9	10.25	9.3	
1	6.18	5.6	5.92	5.6	8.77	8.4	
2	7.63	5.5	7.19	6.5	8.76	3.1	
3	7.23	9.1	6.59	10.6	9.67	3.6	
4	9.17	12.0	8.55	14.0	_	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.86	12.9	4.86	12.9	_	_	
1	4.27	10.5	4.27	10.5	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	3.63	10.6	3.63	10.6	_	_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.19	9.7	6.19	9.7	_	_	
1	5.32	11.4	5.32	11.4	_	_	
Other food service	8.73	8.4	8.37	10.3	10.25	9.3	
1	6.89	3.4	6.62	2.8	8.77	8.4	
2	7.92	5.7	7.56	6.9	8.76	3.1	
3	8.14	7.7	7.59	8.2	9.67	3.6	
4	10.33	6.2	_	-	_	_	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	16.02	3.8	_	-	_	_	
Cooks	7.79	8.6	7.48	9.4	9.11	4.0	
2	8.72	3.0	-	-	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.54	2.6	8.58	2.6	8.42	6.5	
1	7.62	4.0	7.78	4.8	-	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.24	4.1	6.68	3.0	9.16	4.8	
1	6.84	5.7	6.43	2.9	_	_	
2	7.61	6.9	_	-	_	_	
Health service	9.76	2.3	9.56	2.5	11.85	5.5	
1	7.72	5.7	7.72	5.7	_	_	
2	9.42	4.8	9.37	5.0	-	-	
3	9.66	2.0	9.62	2.2	-	-	
4	11.31	5.1	10.93	6.2	_	_	
Health aides, except nursing	10.82	5.4	10.35	5.8	-	_	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.46	2.7	9.41	2.9	-	_	
1	7.72	5.7	7.72	5.7	_	_	
2	9.34	5.6	9.29	5.7	_	_	
3	9.57	2.6	9.57	2.7	_	_	
4	10.76	4.2	-	_	-		
Cleaning and building service	9.36	7.0	8.45	7.1	11.72	8.1	
1	6.88	5.1	6.74	5.1	8.42	4.1	
2	8.83	6.7	8.30	7.3	9.65	10.6	
3	11.61	4.0	-	_	11.38	4.0	
Maids and housemen	7.17	5.8	7.17	5.8	-	_	
1	6.85	4.8	6.85	4.8	-	-	
Janitors and cleaners	8.77	7.8	8.15	9.5	10.40	5.2	
1	6.88	5.7	6.72	5.8	8.42	4.1	
2 3	9.68	7.6	_	-	9.65	10.6	
ა	11.61	4.0	_	-	11.38	4.0	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service -Continued						
Personal service	\$16.73	23.3	\$18.79	27.2	\$11.23	3.4
3	8.82	8.2	7.09	11.4	10.86	2.1
Early childhood teachers' assistants	9.35	6.3	7.46	6.7	10.82	2.7
3	9.46	5.4	_	_	_	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is

hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totalling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval"

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

A classification system including about 460 interiordal occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

³ All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and

around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
II	\$19.44	2.7	\$18.93	3.4	\$21.64	2.0
All excluding sales	19.47	2.8	18.92	3.5	21.67	2.0
White collar	23.85	3.2	23.61	4.1	24.69	2.1
1	8.78	2.1	8.90	2.4	8.43	4.3
2	10.56	5.0	10.58	6.4	10.47	3.8
3	11.35	2.6	11.34	3.0	11.41	2.2
4	13.54	2.8	13.52	3.3	13.64	2.6
5	15.65	1.7	15.77	1.9	15.02	3.6
6	19.82	9.5	20.22	10.7	17.13	5.5
7	20.35	3.0	19.96	3.5	21.89	4.5
8	25.52	1.7	23.89	2.9	27.56	1.2
9	27.80	3.5	28.21	4.2	26.30	2.4
10	30.69	3.2	31.39	3.4	27.46	9.5
11	43.00	14.8	46.12	16.9	31.09	4.4
12	41.60	2.9	41.80	3.6	41.13	4.7
13	52.62	5.3	52.10	5.7	55.91	14.8
14	53.18	1.9				
Not able to be leveled	24.60	9.4	23.79	9.8	37.82	19.2
White collar excluding sales	24.38	3.3	24.27	4.3	24.74	2.1
1	8.67	3.1				
2	10.74	5.0	10.83	6.5	10.47	3.8
3	11.81	2.9	11.88	3.3	11.40	2.3
4	13.63	2.4	13.63	2.9	13.64	2.6
5	15.73	1.8	15.88	2.1	15.02	3.6
6	18.36	5.2	18.61	6.1	17.13	5.5
7	20.14	3.0	19.67	3.5	21.89	4.5
8	25.53	1.7	23.66	3.1	27.56	1.2
9	27.89	3.5	28.33	4.3	26.30	2.4
10	31.00	3.4	31.88	3.4	27.46	9.5
11	42.92	15.6	46.23	18.0	31.09	4.4
12	41.60	2.9	41.79	3.6	41.13	4.7
13 14	52.62 53.18	5.3 1.9	52.10	5.7	55.91	14.8
Not able to be leveled	25.91	9.2	25.07	9.9	37.82	19.2
Drafaccional anasialty and technical	28.55	F.6	28.96	8.4	27.81	1.8
Professional specialty and technical	28.89	5.6 2.2	28.94	3.5	28.82	1.7
5	18.10	11.8	19.41	13.1	_	
6	19.43	8.1	19.64	8.1	_	_
7	22.27	6.0	20.99	10.0	23.67	4.2
8	26.24	1.6	22.65	2.4	28.03	1.1
9	27.21	2.8	27.60	3.9	26.41	2.6
10	33.06	2.7	33.53	2.9	31.13	7.2
11	36.62	5.7	37.18	6.4	34.16	6.5
12	43.46	3.7	43.34	3.9	43.66	7.4
13	51.35	11.8	45.27	5.3	_	-
Not able to be leveled	31.80	13.3	28.68	14.5	43.68	20.5
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.77	3.3	32.84	3.3	_	_
7	28.38	3.3	28.38	3.3	_	-
9	30.11	4.8	30.13	4.9	_	-
10	33.35	3.6	33.69	3.6	_	-
11	36.72	3.1	36.98	3.2	_	-
12	44.38	6.7	44.38	6.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	33.75	5.0	33.75	5.0	_	-
Engineers, n.e.c.	33.98	4.9	34.15	5.0	_	_
10	33.35	3.6	33.69	3.6	_	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	32.49	7.7	32.80	7.8	_	-
9 10	28.66	5.8	28.77	5.9	_	_
	35.24	4.2	35.24	4.2	_	-
11 12	38.61 41.27	7.7 3.9	38.61 41.27	7.7 3.9	_	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.12	8.1	41.27 33.48	8.2	_	-
9	30.39	4.9	30.55	5.1	_	I -
10	35.24	4.2	35.24	4.2	_	l _
10	38.74	8.4	38.74	8.4		1

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued Computer systems analysts and scientists –Continued	0.44.07		0.44.07			
12 Natural scientists	\$41.27	3.9	\$41.27	3.9	-	_
Health related	22.95	3.0	22.79	3.1	\$23.81	8.6
7	20.64	4.4	22.00	4.9	18.18	6.2
8	22.39	2.2	22.22	2.2	_	_
9	22.44	7.8	21.75	9.1	24.91	6.8
_ 11	36.32	8.0	- .		. –	_
Registered nurses	23.48	2.9	23.25	2.8	25.21	10.6
7	21.04	3.0	21.31	3.3	_	-
8 9	22.20 24.65	2.2 3.0	22.15 24.44	2.2 3.4	_	_
Teachers, college and university	40.69	6.7	24.44 –	3.4	- 41.21	7.4
9	27.22	11.7	_	_	27.62	12.2
10	32.14	16.7	-	_	-	_
11	34.54	15.2	-	-	33.52	16.5
Other post-secondary teachers	37.35	7.6			37.27	7.8
Teachers, except college and university	27.51	1.3	21.54	5.8	27.91	1.1
7 8	26.18 27.93	2.7	22.26	7.6	26.86 28.30	2.1
9	25.78	2.5	34.28	15.9	25.57	2.5
11	34.15	6.5	-	-	_	_
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	24.58	4.9	26.17	8.9	24.41	5.4
8	26.92	2.6	23.74	6.3	-	_
Elementary school teachers	27.35	1.7	-	-	27.80	1.1
7	26.01	2.4 2.1	_	-	26.35 28.26	2.2 1.3
8 9	27.73 25.92	2.1	_		25.94	2.3
Secondary school teachers	28.02	1.4	30.26	9.4	27.94	1.4
7	28.78	2.6	-	_	28.78	2.6
8	28.20	1.5	27.59	11.9	28.21	1.5
9	25.29	5.4	-	_	-	-
Teachers, special education	28.88 29.54	1.8 1.6	_	_	28.88 29.54	1.8 1.6
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.41	3.8	21.84	13.1	-	_
Vocational and educational counselors	27.97	13.4	-		30.20	12.7
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.00	6.1	-	-	30.22	5.9
Librarians	30.00	6.1	-	-	30.22	5.9
Social scientists and urban planners	26.06	9.4	_	-	31.29 31.72	4.2
PsychologistsSocial, recreation, and religious workers	29.18 17.78	8.8 7.5	- 19.07	13.1	31.72 16.56	4.3 6.1
7	17.81	4.7	-	-	-	- 0.1
Social workers	18.47	9.0	-	-	16.59	6.4
Lawyers and judges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	00.70		00.40	[1
professionals, n.e.c	23.76	6.8 21.6	22.40	5.8	_	-
Designers	28.32 23.13	10.7	23.13	10.7	_	
Technical	27.39	24.8	29.00	27.1	17.82	6.5
4	14.21	5.0	14.16	5.3	-	-
5	17.81	4.8	17.74	5.2	-	-
6	18.24	4.4	19.11	5.5	16.34	6.4
7	19.24	5.3	19.47	5.5	-	-
8 9	22.45 28.00	3.6 8.1	22.08 28.09	4.0 8.7	_	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.17	4.5	18.78	4.5	_	_
Radiological technicians	19.70	6.9	-		-	_
Licensed practical nurses	16.71	4.6	16.96	4.8	-	-
Licerioca practical riardee						

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Licensed practical nurses –Continued						
5	\$18.37	7.6	\$18.37	7.6	_	_
7	15.54	2.0	15.54	2.0	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	13.70	4.9	13.44	4.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	20.39	4.1	20.43	4.1	_	_
7	19.57 19.08	5.9 11.3	19.63	6.0	- \$19.94	12.3
Engineering technicians, n.e.c Drafters	20.63	2.8	20.63	2.8	φ19.9 4	12.3
Computer programmers	24.82	8.6	24.86	8.9	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.20	7.1	-	- 0.9	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.35	3.9	30.50	4.4	29.47	5.2
5	14.07	8.2	_	-	_	_
6	20.46	6.4	20.48	8.6	_	_
7	18.45	5.1	18.47	5.3	18.25	7.7
8	24.84	6.0	25.42	6.3	18.36	7.3
9	29.45	8.2	29.67	8.6	26.38	5.3
10	28.37	7.5	28.40	8.2		-
11	34.38	3.9	35.99	4.7	30.13	4.5
12	40.57	3.7	41.05	4.8	39.24	6.2
13	52.99	5.9	53.60	6.3	_	_
Not able to be leveled	33.88	12.9	34.07	13.2	-	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.63	4.9	36.10	5.8	33.48	5.3
8 9	32.91 27.41	17.3 9.4	- 27.34	10.0	_	_
10	28.48	9.4	28.53	10.6	_	_
11	35.60	4.9	37.83	5.9	29.68	5.7
12	40.19	4.2	40.97	5.7	38.33	6.1
13	52.99	5.9	53.60	6.3	-	-
Not able to be leveled	46.14	22.4	-	_	_	_
Administrators and officials, public administration	26.25	12.1	_	_	29.95	7.6
Financial managers	40.14	9.4	40.29	9.7	_	_
11	36.28	13.5	_	_	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	41.79	6.8	41.79	6.8	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	32.34	8.6	22.09	15.7	35.39	6.6
11	32.71	9.9	_	_	32.93	9.9
Managers, medicine and health	44.95	16.2	_	_	_	-
Managers, food servicing and lodging	40.00	0.0				
establishments	13.62	8.8	- 20.05		- 22.42	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	38.54	5.2	38.85 29.05	5.5	33.13	9.6
10	29.05 37.77	10.9 11.1	29.03	10.9	_	_
11	36.94	8.2	37.55	8.8	_	
12	37.25	5.0	38.24	6.1	_	_
13	54.53	7.6	54.39	7.9	_	_
Management related	25.01	5.6	25.25	6.2	23.16	8.9
6	21.78	4.2	-	-	_	-
7	18.84	4.1	18.88	4.4	18.25	7.7
8	23.75	6.2	24.06	6.2	_	_
9	31.35	10.3	31.88	10.3	-	_
11	30.53	4.3	30.13	6.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	27.30	4.8	27.30	4.8	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.34	6.3	23.42	6.4	_	_
7	18.59	2.4	-	-	_	_
11	29.04	8.2	29.04	8.2	_	_
Other financial officers	21.71	9.4	25.00	120	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	24.75	12.5	25.09	13.0	_	_
construction	23.62	8.3	_	-	_	
Management related, n.e.c	27.41	13.9	27.55	16.0	26.62	11.1

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued Management related –Continued						
Management related, n.e.cContinued						
7	\$18.26	7.6	-	_	_	_
8	29.20	8.3	_	_	_	_
Sales	18.92	11.4	\$18.99	11.5	_	_
1	8.88	2.8	_	-	_	_
3	9.99	3.9	9.97	4.0	_	_
4	12.87	16.1	12.84	16.6	_	_
5	14.86	6.6	14.86	6.6	_	_
6	25.01	26.9	25.01	26.9	-	_
7	25.01	14.1	25.01	14.1	-	-
8	25.40	8.5	25.40	8.5	-	-
10	28.17	5.2	28.17	5.2	-	-
Supervisors, sales	20.64	11.9	20.64	11.9	-	-
Securities and financial services sales	16.79	2.4	16.79	2.4	_	_
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	14.16	14.1	14.16	14.1	_	_
and wholesale	27.50	8.1	27.50	8.1	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	14.11	37.6	14.11	37.6	_	-
Cashiers	8.76	4.7	8.46	4.8	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	14.47	2.1	14.68	2.5	\$13.42	2.1
1	8.67	3.1	-	_	_	_
2	10.66	5.3	10.72	7.1	10.47	3.8
3	11.83	3.0	11.90	3.4	11.40	2.3
4	13.59	2.6	13.59	3.2	13.59	2.7
5	15.48	1.6	15.70	1.9	14.45	2.2
6	17.41	10.2	17.56	11.3	16.03	8.7
7	20.41	4.5	21.30	4.1	15.76	5.8
Not able to be leveled	14.86	6.3	14.86	6.4	_	_
Supervisors, general office	23.23	3.4	23.51	3.4	_	_
7	22.73	3.7	_	_	-	_
Computer operators	16.18 15.41	2.0 3.1	_ 15.75	4.1	- 14.57	3.1
3	10.88	5.1	13.73	4.1	11.43	4.2
4	15.38	5.8	15.58	6.8	14.46	4.5
5	16.00	3.3	16.79	4.0	14.45	3.9
6	17.29	5.0	17.10	2.2	17.65	13.6
7	16.64	6.3	_		_	-
Interviewers	12.69	3.4	_	_	_	_
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	12.72	6.8	12.72	6.8	_	_
Receptionists	11.45	5.7	11.55	5.8	_	_
3	11.60	6.2	11.60	6.2	_	-
Information clerks, n.e.c	14.91	2.6	-	_	_	-
Order clerks	15.52	7.5	15.52	7.5	-	-
Library clerks	10.37	6.8	-	_	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.71	4.7	11.57	4.3	14.03	5.2
4	13.57	6.8	-	_	_	_
5	12.96	7.4	_			<u> </u>
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.44	3.3	14.74	4.1	13.44	4.7
4	13.98	5.3	13.80	6.2	_	_
5	16.01	6.1	16.34	7.5	12.00	- 6.4
Dispatchers	15.61	9.8	12.20	11.7	13.68	6.1
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.28	11.7	13.28	11.7	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.96 12.71	6.3 8.5	14.18 12.71	6.8 8.5	_	-
3 Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.71	3.7	12.71	4.6	_	_
4	12.54	6.0	12.31	4.0	_	I -
	12.50	0.0	_	_		I
	13 00	21	12 25	27	12 02	1 16
General office clerks	13.00 11.49	3.1 6.0	13.25 11.74	3.7 7.4	12.08 10.53	4.6 6.0

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

Occupation and lovel	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued	#40.00	40.0	640.00	40.0		
Bank tellers Data entry keyers	\$13.33	13.2 6.1	\$13.33	13.2	_	_
Teachers' aides	13.67 10.27	6.0	_	_	\$10.37	5.8
2	10.27	6.1	_	_	10.34	6.1
Administrative support, n.e.c.	14.41	4.6	14.44	4.7	-	-
5	15.50	3.5	15.47	3.6	-	_
					4=00	
lue collar	14.64	4.4	14.58	4.7	15.36	4.1
1	9.17	3.4	9.17	3.4	11.50	
3	10.40 13.38	4.2 4.6	10.37 13.37	4.3 4.9	11.52 13.61	4.8 3.9
4	16.10	12.9	16.32	13.1	12.16	12.4
5	14.51	3.1	16.32	3.4	12.16	2.8
6	16.09	2.7	15.94	3.4	16.53	5.2
7	21.28	5.3	21.63	5.8	18.93	4.5
8	22.74	5.8	22.93	6.1	-	_
9	23.32	3.3	23.20	3.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	18.66	6.4	18.66	6.4	_	_
Province production creft and repair	17.00	F 2	17 00	5.0	17 20	2.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.80 9.42	5.2 5.3	17.88	5.9	17.28	3.4
2	10.26	1.0	10.26	1.0	_	_
3	10.20	5.8	10.20	4.7	_	_
4	12.78	4.7	12.71	4.7	_	_
5	14.19	5.2	14.27	6.5	13.90	3.6
6	16.72	2.9	16.76	3.4	16.67	5.2
7	22.47	5.3	23.17	5.4	18.96	4.6
8	23.10	5.7	23.33	6.0	_	_
9	23.41	2.9	23.26	2.9	_	-
Not able to be leveled	19.61	5.5	19.61	5.5	_	_
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	22.90	3.1	23.47	3.7	_	-
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.65	5.7			_	-
Industrial machinery repairers	17.17	4.9	17.31	5.0	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	22.24	14.4	_	_	15.06	5.0
Construction trades, n.e.c.	15.01	4.2	-	-	15.20	5.9
Supervisors, production	21.24	4.7 5.7	21.24	4.8	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	19.04	_	19.04	5.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers Butchers and meat cutters	10.83 11.15	2.3 12.8	10.83 11.15	2.3 12.8	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	19.55	6.8	19.55	6.8	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12.68	3.4	12.68	3.4	_	_
1	8.61	6.2	8.61	6.2	_	_
2	10.36	5.9	10.36	5.9	_	_
3 4	14.22 12.82	5.8 4.3	14.22 12.82	5.8 4.3	_	_
5	14.61	5.4	14.61	5.4		_
7	17.22	6.4	17.22	6.4	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	11.79	10.4	11.79	10.4	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.50	3.1	11.50	3.1	_	_
Slicing and cutting machine operators	11.05	17.3	11.05	17.3	_	-
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	11.07	8.3	11.07	8.3	-	-
4	11.92	6.4	11.92	6.4	_	-
Welders and cutters	15.16	6.6	15.16	6.6	-	-
Assemblers	13.99	5.4	13.99	5.4	-	-
1	9.33	6.7	9.33	6.7	_	_
2	11.27	7.7	11.27	7.7	_	_
3	17.69	7.8 6.5	17.69 11.81	7.8 6.5	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examinors						
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.81	0.0	11.01	0.0		

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
Blue collar –Continued						
Transportation and material moving –Continued						
3	\$16.11	7.7	\$16.76	8.2	\$14.01	4.7
4	18.76	13.2	19.07	13.2	13.98	2.8
5	15.52	4.2	15.67	4.8	14.15	4.5
_ 6	15.49	9.3				
Truck drivers	16.28	4.7	16.57	5.0	13.51	5.3
3	16.60	11.6	_		13.65	7.8
4	16.42	4.2	16.60	4.5	-	_
Bus drivers	14.17	5.6	-	- 10.4	13.96	3.0
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.98	10.8	15.11	12.4	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.97	6.2	10.99	6.4	10.26	10.3
1	9.31	4.3	9.31	4.3	-	_
2	9.56	3.3	9.49	3.5	_	-
3	11.03	3.9	11.02	4.0	_	_
4	15.66	18.7	16.61	18.0	_	-
5	12.13	6.5	_	-	_	_
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	17.08	16.0	_		-	_
Production helpers	9.60	7.7	9.60	7.7	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	10.42 8.07	4.8 5.4	10.42	4.8 5.4	_	_
3	9.88	5.4	8.07 9.88	5.4	_	_
	13.32	19.9	13.72	20.3	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.62	11.3	10.62	11.3	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	9.44	7.2	9.36	7.6	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	9.29	8.0	9.29	8.0	_	_
and a	44.57		0.00	0.4	45.04	0.4
Service	11.57 7.56	5.5 6.2	9.86 7.45	8.1 6.8	15.61 8.87	3.1 6.1
2	8.69	2.9	8.40	3.0	9.68	4.9
3	9.22	4.7	8.35	6.4	11.08	2.8
4	11.77	6.9	11.36	9.1	12.91	3.0
5	20.51	19.8	_	_	15.89	4.7
6	14.19	18.3	12.06	26.9	17.61	7.1
7	18.95	5.1	_	-	20.21	3.0
8	19.23	5.9	_	-	20.84	4.8
9	26.26	4.6	_	-	26.26	4.6
10	28.80	6.8			26.65	4.4
Protective service	15.71	7.9	11.21	10.0	19.95	2.5
4	12.81	7.6	_	-	13.87	2.1
5	14.47 18.39	3.0 4.4	_	_	14.89 18.72	1.6
6 7	20.21	3.0	_	-	20.21	5.8 3.0
8	20.52	5.2	_	-	21.01	4.9
9	26.26	4.6	_	_	26.26	4.6
10	28.80	6.8	_	_	26.65	4.4
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	22.44	7.5	_	_	22.44	7.5
Supervisors, police and detectives	29.89	3.6	_	_	29.89	3.6
Supervisors, guards	20.02	24.0	_	_	_	_
Firefighting	18.33	4.1	_	_	18.33	4.1
7	17.76	3.7	_	-	17.76	3.7
Police and detectives, public service	22.58	2.2	_	-	22.58	2.2
7	22.01	2.4	-	-	22.01	2.4
Correctional institution officers	14.77	1.6	10.47	-	14.77	1.6
Guards and police, except public service	10.53 8.30	8.2	10.47 7.86	8.3 10.9	_ 10.80	10.3
1	8.30 6.44	9.3 5.9	7.86 6.13	5.2	9.26	8.2
2	8.13	4.5	7.81	5.2	9.20 8.97	3.3
3	7.20	9.4	6.59	10.6	-	
4	9.17	12.0	8.55	14.0	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.33	13.2	5.33	13.2	_	_
Other food service	9.06	8.9	8.67	11.1	10.80	10.3
1	6.92	4.2	6.58	3.0	9.26	8.2

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service -Continued						
Food service –Continued						
Other food service –Continued						
2	\$8.13	4.5	\$7.81	5.2	\$8.97	3.3
3	8.13	8.0	7.59	8.2	Ψο.σ,	- 0.0
4	10.33	6.2			_	_
Supervisors, food preparation and service	16.02	3.8		_		
Cooks	7.76	8.8	7.42	9.6	9.11	4.0
2	8.72	3.4	7.42	3.0	3.11	4.0
	6.93	4.5	_	_	_	_
Food counter, fountain, and related		1	_	_	_	_
1	6.92	4.9		_	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.72	2.6	8.59	2.9	_	_
1	7.64	4.1	7.51	4.9	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.32	4.1	6.79	2.9	9.50	5.5
1	6.87	6.0	6.46	2.9	-	-
2	7.86	5.6	_	_	-	_
Health service	9.68	2.4	9.45	2.6	12.36	5.0
2	9.00	4.0	8.92	4.0	-	_
3	9.66	2.1	9.62	2.2	_	_
4	11.48	5.8	_	_	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.93	6.3	10.39	7.1	–	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.32	2.8	9.28	2.8	–	_
2	8.94	4.2	8.88	4.2	_	_
3	9.57	2.7	9.57	2.7	_	_
Cleaning and building service	10.08	6.1	9.23	6.7	11.77	8.2
1	7.47	4.7	7.34	5.0	8.42	4.1
2	8.87	7.1	_	_	9.73	11.3
3	11.32	3.9	_	_	11.38	4.0
Maids and housemen	7.17	5.8	7.17	5.8		_
1	6.85	4.8	6.85	4.8	l _	_
Janitors and cleaners	9.57	6.4	9.11	8.9	10.43	5.2
1	7.59	5.5	7.46	6.1	8.42	4.1
2	9.85	8.2	'0	0.1	9.73	11.3
3	11.32	3.9	_	l _	11.38	4.0
Personal service	17.75	28.2	21.92	32.7	11.30	3.4
	_	_	21.32	32.1	11.32	3.4
2	9.57	8.0	_	_	_	_
3	9.07	10.8	_	_	10.00	2.7
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.25	5.4	_	_	10.82	2.7

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval".

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
=	\$10.46	9.8	\$10.31	10.5	\$12.98	8.9
All excluding sales	11.15	12.0	11.01	13.0	12.98	8.9
White collar	13.14	13.9	12.85	14.9	18.88	10.5
1	7.05	2.7	7.05	2.7	-	-
2	8.52	5.0	8.53	5.0	_	_
3	9.79	5.5	9.81	5.7	9.45	7.1
4	11.02	11.7	11.11	12.2	_	_
5	14.45	26.8	_	_	_	_
7	17.59	10.2	17.91	10.5	_	_
8	23.05	4.0	23.02	4.2	_	_
9	23.26	7.7		l		
White collar excluding sales	18.47	17.7	18.43	19.7	18.88	10.5
2	9.80	3.4	9.84	3.3		
3	10.01	2.6	10.11	2.7	9.45	7.1
4 5	10.93 20.71	12.6 9.9	11.02	13.2	_	_
7	17.59	10.2	- 17.91	10.5	_	I -
8	23.05	4.0	23.02	4.2		
9	23.26	7.7	-	-	_	_
Professional specialty and technical	27.53	17.8	27.97	19.8	24.41	7.5
Professional specialty	29.16	19.1	30.00	21.4	24.41	7.5
7	18.66	11.7	19.13	12.4		_
8	23.05	4.0	23.02	4.2	_	_
9	23.26	7.7	_	_	_	_
Health related	33.12	20.2	33.29	20.4	_	_
8	23.09	4.1	23.02	4.2	_	_
Registered nurses	24.71	5.3	24.71	5.4	_	_
8	23.49	2.9	23.43	3.1	_	_
Teachers, college and university	28.95	6.5	_	_	28.95	6.5
Other post-secondary teachers Teachers, except college and university	28.95 15.80	6.5 13.3	23.41	24.4	28.95 14.18	6.5 15.1
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	-	_ _	-	_ _	_
Technical	-	-	_	-	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	- -
Sales	8.23	5.0	8.23	5.0	_	_
1	7.00	2.6	7.00	2.6	_	_
2	7.83	2.9	7.83	2.9	_	_
3	9.67	8.3	9.67	8.3	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	7.74	2.9	7.74	2.9	_	_
Cashiers	7.71	3.5	7.71	3.5	_	-
1	7.12	2.9	7.12	2.9	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	9.72	4.1	9.61	4.3	10.96	11.6
2	9.80	3.4	9.84	3.3		-
3	10.02	2.6	10.11	2.7	9.50	7.4
4 General office clerks	9.73 8.13	11.2 5.5	9.76 8.10	11.9 5.5	_	_
Blue collar	8.27	4.6	8.21	4.7	_	_
1 2	7.02 9.24	3.2 3.9	7.02 9.21	3.2 3.9	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	8.96	12.9	8.79	13.9	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.02 7.18	3.5 2.6	8.02 7.18	3.5 2.6	_	_
I					_	-
2	9.73	5.2	9.73	5.2		

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Stock handlers and baggers	\$7.17	5.2	\$7.17	5.2	_	_
1	6.53	2.7	6.53	2.7	_	_
Service	8.12	19.0	8.08	21.0	\$8.52	4.5
1	5.72	5.1	5.64	5.4	7.35	5.2
2	7.70	12.1	7.59	14.8	8.22	4.2
3	9.21	9.7	9.28	13.6	_	_
Protective service	8.49	6.3	_	_	_	_
Food service	5.73	8.4	5.39	10.5	7.77	3.9
1	5.51	11.7	5.39	13.1	_	_
2	6.20	9.4	_	_	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.66	12.9	3.66	12.9	_	_
1	3.50	16.1	3.50	16.1	_	_
Other food service	6.91	3.4	6.66	3.7	7.77	3.9
1	6.79	2.8	_	-	l –	_
2	7.06	10.3	_	-	_	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.69	6.4	_	-	l –	_
1	7.59	9.1	_	-	l –	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.74	7.2	_	l –	8.14	3.9
Health service	10.36	6.5	10.41	7.4		_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.41	8.1	10.50	9.5	_	_
Cleaning and building service	6.09	8.3	6.04	8.1	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	6.09	8.3	6.04	8.1	_	_
Personal service	14.63	47.9	14.78	48.4	_	_
3	8.02	5.6		-	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.11	8.9	7.11	8.9	_	_

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Leach occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a control of the control of

worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

		Private indu	ustry and Sta	ate and local (government	
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵
	Workers3 Workers3 Union* Nonunion* Times					
All occupations All excluding sales						\$17.15 16.52
White collar		-	-			19.84 29.94
Professional specialty and technical	28.89 27.39	29.16	- - -	28.90 19.26	28.85 26.90	- - -
Executive, administrative, and managerial	18.92		- - 17.78	16.12	14.82	30.97 17.98 –
Blue collar	17.80 12.68 17.31	- - 8.96	22.60 15.54 20.75	15.83 11.85 14.11	17.67 12.60 16.90	14.11 - 13.10 15.33 9.78
Service	11.57	8.12	21.62	10.40	10.94	-
			Relative er	ror ⁶ (percent)		
All occupations All excluding sales						11.3 8.5
White collar						17.3 11.1
Professional specialty and technical	2.2 24.8 3.9 11.4	19.1 - - 5.0	- - - -	2.2 3.3 3.9 10.9	2.2 24.7 3.9 10.2	- - 13.5 20.8
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.2 3.4 8.9					8.8 - 6.3 9.3 13.2
Service	5.5	19.0	31.8	4.1	5.3	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

information. 3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined unlocal collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses. 6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	s-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				
All occupations		\$18.83 18.38	- -	_ _	\$18.53 18.41	_ _	\$24.92 24.99	_ _	_ _	- -
White collar		27.55 27.05	- -	_ _	27.19 27.16	_ _	28.49 28.71	_ _	_ _	- -
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	29.00	29.77 33.71	- -	_ _	29.81 33.58	- -	55.24 27.54	_ _	_ _	- -
Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales	30.50	20.19 33.23 33.36	- - -	_ _ _	20.13 34.12 28.29	_ _ _	30.69 -	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Administrative support, including clerical	14.38	15.45	-	-	14.99	-	15.34	_	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.88 12.65	13.55 16.39 12.95 14.77	- - -	- - -	13.58 16.34 12.95 14.40	- - -	18.94 23.81 – 16.45	- - -	- - -	- - -
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		10.37	_	_	10.46	_	-	_	_	_
Service	9.53	12.53	_	_	11.57	-	_	_	_	_
					Relative	e error ⁵ (percent)	1		<u></u>
All occupations	3.3	4.1	_	_	3.2	_	12.6	_	_	_
All excluding sales		3.3	_	_	3.2	-	12.8	-	-	-
White collar		3.9 3.2	_ _	_ _	3.3 3.4	_ _	20.3 20.7	-	_ _	- -
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	3.5	3.9 3.1 6.0	_ _	_ _	3.9 3.1 6.3	_ _	42.4 4.2	- -	- - -	- -
Executive, administrative, and managerial	4.4 10.6	6.2 19.7 5.3	_ _ _	_ _ _	6.6 10.7 5.2	_ _ _	10.7 - 6.3	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _
Blue collar		2.8		_	2.7		6.9			-
Precision production, craft, and repair	5.9 3.4	5.1 3.5 8.3	- - -	- - -	5.1 3.5 13.9	- - -	5.4 - 6.0	- - -	- - -	- - -
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.6	4.6	_	_	5.9	_	_	_	_	-
Service	7.4	12.8	_	_	13.6	_	_	_	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

⁴ Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers	
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore
Оссирацина диир	industry workers	50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more
			Mean		
All occupations	\$18.15 18.34	\$14.41 14.45	\$19.14 19.38	\$15.87 15.62	\$22.35 22.83
White collar	22.78 24.03	20.40 22.26	23.16 24.28	20.04 20.81	25.11 26.03
· ·					
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	28.90 29.00 28.66	28.44 32.39 20.41	28.98 28.47 30.29	22.36 23.85 19.51	31.16 29.81 34.95
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.50 16.09 14.38	28.24 13.95 13.68	30.68 16.61 14.50	29.56 17.79 14.20	31.28 14.17 14.71
,					
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving	17.88 12.65	13.43 21.37 11.08 15.72	14.36 17.13 13.08 17.19	13.78 15.59 12.29 17.42	15.36 18.47 14.59 16.26
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.44	10.07	10.62	10.66	10.54
Service	9.53	8.36	10.41	8.50	15.09
		Relat	ive error ⁴ (p	ercent)	
All occupations	3.3 3.4	8.0 8.4	3.6 3.7	5.5 5.3	5.1 5.3
White collar	4.0 4.2	10.7 10.7	4.4 4.6	5.6 4.7	6.1 6.2
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales	3.5 26.5 4.4 10.6	13.9 14.4 7.5 16.0 22.3	9.1 2.7 29.7 4.6 12.1	4.5 4.2 10.0 8.5 15.7	11.1 3.2 35.7 5.4 10.2
Administrative support, including clerical	2.5	11.6	2.3	3.8	2.9
Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.7 5.9 3.4 10.0 5.6	8.2 7.6 4.9 8.2 4.1	5.5 6.6 4.0 12.0 7.9	8.4 5.8 5.0 14.0 11.7	6.3 10.2 6.8 15.5 4.6
Service	7.4	9.5	10.5	5.6	22.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$7.84	\$10.47	\$15.31	\$24.39	\$32.44
All excluding sales	8.02	10.55	15.48	24.66	32.44
Vhite collar	10.38	13.94	20.30	28.40	38.67
White collar excluding sales	11.62	14.67	21.56	29.01	38.67
Professional specialty and technical	15.73	20.61	26.59	31.14	39.48
Professional specialty	18.37	22.39	27.93	32.50	40.01
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	22.94	27.96	31.99	36.02	44.65
Electrical and electronic engineers	26.40	29.35	31.99	33.63	52.66
Engineers, n.e.c.	24.34	28.09	34.87	39.68	42.69
Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts and scientists	18.37 16.14	28.27 28.49	33.46 33.89	38.94 38.94	47.35 47.35
Natural scientists	-		-	-	-
Health related	17.84	20.64	22.39	25.49	34.06
Registered nurses	19.22	21.45	22.39	24.82	27.42
Pharmacists	16.44	16.44	35.70	36.27	38.16
Teachers, college and university	22.75	27.73	35.90	50.16	60.61
Other post-secondary teachers	22.75	27.73	37.32	43.40	50.69
Teachers, except college and university	22.28	25.96	27.73	30.13	30.81
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	19.43	19.43	26.61	28.59	28.86
Elementary school teachers	22.55	25.96	27.29	30.47	30.81
Secondary school teachers Teachers, special education	24.66 25.41	26.90 27.93	27.97 29.79	29.67 30.13	31.14 30.13
Teachers, n.e.c.	16.67	24.87	29.79	28.14	28.14
Vocational and educational counselors	12.10	16.12	29.32	36.81	41.85
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.92	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98
Librarians	20.92	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98
Social scientists and urban planners	20.96	20.96	26.38	32.90	33.75
Psychologists	15.73	26.38	29.01	32.90	38.39
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.15	15.48	16.00	18.48	27.89
Social workers	13.15	16.00	16.92	20.46	27.89
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	40.00	45.50	20.00	26.76	24.7/
professionals, n.e.c	12.28 10.68	15.50 12.28	20.89 16.35	26.76 26.76	31.74 49.71
Technical	13.49	15.40	18.99	23.94	29.73
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	13.29	17.31	17.98	20.08	24.44
Radiological technicians	18.17	19.19	20.26	20.95	25.43
Licensed practical nurses	14.32	15.16	16.60	18.99	22.00
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	9.51	11.24	14.42	14.42	18.79
Electrical and electronic technicians	17.02	17.71	20.65	23.85	24.18
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	12.98	14.84	15.41	25.14	25.14
Drafters	17.77	17.90	20.99	23.94	23.94
Computer programmers	15.35	23.70	26.21	28.61	30.07
Technical and related, n.e.c.	10.52	13.49	13.49	15.51	16.91
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.59	21.18	27.07	38.06	46.54
Executives, administrators, and managers	17.07	26.38	34.11	45.10	54.02
Administrators and officials, public administration	16.59	16.59	27.38	29.43	35.97
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	26.44	27.50	37.67	53.05	72.12
relations	22.94	42.55	45.10	45.19	49.92
Administrators, education and related fields Managers, medicine and health	17.33 20.81	23.20 26.90	36.37 52.80	41.97 52.80	43.26 63.95
Managers, food servicing and lodging	∠∪.61	20.90	32.80	52.80	03.98
establishments	8.50	11.44	13.17	14.63	17.07
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	23.92	28.40	35.13	46.30	54.53
Management related	15.70	18.73	25.13	27.80	38.67
Accountants and auditors	17.39	18.24	23.84	26.19	34.28
Other financial officers	16.35	16.76	20.64	27.07	27.07
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	13.00	22.51	22.53	28.37	36.48
Inspectors and compliance officers, except					
construction	20.58	20.58	21.23	26.31	33.34
Management related, n.e.c	13.95	17.58	27.80	38.67	38.67
Sales	7.41	8.85	11.68	19.36	
Sales Supervisors, sales Securities and financial services sales	7.41 11.94 15.31	8.85 14.50 16.00	11.68 16.83 16.11	19.36 24.04 17.95	32.68 36.63 18.25

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	0 11					
	ar –Continued					
	Continued sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,					
	and wholesale	\$19.40	\$19.40	\$22.36	\$41.81	\$43.27
S	alles workers, other commodities	7.41	7.41	8.10	9.47	11.02
	Cashiers	6.50	6.94	7.81	8.92	9.73
Adminis	trative support, including clerical	9.28	11.50	13.78	15.98	20.15
	upervisors, general office	18.74	22.28	23.30	25.39	26.40
	Computer operators	15.41	15.41	15.88	15.88	17.07
S	ecretaries	11.75	13.63	14.99	17.06	18.85
	nterviewers	11.93	11.93	13.00	13.00	14.65
	ransportation ticket and reservation agents	8.25	12.74	12.74	14.38	15.33
	Leceptionists	9.00	10.00	10.70	11.62	15.00
	nformation clerks, n.e.c.	9.08	10.72	14.42	15.35	16.16
	Order clerks	10.53	13.48	14.97	18.54	20.15
	ersonnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	10.45	10.45	14.66	14.66	17.87
	ibrary clerkslecords clerks, n.e.c.	8.60 10.59	8.60 11.50	10.83 12.68	11.17 14.67	11.48 16.09
	lookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	10.59	12.12	13.64	15.98	19.39
	Dispatchers	11.69	12.00	15.03	16.61	26.60
	raffic, shipping and receiving clerks	8.44	10.12	11.15	15.03	21.6
	tock and inventory clerks	9.90	11.72	14.00	16.29	16.29
	nvestigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.27	11.80	13.55	13.78	13.78
	Seneral office clerks	7.71	10.25	12.93	13.89	15.82
В	ank tellers	9.23	9.80	9.80	18.40	18.40
	ata entry keyers	10.24	12.24	12.58	16.16	16.16
Т	eachers' aides	7.50	8.62	10.21	12.06	12.06
Α	dministrative support, n.e.c	9.55	12.39	14.51	16.85	17.62
lue colla	·	8.12	9.97	12.88	17.40	24.39
Precisio	n production, craft, and repair	10.15	12.33	17.40	22.83	25.79
	supervisors, mechanics and repairers	20.92	21.30	21.93	24.13	25.79
В	us, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	13.00	15.05	16.46	18.82	20.06
li I	ndustrial machinery repairers	14.90	14.90	16.60	18.34	20.42
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	15.36	15.59	28.13	28.13	28.13
	Construction trades, n.e.c.	9.39	13.86	14.14	18.89	19.77
	upervisors, production	17.08	18.06	22.83	24.56	24.76
	recision assemblers, metal	14.74	17.68	20.10	21.03	21.7
	electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	9.67	9.97	10.41	11.05	13.17
	sutchers and meat cuttersnspectors, testers, and graders	8.19 13.06	8.19 14.32	11.22 21.16	12.96 22.72	15.63 24.13
Machine	operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.37	9.50	11.75	14.41	18.32
	abricating machine operators, n.e.c.	8.37	10.17	11.73	13.99	14.14
	ackaging and filling machine operators	9.21	9.21	10.23	13.13	15.94
	licing and cutting machine operators	5.37	6.70	11.36	14.88	15.30
	liscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	6.86	9.05	11.69	13.69	14.4
	Velders and cutters	10.77	13.25	16.08	16.22	17.60
	ssemblers	8.77	10.22	13.31	15.02	24.42
F	roduction inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.41	10.30	11.68	13.46	15.77
	rtation and material moving	11.00	13.01	15.26	19.87	24.68
	ruck drivers	12.19	14.74	15.26	18.00	19.87
	us drivers	11.68	11.68	13.02	15.16	17.63
II	ndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	11.00	12.81	14.32	18.77	18.77
	s, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.00	8.28	9.97	11.26	13.54
	Froundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.48	11.68	13.46	22.06	22.06
	roduction helpers	7.36	9.00	9.00	11.06	13.85
	tock handlers and baggers	6.18	6.90	9.93	10.99	12.68
	reight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	7.16	9.16	10.90	15.07	25.10
	land packers and packagers	6.93	7.46	11.48	12.25	13.54
L	aborers, except construction, n.e.c	7.10	7.50	7.75	9.50	11.40
		5.75	6.79	9.03	12.20	18.94
ervice		5.75	0.79	9.03	12.39	10.5

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention Supervisors, police and detectives Supervisors, guards Firefighting Police and detectives, public service Correctional institution officers Guards and police, except public service Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders Waiters and waitresses Waiters'Waitresses' assistants	25.24 11.52 13.79 18.27 14.31 7.47 4.18 2.13 2.13 5.15	\$18.28 25.73 11.52 16.11 21.26 14.55 8.33 6.00 3.69 3.09 5.34	\$23.49 31.28 18.54 18.01 22.80 14.79 10.24 6.87 5.00 3.95 6.50	\$26.03 32.50 34.34 20.12 23.87 14.79 10.53 8.85 6.50 4.18 7.21	\$29.88 33.70 34.34 22.89 26.37 15.55 13.95 12.47 7.21 5.00 7.21
Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks	12.47	6.53 16.11 6.43	7.49 16.19 8.21	9.22 16.19 8.87	16.11 20.61 9.82
Kitchen workers, food preparationFood preparation, n.e.c.	6.80	7.98 6.00	8.87 6.71	9.18 7.63	9.58 9.22
Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service	9.25 7.41	8.81 9.52 8.56 6.30	9.52 10.17 9.30 8.04	10.26 10.44 10.00 10.80	12.21 14.44 11.80 16.00
Maids and housemen	5.48 5.96	6.31 6.25 7.12 7.71	6.79 8.01 11.19 9.07	8.04 10.55 20.58 11.19	8.04 12.39 41.87 11.60

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays,

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

more information.

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

	Private industry							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
	\$7.50	\$10.00	\$14.74	\$22.69	\$33.2			
All excluding sales	7.50	10.15	14.84	23.12	33.21			
White collar	9.90	13.59	18.74	27.59	38.97			
White collar excluding sales	11.41	14.44	20.58	28.49	39.68			
Professional specialty and technical	15.35	19.11	24.18	33.17	42.69			
Professional specialty	17.21	21.56	27.92	35.14	44.04			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	22.94	27.96	31.99	36.56	44.65			
Electrical and electronic engineers	26.40 24.34	29.35	31.99	33.63	52.66			
Engineers, n.e.c.		28.78 28.49	34.87	39.68 38.94	42.69 47.35			
Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts and scientists	19.26 16.14	28.49	33.73 33.89	38.94	47.35			
Health related	18.32	20.49	22.36	25.18	34.06			
Registered nurses	19.11	20.63	22.39	24.66	27.00			
Teachers, college and university	-	21.45	22.39	24.00	27.00			
Teachers, except college and university	14.42	19.26	19.64	24.66	32.14			
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	15.15	22.07	24.08	29.66	42.32			
Secondary school teachers	19.26	23.86	29.29	35.73	41.01			
Teachers, n.e.c.	15.21	15.21	17.50	32.14	32.14			
Librarians, archivists, and curators	-	- 10.21	- 17.50	- 02.14	- 02.15			
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.00	15.48	15.91	18.48	27.89			
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and								
professionals, n.e.c.	12.28	15.50	20.89	26.76	27.92			
Designers	10.68	12.28	16.35	26.76	49.71			
Technical	13.49	16.44	19.51	23.94	30.70			
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	17.31	17.41	18.60	20.08	24.44			
Licensed practical nurses	14.84	15.33	16.60	18.99	22.00			
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	9.51	11.24	14.42	14.42	17.01			
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.84	17.71	20.65	23.94	24.18			
Drafters	17.77	17.90	20.99	23.94	23.94			
Computer programmers	15.35	25.08	26.21	28.61	30.07			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.59	20.74	26.73	38.67	46.73			
Executives, administrators, and managers	16.59	26.44	34.56	45.19	54.02			
Financial managers	26.44	27.50	37.67	53.85	72.12			
relations	22.94	42.55	45.10	45.19	49.92			
Administrators, education and related fields	17.33	17.33	17.33	23.20	38.36			
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	23.92	28.40	35.26	46.30	54.53			
Management related	16.35 17.39	18.73 18.24	25.55 23.84	27.73 26.19	38.67 34.28			
Accountants and auditors			23.64	28.37				
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	13.00 13.95	22.51 15.70	27.61	38.67	36.48 38.67			
Sales	7.41 11.94	8.65 14.50	11.68 16.83	19.40 24.04	32.68 36.63			
Supervisors, sales Securities and financial services sales	15.31	16.00	16.83	24.04 17.95	18.25			
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	10.01	10.00	'0.11	17.35	10.20			
and wholesale	19.40	19.40	22.36	41.81	43.27			
Sales workers, other commodities	7.41	7.41	8.10	9.47	11.02			
Cashiers	6.50	6.94	7.81	8.92	9.43			
Administrative support, including clerical	9.04	11.50	13.94	16.16	21.60			
Supervisors, general office	19.71	22.28	23.30	25.39	26.40			
Secretaries	11.90	14.04	15.95	17.19	18.85			
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	8.25	12.74	12.74	14.38	15.33			
Receptionists	9.00	10.00	11.00	11.62	15.00			
Order clerks	10.53	13.48	14.97	18.54	20.15			
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	10.45	10.45	14.66	14.66	17.87			
Records clerks, n.e.c.	9.43	10.85	11.50	12.68	12.68			
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	10.97	12.85	13.70	16.26	19.39			
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	8.44	10.12	11.15	15.03	21.65			
Stock and inventory clerks	9.90	10.38	14.90	16.29	16.29			
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	8.59	11.80	13.35	13.78	13.78			
General office clerks	7.71	10.25	12.93 9.80	13.89	15.82			
Bank tellers	9.23	9.80		18.40	18.40			

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

White collar –Continued Administrative support, including clerical –Continued Data entry keyers	Private industry							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
White collar –Continued								
Administrative support including clerical -Continued								
	\$10.24	\$12.58	\$12.58	\$16.16	\$17.08			
Administrative support, n.e.c.	9.55	12.39	14.51	16.85	17.62			
Blue collar	8.03	9.84	12.46	17.16	24.42			
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.06	11.70	17.40	24.04	26.16			
	20.92	21.30	24.04	25.79	25.79			
	14.90	14.90	16.60	19.03	20.42			
		18.06	22.83	24.56	24.76			
	14.74	17.68	20.10	21.03	21.71			
	9.67	9.97	10.41	11.05	13.17			
	8.19	8.19	11.22	12.96	15.63			
	13.06	14.32	21.16	22.72	24.13			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.37	9.50	11.75	14.41	18.32			
		10.17	11.31	13.99	14.14			
	9.21	9.21	10.23	13.13	15.94			
	5.37	6.70	11.36	14.88	15.30			
	6.86	9.05	11.69	13.69	14.41			
	10.77	13.25	16.08	16.22	17.60			
	8.77	10.22	13.31	15.02	24.42			
	8.41	10.30	11.68	13.46	15.77			
Transportation and material moving	10.37	13.02	16.00	19.92	24.68			
	12.19	14.74	16.00	19.87	19.87			
industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	8.25	12.81	14.16	18.77	18.77			
	7.00	8.28	9.97	11.26	13.54			
	7.36	9.00	9.00	11.06	13.85			
55	6.18	6.90	9.93	10.99	12.68			
	7.16	9.50	10.90	15.07	25.10			
	6.93	7.46 7.50	11.48	12.25 9.50	13.54 11.40			
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.10	7.50	7.75	9.50	11.40			
	5.54	6.44	7.98	10.24	16.11			
	7.47	8.72	10.24	10.53	13.95			
		8.33	10.24	10.53	13.95			
	4.18	5.87	6.68	7.62	12.47			
	2.13	3.69	5.00	6.50	7.21			
	2.13	3.09	3.95	4.18	5.00			
	5.15	5.34	6.50	7.21	7.21			
	5.87	6.43	6.87	8.87	16.19			
	5.75	6.43	6.60	8.87	8.91			
	6.80	8.61	8.87	9.18	9.23			
		6.00	6.53	7.49	7.58			
	8.04	8.78	9.30	10.00	12.05			
		9.52	9.88	10.26	14.44			
		8.56	9.22	10.00	11.00			
Cleaning and building service	5.48	6.25	7.00	9.59	12.36			
Maids and housemen		6.31	6.79	8.04	8.04			
Janitors and cleaners	5.48	5.54	6.66	9.59	11.51			
Personal service	5.96	6.03	8.95	41.87	41.87			
Early childhood teachers' assistants	5.68	6.50	8.06	8.06	8.95			

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in complete osciplishment in the whose average wages are the same or less sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays,

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

Mite collar White collar specialty and technical Professional specialty and surveyors Mathematical and computer scientists Natural scientists Health related Registered nurses Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary teachers Teachers, except college and university Prekindergarten and kindergarten Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers Teachers, special education Vocational and educational counselors Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians Social scientists and urban planners Psychologists Social, recreation, and religious workers Social workers Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c. Technical Engineering technicians, n.e.c. Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and dranagers Administrators and officials, public administration Administrators, education and related fields Management related Management related, n.e.c. Sales Administrative support, including clerical Secretaries Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c. Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Dispatchers General office clerks Teachers' aides Iue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. Construction trades, n.e.c.	State and local government							
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
NII	\$10.67	\$13.54	\$20.24	\$27.73	\$31.28			
All excluding sales	10.68	13.54	20.26	27.82	31.32			
White collar	12.22 12.24	15.43 15.56	26.06 26.12	29.79 29.79	33.98 33.98			
Professional specialty and technical	17.97 20.99	24.83 25.64	27.65 27.93	30.47 30.81	33.98 33.98			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	-	25.04	-	-	-			
Mathematical and computer scientists	-	_	_	_	_			
	- 10.44	19.32	22.47	_ 07.40	- 20.46			
	16.44 19.32	19.32	24.73	27.42 27.42	38.16 39.85			
	24.44	27.73	37.32	48.19	64.57			
	22.75	27.73	33.61	43.40	50.69			
Teachers, except college and university	23.97	26.40	27.95	30.13	30.81			
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	19.43	19.43	26.66	28.59	28.86			
	24.64	26.22	27.29	30.65	30.81			
	25.03	26.90	27.97	29.67	31.14			
	25.41 16.12	27.93 21.02	29.79 30.29	30.13 37.51	30.13 41.85			
	22.24	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98			
	22.24	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98			
Social scientists and urban planners	26.38	28.28	32.90	33.27	38.39			
Psychologists	26.38	28.28	32.90	33.27	38.39			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.15	14.98	16.55	17.33	20.46			
	13.15	14.98	16.55	17.33	20.46			
, , ,	_	_	_	_	_			
	_	_	_	_	_			
	13.29	13.76	15.41	20.26	25.14			
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	12.98	15.41	15.41	25.14	25.14			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.76	21.23	27.38	36.37	46.47			
	22.57	25.96	31.15	41.97	46.70			
	24.37 22.57	27.38 25.96	27.38 37.78	32.44 41.97	42.99 43.26			
	22.96	28.26	29.01	37.11	37.55			
	13.17	18.01	21.23	28.83	31.68			
Management related, n.e.c.	13.47	22.04	31.68	31.68	31.68			
Sales	-	_	_	_	_			
Administrative support, including clerical	9.82	11.63	13.26	14.93	16.39			
Secretaries	11.28	12.64	14.24	15.43	17.77			
Library clerks	8.67	9.16	10.83	10.83	15.45			
Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.44	11.81	14.67	16.09	16.09			
	11.88	11.88	12.92	15.26	15.26			
	10.56 9.30	11.69 10.66	14.84 11.85	15.56 13.68	16.61 14.13			
Teachers' aides	7.66	8.80	10.35	12.06	12.06			
Blue collar	10.68	12.61	15.10	18.49	20.74			
Precision production craft and repair	12.83	15.05	17.75	19.03	21.93			
	10.68	15.05	15.77	15.94	17.19			
Construction trades, n.e.c.	13.30	13.86	14.14	18.89	19.60			
Transportation and material moving	11.90	12.28	13.59	15.16	15.81			
Truck drivers	12.28	12.28	12.57	13.70	16.84			
Bus drivers	10.81	12.52	13.47	15.16	15.16			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.95	7.95	10.48	11.21	13.13			
Service	8.38	10.64	14.00	19.56	23.25			
Protective service	14.55	14.87	19.56	23.09	26.03			
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	17.20	18.28	23.49	26.03	29.88			

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	State and local government							
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Supervisors, police and detectives Firefighting Police and detectives, public service Correctional institution officers Food service Other food service Cooks Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service Early childhood teachers' assistants	\$25.24 13.79 18.27 14.31 7.21 7.21 6.19 7.15 9.59 7.75 7.75 8.97 9.07	\$25.73 16.11 21.26 14.55 8.21 8.21 7.27 8.15 9.59 8.96 8.24 11.19	\$31.28 18.01 22.80 14.79 9.22 9.82 8.38 9.22 12.02 11.52 10.64 11.19	\$32.50 20.12 23.87 14.79 11.23 9.82 10.08 9.24 13.31 13.53 12.39 11.60 11.25	\$33.70 22.89 26.37 15.55 13.89 10.84 10.08 11.23 15.54 17.46 12.43 12.09 11.60			

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays,

nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$8.76	\$11.22	\$16.00	\$24.68	\$33.34
All excluding sales	8.64	11.25	16.06	24.75	32.92
Vhite collar	11.41	14.50	21.13	28.70	38.67
White collar excluding sales	12.02	14.81	21.59	29.14	38.67
Professional specialty and technical	16.00	20.65	26.76	31.14	38.94
Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and surveyors	18.59 22.94	22.39 27.96	28.09 31.99	32.50 36.02	39.85 44.65
Electrical and electronic engineers	26.40	27.96	31.99	33.63	52.66
Engineers, n.e.c.	24.34	28.09	34.87	39.68	42.69
Mathematical and computer scientists	18.37	28.27	33.46	38.94	47.35
Computer systems analysts and scientists Natural scientists	16.14	28.49	33.89	38.94	47.35
Health related	17.56	19.32	21.75	24.66	28.24
Registered nurses	19.11	21.45	22.36	24.66	28.01
Teachers, college and university	24.44	27.73	37.32	50.69	64.57
Other post-secondary teachers	22.75	30.81	37.38	48.19	50.69
Teachers, except college and university	22.28	26.06	27.88	30.13	30.81
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	19.43	19.43	26.61	28.59	28.86
Elementary school teachers	22.55	25.96	27.29	30.59	30.81
Secondary school teachers	24.66	26.90	27.97	29.67	31.14
Teachers, special education	25.41	27.93	29.79	30.13	30.13
Teachers, n.e.c.	17.50	28.14	28.14	28.14	28.14
Vocational and educational counselors	12.10	16.12	29.32	36.81	41.85
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.92	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98
Librarians	20.92	28.18	33.98	33.98	33.98
Social scientists and urban planners	20.96	20.96	26.38	32.90	33.75
Psychologists Social, recreation, and religious workers	15.73	26.38	29.01	32.90	38.39
Social workers	13.15	15.48 16.00	16.55 16.92	18.48 20.46	27.89 27.89
Lawyers and judges	13.15 –	16.00	10.92	20.40	27.09
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	12.28	15.94	20.89	26.76	47.96
Designers	10.68	14.07	26.76	26.76	49.71
Technical	13.49	15.41	18.99	23.94	30.07
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	13.29	17.31	18.60	20.08	24.44
Radiological technicians	18.17	19.19	20.26	20.95	25.43
Licensed practical nurses	14.84	15.16	16.49	17.33	20.30
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	9.51	11.24	14.42	14.42	18.79
Electrical and electronic technicians	17.02	17.71	20.65	23.85	24.18
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	12.98	14.84	15.41	25.14	25.14
Drafters	17.77	17.90	20.99	23.94	23.94
Computer programmers	15.35	23.70 13.49	26.21	28.61	30.07
Technical and related, n.e.c.	10.52	13.49	13.49	15.51	16.91
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.59	21.18	27.07	38.06	46.54
Executives, administrators, and managers	17.07	26.38	34.11	45.10	54.02
Administrators and officials, public administration	16.59	16.59	27.38	29.43	35.97
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	26.44	27.50	37.67	53.05	72.12
relations	22.94	42.55	45.10	45.19	49.92
Administrators, education and related fields	17.33	23.20	36.37	41.97	43.26
Managers, medicine and health Managers, food servicing and lodging	20.81	26.90	52.80	52.80	63.95
establishments	8.50	11.44	13.17	14.63	17.07
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	23.92	28.40	35.13	46.30	54.53
Management related	15.70	18.73	25.13	27.80	38.67
Accountants and auditors	17.39	18.24	23.84	26.19	33.46
Other financial officers	16.35	16.76	20.64	27.07	27.07
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	13.00	22.51	22.53	28.37	36.48
construction Management related, n.e.c.	20.58 13.95	20.58 17.58	21.23 27.80	26.31 38.67	33.34 38.67
Calca	0.40	40.50	45.74	00.00	44.65
Sales	9.13	10.50	15.71	22.06	41.83
Supervisors, sales	11.94	14.50	16.83	24.04	36.63
Cogurities and financial comises sales					
Securities and financial services sales	15.31 10.38	16.00 10.38	16.11 15.26	17.95 17.33	18.25 19.29

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³		10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar –Continued						
Sales -Continued						
Sales representatives, mini		\$19.40	\$19.40	¢22.26	¢41 01	¢42.27
and wholesale Sales workers, other comm		7.84	7.84	\$22.36 8.85	\$41.81 9.47	\$43.27 42.74
Cashiers		6.50	8.08	8.92	9.43	9.43
Administrative support, including	g clerical	9.70	11.80	13.94	16.09	20.15
Supervisors, general office		18.74	22.28	23.30	25.39	26.40
Computer operators		15.41	15.41	15.88	15.88	17.07
Secretaries		11.75	13.63	15.14	17.17	18.85
Interviewers		11.93	11.93	13.00	13.00	14.65
Transportation ticket and re	•	8.25	12.74	12.74	14.38	15.33
Receptionists		9.00	10.00	11.00	12.23	15.00
Information clerks, n.e.c		13.17	13.95	15.35	15.35	16.16
Order clerks		11.41 8.60	13.48 8.60	14.97	18.54	20.15 11.17
Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c		10.59	11.50	10.83 12.68	11.17 14.67	16.09
Bookkeepers, accounting a		11.41	12.85	13.70	15.98	19.39
Dispatchers		11.69	12.00	15.03	16.61	26.60
Traffic, shipping and receiv		8.44	10.12	11.15	15.50	21.65
Stock and inventory clerks		9.90	11.72	14.00	16.29	16.29
Investigators and adjusters		11.27	11.80	13.55	13.78	13.78
General office clerks		10.08	11.38	13.39	14.00	15.82
Bank tellers		9.23	9.80	9.80	18.40	18.40
Data entry keyers		10.94	12.24	12.58	16.16	17.08
Teachers' aides		7.66	8.80	10.35	12.06	12.06
Administrative support, n.e.	.c	9.55	12.39	14.52	16.85	17.62
Blue collar		8.56	10.23	13.25	18.11	24.42
Precision production, craft, and	repair	10.15	12.33	17.40	22.83	25.79
Supervisors, mechanics an		20.92	21.30	21.93	24.13	25.79
Bus, truck, and stationary e		13.00	15.05	16.46	18.82	20.06
Industrial machinery repaire		14.90	14.90	16.60	18.34	20.42
Mechanics and repairers, n	i.e.c	15.36	15.59	28.13	28.13	28.13
Construction trades, n.e.c.		9.39	13.86	14.14	18.89	19.77
Supervisors, production		17.08	18.06	22.83	24.56	24.76
Precision assemblers, meta		14.74	17.68	20.10	21.03	21.7
Electrical and electronic eq		9.67	9.97	10.41	11.05	13.17
Butchers and meat cutters Inspectors, testers, and gra		8.19 13.06	8.19 14.32	11.22 21.16	12.96 22.72	15.63 24.13
_						
Machine operators, assemblers, Fabricating machine operations		8.41 8.37	9.50 10.17	11.86 11.31	14.41 13.99	18.32 14.14
Packaging and filling mach		9.21	9.21	10.23	13.99	15.94
Slicing and cutting machine		5.37	6.70	11.36	14.88	15.3
Miscellaneous machine ope		6.86	9.05	11.69	13.69	14.4
Welders and cutters	·			16.08	16.22	17.60
		10 //				
		10.77 8.77	13.25 10.29		15 02	74 47
Assemblers Production inspectors, chec		10.77 8.77 8.41	10.29 10.30	13.31 11.68	15.02 13.46	
Assemblers Production inspectors, chec	ckers and examiners	8.77 8.41	10.29 10.30	13.31 11.68	13.46	15.77
Assemblers Production inspectors, chec	ckers and examiners	8.77 8.41 12.16	10.29 10.30 14.00	13.31 11.68 16.00	13.46 19.87	15.77 24.68
Assemblers Production inspectors, chec	ckers and examiners ving	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28	10.29 10.30	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26	13.46 19.87 18.08	15.77 24.68 19.87
Assemblers Production inspectors, chec Transportation and material mov Truck drivers	ckers and examiners ving	8.77 8.41 12.16	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74	13.31 11.68 16.00	13.46 19.87	24.42 15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77
Assemblers Production inspectors, check Transportation and material modern and truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor of the truck and truck and tractor of the truck and truck a	ckers and examiners ving equipment operators elpers, and laborers	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77
Assemblers	ckers and examiners ving equipment operators elpers, and laborers eners, except farm	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.06
Assemblers Production inspectors, check the control of the	ckers and examiners ving equipment operators elpers, and laborers eners, except farm	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.06
Assemblers	vingequipment operators elelpers, and laborers eners, except farm	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.06 13.88
Assemblers	vingequipment operators elpers, and laborers eners, except farm	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48 7.36	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68 9.00	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06 9.00	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06 11.06	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.06 13.88 13.22
Assemblers	ckers and examiners ving equipment operators elpers, and laborers eners, except farm s	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48 7.36 7.10	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68 9.00 8.37	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06 9.00 10.94	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06 11.06 11.52	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.06 13.88 13.22 25.10
Assemblers	vingequipment operators selpers, and laborers eners, except farm s	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48 7.36 7.10 7.16	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68 9.00 8.37 9.50	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06 9.00 10.94 10.90	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06 11.06 11.52 15.07	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.85 22.06 13.85 13.22 25.10
Assemblers	equipment operators equipment operators elelpers, and laborers eners, except farm I handlers, n.e.c	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48 7.36 7.10 7.16 6.93 7.56	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68 9.00 8.37 9.50 7.36 7.75	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06 9.00 10.94 10.90 11.48 9.30	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06 11.06 11.52 15.07 12.25 11.19	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.88 22.00 13.88 13.22 25.11 13.54
Assemblers	ckers and examiners ving	8.77 8.41 12.16 12.28 12.96 11.00 7.56 10.48 7.36 7.10 7.16 6.93	10.29 10.30 14.00 14.74 13.02 12.81 8.64 11.68 9.00 8.37 9.50 7.36	13.31 11.68 16.00 15.26 13.02 14.32 10.17 22.06 9.00 10.94 10.90 11.48	13.46 19.87 18.08 15.16 18.77 11.48 22.06 11.06 11.52 15.07 12.25	15.77 24.68 19.87 17.63 18.77 13.85 22.06 13.85 13.22 25.10

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Supervisors, police and detectives Supervisors, guards Firefighting Police and detectives, public service Correctional institution officers Guards and police, except public service Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks Food counter, fountain, and related Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen	\$25.24 11.52 13.79 18.27 14.31 7.47 5.34 3.09 6.00 12.47 5.75 5.87 6.80 6.00 8.04 9.15 7.41 6.25	\$25.73 11.52 16.11 21.26 14.55 8.83 6.43 4.18 6.60 16.11 6.43 6.68 8.38 6.53 8.80 9.25 8.56 7.40 6.31		\$32.50 \$4.34 20.12 23.87 14.79 10.53 9.18 7.21 9.23 16.19 8.87 7.62 9.23 7.63 10.00 13.31 10.00 12.36 8.04	\$33.70 34.34 22.89 26.37 15.55 13.95 16.11 7.21 16.19 20.61 9.82 7.62 9.65 9.22 12.05 14.44 10.67 17.46 8.04
Janitors and cleaners Personal service	6.25 7.75	7.41 9.25 8.06	8.86 11.25 11.19	10.64 20.58 11.19	12.39 41.87 11.60

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and size other parts in the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and size other parts in the occupation's properties. sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in

another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$5.54	\$6.50	\$7.81	\$10.24	\$18.21
All excluding sales	5.48	6.08	7.71	10.99	23.30
White collar	6.76	7.62	9.31	12.33	23.71
White collar excluding sales	7.69	9.50	12.47	23.71	33.61
Professional specialty and technical	14.00	18.99	23.71	27.60	63.56
Professional specialty	13.00	20.64	23.71	33.61	63.56
Health related	20.64	23.42	25.48	43.50	63.56
Registered nurses	20.64	23.00	23.71	25.96	27.00
Teachers, college and university	13.11	27.60	29.31	33.61	33.61
Other post-secondary teachers	13.11	27.60	29.31	33.61	33.61
Teachers, except college and university	9.33	9.33	11.57	18.21	27.45
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	_	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_
Management related		_	_	_	_
Sales	6.65	6.94	7.81	9.32	11.25
Sales workers, other commodities	7.41	7.41	7.41	8.36	8.41
Cashiers	6.59	6.77	7.78	7.96	9.73
Administrative support, including clerical	7.62	7.71	9.75	10.85	12.12
General office clerks	7.62	7.62	7.71	7.71	10.63
Blue collar	5.55	6.25	7.50	9.43	11.68
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	5.55	7.50	8.50	11.68	11.68
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.68	6.25	7.46	9.16	10.38
Stock handlers and baggers	5.55	6.08	6.40	8.86	9.65
Service	4.25	5.54	6.22	8.00	10.17
Protective service	6.47	8.00	8.33	8.72	9.43
Food service	2.13	5.00	6.22	6.87	8.15
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	2.50	5.00	6.50
Other food service	5.73	6.22	6.87	6.87	8.74
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.19	6.76	7.95	8.87	8.87
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.73	5.73	6.00	8.10	8.49
Health service	8.50	9.59	10.17	12.39	12.39
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	6.50	9.59	10.00	12.39	12.39
Cleaning and building service	5.48	5.48	5.54	5.54	7.00
Janitors and cleaners	5.48	5.48	5.54	5.54	7.00
Personal service	5.96	5.96	7.08	8.95	45.36
Early childhood teachers' assistants	5.68	5.68	7.12	8.95	8.95

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 32th 50th 75th and 00th proportiles follow the same logic about the follow the same logic about the same logic and nine-terms are in jobs averlaging in esame to mole. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

more information.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the survey includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Regional Office and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow-up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- 1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time v. part-time, union v. nonunion, and time v. incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers who met all the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a correct classification or level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size, as shown in the following schedule:

Number	Number		
of employees	of selected jobs		
50–99	8		
100-249	10		
250-999	12		
1,000-2,499	16		
2,500+	20		

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The National Compensation Survey occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely

on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using an "occupational leveling" process. Occupational leveling ranks and compares all occupations randomly selected in an establishment using the same criteria.

For this survey, the level of each occupation in an establishment was determined by an analysis of each of 10 leveling factors. Nine of these factors are drawn from the U.S. Government Office of Personnel Management's Factor Evaluation System, which is the underlying structure for evaluation of General Schedule Federal employees. The tenth factor, supervisory duties, attempts to account for the effect of supervisory duties. It is considered experimental. The 10 factors are:

- Knowledge
- Supervision received
- Guidelines
- Complexity
- Scope and effect
- Personal contacts
- Purpose of contacts
- Physical demands
- Work environment
- Supervisory duties

Each factor contains a number of levels, and each level has an associated written description and point value. The number and range of points differ among the factors. For each factor, an occupation was assigned a level based on the written description that best matched the job. Within each occupation, the points for nine factors (supervisory duties was excluded) were recorded and totaled. The total determines the overall level of the occupation. A description of the levels for each factor is shown in appendix C.

Tabulations of levels of work for occupations in the survey follow the Federal Government's white-collar General Schedule. Point ranges for each of the 15 levels are shown in appendix D. It also includes an example of a job with its associated leveling factors, and a guide to help data users evaluate jobs in their firms

Wage data collected in prior surveys using the occupational leveling method were evaluated by BLS researchers using regression techniques. For each of the major occupational groups, wages were compared to the 10 occupational leveling factors (and levels within those factors). The analysis showed that several of the occupational leveling factors, most notably knowledge and supervision received, had strong explanatory power for wages. That is, as the levels within a given factor increased, the wages also increased.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers, exempt from overtime provisions, often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee that the employer considers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on occupational leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage. (See below.)

Part-time worker. Any employee that the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the Bureau's National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group and job level.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

	Establish
	ments
Total in sampling frame	7,042
Total in sample	640
Responding	369
Out of business or not in survey scope	93
Unable or refused to provide data	178

In this survey, the nonresponse rates for all industries and private industry exceeded regular survey standards.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by: the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. During this phase of the ongoing NCS development, establishments in the survey may report either individual-worker earnings or average wage rates for each sampled job. If individual-worker earnings are provided, an average hourly wage rate is computed for the job and used in the calculation of percentile estimates. The average hourly wages for each sampled job are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example,

at the 10th percentile, 10 percent of a published occupation's employment is in sampled establishment jobs that had average hourly wages at the 10th percentile or less for that occupation.

Note that the percentiles in earlier NCS bulletins for this area (in the 3090 and 3095 bulletin series) were calculated from individual-worker earnings rather than from average wages for sampled establishment jobs. Research has shown that using average-wage data for jobs instead of individual-worker data has the effect of moving percentile estimates toward the median (50th percentile). This effect is greatest for occupations with a high degree of wage dispersion. However, medians calculated using the two methods are nearly identical.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for the estimate is \$13.55 to \$12.03 (1.645 times 3.6 percent times \$12.79 = \$0.76, plus or minus \$12.79). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

 $\label{eq:Appendix} \mbox{Appendix table 1. Number of workers1 represented by the survey, by occupational group,2 National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2002$

	Full-time and part-time workers				
Occupational group	Total	Private industry	State and local government		
All occupations All excluding sales	987,100 910,800	797,900 722,100	189,200 188,700		
White collar	549,000 472,800	418,000 342,200	131,000 130,500		
Professional specialty and technical	219,100 174,000 45,000 102,100 76,200	130,800 91,700 39,100 86,900 75,800	88,300 82,400 5,900 15,100		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	151,600 264,100 65,000 70,000 51,600 77,500	124,500 247,600 56,400 70,000 45,600 75,600	27,100 16,600 8,600 - 6,100 1,900		
Service	173,900	132,300	41,600		

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^2}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.