Philadelphia–Wilmington– Atlantic City, PA–NJ–DE–MD National Compensation Survey December 2004



U.S. Department of Labor Elaine L. Chao, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Kathleen P. Utgoff, Commissioner

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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats. An ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet also is available.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Philadelphia–Wilmington–Atlantic City, PA–NJ–DE–MD, metropolitan area. Data were collected between June 2004 and July 2005; the average reference month is December 2004. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and firefighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational group. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational group; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational group in the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,	State and	l local gover	nment
Worker and establishment characteristics	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean
worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³
Total	\$21.82	2.3	35.5	\$20.96	2.8	35.5	\$25.94	1.9	35.5
Worker characteristics: ⁴									
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations ⁵ Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service occupations ⁵ Full time Part time Union Nonunion	26.70 33.99 32.91 17.71 15.73 17.48 21.92 16.29 17.51 13.72 13.24 22.81 12.72 22.61 21.46	2.8 3.2 4.8 8.1 1.2 2.2 3.7 3.3 6.4 6.0 3.6 2.3 5.5	36.2 35.8 39.6 32.5 36.2 37.8 39.4 39.6 37.3 35.4 31.7 39.0 19.4	25.91 33.04 32.78 17.76 15.61 17.30 22.05 16.29 17.45 13.30 10.95 21.96 12.67	3.5 4.3 5.2 8.2 1.5 2.5 4.3 3.3 7.3 7.2 3.6 2.8 6.1	36.5 36.4 40.2 32.5 36.7 37.8 39.4 39.6 37.5 35.0 30.5 19.3 36.4 35.3	30.37 36.90 33.79 - 16.29 19.07 21.22 - 18.01 16.98 20.26 26.69 13.13 26.08 25.38	1.7 2.7 10.1 - 1.6 1.1 .8 - 2.2 3.9 4.9 2.2 3.4 2.4 6.9	34.6 34.2 36.5 - 34.3 38.2 39.6 - 35.4 39.2 36.1 37.1 20.1 35.9 33.8
Time Incentive Establishment characteristics:	21.85 21.11	2.4 8.6	35.4 39.0	20.95 21.11	3.0 8.6	35.4 39.0	25.94 –	1.9	35.5
Goods producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	- -	_ _	_ _	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
50-99 workers ⁷ 100-499 workers 500 workers or more	17.59 19.60 25.16	5.7 3.9 2.8	35.1 34.8 36.2	17.46 18.96 24.86	5.9 4.4 4.0	35.1 34.9 36.5	21.52 27.00 25.85	10.2 4.0 1.9	35.2 34.2 35.8

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

<sup>Mean weekly nours are the hours an employee is scheduled to hour in a hour,
Exclusive of overtime.

Exployees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on</sup>

 ⁵ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
 6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing

industries applies to private industry only.

The establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
All	\$21.82	2.3	\$20.96	2.8	\$25.94	1.9
All excluding sales	22.12	2.4	21.25	3.0	26.00	1.8
White collar	26.70	2.8	25.91	3.5	30.37	1.7
White collar excluding sales	27.94	3.0	27.30	3.8	30.51	1.7
Professional specialty and technical	33.99	3.2	33.04	4.3	36.90	2.7
Professional specialty	35.74	3.3	34.92	4.7	37.88	1.4
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	37.45	8.0	38.41	7.8	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.80	9.5	38.80	9.5	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	42.66	17.1	42.66	17.1	-	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	34.27	4.2	34.27	4.2	-	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.28	4.7	33.28	4.7	_	-
Operations and systems researchers and						
analysts	40.81	20.6	40.81	20.6	_	_
Natural scientists	38.45	5.5	39.03	5.9	-	-
Biological and life scientists	37.23	11.1	37.34	13.5		
Health related	35.06	6.3	35.10	6.5	34.34	16.0
Physicians	62.23	15.6	64.09	15.5	-	-
Registered nurses	29.93	1.3	29.79	1.1	32.92	13.6
Pharmacists	44.39	4.5	44.39	4.5	_	_
Teachers, college and university	42.71	5.5	40.82	8.2	47.24	6.3
Other post-secondary teachers	42.57	5.0			46.49	5.1
Teachers, except college and university	36.83	2.9	21.82	2.7	40.84	1.0
Elementary school teachers	36.71	4.5	_	- 1	42.03	1.0
Secondary school teachers	43.60	2.1	_	- 1	44.10	2.1
Teachers, special education	37.52	6.7	_	- 1	38.43	6.0
Teachers, n.e.c.	34.78	12.8	_	_	40.39	8.9
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_		-	-	_	-
Social scientists and urban planners	33.25	11.1	29.19	7.5	-	_
Psychologists	32.91	15.3	25.90	3.9	-	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.55	5.4	17.96	5.2	23.23	4.4
Social workers	20.66	7.5	18.04	8.4	23.48	6.0
Lawyers and judges	54.86	28.0	60.09	29.7	_	_
Lawyers	54.86	28.0	60.09	29.7	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	40.00	04.0	40.00	20.4		
professionals, n.e.c.	40.62	31.3	42.83	33.1	10.06	
Technical	24.68 16.34	5.3	25.12 16.34	5.5 6.7	19.86	4.4
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians		6.7			_	_
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	21.99 18.13	2.1 7.7	22.10 18.30	2.1 8.0	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	26.67	8.9	26.99	9.3	_	_
	23.26	7.3	24.19	9.3	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c	20.59	8.6	20.59	9.3 8.6	_	_
Computer programmers	30.42	14.5	30.36	16.0	_	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	22.91	20.3	- 50.50	10.0	_	
recimical and related, n.c.o.	22.51	20.0				
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.91	4.8	32.78	5.2	33.79	10.1
Executives, administrators, and managers	40.45	5.1	40.76	6.1	38.90	5.7
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.78	5.9	_		31.78	5.9
Financial managers	49.39	7.1	49.68	7.2	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	48.76	13.1	49.18	13.0	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	38.94	11.8	24.99	2.3	45.14	5.0
Managers, medicine and health	34.06	15.7	34.09	17.5	_	-
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	26.57	3.8	_	-	-	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	42.99	9.6	42.99	9.6	_	_
Management related	25.83	5.4	25.89	5.9	25.25	3.6
Accountants and auditors	27.88	8.1	28.29	9.0	_	-
Other financial officers	29.58	6.5	29.74	6.9	_	_
Management analysts	34.43	11.1	34.63	13.0	_	-
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	29.10	12.4	28.92	13.2	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	25.84	9.3	25.84	9.3	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	19.99	13.1	19.83	14.3		

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Salas	\$17.71	8.1	¢17.76	8.2		
Sales Supervisors, sales	23.38	13.2	\$17.76 23.38	13.2	_	
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	22.27	9.7	22.27	9.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	18.45	25.7	18.45	25.7	_	_
Cashiers	10.73	2.7	10.63	2.8	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.73	1.2	15.61	1.5	\$16.29	1.6
Supervisors, general office	20.48	4.6	20.48	4.6	· –	_
Computer operators	17.05	3.1	_	_	_	_
Secretaries	18.28	3.3	18.10	2.8	18.75	8.9
Typists	14.69	2.9	-	-	14.69	2.9
Hotel clerks	10.72	7.0	10.72	7.0	-	_
Receptionists	12.55	7.5	12.56	7.6	-	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	14.65	15.6	14.65	15.6	_	-
Order clerks	17.07	11.9	17.07	11.9	-	
Library clerks	15.30	12.1	-	_	15.30	12.1
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.29	7.5	15.37	8.2	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.10	5.1	13.94	5.2	_	_
Telephone operators	12.23	9.4	11.32	6.2	_	_
Mail clerks, except postal service Dispatchers	11.94 16.58	5.4 12.3	11.57 –	5.3	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.72	8.4	- 14.72	8.4	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.23	4.9	14.72	5.1	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and						
investigators	18.14	1.9	18.14	1.9	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.79	6.7	14.87	7.1	-	
General office clerks	14.96	5.6	14.15	6.2	16.37	8.1
Data entry keyers Teachers' aides	11.78 13.65	5.9 .5	11.78	5.9	13.70	.6
Administrative support, n.e.c.	15.82	4.7	15.47	4.9	16.79	9.4
lue collar	17.48	2.2	17.30	2.5	19.07	1.1
Propinion production croft and repair	24.02	2.7	22.05	4.2	24.22	
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.92 21.98	3.7 5.5	22.05 21.47	4.3 6.2	21.22	.8
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	19.94	19.0	21.47 —	0.2	_	
Industrial machinery repairers	22.11	1.9	22.11	1.9	_	_
Electronic repairers, communications and						
industrial equipment	23.12	9.0	23.12	9.0	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.74	10.2	18.64	11.3	_	_
Electricians Supervisors, production	22.50 22.87	6.8 14.4	23.41 22.87	7.4 14.4	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	16.29	3.3	16.29	3.3	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	15.85	25.2	15.85	25.2	_	_
Mixing and blending machine operators	21.14	16.0	21.14	16.0	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	14.53	22.7	14.53	22.7	_	_
Assemblers	18.18	9.4	18.18	9.4	-	_
Transportation and material moving	17.51	6.4	17.45	7.3	18.01	2.2
Truck drivers	19.44	6.7	19.57	6.8	_	_
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	15.09 16.87	2.8 9.3	- 16.87	9.3	17.52 –	5.6
					16.00	2.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	13.72 12.44	6.0 16.9	13.30	7.2	16.98	3.9
	12.44	10.9	_	-	_	-
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and	40.00	F 0				
laborers, n.e.c.	18.00	5.8	_	-	_	-
Helpers, mechanics and repairers Construction laborers	14.29 18.08	8.1 9.6	_	_	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers	10.13	13.1	10.12	13.1	_	I -
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	13.97	19.2	13.97	19.2	_	_
i reigni, stock, and material nandiers, n.e.c	13.91	13.2	13.97	13.4	_	_

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar -Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	\$10.74	10.5	\$9.79	6.9	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	11.29	4.8	11.29	4.8	_	-
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	13.40	10.5	11.79	12.2	-	_
Service	13.24	3.6	10.95	3.6	\$20.26	4.9
Protective service	19.06	12.0	11.30	1.8	24.28	4.8
Supervisors, police and detectives	31.55	3.0	_	_	31.55	3.0
Police and detectives, public service	25.25	3.0	_	_	25.25	3.0
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	20.20	0.0			20.20	0.0
officers	20.39	2.8	_	_	20.39	2.8
Correctional institution officers	20.07	4.2	_	_	20.07	4.2
Guards and police, except public service	10.68	5.6	10.35	3.5	_	
Food service	9.91	6.6	9.59	6.8	13.14	3.1
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.30	12.8	6.30	12.8	_	_
Bartenders	8.56	20.0	8.56	20.0	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.72	13.7	5.72	13.7	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.63	18.8	6.63	18.8	_	_
Other food service	11.47	1.7	11.22	1.7	13.14	3.1
Supervisors, food preparation and service	17.61	7.0	17.63	7.1	_	_
Cooks	11.88	3.2	11.63	2.5	_	_
Food counter, fountain, and related	10.30	6.6	10.37	7.6	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	11.93	7.0	11.46	8.2	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	9.76	4.7	9.09	3.2	13.33	9.7
Health service	11.89	1.8	11.39	1.2	15.24	4.5
Health aides, except nursing	12.74	9.7	12.04	9.0	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.65	2.9	11.17	2.9	14.80	2.3
Cleaning and building service	12.15	5.9	11.53	7.7	14.45	2.8
Maids and housemen	10.32	1.4	10.32	1.4	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	12.33	6.8	11.43	9.9	14.44	2.8
Personal service	11.91	6.6	11.95	7.1	11.49	18.7
Supervisors, personal service	20.33	1.6	20.33	1.6	_	-
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	7.88	1.5	7.88	1.5	-	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.15	7.5	8.15	7.5	-	-
Child care workers, n.e.c	10.31	8.0	10.36	8.5	-	-
Service, n.e.c	9.56	5.2	9.76	4.9	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent	
I	\$22.81	2.3	\$21.96	2.8	\$26.69	2.2	
All excluding sales	22.97	2.4	22.08	3.0	26.75	2.1	
White collar	27.53	2.8	26.74	3.5	31.09	2.0	
White collar excluding sales	28.36	3.1	27.64	3.9	31.24	2.0	
Professional specialty and technical	34.41	3.4	33.40	4.5	37.39	2.9	
Professional specialty	36.19	3.4	35.35	4.8	38.29	2.1	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	37.45	8.0	38.41	7.8	_	_	
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.80	9.5	38.80	9.5	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.	42.66	17.1	42.66	17.1	-	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	34.77	3.9	34.77	3.9	_	_	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.83	4.3	33.83	4.3	_	_	
Operations and systems researchers and							
analysts	40.81	20.6	40.81	20.6	_	_	
Natural scientists	38.45	5.5	39.03	5.9	_	_	
Biological and life scientists	37.23	11.1	37.34	13.5	24.46	16.1	
Health relatedPhysicians	35.65 62.23	7.3 15.6	35.71 64.09	7.6 15.5	34.46	16.1	
Registered nurses	29.89	1.5	29.72	1.2	33.07	13.7	
Teachers, college and university	43.17	6.3	41.19	9.2	48.03	6.3	
Other post-secondary teachers	43.90	7.3	41.13	9.2	47.19	4.9	
Teachers, except college and university	37.35	2.8	22.26	2.0	41.34	.8	
Elementary school teachers	36.71	4.5	_		42.03	1.0	
Secondary school teachers	43.71	2.1	_	_	44.22	2.2	
Teachers, special education	37.52	6.7	_	_	38.43	6.0	
Teachers, n.e.c.	35.07	12.6	_	_	40.43	8.8	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	33.29	12.0	28.70	9.1	_	_	
Psychologists	32.92	17.2	_	_	_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.57	5.5	17.87	5.9	23.23	4.4	
Social workers	20.66	7.5	18.04	8.4	23.48	6.0	
Lawyers and judges	58.77	24.6	_	-	-	-	
Lawyers	58.77	24.6	_	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and			40.00				
professionals, n.e.c.	41.57	31.9	43.26	33.2	-	_	
Technical	24.85	5.5	25.23	5.8	20.57	5.9	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	16.15 22.00	6.0 3.8	16.15 22.12	6.0 4.1	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	18.53	8.8	18.53	8.8	_	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	26.67	8.9	26.99	9.3	_		
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	23.26	7.3	24.19	9.3	_		
Chemical technicians	20.59	8.6	20.59	8.6	_	_	
Computer programmers	30.13	16.0	-	-	_	_	
Evecutive administrative and managerial	32.98	5.1	32.81	5.7	34.07	9.5	
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers	32.98 40.59	5.1	40.82	6.0	34.07	5.4	
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.78	5.9	-	- 0.0	31.78	5.9	
Financial managers	49.39	7.1	49.68	7.2	-	-	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	40.76	10.4	40.40	120			
relations	48.76 38.94	13.1 11.8	49.18	13.0	- 45.14	5.0	
Administrators, education and related fields Managers, medicine and health	38.94 34.73	15.1	24.99	2.3	45.14	5.0	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	34.73 26.57	3.8	_	_	_	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	42.99	9.6	42.99	9.6	_	_	
Management related	25.63	6.0	25.67	6.6	25.25	3.6	
Accountants and auditors	26.64	7.4	26.90	8.4	_	-	
Other financial officers	29.58	6.5	29.74	6.9	_	_	
Management analysts	34.43	11.1	34.63	13.0	_	_	
Personnel, training, and labor relations							
specialists	29.10	12.4	28.92	13.2	_	-	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	25.84	9.3	25.84	9.3	_	-	
Management related, n.e.c	19.86	13.3	19.68	14.6	-	-	

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
White collar –Continued						
Sales -Continued						
Supervisors, sales	\$23.38	13.2	\$23.38	13.2	-	-
Sales, other business services	21.98	37.3	21.98	37.3	_	_
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	22.27	9.7	22.27	9.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities Cashiers	21.04 11.72	22.7 2.9	21.04 11.63	22.7 3.1	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.98	1.3	15.84	1.6	\$16.64	1.5
Supervisors, general office	20.48	4.6	20.48	4.6	Ψ10.0 -	_
Secretaries	18.36	3.3	18.19	2.7	18.78	9.0
Typists	14.69	2.9	_	_	14.69	2.9
Hotel clerks	10.72	7.0	10.72	7.0	_	_
Receptionists	12.98	7.9	12.99	8.0	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	15.65	17.0	15.65	17.0	_	_
Order clerks	17.21 14.45	12.3	17.21 14.46	12.3 7.1	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.45	5.1	13.94	5.2	_	_
Mail clerks, except postal service	11.99	7.0	11.50	6.8	_	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.72	8.4	14.72	8.4	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.23	4.9	14.28	5.1	_	_
investigators	18.23	2.3	18.23	2.3	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.68	7.7	14.77	8.2	_	_
General office clerks	15.41	5.8	14.72	6.9	16.40	8.3
Teachers' aides	14.07	1.1	_	_	14.17	1.5
Administrative support, n.e.c	15.90	5.1	15.53	5.7	16.81	9.3
Blue collar	17.95	2.2	17.78	2.5	19.47	2.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.91	3.7	22.04	4.3	21.23	.8
Automobile mechanics	21.98	5.5	21.47	6.2	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	19.94	19.0	_	_	_	-
Industrial machinery repairers	22.11	1.9	22.11	1.9	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.74	10.2	18.64	11.3	_	_
ElectriciansSupervisors, production	22.50 22.87	6.8 14.4	23.41 22.87	7.4 14.4	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	16.39	3.9	16.38	3.9	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	15.85	25.2	15.85	25.2	_	_
Mixing and blending machine operators	21.14	16.0	21.14	16.0	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	14.53	22.7	14.53	22.7	_	_
Assemblers	18.18	9.4	18.18	9.4	_	_
Transportation and material moving	18.19	6.3	18.06	7.2	19.37	4.5
Truck drivers	19.44	6.7	19.57	6.8	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	16.87	9.3	16.87	9.3	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	14.34 12.46	5.4 17.7	13.94	6.7	16.98	3.9
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Helpers, mechanics and repairers	14.29	8.1	_	_	_	_
Construction laborers	18.08	9.6	_		_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	11.40	14.3	11.38	14.4	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	15.78	12.0	15.78	12.0	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	11.10	12.7	-	-	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	11.51	4.0	11.51	4.0	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	13.64	11.4	11.97	13.2	-	-
Service	14.26	3.6	11.62	3.6	21.04	4.9
Protective service	20.05	11.3	11.64	1.7	24.66	4.9
Supervisors, police and detectives	31.55	3.0	_	-	31.55	3.0
Police and detectives, public service	25.25	3.0	_	_	25.25	3.0

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service -Continued Protective service -Continued Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers Correctional institution officers Guards and police, except public service Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks Food counter, fountain, and related Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health service Health service Gleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Supervisors, personal service Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities Child care workers, n.e.c.	\$20.39 20.07 10.91 10.90 6.67 5.24 9.40 12.18 17.74 12.17 10.75 13.19 10.27 11.90 13.23 11.60 12.90 10.32 13.48 13.08 20.33 8.28 11.89	2.8 4.2 7.0 6.8 17.5 18.5 17.8 3.1 6.4 1.8 6.3 6.6 7.3 2.0 11.9 3.1 3.8 1.5 3.3 9.2 1.6 1.1	- \$10.42 10.59 6.67 5.24 9.40 11.97 - 11.90 - 9.62 11.33 12.37 11.04 12.30 10.32 12.76 12.96 20.33 8.28	- 4.6 7.2 17.5 18.5 17.8 3.3 - .7 - 6.7 1.4 10.9 3.1 5.4 1.5 4.8 9.7 1.6	\$20.39 20.07 - 13.53 - - 13.53 - - 13.54 15.47 - 14.90 14.68 - 14.67 -	2.8 4.2 2.9 2.9 7.6 4.7 - 2.4 3.5 - 3.5

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment but classified as part-time in another firm, where

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

 $^{^3}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	T	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$12.72	5.5	\$12.67	6.1	\$13.13	3.4
All excluding sales	13.44	6.2	13.48	6.9	13.13	3.4
White collar	16.61	9.1	16.73	10.1	15.65	9.2
White collar excluding sales	20.89	7.9	21.93	9.0	15.65	9.2
Professional specialty and technical	27.19	5.3	28.06	5.0	21.10	8.6
Professional specialty	28.26	6.0	29.09	5.7	22.71	7.3
Mathematical and computer scientists	-		-	_	_	_
Health related	30.62	1.4	30.65	1.5	_	_
Registered nurses	30.15 31.20	1.6 5.2	30.18	1.6	_	_
Teachers, college and university Teachers, except college and university	16.78	18.5	_	_	19.72	1.5
Teachers, n.e.c.	16.74	30.2	_		-	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	30.2	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	22.33	8.4	23.53	6.7	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	-	_	_	-	_	_
Sales	8.67	5.3	8.67	5.3	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	9.79	.7	9.79	.7	_	_
Cashiers	9.01	5.5	9.01	5.5	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	12.85	4.5	12.79	5.5	13.05	6.6
Secretaries	15.78	6.8	_	_	_	_
Receptionists	9.99	5.8	9.99	5.8	_	_
General office clerks	11.72	4.6	11.68	4.6	_	_
Blue collar	11.63	7.5	11.60	8.1	-	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	22.89	16.0	_	_	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	12.97	6.6	_	_	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.83	7.1	9.83	7.1	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	9.28	14.6	9.28	14.6	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.98	11.6	10.98	11.6	-	_
Service	8.83	3.5	8.67	3.7	10.35	10.5
Protective service	10.33	5.3	10.02	2.7	-	_
Guards and police, except public service	10.21	2.0	10.21	2.0	_	_
Food service	7.57	5.1	7.32	5.0	11.52	.4
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.87	5.6	5.87	5.6	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	6.29	10.9	6.29	10.9	, ,	-
Other food service	9.06	7.3	8.75	7.9	11.52	.4
Food counter, fountain, and related	9.52	8.2			_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.25	17.5	7.59	16.7	_	-
Health service	11.79	4.7	11.77	5.1	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.76	2.7	10.73	3.0	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	12.11	6.6	12.07	6.8	_	_

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 -Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service -Continued						
Cleaning and building service	\$8.94	15.4	\$8.89	16.2	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	8.85	16.3	8.80	17.2	_	_
Personal service	8.11	4.6	8.13	5.6	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	6.43	11.3	6.43	11.3	_	_
Service, n.e.c.	8.20	1.7	8.08	3.2	_	_

Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. ⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, full-time workers: Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

		Total		Priv	vate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
II	\$890	2.4	39.0	\$867	2.9	39.5	\$991	2.6	37.1
All excluding sales	896	2.4	39.0	872	3.0	39.5	993	2.5	37.1
White collar	1,068 1,098	2.7 2.9	38.8 38.7	1,058 1,093	3.4 3.7	39.6 39.5	1,111 1,116	1.9 1.9	35.7 35.7
Professional specialty and									
technical	1,310	3.4	38.1	1,310	4.5	39.2	1,311	2.8	35.1
Professional specialty	1,376	3.5	38.0	1,393	4.8	39.4	1,338	2.1	34.9
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	1,495	7.9	39.9	1,545	7.4	40.2	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic									
engineers	1,552	9.5	40.0	1,552	9.5	40.0	-	_	-
Engineers, n.e.c.	1,706	17.1	40.0	1,706	17.1	40.0	_	_	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,367	3.8	39.3	1,367	3.8	39.3	_	_	_
Computer systems analysts	1,007	0.0	00.0	1,007	0.0	00.0			
and scientists	1,329	4.1	39.3	1,329	4.1	39.3	-	_	-
Operations and systems									
researchers and analysts	1,619	20.8	39.7	1,619	20.8	39.7	-	_	-
Natural scientists	1,473	5.7	38.3	1,508	6.1	38.6	-	_	-
Biological and life scientists	1,364	10.6	36.6	1,381	13.0	37.0	4 225	_	20.4
Health related	1,391	6.9	39.0	1,394	7.2	39.0	1,325	11.9	38.4
Physicians Registered nurses	2,407 1,169	14.8	38.7 39.1	2,445 1,167	15.0 1.5	38.2 39.3	- 1,201	12.5	36.3
Teachers, college and university	1,169	1.6 9.3	38.1	1,652	13.0	40.1	1,631	9.0	33.9
Other post-secondary	1,045	9.3	30.1	1,002	13.0	40.1	1,001	9.0	33.9
teachers	1,625	7.3	37.0	-	_	_	1,739	5.4	36.8
Teachers, except college and university	1,310	2.0	35.1	874	2.1	39.3	1,410	.8	34.1
Elementary school teachers	1,280	3.1	34.9	-		- 33.3	1,405	.2	33.4
Secondary school teachers	1,572	1.8	36.0	_	_	_	1,600	1.0	36.2
Teachers, special education	1,292	5.6	34.4	_	_	_	1,321	4.8	34.4
Teachers, n.e.c.	1,291	10.8	36.8	_	_	_	1,425	8.4	35.3
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban									
planners	1,297	10.9	39.0	1,154	10.0	40.2	-	-	-
Psychologists	1,238	16.1	37.6	_	_	-	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious	792	4.8	38.5	706	6.0	39.5	074	3.6	37.6
workers Social workers	789	6.8	38.2	700	8.5	39.4	874 868	6.2	37.0
Lawyers and judges	2,342	13.0	39.8		0.5	- 33.4	-	0.2	37.0
Lawyers	2,342	13.0	39.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers,	2,0 .2	10.0							
athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	1,650	31.6	39.7	1,725	32.8	39.9	_	_	_
Technical	954	5.1	38.4	970	5.3	38.4	778	5.9	37.8
Clinical laboratory									
technologists and									
technicians	627	6.6	38.9	627	6.6	38.9	_	_	-
Licensed practical nurses	855	3.1	38.9	860	3.3	38.9	-	_	-
Health technologists and	74.4	10.5	20.6	74.4	10.5	20.6			
technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic	714	10.5	38.6	714	10.5	38.6	_	_	-
technicians	1,046	9.3	39.2	1,057	9.7	39.2	_	_	l _
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	911	8.1	39.2	968	9.3	40.0	_	_	_
Chemical technicians	790	11.2	38.4	790	11.2	38.4	_	_	_
Computer programmers	1,193	16.1	39.6	-	-	-	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial	1,319	4.7	40.0	1,327	5.3	40.5	1,272	8.4	37.3
	,	1		,	1		,	1	

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, full-time workers: Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

		Total		Pri	vate industry	,		ate and local povernment	!
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekl hours
White collar –Continued									
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued									
Executives, administrators, and managers	\$1,611	5.2	39.7	\$1,644	6.3	40.3	\$1,460	4.4	37.0
Administrators and officials, public administration	1,182	5.8	37.2	_	_	_	1,182	5.8	37.2
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	2,020	6.8	40.9	2,034	6.8	40.9	_	_	_
relations Administrators, education and	1,915	13.2	39.3	1,931	13.1	39.3	-	_	_
related fields	1,448	9.8	37.2	974	1.3	39.0	1,644	4.2	36.4
health	1,368	16.0	39.4	-	_	-	-	_	-
organizations, n.e.c Managers and administrators,	977	4.5	36.7	-	-	-	-	_	_
n.e.c	1,758	9.5	40.9	1,758	9.5	40.9	_	_	-
Management related	1,033	4.9	40.3	1,043	5.3	40.6	954	2.8	37.8
Accountants and auditors	1,046	8.2	39.3	1,064	9.3	39.6	_	_	-
Other financial officers	1,192	7.6	40.3	1,199	8.0	40.3	_	_	-
Management analystsPersonnel, training, and labor	1,382	10.7	40.1	1,417	12.3	40.9	_	_	-
relations specialists Purchasing agents and	1,177	12.1	40.4	1,180	13.0	40.8	_	_	_
buyers, n.e.c Management related, n.e.c	979 837	9.3 7.3	37.9 42.2	979 836	9.3 8.1	37.9 42.5	_	_	_
Sales	802	7.4	39.6	807	7.5	39.7	_	_	-
Supervisors, sales	976	13.5	41.8	976	13.5	41.8	_	_	-
Sales, other business services Sales workers, motor vehicles	879	37.3	40.0	879	37.3	40.0	-	_	-
and boats Sales workers, other	921	8.3	41.3	921	8.3	41.3	_	_	-
commodities	807	26.3	38.3	807	26.3	38.3	_	_	-
Cashiers	456	2.8	38.9	454	3.0	39.0	_	_	-
Administrative support, including clerical	619	1.2	38.7	622	1.5	39.3	605	1.1	36.
Supervisors, general office	813	4.0	39.7	813	4.0	39.7	_		00.
Secretaries	701	3.2	38.2	705	2.9	38.8	692	8.1	36.
Typists	540	2.8	36.7	_	_	-	540	2.8	36.
Hotel clerks	425	7.8	39.7	425	7.8	39.7		_	_
Receptionists	510	8.4	39.3	511	8.5	39.3	_	_	-
Information clerks, n.e.c	626	17.0	40.0	626	17.0	40.0	_	_	-
Order clerks	682	11.5	39.7	682	11.5	39.7	_	_	-
Records clerks, n.e.c Bookkeepers, accounting and	566	5.9	39.2	568	6.5	39.3	-	_	-
auditing clerks Mail clerks, except postal	538	4.0	38.1	535	4.2	38.3	-	_	-
service Traffic, shipping and receiving	458	8.4	38.2	437	8.2	38.0	_	_	-
clerks	587	8.5	39.8	587	8.5	39.8	_	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	568	5.0	39.9	571	5.1	40.0	-	_	_
investigatorsInvestigators and adjusters,	717	2.0	39.4	717	2.0	39.4	-	_	-
except insurance	583	7.6	39.7	587	8.0	39.7	-	-	-
General office clerks	584	4.8	37.9	581	6.7	39.5	587	6.2	35.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

		Total		Priv	vate industry	,		ate and local povernment	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekl hours
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued									
Teachers' aidesAdministrative support, n.e.c.	\$494 597	1.1 4.2	35.1 37.6	- \$602	- 5.6	38.8	\$499 586	1.4 7.8	35.2 34.9
Blue collar	719	2.2	40.1	714	2.5	40.1	770	2.2	39.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	877	3.7	40.0	882	4.3	40.0	845	.8	39.8
Automobile mechanics Bus, truck, and stationary	883	4.4	40.2	869	5.1	40.5	-	-	-
engine mechanicsIndustrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers,	798 885	19.0 1.9	40.0 40.0	- 885	1.9	- 40.0	<u>-</u>		-
n.e.c	748 900	10.1 6.8	39.9 40.0	746 936	11.3 7.4	40.0 40.0	-	-	_
Supervisors, production	915	14.4	40.0	915	14.4	40.0	-	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	654	3.9	39.9	654	3.9	39.9	-	-	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	634	25.2	40.0	634	25.2	40.0	-	_	_
operators Miscellaneous machine	846	16.0	40.0	846	16.0	40.0	-	-	_
operators, n.e.c	581 727	22.7 9.4	40.0 40.0	581 727	22.7 9.4	40.0 40.0	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	739	6.1	40.6	736	6.9	40.8	767	5.1	39.6
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor	777	6.7	40.0	783	6.8	40.0	-	-	-
equipment operators	675	9.3	40.0	675	9.3	40.0	-	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and	570	5.4	39.8	555	6.8	39.8	666	4.3	39.2
gardeners, except farm Helpers, mechanics and	492	17.2	39.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
repairers	563	7.7	39.4	-	_	-	-	_	-
Construction laborersStock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material	723 444	9.6 14.9	40.0 38.9	443	15.0	38.9	_	-	_
handlers, n.e.cVehicle washers and	631	12.0	40.0	631	12.0	40.0	-	-	-
equipment cleaners Hand packers and packagers	444 450	12.7 3.2	40.0 39.1	- 450	3.2	- 39.1	- -	-	_ _
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	546	11.4	40.0	479	13.2	40.0	-	_	_
Service	548	4.2	38.5	444	4.2	38.2	821	6.5	39.0
Protective service Supervisors, police and	780	12.7	38.9	446	.5	38.3	968	7.6	39.2
detectives Police and detectives, public service	1,262 1,020	3.0	40.0 40.4	_	_	_	1,262 1,020	3.0	40.0
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	763	3.1	37.4	_	_	_	763	3.1	37.4
Correctional institution officers	803	4.2	40.0	-	-	-	803	4.2	40.0

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		ite and local overnment	l
Occupation ³	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
Service -Continued									
Protective service -Continued									
Guards and police, except									
public service	\$423	8.9	38.7	\$403	6.9	38.7	_	-	-
Food service	412	8.5	37.8	402	9.2	37.9	\$495	6.9	36.6
Waiters, waitresses, and									
bartenders	242	23.1	36.3	242	23.1	36.3	_	_	-
Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses'	187	25.2	35.7	187	25.2	35.7	_	_	_
assistants	364	19.4	38.7	364	19.4	38.7	_	_	-
Other food service	466	3.3	38.3	461	3.6	38.5	495	6.9	36.6
Supervisors, food preparation									
and service	710	6.4	40.0	_	_	-	_	_	-
Cooks	467	1.8	38.4	456	2.2	38.3	_	_	-
Food counter, fountain, and									
related Kitchen workers, food	412	8.5	38.3	_	_	_	_	_	-
preparation	514	9.1	39.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	384	7.6	37.4	364	8.0	37.8	480	3.8	35.5
Health service	364 461	3.0	38.7	438	2.7	38.6	608	3.5	39.3
Health aides, except nursing	521	10.9	39.4	436 495	10.9	40.0	000	3.5	39.3
Nursing aides, orderlies and	321	10.9	39.4	433	10.9	40.0	_	_	_
attendants	448	4.6	38.6	424	4.8	38.4	594	2.7	39.9
Cleaning and building service	514	3.8	39.9	491	5.4	39.9	586	3.4	39.9
Maids and housemen	412	1.6	39.9	412	1.6	39.9		3.4	33.3
Janitors and cleaners	538	3.2	39.9	509	4.7	39.9	_ 585	3.5	39.9
Personal service	477	6.9	36.5	473	7.3	36.5			55.5
Supervisors, personal service	813	1.6	40.0	813	1.6	40.0	_	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and	0.10	'	40.0	0.10	1.0	40.0			
recreation facilities	331	1.1	40.0	331	1.1	40.0	_	_	l _
Child care workers, n.e.c	457	2.8	38.4	_	-		_	_	l _

¹ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence into sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

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⁵ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
II	\$45,041	2.4	1,975	\$44,651	2.9	2,034	\$46,557	2.6	1,745
All excluding sales	45,250	2.4	1,970	44,865	3.0	2,032	46,645	2.5	1,744
White collar	53,401 54,669	2.7 2.9	1,940 1,928	54,414 56,169	3.4 3.7	2,035 2,032	49,815 49,976	1.9 1.9	1,602 1,600
Professional specialty and									
technical	62,936	3.4	1,829	66,418	4.5	1,989	55,271	2.8	1,478
Professional specialty	65,174	3.5	1,801	70,206	4.8	1,986	55,862	2.1	1,459
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	77,755	7.9	2,076	80,362	7.4	2,092	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic			<u> </u>			·			
engineers	80,707	9.5	2,080	80,707	9.5	2,080	_	_	-
Engineers, n.e.c Mathematical and computer	88,731	17.1	2,080	88,731	17.1	2,080	-	_	-
scientistsComputer systems analysts	71,070	3.8	2,044	71,070	3.8	2,044	-	_	-
and scientists	69,124	4.1	2,043	69,124	4.1	2,043	-	_	_
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	84,185	20.8	2,063	84,185	20.8	2,063	_	_	_
Natural scientists	76,593	5.7	1,992	78,423	6.1	2,003	_	_	_
Biological and life scientists	70,952	10.6	1,906	71,803	13.0	1,923	_	_	_
Health related	71,736	6.9	2,012	72,498	7.2	2,030	59,721	11.9	1,73
Physicians	125,146	14.8	2,011	127,155	15.0	1,984	_	_	
Registered nurses	60,217	1.6	2,014	60,679	1.5	2,042	53,608	12.5	1,62
Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary	67,166	9.3	1,556	69,457	13.0	1,686	62,815	9.0	1,30
teachers Teachers, except college and	65,460	7.3	1,491	-	_	_	67,977	5.4	1,44
university	52,373	2.0	1,402	35,363	2.1	1,588	56,222	.8	1,36
Elementary school teachers	50,877	3.1	1,386	_ ′	_	_	56,661	.2	1,34
Secondary school teachers	59,694	1.8	1,366	_	_	_	60,762	1.0	1,37
Teachers, special education	51,289	5.6	1,367	_	_	_	52,486	4.8	1,36
Teachers, n.e.c.	55,625	10.8	1,586	_	_	-	55,158	8.4	1,36
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	61,929	10.9	1,860	60,020	10.0	2 002			_
Psychologists	57,014	16.1	1,732	-	10.0	2,092	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious	44.00=								
workers	41,207	4.8	2,003	36,702	6.0	2,054	45,445	3.6	1,95
Social workers	41,041	6.8	1,986	36,973	8.5	2,049	45,148	6.2	1,92
Lawyers and judges	121,763	13.0	2,072	_	_	_	_	_	-
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers,	121,763	13.0	2,072	-	_	_	_	_	-
athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c.	85,812	31.6	2,065	89,704	32.8	2,074	_	_	_
Technical	49,606	5.1	1,996	50,437	5.3	1,999	40,458	5.9	1,96
Clinical laboratory technologists and	•		,	,		,	,		,
technicians	32,630	6.6	2,021	32,630	6.6	2,021	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	44,457	3.1	2,021	44,723	3.3	2,022	_	_	_
Health technologists and	, -		'-	, -		,-			
technicians, n.e.c	37,152	10.5	2,005	37,152	10.5	2,005	_	_	-
Electrical and electronic									
technicians	54,396	9.3	2,040	54,990	9.7	2,038	_	-	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	47,377	8.1	2,037	50,312	9.3	2,080	_	_	-
Chemical technicians	41,100	11.2	1,996	41,100	11.2	1,996	_	_	-
Computer programmers	62,041	16.1	2,059	_	_	_	_	_	-
Executive, administrative, and	69 224	17	2 060	60.017	F 2	2 102	62 650	0.4	1 00
managerial	68,234	4.7	2,069	69,017	5.3	2,103	63,658	8.4	1,86

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

_	Total			Priv	ate industry	State and local government			
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
/hite collar –Continued									
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued									
Executives, administrators, and managers	\$82,871	5.2	2,042	\$85,499	6.3	2,095	\$71,525	4.4	1,81
Administrators and officials, public administration Financial managers	61,482 105,052	5.8 6.8	1,935 2,127	_ 105,744	- 6.8	_ 2,129	61,482 –	5.8 -	1,93 –
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public			·	,					
relationsAdministrators, education and	99,602	13.2	2,043	100,422	13.1	2,042	70.005	4.2	1 75
related fields	71,150 71,124	9.8 16.0	1,827 2,048	50,668	1.3	2,028	79,005 _	4.2	1,75
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	50,779	4.5	1,911	_	_	_	_	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	91,436	9.5	2,127	91,436	9.5	2,127	_	_	_
Management related	53,731	4.9	2,096	54,210	5.3	2,111	49,621	2.8	1,96
Accountants and auditors	54,389	8.2	2,042	55,333	9.3	2,057	_	_	-
Other financial officers	61,971	7.6	2,095	62,328	8.0	2,096	_	_	-
Management analystsPersonnel, training, and labor	71,845	10.7	2,086	73,693	12.3	2,128	-	_	_
relations specialists Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	61,207 50,932	12.1 9.3	2,103 1,971	61,372 50,932	13.0 9.3	2,122 1,971	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c	43,542	7.3	2,193	43,487	8.1	2,210	-	-	-
Sales	41,593	7.4	2,055	41,838	7.5	2,057	_	_	-
Supervisors, sales	50,770	13.5	2,172	50,770	13.5	2,172	_	_	-
Sales, other business services Sales workers, motor vehicles	45,726	37.3	2,080	45,726	37.3	2,080	-	_	-
and boats Sales workers, other	47,877	8.3	2,150	47,877	8.3	2,150	_	_	_
commodities Cashiers	41,946 23,718	26.3 2.8	1,993 2,023	41,946 23,583	26.3 3.0	1,993 2,027	_	-	_
Administrative support, including									
clerical	31,718	1.2	1,985	32,291	1.5	2,039	29,404	1.1	1,76
Supervisors, general office	42,254	4.0	2,063	42,254	4.0	2,063	-	-	
Secretaries	35,790	3.2	1,949	36,682	2.9	2,016	33,766	8.1	1,79
Typists Hotel clerks	28,073 22,111	2.8 7.8	1,911 2,062	_ 22,111	7.8	2,062	28,073 –	2.8	1,9
Receptionists	26,514	8.4	2,002	26,548	8.5	2,002	_	_	-
Information clerks, n.e.c.	32,560	17.0	2,043	32,560	17.0	2,044	_	_	
Order clerks	35,475	11.5	2,062	35,475	11.5	2,062		_	
Records clerks, n.e.c.	29,448	5.9	2,038	29,559	6.5	2,044	_	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	27,956	4.0	1,982	27,801	4.2	1,994	_	_	_
Mail clerks, except postal service	23,838	8.4	1,988	22,743	8.2	1,978	_	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving	00.50:		0.070	00.50:		0.070			
clerks Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters,	30,504 29,520	8.5 5.0	2,072 2,075	30,504 29,709	8.5 5.1	2,072 2,080	_	_	_
examiners, and investigators	37,310	2.0	2,046	37,310	2.0	2,046	_	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance General office clerks	30,323 29,729	7.6 4.8	2,066 1,930	30,507 29,573	8.0 6.7	2,065 2,009	- 29,934	- 6.2	_ 1,82

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mear
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued									
Teachers' aidesAdministrative support, n.e.c.	\$19,095 31,059	1.1 4.2	1,357 1,953	- \$31,315	- 5.6	2,016	\$19,286 30,481	1.4 7.8	1,36 ² 1,813
Blue collar	36,937	2.2	2,058	36,619	2.5	2,060	39,757	2.2	2,042
Precision production, craft, and repair	45,499	3.7	2,076	45,782	4.3	2,077	43,950	.8	2,070
Automobile mechanics Bus, truck, and stationary	45,926	4.4	2,089	45,199	5.1	2,105	-	-	
engine mechanics Industrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers,	41,471 45,999	19.0 1.9	2,080 2,080	- 45,999	- 1.9	2,080	-	_ _	_ _
n.e.c Electricians	38,886 46,802	10.1 6.8	2,076 2,080	38,781 48,685	11.3 7.4	2,080 2,080	_	_	_
Supervisors, production	47,575	14.4	2,080	47,575	14.4	2,080	-	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	34,022	3.9	2,076	34,009	3.9	2,076	_	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	32,958	25.2	2,080	32,958	25.2	2,080	-	-	_
Mixing and blending machine operators	43,972	16.0	2,080	43,972	16.0	2,080	_	-	_
operators, n.e.c	30,217 37,815	22.7 9.4	2,080 2,080	30,217 37,815	22.7 9.4	2,080 2,080	_	_ _	_ _
Transportation and material	38,241	6.1	2,102	38,190	6.9	2,114	20 672	5.1	1,99
moving Truck drivers Industrial truck and tractor	40,341	6.7	2,102	40,697	6.8	2,114	38,673 -	- -	1,99
equipment operators	35,085	9.3	2,080	35,085	9.3	2,080	_	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	28,343	5.4	1,977	27,426	6.8	1,968	34,641	4.3	2,04
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Helpers, mechanics and	23,187	17.2	1,860	-	-	-	-	-	_
repairers	29,294	7.7	2,050	-	-	-	-	_	_
Construction laborersStock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material	29,951 23,055	9.6 14.9	1,656 2,022	23,026	15.0	2,023	-	_	_
handlers, n.e.cVehicle washers and	32,814	12.0	2,080	32,814	12.0	2,080	-	-	_
equipment cleaners Hand packers and packagers	23,098 23,383	12.7 3.2	2,080 2,031	- 23,383	- 3.2	2,031	_	_ _	_ _
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	28,369	11.4	2,080	24,896	13.2	2,080	-	_	_
Service	28,262	4.2	1,982	23,085	4.2	1,987	41,422	6.5	1,96
Protective service	40,269 65,632	12.7	2,008	23,214	.5	1,994	49,707 65,632	7.6 3.0	2,01
Police and detectives, public service	65,632 53,046	3.0	2,080	-	_	_	65,632 53,046	3.0	2,08
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	39,687	3.1	1,946	-	_	_	39,687	3.1	1,94
Correctional institution officers	41,736	4.2	2,080	-	_	-	41,736	4.2	2,08

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 —

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Guards and police, except public service	\$21,975	8.9	2,014	\$20,941	6.9	2,011	_	_	_
Food service	21,011 12,562	8.5 23.1	1,927 1,882	20,869 12,562	9.2 23.1	1,970 1,882	\$22,016 _	6.9	1,627
Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses'	9,682	25.2	1,849	9,682	25.2	1,849	_	_	_
assistants Other food service Supervisors, food preparation	18,909 23,649	19.4 3.3	2,013 1,942	18,909 23,966	19.4 3.6	2,013 2,002	22,016	- 6.9	- 1,627
and service	36,897 24,222	6.4 1.8	2,080 1,991	- 23,625	- 2.2	- 1,985	_ _	_ _	_ _
related Kitchen workers, food	19,906	8.5	1,853	-	_	_	_	_	_
preparation	26,747	9.1	2,028	_	_	-	_	_	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	19,194	7.6	1,869	18,932	8.0	1,967	20,200	3.8	1,492
Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and	23,862 26,238	3.0 10.9	2,005 1,983	22,778 25,729	2.7 10.9	2,010 2,080	30,610	3.5 -	1,978
attendants	23,273	4.6	2,007	22,038	4.8	1,996	30,887	2.7	2,073
Cleaning and building service	26,552	3.8	2,059	25,516	5.4	2,074	29,563	3.4	2,014
Maids and housemen	21,408	1.6	2,075	21,408	1.6	2,075	- 20 500		2011
Janitors and cleaners	27,642	3.2	2,050	26,451	4.7	2,073	29,529	3.5	2,014
Personal service Supervisors, personal service	24,678 42,297	6.9 1.6	1,887 2,080	24,529 42,297	7.3 1.6	1,892 2,080	_	-	[
Attendants, amusement, and	42,297	1.0	2,000	42,297	1.0	2,000	_	_	_
recreation facilities	17,231	1.1	2,080	17,231	1.1	2,080	_	_	_
Child care workers, n.e.c	22,937	2.8	1,930	_	_	_	_	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence into sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. 5 Mean annual hours are the bours as the bours.

⁵ Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
II	\$21.82	2.3	\$20.96	2.8	\$25.94	1.9
All excluding sales	22.12	2.4	21.25	3.0	26.00	1.8
White collar	26.70	2.8	25.91	3.5	30.37	1.7
1	10.68	15.8	10.10	17.8	-	_
2	10.94	4.4	10.73	4.5	13.69	14.0
3	11.88	3.1	11.48	3.4	14.00	1.9
4	15.00	2.6	14.60	2.5	16.86	5.4
5	18.31	2.6	18.47	2.8	16.79	8.1
6	19.14	4.6	18.94	5.0	20.87	6.3
7	22.32	2.5	22.65	3.0	20.81	1.6
8	28.36	3.7	27.31	4.2	32.55	4.4
9	33.43	1.5	29.67	1.6	40.15	1.3
10 11	36.83 41.22	6.0 2.4	35.76 40.46	6.2 2.8	42.62 45.32	13.7 5.0
12	51.23	7.6	51.64	8.1	45.32 46.54	9.4
13	71.64	7.0	71.82	7.4	46.54	9.4
14	77.49	9.1	71.02		_	_
Not able to be leveled	36.94	8.4	37.29	9.2	34.22	12.7
White collar excluding sales	27.94	3.0	27.30	3.8	30.51	1.7
1	13.34	12.8	13.14	17.0	_	
2	11.67	5.3	11.42	5.6	13.69	14.0
3	12.77	2.4	12.39	2.9	14.12	1.7
4	15.40	2.5	15.00	2.4	16.86	5.4
5	16.90	2.2	16.92	2.2	16.79	8.1
6	18.85	4.8	18.57	5.3	20.87	6.3
7	21.98	2.4	22.26	2.9	20.81	1.6
8	28.26	3.7	27.16	4.2	32.55	4.4
9	33.65	1.6	29.78	1.8	40.15	1.3
10	34.97	5.7	33.28	4.3	42.62	13.7
11	41.30	2.5	40.53	2.9	45.32	5.0
12	51.23	7.6	51.64	8.1	46.54	9.4
13	71.64	7.3	71.82	7.4	_	_
14 Not able to be leveled	77.49 37.05	9.1 8.5	- 37.42	9.4	34.22	12.7
Professional specialty and technical	33.99	3.2	33.04	4.3	36.90	2.7
Professional specialty	35.74	3.3	34.92	4.3	37.88	1.4
5	14.97	6.2	15.21	6.6	-	
6	20.19	4.1	18.53	5.5	23.15	1.6
7	22.38	3.6	22.58	4.9	21.58	2.1
8	29.35	4.6	27.42	4.8	34.98	5.0
9	35.14	1.6	29.96	2.1	40.87	1.1
10	34.70	5.9	32.84	5.1	42.73	12.3
11	38.69	2.8	37.81	3.2	46.22	8.2
12	49.13	11.8	49.38	13.6	47.71	10.8
13	75.89	5.8	76.19	5.9		
Not able to be leveled	43.32	16.8	44.99	17.7	27.23	10.3
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	37.45	8.0	38.41	7.8	_	_
9	33.37	7.0	35.50	5.5	_	_
11	40.84	5.1	41.27	4.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.80	9.5	38.80	9.5	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c	42.66 34.27	17.1 4.2	42.66 34.27	17.1 4.2	_	_
9	30.94	7.0	30.94	7.0	_	_
11	37.41	3.7	37.41	3.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled	38.17	11.5	38.17	11.5	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	33.28	4.7	33.28	4.7	_	_
9	31.31	7.8	31.31	7.8	_	_
11	37.34	4.4	37.34	4.4	_	_
Operations and systems researchers and		00.0		00.0		
analysts	40.81 38.45	20.6	40.81	20.6	_	_
Notural asigntists		5.5	39.03	5.9	_	. –
Natural scientists Biological and life scientists	37.23	11.1	37.34	13.5		

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation and level	Mean	Relative				
		error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
hite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued Health related –Continued						
7	\$24.22	8.8	\$24.09	9.0	_	_
8	30.54	1.9	30.50	1.8	_	_
9	29.52	2.8	28.97	2.2	_	_
11	31.89	7.3	31.89	7.3	_	_
13	87.51	4.5	87.51	4.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	41.33	26.3	45.24	28.1	_	_
Physicians	62.23	15.6	64.09	15.5	_	_
13	87.51	4.5	87.51	4.5	_	_
Registered nurses	29.93	1.3	29.79	1.1	\$32.92	13.6
7	25.88	5.7	25.76	6.0	_	_
8	31.49	1.7	31.49	1.5	_	_
9	29.19	2.1	28.87	1.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled	29.42	3.7	_		_	_
Pharmacists	44.39	4.5	44.39	4.5		_
Teachers, college and university	42.71	5.5	40.82	8.2	47.24	6.3
10	24.13	20.4	_	_	-	-
11	41.91	4.9	_	_	46.97	10.2
Other past accordary togehers	51.97	2.8	_	-	56.14	4.0
Other post-secondary teachers	42.57	5.0	_	_	46.49	5.1
	42.92 36.83	6.2 2.9	21.82	2.7	42.92 40.84	6.2 1.0
Teachers, except college and university 6	26.03	9.8	21.02	2.1	40.04	1.0
8	31.70	13.3	_		39.30	7.1
9	41.47	2.4	_	_	41.75	2.5
Elementary school teachers	36.71	4.5	_	_	42.03	1.0
8	29.95	18.2	_	_	_	_
9	42.25	3.5	_	_	42.79	3.8
Secondary school teachers	43.60	2.1	_	_	44.10	2.1
9	44.08	1.7	_	_	44.08	1.7
Teachers, special education	37.52	6.7	-	_	38.43	6.0
9	37.10	3.4	_	-	37.10	3.4
Teachers, n.e.c.	34.78	12.8	_	-	40.39	8.9
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	. .		-	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	33.25	11.1	29.19	7.5	_	_
Psychologists	32.91	15.3	25.90	3.9	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.55	5.4	17.96	5.2	23.23	4.4
7	21.21	3.3	-	-	- 22.40	_
Social workersLawyers and judges	20.66 54.86	7.5 28.0	18.04 60.09	8.4 29.7	23.48	6.0
Not able to be leveled	42.68	14.3	60.09	29.7		_
Lawyers	54.86	28.0	60.09	29.7	_	
Not able to be leveled	42.68	14.3	-	25.7	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	12.00	11.0				
professionals, n.e.c.	40.62	31.3	42.83	33.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	51.60	49.7	51.60	49.7	_	_
Technical	24.68	5.3	25.12	5.5	19.86	4.4
4	17.99	10.1	18.10	10.7	_	_
5	18.38	13.7	18.46	14.4	_	_
6	21.41	2.8	21.54	2.8	_	_
7	21.75	8.7	22.12	11.0	_	_
8	31.18	16.3	31.18	16.3	_	-
9	31.44	5.9	31.47	6.4	_	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	16.34	6.7	16.34	6.7	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	21.99	2.1	22.10	2.1	_	_
6	22.31	4.2	22.36	4.2	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	18.13	7.7	18.30	8.0	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	26.67	8.9	26.99	9.3	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c	23.26 20.59	7.3 8.6	24.19 20.59	9.3 8.6	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Computer programmers	\$30.42	14.5	\$30.36	16.0	_	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	22.91	20.3	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.91	4.8	32.78	5.2	\$33.79	10.1
7	21.68	5.3	21.70	6.5	_	_
8	25.61	5.1	25.89	5.9	24.05	3.2
9	29.22	4.0	29.12	4.3	30.11	12.2
10	35.68	7.1	34.41	5.7	. . .	_
11	42.15	4.1	41.18	3.7	44.73	9.5
12	53.30	8.9	53.53	8.8	_	_
13	58.96	9.9	58.96	9.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	36.64	7.2	36.39	8.3	37.76	13.0
Executives, administrators, and managers	40.45	5.1	40.76	6.1	38.90	5.7
8	26.16	10.7	26.49	13.5		-
9	30.16	5.0	29.68	5.4	_	_
10	36.27	7.8	34.99	6.2	_	_
11	47.59	8.2	46.98	12.6	48.48	8.0
12	55.45	9.3		9.2	40.40	0.0
			55.75 58.96	9.2	_	_
Not able to be leveled	58.96	9.9			27.76	
Not able to be leveled	40.25	6.2	41.36	7.7	37.76	13.0
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.78	5.9	-		31.78	5.9
Financial managers	49.39	7.1	49.68	7.2	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	40 =0					
relations	48.76	13.1	49.18	13.0		
Administrators, education and related fields	38.94	11.8	24.99	2.3	45.14	5.0
11	49.89	11.1	_	_	49.89	11.1
Not able to be leveled	45.51	10.9		l .=_	45.51	10.9
Managers, medicine and health	34.06	15.7	34.09	17.5	_	_
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	26.57	3.8	_		_	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	42.99	9.6	42.99	9.6	_	-
Not able to be leveled	40.68	14.8	40.68	14.8	_	-
Management related	25.83	5.4	25.89	5.9	25.25	3.6
7	21.41	4.4	21.36	5.7	_	-
8	25.35	6.4	25.65	7.3	_	_
9	27.99	3.7	28.31	4.0	_	_
11	37.07	7.1	37.40	8.2	_	_
Not able to be leveled	31.61	13.0	31.61	13.0	_	l _
Accountants and auditors	27.88	8.1	28.29	9.0	_	_
7	21.94	2.9	21.66	3.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled	32.60	13.0	32.60	13.0	_	_
Other financial officers	29.58	6.5	29.74	6.9	_	_
	34.43	11.1	34.63	13.0		
Personnel, training, and labor relations	54.45	''.'	J+.UJ	13.0	_	-
specialists	29.10	12.4	28.92	13.2	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	25.84	9.3	25.84	9.3		_
Management related, n.e.c.	19.99	13.1	19.83	14.3	_	_
anagomoni rolatoa, 11.0.0.	10.00	.5.,	10.00			
Sales	17.71	8.1	17.76	8.2	_	_
2	9.71	3.3	9.71	3.3	_	_
3	10.18	4.3	10.03	4.4	_	_
4	13.34	5.8	13.34	5.8	_	_
5	24.24	9.7	24.24	9.7	_	_
6	20.83	10.3	20.83	10.3		_
					_	_
7	26.87	9.3	26.87	9.3	_	-
Supervisors, sales	23.38	13.2	23.38	13.2	_	_
6	20.24	7.7	20.24	7.7	_	_
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	22.27	9.7	22.27	9.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	18.45	25.7	18.45	25.7	_	-
4	19.25	29.2	19.25	29.2	_	-
Cashiers	10.73	2.7	10.63	2.8		1

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
White collar –Continued						
Pales Continued						
Sales –Continued Cashiers –Continued						
2	\$10.43	2.4	\$10.43	2.4	_	_
3	10.94	4.3	10.77	4.8	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.73	1.2	15.61	1.5	\$16.29	1.6
1	13.34	12.8	13.14	17.0	12.60	14.0
2 3	11.70 12.78	5.4 2.4	11.43 12.39	5.8 2.9	13.69 14.20	14.0
4	15.29	2.4	14.82	2.3	16.86	5.5
5	17.01	3.3	16.99	3.7	17.10	7.6
6	19.16	2.0	19.29	2.1	17.10	6.8
7	21.99	3.2	22.66	3.4	19.45	4.8
Not able to be leveled	19.11	15.1	19.11	15.1	-	-
Supervisors, general office	20.48	4.6	20.48	4.6	_	_
Computer operators	17.05	3.1	-	-	_	_
Secretaries	18.28	3.3	18.10	2.8	18.75	8.9
3	14.78	11.1	_	_	_	-
4	16.63	12.1	13.62	1.2	19.94	11.7
5	18.80	2.2	19.16	2.3	_	_
6	19.09	5.4	19.44	5.8	_	_
7	21.15	9.1	22.55	13.5		
Typists	14.69	2.9	-		14.69	2.9
Hotel clerks	10.72	7.0	10.72	7.0	_	_
3	10.82	6.0	10.82	6.0	_	_
Receptionists	12.55	7.5	12.56	7.6	_	_
2 3	9.59 12.93	5.0 10.8	12.93	10.8	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	14.65	15.6	14.65	15.6	_	
Order clerks	17.07	11.9	17.07	11.9	_	_
Library clerks	15.30	12.1	-	-	15.30	12.1
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.29	7.5	15.37	8.2	-	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.10	5.1	13.94	5.2	_	_
3	11.95	7.7	11.95	7.7	_	_
4	14.83	5.8	14.62	6.9	_	_
Telephone operators	12.23	9.4	11.32	6.2	_	-
Mail clerks, except postal service	11.94	5.4	11.57	5.3	_	_
3	12.66	5.2	_	_	_	_
Dispatchers	16.58	12.3	_		_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.72	8.4	14.72	8.4	_	_
4	16.42	7.2	16.42	7.2	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.23	4.9	14.28	5.1	_	_
	18.14	1.9	18.14	1.9	_	_
6	18.40	2.6	18.40	2.6	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.79	6.7	14.87	7.1	_	_
5	13.77	11.2	13.77	11.2	_	_
General office clerks	14.96	5.6	14.15	6.2	16.37	8.1
2	11.71	8.2	10.95	5.7	_	_
3	12.85	5.4	12.10	3.6	-	_
4	15.10	4.1	15.11	5.2	15.09	6.4
5	19.84	5.6	_		-	_
Data entry keyers	11.78	5.9	11.78	5.9	-	
Teachers' aides	13.65	.5	- 45 47	-	13.70	.6
Administrative support, n.e.c4	15.82 15.88	4.7 5.1	15.47 15.26	4.9 3.7	16.79 –	9.4
No. and the	4= 40		4= 00		40.0=	
Blue collar	17.48	2.2	17.30	2.5	19.07	1.1
1	9.51	7.6	9.36	7.6	_	_
2	13.53	7.3 3.7	13.48 15.59	7.6 3.8	_	_
3	15.52					

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error (percei
Plus seller Continued						
Blue collar –Continued	¢10.44	40	¢40.40		\$19.55	1.2
5	\$19.44 21.37	4.8 1.9	\$19.42 21.41	5.6 2.0	20.98	3.9
7	23.44	2.3	23.99	2.8	21.41	.7
Not able to be leveled	18.02	12.1	18.02	12.1	_	
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.92	3.7	22.05	4.3	21.22	3.
4	12.57	5.9	12.57	5.9	_	_
5	21.12	9.6	21.46	10.1	16.84	2.7
6	21.67	2.9	21.70	3.2	-	-
7	23.49	2.6	24.07	3.1	21.40	.7
Automobile mechanics	21.98	5.5	21.47	6.2	_	-
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	19.94	19.0	-	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	22.11	1.9	22.11	1.9	-	_
Electronic repairers, communications and	23.12	00	22.42	00		
industrial equipment7	23.12	9.0 12.5	23.12 23.77	9.0 12.5	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.74	10.2	18.64	11.3	_	_
6	20.08	5.9	10.04	11.3	_	_
7	23.12	3.9	23.24	4.1	_	
Electricians	22.50	6.8	23.41	7.4	_	_
Supervisors, production	22.87	14.4	22.87	14.4	_	_
		'				
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	16.29	3.3	16.29	3.3	_	_
2	13.00	3.9	13.00	3.9	_	_
3	14.12	3.1	14.12	3.1	_	-
4	17.65	2.3	17.65	2.3	-	_
5	18.04	5.1	18.04	5.1	_	-
6	20.97	2.1	20.97	2.1	_	_
7	22.71	7.4	22.75	7.7	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	15.85	25.2	15.85	25.2	_	_
Mixing and blending machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	21.14 14.53	16.0 22.7	21.14 14.53	16.0 22.7	_	_
Assemblers	18.18	9.4	18.18	9.4	_	_
Transportation and material moving	17.51	6.4	17.45	7.3	18.01	2.2
1	8.00	5.0	8.00	5.0	-	
2	12.06	2.5	12.09	2.8	_	_
3	16.68	4.6	17.08	3.8	_	_
4	18.56	11.7	18.54	12.2	_	_
5	19.27	6.4	18.87	9.7	_	_
Truck drivers	19.44	6.7	19.57	6.8	_	_
4	22.05	7.3	22.24	7.3	_	-
Bus drivers	15.09	2.8	- -	-	17.52	5.6
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	16.87	9.3	16.87	9.3	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	13.72	6.0	13.30	7.2	16.98	3.9
1	10.07	7.1	9.89	7.3	_	-
2	14.52	11.9	14.41	12.3	-	_
3	15.17	7.4	14.97	7.6	-	-
4	15.57	4.5	14.85	5.5	16.49	6.4
Not able to be leveled	9.52	9.8	9.52	9.8	_	-
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and	12.44	16.9	_	-	_	_
laborers, n.e.c.	18.00	5.8	_	_	_	_
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	14.29	8.1	_	_	_	_
Construction laborers	18.08	9.6	_	_	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	10.13	13.1	10.12	13.1	_	-
1	7.89	5.8	7.89	5.8	_	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	13.97	19.2	13.97	19.2	_	_
2	12.81	18.8	12.81	18.8	_	-
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	10.74	10.5	9.79	6.9	-	-
Hand packers and packagers	11.29	4.8	11.29	4.8		l _

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Blue collar -Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						
-Continued						
Hand packers and packagers –Continued 1	\$11.65	4.3	\$11.65	4.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	13.40	10.5	11.79	12.2	-	_
Service	13.24	3.6	10.95	3.6	\$20.26	4.9
1	8.97	4.8	8.58	3.7	12.02	7.2
2	9.29	3.7	9.04	3.5	11.91	3.4
3	11.00	3.5	10.57	3.9	13.59	1.6
4	14.62	3.0	14.08	4.0	16.32	3.4
5	15.36	2.3	14.12	4.6	17.93	3.5
6	21.15	2.9	19.02	6.1	22.17	3.3
7	26.50	3.7	-	-	26.67	4.4
8 9	26.79 30.35	5.1 5.9	_	_	27.51 30.35	4.5 5.9
Not able to be leveled	30.35 14.72	21.9	_ 11.17	14.3	JU.JU	5.9
Protective service	19.06	12.0	11.30	1.8	24.28	4.8
1	10.86	12.4	-	_	-	_
2	9.76	6.0	9.56	4.0	_	_
3	10.45	2.5	10.42	2.5	_	_
4	16.02	5.4	_	-		
5	17.01	4.4	_	-	18.26	4.5
6	22.23	2.3 4.4	_	_	22.35 26.67	2.5 4.4
8	26.67 27.51	4.4	_	_	27.51	4.4
9	30.58	6.2	_	_	30.58	6.2
Supervisors, police and detectives	31.55	3.0	_	_	31.55	3.0
Police and detectives, public service	25.25	3.0	-	_	25.25	3.0
6	23.62	.1	_	-	23.62	.1
7	25.13	1.6	_	-	25.13	1.6
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	00.00				00.00	
officers Correctional institution officers	20.39 20.07	2.8 4.2	_	-	20.39 20.07	2.8 4.2
Guards and police, except public service	10.68	5.6	10.35	3.5	20.07	4.2
2	9.84	7.5	9.81	7.4	_	_
3	10.43	2.7	10.43	2.7	_	_
Food service	9.91	6.6	9.59	6.8	13.14	3.1
1	7.51	3.6	7.37	3.1	-	_
2	7.94	7.7	7.83	8.0		_
3	9.58	10.9	9.25	12.2	12.11	3.2
A	12.55	5.8	11.70	6.1 22.4	-	_
Not able to be leveled	10.95 6.30	22.4 12.8	10.95 6.30	12.8	_	_
1	6.38	7.6	6.38	7.6	_	_
2	6.04	18.9	6.04	18.9	_	_
3	5.24	20.4	5.24	20.4	-	_
Bartenders	8.56	20.0	8.56	20.0	-	-
Waiters and waitresses	5.72	13.7	5.72	13.7	-	-
1	6.61	.7	6.61	.7	-	-
2	5.71	18.1	5.71	18.1	_	_
3 Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	4.32 6.63	44.3 18.8	4.32 6.63	44.3 18.8	_	_
1	5.97	21.1	5.97	21.1	_	_
Other food service	11.47	1.7	11.22	1.7	13.14	3.1
1	8.22	5.5	8.03	6.1	-	_
2	9.32	2.5	9.23	2.6	-	-
3	11.37	3.2	11.22	3.8	12.11	3.2
4	13.11	5.3	12.31	6.5	-	-
Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks	17.61	7.0	17.63	7.1	_	_
	11.88	3.2	11.63	2.5	_	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation and level	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Food service –Continued						
Other food service –Continued						
Food counter, fountain, and related	\$10.30	6.6	\$10.37	7.6	_	_
3	10.76	6.4	10.84	6.6	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	11.93	7.0	11.46	8.2	_	_
3	11.16	.6	_	_	_	-
Food preparation, n.e.c.	9.76	4.7	9.09	3.2	\$13.33	9.7
1	8.26	5.5	8.07	6.2	_	-
2	9.17	4.0	9.17	4.1	l . - .	l . - .
3	12.60	7.0			12.95	10.0
Health_service	11.89	1.8	11.39	1.2	15.24	4.5
2	10.05	3.9	10.05	3.9	_	_
3	11.31	3.7	11.09	3.8	12.91	1.9
4	13.27	6.5	12.95	7.1	_	_
5	13.70 12.74	7.4 9.7	12.92 12.04	7.3 9.0	_	_
Health aides, except nursing5	13.18	6.7	13.18	6.7	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.65	2.9	11.17	2.9	14.80	2.3
2	10.18	4.7	10.18	4.7	14.00	2.5
3	11.34	3.9	11.10	3.9	13.02	2.4
4	13.03	5.8	12.46	6.1	-	
Cleaning and building service	12.15	5.9	11.53	7.7	14.45	2.8
1	10.25	3.8	9.84	2.9	12.71	1.0
2	10.85	14.3	10.06	15.1	_	_
3	14.20	2.9	13.85	4.5	14.81	3.1
Maids and housemen	10.32	1.4	10.32	1.4	_	_
1	10.40	2.7	10.40	2.7	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	12.33	6.8	11.43	9.9	14.44	2.8
1	10.15	6.2	9.37	4.7	12.71	1.0
2	11.55	17.6	10.56	21.0		
3	14.30	3.2	13.98	5.2	14.81	3.1
Personal service	11.91	6.6	11.95	7.1	11.49	18.7
1	7.98	3.1	7.98	3.1	_	_
2	8.24	4.2	8.12	4.6	_	_
3 4	8.44 17.94	4.4 8.4	8.44 18.04	4.4 9.0	_	_
5	17.94	8.4	16.04	9.0		_
Not able to be leveled	11.76	26.0	- 11.76	26.0	l -	_
Supervisors, personal service	20.33	1.6	20.33	1.6	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	7.88	1.5	7.88	1.5	_	_
2	7.35	8.4	7.35	8.4	_	_
3	7.68	2.9	7.68	2.9	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.15	7.5	8.15	7.5	_	_
Child care workers, n.e.c.	10.31	8.0	10.36	8.5	_	-
Service, n.e.c.	9.56	5.2	9.76	4.9	l –	I –

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

The knowledge factor is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All	\$22.81	2.3	\$21.96	2.8	\$26.69	2.2
All excluding sales	22.97	2.4	22.08	3.0	26.75	2.1
White collar	27.53	2.8	26.74	3.5	31.09	2.0
1	13.53	17.1	13.04	24.2	-	_
2	11.75	5.1	11.65	5.2	-	_
3	12.45	2.6	12.01	3.1	14.31	1.9
4	15.09	2.7	14.68	2.7	16.99	5.1
5	18.63	2.8	18.74	3.1	17.48	7.3
6	18.91	4.7	18.80	5.1	20.08	3.6
7	22.18	2.6	22.50	3.2	20.79	1.6
8	28.20	3.9	27.05	4.5	32.54	4.5
9	33.52	1.5	29.62	1.6	40.15	1.3
10	36.85	6.1	35.76	6.2	42.92	13.8
11	41.47	2.3	40.75	2.7	45.32	5.0
12	51.29	7.6	51.70	8.1	46.54	9.4
13	71.64	7.3	71.82	7.4	-	_
14	77.49	9.1	-		_	-
Not able to be leveled	37.03	8.7	37.31	9.7	34.91	12.7
White collar excluding sales	28.36	3.1	27.64	3.9	31.24	2.0
1	13.82	17.5	- 11.00	- 6.5	_	_
2	11.83	6.3	11.69	6.5		17
3	13.03	2.4	12.59	3.1	14.48	1.7
4 5	15.45	2.7	15.02	2.6	16.99	5.1
6	17.16 18.56	2.4 4.9	17.12 18.39	2.5 5.4	17.48 20.08	7.3
7	21.82	2.5	22.07	3.4	20.08	1.6
8	28.10	3.9	26.88	4.6	32.54	4.5
9	33.75	1.6	29.74	1.9	40.15	1.3
10	34.98	5.8	33.28	4.3	42.92	13.8
11	41.57	2.4	40.83	2.8	45.32	5.0
12	51.29	7.6	51.70	8.1	46.54	9.4
13	71.64	7.3	71.82	7.4	-	- 5.4
14	77.49	9.1	-	-	_	_
Not able to be leveled	37.14	8.9	37.45	9.9	34.91	12.7
Professional specialty and technical	34.41	3.4	33.40	4.5	37.39	2.9
Professional specialty	36.19	3.4	35.35	4.8	38.29	2.1
5	16.15	8.4	16.15	8.4	_	_
6	19.15	3.4	17.55	4.1	-	_
7	22.15	3.5	22.32	4.9	21.53	2.1
8	29.13	5.0	26.90	5.1	34.98	5.0
9	35.34	1.6	29.93	2.2	40.88	1.1
10	34.71	6.0	32.84	5.1	-	-
11	38.86	2.6	37.97	2.9	46.22	8.2
12	49.23	11.8	49.50	13.7	47.71	10.8
13	75.89	5.8	76.19	5.9		
Not able to be leveled	43.71	17.5	45.53	18.4	27.23	10.3
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	37.45	8.0	38.41	7.8	-	_
9	33.37	7.0	35.50	5.5	-	-
11	40.84	5.1	41.27	4.7	-	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.80	9.5	38.80	9.5	-	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	42.66	17.1	42.66	17.1	-	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	34.77	3.9	34.77	3.9	-	_
9	30.94	7.0	30.94	7.0	_	_
11 Not able to be leveled	37.41 38.17	3.7	37.41 38.17	3.7	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	38.17 33.83	11.5 4.3	38.17 33.83	11.5	_	_
9	33.83 31.31	7.8	33.83 31.31	4.3 7.8	_	l
9 11	37.34	4.4	37.34	4.4	_	_
Operations and systems researchers and	J1.J 4	7.4	J1.J4		-	_
analysts	40.81	20.6	40.81	20.6	_	_
Natural scientists	38.45	5.5	39.03	5.9	-	_
Biological and life scientists	37.23	11.1	37.34	13.5	_	_
Health related	35.65	7.3	35.71	7.6	34.46	16.1

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued						
Health related –Continued 7	\$23.86	9.8	\$23.71	10.0	_	_
8	30.17	2.7	30.10	2.6	_	_
9	29.41	3.2	28.78	2.4	_	_
11	31.85	7.4	31.85	7.4	_	_
13	87.51	4.5	87.51	4.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	42.21	27.8	_	_	_	_
Physicians	62.23	15.6	64.09	15.5	-	_
13	87.51	4.5	87.51	4.5	_	_
Registered nurses	29.89	1.5	29.72	1.2	\$33.07	13.7
7	25.61	6.8	25.43	7.1	-	-
8	31.48	2.1	31.47	1.9	-	-
9	29.16	2.2	28.79	1.7	-	_
Teachers, college and university	43.17	6.3	41.19	9.2		6.3
11	41.91	4.9	_	-		10.2
12	52.94	5.2	_	-		4.0
Other post-secondary teachers	43.90	7.3	_	-		4.9
11	42.92	6.2	_	_		6.2
Teachers, except college and university	37.35	2.8	22.26	2.0		3.
8	31.72	13.3	_	_		7.1
9	41.47	2.4	_	-		2.5
Elementary school teachers	36.71	4.5	_	_	42.03	1.0
8 9	29.95 42.25	18.2 3.5	_	_	- 42.70	3.8
Secondary school teachers	43.71	2.1	_			2.2
9	44.08	1.7	_	_		1.7
Teachers, special education	37.52	6.7	_	_		6.0
9	37.10	3.4	_	_		3.4
Teachers, n.e.c.	35.07	12.6	_	_		8.8
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_		_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	33.29	12.0	28.70	9.1	_	_
Psychologists	32.92	17.2	_	_	-	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.57	5.5	17.87	5.9	23.23	4.4
7	21.33	3.4	_	-	_	_
Social workers	20.66	7.5	18.04	8.4	23.48	6.0
Lawyers and judges	58.77	24.6	_	-	_	_
Lawyers	58.77	24.6	_	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	44.57	04.0	40.00	20.0		
professionals, n.e.c	41.57	31.9	43.26	33.2	-	_
Technical	51.84 24.85	49.9 5.5	51.84 25.23	49.9 5.8	20.57	5.9
	24.85 18.24	10.4	25.23 18.10	1 .11 1	20.07	5.8
5	18.51	14.5	18.62	10.7 15.2	_	_
6	21.45	2.8	21.57	2.8	_	_
7	21.43	9.7	21.57	12.6	_	_
8	31.45	16.3	31.45	16.3	_	_
9	31.32	6.1	31.34	6.7	_	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	16.15	6.0	16.15	6.0	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	22.00	3.8	22.12	4.1	-	-
6	22.53	4.5	-	_	-	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	18.53	8.8	18.53	8.8	-	-
Electrical and electronic technicians	26.67	8.9	26.99	9.3	-	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	23.26	7.3	24.19	9.3	-	-
Chemical technicians	20.59	8.6	20.59	8.6	-	-
Computer programmers	30.13	16.0	-	-	-	-
Formula administration of the control of	00.00	_	00.04		0407	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.98	5.1	32.81	5.7	34.07	9.5
	21.68	5.3	21.70	6.5	_	_
7 8	25.64	5.2	25.93	6.0	24.05	3.2

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	Total		Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Executive, administrative, and managerial -Continued						
10	\$35.68	7.1	\$34.41	5.7	_	_
11	42.48	4.2	41.62	4.1	\$44.73	9.5
12	53.30	8.9	53.53	8.8	_	_
13	58.96	9.9	58.96	9.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	36.58	8.1	36.05	9.4	38.93	12.8
Executives, administrators, and managers	40.59	5.1	40.82	6.0	39.42	5.4
8	26.28	10.9	26.66	13.8	_	_
9	30.16	5.0	29.68	5.4	_	_
10	36.27	7.8	34.99	6.2	_	_
11	47.59	8.2	46.98	12.6	48.48	8.0
12	55.45	9.3	55.75	9.2	_	_
13	58.96	9.9	58.96	9.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	40.63	6.4	41.36	7.7	38.93	12.8
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.78	5.9	_	_	31.78	5.9
Financial managers	49.39	7.1	49.68	7.2	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public				'		
relations	48.76	13.1	49.18	13.0	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	38.94	11.8	24.99	2.3	45 14	5.0
11	49.89	11.1	_			11.1
Not able to be leveled	45.51	10.9	_	_		10.9
Managers, medicine and health	34.73	15.1		_	45.51	10.5
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	26.57	3.8	_	_	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	42.99	9.6	42.99	9.6	_	_
,					_	_
Not able to be leveled	40.68	14.8	40.68	14.8	25.25	
Management related	25.63	6.0	25.67	6.6	25.25	3.6
7	21.41	4.4	21.36	5.7	_	_
8	25.35	6.4	25.65	7.3	_	_
9	27.99	3.7	28.31	4.0	_	_
11	37.51	7.2	37.94	8.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	30.29	17.0	30.29	17.0	_	_
Accountants and auditors	26.64	7.4	26.90	8.4	_	_
7	21.94	2.9	21.66	3.8		-
Other financial officers	29.58	6.5	29.74	6.9	_	-
Management analysts	34.43	11.1	34.63	13.0	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	29.10	12.4	28.92	13.2	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	25.84	9.3	25.84	9.3	_	-
Management related, n.e.c.	19.86	13.3	19.68	14.6	-	_
Sales	20.24	7.4	20.34	7.5	_	_
3	10.94	4.8	10.76	5.2	_	-
4	13.56	6.5	13.56	6.5	_	-
5	24.54	9.8	24.54	9.8	_	_
6	20.83	10.3	20.83	10.3	_	_
7	26.87	9.3	26.87	9.3	_	_
Supervisors, sales	23.38	13.2	23.38	13.2	_	_
6	20.24	7.7	20.24	7.7	_	_
Sales, other business services	21.98	37.3	21.98	37.3	_	_
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	22.27	9.7	22.27	9.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	21.04	22.7	21.04	22.7	_	_
Cashiers	11.72	2.9	11.63	3.1	_	_
3	11.42	3.6	11.24	4.1	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	15.98	1.3	15.84	1.6	16.64	1.5
1	13.82	17.5	-	-	-	
2	11.86	6.5	11.72	6.7	_	_
3	13.03	2.4	12.59	3.1	14.48	1.7
4	15.32	2.7	14.83	2.5	16.96	5.2
5	17.06	3.4	16.98	3.7	17.54	7.8
6	19.06	2.0	19.18	2.0	17.54	6.8
	157.00	1 2.0	13.10	1 2.0	17.37	1 0.0

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued	.		.			
Not able to be leveled	\$19.11	15.1	\$19.11	15.1	_	_
Supervisors, general office	20.48	4.6	20.48	4.6	-	_
Secretaries	18.36	3.3	18.19	2.7	\$18.78	9.0
3	14.77 16.76	11.2 12.4	- 13.66	1.6	20.01	11.7
5	18.87	2.2	19.28	2.0	20.01	11.7
6	19.19	5.5	19.57	6.0		
7	21.15	9.1	22.55	13.5	_	
Typists	14.69	2.9	_	-	14.69	2.9
Hotel clerks	10.72	7.0	10.72	7.0	-	
3	10.72	6.0	10.72	6.0	_	_
Receptionists	12.98	7.9	12.99	8.0	_	_
3	13.31	11.2	-	-	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	15.65	17.0	15.65	17.0	-	_
Order clerks	17.21	12.3	17.21	12.3	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	14.45	6.5	14.46	7.1	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	14.10	5.1	13.94	5.2	_	_
3	11.95	7.7	11.95	7.7	_	_
4	14.83	5.8	14.62	6.9	_	_
Mail clerks, except postal service	11.99	7.0	11.50	6.8	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.72	8.4	14.72	8.4	_	_
4	16.42	7.2	16.42	7.2	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.23	4.9	14.28	5.1	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and						
investigators	18.23	2.3	18.23	2.3	_	-
6	18.55	1.9	18.55	1.9	_	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.68	7.7	14.77	8.2	_	_
5	13.77	11.2	13.77	11.2	_	_
General office clerks	15.41	5.8	14.72	6.9	16.40	8.3
4	15.24	4.5	15.36	6.4	15.12	6.6
5	19.84	5.6	-	_	4447	_
Teachers' aides	14.07	1.1 5.1	- 15.53	5.7	14.17 16.81	1.5 9.3
Administrative support, n.e.c4	15.90 16.04	5.1	15.55	5.7	10.01	9.3
lue collar	17.95	2.2	17.78	2.5	19.47	2.0
1	9.95	9.0	9.78	9.1	_	_
2	13.83	7.7	13.80	7.9	_	_
3	16.01	3.9	15.97	4.0	16.00	_
4	17.36	5.3	17.42	5.9	16.89 10.57	5.7
5	19.46 21.39	4.7 2.0	19.44 21.42	5.6 2.1	19.57 20.98	1.2
7	23.41	2.0	23.95	2.1	20.98	3.8
Not able to be leveled	18.56	11.0	18.56	11.0	-	
Presiden weatheries and sensit	24.04	0.7	22.04	4.2	04.00	
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.91	3.7	22.04	4.3	21.23	.8
5	12.57 21.13	5.9 9.7	12.57 21.46	5.9 10.1	_	_
6	21.13	3.0	21.40	3.3	_	_
7	23.45	2.6	24.03	3.2	21.40	.7
Automobile mechanics	21.98	5.5	21.47	6.2		-"
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	19.94	19.0		-	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	22.11	1.9	22.11	1.9	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.74	10.2	18.64	11.3	_	_
6	20.08	5.9	-	-	-	_
7	23.12	3.9	23.24	4.1	_	_
Electricians	22.50	6.8	23.41	7.4	_	_
Supervisors, production	22.87	14.4	22.87	14.4	_	-
Machine energters assemblers and increators	16.39	3.9	16.38	3.9	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	. 0.00	3.9				

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	Total Private inc		industry	## Mean Figure Mean	e and local vernment	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	
Blue collar -Continued							
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -Continued							
3	\$14.45	3.2	\$14.45	3.2	_	_	
4	17.65	2.3	17.65	2.3	_	_	
5	18.04	5.1	18.04	5.1	_	_	
6	20.97	2.1	20.97	2.1	_	_	
7	22.71	7.4	22.75	7.7	_	_	
Packaging and filling machine operators	15.85	25.2	15.85	25.2	_	_	
Mixing and blending machine operators	21.14	16.0	21.14	16.0	_	_	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	14.53	22.7	14.53	22.7	_	_	
Assemblers	18.18	9.4	18.18	9.4	-	_	
Transportation and material moving	18.19	6.3	18.06	7.2	\$19.37	4.5	
2	11.68	3.1	-	-	ψ.σ.σ <i>ι</i>		
3	17.59	3.2	17.64	3.4	_	_	
4	19.01	10.0	19.01	10.5	_	_	
5	19.27	6.4	18.87	9.7	_	_	
Truck drivers	19.44	6.7	19.57	6.8	_	_	
4	22.05	7.3	22.24	7.3	_	_	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	16.87	9.3	16.87	9.3	_	_	
Handlers aguinment alcohors halpers and laborers	14.34	5.4	13.94	6.7	16.00	3.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.79	6.0	10.59	6.3		3.9	
2	15.13	12.2	15.03	12.6		_	
3	15.13	7.8	15.35	8.1	Ξ		
4	15.60	4.4	14.89	5.4	16.40	6.4	
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	12.46	17.7	-		-	0.4	
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	14.29	8.1	_	_	_		
Construction laborers	18.08	9.6	_	_	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	11.40	14.3	11.38	14.4	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	15.78	12.0	15.78	12.0			
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	11.10	12.7	13.76	12.0	_	_	
Hand packers and packagers	11.51	4.0	_ 11.51	4.0	_	_	
		4.0	11.65	4.0	_	_	
1Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	11.65 13.64	11.4	11.05	13.2	_	_	
•							
Service	14.26 9.69	3.6 8.3	11.62 9.19	3.6 8.4		4.9 2.5	
2		4.4		3.9		6.4	
3	9.67 11.26	4.4	9.36 10.78	3.9 4.5		2.2	
4	14.86	3.0	14.36	4.5		3.4	
5	15.55	3.0	14.30	4.2		3.5	
6	21.15	2.9	19.02	6.1		3.3	
7	26.50	3.7	13.02	0.1		4.4	
8		5.1	_	_		4.4	
9	26.79 30.35	5.1		-			
Not able to be leveled	30.35 15.55	23.5	_ 11.61	18.6	JU.JJ	5.9	
Protective service	20.05	11.3	11.64	1.7	24.66	4.9	
3	10.62	2.1	10.62	2.1	24.00	4.9	
4	16.02	5.4	10.02	4.1	_	I -	
5	17.04	4.5	_	_	18 26	4.5	
6	22.23	2.3	_	_		2.5	
7	26.67	4.4				4.4	
8	27.51	4.5	_	_		4.5	
9	30.58	6.2	_	_		6.2	
Supervisors, police and detectives	31.55	3.0	_	_	31.55	3.0	
Police and detectives, public service	25.25	3.0	_	_	25.25	3.0	
6	23.62	.1	_	_	23.62	.1	
7	25.13	1.6	_	_	25.13	1.6	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	20.39	2.8		_	20.39	2.8	

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	T	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Protective service –Continued	***				***	
Correctional institution officers	\$20.07	4.2	-		\$20.07	4.2
Guards and police, except public service	10.91	7.0	\$10.42	4.6	_	_
3	10.62	2.1	10.62	2.1	_	_
Food service	10.90	6.8	10.59	7.2	13.53	2.9
1	7.94	14.9	7.70	14.8	_	_
2	8.21	6.9	8.07	7.3	_	_
3	10.55	11.6	10.34	12.5	_	_
4	12.88	4.8	12.06	5.3	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.67	17.5	6.67	17.5	_	_
2	6.77	11.0	6.77	11.0	_	_
3	5.41	34.1	5.41	34.1	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.24	18.5	5.24	18.5	_	_
2	6.30	8.3	6.30	8.3	_	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	9.40	17.8	9.40	17.8	_	_
Other food service	12.18	3.1	11.97	3.3	13.53	2.9
1	8.98	10.1	8.77	10.3	_	_
2	9.12	2.3	8.97	2.4	_	-
3	11.93	4.8	11.82	5.3	_	_
4	13.28	6.4	12.48	8.8	_	_
Supervisors, food preparation and service	17.74	6.4	_	_	_	_
Cooks	12.17	1.8	11.90	.7	_	_
4	12.25	7.5	11.89	7.6	_	_
Food counter, fountain, and related	10.75	6.3	_	_	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	13.19	6.6	_	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	10.27	7.3	9.62	6.7	13.54	7.6
1	9.06	10.8	8.85	11.1	_	_
3	12.70	8.4	_	_	_	_
Health service	11.90	2.0	11.33	1.4	15.47	4.7
3	11.17	3.7	10.91	3.6	13.04	2.6
4	13.27	7.1	12.92	7.8	_	
5	14.19	6.0	_	_	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	13.23	11.9	12.37	10.9	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.60	3.1	11.04	3.1	14.90	2.4
3	11.15	3.8	10.88	3.6	13.04	2.6
4	13.00	6.5	-	_		
Cleaning and building service	12.90	3.8	12.30	5.4	14.68	3.5
1	10.82	3.5	10.41	2.1	12.71	1.0
2	12.16	12.5	11.30	13.7	'=''	-
3	14.16	3.0	13.68	5.0	14.92	2.9
Maids and housemen	10.32	1.5	10.32	1.5	- 14.32	
1	10.32	2.7	10.32	2.7		_
Janitors and cleaners	13.48	3.3	12.76	4.8	14.67	3.5
1	11.23	4.6	10.42	2.2	12.71	1.0
2	14.13	8.9	13.39	11.9	'2.7	1.0
3	14.13	3.2	13.80	5.4	14.92	2.9
J	14.21	3.2	13.00	J.4	14.32	2.9

Table 4-2. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 full-time workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	gover Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Personal service	\$13.08	9.2	\$12.96	9.7	_	_
2	8.67	9.6	8.41	9.4	_	_
3	8.15	6.8	8.15	6.8	_	_
4	18.36	9.0	18.49	9.6	_	_
5	13.10	8.4	_	_	_	_
Supervisors, personal service	20.33	1.6	20.33	1.6	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	8.28	1.1	8.28	1.1	_	_
2	8.09	15.2	8.09	15.2	_	_
3	7.55	2.1	7.55	2.1	_	_
Child care workers, n.e.c.	11.89	.7	_	_	_	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Intormation.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full time as a search.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
	\$12.72	5.5	\$12.67	6.1	\$13.13	3.4
All excluding sales	13.44	6.2	13.48	6.9	13.13	3.4
White collar	16.61	9.1	16.73	10.1	15.65	9.2
1	8.32	13.0	8.32	13.6	-	_
2	9.39	5.2	8.75	4.5	_	_
3	10.00	4.2	9.97	4.4	_	-
4	13.45	3.7	13.31	4.4	14.29	5.5
5	12.98	7.2	12.74	9.8	_	-
6	22.42	4.9	21.63	5.7	_	-
7	25.65	5.6	25.71	5.8	_	-
8	30.98	1.3	30.91	1.4	_	_
9	30.55	2.4	30.59	2.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	35.30	11.7	37.01	9.4	45.05	
White collar excluding sales	20.89 12.02	7.9 1.2	21.93	9.0	15.65	9.2
2	12.02	6.1	9.61	3.9	_	_
3	11.05	2.6	11.46	3.9	_	
4	14.53	3.6	14.60	4.3	14.29	5.5
5	13.15	7.7	12.98	10.8	14.29	3.3
6	22.42	4.9	21.63	5.7	_	_
7	25.65	5.6	25.71	5.8	_	_
8	30.98	1.3	30.91	1.4	_	_
9	30.55	2.4	30.59	2.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	35.30	11.7	37.01	9.4	-	_
Professional specialty and technical	27.19	5.3	28.06	5.0	21.10	8.6
Professional specialty	28.26	6.0	29.09	5.7	22.71	7.3
6	22.97	3.1	_			
7	25.30	6.7	_	_	_	_
8	31.79	.3	31.73	.4	_	_
9	30.32	2.2	30.35	2.3	_	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	30.62	1.4	30.65	1.5	_	_
8	31.79	.3	31.79	.3	_	_
9	30.29	2.3	30.29	2.3	_	_
Registered nurses	30.15	1.6	30.18	1.6	_	_
8	31.53	.3	31.53	.3	_	_
9	29.39	2.4	29.39	2.4	_	-
Teachers, college and university	31.20	5.2	_	_	. -	
Teachers, except college and university	16.78	18.5	_		19.72	1.5
Teachers, n.e.c.	16.74	30.2	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	_	_	_	_	_
Lawyers and judges	-	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c	22.33	8.4	23.53	6.7	_	_
Everytive administrative and managerial	_					
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers	_		_		l -	1 -
Management related	-	_	-	-	-	_
Sales	8.67	5.3	8.67	5.3	_	_
2	8.46	5.6	8.46	5.6		-
3	8.91	3.0	8.91	3.0	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	9.79	.7	9.79	.7	_	_
Cashiers	9.01	5.5	9.01	5.5	_	_
2	9.40	4.0	9.40	4.0	_	-
3	9.23	4.9	9.23	4.9	_	-
Administrative support, including clerical	12.85	4.5	12.79	5.5	13.05	6.6
1	12.02	1.2	_		-	-
2	11.05	6.1	9.61	3.9	_	_

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
White collar –Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued						
4	\$14.62	3.5	\$14.60	4.3	-	-
Secretaries	15.78	6.8	_	_	_	_
Receptionists	9.99	5.8	9.99	5.8	_	_
General office clerks	11.72	4.6	11.68	4.6	_	_
Blue collar	11.63	7.5	11.60	8.1	_	_
1	7.98	5.1	7.98	5.1	_	_
2	11.18	4.9	11.00	5.6	_	_
3	13.31	7.8	13.66	7.6	-	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	22.89	16.0	_	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	12.97	6.6	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	12.01	0.0				
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.83	7.1	9.83	7.1	_	_
1	7.85	5.7	7.85	5.7	_	_
2	9.99	7.1	9.99	7.1	_	_
3Stock handlers and baggers	13.27 9.28	8.7 14.6	13.27 9.28	8.7 14.6	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	10.98	11.6	10.98	11.6	_	_
					* 40.0=	
Service	8.83	3.5	8.67	3.7	\$10.35	10.5
1 2	7.59 8.58	5.5 4.2	7.55 8.40	5.8 4.4	_	_
3	9.93	8.3	9.70	9.5	11.54	1.9
4	10.18	9.9	10.18	9.9	-	_
Protective service	10.33	5.3	10.02	2.7	_	_
2	10.53	6.9	-	_	_	_
Guards and police, except public service	10.21	2.0	10.21	2.0	_	_
Food service	7.57	5.1	7.32	5.0	11.52	.4
1	7.00	9.3	7.00	9.3	_	_
2	7.38	9.8	7.38	9.8	_	_
3	8.08	13.6	7.35	16.5	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.87	5.6	5.87	5.6	_	_
3	4.87	29.9	4.87	29.9	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.11 6.29	8.5 10.9	5.11 6.29	8.5 10.9	_	_
2	4.83	34.7	4.83	34.7	_	_
Other food service	9.06	7.3	8.75	7.9	11.52	.4
2	9.81	7.4	-	-	-	
3	10.18	2.5	9.61	4.7	_	_
Food counter, fountain, and related	9.52	8.2	_	_	_	_
3	9.52	8.2	-	-	_	-
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.25	17.5	7.59	16.7	_	_
Health service	11.79	4.7	11.77	5.1	_	-
3	12.40	4.4	12.46	5.1	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.76	2.7	10.73	3.0	_	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	12.11	6.6	12.07	6.8	_	_
3	13.39	1.7	13.48	1.9	_	_
Cleaning and building service	8.94	15.4	8.89	16.2	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	8.85	16.3	8.80	17.2	_	_

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	
Service –Continued Personal service	\$8.11	4.6	\$8.13	5.6	_	_	
2	7.90	5.0	7.83	7.8	_	_	
3	9.45	6.3	9.45	6.3	_	_	
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	6.43	11.3	6.43	11.3	_	_	
2	5.79	12.9	5.79	12.9	_	_	
Service, n.e.c.	8.20	1.7	8.08	3.2	_	_	

 $^{^{1}\,}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all wasters and divide by the support of the payer of the payer

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	_	Private indu	stry and Sta	ate and local g	jovernment			
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
			N	lean				
All occupations	\$22.81 22.97	\$12.72 13.44	\$22.61 22.79	\$21.46 21.79	\$21.85 22.24	\$21.11 16.88		
White collar White-collar excluding sales	27.53 28.36	16.61 20.89	30.49 31.48	25.80 27.02	26.76 28.00	25.22 22.07		
Professional specialty and technical	34.41 36.19 24.85 32.98	27.19 28.26 22.33	38.76 39.87 31.29 34.53	32.21 34.12 22.80 32.78	34.04 35.80 24.68 32.95	- - -		
SalesAdministrative support, including clerical	20.24 15.98	8.67 12.85	12.44 16.53	18.18 15.53	14.64 15.77	25.99 -		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	17.95 21.91 16.39 18.19 14.34	11.63 22.89 - 12.97 9.83	19.61 22.65 17.23 20.42 16.39	15.07 20.56 15.32 14.71 11.40	17.58 22.09 16.75 17.55 13.70	16.06 19.54 - - -		
Service	14.26	8.83	16.88	10.69	13.27	-		
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
All occupations	2.3 2.4	5.5 6.2	3.6 3.6	2.4 2.6	2.4 2.4	8.6 5.6		
White collar	2.8 3.1	9.1 7.9	5.9 5.8	2.6 2.8	2.7 3.0	10.8 11.0		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	3.4 3.4 5.5	5.3 6.0 8.4	6.7 7.5 14.8	3.3 3.4 4.1	3.2 3.3 5.3	- - -		
Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	5.1 7.4 1.3	5.3 4.5	15.8 4.4 2.4	5.0 8.6 1.6	4.8 8.6 1.4	12.5 –		
Blue collar	2.2 3.7 3.9 6.3 5.4	7.5 16.0 - 6.6 7.1	3.1 3.8 7.5 5.3 5.9	2.4 5.6 4.1 5.7 5.1	2.3 3.6 6.5 5.4 6.0	7.9 12.9 - -		
Service	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.5	_		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

information. 3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined unlocal collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses. 6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	ls-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				
All occupations		_ _		_ _	_ _	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_
White collarWhite-collar excluding sales		_ _	-	_ _	-	_ _		-	_ _	- -
Professional specialty and technical		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Professional specialty Technical	25.12	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	_			_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.76	- - -	_	_ _	_	_	-	-	-	_
Blue collar		_			_		_	_	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	22.05	_ _	-	_ _	_ _	_		_ _	_ _	_
Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
laborers		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Service	10.95	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
					Relative	e error ⁵ (percent)	I		
All excluding sales		_ _	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	_ _	- -
White collarWhite-collar excluding sales		_	_	_ _	_	_	_	-	-	_
Professional specialty and technical		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Professional specialty Technical	5.5	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales	8.2	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	4.3	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ 	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	-
Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	7.3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
laborers		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Service	3.6	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

⁴ Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers			
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore		
Occupational group	industry workers	ndustry 50 - 99		100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
			Mean				
All occupations All excluding sales	\$20.96 21.25	\$17.46 17.16	\$21.72 22.11	\$18.96 19.33	\$24.86 25.06		
White collar	25.91 27.30	21.94 22.46	26.51 27.95	23.05 24.88	29.70 30.35		
Professional specialty and technical		26.02 24.94 - 30.85	33.86 36.19 24.50 33.04	34.32 36.94 24.94 28.49	33.65 35.86 24.27 37.59		
SalesAdministrative support, including clerical	17.76 15.61	20.26 13.28	17.09 15.97	15.98 15.17	20.34 17.00		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	22.05 16.29	17.28 21.84 15.19 17.13 15.17	17.31 22.11 16.50 17.68 12.48	15.98 20.32 15.00 17.61 12.26	21.16 24.22 19.86 18.82 13.85		
Service	10.95	7.90	11.62	10.92	12.19		
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)						
All occupations	2.8 3.0	5.9 6.5	3.3 3.5	4.4 4.6	4.0 4.1		
White collar	3.5 3.8	8.0 8.3	4.0 4.6	6.0 7.3	3.5 3.6		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical		4.9 6.2 - 15.3 18.2 5.6	4.8 5.1 5.4 6.6 8.5 1.6	10.8 12.3 4.6 10.7 8.6 2.0	4.1 4.0 7.7 7.5 13.9 3.4		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2.5 4.3 3.3 7.3 7.2	6.6 11.5 16.2 7.6 14.2	3.9 4.5 6.6 10.3 6.2	5.1 5.8 8.0 11.5 6.2	4.3 5.6 4.0 19.3 6.8		
Service	3.6	9.9	1.9	3.1	1.7		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

appendix B for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$9.20	\$12.20	\$18.37	\$26.59	\$37.71
All excluding sales	9.51	12.58	18.83	26.76	38.12
White collar	11.10	15.29	23.09	32.91	46.50
White collar excluding sales	12.50	16.43	24.18	33.90	47.83
Professional specialty and technical	17.60	23.25 25.00	29.57	39.57 41.44	52.18 54.08
Professional specialty	19.56	l	30.98 34.00		
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	25.00	28.79		44.42	53.43
Electrical and electronic engineers	25.83	29.81	38.46	43.89	54.57
Engineers, n.e.c.	25.45	32.48	41.83	53.43	57.80 48.56
Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts and scientists	22.33 22.33	27.09 26.67	32.28 32.21	40.82 38.72	45.35
Operations and systems researchers and					
analysts	19.26	21.64	41.03	57.45	59.36
Natural scientists	23.29	27.95	36.70	48.05	59.89
Biological and life scientists	23.63	26.51	33.52	36.70	61.27
Health related	20.95	25.08	29.44	33.91	47.00
Physicians	20.40	20.88	53.80	96.15	111.25
Registered nurses	24.27	26.44	29.75	32.82	35.89
Pharmacists	38.57	40.71	45.75	46.50	46.50
Teachers, college and university	28.13	34.31	39.00	48.07	63.20
Other post-secondary teachers	22.62	32.09	40.57	50.36	60.77
Teachers, except college and university	19.32	27.03	34.75	48.13	55.65
Elementary school teachers	19.32	26.33	33.64	48.38	55.65
Secondary school teachers	28.98	32.99	42.99	54.58	58.98
Teachers, special education	26.40	28.55	36.36	44.97	51.98
Teachers, n.e.c.	15.57	30.76	32.45	43.91	52.84
Librarians, archivists, and curators	-	<u> </u>			-
Social scientists and urban planners	21.30	24.39	29.00	42.88	48.43
Psychologists	20.47	24.39	28.47	40.96	48.43
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.94	17.00	19.95	23.74	26.62
Social workers	13.94	17.00	19.63	25.05	27.40
Lawyers and judges	25.64	36.86	57.88	72.80	85.17
Lawyers	25.64	36.86	57.88	72.80	85.17
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	44.00	17.70	25.50	44.60	47.70
professionals, n.e.c.	14.22	17.79	25.58 21.85	41.63	47.72
Technical Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.08 13.09	17.30 13.49	14.36	27.76 17.35	35.50 24.34
Licensed practical nurses	19.00	20.60	21.70	24.00	25.00
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	11.80	16.45	18.61	19.99	23.13
Electrical and electronic technicians	19.57	20.46	27.47	33.70	33.70
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	17.30	21.07	21.27	28.37	29.83
Chemical technicians	15.03	16.81	20.91	23.01	25.75
Computer programmers	15.87	22.56	30.26	42.50	46.01
Technical and related, n.e.c.	11.00	15.71	22.65	31.47	32.13
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.41	22.64	28.90	39.76	56.25
Executives, administrators, and managers	21.82	27.56	35.76	50.48	65.88
Administrators and officials, public administration	23.39	27.56	31.93	36.49	47.29
Financial managers	35.71	37.26	44.66	65.88	65.88
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public					
relations	25.18	40.38	48.80	66.03	69.71
Administrators, education and related fields	21.82	24.13	36.63	51.00	57.83
Managers, medicine and health	27.50	29.61	30.25	33.63	38.96
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	14.95	25.34	30.53	31.32	31.32
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	25.90 12.00	29.00	35.58	52.88	74.52
Management related Accountants and auditors		19.23 21.12	24.61	30.43	40.02
Other financial officers	19.23 23.09	24.04	25.13 28.83	32.39 33.33	40.02 38.30
Management analysts	18.20	26.05	31.82	40.24	54.34
Personnel, training, and labor relations	10.20	20.00	31.02	70.24	34.34
specialists	16.03	17.07	28.42	35.83	41.41
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	16.25	23.33	25.68	25.68	28.72
Management related, n.e.c.	11.25	11.25	19.38	26.23	27.46
,					
	7.50	9.00	13.45	23.92	34.24
Sales	7.50				
Sales Supervisors, sales Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	12.50 10.19	17.35 14.10	22.11 19.88	30.75 28.33	34.00 35.24

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, \end{tabular} 1 all workers: \end{tabular} 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, \end{tabular} 2 December 2004 — Continued 2 Cont$

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
### O ##					
/hite collar -Continued					
Sales –Continued					
Sales workers, other commodities	\$8.50	\$9.55	\$14.69	\$25.91	\$31.3
Cashiers	7.00	7.85	9.72	12.68	17.2
Administrative support, including clerical	10.16	12.44	15.11	18.18	21.9
Supervisors, general office	17.51	19.20	20.19	20.43	24.7
Computer operators	15.54	16.04	17.25	17.75	19.0
Secretaries	12.74	15.40	17.53	20.07	25.5
Typists	12.12	13.30	14.38	14.88	17.2
Hotel clerks	8.50	9.18	10.20	12.13	13.7
Receptionists	9.00	9.86	12.50	14.56	17.3
Information clerks, n.e.c.	9.65	10.61	12.88	18.42	25.0
Order clerks	11.39	13.50	15.60	21.16	25.4
Library clerks	10.20	10.73	17.08	17.87	19.7
Records clerks, n.e.c.	10.10	12.79	14.20	16.06	22.3
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.13	11.64	14.83	16.39	18.3
Telephone operators	8.53	10.00	12.18	13.85	16.4
Mail clerks, except postal service	8.97	10.50	11.96	13.54	14.6
Dispatchers	13.30	13.50	15.63	19.90	21.9
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	9.44	10.29	15.45	17.50	19.8
Stock and inventory clerks	11.00	11.50	13.64	16.43	19.2
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	44.00	45.04	47.54	40.70	20.5
investigators	14.69	15.94	17.51	19.78	22.5
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.40	11.92	15.77	16.87	18.9
General office clerks	10.50	12.36	14.00	16.70	22.1
Data entry keyers	9.14	10.00	11.11	13.00 15.50	15.6
Teachers' aides	10.20 10.08	11.26 12.91	13.60 16.06	18.93	16.9 21.9
Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.00	12.91	10.00	10.93	21.5
lue collar	9.94	12.33	17.50	21.54	25.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	13.10	18.63	21.93	25.61	29.4
Automobile mechanics	14.59	19.00	23.10	26.09	30.0
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	13.00	13.35	21.32	23.52	25.6
Industrial machinery repairers	16.37	21.19	22.95	25.25	25.7
Electronic repairers, communications and					
industrial equipment	18.49	18.49	22.50	27.66	31.0
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	10.93	14.00	20.93	22.72	26.0
Electricians Supervisors, production	19.27 11.43	19.84 18.25	22.16 25.12	23.70 28.27	31.1 30.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	9.92	12.58	15.49	20.20	23.7
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.13	11.49	12.58	20.32	22.9
Mixing and blending machine operators	15.06	16.67	19.75	25.75	25.7
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.95 12.47	7.95 13.53	15.40 17.20	18.40 23.93	20.2 26.8
Transportation and material moving	10.71	13.00	18.30	21.05	25.0
Truck drivers	13.12	17.97	19.02	22.07	25.4
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	11.40 10.71	12.05 13.66	13.52 17.71	15.90 21.05	21.5 21.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.50	9.95	12.60	17.25	20.9
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	8.00	8.00	13.28	16.18	18.1
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and					
laborers, n.e.c.	12.60	16.46	17.77	21.16	21.1
	11.10	12.00	13.39	16.12	20.5
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	10.25	13.50	21.90	21.90	22.0
Construction laborers		7.20	8.50	12.79	17.2
Construction laborersStock handlers and baggers	6.50				
Construction laborers	6.50 9.00	9.59	13.81	17.00	20.0
Construction laborers	I		13.81 9.00	17.00 12.00	15.2
Construction laborers	9.00	9.59		1	
Construction laborers	9.00 8.00	9.59 9.00	9.00	12.00	15.2

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, ¹ all workers: ² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued	4				
Protective service	\$8.50	\$11.93	\$18.25	\$25.81	\$30.68
Supervisors, police and detectives	26.76	27.12	31.15	33.56	36.81
Police and detectives, public service	22.16	23.43	24.65	27.22	29.39
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement					
officers	18.20	18.90	19.19	20.73	26.61
Correctional institution officers	14.30	15.94	17.65	24.40	28.29
Guards and police, except public service	7.00	8.50	10.10	12.85	13.56
Food service	3.28	6.68	9.50	13.12	15.39
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.20	2.83	4.75	8.19	13.62
Bartenders	4.75	5.15	7.50	7.50	15.79
Waiters and waitresses	2.20	2.83	4.47	8.19	11.00
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	2.83	2.83	4.75	12.07	13.62
Other food service	7.00	8.50	10.74	14.20	17.16
Supervisors, food preparation and service	12.50	14.91	16.95	21.64	22.93
Cooks	8.50	9.50	11.00	14.14	17.31
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.96	8.50	10.65	11.67	13.83
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.75	10.00	11.00	14.08	17.80
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.00	7.50	9.14	11.49	14.96
Health service	9.51	10.00	11.22	12.70	15.38
Health aides, except nursing	9.30	10.16	11.85	14.08	16.89
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.55	9.97	11.01	12.19	14.22
Cleaning and building service	7.50	8.90	11.86	13.88	17.25
Maids and housemen	7.50	8.50	9.25	11.73	13.62
Janitors and cleaners	7.00	9.50	12.29	15.13	17.20
	6.34	7.85	9.10	13.45	25.25
Personal service	6.34 14.90	16.82	19.73	23.51	25.25 26.25
Supervisors, personal service					26.25 11.11
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	4.55	6.30	8.00	8.50	
Early childhood teachers' assistants	6.35	6.35	7.66	8.74	10.50
Child care workers, n.e.c.	6.83	9.00	9.70	11.77	13.86
Service, n.e.c.	8.14	8.35	8.73	10.11	11.59

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, ¹ all workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	Private industry Median							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
	\$8.90	\$11.59	\$17.32	\$25.68	\$35.70			
All excluding sales	9.02	11.94	17.58	25.75	35.72			
White collar	10.72 12.01	14.74 16.03	22.20 23.45	31.54 32.73	43.27 44.76			
, and the second								
Professional specialty and technical	16.98	22.38	28.47	36.44	48.08			
Professional specialty	18.00	24.04	30.00	38.96	51.87			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	25.23 25.83	29.65 29.81	36.13 38.46	45.00 43.89	57.80 54.57			
Electrical and electronic engineers Engineers, n.e.c	25.65	32.48	41.83	53.43	57.80			
Mathematical and computer scientists	22.33	27.09	32.28	40.82	48.56			
Computer systems analysts and scientists	22.33	26.67	32.21	38.72	45.35			
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	19.26	21.64	41.03	57.45	59.36			
Natural scientists	23.63	27.95	36.92	48.41	60.14			
Biological and life scientists	23.12	24.66	32.17	56.38	62.64			
Health related	21.25	25.13	29.50	33.85	46.50			
Physicians	20.40	20.95	53.80	96.15	131.2			
Registered nurses	24.33	26.52	29.82	32.76	35.37			
Pharmacists	38.57	40.71	45.75	46.50	46.50			
Teachers, college and university	24.04	32.87	38.96	41.62	61.14			
Teachers, except college and university	13.73	17.37	20.51	26.12	32.45			
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_			
Social scientists and urban planners	20.47	23.53	26.58	32.86	48.08			
Psychologists	20.47	23.03	24.75	28.47	34.52			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.46	14.10	17.55	19.96	24.50			
Social workers	13.59	14.10	17.00	21.68	25.05			
Lawyers and judges	31.54	38.97	60.62	76.92	85.17			
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	31.54	38.97	60.62	76.92	85.17			
professionals, n.e.c.	14.22	17.79	27.61	42.08	47.72			
Technical	14.08	17.30	22.57	28.05	36.59			
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Licensed practical nurses	13.09 19.00	13.49 20.60	14.36 21.70	17.35 24.00	24.3 ² 25.22			
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	11.90	16.67	18.61	19.99	23.13			
Electrical and electronic technicians	19.23	21.07	27.62	33.70	34.7			
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	17.30	18.95	21.27	29.83	29.83			
Chemical technicians	15.03	16.81	20.91	23.01	25.75			
Computer programmers	15.87	21.19	28.90	42.59	46.30			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.07	21.86	28.72	38.75	57.2			
Executives, administrators, and managers	21.63	28.00	35.72	51.21	66.03			
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	35.57	37.26	45.67	65.88	65.88			
relations	25.52	40.38	49.90	66.03	69.7			
Administrators, education and related fields	18.02	20.50	23.63	24.61	36.63			
Managers, medicine and health	27.50	30.25	30.25	33.63	38.96			
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	25.90	29.00	35.58	52.88	74.52			
Management related	12.00	19.23	25.13	30.39	40.24			
Accountants and auditors	18.68	20.47	25.14	32.63	40.02			
Other financial officers	23.09	24.04	28.85	33.33	38.32			
Management analysts	18.20	25.94	30.63	40.24	55.26			
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	16.03	17.07	28.42	36.06	42.79			
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	16.03	23.33	25.68	25.68	28.72			
Management related, n.e.c.	11.25	11.25	19.38	26.23	27.72			
Sales	7.50	9.00	13.50	23.92	34.24			
Supervisors, sales	12.50	17.35	22.11	30.75	34.00			
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	10.19	14.10	19.88	28.33	35.24			
Sales workers, other commodities	8.50	9.55	14.69	25.91	31.39			
Cashiers	7.00	7.75	9.50	12.50	17.2			
Administrative support, including clerical	10.00	12.01	15.00	18.27	21.93			
Supervisors, general office	17.51 12.74	19.20	20.19	20.43	24.7			
		14.89	17.54	20.03	24.70			

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

			Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar –Continued					
write collar –Continued					
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued Hotel clerks	\$8.50	\$9.18	\$10.20	\$12.13	\$13.7
Receptionists	9.00	9.86	12.50	14.56	17.3
Information clerks, n.e.c.	9.65	10.61	12.88	18.42	25.0
Order clerks	11.39	13.50	15.60	21.16	25.4
Records clerks, n.e.c.	10.00	12.77	14.20	16.06	22.3
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.13	11.09	14.83	16.25	18.3
Telephone operators	8.13	9.03	10.54	13.64	14.8
Mail clerks, except postal service	8.95	10.50	11.96	12.23	14.6
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks Stock and inventory clerks	9.44 11.00	10.29 11.50	15.45 13.64	17.50 16.57	19.8 19.2
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	14.69				
investigators Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.50	15.94 12.00	17.51 15.86	19.78 16.87	22.5 18.5
General office clerks	10.30	11.00	13.31	14.77	20.8
Data entry keyers	9.14	10.00	11.11	13.00	15.6
Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.00	12.75	15.50	18.97	21.9
Blue collar	9.72	12.00	17.19	21.32	25.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.00	18.28	22.10	25.90	30.9
Automobile mechanics	12.75	18.87	20.79	24.57	30.0
Industrial machinery repairers	16.37	21.19	22.95	25.25	25.7
Electronic repairers, communications and					
industrial equipment	18.49	18.49	22.50	27.66	31.0
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	10.20	12.75	20.95	23.17	26.0
Electricians	19.36	20.46	22.16	24.77	31.1
Supervisors, production	11.43	18.25	25.12	28.27	30.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	9.92	12.58	15.49	20.20	23.7
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.13	11.49	12.58	20.32	22.9
Mixing and blending machine operators	15.06	16.67	19.75	25.75	25.7
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.95 12.47	7.95 13.53	15.40 17.20	18.40 23.93	20.20 26.89
Transportation and material moving	10.62	13.00	18.05	21.05	25.00
Truck drivers	13.51	18.05	19.02	22.07	25.4
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.71	13.66	17.71	21.05	21.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Stock handlers and baggers	8.00 6.50	9.51 7.20	12.00 8.45	17.00 12.52	21.10 17.29
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	9.00	9.59	13.81	17.00	20.0
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.00	8.50	9.00	9.00	12.0
Hand packers and packagers	8.25	9.77	10.70	13.40	14.4
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.55	10.00	10.25	11.90	18.90
Service	6.34	8.30	10.30	12.97	15.7
Protective service	7.00	8.50	10.45	13.00	15.7
Guards and police, except public service Food service	7.00 2.84	8.50 6.25	10.00 9.00	12.39 12.50	12.9 15.3
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.84	2.83	4.75	8.19	13.6
Bartenders	4.75	5.15	7.50	7.50	15.7
Waiters and waitresses	2.20	2.83	4.47	8.19	11.0
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	2.83	2.83	4.75	12.07	13.6
Other food service	6.88	8.49	10.40	13.62	17.3
Supervisors, food preparation and service	12.50	14.91	16.59	21.64	22.9
Cooks	8.50	9.50	10.61	13.35	17.3
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.96	8.19	10.74	11.67	14.2
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.50	8.25	10.75	13.49	17.8
	5.75	7.00	8.85	10.25	13.6
Food preparation, n.e.c.		0.05	14.04	10.07	440
Food preparation, n.e.c	9.47 9.22	9.85 9.98	11.01 11.43	12.07 14.08	14.0 15.2

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

	Private industry						
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90		
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	\$7.10 7.50 7.00 6.29 14.90 4.55 6.35 8.16	\$8.50 8.50 8.00 7.55 16.82 6.30 6.35 9.18	\$11.25 9.25 11.64 9.10 19.73 8.00 7.66 9.70	\$13.41 11.73 13.62 13.02 23.51 8.50 8.74	\$15.86 13.62 15.86 26.25 26.25 11.11 10.50 13.86		
Service, n.e.c.	7.50	9.18 8.46	9.70 9.57	11.70	13.86		

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

Occupation 3		:	State and loca government	ıl		
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
All	\$12.81 12.83	\$16.59 16.59	\$23.03 23.06	\$31.15 31.34	\$47.83 47.83	
All excluding sales	12.00	10.59	23.00	31.34	47.03	
White collar	14.30 14.38	17.87 18.08	27.29 27.36	40.53 40.95	51.98 51.99	
Professional specialty and technical	21.17 23.26	26.40 27.49	34.64 35.74	48.10 48.43	56.30 56.69	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	-	_	_	_	-	
Natural scientists	_ 45.00	-	- 27.04	-	- 00.44	
Health related Registered nurses	15.03 23.03	23.34 24.74	27.91 28.12	48.11 34.58	60.44 55.65	
Teachers, college and university	31.69	35.90	44.73	54.36	66.76	
Other post-secondary teachers	31.69	36.06	43.64	54.04	62.17	
Teachers, except college and university	27.49	30.84	39.07	50.29	56.69	
Elementary school teachers	28.47	31.34	42.74	50.46	56.69	
Secondary school teachers	29.37	33.67	43.72	54.58	58.98	
Teachers, special education	26.96	29.26	36.36	46.03	51.98	
Teachers, n.e.c.	22.25	31.56	41.36	49.45	56.30	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_		_	_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	17.70	19.79	23.26	25.77	29.11	
Social workers	17.50	19.59	23.88	25.97	29.11	
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.	-	_	_	_	-	
Technical	12.84	16.66	21.07	21.27	23.63	
Technical	12.04	10.00	21.07	21.21	25.05	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	21.00	23.76	30.43	42.44	53.85	
Executives, administrators, and managers	24.37	27.56	38.46	49.15	55.94	
Administrators and officials, public administration	23.39	27.56	31.93	36.49	47.29	
Administrators, education and related fields	27.36	35.05	47.96	53.85	57.83	
Management related	18.70	22.44	23.76	30.43	34.51	
Sales	-	_	_	_	_	
Administrative support, including clerical	11.66	13.64	15.82	17.87	21.90	
Secretaries	15.00	16.14	17.36	20.43	25.58	
Typists	12.12	13.30	14.38	14.88	17.26	
Library clerks	10.20	10.73	17.08	17.87	19.78	
General office clerks	12.60	14.26	15.11	17.14	23.10	
Teachers' aides	10.20	11.26	13.90	15.66	17.79	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.04	14.96	17.28	18.93	20.07	
Blue collar	12.68	16.61	19.74	21.54	23.52	
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.13	19.65	20.67	23.52	25.49	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	_	
Transportation and material moving	11.86	12.92	20.88	21.54	21.55	
Bus drivers	11.86	12.84	19.38	21.54	21.54	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12.59	14.91	17.48	18.75	20.59	
Service	11.48	14.10	18.91	25.81	30.68	
Protective service	16.04	19.19	23.84	28.59	32.11	
Supervisors, police and detectives	26.76	27.12	31.15	33.56	36.81	
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	22.16	23.43	24.65	27.22	29.39	
Officers	18.20	18.90	19.19	20.73	26.61	
Correctional institution officers Food service	14.30	15.94	17.65 13.22	24.40	28.29	
FUUU SELVICE	9.74	10.90	-	14.96	16.17	
	9 //					
Other food service	9.74 10.18	10.90 11.28	13.22 14.74	14.96 14.96	16.17 14.96	

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation ³	State and local government					
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued Health service –Continued Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service	\$11.39 11.06 11.06 7.77	\$12.23 12.00 12.00 8.35	\$13.87 13.57 13.57 9.49	\$17.52 16.87 16.87 15.36	\$19.39 18.53 18.53 17.52	

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$10.00	\$13.31	\$19.32	\$27.44	\$39.00
All excluding sales	10.03	13.50	19.43	27.50	39.15
Vhite collar	12.00	16.07	23.77	33.65	47.72
White collar excluding sales	12.92	16.83	24.42	34.35	48.27
Professional specialty and technical	17.66	23.25	29.82	40.16	53.43
Professional specialty	19.32	25.13	31.52	41.83	54.69
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	25.00	28.79	34.00	44.42	53.43
Electrical and electronic engineers	25.83	29.81	38.46	43.89	54.57
Engineers, n.e.c.	25.45	32.48	41.83	53.43	57.80
Mathematical and computer scientists	22.33	28.13	33.25	41.03	49.40
Computer systems analysts and scientists Operations and systems researchers and	23.25	27.94	32.28	39.13	45.86
analysts	19.26	21.64	41.03	57.45	59.36
Natural scientists	23.29	27.95	36.70	48.05	59.89
Biological and life scientists	23.63	26.51	33.52	36.70	61.27
Health related	20.67	24.75	29.16	34.24	53.80
Physicians	20.40	20.88	53.80	96.15	111.25
Registered nurses	24.00	26.30	29.76	32.91	35.95
Teachers, college and university	29.13	34.31	39.89	48.60	65.12
Other post-secondary teachers	22.23	34.09	42.60	52.32	61.96
Teachers, except college and university	19.93	27.89	35.30	48.27	55.90
Elementary school teachers	19.32	26.33	33.64	48.38	55.65
Secondary school teachers	29.04	33.08	43.18	54.58	58.98
Teachers, special education	26.40	28.55	36.36	44.97	51.98
Teachers, n.e.c.	15.57	31.56	32.45	44.11	53.04
Librarians, archivists, and curators	- 20.47	-	-	-	40.40
Social scientists and urban planners	20.47	23.89	28.97	44.03	48.43
Psychologists	20.47	23.53 17.00	27.91	42.88 23.84	48.43 27.05
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.68	17.00	20.00		l
Social workersLawyers and judges	13.94 27.29	38.46	19.63 67.31	25.05 76.92	27.40 85.17
Lawyers	27.29	38.46	67.31	76.92	85.17
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	21.25	30.40	07.51	70.92	05.17
professionals, n.e.c.	14.42	17.79	25.95	41.63	47.72
Technical	14.10	17.30	21.87	27.86	35.58
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	12.88	13.49	14.36	17.06	24.34
Licensed practical nurses	19.00	20.60	21.20	23.59	25.67
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	11.80	16.45	19.25	21.05	23.39
Electrical and electronic technicians	19.57	20.46	27.47	33.70	33.70
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	17.30	21.07	21.27	28.37	29.83
Chemical technicians	15.03	16.81	20.91	23.01	25.75
Computer programmers	15.87	21.19	29.23	42.59	46.30
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.73	22.76	28.85	39.60	56.25
Executives, administrators, and managers	22.00	28.00	35.93	50.48	65.88
Administrators and officials, public administration	23.39	27.56	31.93	36.49	47.29
Financial managers	35.71	37.26	44.66	65.88	65.88
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	05.40	40.00	40.00	00.00	00.74
relations	25.18	40.38	48.80	66.03	69.71
Administrators, education and related fields	21.82	24.13	36.63	51.00	57.83
Managers, medicine and health	27.50	30.25	30.25	33.63	38.96
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	14.95	25.34	30.53	31.32	31.32
Management related	25.90	29.00	35.58	52.88	74.52
Accountants and auditors	12.27 18.70	19.23 20.47	24.52 24.61	29.81 29.75	38.50 32.99
Other financial officers	23.09	24.04	28.83	33.33	38.30
Management analysts	18.20	26.05	31.82	40.24	54.34
Personnel, training, and labor relations	10.20	20.03	31.02	70.24	34.34
specialists	16.03	17.07	28.42	35.83	41.4
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	16.25	23.33	25.68	25.68	28.72
Management related, n.e.c.	11.25	11.25	19.38	26.23	27.23
Sales	8.75	10.67	17.03	26.44	37.13
Supervisors, sales	12.50	17.35	22.11	30.75	34.00
Sales, other business services	9.25	10.00	11.54	28.97	52.89
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	10.19	14.10	19.88	28.33	35.24
Sales workers, other commodities	8.84	11.54	23.44	26.88	31.39

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar -Continued					
Sales -Continued					
Cashiers	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$11.01	\$13.60	\$17.25
		•			
Administrative support, including clerical	10.34	12.74	15.43	18.57	22.20
Supervisors, general office	17.51	19.20	20.19	20.43	24.71
Secretaries	12.74 12.12	15.40 13.30	17.54 14.38	20.10 14.88	25.58 17.26
Hotel clerks	8.50	9.18	10.20	12.13	13.75
Receptionists	9.00	9.86	12.80	14.59	17.35
Information clerks, n.e.c.	10.00	11.08	13.26	19.15	25.08
Order clerks	11.39	13.86	15.65	21.36	25.47
Records clerks, n.e.c.	10.00	12.69	14.10	15.76	21.59
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.13	11.64	14.83	16.39	18.37
Mail clerks, except postal service	8.95	10.29	11.48	13.68	14.70
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	9.44	10.29	15.45	17.50	19.88
Stock and inventory clerks	11.00	11.50	13.64	16.43	19.22
investigators	14.69	15.96	17.73	20.25	22.51
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.40	11.50	15.05	17.16	19.12
General office clerks	10.78	12.63	14.26	17.14	22.88
Teachers' aides	10.49	11.50	13.90	15.93	19.07
Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.00	12.80	16.26	18.93	21.93
Blue collar	10.12	12.99	18.21	21.90	25.49
Precision production, craft, and repair	13.10	18.63	21.98	25.61	29.40
Automobile mechanics	14.59	19.00	23.10	26.09	30.08
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	13.00	13.35	21.32	23.52	25.61
Industrial machinery repairers	16.37	21.19	22.95	25.25	25.75
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	10.93	14.00	20.93	22.72	26.05
Electricians Supervisors, production	19.27 11.43	19.84 18.25	22.16 25.12	23.70 28.27	31.17 30.51
Cupo noois, producin		.0.20		20.2.	00.01
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	9.92	12.61	15.54	20.20	23.70
Packaging and filling machine operators	11.13	11.49	12.58	20.32	22.93
Mixing and blending machine operators	15.06	16.67	19.75	25.75	25.75
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.95 12.47	7.95 13.53	15.40 17.20	18.40 23.93	20.20 26.89
Assemblers	12.47	13.33	17.20	23.93	20.03
Transportation and material moving	10.71	14.09	19.02	21.20	25.25
Truck drivers	13.12	17.97	19.02	22.07	25.42
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.71	13.66	17.71	21.05	21.05
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.00	10.68	13.40	17.77	21.16
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	8.00	8.00	13.28	16.18	18.11
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	11.10	12.00	13.39	16.12	20.59
Construction laborers	10.25	13.50	21.90	21.90	22.00
Stock handlers and baggers	8.00	8.50	10.28	13.45	17.90
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	9.59 8.50	13.16	17.00	20.08 12.68	20.12 15.50
Hand packers and packagers	8.78	9.00 10.35	9.00 11.70	13.40	14.47
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.95	10.00	11.50	18.72	19.70
Service	8.00	9.50	12.04	16.95	25.69
Protective service	9.00	12.93	19.63	26.22	30.93
Supervisors, police and detectives	26.76	27.12	31.15	33.56	36.81
Police and detectives, public service	22.16	23.43	24.65	27.22	29.39
officers	18.20	18.90	19.19	20.73	26.61
Correctional institution officers	14.30	15.94	17.65	24.40	28.29
Guards and police, except public service	7.00	8.80	10.50	12.36	14.85
Food service	5.00	8.19	10.40	14.25	16.95
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.33	3.47	6.18	8.19	13.06
Waiters and waitresses	2.20	2.44	4.57	8.19	8.19
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	3.28	4.75	11.51	13.62	14.80

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Food service –Continued Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks Food counter, fountain, and related Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Supervisors, personal service	\$8.00 12.11 8.50 7.34 10.00 6.88 9.50 9.15 9.55 8.37 7.50 9.45	\$9.14 14.91 10.00 9.74 10.75 8.42 9.97 10.93 9.94 9.65 8.46 11.64 8.08 16.82	\$11.48 17.16 11.30 10.74 13.08 9.35 11.11 12.75 11.01 12.35 9.25 13.01 9.70	\$14.96 22.93 14.50 11.67 15.35 12.32 12.55 14.66 12.00 14.72 11.90 15.52 15.68 23.51	\$17.31 22.93 17.31 14.63 19.10 14.96 16.00 16.89 14.70 17.88 13.62 17.48 30.10 26.25
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities Child care workers, n.e.c.	5.87 9.70	6.94 9.70	8.25 11.73	8.59 13.39	11.51 14.29

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay.

Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 400 is distributed in the control of the cont schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore,

 $^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$6.25	\$7.50	\$10.25	\$14.08	\$24.80
All excluding sales	6.30	8.00	11.00	15.00	27.00
White collar	6.75	8.35	12.00	24.12	31.54
White collar excluding sales	10.00	11.75	17.87	28.46	34.56
Professional specialty and technical	17.00	23.50	27.00	31.52	37.00
Professional specialty Mathematical and computer scientists	19.95 -	24.18 -	28.10	31.65 -	38.97 -
Health related	24.38	27.34	30.00	33.02	38.50
Registered nurses	24.34	27.34	29.75	32.00	35.24
Teachers, college and university	25.51	27.41	32.09	35.36	37.65
Teachers, except college and university	8.13 10.00	10.71 11.04	15.30 12.70	23.50 22.25	23.50 30.00
Teachers, n.e.cSocial scientists and urban planners	-	11.04	12.70	22.25	30.00
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	14.08	17.00	21.70	25.00	31.42
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	-	_	_	_	_
Sales	6.00	6.65	7.85	9.55	12.34
Sales workers, other commodities	7.50	8.75	9.59	11.00	12.31
Cashiers	6.50	6.94	7.50	9.65	15.33
Administrative support, including clerical	8.76	10.20	12.00	14.88	17.36
Secretaries	12.30	13.52	16.06	17.54	17.54
Receptionists	7.85	9.00	10.00	11.38	11.84
General office clerks	8.00	10.00	11.48	13.40	14.69
Blue collar	7.00	8.54	11.40	13.80	15.90
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.00	18.00	19.80	31.04	31.04
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	9.00	11.86	12.75	14.40	15.90
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.70	7.42	9.00	10.50	15.55
Stock handlers and baggers	6.50	6.75	7.50	9.61	17.25
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.64	9.00	9.59	12.21	15.05
Service	4.25	6.50	8.50	11.25	13.50
Protective service	6.67	8.00	10.00	12.97	13.00
Guards and police, except public service	6.66	8.00	10.00	12.97	12.97
Food service	2.83	4.75	6.94	10.50	12.60
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.20	2.83	4.47	6.50	15.00
Waiters and waitresses	2.20	2.83	2.84	10.35 10.75	15.00
Other food service	5.75 6.50	7.00	8.50	10.75	12.10
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.50	7.65	9.55		12.09
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.25	6.00	7.25	9.75	11.84
Health service	9.62	10.16	11.43	13.26	14.00
Health aides, except nursing	9.78	10.00	10.68	11.43	11.85
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.51	10.85	12.24	14.00	14.00

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities Service, n.e.c.	\$6.30	\$6.75	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$15.86
	6.30	6.60	7.50	10.00	15.86
	4.50	6.94	8.35	9.10	9.99
	4.00	4.00	5.80	8.30	10.00
	7.50	8.14	8.35	8.35	8.46

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Philadelphia–Wilmington–Atlantic City, PA–NJ–DE–MD, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA; Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; New Castle County, DE; and Cecil County, MD.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and

other information were updated. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- 1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time versus parttime, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. Prior to 2002, the number of jobs selected ranged from 8 to 20. Beginning in 2002, the number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number
of employees	of selected jobs
50-249	6
250 or more	8

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The NCS occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based

on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related occupations. A knowledge guide for each of the 24 families contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period.

For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- · Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on occupational leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage. (See below.)

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

Total in sampling frame	Establish- ments 8,697
Total in sample	623
Responding Out of business or not in survey scope	368 58
Unable or refused to provide data	197

In this survey, the nonresponse rates for all industries and private industry exceeded regular survey standards.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the

rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$12.03 to \$13.55 (\$12.79 minus and plus \$0.76, where \$0.76 is the product of 1.645 times 3.6 percent times \$12.79). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. Number of workers¹ represented by the survey, by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2004

	Full-time and part-time workers				
Occupational group	Total	Total Private industry			
All occupations	1,403,700	1,140,900	262,900		
All excluding sales	1,302,100	1,040,200	261,900		
White collar White-collar excluding sales	782,200 680,600	619,800 519,200	162,400 161,400		
Professional specialty and technical	332,300	234,700	97,600		
Professional specialty Technical	284,000 48,400	190,800 44,000	93,200 –		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	134,100 101,600	114,400 100,600	19,700		
Administrative support, including clerical	214,200	170,000	44,200		
Blue collar	304,500 76,800	274,600 65,200	29,900 11,700		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving	60,700 84,000	60,600 74,100	10,000		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	83,000	74,800	8,200		
Service	317,000	246,400	70,600		

The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^2\,}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.