

## 2. Time-weighted method

Time-weighting allows for adjustment to the denominator of the rate of return calculation for additions and withdrawals, weighted for the amount of time such funds were available during the period. Several methods exist for time-weighting, all of which will have the same arithmetic result. These methods include: dividing the net performance by the average weighted account sizes for the month; dividing the net performance by the arithmetic mean of the account sizes for each trading day during the period; and taking the number of days funds were available for trading divided by the total number of days in the period.

Issued in Washington, DC on August 1, 2003 by the Commission.

**Jean A. Webb,**

*Secretary of the Commission.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

#### 21 CFR Part 558

#### New Animal Drugs for Use in Animal Feeds; Chlortetracycline, Procaine Penicillin, and Sulfamethazine

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect the approved status of a new animal drug application (NADA) held by Pennfield Oil Co. The NADA provides for the use of three-way, fixed combination Type A medicated articles containing chlortetracycline, procaine penicillin, and sulfamethazine to make three-way combination drug Type C medicated swine feeds used for growth promotion, increased feed efficiency, and the management of several bacterial diseases. Elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register**, FDA is publishing a proposed rule to remove certain obsolete or redundant sections of the new animal drug regulations. That proposed rule contains background information about those regulations and also for this action.

**DATES:** This rule is effective August 8, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Andrew J. Beaulieu, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-1), 7519 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-827-2954, e-mail: [abeaulie@cvm.fda.gov](mailto:abeaulie@cvm.fda.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Pennfield Oil Co., 14040 Industrial Rd., Omaha, NE 68144, holds an approval for NADA 138-934 for use of PENNCHLOR SP 250 and PENNCHLOR SP 500 (chlortetracycline, procaine penicillin, and sulfamethazine) three-way, fixed combination Type A medicated articles to make three-way combination drug Type C medicated swine feeds for use for growth promotion, increased feed efficiency, and the management of several bacterial diseases. This product is subject to the transitional approval provision of section 108(b)(2) of the Animal Drug Amendments of 1968 and is currently subject to interim marketing under § 558.15(g)(1) (21 CFR 558.15(g)(1)). At this time, 21 CFR 558.145 is being amended to reflect this approved application.

We note the drug sponsors designated for this product in § 558.15(g)(1), American Cyanamid Co. and Pfizer, Inc., are incorrect. Likewise, the provision states that the use levels and indications for use for this medicated article are listed in § 558.15(g)(2), but this information was apparently never listed in § 558.15(g)(2).

This rule does not meet the definition of “rule” in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of “particular applicability.” Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801-808.

#### List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

#### PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

#### § 558.145 [Amended]

■ 2. Section 558.145 *Chlortetracycline, procaine penicillin, and sulfamethazine* is amended in paragraph (a)(2) by adding “and 053389” after “046573”.

Dated: August 1, 2003.

**Stephen F. Sundlof,**

*Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.*

[FR Doc. 03-20245 Filed 8-5-03; 4:09 pm]

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## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Coast Guard

#### 33 CFR Parts 100 and 165

[USCG-2003-15813]

#### Safety Zones, Security Zones, and Special Local Regulations

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of temporary rules issued.

**SUMMARY:** This document provides required notice of substantive rules issued by the Coast Guard and temporarily effective between April 1, 2003 and June 30, 2003, that were not published in the **Federal Register**. This quarterly notice lists temporary local regulations, security zones, and safety zones of limited duration and for which timely publication in the **Federal Register** was not possible.

**DATES:** This notice lists temporary Coast Guard rules that became effective and were terminated between April 1, 2003 and June 30, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** The Docket Management Facility maintains the public docket for this notice. Documents indicated in this notice will be available for inspection or copying at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, Room PL-401, 400 Seventh SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001 between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays. You may electronically access the public docket for this notice on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For questions on this notice, contact LT Sean Fahey, Office of Regulations and Administrative Law, telephone (202) 267-2830. For questions on viewing, or on submitting material to the docket, contact Dorothy Beard, Chief, Dockets, Department of Transportation at (202) 366-5149.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Coast Guard District Commanders and Captains of the Port (COTP) must be immediately responsive to the safety and security needs of the waters within their jurisdiction; therefore, District Commanders and COTPs have been delegated the authority to issue certain local regulations. Safety zones may be established for safety or environmental purposes. A safety zone may be stationary and described by fixed limits or it may be described as a zone around a vessel in motion. Security zones limit access to prevent injury or damage to vessels, ports, or waterfront facilities.