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Friday, May 4, 2007.

THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: APRIL 2007

Nonfarm payroll employment edged up (+88,000) in April, and the unemployment rate was essentially unchanged at 4.5 percent, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Job gains continued in several service-providing industries, including health care and food services, while employment declined in retail trade and manufacturing.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted,
Percent May 2004 – April 2007

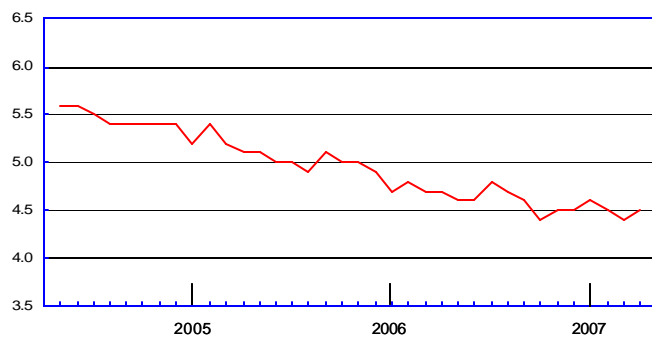
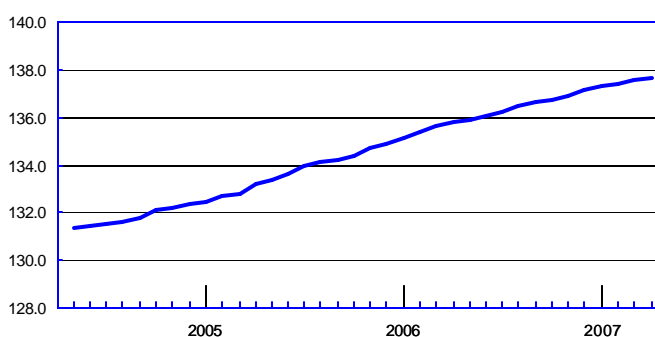


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted,
Millions May 2004 – April 2007



Unemployment (Household Survey Data)

The number of unemployed persons (6.8 million) and the unemployment rate (4.5 percent) were essentially unchanged in April. The jobless rate has ranged from 4.4 to 4.6 percent since September 2006. (See table A-1.)

Over the month, the jobless rates for the major worker groups—adult men (4.0 percent), adult women (3.8 percent), teenagers (15.3 percent), whites (3.9 percent), blacks (8.2 percent), and Hispanics (5.4 percent)—showed little or no change. The unemployment rate for Asians was 3.3 percent, not seasonally adjusted. (See tables A-2 and A-3.)

Total Employment and the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

In April, total employment and the employment-population ratio fell to 145.8 million and 63.0 percent, respectively. The civilian labor force also fell over the month, to 152.6 million, and the labor force participation rate declined to 66.0 percent. The labor force participation rate was little changed over the year. (See table A-1.)

Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Quarterly averages		Monthly data			Mar.-Apr. change
	2006	2007	2007			
	IV	I	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	
HOUSEHOLD DATA	Labor force status					
Civilian labor force	152,425	152,912	152,784	152,979	152,587	-392
Employment	145,629	146,044	145,919	146,254	145,786	-468
Unemployment	6,797	6,869	6,865	6,724	6,801	77
Not in labor force	77,471	77,927	78,050	78,055	78,666	611
	Unemployment rates					
All workers	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	0.1
Adult men	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	.0
Adult women	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	.0
Teenagers	15.1	14.8	14.9	14.5	15.3	.8
White	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.9	.1
Black or African American	8.5	8.1	7.9	8.3	8.2	-.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4.8	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.4	.3
ESTABLISHMENT DATA	Employment					
Nonfarm employment	136,951	p 137,448	137,419	p 137,596	p 137,684	p 88
Goods-producing ¹	22,539	p 22,507	22,465	p 22,501	p 22,473	p -28
Construction	7,691	p 7,683	7,641	p 7,691	p 7,680	p -11
Manufacturing	14,147	p 14,113	14,113	p 14,095	p 14,076	p -19
Service-providing ¹	114,412	p 114,941	114,954	p 115,095	p 115,211	p 116
Retail trade ²	15,316	p 15,373	15,365	p 15,397	p 15,371	p -26
Professional and business services	17,727	p 17,830	17,840	p 17,846	p 17,870	p 24
Education and health services	18,019	p 18,142	18,138	p 18,187	p 18,240	p 53
Leisure and hospitality	13,318	p 13,422	13,425	p 13,445	p 13,467	p 22
Government	22,107	p 22,169	22,174	p 22,194	p 22,219	p 25
	Hours of work ³					
Total private	33.9	p 33.8	33.7	p 33.9	p 33.8	p -0.1
Manufacturing	41.1	p 41.0	40.9	p 41.2	p 41.1	p -.1
Overtime	4.2	p 4.2	4.1	p 4.3	p 4.2	p -.1
	Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ³					
Total private	106.5	p 106.8	106.4	p 107.3	p 106.9	p -0.4
	Earnings ³					
Average hourly earnings, total private	\$17.00	p \$17.16	\$17.16	p \$17.21	p \$17.25	p \$0.04
Average weekly earnings, total private	575.73	p 579.90	578.29	p 583.42	p 583.05	p -.37

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.² Quarterly averages and the over-the-month change are calculated using unrounded data.³ Data relate to private production and nonsupervisory workers.

p = preliminary.

Persons Not in the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

In April, 1.4 million persons (not seasonally adjusted) were marginally attached to the labor force compared with 1.3 million a year earlier. These individuals wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime during the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. Among the marginally attached, there were 399,000 discouraged workers in April, about the same as a year earlier. Discouraged workers were not currently looking for work specifically because they believed no jobs were available for them. The remaining 992,000 persons marginally attached to the labor force in April had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey for reasons such as school attendance and family responsibilities. (See table A-13.)

Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey Data)

Nonfarm payroll employment edged up by 88,000 in April to 137.7 million (seasonally adjusted). Thus far in 2007, monthly payroll employment gains have averaged 129,000 compared with average increases of 189,000 per month in 2006. In April, job gains in health care, food services, and a few other industries were partially offset by employment declines in manufacturing and retail trade. (See table B-1.)

Health care employment continued to grow in April (+37,000), with gains throughout the component industries. Over the year, health care has added 362,000 jobs. Employment in social assistance was up by 10,000 in April and has grown by 63,000 over the year.

Food services and drinking places continued to expand in April, gaining 25,000 jobs. Employment in this industry has increased by 336,000 over the year.

Within professional and business services, employment rose in April in computer systems design (+11,000) and in management and technical consulting services (+12,000). Wholesale trade employment edged up by 13,000 over the month. Government employment continued to trend up in April and has grown by 297,000 over the year. Local government accounted for three-quarters of the over-the-year growth.

Employment in construction was little changed in April, with no significant movements among the component industries. Thus far in 2007, there has been essentially no net change in construction employment.

Manufacturing employment continued to decline in April (-19,000). Small job losses were widespread across manufacturing industries, with notable declines in machinery (-5,000), motor vehicles (-5,000), and textile mills (-3,000). The return of 6,500 shipbuilding workers from a strike partly offset losses elsewhere in manufacturing.

Employment declined by 26,000 in retail trade in April. A sizeable job loss (-41,000) in general merchandise stores followed a large gain (30,000) in March. Within finance and insurance, employment fell by 14,000 in credit intermediation and related activities in April; commercial banking accounted for over half of the loss.

Weekly Hours (Establishment Survey Data)

In April, the average workweek for production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls declined by 0.1 hour to 33.8 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek and factory overtime each fell by 0.1 hour to 41.1 and 4.2 hours, respectively. (See table B-2.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls declined by 0.4 percent in April to 106.9 (2002=100). The manufacturing index also fell by 0.4 percent over the month to 95.0. (See table B-5.)

Hourly and Weekly Earnings (Establishment Survey Data)

Average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 4 cents, or 0.2 percent, in April to \$17.25, seasonally adjusted. Average weekly earnings edged down by 0.1 percent over the month to \$583.05. Over the year, average hourly and weekly earnings grew by 3.7 and 3.4 percent, respectively. (See table B-3.)

The Employment Situation for May 2007 is scheduled to be released on Friday, June 1, at 8:30 A.M. (EDT).

Planned Changes to Layout of Household Data Tables

With the release of data for May 2007, scheduled for June 1, the font sizes in the A tables will be enlarged to improve readability. This will result in the addition of two pages to the set of A tables; however, the number of tables will not change, nor will any data cells be added or deleted.

Technical Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides the information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the A tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides the information on the employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls that appears in the B tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. This information is collected from payroll records by BLS in cooperation with state agencies. The sample includes about 160,000 businesses and government agencies covering approximately 400,000 individual worksites. The active sample includes about one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. The sample is drawn from a sampling frame of unemployment insurance tax accounts.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference week is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: They had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The *unemployment rate* is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are for private businesses and relate only to production workers in the goods-producing sector and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing sector. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll would be counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large; seasonal fluctuations may account for as much as 95 percent of the month-to-month changes in unemployment.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in economic activity or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. However, because the effect of students finishing school in previous years is known, the statistics for the current year can be adjusted to allow for a comparable change. Insofar as the seasonal adjustment is made correctly, the adjusted figure provides a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in economic activity.

Most seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the ad-

justed series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most supersectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month, using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. In both surveys, revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total employment from the household survey is on the order of plus or minus 430,000. Suppose the estimate of total employment increases by 100,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -330,000 to 530,000 (100,000 +/- 430,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that employment had, in fact, increased. If, however, the reported employment rise was half a million, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that an employment rise had, in fact, occurred. At an unemployment rate of around 5.5 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment is about +/- 280,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- .19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates is also improved when the data are cumulated over time such as for quarterly and annual averages. The seasonal adjustment process can also improve the stability of the monthly estimates.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling errors can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component uses business deaths to impute employment for business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based link relative estimate procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same trend as the other firms in the sample. The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past five years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, the benchmark revision for total nonfarm employment has averaged 0.2 percent, ranging from less than 0.05 percent to 0.6 percent.

Additional statistics and other information

More comprehensive statistics are contained in *Employment and Earnings*, published each month by BLS. It is available for \$27.00 per issue or \$53.00 per year from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. All orders must be prepaid by sending a check or money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by charging to Mastercard or Visa.

Employment and Earnings also provides measures of sampling error for the household and establishment survey data published in this release. For unemployment and other labor force categories, these measures appear in tables 1-B through 1-D of its "Explanatory Notes." For the establishment survey data, the sampling error measures and the actual size of revisions due to benchmark adjustments appear in tables 2-B through 2-F of *Employment and Earnings*.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	228,199	231,034	231,253	228,199	230,108	230,650	230,834	231,034	231,253
Civilian labor force	150,209	152,236	151,829	150,862	152,775	152,974	152,784	152,979	152,587
Participation rate	65.8	65.9	65.7	66.1	66.4	66.3	66.2	66.2	66.0
Employed	143,405	145,323	145,297	143,763	145,926	145,957	145,919	146,254	145,786
Employment-population ratio	62.8	62.9	62.8	63.0	63.4	63.3	63.2	63.3	63.0
Unemployed	6,804	6,913	6,532	7,098	6,849	7,017	6,865	6,724	6,801
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.5
Not in labor force	77,990	78,798	79,423	77,338	77,333	77,676	78,050	78,055	78,666
Persons who currently want a job	4,648	4,365	4,729	4,753	4,506	4,520	4,705	4,511	4,773
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	110,280	111,733	111,849	110,280	111,288	111,528	111,627	111,733	111,849
Civilian labor force	80,669	81,600	81,665	81,059	82,030	82,060	82,014	82,044	82,076
Participation rate	73.1	73.0	73.0	73.5	73.7	73.6	73.5	73.4	73.4
Employed	76,929	77,553	78,013	77,234	78,311	78,237	78,172	78,344	78,344
Employment-population ratio	69.8	69.4	69.7	70.0	70.4	70.2	70.0	70.1	70.0
Unemployed	3,740	4,047	3,651	3,825	3,718	3,823	3,842	3,701	3,732
Unemployment rate	4.6	5.0	4.5	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5
Not in labor force	29,611	30,133	30,184	29,221	29,259	29,468	29,613	29,689	29,773
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	101,857	103,143	103,248	101,857	102,751	102,956	103,046	103,143	103,248
Civilian labor force	77,275	78,217	78,315	77,390	78,334	78,384	78,375	78,452	78,459
Participation rate	75.9	75.8	75.9	76.0	76.2	76.1	76.1	76.1	76.0
Employed	74,098	74,737	75,218	74,163	75,235	75,158	75,138	75,323	75,313
Employment-population ratio	72.7	72.5	72.9	72.8	73.2	73.0	72.9	73.0	72.9
Unemployed	3,177	3,480	3,097	3,228	3,100	3,226	3,237	3,129	3,146
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0
Not in labor force	24,582	24,926	24,933	24,467	24,417	24,572	24,671	24,691	24,789
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	117,919	119,300	119,403	117,919	118,820	119,122	119,207	119,300	119,403
Civilian labor force	69,540	70,636	70,164	69,803	70,745	70,914	70,770	70,934	70,511
Participation rate	59.0	59.2	58.8	59.2	59.5	59.5	59.4	59.5	59.1
Employed	66,476	67,771	67,284	66,530	67,615	67,720	67,747	67,911	67,442
Employment-population ratio	56.4	56.8	56.3	56.4	56.9	56.8	56.8	56.9	56.5
Unemployed	3,064	2,865	2,881	3,273	3,130	3,194	3,023	3,024	3,069
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4
Not in labor force	48,379	48,665	49,239	48,117	48,074	48,207	48,437	48,366	48,893
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	109,736	110,964	111,057	109,736	110,528	110,803	110,880	110,964	111,057
Civilian labor force	66,215	67,453	66,973	66,249	67,132	67,361	67,267	67,487	67,083
Participation rate	60.3	60.8	60.3	60.4	60.7	60.8	60.7	60.8	60.4
Employed	63,547	64,975	64,530	63,432	64,491	64,654	64,703	64,912	64,502
Employment-population ratio	57.9	58.6	58.1	57.8	58.3	58.4	58.4	58.5	58.1
Unemployed	2,668	2,478	2,443	2,818	2,641	2,707	2,564	2,576	2,581
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.7	3.6	4.3	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8
Not in labor force	43,521	43,510	44,084	43,487	43,396	43,442	43,612	43,477	43,974
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian noninstitutional population	16,606	16,927	16,948	16,606	16,829	16,891	16,908	16,927	16,948
Civilian labor force	6,720	6,566	6,541	7,222	7,309	7,228	7,142	7,039	7,045
Participation rate	40.5	38.8	38.6	43.5	43.4	42.8	42.2	41.6	41.6
Employed	5,760	5,611	5,549	6,169	6,200	6,145	6,078	6,019	5,970
Employment-population ratio	34.7	33.1	32.7	37.1	36.8	36.4	35.9	35.6	35.2
Unemployed	960	954	992	1,053	1,108	1,083	1,064	1,020	1,075
Unemployment rate	14.3	14.5	15.2	14.6	15.2	15.0	14.9	14.5	15.3
Not in labor force	9,886	10,362	10,407	9,384	9,520	9,662	9,766	9,888	9,903

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.
NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population	185,849	187,704	187,843	185,849	187,115	187,471	187,582	187,704	187,843
Civilian labor force	122,944	124,328	123,944	123,394	124,783	124,908	124,676	124,888	124,450
Participation rate	66.2	66.2	66.0	66.4	66.7	66.6	66.5	66.5	66.3
Employed	118,141	119,375	119,231	118,397	119,813	119,767	119,669	120,115	119,547
Employment-population ratio	63.6	63.6	63.5	63.7	64.0	63.9	63.8	64.0	63.6
Unemployed	4,803	4,953	4,713	4,997	4,970	5,141	5,007	4,773	4,904
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.0	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.9
Not in labor force	62,904	63,376	63,899	62,454	62,333	62,562	62,905	62,817	63,393
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	64,347	65,059	65,104	64,401	65,084	65,109	65,113	65,206	65,165
Participation rate	76.4	76.4	76.4	76.4	76.7	76.6	76.5	76.6	76.5
Employed	62,074	62,544	62,857	62,096	62,766	62,693	62,703	63,007	62,884
Employment-population ratio	73.7	73.5	73.8	73.7	73.9	73.7	73.7	74.0	73.8
Unemployed	2,273	2,515	2,247	2,305	2,318	2,416	2,410	2,199	2,282
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.5
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	53,015	53,835	53,443	53,025	53,633	53,809	53,667	53,839	53,486
Participation rate	59.7	60.1	59.6	59.7	60.1	60.1	60.0	60.1	59.7
Employed	51,159	52,109	51,677	51,072	51,795	51,877	51,840	52,036	51,636
Employment-population ratio	57.6	58.2	57.7	57.5	58.0	58.0	57.9	58.1	57.6
Unemployed	1,856	1,726	1,766	1,953	1,838	1,932	1,827	1,803	1,851
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	5,582	5,434	5,397	5,969	6,066	5,990	5,896	5,843	5,799
Participation rate	43.6	41.8	41.4	46.6	46.8	46.1	45.3	44.9	44.5
Employed	4,909	4,722	4,698	5,229	5,252	5,197	5,126	5,072	5,027
Employment-population ratio	38.3	36.3	36.1	40.8	40.5	40.0	39.4	39.0	38.6
Unemployed	674	712	699	740	814	793	770	771	772
Unemployment rate	12.1	13.1	13.0	12.4	13.4	13.2	13.1	13.2	13.3
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	26,905	27,346	27,385	26,905	27,231	27,276	27,310	27,346	27,385
Civilian labor force	17,155	17,312	17,353	17,318	17,512	17,639	17,549	17,436	17,510
Participation rate	63.8	63.3	63.4	64.4	64.3	64.7	64.3	63.8	63.9
Employed	15,638	15,874	15,997	15,699	16,045	16,226	16,154	15,988	16,065
Employment-population ratio	58.1	58.0	58.4	58.3	58.9	59.5	59.2	58.5	58.7
Unemployed	1,517	1,439	1,356	1,619	1,466	1,412	1,395	1,448	1,444
Unemployment rate	8.8	8.3	7.8	9.3	8.4	8.0	7.9	8.3	8.2
Not in labor force	9,751	10,034	10,032	9,588	9,719	9,637	9,761	9,910	9,875
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,690	7,732	7,801	7,757	7,812	7,893	7,846	7,804	7,860
Participation rate	71.1	70.3	70.8	71.7	71.3	72.0	71.5	71.0	71.4
Employed	7,032	7,017	7,163	7,065	7,240	7,304	7,262	7,103	7,201
Employment-population ratio	65.0	63.8	65.1	65.3	66.1	66.6	66.1	64.6	65.4
Unemployed	658	715	638	692	572	588	584	701	659
Unemployment rate	8.6	9.2	8.2	8.9	7.3	7.5	7.4	9.0	8.4
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	8,670	8,823	8,787	8,674	8,840	8,891	8,850	8,832	8,798
Participation rate	64.1	64.3	63.9	64.1	64.7	64.9	64.5	64.3	64.0
Employed	8,036	8,289	8,296	8,008	8,171	8,316	8,286	8,285	8,273
Employment-population ratio	59.4	60.4	60.4	59.2	59.8	60.7	60.4	60.4	60.2
Unemployed	635	535	491	667	669	575	564	547	525
Unemployment rate	7.3	6.1	5.6	7.7	7.6	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	794	757	765	887	860	855	852	800	852
Participation rate	31.2	28.8	29.1	34.8	33.0	32.7	32.5	30.5	32.4
Employed	570	568	537	627	634	606	605	600	591
Employment-population ratio	22.4	21.7	20.4	24.6	24.4	23.2	23.1	22.9	22.5
Unemployed	224	189	228	260	226	249	247	200	261
Unemployment rate	28.2	24.9	29.8	29.3	26.2	29.1	29.0	25.0	30.6
ASIAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	10,095	10,579	10,545	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Civilian labor force	6,690	7,020	6,951	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	66.3	66.4	65.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	6,447	6,810	6,723	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	63.9	64.4	63.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	243	210	228	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	3.6	3.0	3.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Not in labor force	3,405	3,559	3,594	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

² Data not available.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population	29,880	31,055	31,147	29,880	30,596	30,877	30,965	31,055	31,147
Civilian labor force	20,564	21,341	21,434	20,566	21,176	21,439	21,318	21,390	21,445
Participation rate	68.8	68.7	68.8	68.8	69.2	69.4	68.8	68.9	68.9
Employed	19,528	20,191	20,328	19,466	20,131	20,221	20,204	20,288	20,284
Employment-population ratio	65.4	65.0	65.3	65.1	65.8	65.5	65.2	65.3	65.1
Unemployed	1,035	1,150	1,106	1,100	1,045	1,218	1,115	1,101	1,161
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.3	4.9	5.7	5.2	5.1	5.4
Not in labor force	9,316	9,714	9,714	9,314	9,419	9,438	9,647	9,665	9,702
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	11,833	12,309	12,376	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Participation rate	84.9	84.9	85.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employed	11,371	11,702	11,860	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employment-population ratio	81.6	80.7	81.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployed	462	607	516	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.9	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,734	7,964	7,999	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Participation rate	58.7	58.3	58.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employed	7,284	7,594	7,590	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employment-population ratio	55.3	55.6	55.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployed	450	370	409	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployment rate	5.8	4.6	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	996	1,069	1,060	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Participation rate	36.0	36.8	36.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employed	873	895	878	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Employment-population ratio	31.5	30.8	30.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployed	123	173	182	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Unemployment rate	12.4	16.2	17.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

² Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

(Numbers in thousands)

Educational attainment	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
Less than a high school diploma									
Civilian labor force	12,959	12,896	12,799	12,844	12,719	12,870	13,150	13,033	12,765
Participation rate	46.3	46.7	46.6	45.9	46.8	47.0	47.9	47.2	46.5
Employed	12,099	11,881	11,918	11,937	11,877	11,993	12,212	12,126	11,847
Employment-population ratio	43.2	43.0	43.4	42.6	43.7	43.8	44.4	43.9	43.1
Unemployed	860	1,015	881	907	842	877	938	906	917
Unemployment rate	6.6	7.9	6.9	7.1	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.0	7.2
High school graduates, no college ¹									
Civilian labor force	38,347	38,739	38,354	38,249	38,373	38,723	38,723	38,610	38,319
Participation rate	63.3	63.1	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.8	62.8	62.9	62.6
Employed	36,674	37,033	36,798	36,584	36,722	37,083	37,063	37,042	36,758
Employment-population ratio	60.5	60.3	60.1	60.4	60.3	60.1	60.1	60.3	60.1
Unemployed	1,673	1,706	1,557	1,665	1,651	1,641	1,660	1,568	1,562
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1
Some college or associate degree									
Civilian labor force	35,284	35,434	35,669	35,320	35,593	35,092	34,678	35,200	35,620
Participation rate	72.4	72.1	72.3	72.5	72.5	72.2	71.2	71.6	72.2
Employed	33,983	34,115	34,405	33,987	34,393	33,802	33,434	33,944	34,337
Employment-population ratio	69.8	69.4	69.8	69.8	70.1	69.6	68.6	69.1	69.6
Unemployed	1,300	1,319	1,263	1,333	1,200	1,290	1,244	1,256	1,283
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher ²									
Civilian labor force	42,122	43,532	43,565	42,031	43,565	43,584	43,770	43,660	43,567
Participation rate	77.9	78.4	77.9	77.8	78.1	78.2	78.6	78.6	77.9
Employed	41,243	42,756	42,809	41,115	42,742	42,673	42,930	42,858	42,773
Employment-population ratio	76.3	77.0	76.5	76.1	76.6	76.6	77.1	77.1	76.5
Unemployed	879	776	757	916	823	911	839	801	793
Unemployment rate	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

² Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the

household survey. See box note in the BLS news release USDL 07-0486, "The Employment Situation: March 2007," issued on April 6, 2007, for a discussion of technical issues regarding educational attainment data.

Table A-5. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries	2,219	2,046	2,040	2,232	2,291	2,266	2,343	2,241	2,053
Wage and salary workers	1,277	1,169	1,166	1,303	1,415	1,358	1,441	1,327	1,205
Self-employed workers	930	859	856	924	879	890	892	897	858
Unpaid family workers	12	18	18	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nonagricultural industries	141,186	143,277	143,257	141,468	143,646	143,681	143,537	144,032	143,687
Wage and salary workers	131,547	133,551	133,513	131,779	133,636	134,018	133,798	134,110	133,874
Government	20,406	21,138	21,320	20,166	20,734	20,902	20,872	20,931	21,046
Private industries	111,142	112,413	112,193	111,604	112,888	113,050	112,918	113,171	112,762
Private households	819	859	819	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Other industries	110,322	111,553	111,374	110,753	112,147	112,309	112,026	112,283	111,967
Self-employed workers	9,560	9,606	9,641	9,653	9,865	9,520	9,605	9,737	9,713
Unpaid family workers	79	121	103	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME ²									
All industries:									
Part time for economic reasons	3,787	4,384	4,205	3,964	4,232	4,246	4,212	4,278	4,374
Slack work or business conditions	2,352	2,856	2,729	2,467	2,706	2,753	2,729	2,769	2,849
Could only find part-time work	1,156	1,218	1,236	1,179	1,234	1,185	1,208	1,215	1,248
Part time for noneconomic reasons	19,808	20,554	20,336	19,494	19,885	19,761	19,907	20,088	19,948
Nonagricultural industries:									
Part time for economic reasons	3,710	4,295	4,127	3,891	4,159	4,155	4,088	4,196	4,308
Slack work or business conditions	2,299	2,805	2,681	2,436	2,653	2,686	2,662	2,698	2,811
Could only find part-time work	1,153	1,204	1,226	1,170	1,221	1,165	1,187	1,196	1,236
Part time for noneconomic reasons	19,438	20,197	20,001	19,142	19,512	19,410	19,521	19,677	19,570

¹ Data not available.² Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and

bad weather.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-6. Selected employment indicators

(In thousands)

Characteristic	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	143,405	145,323	145,297	143,763	145,926	145,957	145,919	146,254	145,786
16 to 19 years	5,760	5,611	5,549	6,169	6,200	6,145	6,078	6,019	5,970
16 to 17 years	2,210	2,069	2,129	2,400	2,513	2,394	2,275	2,301	2,315
18 to 19 years	3,550	3,543	3,420	3,744	3,655	3,734	3,777	3,715	3,628
20 years and over	137,645	139,712	139,748	137,594	139,726	139,813	139,841	140,235	139,815
20 to 24 years	13,646	13,927	13,819	13,788	14,073	14,086	14,139	14,204	13,982
25 years and over	123,999	125,785	125,929	123,694	125,677	125,634	125,597	125,916	125,667
25 to 54 years	99,333	100,300	100,476	99,193	100,385	100,627	100,319	100,488	100,365
25 to 34 years	30,826	31,388	31,565	30,857	31,283	31,411	31,366	31,530	31,588
35 to 44 years	34,596	34,458	34,457	34,502	34,589	34,689	34,618	34,520	34,378
45 to 54 years	33,911	34,453	34,454	33,834	34,513	34,527	34,335	34,438	34,400
55 years and over	24,666	25,485	25,453	24,502	25,293	25,007	25,278	25,428	25,302
Men, 16 years and over	76,929	77,553	78,013	77,234	78,311	78,237	78,172	78,344	78,344
16 to 19 years	2,831	2,816	2,795	3,071	3,077	3,079	3,034	3,020	3,031
16 to 17 years	1,036	1,004	1,059	1,143	1,193	1,195	1,124	1,126	1,157
18 to 19 years	1,795	1,811	1,736	1,923	1,872	1,881	1,915	1,903	1,865
20 years and over	74,098	74,737	75,218	74,163	75,235	75,158	75,138	75,323	75,313
20 to 24 years	7,262	7,270	7,285	7,369	7,468	7,457	7,435	7,458	7,412
25 years and over	66,836	67,466	67,934	66,746	67,776	67,648	67,665	67,811	67,846
25 to 54 years	53,634	54,025	54,426	53,626	54,318	54,406	54,282	54,358	54,412
25 to 34 years	17,014	17,311	17,433	17,067	17,338	17,325	17,314	17,470	17,478
35 to 44 years	18,820	18,651	18,823	18,808	18,750	18,862	18,839	18,779	18,804
45 to 54 years	17,800	18,062	18,170	17,751	18,231	18,220	18,129	18,109	18,130
55 years and over	13,202	13,442	13,508	13,120	13,458	13,242	13,383	13,454	13,434
Women, 16 years and over	66,476	67,771	67,284	66,530	67,615	67,720	67,747	67,911	67,442
16 to 19 years	2,929	2,796	2,754	3,098	3,124	3,066	3,044	2,999	2,940
16 to 17 years	1,174	1,064	1,070	1,257	1,319	1,198	1,151	1,175	1,157
18 to 19 years	1,755	1,731	1,684	1,821	1,783	1,853	1,863	1,812	1,763
20 years and over	63,547	64,975	64,530	63,432	64,491	64,654	64,703	64,912	64,502
20 to 24 years	6,384	6,656	6,534	6,419	6,605	6,629	6,704	6,746	6,570
25 years and over	57,163	58,319	57,996	56,948	57,902	57,986	57,932	58,105	57,821
25 to 54 years	45,699	46,275	46,050	45,566	46,066	46,221	46,037	46,130	45,954
25 to 34 years	13,812	14,077	14,132	13,789	13,945	14,086	14,052	14,060	14,110
35 to 44 years	15,776	15,807	15,634	15,693	15,839	15,828	15,779	15,741	15,574
45 to 54 years	16,111	16,391	16,284	16,084	16,282	16,307	16,206	16,329	16,270
55 years and over	11,464	12,044	11,945	11,382	11,835	11,765	11,895	11,974	11,867
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	45,731	46,452	46,488	45,809	45,864	46,066	46,231	46,527	46,500
Married women, spouse present	35,326	36,252	36,101	35,298	35,383	35,536	35,728	36,167	36,037
Women who maintain families	8,747	9,233	9,135	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ²	118,559	119,640	119,609	119,251	120,716	120,965	120,819	121,035	120,348
Part-time workers ³	24,846	25,684	25,688	24,440	25,209	24,990	24,983	25,120	25,248
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS									
Total multiple jobholders	7,360	7,808	7,846	7,487	7,743	7,683	7,739	7,740	7,937
Percent of total employed	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4

¹ Data not available.² Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.³ Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-7. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)			Unemployment rates ¹					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	7,098	6,724	6,801	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.5
16 to 19 years	1,053	1,020	1,075	14.6	15.2	15.0	14.9	14.5	15.3
16 to 17 years	446	450	459	15.7	16.9	16.9	16.6	16.4	16.5
18 to 19 years	625	568	639	14.3	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.3	15.0
20 years and over	6,045	5,704	5,726	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9
20 to 24 years	1,233	1,162	1,184	8.2	7.9	8.1	7.4	7.6	7.8
25 years and over	4,793	4,517	4,537	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5
25 to 54 years	4,033	3,689	3,743	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.6
25 to 34 years	1,582	1,448	1,442	4.9	4.3	4.7	4.8	4.4	4.4
35 to 44 years	1,338	1,139	1,193	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.4
45 to 54 years	1,114	1,101	1,108	3.2	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1
55 years and over	756	820	791	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.0
Men, 16 years and over	3,825	3,701	3,732	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5
16 to 19 years	598	572	587	16.3	16.7	16.2	16.6	15.9	16.2
16 to 17 years	249	241	241	17.9	19.0	17.0	19.3	17.6	17.2
18 to 19 years	374	330	364	16.3	14.8	15.4	15.0	14.8	16.4
20 years and over	3,228	3,129	3,146	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0
20 to 24 years	709	661	694	8.8	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.1	8.6
25 years and over	2,504	2,473	2,445	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5
25 to 54 years	2,078	2,017	1,998	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.5
25 to 34 years	825	796	767	4.6	4.2	4.8	5.0	4.4	4.2
35 to 44 years	672	636	624	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2
45 to 54 years	580	585	607	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.2
55 years and over	426	456	446	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.2
Women, 16 years and over	3,273	3,024	3,069	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4
16 to 19 years	455	448	488	12.8	13.6	13.7	13.1	13.0	14.2
16 to 17 years	198	209	218	13.6	14.9	16.8	13.8	15.1	15.9
18 to 19 years	251	238	274	12.1	12.6	11.8	12.4	11.6	13.5
20 years and over	2,818	2,576	2,581	4.3	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8
20 to 24 years	524	501	491	7.6	7.5	7.7	6.4	6.9	7.0
25 years and over	2,289	2,043	2,092	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.5
25 to 54 years	1,955	1,672	1,745	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.7
25 to 34 years	757	652	675	5.2	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.6
35 to 44 years	666	504	569	4.1	4.0	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.5
45 to 54 years	533	516	501	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0
55 years and over ²	302	341	311	2.6	2.4	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	1,182	1,182	1,214	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.5	2.5
Married women, spouse present	1,045	938	997	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.7
Women who maintain families ²	708	667	605	7.5	6.2	6.6	6.5	6.7	6.2
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ³	5,802	5,515	5,507	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4
Part-time workers ⁴	1,309	1,178	1,326	5.1	4.8	5.0	4.9	4.5	5.0

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

² Not seasonally adjusted.

³ Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.

⁴ Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work

part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

NOTE: Detail shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,426	3,487	3,249	3,476	3,236	3,440	3,453	3,238	3,287
On temporary layoff	841	1,078	954	912	958	1,021	1,022	863	1,022
Not on temporary layoff	2,585	2,409	2,295	2,564	2,278	2,420	2,430	2,375	2,265
Permanent job losers	1,840	1,681	1,625	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Persons who completed temporary jobs	745	728	670	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Job leavers	817	749	713	845	807	797	816	755	748
Reentrants	2,041	2,151	2,030	2,183	2,199	2,230	2,042	2,147	2,174
New entrants	520	526	540	585	601	619	580	599	607
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	50.4	50.4	49.7	49.0	47.3	48.6	50.1	48.0	48.2
On temporary layoff	12.4	15.6	14.6	12.9	14.0	14.4	14.8	12.8	15.0
Not on temporary layoff	38.0	34.9	35.1	36.2	33.3	34.1	35.3	35.2	33.2
Job leavers	12.0	10.8	10.9	11.9	11.8	11.2	11.8	11.2	11.0
Reentrants	30.0	31.1	31.1	30.8	32.1	31.5	29.6	31.9	31.9
New entrants	7.6	7.6	8.3	8.3	8.8	8.7	8.4	8.9	8.9
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2
Job leavers5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5
Reentrants	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4
New entrants3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4

¹ Data not available.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-9. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks	2,339	2,103	2,141	2,632	2,707	2,642	2,600	2,327	2,432
5 to 14 weeks	1,900	2,339	1,909	2,123	2,037	2,283	2,192	2,159	2,141
15 weeks and over	2,566	2,471	2,482	2,365	2,081	2,118	2,135	2,177	2,268
15 to 26 weeks	1,169	1,189	1,221	1,036	991	986	905	954	1,072
27 weeks and over	1,396	1,282	1,261	1,329	1,090	1,133	1,230	1,223	1,196
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.0	18.4	18.3	16.9	15.9	16.2	16.4	17.3	17.1
Median duration, in weeks	9.8	10.1	10.1	8.5	7.3	8.1	8.1	8.5	8.7
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	34.4	30.4	32.8	37.0	39.7	37.5	37.5	34.9	35.6
5 to 14 weeks	27.9	33.8	29.2	29.8	29.8	32.4	31.6	32.4	31.3
15 weeks and over	37.7	35.7	38.0	33.2	30.5	30.1	30.8	32.7	33.2
15 to 26 weeks	17.2	17.2	18.7	14.6	14.5	14.0	13.1	14.3	15.7
27 weeks and over	20.5	18.5	19.3	18.7	16.0	16.1	17.8	18.4	17.5

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-10. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation	Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rates	
	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007
Total, 16 years and over ¹	143,405	145,297	6,804	6,532	4.5	4.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	50,105	51,955	983	952	1.9	1.8
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	21,076	21,447	446	419	2.1	1.9
Professional and related occupations	29,029	30,507	538	533	1.8	1.7
Service occupations	23,577	23,858	1,501	1,361	6.0	5.4
Sales and office occupations	36,108	36,262	1,580	1,492	4.2	4.0
Sales and related occupations	16,778	16,814	744	804	4.2	4.6
Office and administrative support occupations	19,330	19,447	836	688	4.1	3.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	15,564	15,459	1,030	1,058	6.2	6.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	968	945	92	85	8.7	8.2
Construction and extraction occupations	9,320	9,422	719	809	7.2	7.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5,276	5,092	219	165	4.0	3.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	18,051	17,764	1,161	1,110	6.0	5.9
Production occupations	9,360	9,394	536	633	5.4	6.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	8,691	8,370	625	477	6.7	5.4

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-11. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)		Unemployment rates	
	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007
Total, 16 years and over ¹	6,804	6,532	4.5	4.3
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,454	5,276	4.7	4.5
Mining	17	17	2.5	2.3
Construction	674	853	6.9	8.6
Manufacturing	745	749	4.5	4.6
Durable goods	414	467	3.9	4.4
Nondurable goods	331	282	5.6	4.8
Wholesale and retail trade	972	872	4.6	4.2
Transportation and utilities	272	188	4.8	3.3
Information	132	77	4.2	2.4
Financial activities	293	231	3.1	2.4
Professional and business services	644	689	4.9	5.0
Education and health services	558	555	3.0	2.9
Leisure and hospitality	882	822	7.6	6.9
Other services	266	224	4.1	3.6
Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers	81	67	6.2	5.7
Government workers	414	408	2.0	1.9
Self employed and unpaid family workers	334	240	3.1	2.2

¹ Persons with no previous work experience are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-12. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

(Percent)

Measure	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2006	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Apr. 2007
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.5
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.7
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.3
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	7.9	8.3	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.0	8.2

NOTE: Marginally attached workers are persons who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the recent past. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for a job. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but

have had to settle for a part-time schedule. For further information, see "BLS introduces new range of alternative unemployment measures," in the October 1995 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*. Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-13. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Total		Men		Women	
	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007	Apr. 2006	Apr. 2007
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force	77,990	79,423	29,611	30,184	48,379	49,239
Persons who currently want a job	4,648	4,729	2,027	2,161	2,622	2,567
Searched for work and available to work now ¹	1,310	1,391	658	680	651	711
Reason not currently looking:						
Discouragement over job prospects ²	381	399	230	235	151	163
Reasons other than discouragement ³	928	992	428	444	500	548
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	7,360	7,846	3,795	3,975	3,565	3,871
Percent of total employed	5.1	5.4	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.8
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	3,894	4,332	2,265	2,516	1,629	1,816
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,716	1,783	496	521	1,219	1,263
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	259	240	190	175	69	65
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,439	1,446	815	746	624	700

¹ Data refer to persons who have searched for work during the prior 12 months and were available to take a job during the reference week.

² Includes thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

³ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well

as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

⁴ Includes persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2007, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2007-Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Total nonfarm	135,802	135,904	136,835	137,668	135,803	137,167	137,329	137,419	137,596	137,684	88
Total private	113,483	113,412	114,236	115,052	113,881	115,053	115,189	115,245	115,402	115,465	63
Goods-producing	22,407	21,870	22,073	22,273	22,604	22,520	22,554	22,465	22,501	22,473	-28
Natural resources and mining	669	693	701	708	678	705	706	711	715	717	2
Logging	61.0	63.0	61.8	58.5	67.0	64.6	64.8	65.2	65.8	64.2	-1.6
Mining	608.1	630.3	639.0	649.6	611.3	640.0	641.1	645.4	649.3	652.8	3.5
Oil and gas extraction	132.4	144.7	146.3	146.4	133.2	143.2	145.1	145.9	147.1	147.1	.0
Mining, except oil and gas ¹	218.5	212.5	216.8	225.0	220.4	222.4	222.2	222.9	224.4	226.8	2.4
Coal mining	79.0	78.9	79.5	80.5	79.1	79.9	80.0	79.7	80.0	80.4	.4
Support activities for mining	257.2	273.1	275.9	278.2	257.7	274.4	273.8	276.6	277.8	278.9	1.1
Construction	7,556	7,167	7,344	7,532	7,699	7,684	7,718	7,641	7,691	7,680	-11
Construction of buildings	1,785.4	1,723.5	1,741.5	1,759.0	1,815.6	1,799.7	1,801.4	1,791.7	1,795.3	1,789.4	-5.9
Residential building	1,003.7	964.0	969.0	978.7	1,020.1	1,013.0	1,005.4	1,000.3	999.0	996.3	-2.7
Nonresidential building	781.7	759.5	772.5	780.3	795.5	786.7	796.0	791.4	796.3	793.1	-3.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	951.8	881.8	919.7	970.8	981.7	993.5	1,003.8	993.2	1,002.4	1,001.4	-1.0
Specialty trade contractors	4,818.8	4,561.5	4,682.9	4,802.5	4,901.9	4,890.5	4,912.5	4,856.1	4,893.5	4,889.0	-4.5
Residential specialty trade contractors	2,376.5	2,157.0	2,203.5	2,261.1	2,420.3	2,331.2	2,326.1	2,299.0	2,308.3	2,306.9	-1.4
Nonresidential specialty trade contractors	2,442.3	2,404.5	2,479.4	2,541.4	2,481.6	2,559.3	2,586.4	2,557.1	2,585.2	2,582.1	-3.1
Manufacturing	14,182	14,010	14,028	14,033	14,227	14,131	14,130	14,113	14,095	14,076	-19
Production workers	10,153	10,029	10,040	10,047	10,187	10,126	10,121	10,114	10,093	10,076	-17
Durable goods	9,014	8,893	8,904	8,912	9,020	8,972	8,952	8,943	8,931	8,918	-13
Production workers	6,377	6,286	6,290	6,296	6,377	6,349	6,325	6,326	6,309	6,295	-14
Wood products	564.6	521.5	522.7	526.3	568.5	540.4	539.4	532.6	530.7	529.5	-1.2
Nonmetallic mineral products	511.0	483.6	490.7	495.3	513.1	504.0	504.1	501.9	500.9	497.7	-3.2
Primary metals	464.1	454.8	453.5	451.6	463.5	454.6	454.9	454.4	453.2	450.9	-2.3
Fabricated metal products	1,546.0	1,558.8	1,559.7	1,561.3	1,548.5	1,564.9	1,566.2	1,566.1	1,563.5	1,563.2	-3
Machinery	1,181.3	1,214.7	1,218.3	1,213.2	1,180.3	1,210.1	1,213.3	1,215.4	1,217.4	1,212.5	-4.9
Computer and electronic products ¹	1,312.6	1,315.3	1,308.5	1,310.1	1,315.8	1,319.9	1,319.4	1,317.5	1,313.9	1,312.3	-1.6
Computer and peripheral equipment	197.3	196.6	196.5	197.7	198.7	199.8	196.4	197.8	197.8	198.7	.9
Communications equipment	145.1	144.2	143.5	144.5	145.1	143.8	143.7	143.7	143.8	144.1	.3
Semiconductors and electronic components	460.4	467.1	465.8	466.5	460.6	466.2	470.5	468.8	467.9	466.4	-1.5
Electronic instruments	437.0	437.2	432.9	432.5	438.3	438.3	437.5	436.8	434.3	433.7	-.6
Electrical equipment and appliances	433.4	435.6	438.0	437.2	434.2	437.4	437.3	436.4	438.0	438.2	.2
Transportation equipment ¹	1,787.5	1,721.5	1,723.8	1,726.0	1,780.2	1,741.0	1,722.3	1,724.4	1,720.9	1,720.7	-.2
Motor vehicles and parts ²	1,097.8	1,022.4	1,028.5	1,024.9	1,091.9	1,043.9	1,023.5	1,025.1	1,024.7	1,019.9	-4.8
Furniture and related products	565.5	530.7	531.5	532.4	565.1	541.1	536.6	535.8	532.8	531.9	-.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	648.4	656.7	657.4	658.8	650.3	658.2	658.2	658.9	659.7	660.6	.9
Nondurable goods	5,168	5,117	5,124	5,121	5,207	5,159	5,178	5,170	5,164	5,158	-6
Production workers	3,776	3,743	3,750	3,751	3,810	3,777	3,796	3,788	3,784	3,781	-3
Food manufacturing	1,450.5	1,464.2	1,468.0	1,463.3	1,480.5	1,485.1	1,493.9	1,492.8	1,494.6	1,493.4	-1.2
Beverages and tobacco products	190.1	193.3	192.8	196.4	194.7	195.5	197.0	197.8	198.0	200.3	2.3
Textile mills	201.4	177.7	177.5	174.6	200.8	185.0	182.3	179.1	177.1	174.3	-2.8
Textile product mills	161.2	156.8	156.8	158.8	160.5	157.7	158.6	157.9	157.3	157.9	.6
Apparel	243.7	223.3	224.1	222.1	243.2	230.4	227.7	225.2	223.9	221.5	-2.4
Leather and allied products	37.9	36.3	36.9	35.9	37.8	36.5	36.5	36.4	36.6	35.9	-.7
Paper and paper products	469.6	459.0	456.5	456.2	472.1	462.6	462.4	460.5	458.1	458.3	.2
Printing and related support activities	635.9	630.4	633.0	631.0	636.9	636.7	634.7	634.6	634.0	632.4	-1.6
Petroleum and coal products	111.9	113.8	115.3	116.7	112.5	117.1	117.4	117.4	117.8	117.5	-.3
Chemicals	864.8	870.7	870.9	872.6	864.9	871.0	872.1	872.5	871.7	872.3	.6
Plastics and rubber products	801.1	791.7	792.4	793.3	802.6	781.7	795.8	795.7	794.6	794.2	-.4

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2007-Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Service-providing	113,395	114,034	114,762	115,395	113,199	114,647	114,775	114,954	115,095	115,211	116
Private service-providing	91,076	91,542	92,163	92,779	91,277	92,533	92,635	92,780	92,901	92,992	91
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,002	26,003	26,158	26,211	26,207	26,345	26,378	26,393	26,433	26,420	-13
Wholesale trade	5,870.8	5,910.8	5,936.8	5,967.7	5,879.6	5,955.0	5,949.0	5,960.0	5,962.9	5,975.4	12.5
Durable goods	3,063.4	3,094.9	3,104.7	3,118.2	3,067.0	3,104.3	3,102.5	3,112.0	3,114.2	3,121.3	7.1
Nondurable goods	2,030.8	2,023.8	2,037.7	2,047.2	2,034.4	2,055.0	2,050.5	2,049.7	2,051.4	2,051.2	-2
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	776.6	792.1	794.4	802.3	778.2	795.7	796.0	798.3	797.3	802.9	5.6
Retail trade	15,156.9	15,078.0	15,189.6	15,191.1	15,336.6	15,323.7	15,357.5	15,364.6	15,397.2	15,371.1	-26.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers ¹	1,907.6	1,884.8	1,895.6	1,911.0	1,910.7	1,908.5	1,906.8	1,910.3	1,908.6	1,913.7	5.1
Automobile dealers	1,246.0	1,234.1	1,239.8	1,246.9	1,248.0	1,244.8	1,244.1	1,244.9	1,244.6	1,249.0	4.4
Furniture and home furnishings stores	584.5	581.7	579.4	581.0	589.7	591.4	588.1	587.6	586.0	586.8	.8
Electronics and appliance stores	533.5	537.7	536.7	532.4	542.9	531.4	535.3	538.2	538.6	540.1	1.5
Building material and garden supply stores	1,357.2	1,263.4	1,290.0	1,347.9	1,325.8	1,314.1	1,318.0	1,323.4	1,314.3	1,317.6	3.3
Food and beverage stores	2,801.8	2,822.6	2,828.1	2,825.7	2,825.7	2,843.7	2,844.0	2,849.9	2,855.7	2,851.6	-4.1
Health and personal care stores	944.2	961.4	962.1	960.5	952.6	959.7	964.1	964.8	967.1	969.0	1.9
Gasoline stations	859.9	840.8	844.3	847.1	865.7	854.8	853.7	852.9	854.3	852.5	-1.8
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,377.0	1,391.8	1,400.6	1,407.0	1,421.2	1,460.1	1,446.9	1,445.1	1,449.7	1,456.4	6.7
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	627.8	644.6	640.0	640.8	646.8	648.9	655.8	654.9	654.9	657.7	2.8
General merchandise stores ¹	2,872.2	2,846.5	2,916.4	2,845.4	2,937.5	2,885.4	2,923.9	2,917.3	2,947.5	2,906.5	-41.0
Department stores	1,511.8	1,518.1	1,535.9	1,510.0	1,566.8	1,537.7	1,568.7	1,565.3	1,571.3	1,560.0	-11.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	875.3	868.9	863.9	866.7	889.7	881.4	880.3	880.2	880.2	879.6	-6
Nonstore retailers	415.9	433.8	432.5	425.5	428.3	444.3	440.6	440.0	440.3	439.6	-7
Transportation and warehousing	4,426.2	4,468.0	4,483.3	4,501.7	4,441.6	4,517.0	4,522.6	4,519.6	4,522.7	4,522.7	.0
Air transportation	485.2	478.8	482.2	486.6	487.3	488.3	490.8	485.5	486.4	488.7	2.3
Rail transportation	225.4	226.8	227.6	227.6	225.8	226.4	227.9	228.9	229.1	227.8	-1.3
Water transportation	62.4	65.5	65.0	66.0	62.9	67.8	67.1	68.1	67.5	66.7	-8
Truck transportation	1,416.2	1,421.2	1,430.2	1,437.3	1,431.9	1,453.6	1,457.9	1,454.7	1,456.7	1,454.2	-2.1
Transit and ground passenger transportation	409.9	407.2	405.7	407.0	392.6	390.2	391.6	393.3	391.1	390.4	-7
Pipeline transportation	38.4	40.7	39.8	39.1	38.6	39.7	40.3	40.6	39.9	39.3	-6
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	23.7	20.5	21.6	23.9	27.3	27.8	27.8	28.0	27.7	27.5	-2
Support activities for transportation	568.9	577.3	577.9	582.2	568.5	575.9	575.9	579.4	579.8	581.5	1.7
Couriers and messengers	573.2	584.2	586.3	583.5	577.3	596.4	593.0	590.6	592.0	590.2	-1.8
Warehousing and storage	622.9	645.8	647.0	648.5	629.4	650.9	650.3	650.5	652.9	656.4	3.5
Utilities	547.9	545.9	548.2	550.8	548.9	549.2	549.0	549.0	549.9	550.8	.9
Information	3,046	3,075	3,075	3,078	3,056	3,073	3,071	3,084	3,081	3,084	3
Publishing industries, except Internet	903.6	907.6	906.6	900.3	905.8	906.1	907.0	907.8	905.9	902.7	-3.2
Motion picture and sound recording industries	370.6	375.9	380.6	388.1	380.3	378.3	378.2	385.2	387.0	393.6	6.6
Broadcasting, except Internet	329.6	336.8	335.0	335.9	330.7	335.6	335.3	337.4	336.3	336.7	.4
Internet publishing and broadcasting	34.0	37.9	38.8	40.1	33.9	37.0	36.9	37.9	39.0	40.0	1.0
Telecommunications	973.0	978.7	972.6	970.9	972.2	978.0	975.6	976.2	972.6	970.8	-1.8
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	383.9	386.1	389.5	390.2	382.1	386.1	386.1	387.3	387.7	388.0	.3
Other information services	51.2	51.6	52.3	52.0	51.1	52.1	51.9	51.9	52.3	51.9	-4
Financial activities	8,320	8,404	8,416	8,409	8,340	8,438	8,440	8,446	8,446	8,435	-11
Finance and insurance	6,163.5	6,243.3	6,245.5	6,226.8	6,166.6	6,239.8	6,238.9	6,244.4	6,242.7	6,232.2	-10.5
Monetary authorities - central bank	21.1	21.9	22.1	22.1	21.2	21.8	21.7	22.0	22.1	22.2	.1
Credit intermediation and related activities ¹	2,931.5	2,963.3	2,961.4	2,942.6	2,932.3	2,959.7	2,961.5	2,962.8	2,959.7	2,945.3	-14.4
Depository credit intermediation ¹	1,797.0	1,823.2	1,824.4	1,814.8	1,797.8	1,824.6	1,824.3	1,823.1	1,823.6	1,817.0	-6.6
Commercial banking	1,313.9	1,334.9	1,336.0	1,324.7	1,313.7	1,336.9	1,336.9	1,334.7	1,334.0	1,325.7	-8.3
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	810.4	831.8	833.1	831.9	810.5	829.2	831.0	831.4	832.1	832.9	.8
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,309.0	2,331.2	2,333.3	2,335.3	2,310.9	2,333.9	2,329.6	2,333.2	2,333.7	2,336.7	3.0
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	91.5	95.1	95.6	94.9	91.7	95.2	95.1	95.0	95.1	95.1	.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,156.5	2,161.1	2,170.2	2,182.6	2,173.5	2,198.0	2,201.5	2,202.0	2,203.2	2,202.5	-7
Real estate	1,491.6	1,492.7	1,504.1	1,511.5	1,500.9	1,516.4	1,518.5	1,518.4	1,523.4	1,522.1	-1.3
Rental and leasing services	637.1	637.7	635.5	640.3	644.5	650.9	651.9	652.4	648.7	649.3	.6
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	27.8	30.7	30.6	30.8	28.1	30.7	31.1	31.2	31.1	31.1	.0

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2007-P Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Professional and business services	17,407	17,508	17,631	17,803	17,458	17,792	17,804	17,840	17,846	17,870	24
Professional and technical services ¹	7,386.9	7,616.0	7,622.6	7,656.1	7,319.0	7,499.8	7,515.6	7,544.3	7,557.2	7,590.0	32.8
Legal services	1,167.7	1,169.2	1,171.3	1,175.0	1,175.2	1,179.0	1,176.2	1,178.8	1,179.0	1,181.7	2.7
Accounting and bookkeeping services	983.1	1,068.4	1,042.5	1,027.8	879.8	925.1	922.1	927.8	923.3	925.4	2.1
Architectural and engineering services	1,361.2	1,396.1	1,403.7	1,415.9	1,373.7	1,411.4	1,419.2	1,422.7	1,424.7	1,428.7	4.0
Computer systems design and related services	1,260.1	1,307.3	1,315.2	1,327.9	1,262.1	1,303.3	1,305.2	1,311.1	1,319.2	1,330.5	11.3
Management and technical consulting services	903.9	958.8	966.6	981.7	908.4	953.8	958.1	967.1	973.7	985.5	11.8
Management of companies and enterprises	1,794.8	1,821.1	1,827.5	1,837.4	1,797.6	1,826.0	1,830.8	1,836.7	1,839.7	1,843.9	4.2
Administrative and waste services	8,225.4	8,070.9	8,181.2	8,309.2	8,341.0	8,466.4	8,457.3	8,458.9	8,448.8	8,435.7	-13.1
Administrative and support services ¹	7,880.4	7,726.9	7,836.3	7,956.4	7,994.2	8,117.0	8,106.1	8,107.4	8,097.7	8,081.7	-16.0
Employment services ¹	3,550.9	3,439.7	3,504.4	3,498.4	3,658.0	3,674.2	3,667.1	3,651.6	3,642.3	3,615.3	-27.0
Temporary help services	2,557.8	2,464.4	2,511.1	2,540.0	2,632.2	2,641.6	2,641.8	2,629.2	2,628.4	2,622.2	-6.2
Business support services	785.9	806.0	808.4	800.9	783.2	806.9	803.6	803.3	803.1	799.9	-3.2
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,789.2	1,660.9	1,697.2	1,823.1	1,792.3	1,817.7	1,812.1	1,823.8	1,819.3	1,826.3	7.0
Waste management and remediation services	345.0	344.0	344.9	352.8	346.8	349.4	351.2	351.5	351.1	354.0	2.9
Education and health services	17,906	18,254	18,345	18,413	17,743	18,063	18,102	18,138	18,187	18,240	53
Educational services	3,062.7	3,107.5	3,134.7	3,139.3	2,902.6	2,948.6	2,959.5	2,955.9	2,969.7	2,974.6	4.9
Health care and social assistance	14,843.4	15,146.4	15,209.8	15,273.5	14,839.9	15,113.9	15,142.6	15,181.7	15,217.7	15,265.1	47.4
Health care ³	12,515.4	12,794.8	12,840.5	12,879.9	12,540.0	12,779.2	12,801.2	12,837.5	12,865.0	12,902.0	37.0
Ambulatory health care services ¹	5,244.2	5,376.7	5,401.1	5,421.4	5,251.0	5,369.2	5,375.3	5,395.6	5,408.7	5,426.8	18.1
Offices of physicians	2,131.0	2,189.3	2,199.9	2,205.8	2,138.0	2,185.5	2,187.4	2,196.7	2,204.9	2,212.0	7.1
Outpatient care centers	488.0	496.3	495.2	494.9	487.6	493.6	494.1	496.8	494.6	494.9	.3
Home health care services	857.3	895.6	904.8	907.1	858.5	890.9	896.4	901.1	904.4	907.8	3.4
Hospitals	4,394.1	4,473.2	4,486.1	4,489.4	4,404.3	4,469.5	4,478.3	4,484.4	4,493.4	4,500.0	6.6
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	2,877.1	2,944.9	2,953.3	2,969.1	2,884.7	2,940.5	2,947.6	2,957.5	2,962.9	2,975.2	12.3
Nursing care facilities	1,575.0	1,597.4	1,600.6	1,607.4	1,579.6	1,596.4	1,600.1	1,605.7	1,605.7	1,611.5	5.8
Social assistance ¹	2,328.0	2,351.6	2,369.3	2,393.6	2,299.9	2,334.7	2,341.4	2,344.2	2,352.7	2,363.1	10.4
Child day care services	830.3	812.3	819.1	826.9	813.6	803.6	804.3	802.7	804.9	808.2	3.3
Leisure and hospitality	12,969	12,889	13,092	13,385	13,049	13,373	13,396	13,425	13,445	13,467	22
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,873.5	1,756.3	1,801.8	1,908.2	1,918.1	1,957.2	1,960.4	1,963.3	1,960.9	1,956.2	-4.7
Performing arts and spectator sports	403.9	376.5	384.7	408.9	395.3	406.4	408.0	406.0	405.8	402.2	-3.6
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	120.8	116.9	118.5	124.1	122.8	127.1	127.7	127.5	127.0	126.6	-4
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,348.8	1,262.9	1,298.6	1,375.2	1,400.0	1,423.7	1,424.7	1,429.8	1,428.1	1,427.4	-7
Accommodations and food services	11,095.5	11,132.9	11,290.2	11,477.1	11,131.0	11,415.9	11,435.8	11,461.3	11,484.3	11,510.5	26.2
Accommodations	1,774.5	1,778.9	1,803.8	1,816.4	1,821.5	1,863.2	1,858.1	1,860.3	1,863.4	1,864.6	1.2
Food services and drinking places	9,321.0	9,354.0	9,486.4	9,660.7	9,309.5	9,552.7	9,577.7	9,601.0	9,620.9	9,645.9	25.0
Other services	5,426	5,409	5,446	5,480	5,424	5,449	5,444	5,454	5,463	5,476	13
Repair and maintenance	1,253.1	1,241.1	1,254.1	1,259.7	1,247.1	1,251.6	1,246.3	1,248.9	1,252.6	1,253.4	.8
Personal and laundry services	1,287.1	1,273.8	1,285.1	1,304.5	1,282.4	1,287.4	1,285.8	1,290.3	1,292.2	1,298.0	5.8
Membership associations and organizations	2,885.4	2,894.1	2,907.2	2,915.6	2,894.3	2,909.7	2,912.3	2,915.2	2,917.8	2,924.2	6.4
Government	22,319	22,492	22,599	22,616	21,922	22,114	22,140	22,174	22,194	22,219	25
Federal	2,720	2,697	2,700	2,711	2,731	2,713	2,718	2,718	2,717	2,721	4
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	1,953.7	1,935.1	1,938.3	1,949.2	1,960.2	1,948.6	1,951.1	1,951.8	1,950.9	1,954.7	3.8
U.S. Postal Service	766.6	762.2	761.8	762.0	770.5	764.5	767.1	766.5	766.0	765.8	-2
State government	5,206	5,249	5,276	5,286	5,064	5,111	5,117	5,133	5,135	5,144	9
State government education	2,431.4	2,451.1	2,473.5	2,482.9	2,284.5	2,311.8	2,311.4	2,324.0	2,326.5	2,335.1	8.6
State government, excluding education	2,774.1	2,798.2	2,802.1	2,803.5	2,779.2	2,798.9	2,805.7	2,809.4	2,808.3	2,808.8	.5
Local government	14,393	14,546	14,623	14,619	14,127	14,290	14,305	14,323	14,342	14,354	12
Local government education	8,240.1	8,352.8	8,404.7	8,374.4	7,905.0	8,015.6	8,018.7	8,025.1	8,040.2	8,042.4	2.2
Local government, excluding education	6,153.1	6,193.4	6,217.9	6,244.1	6,222.2	6,274.1	6,286.4	6,298.0	6,302.2	6,311.6	9.4

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.³ Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

P = preliminary.

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2007-Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Total private	33.9	33.4	33.6	34.0	33.9	33.9	33.8	33.7	33.9	33.8	-0.1
Goods-producing	39.9	39.6	40.4	40.3	40.6	40.7	40.2	40.2	40.6	40.5	-.1
Natural resources and mining	45.5	45.3	45.3	45.9	45.5	45.6	45.0	45.9	45.8	46.0	.2
Construction	38.4	37.4	38.7	38.4	39.1	39.8	38.7	38.4	39.0	38.8	-.2
Manufacturing	40.4	40.5	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.0	40.9	40.9	41.2	41.1	-.1
Overtime hours	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.2	-.1
Durable goods	40.7	40.7	41.4	41.2	41.6	41.2	41.1	41.1	41.4	41.3	-.1
Overtime hours	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.1	-.2
Wood products	39.9	38.0	39.1	39.3	40.4	39.3	38.7	39.1	39.4	39.4	.0
Nonmetallic mineral products	42.9	40.5	41.8	42.0	43.3	42.7	42.0	41.6	42.4	42.0	-.4
Primary metals	42.6	42.8	43.2	43.0	43.4	43.3	42.8	43.0	43.2	43.0	-.2
Fabricated metal products	40.5	40.7	41.6	41.2	41.7	41.0	41.0	41.1	41.7	41.3	-.4
Machinery	41.6	42.0	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.3	41.8	42.3	42.4	42.5	.1
Computer and electronic products	40.1	40.1	40.4	39.9	40.7	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.4	40.3	-.1
Electrical equipment and appliances	39.9	40.4	40.7	40.9	41.3	40.4	40.7	40.9	40.9	40.9	.0
Transportation equipment	41.6	42.3	43.1	42.8	43.1	42.5	42.8	42.5	42.9	42.6	-.3
Motor vehicles and parts ²	41.0	41.3	42.5	42.5	42.6	41.7	42.0	41.5	42.3	42.2	-.1
Furniture and related products	38.0	38.5	38.8	38.8	38.6	39.0	38.9	38.8	38.9	39.0	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	38.1	37.8	38.7	38.7	38.8	38.7	38.5	37.9	38.5	38.7	.2
Nondurable goods	39.9	40.1	40.7	40.7	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.9	40.9	.0
Overtime hours	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.3	.0
Food manufacturing	38.8	39.7	40.6	40.2	39.8	40.4	40.4	40.5	41.1	40.8	-.3
Beverages and tobacco products	40.0	39.6	40.2	41.1	40.3	40.7	40.8	40.5	40.6	40.8	.2
Textile mills	40.1	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.4	41.0	40.6	40.7	40.3	40.2	-.1
Textile product mills	39.5	39.3	39.8	39.6	40.3	39.2	39.3	39.5	39.6	39.7	.1
Apparel	35.8	36.9	36.9	37.7	36.4	36.7	37.5	37.0	36.7	37.5	.8
Leather and allied products	38.2	37.7	38.3	37.8	38.9	38.2	38.2	38.0	38.0	37.6	-.4
Paper and paper products	42.3	41.7	42.6	42.9	43.0	42.4	42.5	42.4	43.0	43.0	.0
Printing and related support activities	38.8	39.4	39.5	39.7	39.2	39.5	39.2	39.4	39.4	39.7	.3
Petroleum and coal products	45.4	44.0	43.8	44.5	45.2	44.7	45.3	45.1	44.6	44.8	.2
Chemicals	42.7	41.8	41.9	42.0	42.7	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.9	42.0	.1
Plastics and rubber products	40.0	40.1	40.7	41.1	40.7	40.6	40.8	40.4	40.7	41.0	.3
Private service-providing	32.6	32.1	32.2	32.6	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.5	32.4	-.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	33.5	32.9	33.1	33.4	33.5	33.4	33.4	33.3	33.4	33.3	-.1
Wholesale trade	38.3	37.8	37.9	38.6	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.1	38.1	.0
Retail trade	30.6	29.6	29.9	30.1	30.6	30.4	30.4	30.2	30.2	30.1	-.1
Transportation and warehousing	36.6	36.6	36.9	36.9	36.7	36.9	37.1	37.1	37.2	36.9	-.3
Utilities	41.4	42.1	42.1	42.3	41.2	42.0	41.9	42.3	42.4	42.2	-.2
Information	36.8	36.4	36.4	36.9	36.6	36.6	36.5	36.6	36.7	36.6	-.1
Financial activities	36.3	35.8	35.7	36.7	35.7	36.0	36.0	36.0	36.0	36.1	.1
Professional and business services	34.7	34.4	34.6	35.1	34.6	34.6	34.5	34.6	34.8	34.7	-.1
Education and health services	32.6	32.3	32.4	32.8	32.5	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.6	32.7	.1
Leisure and hospitality	25.7	25.1	25.3	25.7	25.6	25.7	25.6	25.5	25.6	25.6	.0
Other services	31.0	30.6	30.8	30.9	31.0	30.9	30.9	30.7	31.0	30.9	-.1

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the

total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, motor vehicle parts.

^P = preliminary.

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P
Total private	\$16.72	\$17.21	\$17.22	\$17.35	\$566.81	\$574.81	\$578.59	\$589.90
Seasonally adjusted	16.63	17.16	17.21	17.25	563.76	578.29	583.42	583.05
Goods-producing	17.82	18.26	18.35	18.47	711.02	723.10	741.34	744.34
Natural resources and mining	19.78	20.81	20.87	21.01	899.99	942.69	945.41	964.36
Construction	19.61	20.45	20.52	20.58	753.02	764.83	794.12	790.27
Manufacturing	16.74	17.03	17.07	17.20	676.30	689.72	701.58	705.20
Durable goods	17.54	17.95	18.02	18.12	713.88	730.57	746.03	746.54
Wood products	13.24	13.55	13.58	13.60	528.28	514.90	530.98	534.48
Nonmetallic mineral products	16.71	16.81	16.95	16.85	716.86	680.81	708.51	707.70
Primary metals	19.37	19.33	19.37	19.49	825.16	827.32	836.78	838.07
Fabricated metal products	16.04	16.31	16.35	16.44	649.62	663.82	680.16	677.33
Machinery	16.95	17.63	17.67	17.71	705.12	740.46	749.21	752.68
Computer and electronic products	18.73	19.57	19.67	19.92	751.07	784.76	794.67	794.81
Electrical equipment and appliances	15.37	15.87	15.92	15.94	613.26	641.15	647.94	651.95
Transportation equipment	22.27	22.53	22.62	22.83	926.43	953.02	974.92	977.12
Furniture and related products	13.72	14.05	14.35	14.43	521.36	540.93	556.78	559.88
Miscellaneous manufacturing	14.37	14.50	14.61	14.61	547.50	548.10	565.41	565.41
Nondurable goods	15.36	15.46	15.44	15.64	612.86	619.95	628.41	636.55
Food manufacturing	13.09	13.33	13.33	13.48	507.89	529.20	541.20	541.90
Beverages and tobacco products	18.32	17.91	18.49	18.66	732.80	709.24	743.30	766.93
Textile mills	12.42	12.87	12.79	12.95	498.04	521.24	518.00	524.48
Textile product mills	11.97	11.96	12.01	11.99	472.82	470.03	478.00	474.80
Apparel	10.62	10.82	10.71	10.75	380.20	399.26	395.20	405.28
Leather and allied products	11.26	11.82	11.80	11.82	430.13	445.61	451.94	446.80
Paper and paper products	18.01	18.10	18.15	18.43	761.82	754.77	773.19	790.65
Printing and related support activities	15.72	15.87	15.83	16.00	609.94	625.28	625.29	635.20
Petroleum and coal products	24.52	24.73	24.60	24.71	1,113.21	1,088.12	1,077.48	1,099.60
Chemicals	19.78	19.55	19.47	19.67	844.61	817.19	815.79	826.14
Plastics and rubber products	14.87	15.22	15.19	15.34	594.80	610.32	618.23	630.47
Private service-providing	16.43	16.94	16.93	17.06	535.62	543.77	545.15	556.16
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.44	15.65	15.66	15.79	517.24	514.89	518.35	527.39
Wholesale trade	18.87	19.25	19.24	19.48	722.72	727.65	729.20	751.93
Retail trade	12.69	12.72	12.75	12.84	388.31	376.51	381.23	386.48
Transportation and warehousing	17.19	17.42	17.51	17.49	629.15	637.57	646.12	645.38
Utilities	27.65	27.50	27.74	27.88	1,144.71	1,157.75	1,167.85	1,179.32
Information	23.14	23.80	23.77	23.98	851.55	866.32	865.23	884.86
Financial activities	18.77	19.42	19.49	19.74	681.35	695.24	695.79	724.46
Professional and business services	19.21	19.95	19.91	20.22	666.59	686.28	688.89	709.72
Education and health services	17.29	17.76	17.79	17.80	563.65	573.65	576.40	583.84
Leisure and hospitality	9.65	10.24	10.22	10.25	248.01	257.02	258.57	263.43
Other services	14.78	15.10	15.13	15.19	458.18	462.06	466.00	469.37

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

P = preliminary.

Table B-4. Average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Percent change from: Mar. 2007- Apr. 2007 ^P
Total Private:							
Current dollars	\$16.63	\$17.07	\$17.10	\$17.16	\$17.21	\$17.25	0.2
Constant (1982) dollars ²	8.20	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.32	N.A.	(³)
Goods-producing	17.87	18.29	18.34	18.37	18.45	18.52	.4
Natural resources and mining	19.66	20.52	20.60	20.77	20.79	20.88	.4
Construction	19.71	20.44	20.55	20.57	20.65	20.69	.2
Manufacturing	16.75	16.95	16.98	17.03	17.09	17.19	.6
Excluding overtime ⁴	15.88	16.12	16.17	16.22	16.24	16.35	.7
Durable goods	17.58	17.86	17.90	17.96	18.05	18.14	.5
Nondurable goods	15.34	15.41	15.44	15.47	15.48	15.59	.7
Private service-providing	16.29	16.74	16.77	16.84	16.89	16.92	.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.30	15.58	15.59	15.61	15.66	15.66	.0
Wholesale trade	18.71	19.20	19.25	19.22	19.32	19.33	.1
Retail trade	12.56	12.67	12.69	12.71	12.73	12.73	.0
Transportation and warehousing	17.18	17.53	17.49	17.50	17.53	17.51	-.1
Utilities	27.49	27.33	27.40	27.50	27.67	27.70	.1
Information	23.09	23.60	23.72	23.77	23.87	23.92	.2
Financial activities	18.66	19.29	19.32	19.42	19.52	19.61	.5
Professional and business services	18.91	19.64	19.63	19.80	19.87	19.91	.2
Education and health services	17.25	17.67	17.74	17.75	17.77	17.78	.1
Leisure and hospitality	9.66	10.02	10.08	10.16	10.18	10.24	.6
Other services	14.67	15.02	15.03	15.06	15.07	15.08	.1

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.² The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.³ Change was -0.5 percent from Feb. 2007 to Mar. 2007, the latest month available.⁴ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

N.A. = not available.

^P = preliminary.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Mar. 2007-Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Total private	105.1	103.6	105.1	107.1	105.6	106.9	106.7	106.4	107.3	106.9	-0.4
Goods-producing	100.3	96.5	99.7	100.6	103.1	102.8	101.8	101.2	102.6	102.1	-5
Natural resources and mining	122.3	125.7	127.3	130.3	124.0	129.2	127.2	131.2	131.7	132.2	.4
Construction	111.3	101.1	108.0	110.5	116.0	116.9	114.6	111.9	115.2	114.3	-8
Manufacturing	94.1	93.2	94.7	94.5	96.3	95.3	95.0	94.9	95.4	95.0	-4
Durable goods	97.5	96.1	97.8	97.5	99.7	98.3	97.7	97.7	98.1	97.7	-4
Wood products	102.0	86.9	89.6	91.0	104.0	93.8	91.8	91.7	91.9	92.0	.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	100.6	88.5	92.8	94.2	102.0	98.2	96.6	94.8	96.4	94.7	-1.8
Primary metals	92.2	91.0	91.3	90.5	93.8	92.0	90.7	91.3	91.2	90.3	-1.0
Fabricated metal products	100.4	102.0	104.2	103.3	103.5	103.2	103.0	103.4	104.6	103.6	-1.0
Machinery	100.2	104.5	105.5	104.9	102.4	105.0	103.7	105.2	105.3	104.7	-6
Computer and electronic products	102.4	103.8	104.1	102.2	104.2	104.9	104.5	104.6	104.4	103.5	-9
Electrical equipment and appliances	85.3	88.5	90.0	90.4	88.8	88.5	89.0	89.9	90.6	90.9	.3
Transportation equipment	98.6	96.8	98.6	98.3	101.4	98.2	97.9	97.3	97.9	97.3	-6
Motor vehicles and parts ²	93.2	86.0	88.7	88.3	95.8	88.8	87.3	86.3	87.9	87.0	-1.0
Furniture and related products	89.9	85.0	86.0	86.0	91.3	87.8	87.0	86.6	86.4	86.3	-1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	88.9	89.9	92.0	92.7	90.9	92.2	91.7	90.5	92.1	92.9	.9
Nondurable goods	88.7	88.4	89.9	89.9	91.1	90.3	90.8	90.6	91.1	91.1	.0
Food manufacturing	93.2	97.1	99.5	98.1	97.9	100.3	101.0	101.2	102.8	102.0	-8
Beverages and tobacco products	97.2	97.7	98.6	104.0	101.5	100.1	101.4	101.8	102.9	105.1	2.1
Textile mills	66.1	59.3	59.5	58.3	66.3	62.8	61.2	60.2	59.0	57.8	-2.0
Textile product mills	86.0	80.5	81.4	81.9	87.2	81.7	81.9	81.4	81.1	81.5	.5
Apparel	62.4	61.3	61.8	62.3	63.3	62.8	63.5	62.1	61.3	61.9	1.0
Leather and allied products	75.5	71.5	75.2	72.2	76.4	72.9	73.7	72.6	73.9	71.3	-3.5
Paper and paper products	85.3	82.8	83.9	84.5	87.4	84.7	85.2	84.5	85.1	85.2	.1
Printing and related support activities	91.7	93.5	94.3	93.9	92.9	95.0	93.9	94.2	94.3	94.0	-3
Petroleum and coal products	99.0	90.1	91.7	96.3	98.9	95.3	97.1	96.2	95.6	97.1	1.6
Chemicals	96.9	93.6	93.9	95.2	96.7	94.4	93.8	94.0	94.0	94.9	1.0
Plastics and rubber products	92.4	91.9	93.4	94.7	94.1	91.4	94.1	93.1	93.7	94.5	.9
Private service-providing	106.5	105.5	106.6	108.7	106.1	107.8	108.0	108.1	108.6	108.3	-3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	102.3	100.5	101.8	102.9	103.3	103.6	103.7	103.4	104.0	103.5	-5
Wholesale trade	106.0	105.4	106.2	108.8	105.6	106.8	106.8	107.3	107.4	107.6	.2
Retail trade	100.1	96.5	98.3	98.9	101.5	100.8	101.1	100.5	100.8	100.1	-7
Transportation and warehousing	106.1	106.5	107.6	108.0	106.7	109.2	109.5	109.4	109.6	108.5	-1.0
Utilities	93.6	94.4	94.7	95.4	93.2	95.0	94.7	95.3	95.7	95.3	-4
Information	100.8	100.8	101.0	102.3	100.4	101.3	101.0	101.7	101.8	101.7	-1
Financial activities	108.7	109.2	109.2	112.2	107.3	110.2	110.3	110.4	110.6	110.8	.2
Professional and business services	111.1	110.9	112.6	115.3	111.1	113.7	113.5	114.0	114.7	114.4	-3
Education and health services	109.7	110.8	111.8	113.5	108.4	110.1	110.7	110.5	111.5	112.2	.6
Leisure and hospitality	107.7	104.4	107.0	111.3	108.0	111.4	111.2	110.9	111.5	111.6	.1
Other services	97.3	96.4	97.6	98.6	97.4	98.0	98.1	97.6	98.6	98.6	.0

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.^P = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by

dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and production and nonsupervisory worker employment.

Table B-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls of production and nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Mar. 2007- Apr. 2007 ^P
	Apr. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007 ^P	Apr. 2007 ^P	
Total private	117.5	119.1	120.9	124.2	117.3	121.9	122.0	122.0	123.3	123.3	0.0
Goods-producing	109.4	107.9	112.0	113.7	112.9	115.1	114.3	113.8	115.9	115.8	-.1
Natural resources and mining	140.7	152.1	154.6	159.2	141.8	154.1	152.4	158.5	159.2	160.6	.9
Construction	117.9	111.7	119.7	122.8	123.5	129.1	127.2	124.3	128.4	127.7	-.5
Manufacturing	103.1	103.8	105.7	106.3	105.5	105.6	105.5	105.7	106.7	106.8	.1
Durable goods	106.8	107.7	110.1	110.3	109.4	109.6	109.1	109.5	110.6	110.6	.0
Nondurable goods	96.3	96.6	98.1	99.4	98.8	98.3	99.0	99.0	99.7	100.3	.6
Private service-providing	119.9	122.5	123.8	127.1	118.5	123.7	124.2	124.8	125.8	125.7	-.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	112.7	112.2	113.8	115.9	112.7	115.1	115.4	115.2	116.1	115.6	-.4
Wholesale trade	117.8	119.6	120.4	124.9	116.3	120.7	121.1	121.5	122.3	122.5	.2
Retail trade	108.9	105.2	107.5	108.9	109.3	109.5	110.0	109.4	110.0	109.3	-.6
Transportation and warehousing	115.7	117.7	119.6	119.8	116.3	121.4	121.5	121.4	121.8	120.5	-1.1
Utilities	108.0	108.3	109.6	111.0	107.0	108.4	108.3	109.4	110.6	110.2	-.4
Information	115.4	118.7	118.8	121.5	114.7	118.3	118.6	119.6	120.3	120.4	.1
Financial activities	126.2	131.1	131.5	136.9	123.8	131.5	131.7	132.6	133.5	134.3	.6
Professional and business services	127.0	131.7	133.4	138.7	125.0	132.8	132.6	134.3	135.6	135.5	-.1
Education and health services	124.7	129.4	130.7	132.8	123.0	127.9	129.1	129.0	130.3	131.1	.6
Leisure and hospitality	118.0	121.4	124.2	129.5	118.5	126.7	127.2	128.0	128.8	129.8	.8
Other services	104.8	106.1	107.6	109.2	104.1	107.2	107.4	107.1	108.3	108.3	.0

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate payrolls

by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate payroll estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and production and nonsupervisory worker employment.

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	Private nonfarm payrolls, 278 industries ¹											
Over 1-month span:												
2003	43.5	37.2	33.6	38.8	40.8	38.5	39.2	41.7	48.0	50.2	52.2	52.9
2004	51.6	50.2	62.1	64.9	59.9	57.6	56.5	51.4	56.5	55.0	51.4	55.6
2005	52.5	61.3	52.7	60.8	54.9	58.5	59.0	60.4	53.6	53.1	62.2	60.4
2006	64.2	64.6	64.0	62.8	56.7	55.9	59.4	55.9	55.8	57.7	53.6	57.6
2007	54.9	54.7	P 58.1	P 53.4								
Over 3-month span:												
2003	39.6	33.8	34.9	33.8	35.3	42.3	39.2	34.4	42.6	48.6	48.7	50.2
2004	55.9	53.2	57.0	64.2	70.3	65.6	59.9	55.2	57.9	59.0	60.4	55.8
2005	51.3	55.9	56.8	61.3	57.2	59.4	62.8	63.7	59.9	53.4	57.2	62.2
2006	70.5	66.7	66.0	66.9	63.3	62.4	60.3	62.6	57.7	59.0	57.7	59.9
2007	64.6	60.6	P 60.4	P 56.8								
Over 6-month span:												
2003	34.7	33.1	31.1	33.3	33.5	36.5	32.7	32.4	40.8	44.8	47.7	47.5
2004	49.8	51.8	55.0	60.8	63.5	63.7	63.3	62.6	58.3	62.1	55.4	55.2
2005	54.1	57.2	57.6	56.3	56.5	58.1	65.8	63.8	61.9	59.2	62.8	60.8
2006	63.8	63.3	67.1	68.2	67.1	67.1	63.5	62.9	62.6	62.1	61.5	61.0
2007	62.2	60.3	P 65.8	P 61.3								
Over 12-month span:												
2003	34.5	31.5	32.9	33.5	34.2	35.1	32.7	33.1	37.1	36.7	37.2	39.2
2004	40.3	42.1	44.8	48.4	50.7	57.7	57.0	55.2	56.7	58.3	60.1	60.3
2005	60.1	61.0	59.5	58.8	58.3	60.3	60.6	62.8	60.3	58.8	59.7	61.3
2006	67.3	65.3	66.0	64.7	65.8	65.3	67.6	66.4	66.5	66.4	65.5	65.1
2007	64.6	64.4	P 64.7	P 62.1								
	Manufacturing payrolls, 84 industries ¹											
Over 1-month span:												
2003	34.5	17.3	17.3	10.7	22.0	17.3	17.3	31.5	26.8	38.1	42.3	42.3
2004	41.1	45.2	47.0	63.1	50.0	48.2	56.5	43.5	41.7	43.5	40.5	42.3
2005	36.9	48.2	43.5	48.2	38.7	37.5	42.3	45.8	44.0	44.6	48.2	51.8
2006	63.1	48.2	56.0	53.0	47.0	58.9	51.2	44.6	40.5	47.6	43.5	38.7
2007	52.4	38.7	P 40.5	P 32.1								
Over 3-month span:												
2003	15.5	11.3	13.7	9.5	8.9	11.9	15.5	15.5	17.9	29.2	30.4	33.3
2004	45.2	42.9	43.5	57.7	60.1	58.3	55.4	46.4	47.0	42.9	42.9	37.5
2005	35.1	39.9	40.5	42.3	35.1	33.9	40.5	41.7	42.3	40.5	39.9	43.5
2006	56.5	52.4	52.4	51.2	47.6	54.8	48.2	52.4	39.3	42.3	35.7	39.9
2007	48.2	38.1	P 43.5	P 32.1								
Over 6-month span:												
2003	11.9	11.3	7.1	8.3	9.5	10.7	7.1	9.5	12.5	16.1	25.0	24.4
2004	28.0	32.7	35.1	47.0	50.0	52.4	54.2	52.4	48.8	51.2	41.1	38.7
2005	31.5	35.1	36.3	34.5	32.1	33.3	44.0	39.3	32.1	36.9	34.5	39.3
2006	42.9	41.7	50.0	50.6	51.2	53.0	45.8	45.8	47.6	45.2	44.6	39.9
2007	39.9	37.5	P 39.3	P 32.1								
Over 12-month span:												
2003	10.7	6.0	6.5	6.0	8.3	7.1	7.1	8.3	10.7	10.7	9.5	10.7
2004	13.1	14.3	13.1	20.2	23.2	35.7	36.9	38.1	36.3	44.0	44.6	44.6
2005	44.6	44.6	41.7	40.5	37.5	36.3	32.1	33.9	32.7	33.3	33.3	37.5
2006	44.6	40.5	40.5	40.5	39.3	42.3	48.8	48.8	44.6	45.2	43.5	41.7
2007	41.7	42.3	P 39.3	P 38.7								

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing

plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.