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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: NOVEMBER 2006

Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 132,000 in November, and the unemployment rate was essentially unchanged at 4.5 percent, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Job gains continued in several service-providing industries, including professional and business services, food services, and health care. Employment declined in construction and manufacturing.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted,
December 2003 – November 2006

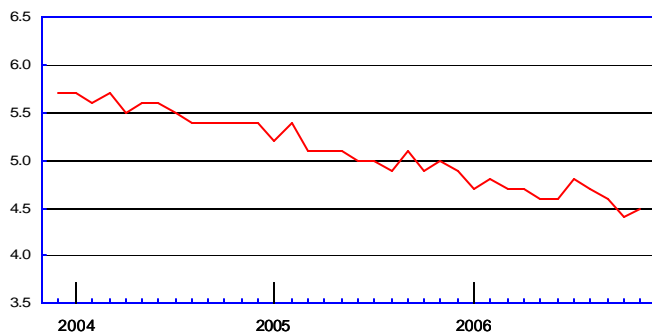
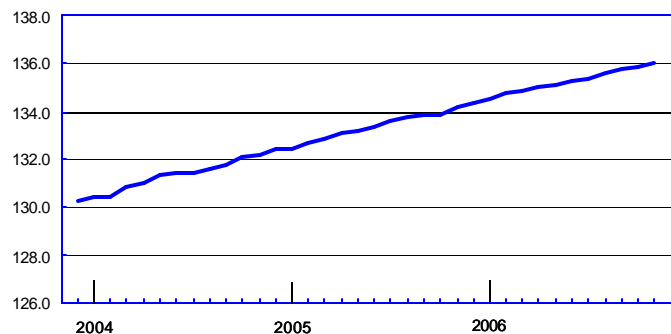


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted,
December 2003 – November 2006



Unemployment (Household Survey Data)

Both the number of unemployed persons (6.8 million) and the unemployment rate (4.5 percent) were about unchanged in November. Over the year, these measures have declined from 7.6 million and 5.0 percent, respectively.

In November, unemployment rates for all major worker groups—adult men (3.9 percent), adult women (4.0 percent), teenagers (15.1 percent), whites (3.9 percent), blacks (8.6 percent), and Hispanics (4.9 percent)—showed little or no change over the month. The unemployment rate for Asians was 3.2 percent, not seasonally adjusted. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

Total Employment and the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

In November, total employment, at 145.6 million, was essentially unchanged, and the employment-population ratio remained at 63.3 percent. The civilian labor force rose by 383,000 to 152.4 million; the labor force participation rate, at 66.3 percent, was about the same as in October. (See table A-1.)

Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Quarterly averages		Monthly data			October- November change
	2006		2006			
	II	III	September	October	November	
HOUSEHOLD DATA						
Labor force status						
Civilian labor force.....	151,041	151,677	151,799	151,998	152,381	383
Employment.....	144,009	144,586	144,850	145,287	145,564	277
Unemployment.....	7,032	7,091	6,949	6,711	6,817	106
Not in labor force.....	77,392	77,490	77,621	77,677	77,524	-153
Unemployment rates						
All workers.....	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.5	0.1
Adult men.....	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	.1
Adult women.....	4.2	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.0	.1
Teenagers.....	14.7	16.1	16.4	15.4	15.1	-.3
White	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	.0
Black or African American	9.1	9.2	9.2	8.6	8.6	.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity.....	5.2	5.3	5.4	4.7	4.9	.2
ESTABLISHMENT DATA						
Employment						
Nonfarm employment.....	135,128	135,595	135,807	p 135,886	p 136,018	p 132
Goods-producing ¹	22,420	22,422	22,419	p 22,357	p 22,317	p -40
Construction.....	7,502	7,509	7,511	p 7,487	p 7,458	p -29
Manufacturing.....	14,246	14,230	14,223	p 14,179	p 14,164	p -15
Service-providing ¹	112,708	113,173	113,388	p 113,529	p 113,701	p 172
Retail trade ²	15,236	15,214	15,207	p 15,209	p 15,230	p 20
Professional and business services.....	17,269	17,394	17,415	p 17,444	p 17,487	p 43
Education and health services.....	17,677	17,801	17,863	p 17,886	p 17,927	p 41
Leisure and hospitality.....	13,009	13,097	13,129	p 13,174	p 13,205	p 31
Government.....	21,931	22,022	22,076	p 22,104	p 22,122	p 18
Hours of work ³						
Total private.....	33.9	33.8	33.8	p 33.9	p 33.9	p 0.0
Manufacturing.....	41.2	41.3	41.1	p 41.2	p 41.1	p -.1
Overtime.....	4.6	4.4	4.3	p 4.3	p 4.2	p -.1
Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ³						
Total private.....	104.9	105.2	105.2	p 105.5	p 105.6	p 0.1
Earnings ³						
Average hourly earnings, total private.....	\$16.64	\$16.81	\$16.85	p \$16.91	p \$16.94	p \$0.03
Average weekly earnings, total private.....	563.54	568.62	569.53	p 573.25	p 574.27	p 1.02

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.² Quarterly averages and the over-the-month change are calculated using unrounded data.³ Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.

p = preliminary.

Persons Not in the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

About 1.4 million persons (not seasonally adjusted) were marginally attached to the labor force in November, about unchanged from a year earlier. These individuals wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. Among the marginally attached, there were 349,000 discouraged workers in November, little changed from a year earlier. Discouraged workers were not currently looking for work specifically because they believed no jobs were available for them. The other 1.0 million marginally attached had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey for reasons such as school attendance or family responsibilities. (See table A-13.)

Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey Data)

Total nonfarm payroll employment rose by 132,000 in November to 136.0 million. This followed increases of 203,000 in September and 79,000 in October (as revised). Thus far this year, payroll employment has grown by an average of 149,000 per month. In November, employment rose in several service-providing industries and in mining; employment declined in construction and continued to trend downward in manufacturing. (See table B-1.)

Professional and business services employment increased by 43,000 in November and has risen by 426,000 over the year. Job growth has occurred in a number of industries, including architectural and engineering services, management consulting, and computer systems design. Employment in temporary help services was flat over the month and has changed little since January.

Health care employment rose by 28,000 in November. Hospitals and doctors' offices each added 6,000 jobs. Over the year, health care employment has increased by 309,000.

In leisure and hospitality, employment growth continued in food services and drinking places. This industry added 34,000 jobs in November, raising total job gains over the last 12 months to 295,000.

Employment in wholesale trade continued to trend up in November. Employment in this industry has risen by 288,000 since its most recent low in August 2003. Within retail trade, employment grew over the month in clothing and accessory stores; health and personal care stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; and nonstore retailers (which include catalog and internet retailers). General merchandise stores continued to lose jobs (-12,000 after seasonal adjustment); since August 2005, employment in this industry has decreased by 107,000.

In the goods-producing sector, mining employment grew by 4,000 in November with gains in support activities for oil and gas. Employment in mining has grown by 136,000 since its most recent low in April 2003.

Construction employment declined by 29,000 in November, following a loss of similar size in October. The November decline was spread across all component industries. Since peaking in February of this year, employment in residential specialty trades was down by 109,000. Employment in nonresidential specialty trades edged down in November, after trending up during the first 10 months of the year.

Manufacturing employment continued to trend down (-15,000) in November. Motor vehicles and parts lost 7,000 jobs. Employment continued to fall in two construction-related industries: wood products (-6,000) and furniture and related products (-5,000). Computer and electronic products manufacturing added 5,000 jobs over the month.

Weekly Hours (Establishment Survey Data)

The average workweek for production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged at 33.9 hours in November. The manufacturing workweek and factory overtime both fell by 0.1 hour to 41.1 and 4.2 hours, respectively. (See table B-2.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.1 percent in November to 105.6 (2002=100). The manufacturing index fell by 0.4 percent to 95.5. (See table B-5.)

Hourly and Weekly Earnings (Establishment Survey Data)

Average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 3 cents, or 0.2 percent, in November to \$16.94. Average weekly earnings also rose by 0.2 percent in November to \$574.27. Over the year, average hourly earnings increased by 4.1 percent, and average weekly earnings increased by 4.4 percent. (See table B-3.)

The Employment Situation for December 2006 is scheduled to be released on Friday, January 5, 2007, at 8:30 A.M. (EST). Release dates for the balance of 2007 are as follows:

Feb. 2	May 4	Aug. 3	Nov. 2
March 9	June 1	Sept. 7	Dec. 7
April 6	July 6	Oct. 5	

November 2006 Household Survey Reference Week

The November 2006 reference week for the household survey was the week of November 5th, a week earlier than the usual reference period, which is the week that includes the 12th day of the month. This is the first time there has been a change in the November reference week. The change was made, in part, so that the household interviews, which are done during the week following the reference period, would not be conducted during the Thanksgiving holiday. The Census Bureau, which collects the household survey data for BLS, requested this change to improve survey operations.

The establishment survey reference period and data collection operations were not modified and were not affected by this change.

Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

In accordance with usual practice, the Employment Situation release for December, scheduled for January 5, 2007, will incorporate annual revisions in seasonally adjusted unemployment and other labor force series from the household survey. Seasonally adjusted data for the most recent 5 years are subject to revision.

Explanatory Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides the information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the A tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides the information on the employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls that appears in the B tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. This information is collected from payroll records by BLS in cooperation with state agencies. The sample includes about 160,000 businesses and government agencies covering approximately 400,000 individual worksites. The active sample includes about one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. The sample is drawn from a sampling frame of unemployment insurance tax accounts.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference week is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: They had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The *unemployment rate* is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are for private businesses and relate only to production workers in the goods-producing sector and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing sector. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll would be counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large; seasonal fluctuations may account for as much as 95 percent of the month-to-month changes in unemployment.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in economic activity or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. However, because the effect of students finishing school in previous years is known, the statistics for the current year can be adjusted to allow for a comparable change. Insofar as the seasonal adjustment is made correctly, the adjusted figure provides a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in economic activity.

Most seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the ad-

justed series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most supersectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month, using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. In both surveys, revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total employment from the household survey is on the order of plus or minus 430,000. Suppose the estimate of total employment increases by 100,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -330,000 to 530,000 (100,000 +/- 430,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that employment had, in fact, increased. If, however, the reported employment rise was half a million, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that an employment rise had, in fact, occurred. At an unemployment rate of around 5.5 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment is about +/- 280,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- .19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates is also improved when the data are cumulated over time such as for quarterly and annual averages. The seasonal adjustment process can also improve the stability of the monthly estimates.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling errors can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component uses business deaths to impute employment for business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based link relative estimate procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same trend as the other firms in the sample. The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past five years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, the benchmark revision for total nonfarm employment has averaged 0.2 percent, ranging from less than 0.05 percent to 0.4 percent.

Additional statistics and other information

More comprehensive statistics are contained in *Employment and Earnings*, published each month by BLS. It is available for \$27.00 per issue or \$53.00 per year from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. All orders must be prepaid by sending a check or money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by charging to Mastercard or Visa.

Employment and Earnings also provides measures of sampling error for the household and establishment survey data published in this release. For unemployment and other labor force categories, these measures appear in tables 1-B through 1-D of its "Explanatory Notes." For the establishment survey data, the sampling error measures and the actual size of revisions due to benchmark adjustments appear in tables 2-B through 2-F of *Employment and Earnings*.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	227,204	229,675	229,905	227,204	228,912	229,167	229,420	229,675	229,905
Civilian labor force	150,239	152,397	152,590	150,183	151,534	151,698	151,799	151,998	152,381
Participation rate	66.1	66.4	66.4	66.1	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.3
Employed	142,968	146,125	146,014	142,611	144,329	144,579	144,850	145,287	145,564
Employment-population ratio	62.9	63.6	63.5	62.8	63.0	63.1	63.1	63.3	63.3
Unemployed	7,271	6,272	6,576	7,572	7,205	7,119	6,949	6,711	6,817
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.1	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.5
Not in labor force	76,964	77,278	77,315	77,021	77,379	77,469	77,621	77,677	77,524
Persons who currently want a job	4,466	4,661	4,476	4,887	4,901	4,918	4,658	4,782	4,829
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	109,745	111,059	111,180	109,745	110,657	110,792	110,925	111,059	111,180
Civilian labor force	80,296	81,652	81,689	80,394	81,024	81,249	81,542	81,585	81,758
Participation rate	73.2	73.5	73.5	73.3	73.2	73.3	73.5	73.5	73.5
Employed	76,481	78,399	78,210	76,410	77,162	77,423	77,911	77,968	78,121
Employment-population ratio	69.7	70.6	70.3	69.6	69.7	69.9	70.2	70.2	70.3
Unemployed	3,816	3,253	3,479	3,984	3,862	3,827	3,631	3,617	3,637
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.0	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.4
Not in labor force	29,449	29,407	29,491	29,351	29,633	29,542	29,383	29,474	29,422
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	101,383	102,549	102,656	101,383	102,187	102,308	102,428	102,549	102,656
Civilian labor force	76,756	78,145	78,161	76,722	77,308	77,550	77,831	77,897	78,087
Participation rate	75.7	76.2	76.1	75.7	75.7	75.8	76.0	76.0	76.1
Employed	73,593	75,420	75,247	73,441	74,082	74,358	74,864	74,904	75,066
Employment-population ratio	72.6	73.5	73.3	72.4	72.5	72.7	73.1	73.0	73.1
Unemployed	3,163	2,725	2,914	3,282	3,226	3,192	2,966	2,994	3,021
Unemployment rate	4.1	3.5	3.7	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9
Not in labor force	24,626	24,404	24,495	24,660	24,878	24,758	24,597	24,652	24,569
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	117,459	118,616	118,724	117,459	118,255	118,376	118,495	118,616	118,724
Civilian labor force	69,943	70,745	70,900	69,789	70,510	70,449	70,257	70,413	70,623
Participation rate	59.5	59.6	59.7	59.4	59.6	59.5	59.3	59.4	59.5
Employed	66,488	67,727	67,804	66,200	67,168	67,156	66,939	67,318	67,443
Employment-population ratio	56.6	57.1	57.1	56.4	56.8	56.7	56.5	56.8	56.8
Unemployed	3,455	3,018	3,097	3,588	3,342	3,293	3,318	3,094	3,180
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.3	4.4	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.5
Not in labor force	47,516	47,871	47,824	47,670	47,745	47,927	48,238	48,203	48,101
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	109,332	110,349	110,445	109,332	110,026	110,134	110,241	110,349	110,445
Civilian labor force	66,510	67,268	67,408	66,223	66,872	66,878	66,718	66,830	66,998
Participation rate	60.8	61.0	61.0	60.6	60.8	60.7	60.5	60.6	60.7
Employed	63,572	64,728	64,778	63,170	64,035	64,131	63,927	64,230	64,303
Employment-population ratio	58.1	58.7	58.7	57.8	58.2	58.2	58.0	58.2	58.2
Unemployed	2,938	2,540	2,630	3,053	2,837	2,747	2,791	2,600	2,695
Unemployment rate	4.4	3.8	3.9	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.0
Not in labor force	42,822	43,081	43,036	43,109	43,154	43,256	43,523	43,519	43,446
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian noninstitutional population	16,489	16,776	16,804	16,489	16,700	16,725	16,751	16,776	16,804
Civilian labor force	6,973	6,984	7,021	7,238	7,353	7,269	7,250	7,270	7,296
Participation rate	42.3	41.6	41.8	43.9	44.0	43.5	43.3	43.3	43.4
Employed	5,803	5,978	5,989	6,000	6,211	6,089	6,058	6,152	6,195
Employment-population ratio	35.2	35.6	35.6	36.4	37.2	36.4	36.2	36.7	36.9
Unemployed	1,170	1,006	1,031	1,238	1,142	1,180	1,192	1,118	1,101
Unemployment rate	16.8	14.4	14.7	17.1	15.5	16.2	16.4	15.4	15.1
Not in labor force	9,516	9,792	9,783	9,251	9,347	9,456	9,501	9,507	9,508

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.
NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population	185,187	186,840	186,988	185,187	186,329	186,500	186,669	186,840	186,988
Civilian labor force	122,880	124,498	124,635	122,813	123,946	124,070	124,032	124,334	124,492
Participation rate	66.4	66.6	66.7	66.3	66.5	66.5	66.4	66.5	66.6
Employed	117,921	120,053	119,995	117,598	118,846	118,956	119,125	119,498	119,613
Employment-population ratio	63.7	64.3	64.2	63.5	63.8	63.8	63.8	64.0	64.0
Unemployed	4,959	4,445	4,640	5,215	5,100	5,114	4,907	4,836	4,878
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.6	3.7	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9
Not in labor force	62,307	62,341	62,353	62,374	62,383	62,430	62,636	62,506	62,496
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	63,896	64,950	64,972	63,827	64,351	64,532	64,568	64,754	64,905
Participation rate	76.1	76.6	76.6	76.0	76.2	76.3	76.3	76.4	76.5
Employed	61,674	63,023	62,895	61,498	62,028	62,193	62,441	62,600	62,709
Employment-population ratio	73.5	74.4	74.2	73.3	73.4	73.5	73.8	73.9	73.9
Unemployed	2,223	1,927	2,077	2,328	2,323	2,340	2,126	2,155	2,196
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.4
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	53,238	53,844	53,879	53,037	53,542	53,527	53,490	53,628	53,589
Participation rate	60.1	60.4	60.4	59.9	60.2	60.1	60.0	60.1	60.1
Employed	51,292	52,044	52,066	50,976	51,547	51,600	51,532	51,749	51,690
Employment-population ratio	58.0	58.4	58.3	57.6	57.9	58.0	57.8	58.0	57.9
Unemployed	1,946	1,800	1,813	2,061	1,994	1,927	1,958	1,879	1,899
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	5,746	5,705	5,785	5,949	6,053	6,011	5,975	5,952	5,997
Participation rate	45.1	44.2	44.7	46.7	47.0	46.6	46.3	46.1	46.4
Employed	4,955	4,986	5,034	5,123	5,270	5,163	5,152	5,150	5,214
Employment-population ratio	38.9	38.6	38.9	40.2	40.9	40.1	39.9	39.9	40.3
Unemployed	791	718	751	826	783	848	823	802	783
Unemployment rate	13.8	12.6	13.0	13.9	12.9	14.1	13.8	13.5	13.1
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	26,705	27,153	27,193	26,705	27,021	27,065	27,109	27,153	27,193
Civilian labor force	17,197	17,460	17,489	17,118	17,369	17,344	17,191	17,368	17,429
Participation rate	64.4	64.3	64.3	64.1	64.3	64.1	63.4	64.0	64.1
Employed	15,395	16,041	16,021	15,299	15,714	15,822	15,617	15,872	15,932
Employment-population ratio	57.6	59.1	58.9	57.3	58.2	58.5	57.6	58.5	58.6
Unemployed	1,802	1,420	1,469	1,819	1,655	1,521	1,574	1,496	1,497
Unemployment rate	10.5	8.1	8.4	10.6	9.5	8.8	9.2	8.6	8.6
Not in labor force	9,509	9,692	9,704	9,587	9,652	9,722	9,918	9,785	9,764
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,634	7,810	7,831	7,556	7,735	7,721	7,719	7,734	7,769
Participation rate	71.1	71.5	71.6	70.4	71.2	70.9	70.8	70.8	71.0
Employed	6,910	7,191	7,220	6,849	7,039	7,073	7,083	7,089	7,155
Employment-population ratio	64.3	65.8	66.0	63.8	64.8	65.0	64.9	64.9	65.4
Unemployed	724	618	611	707	696	648	637	645	614
Unemployment rate	9.5	7.9	7.8	9.4	9.0	8.4	8.3	8.3	7.9
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	8,735	8,762	8,814	8,714	8,757	8,787	8,642	8,723	8,791
Participation rate	64.9	64.2	64.6	64.8	64.5	64.6	63.5	64.0	64.4
Employed	7,960	8,181	8,177	7,927	8,076	8,154	7,973	8,116	8,149
Employment-population ratio	59.2	60.0	59.9	58.9	59.5	60.0	58.5	59.5	59.7
Unemployed	775	581	637	787	681	633	670	607	643
Unemployment rate	8.9	6.6	7.2	9.0	7.8	7.2	7.7	7.0	7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	827	889	844	848	877	836	829	911	869
Participation rate	32.9	34.3	32.5	33.8	34.1	32.4	32.1	35.2	33.5
Employed	524	669	624	523	600	596	562	666	629
Employment-population ratio	20.9	25.8	24.0	20.8	23.3	23.1	21.8	25.7	24.2
Unemployed	303	220	220	326	278	240	267	244	240
Unemployment rate	36.6	24.7	26.1	38.4	31.6	28.8	32.2	26.8	27.6
ASIAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	10,044	10,209	10,214	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Civilian labor force	6,642	6,781	6,779	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	66.1	66.4	66.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	6,403	6,597	6,565	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	63.7	64.6	64.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	239	184	214	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	3.6	2.7	3.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Not in labor force	3,403	3,428	3,435	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

² Data not available.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population	29,552	30,416	30,508	29,552	30,140	30,232	30,324	30,416	30,508
Civilian labor force	20,274	20,902	21,048	20,214	20,663	20,628	20,669	20,824	20,964
Participation rate	68.6	68.7	69.0	68.4	68.6	68.2	68.2	68.5	68.7
Employed	19,052	19,977	20,006	18,991	19,578	19,528	19,556	19,848	19,934
Employment-population ratio	64.5	65.7	65.6	64.3	65.0	64.6	64.5	65.3	65.3
Unemployed	1,222	925	1,042	1,223	1,085	1,100	1,113	976	1,030
Unemployment rate	6.0	4.4	5.0	6.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	4.7	4.9
Not in labor force	9,278	9,514	9,460	9,338	9,477	9,604	9,655	9,592	9,543
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	11,626	12,043	12,127	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	84.3	84.9	85.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	11,072	11,634	11,664	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	80.3	82.0	82.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	554	409	463	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	4.8	3.4	3.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,585	7,830	7,839	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	58.2	58.5	58.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	7,096	7,449	7,437	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	54.4	55.6	55.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	489	381	402	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	6.4	4.9	5.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	1,063	1,029	1,081	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	39.0	36.3	38.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	883	894	904	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	32.4	31.5	31.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	180	136	177	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	16.9	13.2	16.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.
² Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

(Numbers in thousands)

Educational attainment	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
Less than a high school diploma									
Civilian labor force	12,595	12,561	12,684	12,529	12,780	12,780	12,681	12,743	12,666
Participation rate	45.7	45.9	46.4	45.4	47.1	46.2	45.7	46.6	46.4
Employed	11,678	11,908	11,869	11,602	11,868	11,897	11,864	12,004	11,847
Employment-population ratio	42.3	43.5	43.4	42.1	43.8	43.0	42.8	43.9	43.4
Unemployed	917	653	815	927	912	883	816	739	819
Unemployment rate	7.3	5.2	6.4	7.4	7.1	6.9	6.4	5.8	6.5
High school graduates, no college ¹									
Civilian labor force	38,542	38,581	38,828	38,372	38,403	38,328	38,429	38,456	38,577
Participation rate	63.6	63.6	63.6	63.4	63.7	63.2	63.3	63.4	63.2
Employed	36,770	37,156	37,212	36,547	36,694	36,588	36,798	36,875	36,927
Employment-population ratio	60.7	61.2	60.9	60.4	60.9	60.3	60.6	60.8	60.5
Unemployed	1,771	1,425	1,617	1,825	1,709	1,740	1,630	1,581	1,650
Unemployment rate	4.6	3.7	4.2	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.3
Some college or associate degree									
Civilian labor force	35,326	35,958	35,382	35,411	35,359	35,327	35,454	35,726	35,454
Participation rate	72.1	72.9	72.2	72.3	71.4	72.1	72.5	72.4	72.4
Employed	33,999	34,796	34,232	34,059	34,068	34,037	34,175	34,504	34,274
Employment-population ratio	69.4	70.5	69.9	69.5	68.8	69.5	69.8	69.9	69.9
Unemployed	1,326	1,162	1,150	1,352	1,290	1,291	1,279	1,222	1,180
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.2	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher ²									
Civilian labor force	41,659	43,192	43,550	41,600	42,735	42,650	42,797	42,811	43,313
Participation rate	78.2	78.2	78.6	78.1	77.7	77.7	77.9	77.5	78.1
Employed	40,771	42,413	42,799	40,665	41,839	41,886	41,929	41,997	42,515
Employment-population ratio	76.5	76.8	77.2	76.3	76.0	76.3	76.3	76.0	76.7
Unemployed	888	779	752	936	896	764	868	814	798
Unemployment rate	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.8

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

² Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-5. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries	2,117	2,211	2,104	2,154	2,260	2,202	2,143	2,140	2,162
Wage and salary workers	1,164	1,282	1,226	1,187	1,370	1,256	1,196	1,232	1,269
Self-employed workers	923	916	856	928	877	904	932	891	872
Unpaid family workers	30	13	23	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nonagricultural industries	140,851	143,915	143,910	140,427	142,047	142,406	142,790	143,263	143,411
Wage and salary workers	131,366	133,930	134,084	131,001	132,417	132,785	133,004	133,448	133,609
Government	20,321	20,879	20,952	20,224	20,336	20,314	20,483	20,630	20,752
Private industries	111,045	113,051	113,132	110,787	112,114	112,436	112,500	112,782	112,828
Private households	750	750	732	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Other industries	110,295	112,301	112,400	110,039	111,269	111,582	111,743	112,011	112,063
Self-employed workers	9,376	9,871	9,725	9,274	9,572	9,620	9,679	9,685	9,690
Unpaid family workers	109	114	101	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME ²									
All industries:									
Part time for economic reasons	4,067	4,010	4,054	4,175	4,261	4,147	4,056	4,278	4,153
Slack work or business conditions	2,570	2,633	2,687	2,595	2,658	2,683	2,614	2,775	2,711
Could only find part-time work	1,198	1,160	1,100	1,246	1,202	1,161	1,137	1,198	1,150
Part time for noneconomic reasons	20,792	20,223	20,995	19,612	19,501	19,624	19,622	19,422	19,763
Nonagricultural industries:									
Part time for economic reasons	3,977	3,954	3,947	4,105	4,143	4,071	3,946	4,208	4,067
Slack work or business conditions	2,518	2,594	2,620	2,567	2,578	2,635	2,547	2,714	2,662
Could only find part-time work	1,191	1,152	1,085	1,230	1,197	1,158	1,133	1,195	1,128
Part time for noneconomic reasons	20,423	19,890	20,667	19,235	19,170	19,220	19,269	19,101	19,394

¹ Data not available.² Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and

bad weather.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-6. Selected employment indicators

(In thousands)

Characteristic	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	142,968	146,125	146,014	142,611	144,329	144,579	144,850	145,287	145,564
16 to 19 years	5,803	5,978	5,989	6,000	6,211	6,089	6,058	6,152	6,195
16 to 17 years	2,231	2,495	2,470	2,285	2,431	2,394	2,435	2,562	2,518
18 to 19 years	3,572	3,483	3,519	3,694	3,778	3,697	3,593	3,612	3,660
20 years and over	137,165	140,148	140,025	136,610	138,118	138,490	138,791	139,134	139,369
20 to 24 years	13,947	13,875	13,913	13,931	13,828	14,052	13,944	13,834	13,862
25 years and over	123,218	126,273	126,111	122,731	124,305	124,537	124,910	125,333	125,558
25 to 54 years	99,214	100,933	100,735	98,849	99,554	99,720	99,906	100,282	100,331
25 to 34 years	31,144	31,507	31,498	30,920	31,086	31,097	31,145	31,230	31,235
35 to 44 years	34,614	34,835	34,778	34,513	34,429	34,573	34,556	34,651	34,659
45 to 54 years	33,457	34,591	34,459	33,416	34,038	34,051	34,205	34,401	34,437
55 years and over	24,004	25,340	25,377	23,883	24,752	24,816	25,005	25,052	25,227
Men, 16 years and over	76,481	78,399	78,210	76,410	77,162	77,423	77,911	77,968	78,121
16 to 19 years	2,887	2,979	2,964	2,970	3,079	3,064	3,046	3,064	3,055
16 to 17 years	1,056	1,150	1,185	1,062	1,226	1,193	1,172	1,175	1,188
18 to 19 years	1,831	1,828	1,779	1,890	1,842	1,867	1,859	1,887	1,851
20 years and over	73,593	75,420	75,247	73,441	74,082	74,358	74,864	74,904	75,066
20 to 24 years	7,305	7,439	7,400	7,330	7,370	7,504	7,503	7,426	7,423
25 years and over	66,288	67,980	67,847	66,142	66,723	66,914	67,343	67,467	67,668
25 to 54 years	53,527	54,460	54,383	53,419	53,619	53,730	53,938	54,106	54,241
25 to 34 years	17,203	17,335	17,315	17,103	17,065	17,025	17,200	17,161	17,195
35 to 44 years	18,783	18,883	18,828	18,745	18,702	18,753	18,697	18,779	18,793
45 to 54 years	17,541	18,242	18,240	17,571	17,853	17,951	18,041	18,166	18,253
55 years and over	12,762	13,521	13,464	12,723	13,104	13,185	13,405	13,361	13,427
Women, 16 years and over	66,488	67,727	67,804	66,200	67,168	67,156	66,939	67,318	67,443
16 to 19 years	2,916	2,999	3,026	3,031	3,132	3,025	3,012	3,088	3,140
16 to 17 years	1,175	1,344	1,285	1,223	1,205	1,201	1,263	1,387	1,330
18 to 19 years	1,741	1,655	1,741	1,804	1,936	1,830	1,734	1,725	1,809
20 years and over	63,572	64,728	64,778	63,170	64,035	64,131	63,927	64,230	64,303
20 to 24 years	6,642	6,435	6,513	6,601	6,458	6,547	6,441	6,409	6,439
25 years and over	56,930	58,292	58,265	56,589	57,582	57,623	57,567	57,866	57,889
25 to 54 years	45,688	46,473	46,352	45,430	45,934	45,991	45,968	46,175	46,090
25 to 34 years	13,941	14,173	14,183	13,817	14,021	14,071	13,945	14,069	14,039
35 to 44 years	15,831	15,952	15,950	15,768	15,728	15,820	15,859	15,872	15,866
45 to 54 years	15,916	16,348	16,219	15,845	16,185	16,100	16,164	16,235	16,184
55 years and over	11,243	11,819	11,913	11,159	11,648	11,632	11,600	11,690	11,799
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	45,635	45,762	45,956	45,480	45,558	45,484	45,613	45,477	45,785
Married women, spouse present	35,331	35,766	35,824	34,910	35,309	35,295	35,436	35,257	35,353
Women who maintain families	9,033	9,088	9,008	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ²	117,459	121,199	120,507	117,860	119,818	119,888	120,437	120,859	120,851
Part-time workers ³	25,509	24,926	25,507	24,814	24,599	24,711	24,531	24,515	24,738
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS									
Total multiple jobholders	7,586	7,865	7,863	7,545	7,455	7,494	7,648	7,560	7,758
Percent of total employed	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.3

¹ Data not available.² Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.³ Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-7. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)			Unemployment rates ¹					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	7,572	6,711	6,817	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.5
16 to 19 years	1,238	1,118	1,101	17.1	15.5	16.2	16.4	15.4	15.1
16 to 17 years	624	547	530	21.4	16.7	19.2	18.0	17.6	17.4
18 to 19 years	613	548	572	14.2	14.7	14.5	15.4	13.2	13.5
20 years and over	6,335	5,594	5,716	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9
20 to 24 years	1,274	1,284	1,278	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.0	8.5	8.4
25 years and over	5,042	4,302	4,437	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4
25 to 54 years	4,255	3,541	3,667	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.5
25 to 34 years	1,634	1,538	1,428	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.4
35 to 44 years	1,407	1,032	1,247	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.5	2.9	3.5
45 to 54 years	1,214	971	991	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.8
55 years and over	774	769	768	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0
Men, 16 years and over	3,984	3,617	3,637	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.4
16 to 19 years	702	623	616	19.1	17.1	17.2	17.9	16.9	16.8
16 to 17 years	327	291	281	23.6	16.9	18.4	19.3	19.9	19.1
18 to 19 years	350	303	318	15.6	17.6	16.7	17.2	13.8	14.6
20 years and over	3,282	2,994	3,021	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9
20 to 24 years	737	730	706	9.1	8.7	9.0	8.3	8.9	8.7
25 years and over	2,522	2,241	2,306	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.3
25 to 54 years	2,112	1,840	1,902	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.4
25 to 34 years	798	840	798	4.5	4.8	4.2	4.1	4.7	4.4
35 to 44 years	707	532	636	3.6	3.2	3.5	3.4	2.8	3.3
45 to 54 years	608	468	469	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.5
55 years and over	410	401	404	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.9
Women, 16 years and over	3,588	3,094	3,180	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.5
16 to 19 years	535	494	485	15.0	13.9	15.3	14.9	13.8	13.4
16 to 17 years	296	256	249	19.5	16.5	20.1	16.8	15.6	15.8
18 to 19 years	263	246	255	12.7	11.7	12.2	13.4	12.5	12.3
20 years and over	3,053	2,600	2,695	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.0
20 to 24 years	537	555	572	7.5	8.3	7.3	7.6	8.0	8.2
25 years and over	2,519	2,061	2,131	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.4	3.6
25 to 54 years	2,142	1,702	1,765	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.7
25 to 34 years	837	699	631	5.7	4.8	4.6	5.2	4.7	4.3
35 to 44 years	699	500	611	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.1	3.7
45 to 54 years	606	503	523	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.1
55 years and over ²	357	351	361	3.1	3.5	3.2	3.3	2.9	2.9
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	1,210	1,043	1,072	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.3
Married women, spouse present	1,187	1,018	974	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7
Women who maintain families ²	700	631	671	7.2	7.4	6.7	6.8	6.5	6.9
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ³	6,018	5,386	5,497	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.4
Part-time workers ⁴	1,514	1,311	1,321	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

² Not seasonally adjusted.

³ Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.

⁴ Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work

part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

NOTE: Detail shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,329	2,724	3,025	3,455	3,370	3,305	3,179	3,062	3,142
On temporary layoff	744	659	808	899	933	886	873	952	963
Not on temporary layoff	2,585	2,065	2,217	2,556	2,437	2,420	2,306	2,110	2,179
Permanent job losers	1,894	1,434	1,530	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Persons who completed temporary jobs	691	632	686	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Job leavers	889	802	772	900	857	861	810	793	789
Reentrants	2,423	2,206	2,232	2,538	2,358	2,277	2,299	2,251	2,302
New entrants	630	540	547	679	629	650	641	597	592
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	45.8	43.4	46.0	45.6	46.7	46.6	45.9	45.7	46.0
On temporary layoff	10.2	10.5	12.3	11.9	12.9	12.5	12.6	14.2	14.1
Not on temporary layoff	35.6	32.9	33.7	33.8	33.8	34.1	33.3	31.5	31.9
Job leavers	12.2	12.8	11.7	11.9	11.9	12.1	11.7	11.8	11.6
Reentrants	33.3	35.2	33.9	33.5	32.7	32.1	33.2	33.6	33.7
New entrants	8.7	8.6	8.3	9.0	8.7	9.2	9.3	8.9	8.7
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2.2	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1
Job leavers6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5
Reentrants	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
New entrants4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4

¹ Data not available.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-9. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks	2,617	2,468	2,323	2,779	2,704	2,617	2,581	2,585	2,516
5 to 14 weeks	2,263	1,855	2,171	2,268	2,175	2,215	2,080	2,062	2,152
15 weeks and over	2,391	1,948	2,082	2,492	2,338	2,394	2,294	2,073	2,160
15 to 26 weeks	1,041	898	965	1,108	998	1,066	1,027	996	1,016
27 weeks and over	1,350	1,050	1,116	1,383	1,340	1,328	1,267	1,077	1,144
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.8	16.7	16.6	17.6	17.3	17.4	17.4	16.5	16.4
Median duration, in weeks	8.5	7.9	8.2	8.5	8.2	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.3
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	36.0	39.4	35.3	36.9	37.5	36.2	37.1	38.5	36.9
5 to 14 weeks	31.1	29.6	33.0	30.1	30.1	30.6	29.9	30.7	31.5
15 weeks and over	32.9	31.1	31.7	33.0	32.4	33.1	33.0	30.8	31.6
15 to 26 weeks	14.3	14.3	14.7	14.7	13.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.9
27 weeks and over	18.6	16.7	17.0	18.3	18.6	18.4	18.2	16.0	16.8

NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-10. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation	Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rates	
	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006
Total, 16 years and over ¹	142,968	146,014	7,271	6,576	4.8	4.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	49,964	51,714	1,067	919	2.1	1.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	20,991	21,905	453	373	2.1	1.7
Professional and related occupations	28,973	29,809	614	546	2.1	1.8
Service occupations	23,151	23,506	1,667	1,477	6.7	5.9
Sales and office occupations	36,188	36,639	1,720	1,617	4.5	4.2
Sales and related occupations	16,480	17,095	815	763	4.7	4.3
Office and administrative support occupations	19,708	19,543	905	854	4.4	4.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	15,652	15,998	939	926	5.7	5.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	952	896	124	138	11.5	13.4
Construction and extraction occupations	9,501	9,629	613	619	6.1	6.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5,199	5,473	203	168	3.7	3.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	18,013	18,158	1,202	1,059	6.3	5.5
Production occupations	9,392	9,121	683	521	6.8	5.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	8,621	9,037	519	538	5.7	5.6

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total.
NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-11. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)		Unemployment rates	
	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006
Total, 16 years and over ¹	7,271	6,576	4.8	4.3
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,711	5,246	4.9	4.4
Mining	18	22	2.9	2.9
Construction	564	618	5.7	6.0
Manufacturing	823	702	4.9	4.3
Durable goods	493	426	4.6	4.2
Nondurable goods	330	276	5.5	4.6
Wholesale and retail trade	1,013	1,018	4.7	4.8
Transportation and utilities	199	183	3.5	3.1
Information	172	137	5.1	3.9
Financial activities	268	229	2.8	2.3
Professional and business services	711	658	5.5	4.9
Education and health services	677	536	3.6	2.8
Leisure and hospitality	966	836	8.1	7.1
Other services	300	306	4.9	5.0
Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers	118	125	9.6	9.6
Government workers	494	400	2.4	1.9
Self employed and unpaid family workers	319	257	3.0	2.3

¹ Persons with no previous work experience are included in the unemployed total.
NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-12. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

(Percent)

Measure	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Nov. 2005	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	2.2	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	4.8	4.1	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.5
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	5.1	4.3	4.5	5.3	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.7
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	5.7	5.0	5.2	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.3
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	8.4	7.6	7.8	8.7	8.5	8.4	8.0	8.1	8.0

NOTE: Marginally attached workers are persons who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the recent past. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for a job. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but

have had to settle for a part-time schedule. For further information, see "BLS introduces new range of alternative unemployment measures," in the October 1995 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*. Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-13. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Total		Men		Women	
	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2005	Nov. 2006
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force	76,964	77,315	29,449	29,491	47,516	47,824
Persons who currently want a job	4,466	4,476	1,963	2,017	2,503	2,458
Searched for work and available to work now ¹	1,415	1,366	724	716	691	649
Reason not currently looking:						
Discouragement over job prospects ²	404	349	217	202	186	147
Reasons other than discouragement ³	1,011	1,016	507	515	504	502
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	7,586	7,863	3,854	3,808	3,732	4,055
Percent of total employed	5.3	5.4	5.0	4.9	5.6	6.0
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,059	4,165	2,220	2,311	1,839	1,854
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,687	1,780	549	484	1,137	1,296
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	278	297	199	198	79	99
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,523	1,584	865	798	659	786

¹ Data refer to persons who have searched for work during the prior 12 months and were available to take a job during the reference week.

² Includes thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

³ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well

as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

⁴ Includes persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Oct. 2006- Nov. 2006 ^P
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	
Total nonfarm	135,316	136,078	136,785	137,103	134,231	135,374	135,604	135,807	135,886	136,018	132
Total private	112,985	114,137	114,329	114,489	112,351	113,404	113,584	113,731	113,782	113,896	114
Goods-producing	22,402	22,705	22,598	22,428	22,264	22,420	22,427	22,419	22,357	22,317	-40
Natural resources and mining	645	695	700	700	641	680	683	685	691	695	4
Logging	64.2	64.2	64.2	63.9	62.1	62.3	61.6	60.7	60.8	61.2	.4
Mining	581.1	631.0	635.5	636.1	579.3	617.7	621.0	624.5	630.4	634.2	3.8
Oil and gas extraction	128.5	139.1	140.6	141.5	128.9	137.2	139.1	139.5	141.4	142.2	.8
Mining, except oil and gas ¹	216.8	224.7	224.7	221.4	215.0	220.1	218.9	219.9	220.7	219.6	-1.1
Coal mining	75.2	78.6	79.1	78.4	75.1	78.2	78.5	78.4	79.1	78.7	-.4
Support activities for mining	235.8	267.2	270.2	273.2	235.4	260.4	263.0	265.1	268.3	272.4	4.1
Construction	7,524	7,738	7,692	7,553	7,409	7,504	7,512	7,511	7,487	7,458	-29
Construction of buildings	1,738.8	1,787.9	1,778.9	1,753.8	1,722.4	1,756.9	1,755.8	1,757.2	1,749.4	1,740.2	-9.2
Residential building	969.1	1,002.5	998.2	982.5	963.6	977.3	982.4	986.3	983.9	977.9	-6.0
Nonresidential building	769.7	785.4	780.7	771.3	758.8	779.6	773.4	770.9	765.5	762.3	-3.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	1,005.3	1,054.8	1,056.6	1,015.7	977.1	983.0	985.0	990.9	995.0	990.4	-4.6
Specialty trade contractors	4,779.7	4,894.9	4,856.5	4,783.2	4,709.4	4,764.1	4,771.4	4,762.6	4,743.0	4,727.5	-15.5
Residential specialty trade contractors	2,370.9	2,359.2	2,318.7	2,278.5	2,339.4	2,323.4	2,317.6	2,297.2	2,269.0	2,259.5	-9.5
Nonresidential specialty trade contractors	2,408.8	2,535.7	2,537.8	2,504.7	2,370.0	2,440.7	2,453.8	2,465.4	2,474.0	2,468.0	-6.0
Manufacturing	14,233	14,272	14,206	14,175	14,214	14,236	14,232	14,223	14,179	14,164	-15
Production workers	10,131	10,235	10,172	10,142	10,103	10,212	10,212	10,187	10,141	10,126	-15
Durable goods	8,970	9,021	8,989	8,973	8,960	9,011	9,014	9,011	8,986	8,973	-13
Production workers	6,287	6,393	6,358	6,346	6,274	6,394	6,397	6,381	6,354	6,345	-9
Wood products	556.6	547.0	536.2	527.1	556.7	550.8	546.0	541.0	534.4	528.5	-5.9
Nonmetallic mineral products	505.6	505.4	504.6	498.9	502.0	501.4	500.7	496.5	497.7	496.4	-1.3
Primary metals	470.7	469.3	467.5	468.3	471.5	474.6	473.4	469.8	468.8	468.6	-.2
Fabricated metal products	1,525.7	1,555.1	1,553.3	1,552.8	1,524.1	1,551.0	1,551.8	1,552.6	1,550.8	1,552.6	1.8
Machinery	1,163.6	1,195.0	1,199.6	1,199.6	1,164.4	1,191.4	1,194.8	1,197.0	1,199.6	1,199.9	.3
Computer and electronic products ¹	1,322.2	1,327.0	1,324.7	1,328.1	1,322.0	1,327.6	1,329.4	1,329.0	1,327.0	1,331.8	4.8
Computer and peripheral equipment	206.0	203.1	203.1	203.4	206.3	203.1	203.2	202.8	203.5	204.1	.6
Communications equipment	148.4	146.7	146.4	147.7	148.0	147.1	147.4	147.7	146.6	148.4	1.8
Semiconductors and electronic components	450.2	463.4	461.4	461.8	450.6	462.7	463.0	462.9	462.4	464.1	1.7
Electronic instruments	442.3	445.4	445.1	446.3	442.0	445.4	446.4	446.8	446.0	447.1	1.1
Electrical equipment and appliances	434.3	444.4	443.6	444.1	434.3	444.0	445.1	445.5	445.8	445.7	-.1
Transportation equipment ¹	1,776.3	1,772.9	1,754.3	1,752.2	1,771.8	1,765.1	1,766.9	1,770.6	1,757.5	1,749.2	-8.3
Motor vehicles and parts ²	1,095.7	1,074.6	1,054.9	1,051.9	1,092.4	1,069.0	1,070.6	1,070.1	1,057.9	1,051.0	-6.9
Furniture and related products	557.8	545.8	541.3	534.3	558.4	550.4	547.3	545.4	541.5	536.3	-5.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	656.7	659.3	663.8	667.2	654.7	655.0	658.5	660.6	662.6	664.3	1.7
Nondurable goods	5,263	5,251	5,217	5,202	5,254	5,225	5,218	5,212	5,193	5,191	-2
Production workers	3,844	3,842	3,814	3,796	3,829	3,818	3,815	3,806	3,787	3,781	-6
Food manufacturing	1,474.1	1,505.5	1,493.1	1,483.9	1,465.0	1,468.8	1,468.0	1,474.0	1,470.9	1,472.0	1.1
Beverages and tobacco products	193.2	202.0	201.8	198.1	193.4	196.5	197.1	197.7	198.4	198.0	-.4
Textile mills	210.0	190.5	188.1	186.3	210.9	195.8	193.4	190.0	188.4	187.0	-1.4
Textile product mills	172.9	166.3	167.1	166.6	174.5	169.1	168.4	167.9	167.4	166.9	-.5
Apparel	253.7	244.8	240.6	240.7	253.7	249.0	243.6	243.2	241.6	240.7	-.9
Leather and allied products	39.5	37.3	37.4	37.4	39.5	37.1	36.8	37.2	37.2	37.0	-.2
Paper and paper products	479.4	465.8	463.3	462.7	478.5	470.2	467.2	465.4	463.9	462.7	-1.2
Printing and related support activities	647.4	638.7	639.1	638.6	644.8	639.0	640.3	638.1	638.7	638.9	.2
Petroleum and coal products	112.3	119.5	119.2	117.4	112.3	116.6	116.8	117.2	117.6	117.4	-.2
Chemicals	879.7	894.1	894.3	896.2	881.5	893.0	897.5	895.8	897.0	898.0	1.0
Plastics and rubber products	801.1	786.5	773.1	773.9	799.4	790.1	788.9	785.5	772.3	772.1	-.2

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Change from: Oct. 2006- Nov. 2006 ^P
Service-providing	112,914	113,373	114,187	114,675	111,967	112,954	113,177	113,388	113,529	113,701	172
Private service-providing	90,583	91,432	91,731	92,061	90,087	90,984	91,157	91,312	91,425	91,579	154
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,445	26,006	26,156	26,560	26,006	26,052	26,052	26,073	26,079	26,113	34
Wholesale trade	5,790.7	5,872.6	5,870.9	5,880.7	5,782.7	5,847.0	5,854.6	5,868.0	5,865.2	5,876.5	11.3
Durable goods	3,011.7	3,065.5	3,069.0	3,069.7	3,010.5	3,051.0	3,058.0	3,069.0	3,069.2	3,072.0	2.8
Nondurable goods	2,035.6	2,046.8	2,041.5	2,049.3	2,028.9	2,039.6	2,039.5	2,040.6	2,036.9	2,043.4	6.5
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	743.4	760.3	760.4	761.7	743.3	756.4	757.1	758.4	759.1	761.1	2.0
Retail trade	15,684.5	15,099.2	15,239.9	15,634.1	15,292.9	15,222.2	15,212.3	15,207.3	15,209.2	15,229.6	20.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers ¹	1,914.4	1,917.8	1,913.7	1,909.0	1,914.3	1,907.3	1,906.7	1,907.3	1,907.0	1,908.9	1.9
Automobile dealers	1,254.5	1,248.9	1,245.5	1,242.7	1,254.5	1,245.7	1,243.6	1,242.6	1,241.9	1,242.6	.7
Furniture and home furnishings stores	600.0	584.9	594.8	607.7	583.3	594.8	594.3	592.2	593.2	591.2	-2.0
Electronics and appliance stores	564.5	519.5	527.4	545.6	541.2	530.5	527.1	525.8	523.8	522.8	-1.0
Building material and garden supply stores	1,267.2	1,305.9	1,304.2	1,288.1	1,281.6	1,316.5	1,313.2	1,313.9	1,314.4	1,311.0	-3.4
Food and beverage stores	2,832.0	2,811.4	2,825.9	2,854.8	2,806.6	2,808.8	2,813.5	2,818.2	2,822.1	2,824.6	2.2
Health and personal care stores	972.5	956.9	959.5	976.1	964.7	959.3	960.0	962.4	960.3	968.1	7.8
Gasoline stations	868.2	862.8	855.7	858.5	869.1	863.3	858.5	859.1	855.0	858.5	3.5
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,500.3	1,409.9	1,436.0	1,529.7	1,434.5	1,434.0	1,437.5	1,436.9	1,443.6	1,456.5	12.9
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	675.1	615.7	623.8	671.8	641.5	624.2	628.1	622.6	623.3	631.2	7.9
General merchandise stores ¹	3,111.5	2,789.1	2,851.1	3,015.1	2,920.4	2,859.8	2,850.8	2,841.6	2,836.1	2,823.9	-12.2
Department stores	1,743.0	1,520.3	1,567.8	1,696.8	1,595.2	1,571.4	1,565.0	1,560.2	1,556.3	1,552.2	-4.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	912.2	888.2	894.8	900.3	897.3	892.7	889.9	889.7	888.8	885.7	-3.1
Nonstore retailers	466.6	437.1	453.0	477.4	438.4	431.0	432.7	437.6	441.6	447.5	5.9
Transportation and warehousing	4,410.5	4,473.6	4,486.5	4,486.1	4,370.2	4,423.2	4,425.3	4,437.4	4,444.9	4,446.7	1.8
Air transportation	488.7	491.8	491.0	485.3	488.9	487.7	488.1	488.8	488.5	484.1	-4.4
Rail transportation	228.6	227.1	225.7	225.9	227.8	227.3	226.7	226.1	225.1	224.8	-3
Water transportation	62.1	67.1	66.3	66.1	63.6	64.2	64.6	66.0	66.3	67.5	1.2
Truck transportation	1,412.3	1,451.7	1,450.0	1,442.9	1,403.7	1,427.4	1,427.4	1,430.8	1,432.5	1,432.7	.2
Transit and ground passenger transportation	411.5	399.8	402.9	403.8	394.9	391.6	388.7	391.3	389.6	388.9	-.7
Pipeline transportation	37.1	38.2	39.0	38.2	37.2	38.4	38.6	38.2	38.9	38.4	-.5
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	26.7	37.2	32.0	27.5	31.4	30.5	31.5	31.2	31.4	31.7	.3
Support activities for transportation	554.2	566.9	568.1	569.1	553.9	564.9	565.4	566.9	568.4	570.7	2.3
Couriers and messengers	586.2	581.4	591.9	602.5	576.8	583.6	584.4	587.4	591.8	593.7	1.9
Warehousing and storage	603.1	612.4	619.6	624.8	592.0	607.9	609.9	610.7	612.4	614.2	1.8
Utilities	559.0	560.2	558.6	559.4	560.1	559.8	559.8	560.1	559.6	560.2	.6
Information	3,071	3,049	3,055	3,069	3,064	3,052	3,062	3,060	3,062	3,059	-3
Publishing industries, except Internet	906.3	898.7	901.1	905.3	902.8	900.8	901.2	898.9	901.6	903.2	1.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries	385.9	370.1	369.1	372.8	383.5	375.7	379.8	375.7	375.1	370.1	-5.0
Broadcasting, except Internet	327.2	329.3	329.8	331.6	325.7	328.0	328.2	329.1	329.0	329.7	.7
Internet publishing and broadcasting	30.3	31.0	31.2	31.4	30.1	29.5	30.6	31.0	31.3	31.5	.2
Telecommunications	993.9	988.3	993.9	994.7	995.1	986.3	990.1	991.9	994.0	991.8	-2.2
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	377.7	381.6	380.3	382.7	376.7	381.8	382.8	383.2	381.1	382.2	1.1
Other information services	49.4	49.5	49.8	50.5	49.9	50.0	49.4	49.9	50.2	50.6	.4
Financial activities	8,208	8,359	8,349	8,358	8,217	8,321	8,333	8,360	8,360	8,371	11
Finance and insurance	6,063.6	6,159.8	6,171.9	6,180.5	6,066.7	6,142.3	6,150.9	6,172.7	6,179.4	6,184.5	5.1
Monetary authorities - central bank	20.9	21.8	21.8	21.8	20.9	21.7	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.8	.0
Credit intermediation and related activities ¹	2,891.2	2,937.0	2,943.6	2,946.3	2,895.8	2,925.7	2,927.2	2,942.9	2,943.3	2,948.2	.9
Depository credit intermediation ¹	1,788.6	1,823.2	1,828.2	1,830.0	1,793.3	1,818.3	1,821.4	1,828.2	1,834.2	1,834.2	.0
Commercial banking	1,305.2	1,329.3	1,334.7	1,335.9	1,309.0	1,322.9	1,325.7	1,332.3	1,338.6	1,338.3	-.3
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	790.9	798.1	802.9	804.0	790.7	798.7	799.4	802.1	803.9	804.6	.7
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,273.5	2,311.0	2,312.1	2,316.7	2,271.8	2,304.9	2,310.9	2,313.7	2,314.3	2,317.9	3.6
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	87.1	91.9	91.5	91.7	87.5	91.3	91.7	92.2	92.1	92.0	-.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,144.2	2,198.9	2,177.3	2,177.6	2,150.2	2,178.6	2,182.0	2,187.2	2,180.8	2,186.3	5.5
Real estate	1,475.3	1,509.6	1,494.9	1,497.7	1,478.4	1,499.7	1,500.3	1,501.1	1,496.0	1,501.4	5.4
Rental and leasing services	641.0	658.9	652.2	649.4	643.9	649.3	651.9	656.0	654.7	654.4	-.3
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	27.9	30.4	30.2	30.5	27.9	29.6	29.8	30.1	30.1	30.5	.4

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Oct. 2006-Nov. 2006 ^P
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	
Professional and business services	17,194	17,550	17,615	17,591	17,061	17,364	17,402	17,415	17,444	17,487	43
Professional and technical services ¹	7,068.8	7,236.5	7,280.6	7,313.8	7,087.2	7,281.1	7,295.5	7,306.0	7,320.4	7,342.2	21.8
Legal services	1,160.6	1,154.7	1,159.6	1,160.7	1,160.0	1,158.5	1,160.5	1,159.3	1,160.1	1,160.5	.4
Accounting and bookkeeping services	791.9	810.2	813.5	829.2	847.5	870.8	869.4	880.7	882.4	887.5	5.1
Architectural and engineering services	1,342.7	1,395.7	1,398.3	1,402.0	1,335.3	1,382.2	1,386.6	1,388.2	1,389.5	1,395.3	5.8
Computer systems design and related services	1,212.3	1,275.2	1,283.0	1,285.5	1,204.9	1,267.8	1,274.6	1,278.2	1,279.5	1,281.6	2.1
Management and technical consulting services	863.4	895.7	915.4	919.6	861.4	886.5	892.0	896.4	910.6	915.4	4.8
Management of companies and enterprises	1,750.9	1,792.9	1,789.2	1,794.7	1,743.2	1,789.1	1,790.7	1,795.9	1,798.4	1,798.3	-.1
Administrative and waste services	8,373.8	8,520.5	8,544.9	8,482.1	8,230.5	8,294.2	8,315.4	8,313.0	8,325.3	8,346.2	20.9
Administrative and support services ¹	8,042.8	8,182.3	8,204.1	8,142.3	7,897.8	7,959.1	7,983.4	7,977.7	7,986.4	8,005.8	19.4
Employment services ¹	3,791.3	3,780.0	3,800.9	3,776.2	3,663.7	3,648.1	3,663.8	3,649.6	3,643.1	3,656.6	13.5
Temporary help services	2,715.0	2,698.9	2,720.6	2,692.1	2,616.2	2,596.6	2,600.5	2,589.4	2,591.1	2,595.9	4.8
Business support services	759.5	767.9	785.2	788.3	754.7	766.8	770.5	772.3	779.4	780.8	1.4
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,772.4	1,839.5	1,823.3	1,787.0	1,755.4	1,777.9	1,775.9	1,776.3	1,778.3	1,778.3	.0
Waste management and remediation services	331.0	338.2	340.8	339.8	332.7	335.1	332.0	335.3	338.9	340.4	1.5
Education and health services	17,709	17,784	18,059	18,163	17,481	17,735	17,805	17,863	17,886	17,927	41
Educational services	3,016.0	2,862.9	3,058.7	3,103.3	2,820.2	2,856.9	2,889.1	2,907.6	2,897.1	2,905.2	8.1
Health care and social assistance	14,692.5	14,920.8	15,000.7	15,059.9	14,661.2	14,877.6	14,915.7	14,955.3	14,989.0	15,021.3	32.3
Health care ³	12,446.3	12,658.9	12,711.1	12,760.8	12,423.8	12,615.6	12,642.7	12,678.2	12,705.0	12,732.7	27.7
Ambulatory health care services ¹	5,186.1	5,293.8	5,325.5	5,355.7	5,172.7	5,271.7	5,287.0	5,311.0	5,324.5	5,340.8	16.3
Offices of physicians	2,134.4	2,190.0	2,199.4	2,211.7	2,128.4	2,180.3	2,182.8	2,197.5	2,199.5	2,205.7	6.2
Outpatient care centers	484.0	491.8	493.9	495.8	482.4	489.2	491.5	492.9	494.9	495.5	.6
Home health care services	828.0	852.9	862.6	870.2	824.3	845.6	850.9	856.1	861.1	864.7	3.6
Hospitals	4,383.1	4,455.8	4,462.0	4,473.1	4,379.2	4,434.0	4,445.1	4,456.1	4,461.6	4,467.9	6.3
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	2,877.1	2,909.3	2,923.6	2,932.0	2,871.9	2,909.9	2,910.6	2,911.1	2,918.9	2,924.0	5.1
Nursing care facilities	1,587.7	1,592.2	1,597.5	1,600.4	1,582.5	1,593.0	1,590.3	1,590.7	1,594.2	1,594.9	.7
Social assistance ¹	2,246.2	2,261.9	2,289.6	2,299.1	2,237.4	2,262.0	2,273.0	2,277.1	2,284.0	2,288.6	4.6
Child day care services	803.6	783.4	798.7	798.2	792.9	781.9	789.7	787.1	787.5	787.3	-.2
Leisure and hospitality	12,601	13,293	13,093	12,929	12,881	13,062	13,099	13,129	13,174	13,205	31
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,764.2	1,988.8	1,886.6	1,774.2	1,907.5	1,913.7	1,916.1	1,911.3	1,924.7	1,916.9	-7.8
Performing arts and spectator sports	354.0	391.4	379.5	360.3	362.8	376.5	375.1	372.2	374.8	371.8	-3.0
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	118.1	127.0	127.4	122.3	121.0	123.9	124.4	125.2	125.9	125.7	-.2
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,292.1	1,470.4	1,379.7	1,291.6	1,423.7	1,413.3	1,416.6	1,413.9	1,424.0	1,419.4	-4.6
Accommodations and food services	10,836.8	11,304.5	11,206.0	11,154.3	10,973.9	11,148.0	11,182.6	11,217.3	11,249.7	11,288.4	38.7
Accommodations	1,755.5	1,850.5	1,808.1	1,771.4	1,811.1	1,806.5	1,809.9	1,821.6	1,825.3	1,830.4	5.1
Food services and drinking places	9,081.3	9,454.0	9,397.9	9,382.9	9,162.8	9,341.5	9,372.7	9,395.7	9,424.4	9,458.0	33.6
Other services	5,355	5,391	5,404	5,391	5,377	5,398	5,404	5,412	5,420	5,417	-.3
Repair and maintenance	1,225.9	1,252.4	1,252.7	1,244.9	1,232.0	1,245.9	1,252.5	1,254.3	1,254.8	1,253.5	-1.3
Personal and laundry services	1,265.9	1,269.8	1,270.3	1,265.8	1,271.1	1,271.2	1,268.2	1,273.3	1,274.1	1,272.9	-1.2
Membership associations and organizations	2,862.9	2,869.2	2,880.9	2,880.5	2,873.6	2,880.9	2,883.0	2,884.8	2,890.8	2,890.8	.0
Government	22,331	21,941	22,456	22,614	21,880	21,970	22,020	22,076	22,104	22,122	18
Federal	2,721	2,713	2,700	2,702	2,728	2,716	2,708	2,707	2,703	2,704	1
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	1,945.2	1,948.4	1,934.3	1,933.1	1,953.1	1,943.2	1,940.3	1,940.0	1,935.4	1,936.3	.9
U.S. Postal Service	776.2	765.0	766.1	768.8	774.9	772.9	767.5	767.4	767.5	767.8	.3
State government	5,185	5,084	5,215	5,242	5,032	5,039	5,055	5,079	5,076	5,080	4
State government education	2,422.2	2,296.1	2,434.0	2,462.1	2,256.6	2,256.1	2,268.6	2,291.1	2,286.5	2,289.3	2.8
State government, excluding education	2,762.7	2,788.3	2,780.6	2,779.8	2,775.8	2,783.0	2,786.1	2,788.0	2,789.2	2,790.9	1.7
Local government	14,425	14,144	14,541	14,670	14,120	14,215	14,257	14,290	14,325	14,338	13
Local government education	8,253.2	7,857.7	8,274.8	8,394.4	7,899.3	7,940.2	7,973.2	7,995.5	8,020.7	8,031.1	10.4
Local government, excluding education	6,172.1	6,285.8	6,266.0	6,276.0	6,220.6	6,274.7	6,284.0	6,294.6	6,304.2	6,307.1	2.9

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.³ Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

P = preliminary.

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Change from: Oct. 2006-Nov. 2006 ^P
Total private	33.8	33.9	34.2	33.8	33.8	33.9	33.8	33.8	33.9	33.9	0.0
Goods-producing	40.6	40.8	40.9	40.5	40.4	40.7	40.6	40.3	40.6	40.5	-.1
Natural resources and mining	45.2	45.6	46.4	45.7	45.0	46.0	45.3	45.1	45.8	45.9	.1
Construction	39.2	39.3	39.8	38.8	39.2	38.8	39.0	38.5	39.2	38.9	-.3
Manufacturing	41.2	41.4	41.3	41.3	40.8	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.2	41.1	-.1
Overtime hours	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	-.1
Durable goods	41.7	41.6	41.6	41.5	41.3	41.8	41.6	41.3	41.4	41.4	.0
Overtime hours	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	-.1
Wood products	40.9	39.6	39.7	38.8	40.5	40.1	39.9	39.4	39.5	39.2	-.3
Nonmetallic mineral products	44.2	43.5	43.2	42.5	43.5	43.6	43.3	43.0	42.7	42.6	-.1
Primary metals	43.7	43.7	43.5	44.1	43.5	44.0	43.7	43.6	43.6	44.1	.5
Fabricated metal products	41.5	41.6	41.8	41.5	41.2	41.6	41.7	41.4	41.5	41.3	-.2
Machinery	42.3	42.5	42.7	42.6	42.0	42.9	42.7	42.3	42.7	42.6	-.1
Computer and electronic products	40.9	40.6	40.7	40.6	40.3	40.6	40.5	40.4	40.5	40.3	-.2
Electrical equipment and appliances	41.6	41.3	41.5	41.4	41.0	41.5	41.0	40.9	41.0	40.9	-.1
Transportation equipment	42.9	43.1	42.7	42.7	42.7	43.5	42.9	42.6	42.5	42.5	.0
Motor vehicles and parts ²	42.6	42.7	42.1	42.0	42.4	43.0	42.5	42.1	41.8	41.8	.0
Furniture and related products	38.7	39.3	39.2	39.2	38.5	38.6	39.0	38.8	39.2	39.1	-.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	38.8	38.7	38.8	39.2	38.6	38.7	38.7	38.6	38.7	39.0	.3
Nondurable goods	40.4	41.1	40.8	40.9	40.0	40.8	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.6	-.1
Overtime hours	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	.0
Food manufacturing	39.5	40.8	40.6	40.9	39.0	40.1	39.8	40.2	40.3	40.3	.0
Beverages and tobacco products	40.4	40.8	40.4	40.8	40.1	41.7	41.1	40.8	40.9	40.8	-.1
Textile mills	41.0	40.9	40.4	40.8	40.6	40.8	41.1	40.7	40.7	40.7	.0
Textile product mills	39.9	39.9	39.1	40.4	39.6	40.3	40.4	39.8	39.3	40.1	.8
Apparel	36.1	36.5	37.3	37.0	35.9	36.7	36.6	36.6	37.0	36.8	-.2
Leather and allied products	39.8	38.6	38.8	39.1	39.5	39.2	39.6	38.8	38.7	38.5	-.2
Paper and paper products	42.9	43.3	43.0	43.0	42.5	43.5	43.4	42.9	42.8	42.6	-.2
Printing and related support activities	38.7	39.7	39.7	39.2	38.3	39.1	39.1	39.2	39.4	39.1	-.3
Petroleum and coal products	46.6	45.9	45.5	46.4	45.8	45.6	45.4	45.1	45.2	45.6	.4
Chemicals	42.6	42.9	42.3	41.8	42.3	42.8	42.7	43.0	42.5	41.8	-.7
Plastics and rubber products	40.4	41.0	40.7	40.7	40.1	41.0	40.9	40.7	40.7	40.8	.1
Private service-providing	32.3	32.4	32.7	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.5	32.5	.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	33.2	33.5	33.6	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.5	.1
Wholesale trade	37.8	37.9	38.4	38.0	37.8	38.0	38.0	37.9	38.0	38.0	.0
Retail trade	30.3	30.6	30.4	30.4	30.6	30.4	30.3	30.4	30.5	30.6	.1
Transportation and warehousing	37.0	37.0	37.1	37.3	36.8	36.9	37.0	36.8	36.8	37.0	.2
Utilities	41.7	41.7	42.2	42.0	41.2	41.6	41.7	41.3	41.8	41.9	.1
Information	36.6	36.8	37.2	36.7	36.5	36.8	36.8	36.8	36.8	36.7	-.1
Financial activities	35.7	35.4	36.4	35.5	35.9	35.7	35.5	35.7	35.8	35.7	-.1
Professional and business services	34.3	34.6	35.1	34.8	34.3	34.6	34.7	34.7	34.8	34.8	.0
Education and health services	32.5	32.5	32.7	32.4	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.5	32.5	32.5	.0
Leisure and hospitality	25.4	25.6	26.0	25.4	25.7	25.6	25.6	25.8	25.7	25.7	.0
Other services	30.8	30.8	31.0	30.8	30.9	30.8	30.9	30.8	30.9	30.8	-.1

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the

total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, motor vehicle parts.

P = preliminary.

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P
Total private	\$16.30	\$16.88	\$16.99	\$16.95	\$550.94	\$572.23	\$581.06	\$572.91
Seasonally adjusted	16.28	16.85	16.91	16.94	550.26	569.53	573.25	574.27
Goods-producing	17.76	18.19	18.25	18.24	721.06	742.15	746.43	738.72
Natural resources and mining	18.90	20.05	20.30	20.27	854.28	914.28	941.92	926.34
Construction	19.61	20.35	20.43	20.43	768.71	799.76	813.11	792.68
Manufacturing	16.70	16.90	16.91	16.95	688.04	699.66	698.38	700.04
Durable goods	17.54	17.82	17.82	17.87	731.42	741.31	741.31	741.61
Wood products	13.32	13.56	13.57	13.73	544.79	536.98	538.73	532.72
Nonmetallic mineral products	16.55	16.52	16.63	16.58	731.51	718.62	718.42	704.65
Primary metals	19.21	19.64	19.42	19.91	839.48	858.27	844.77	878.03
Fabricated metal products	16.01	16.21	16.27	16.26	664.42	674.34	680.09	674.79
Machinery	17.01	17.26	17.44	17.54	719.52	733.55	744.69	747.20
Computer and electronic products	18.60	19.22	19.25	19.23	760.74	780.33	783.48	780.74
Electrical equipment and appliances	15.42	15.61	15.66	15.52	641.47	644.69	649.89	642.53
Transportation equipment	22.55	22.59	22.48	22.46	967.40	973.63	959.90	959.04
Furniture and related products	13.45	13.96	14.01	14.00	520.52	548.63	549.19	548.80
Miscellaneous manufacturing	14.12	14.48	14.49	14.43	547.86	560.38	562.21	565.66
Nondurable goods	15.28	15.33	15.37	15.39	617.31	630.06	627.10	629.45
Food manufacturing	13.06	13.15	13.14	13.24	515.87	536.52	533.48	541.52
Beverages and tobacco products	18.76	18.23	18.46	18.48	757.90	743.78	745.78	753.98
Textile mills	12.48	12.59	12.82	12.88	511.68	514.93	517.93	525.50
Textile product mills	11.78	11.97	11.80	12.05	470.02	477.60	461.38	486.82
Apparel	10.41	10.60	10.60	10.58	375.80	386.90	395.38	391.46
Leather and allied products	11.57	11.44	11.64	11.58	460.49	441.58	451.63	452.78
Paper and paper products	17.87	18.12	18.17	18.10	766.62	784.60	781.31	778.30
Printing and related support activities	15.73	15.81	15.88	15.92	608.75	627.66	630.44	624.06
Petroleum and coal products	24.64	24.12	24.45	24.47	1,148.22	1,107.11	1,112.48	1,135.41
Chemicals	19.68	19.41	19.55	19.54	838.37	832.69	826.97	816.77
Plastics and rubber products	14.78	15.09	15.05	15.04	597.11	618.69	612.54	612.13
Private service-providing	15.90	16.52	16.64	16.61	513.57	535.25	544.13	538.16
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.00	15.56	15.57	15.41	498.00	521.26	523.15	514.69
Wholesale trade	18.46	19.08	19.12	19.12	697.79	723.13	734.21	726.56
Retail trade	12.28	12.71	12.71	12.55	372.08	388.93	386.38	381.52
Transportation and warehousing	16.88	17.42	17.38	17.29	624.56	644.54	644.80	644.92
Utilities	27.37	27.52	27.60	27.51	1,141.33	1,147.58	1,164.72	1,155.42
Information	22.45	23.65	23.68	23.62	821.67	870.32	880.90	866.85
Financial activities	18.17	19.02	19.23	19.15	648.67	673.31	699.97	679.83
Professional and business services	18.25	19.16	19.49	19.37	625.98	662.94	684.10	674.08
Education and health services	16.94	17.48	17.50	17.58	550.55	568.10	572.25	569.59
Leisure and hospitality	9.29	9.73	9.80	9.90	235.97	249.09	254.80	251.46
Other services	14.46	14.70	14.71	14.76	445.37	452.76	456.01	454.61

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

P = preliminary.

Table B-4. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Percent change from: Oct. 2006-Nov. 2006 ^P
Total Private:							
Current dollars	\$16.28	\$16.76	\$16.81	\$16.85	\$16.91	\$16.94	0.2
Constant (1982) dollars ²	8.15	8.16	8.16	8.24	8.32	N.A.	(³)
Goods-producing	17.74	18.00	18.06	18.07	18.15	18.18	.2
Natural resources and mining	18.95	19.89	20.06	20.16	20.31	20.28	-.1
Construction	19.59	20.06	20.11	20.18	20.24	20.34	.5
Manufacturing	16.68	16.80	16.85	16.84	16.90	16.91	.1
Excluding overtime ⁴	15.79	15.93	16.00	16.00	16.06	16.09	.2
Durable goods	17.50	17.69	17.74	17.75	17.79	17.80	.1
Nondurable goods	15.29	15.28	15.32	15.29	15.38	15.39	.1
Private service-providing	15.89	16.43	16.47	16.53	16.58	16.62	.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.04	15.48	15.49	15.51	15.52	15.50	-.1
Wholesale trade	18.45	18.94	19.00	19.10	19.06	19.10	.2
Retail trade	12.35	12.66	12.65	12.66	12.69	12.66	-.2
Transportation and warehousing	16.85	17.36	17.34	17.37	17.36	17.32	-.2
Utilities	27.15	27.57	27.47	27.37	27.51	27.45	-.2
Information	22.40	23.34	23.40	23.49	23.52	23.55	.1
Financial activities	18.20	18.79	18.86	19.02	19.10	19.17	.4
Professional and business services	18.29	19.15	19.17	19.29	19.39	19.46	.4
Education and health services	16.95	17.36	17.44	17.46	17.51	17.58	.4
Leisure and hospitality	9.24	9.61	9.67	9.72	9.77	9.84	.7
Other services	14.46	14.60	14.61	14.68	14.69	14.73	.3

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.² The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.³ Change was 1.0 percent from Sept. 2006 to Oct. 2006, the latest month available.⁴ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

N.A. = not available.

^P = preliminary.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Oct. 2006- Nov. 2006 ^P
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	
Total private	104.2	105.9	107.1	106.0	103.5	105.2	105.1	105.2	105.5	105.6	0.1
Goods-producing	101.9	104.3	103.8	101.9	100.5	102.6	102.4	101.4	101.6	101.2	-4
Natural resources and mining	117.5	128.4	130.9	128.7	116.0	126.1	124.7	124.6	127.0	127.8	.6
Construction	113.9	117.4	117.8	112.5	111.7	112.0	112.7	110.9	112.2	110.9	-1.2
Manufacturing	95.8	97.2	96.4	96.1	94.6	97.0	96.8	96.1	95.9	95.5	-4
Durable goods	98.5	99.9	99.4	99.0	97.4	100.4	100.0	99.0	98.8	98.7	-1
Wood products	103.4	97.2	94.9	91.1	102.4	99.5	98.1	95.5	94.0	92.1	-2.0
Nonmetallic mineral products	102.1	100.6	99.3	96.4	99.5	100.3	99.1	97.4	96.8	96.2	-6
Primary metals	95.5	95.5	94.5	95.5	95.2	97.0	96.3	95.4	94.8	95.7	.9
Fabricated metal products	101.1	104.0	104.3	103.5	100.3	103.6	104.1	103.5	103.4	102.9	-5
Machinery	99.7	104.2	105.4	105.2	99.0	104.7	104.7	104.1	105.4	105.4	.0
Computer and electronic products	102.3	106.6	106.4	106.6	100.3	106.2	106.3	106.1	106.0	105.9	-1
Electrical equipment and appliances	89.0	91.3	91.7	91.4	87.7	91.9	91.1	90.6	91.0	90.6	-4
Transportation equipment	99.5	101.2	99.0	99.0	98.8	102.5	101.0	99.8	98.9	98.6	-3
Motor vehicles and parts ²	96.2	93.8	90.5	89.9	95.4	95.1	93.9	92.2	90.2	89.5	-8
Furniture and related products	89.7	89.6	88.0	87.2	89.2	89.0	89.4	88.5	88.4	87.4	-1.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	91.7	92.0	93.0	94.7	90.7	91.2	92.0	92.0	92.4	93.3	1.0
Nondurable goods	91.5	93.0	91.6	91.4	90.2	91.7	91.4	91.2	90.8	90.4	-4
Food manufacturing	97.4	102.9	101.6	101.8	95.2	97.9	97.2	98.8	98.8	99.0	.2
Beverages and tobacco products	99.5	103.0	100.9	99.8	98.9	101.5	100.3	99.7	99.7	99.7	.0
Textile mills	69.6	64.3	62.6	62.7	69.2	65.6	65.6	63.8	63.2	62.9	-5
Textile product mills	93.8	88.9	87.5	90.1	94.2	91.4	91.0	89.7	88.2	89.6	1.6
Apparel	65.1	65.8	66.2	65.8	64.5	66.8	65.7	65.4	65.8	65.4	-6
Leather and allied products	82.1	73.7	73.6	74.1	81.0	75.4	74.9	73.6	72.9	72.3	-8
Paper and paper products	88.1	87.1	85.8	85.3	87.1	88.0	87.4	85.9	85.3	84.5	-9
Printing and related support activities	92.0	94.8	95.4	93.7	90.5	93.2	93.5	93.6	94.4	93.3	-1.2
Petroleum and coal products	102.7	101.8	99.0	98.4	100.6	101.4	99.0	97.9	97.2	97.2	.0
Chemicals	97.5	99.7	98.0	96.1	96.9	100.2	100.7	100.3	98.8	96.5	-2.3
Plastics and rubber products	93.1	92.6	90.6	90.9	92.1	93.3	93.1	91.9	90.4	90.9	.6
Private service-providing	104.8	106.4	107.8	107.2	104.5	105.8	106.1	106.2	106.7	106.9	.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	103.4	102.3	103.4	104.6	102.0	102.3	102.3	102.3	102.4	102.8	.4
Wholesale trade	102.9	104.9	106.3	105.5	102.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	105.1	105.4	.3
Retail trade	103.0	99.6	100.1	103.0	101.1	99.9	99.5	99.7	100.2	100.6	.4
Transportation and warehousing	106.8	108.6	109.3	109.6	105.0	107.0	107.5	107.0	107.1	107.6	.5
Utilities	96.0	96.5	97.5	97.2	95.1	96.2	96.5	95.6	96.8	97.2	.4
Information	100.6	101.2	102.5	101.6	100.3	101.5	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.4	-4
Financial activities	104.8	107.0	110.1	107.7	105.6	107.4	107.1	108.0	108.5	108.5	.0
Professional and business services	108.5	112.1	114.2	113.0	107.6	110.8	111.3	111.5	111.9	112.2	.3
Education and health services	108.0	108.7	111.0	110.7	106.6	108.3	108.5	109.2	109.2	109.5	.3
Leisure and hospitality	103.0	110.3	110.1	106.1	106.7	108.1	108.5	109.6	109.5	109.8	.3
Other services	95.1	96.3	97.2	96.4	95.8	96.4	96.8	96.7	97.2	96.9	-3

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.^P = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by

dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and production or nonsupervisory worker employment.

Table B-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Oct. 2006- Nov. 2006 ^P
	Nov. 2005	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2005	July 2006	Aug. 2006	Sept. 2006	Oct. 2006 ^P	Nov. 2006 ^P	
Total private	113.7	119.7	121.7	120.2	112.8	118.0	118.2	118.6	119.4	119.7	0.3
Goods-producing	110.8	116.2	116.0	113.8	109.2	113.1	113.2	112.2	112.9	112.6	-.3
Natural resources and mining	129.1	149.8	154.6	151.7	127.8	145.9	145.5	146.1	150.1	150.8	.5
Construction	120.6	129.0	129.9	124.1	118.1	121.3	122.4	120.9	122.6	121.8	-.7
Manufacturing	104.6	107.5	106.6	106.6	103.2	106.6	106.7	105.8	106.0	105.6	-.4
Durable goods	107.9	111.2	110.6	110.4	106.4	110.9	110.7	109.7	109.8	109.7	-.1
Nondurable goods	98.8	100.7	99.5	99.4	97.5	99.1	99.0	98.6	98.7	98.3	-.4
Private service-providing	114.4	120.8	123.2	122.4	114.0	119.4	120.0	120.6	121.5	122.1	.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	110.6	113.6	114.8	114.9	109.4	112.9	113.0	113.2	113.3	113.7	.4
Wholesale trade	111.9	117.9	119.7	118.8	111.7	116.9	117.3	117.9	118.0	118.6	.5
Retail trade	108.4	108.5	109.0	110.8	107.0	108.4	107.9	108.2	108.9	109.1	.2
Transportation and warehousing	114.4	120.1	120.5	120.2	112.3	117.9	118.2	117.9	118.0	118.3	.3
Utilities	109.7	110.8	112.3	111.6	107.7	110.7	110.7	109.2	111.2	111.4	.2
Information	111.8	118.5	120.1	118.8	111.2	117.2	117.9	118.4	118.5	118.2	-.3
Financial activities	117.8	125.9	130.9	127.5	118.9	124.8	124.8	127.0	128.1	128.6	.4
Professional and business services	117.8	127.8	132.4	130.3	117.1	126.2	127.0	127.9	129.1	129.9	.6
Education and health services	120.3	124.9	127.7	127.9	118.8	123.6	124.3	125.3	125.7	126.6	.7
Leisure and hospitality	111.5	125.1	125.8	122.5	114.9	121.1	122.3	124.2	124.7	126.0	1.0
Other services	100.2	103.1	104.2	103.7	100.9	102.5	103.1	103.4	104.1	104.0	-.1

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate payrolls

by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate payroll estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and production or nonsupervisory worker employment.

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Private nonfarm payrolls, 278 industries ¹												
Over 1-month span:												
2002	40.8	36.5	38.3	38.7	40.1	46.0	43.7	43.3	41.7	41.9	41.5	36.0
2003	44.1	37.9	34.9	38.3	42.8	38.8	37.6	39.7	50.7	49.8	52.0	51.3
2004	51.6	49.5	62.4	65.5	62.4	57.7	52.7	52.0	57.0	54.3	55.0	54.1
2005	50.7	57.7	56.7	54.7	54.5	56.7	59.2	54.1	51.4	53.4	61.7	58.6
2006	61.0	59.9	58.5	64.4	55.8	56.8	53.8	53.1	55.2	P 55.0	P 57.2	
Over 3-month span:												
2002	34.5	36.2	35.6	35.8	34.9	38.8	38.5	44.8	37.6	39.7	37.2	39.6
2003	40.6	34.2	34.7	32.7	35.3	41.7	38.5	33.8	42.6	47.8	49.8	50.5
2004	54.3	53.4	57.6	63.1	69.4	68.3	58.8	55.6	57.4	56.5	59.9	55.2
2005	52.9	56.7	59.2	60.4	56.8	60.8	60.4	59.7	57.9	52.2	57.0	63.7
2006	66.2	65.5	63.3	63.7	63.8	59.7	56.7	58.8	55.0	P 57.0	P 55.4	
Over 6-month span:												
2002	30.2	30.6	31.5	30.9	32.0	36.3	35.8	37.6	34.5	36.0	36.7	35.3
2003	34.4	31.8	31.8	34.0	32.7	36.2	33.3	32.4	40.5	45.3	46.4	47.7
2004	49.8	52.3	54.7	60.8	63.3	63.8	63.1	63.5	59.0	61.3	55.9	55.6
2005	55.4	57.7	57.4	58.8	55.2	58.6	60.8	59.5	60.6	57.7	58.5	60.6
2006	61.2	61.5	63.1	67.6	65.5	65.8	62.9	59.9	60.3	P 59.0	P 56.8	
Over 12-month span:												
2002	33.6	31.7	30.2	30.4	30.2	29.1	32.0	31.3	30.0	29.5	32.9	34.7
2003	34.5	31.5	32.9	33.5	34.2	35.1	32.7	33.1	37.1	36.7	37.2	39.2
2004	40.3	42.1	44.8	48.4	50.7	57.7	57.0	55.2	56.7	58.3	60.1	60.3
2005	60.1	61.0	59.5	58.6	58.6	59.4	60.8	61.0	60.8	58.3	58.8	62.1
2006	61.3	61.0	62.2	62.6	64.0	65.3	60.8	62.6	64.0	P 65.3	P 63.3	
Manufacturing payrolls, 84 industries ¹												
Over 1-month span:												
2002	19.6	21.4	18.5	29.2	25.0	30.4	36.9	25.6	28.6	17.9	17.9	19.6
2003	32.7	19.6	19.6	10.7	23.2	19.0	19.6	29.2	28.6	36.3	42.3	40.5
2004	44.0	47.6	44.6	64.9	53.6	45.8	56.5	52.4	41.7	42.3	39.9	39.3
2005	39.3	38.7	38.7	42.3	44.6	34.5	47.6	35.7	45.2	43.5	50.0	52.4
2006	59.5	48.8	49.4	57.7	50.0	60.7	45.2	39.9	44.6	P 41.1	P 45.8	
Over 3-month span:												
2002	9.5	9.5	11.3	17.9	14.9	17.9	22.6	25.6	22.6	17.3	9.5	11.9
2003	18.5	11.3	12.5	8.3	7.7	11.3	14.9	15.5	16.7	27.4	32.1	35.7
2004	43.5	42.3	43.5	53.6	57.7	58.9	53.6	48.8	48.2	40.5	38.1	31.0
2005	35.7	39.9	42.9	39.9	37.5	41.1	39.3	35.7	39.9	36.3	36.9	50.0
2006	56.0	51.8	48.8	50.6	48.8	51.2	48.8	49.4	39.9	P 39.9	P 37.5	
Over 6-month span:												
2002	7.1	8.3	7.7	8.3	8.3	11.9	12.5	11.9	13.7	8.9	7.1	7.7
2003	11.3	11.3	8.3	9.5	10.7	9.5	6.0	8.9	13.7	18.5	24.4	23.8
2004	28.6	33.3	33.3	45.8	47.6	51.2	56.0	51.8	48.2	49.4	39.3	35.7
2005	36.9	36.9	35.1	33.3	33.3	32.7	36.9	36.9	41.1	41.7	39.3	42.3
2006	37.5	45.8	45.2	51.2	48.2	51.8	45.2	45.2	49.4	P 44.0	P 44.0	
Over 12-month span:												
2002	7.1	6.0	6.0	6.5	7.1	3.6	4.8	6.0	4.8	7.1	4.8	8.3
2003	10.7	6.0	6.5	6.0	8.3	7.1	7.1	8.3	10.7	10.7	9.5	10.7
2004	13.1	14.3	13.1	20.2	23.2	35.7	36.9	38.1	36.3	44.0	44.6	44.6
2005	44.6	44.6	41.7	40.5	39.9	33.3	32.7	31.0	32.1	39.3	35.7	40.5
2006	41.1	39.9	39.9	42.9	41.7	46.4	42.9	42.9	45.8	P 47.0	P 44.0	

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing

plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.