

Premier Election Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 1019 Allen, TX 75013 489 875-8990 fax 214 383-1596 www.premierelections.com

April 30, 2008

Attn: Brian Hancock
Director of Voting System Testing & Certification
U.S. Election Assistance Commission
1225 New York Avenue, NW, Ste. 1100
Washington, DC 20005

Email: <u>bhancock@eac.gov</u>

RE: <u>Voting System Testing Application (PRM0701) Amendment #5</u> <u>Changes to the ASSURETM1.2 submission.</u>

Dear Mr. Hancock:

This letter is to inform you of changes made to our ASSURE 1.2 certification submission, dated February 13, 2008. Below is a description and explanation of each of the changes we have made. Please amend our application for ASSURE 1.2 certification with these changes:

1. HARDWARE REMOVAL:

The EMP (Election Media Processor) is a desktop PC with multiple PCMCIA card readers and a label printer. The EMP is used to download and upload PCMCIA storage cards for use on the AccuVote-TS/TSX. The EMP was removed from the certification submission for marketing reasons.

Hardware

Election Media Processor (EMP)

2. SOFTWARE REMOVAL:

The EMP 4.7.1 is a software application that runs on a PC with a multiple PCMCIA card reader that is used to communicate with GEMS and create election media and transmit results from multiple cards.

Software

EMP 4.7.1



Premier Election Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 1019 Allen, TX 75013 469 675-8990 (ax 214 383-1596 www.premierelections.com

As per Section 4.5.1 of the EAC Voting System Testing and Certification Program Manual (v1.0), please find attached an updated Implementation Statement, functional diagram and System Overview.

Thank you for your consideration. If you need further information or have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely:

Talbot Iredale, P.Eng.

Director Product Development Premier Election Solutions, Inc.

Enclosures: Application Amendment #5 (Revised Product Components)

Implementation Statement Functional Diagram System Overview



Product Components ASSURE™ 1.2

Software	Hardware
GEMS® 1.20.2	PC with MS Windows 2000/2003/XP (COTS)
AccuVote®-OS Precinct Count 1.96.10	AccuVote-OS Models A,B,C,D
AccuVote-OS Central Count 2.0.13	AccuVote-OS Models A,B,C,D
	AccuFeed Model A - optional
AccuVote-OSX 1.0.3	AccuVote-OSX Model A
	BL 1.3.9 and WinCE 500
BallotStation® 4.7.2	AccuVote-TS R6 Models A,B
	BL 1.3.9 and WinCE 300
	OSAA Model A – optional
	UAID [™] Model A - optional
	AccuVote-TSX Models A,B,C,D
	BL 1.3.9 and WinCE 410
	AVPM Model A – optional
	OSAA Model A – optional
	UAID Model A - optional
Key Card Tool TM 4.7.1	PC with MS Windows 2003/XP (COTS)
VCProgrammer [™] 4.7.1	PC with MS Windows 2003/XP (COTS)
Voter Card Encoder 1.3.3	Voter Card Encoder (COTS)
ExpressPoll® CardWriter 1.1.6	Express Poll 2000 (COTS), 4000 (COTS), 5000 (COTS)
Premier Central Scan 2.0.5	PC with MS Windows XP (COTS)
	AccuVote-OS Models A, B, C, D
	DRS PhotoScribe PS900 iM2 (COTS) , PS960 (COTS)
ASSURE Security Manager 1.0.4	PC w/ MS Windows XP (COTS)
AutoMARK™ AIMS 1.3 (P)	PC with MS Windows XP (COTS)
AutoMARK VAT 1.3 PAVR	AutoMARK VAT Models A100, A200, A300
AutoMARK VAT 1.3 PVR	
Support Files	
ABasic Report Files 2.2.3	Used by AccuVote-TS/TSX/OS/OSX
Support Files	
BootLoader 1.3.9	Used by AccuVote-TS/TSX/OSX
WinCE 300.3.4	Used by AccuVote-TS
WinCE 410.3.9	Used by AccuVote-TSX
WinCE 500.3.1	Used by AccuVote-OSX
WinCE 5.0.0.17	Used by AutoMARK VAT
AVPM 3.0.3	Used by AVPM



Declaration of Supported Voting Variations & Languages

Vendor Name: <u>Premier Election Solutions Inc.</u> Preparer: Premier Election Solutions Inc.

Date Prepared: February 2, 2007 Date Revised: December 13, 2007

Identify the voting variations and languages supported or unsupported by marking with a \square . Insert Required descriptions where needed (Rotation, VVPAT, Open Primary, Closed Primary, etc).

(P & M= Paper and Marksense ballots)			
Voting Variations Equetionality & Languages		9 3	Required description(s)
Vol. 4 Sect 2.2.8.2 (2.3.4.3.1 a) (2.4.3.3. 3.2.5.1.2. 3.2.5.), 3.4.4.4. & 40	- -	: Îk	
Voter Verified Paper Audit Trails	$0 \leq C \leq C \leq$		राप्तर्भवा रहा अधिक विश्वति । या अधिक वर्ष वर्ष ।
VVPAT	•		
Accessibility (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.7)	-		
Forward Approach	•		"
Parallel (Side) Approach	-		
Closed Primary (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)			The state of the s
Primary; Closed	•		
Open Primary (vol. 1. sect. 2,2.8.2)			
Primary: Open Standard (provide definition of how supported)	•		Open Primary, supported.
Primary: Open Blanket (provide definition of how supported)	*		
Partisan & Non-Partisan: (vol. 1, sect. 2.2.8.2)			
Partisan & Non-Partisan: Vote for 1 of N race	4		
Partisan & Non-Partisan: Multi-member ("vote for N of M") board races	V		
Partisan & Non-Partisan: "vote for 1" race with a single candidate and write-	-	1	
in voting			
Partisan & Non-Partisan "vote for 1" race with no declared candidates and	₩		
write-in voting			
Write-In Voting: (vol. 1, sect. 2.2.8.2)		. 1 .9.	and the property of the property of
Write-in Voting: System default is a voting position identified for write-ins.	4		
Write-in Voting: Without selecting a write in position.		•	
Write-in: With No Declared Candidates	4		
Write-in: Identification of write-ins for resolution at central count		•	
Primary Presidential Delegation Nominations & Slates: (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)	1	The light	
Primary Presidential Delegation Nominations: Displayed delegate slates for each presidential party	•		
Slate & Group Voting: one selection votes the slate.	4		
Ballot Rotation: (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)			
Rotation of Names within an Office; define all supported rotation methods for location on the ballot and vote tabulation/reporting	**		
Straight Party Voting: (vol. 1, sect. 2.2.8.2)	0	1 4 7	
Straight Party: A single selection for partisan races in a general election	•		
Straight Party: Vote for each candidate individually			
Straight Party: Modify straight party selections with crossover votes	4		
Straight Party: A race without a candidate for one party	4		"
Straight Party: "N of M race (where "N">1)	4		
Straight Party: Excludes a partisan contest from the straight party selection.	4	1	
Cross-Party Endorsement: (vol. 1, sect. 2.2.8.2)	V		
Cross party endorsements, multiple parties endorse one candidate.	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Split Precincts: (vol. 1. sect. 2,2,8,2)			
Split Precincts: Multiple ballot styles	W		

Page 4 Revised: April 30, 2008



Voting Variations Functionality & Lauguages Required descriptiones	
수를 할 때	
‡ Nol. I Sect 2.2 8.2 つき上き上記 コキミミ ミラエミ 3.2 5月 3 4.4.4. X 40 コードラ 大田 日本	
Split Precincts: P & M system support splits with correct contests and ballot	
identification of each split	
Split Precincts: DRE matches voter to all applicable races.	
Split Precincts: Reporting of voter counts (# of voters) to the precinct split Precinct Level Only	
level; Reporting of vote totals is to the precinct level	
Vote N of M: (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)	
Vote for N of M: Counts each selected candidate, if the maximum is not	
exceeded.	
Vote for N of M: Invalidates all candidates in an overvote (paper)	
Recall Issues, with options: (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)	7 :
Recall Issues with Options: Simple Yes/No with separate race/election. (Vote	
Yes or No Question)	
Recall Issues with Options: Retain is the first option, Replacement candidate	
for the second or more options (Vote 1 of M)	
Recall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a second contest	
conditional upon a specific vote in contest one. (Must vote Yes to vote in 2 nd	
contest.)	
Recall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a second contest Overturned - US District	ct
conditional upon any vote in contest one. (Must vote Yes or No to vote in 2 nd Court 7/29/03: CA	
contest) Election Code sect. 113	383
Cumulative Voting (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10)	
Cumulative Voting: Voters are permitted to east, as many votes as there are	
seats to be filled for one or more candidates. Voters are not limited to giving	
only one vote to a candidate. Instead, they can put multiple votes on one or	
more candidate.	
Ranked Order Voting (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10)	
Ranked Order Voting: Voters rank candidates in a contest in order of choice.	
A candidate receiving a majority of the first choice votes wins. If no	
candidate receives a majority of first choice votes, the last place candidate is	
deleted, each ballot cast for the deleted candidate counts for the second choice	
candidate listed on the ballot. The process of eliminating the last place	
candidate and recounting the ballots continues until one candidate receives a	
majority of the vote.	
Ranked Order Voting: Voters can write in a ranked vote.	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot stops being counting when all ranked choices	
have been eliminated	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with two choices ranked the same, stops being	
counted at the point of two similarly ranked choices.	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with a skipped rank counts the vote for the	
next rank.	
Ranked Order Voting: The total number of votes for two or more candidates	
with the least votes is less than the votes of the candidate with the next highest	
number of votes, the candidates with the least votes are eliminated	
simultaneously and their votes transferred to the next-ranked continuing	
candidate.	
Provisional or Challenged Ballots (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10)	
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots is identified but	
not included in the tabulation, but can be added in the central count.	
and the same see that the contract of the cont	
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots is included in the tabulation, but is identified and can be subtracted in the central count.	



Vering Variations Functionality & Languages			Required descriptiones
vona; variations i incromancy ce i ar policies		計 臣	Technical views of the state of
Applies Section 8 (2018) 1.3 February 1.3 St. 3.2 5 February 3.2.5 February 3.4.4.4. & 40	三美 盃	33	
Split Precincts: P & M system support splits with correct contests and ballot	*		
identification of each split			
Split Precincts: DRE matches voter to all applicable races.	₩		
Split Precincts: Reporting of voter counts (# of voters) to the precinct split	**		Precinct Level Only
level; Reporting of vote totals is to the precinct level	_		•
Vote N of M: (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2)			
Vote for N of M: Counts each selected candidate, if the maximum is not	•		
exceeded.			
Vote for N of M: Invalidates all candidates in an overvote (paper)	4		
Recall Issues, with options: (vol. 1, sect. 2.2.8.2)	1.	4.	
Recall Issues with Options: Simple Yes/No with separate race/election. (Vote	•		·
Yes or No Question)	•		
Recall Issues with Options: Retain is the first option, Replacement candidate	-		
for the second or more options (Vote 1 of M)			
Recall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a second contest	**		
conditional upon a specific vote in contest one. (Must vote Yes to vote in 2 nd	- 1960°		
contest.)			
Recall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a second contest			Overturned - US District
conditional upon any vote in contest one. (Must vote Yes or No to vote in 2 nd	ايما		Court 7/29/03: CA
contest)	₩		Election Code sect. 11383
Cumulative Voting (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10)		+ 1	Election Code Sect. 11565
Cumulative Voting (vot. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10) Cumulative Voting: Voters are permitted to cast, as many votes as there are			·
seats to be filled for one or more candidates. Voters are not limited to giving		•	
only one vote to a candidate. Instead, they can put multiple votes on one or		*	
more candidate.			
Ranked Order Voting (vol. 1. sect. 2.2.8.2, 10)			
Ranked Order Voting: Voters rank candidates in a contest in order of choice.		-4	
A candidate receiving a majority of the first choice votes wins. If no		₩	
candidate receiving a majority of the hist choice votes whis. If no			
deleted, each ballot cast for the deleted candidate counts for the second choice			
candidate listed on the ballot. The process of eliminating the last place			
candidate and recounting the ballots continues until one candidate receives a			
majority of the vote.			
Ranked Order Voting: Voters can write in a ranked vote.		4	
Ranked Order Voting: Voters can write in a ranked vote: Ranked Order Voting: A ballot stops being counting when all ranked choices			
have been eliminated		•	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with two choices ranked the same, stops being		-4	
counted at the point of two similarly ranked choices.		•	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with a skipped rank counts the vote for the	 	2.00	
next rank.		•	
Ranked Order Voting: The total number of votes for two or more candidates	<u> </u>	- 0	
with the least votes is less than the votes of the candidate with the next highest		y	
number of votes, the candidates with the least votes are climinated		1	
simultaneously and their votes transferred to the next-ranked continuing			
candidate.			i i
Provisional or Challenged Ballots (vol. 1, sect. 2,2,8,2, 10)		ann s	
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots is identified but		20 10 20	
not included in the tabulation, but can be added in the central count.	-		
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots is included in the	4.0		
tabulation, but is identified and can be subtracted in the central count.	₩		
tabulation, but is identified and can be subtracted in the central codiff.			



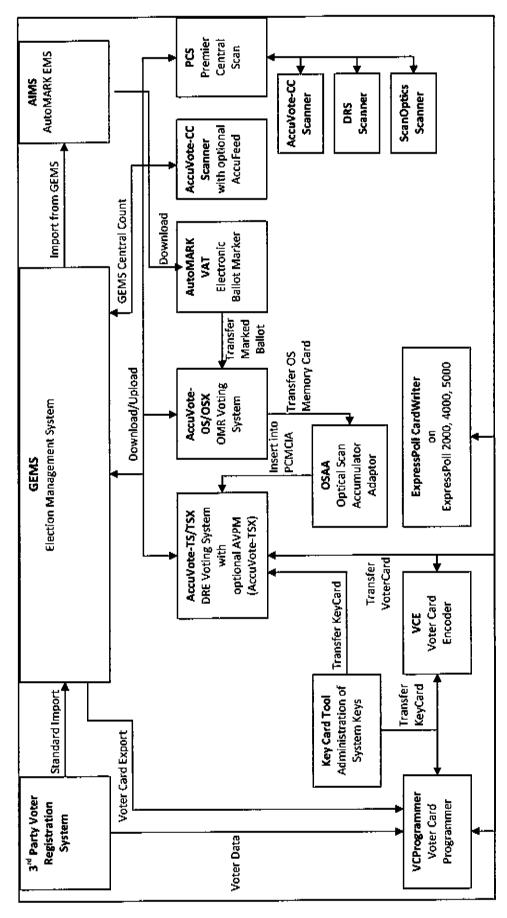
Voting Variations Functionality & Languages			Required description(s)
	<u></u>	7 12 18 18	
Vol. 1 Sect 2.2.8.2 (2.3.1.3.1.a. 2.4.3.3. 3 2 5 4 2, 3 1 5 3, 3 4 4 4, 8/10		<u> </u>	
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: Provisional ballots maintain the secrecy of the	•		
ballot.			
Overvotes (vol. 1. sect. 4.4,4, 10)	.:"		Must support for specific type of voting system
Overvotes: P & M: Overvote invalidates the vote. Define how overvotes are	4		
counted.			
Overvotes: DRE: Prevented from or requires correction of overvoting.	4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Overvotes: If a system does not prevent overvotes, it must count them. Define	*		Count as "overvote"
how overvotes are counted.			
Overvotes: DRE systems that provide a method to data enter absentee votes		₩	We cannot enter absentee
must account for overvotes.			ballots on the TS units.
	ŀ		We handle absentee
			ballots using AVOS.
Undervotes (vol. 1. sect. 4.4.4)			Must support
Undervotes: System counts undervotes cast for accounting purposes	4		
Blank Ballots (vol. 1. sect. 2.4.3.3, 3.2.5.1.2, 3.2.5.1.3, & 4.4.4)	10 4 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Totally Blank Ballots: Any blank ballot alert is tested.	₩.		
Totally Blank Ballots: If blank ballots are not immediately processed, there	•		
must be a provision to recognize and accept them			
Totally Blank Ballots: If operators can access a blank ballot, there must be a	₩		
provision for resolution.			
Display/Printing Multi-Lingual Ballots (vol. 1, sect. 2.3.1.3.1.a)	5.5		Must support one ✓
Spanish	•		
Alaska Native (Other Group specified)		₩.	
Aleut		₩	0.2
Athabascan		4	Optionally created per
Eskimo		₩	customer.
Native (Other Group Specified)		✓	
Chinese (Mandarin, Cantonese)	•		
Filipino (Tagalog)	•		
Japanese	4		
Korean	.		
Vietnamese	•		
Apache		₩.	
Cent/So American		₩	
Cheyenne			
Chickasaw		₩	
Choctaw		4	
Navajo			
Other Tribe-Specified		₩	
Paiute		4	Optionally created per
Pueblo		•	customer.
Seminole		•	
Shoshone		4	
Sioux		₩,	
Tohono O'Odham		-	
Tribe not specified		4	
Ute			
Yaqui	l l		



Voting Variations Functionality & Languages			Required descriptiones)
Note 1 Sect 2.2.8.2 (2.3.1.3.1 at (2.4.3.3.3.2.5.4.2.3.2.5.1.8.1.4.48.10)			
Yuman		M	
French	•		
Haiti Creole	4		
Demonstrates the voting system capability to handle the designated language groups. (vol. 1, sect. 2.3.1.3.1.a)	117		
Default language (English),	4		
Secondary language using a Western European font	•		
Ideographic language (such as Chinese or Korean),			
Non-written languages requiring audio support		**	Optionally created per
	1		customer.



System Overview / Functional Diagram ASSURE® 1.2



Revised: April 30, 2008



System Overview / Product Descriptions ASSURE® 1.2

SOFTWARE

GEMS

GEMS is Premier Election Solutions' Election Management System. This product is used to enter jurisdiction information (district, precincts, languages, etc.) as well as election specific information (races, candidates, voter groups (parties), etc). GEMS is also used to lay out the ballots, download election data to the voting devices, upload the results and produce final results reports.

AccuVote-OS PC

The AccuVote-OS PC (Precinct Count) is a mark-sense ballot counting device. Election data is stored on a 32KByte to 128KByte removable memory card. Election data is downloaded to the device from GEMS using a serial connection.

The AccuVote-OS is used to perform pre-election testing, election processing, and post election uploads and reporting.

The AccuVote-OS accepts 8 ½ by 11, 14, 17, and 18 inch ballots in any orientation, and uses the identifiers on the ballot to determine what ballot is being read.

AccuVote-OSX

The AccuVote-OSX is a mark-sense precinct counting device. Election data is stored on 32MByte to 512MByte PCMCIA storage cards. Election data is downloaded to the device from GEMS using an Ethernet connection or a serial PPP connection.

The AccuVote-OSX is used to perform pre-election testing, election processing, and post election uploads and reporting.

The AccuVote-OSX accepts 8 ½ by 11, 14, 17, and 18 inch ballots in any orientation and uses the identifiers on the ballot to determine what ballot is being read.

The AccuVote-OSX uses Windows CE 500.

AccuVote-OS CC

The AccuVote-OS CC (Central Count) is a mark-sense device that is used to scan ballots at a central location either using the GEMS Central Count system or PCS. The AccuVote-OS CC runs on the AccuVote-OS hardware but uses different firmware.

The AccuVote-OS CC is a simple scanner device that will accept 8 ½ by 11, 14, 17, and 18 inch ballots in any orientation.

The AccuVote-OS CC also supports the use of the optional AccuFeed feeder for automatically feeding ballots in both mode.

Revised: April 30, 2008

Page 5



AccuVote-TS/TSX

The AccuVote-TS/TSX units are direct recording electronic (DRE) touch screen voting systems that also support audio ballots. These devices use the BallotStation software.

The AccuVote-TSX supports an optional voter verified printer module (AVPM).

Both the AccuVote-TS and AccuVote-TSX support the optional UAID (Sip&Puff) interface. The AccuVote-TS uses Windows CE 300 and the AccuVote-TSX uses Windows CE 410.

BallotStation

BallotStation is the DRE voting software that runs on the AccuVote-TS/TSX hardware. The election data is stored on 32MByte to 512MByte PCMCIA storage cards. The election data is downloaded to the device from GEMS using an Ethernet connection or a serial PPP connection.

The data stored on the PCMCIA cards is digitally signed and the results are also encrypted. The keys used for the signing and encrypting are loaded using a Key Card (See Key Card Tool for how these are created).

BallotStation is used to perform pre-election testing, election processing, and post election uploads and reporting.

Voting is activated by insertion of a Vote Access Card as created by an AccuVote-TS/TSX (using BallotStation), VCProgrammer, VCE, or ExpressPoll.

Key Card Tool

Key Card Tool can create a Key Card which is used to change the keys on the AccuVote-TS/TSX, VCProgrammer and VCE. Key Card Tool is also used to change the security keys on Supervisor and Central Administrator cards.

VCProgrammer

VCProgrammer is a PC-based application that is used to create vote access cards for the AccuVote-TS/TSX. VCProgrammer has the ability to be integrated with 3rd party Voter Registration Systems to allow those systems to create the voter access cards. VCProgrammer uses a file that is exported from GEMS along with the data provide by the VR system to create the Vote Card.

VCE

VCE (Voter Card Encoder) is a small hand-held device that is used to create voter access cards. The VCE is loaded with master voter access card images and then allows the user to create new voter access cards from those masters.

OSAA

OSAA (AccuVote-OS Accumulator Adapter) is used to accumulate AccuVote-OS results on an AccuVote-TS/TSX unit. The OSAA adapter is inserted into the AccuVote-TS/TSX PCMCIA slot and allows the AccuVote-OS memory cards to be read by the AccuVote-TS/TSX device.



PCS

PCS (Premier Central Scan) is used to scan and tally ballots at a central location. PCS supports a number of different scanners including the AccuVote-CC and the DRS scanners.

PCS downloads the election information from GEMS, scans and tallies ballots, and then uploads the results to GEMS.

PCS supports multiple work stations running multiple scanners processing ballots for the same election at the same time.

ExpressPoll CardWriter

The ExpressPoll 2000, 4000, and 5000 are small devices that can run the EZRoster electronic poll book application. They also provide the functionality, through the CardWriter software, to be able to create voter access cards for use by the AccuVote-TS/TSX devices.

AIMS

The AIMS software is used to prepare the data for the AutoMark electronic ballot marker. The AIMS software imports election data from GEMS and allows the user to modify it as necessary for the AutoMark EBM device.

AutoMark VAT

The AutoMark VAT devices are used to allow voters to electronically mark a ballot that will be scanned by the AccuVote-OS device. The AutoMark EBM supports audio ballot as well as visual ballot marking.

SUPPORT FILES

ABasic Compiler

ABasic is the tool that is used to generate report scripts for use by the AccuVote-OS and BallotStation. This tool is used to compile the ABasic report scripts into pseudo code for use by the voting devices.

ABasic Reports

The Abasic reports are the scripts that are used to generate the election reports on the counting devices. These scripts are compiled and digitally signed by the ABasic compiler.