	Topics to be addressed:	Reform Proposal Themes (Drawn from previously submitted proposals):
	The Need for Medicaid Reform and Best Practices	
October 26-27, 2005 The Need for Reform	Where are the challenges to the System? O Eligible Populations O Acute Care Delivery System O Long Term Care Delivery System O Quality and Health IT O IT, Fraud and Abuse and Financing	
January 2006 Eligible Populations	Considering fiscal constraints, who should this safety net program serve and why? Children Parents Childless Adults Aging (including Duals) Disabled (including Duals), persons with mental illness. AI/AN/NA Uninsured What level of flexibility should States have? Who <i>must</i> States cover and who <i>may</i> States cover to receive Federal funding?	 Coordination between programs* as beneficiaries transition between other public or private insurance programs or change eligibility categories within Medicaid. Eligible populations: SSA Disability definition and determination Income deduction cap Encouraging/allowing employment Removing custody relinquishment in order to obtain mental health services
March 2006 Acute and Preventive Care	How do we get the best quality acute and preventive care for our public dollars? How should service delivery occur? (Fee-for-service/Managed Care/Disease Prevention Programs, etc) What benefits should be provided? Service Coordination for Dual Eligibles Pharmacy* What level of flexibility should States have? What must States provide and what may States provide to receive Federal funding? Cost sharing requirements? Health Savings Accounts Premium Assistance Subsidies Barriers to MC implementation	 Prescription drug reforms Preventative health care initiatives* Managed Care*, and other care delivery strategies Benefits flexibility Cost-sharing Provider payment levels Health workforce issues*

	Topics to be addressed:	Reform Proposal Themes (Drawn from previously submitted proposals):
May 2006 Long-Term Care	How do we get the best quality long-term care for our public dollars? • How should service delivery occur? (institutional versus community based settings) • What benefits should be provided? (Including provision of Targeted Case Management through other State Agencies) • Service Coordination for Dual Eligibles • Pharmacy* • What level of flexibility should States have? What must States provide and what may States provide to receive Federal funding? • Cost sharing requirements?	 LTC Delivery Consumer direction Disease management and chronic care Remove institutional bias, promote HCBS Money Follows the Person Real Choice Systems Change Allow telehealth for home care Distinguish between (financing and delivery systems) LTC for disabled and elderly Health workforce issues* LTC Financing LTC partnership programs LTC insurance (and markets) Reverse mortgages Possible LTC program financed with payroll deductions
July 2006 Improving Quality	What are the tools to making our dollars go farther: How do we improve the infrastructure for quality care? • Quality in service delivery and outcomes • Prevention Initiatives* • Information Technology's role in providing quality care • Health Care Disparities	 Health Information Technology Coordination between programs* Quality assurance programs* Preventative health care initiatives*
September 2006 Systemwide Administration	What are the tools to making our dollars go farther: information technology, Fraud and abuse, and financing Relationship of IT to Fraud and Abuse, Financing for providers, MCOs, and beneficiaries (Administrative claiming, IGTs, Provider Taxes) Graduate Medical Education/Indirect Medical Education Funding Relationships with FQHCs and IHS Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH)	 "Systemwide coordination" including coordination between Medicare*, and the rest of the HC system. Reducing administrative costs Fraud and Abuse Judicial reform Financing issues, including State and Federal relationship Flexibility (waiver reform) Separate funding streams by population* FQHCs
	Vote on Recommendations (November 2006 meeting)	

^{*} Indicates that item may apply to more than one module.