

## **Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service**

## EFNEP- North East Region Summary

The Expanded Food and Nutrition Education program (EFNEP) is a unique program that currently operates in 781 counties (with 188 of those counties located throughout the North East states¹) throughout the 50 states and in the territories of American Samoa, Guam, Micronesia, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. It is designed to assist low-income audiences in acquiring the knowledge, skills, attitudes, and changed behavior necessary for nutritionally sound diets, and to contribute to their personal development and the improvement of the total family diet and nutritional well-being.

EFNEP targets two primary audiences: low-income youth and low-income families with young children. In Fiscal Year 1999, in the North East region alone, EFNEP reached 58,545 youth and 28,409 adults; approximately 99,405 family members were indirectly reached through the adult participant.

## A Regional View

In the North East region in FY99, 56% of the participants completed the program, 18% terminated, and 26% are continuing into the next program year. Of the 18% who terminated the program, the ma ority of them (22%) had to terminate due to a move.

Of the graduates who completed the program, 22% completed 1 through 6 lessons in three months or less; 5% completed the same number of lessons between 4 and 6 months. Thirty-five percent of the graduates completed anywhere from seven to twelve lessons in three months or less; 10% completed the same number of lessons between 4 and 6 months. Figure 1 depicts the number of lessons completed for graduates. The average number of lessons completed was 8.8.

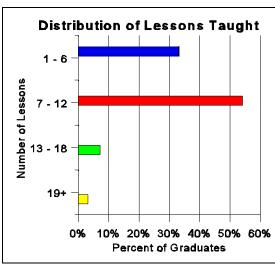


Figure 1

## **Program Impact**

The percent of graduates eating a specific number of servings of each food group improved. ata from the EFNEP Evaluation Reporting System showed that the percent of graduates who ate 0 servings of foods from the reads and ereals group went from 5. % to 4. %. The percent who ate 6 to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>States located in the North East Region consist of onnecticut, elaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New ampshire, New ersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, est Virginia

11 servings improved from 2.1% to 41.9%. At entry, 52.9% were not eating any foods from the Fruit group, however, by the completion of the program, this figure decreased to 1.9%. Only 26.2% were eating 2 or more servings from the Fruit group at entry into the program. This figure increased to 44% by the end of the program. The percent of graduates not eating any foods from the alcium airy group decreased from 42. % to 29.2%. The percent eating or more servings by the end of the program improved from 1 .4% to 20.1%. The percent of graduates eating 2 or more servings of foods from the Meats and Alternatives group improved from 48.1% to 57.2%. Figure 2 shows how servings of food from the Vegetable group improved as a result of EFNEP. Notice that even though the percent of graduates eating 1 serving decreased, the percent of graduates eating 2 or more servings increased. The percent of graduates with positive change in any food group at exit is 90%.

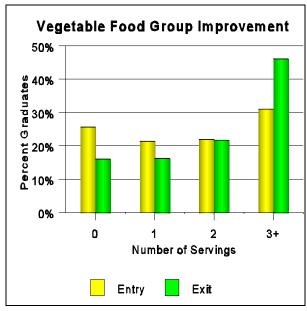


Figure 2

The results of 10 key food-related practices that were measured showed that as a result of EFNEP:

- More often used the Nutrition Facts on food labels to make food choices:
- ➤ 59% more often followed the recommended practice of not thawing foods at room temperature;
- ➤ 82% showed improvement in one or more food resource management practices (i.e. plans meals, compares prices, does not run out of food or uses grocery lists);
- 88% showed improvement in one or more nutrition practices (i.e plans meals, makes healthy food choices, prepares foods without adding salt, reads nutrition labels or has children eat breakfast);
- ► 68% showed improvement in one or more of the food safety practices (i.e thawing and storing foods properly).

Results from 4 key youth impact indicators showed that:

- ➤ 72% of 24,817 youth from 1,4 7 groups now eat a variety of foods;
- ➤ 7 % of 22,812 youth from 1, 46 groups increased knowledge of the essentials of human nutrition:
- ► 6 % of 15,261 youth from 890 groups increased their ability to select low-cost, nutritious foods; and
- ► 7 % of 21, 1 youth from 1,294 groups improved practices in food preparation and safety.

To learn more about EFNEP click on www.reeusda.gov/4h/efnep/home.htm, or contact the federal office at 202-720-6079.

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