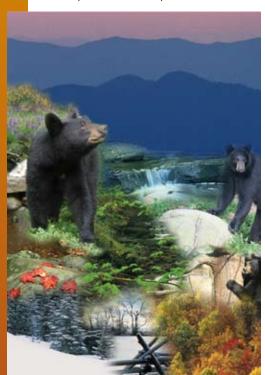
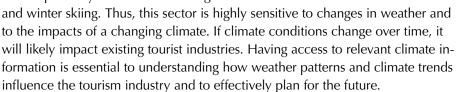
## NOAA's National Climatic Data Center User Engagement Fact Sheet Sector: TOURISM

VERVIEW

Tourism in the United States generates hundreds of billions of dollars every year from domestic and international travelers and employs more workers than any other industry. Weather and climate conditions at a particular locale



are a major decision factor for tourists. Many local and regional tourist destinations have, over many years, cultivated a reputation for certain activities or expectations that are mainly based upon the local climate. Florida is known for its sunshine and warm beaches, while Vermont is known primarily for its autumn foliage



**YEY STAKEHOLDERS** 

NCDC works with various groups, both as an information provider and as a research partner, to examine the effects of weather and climate on tourism. This helps decision makers within the tourism sector determine practical and profitable responses to climate changes and variations. There are many different governmental and non-governmental organizations, public and private groups and businesses, and individuals, who can benefit from using pertinent climate-

and weather-related information. Some major groups include:

- Commercial passenger transportation carriers
- Federal, state, regional, and local governmental planning, commerce, and marketing agencies
- Accommodations operators and managers, such as hotels, motels, and vacation rentals
- The food service industry, such as restaurants and restaurant supply companies
- Travel planners and agencies
- Cultural event planners
- The sporting event industry, such as football, base-ball, and the Olympics
- Weather-dependent tour operations and recreation industries, such as ski resorts and diving companies



## C ECTOR NEEDS

Climate information is often available only as raw observations or in the form of tables, graphs, or written summaries, which may be difficult for users who are not well-versed in climate science to fully interpret. To bridge this gap, the tourism sector is partnering with NCDC to translate climate data into accessible, useful, and accurate products; and to leverage NCDC's climate expertise to better understand what the information means and how to most effectively use it.

Climate information can be used in a variety of ways. Some examples include:

- Using temperature data and information on increased frequency, duration and intensity of heat waves to determine how much outdoor recreation at summer tourist destinations may be reduced.
- Using precipitation information to understand how changes in river and lake levels may affect fishing and boating industries.
- Using drought information to plan for watering the greens and fairways at golf courses.
- Using snow cover extent and temperature trends to determine the optimal locations to build new ski lifts, which have about a 25-year lifespan.



## **ICDC DATA and PRODUCTS**

There are many different types of useful climate information available. Some examples include:

- The Global Historical Climate Network, which contains historical temperature and precipitation data for thousands of land stations around the world.
- Local climatic averages, such as temperature, precipitation, winds, and sunshine.
- Satellite-based Coral Bleaching Products, which include regions of extreme warm water that can be harmful to reefs (called Hotspots), and degree heating weeks, which indicate the thermal stress that coral reefs experience.
- The U.S. and North American Drought Monitor, which are synthesis products of multiple indices and impacts that represent a consensus of federal and academic scientists.
- Satellite-based snow cover extent products.
- The Integrated Surface Data database, which contains climate information for about 10,000 weather stations, with some dating back as far as 1901.

Ollaboration between the climate sciences and the tourism community is essential in helping to build the necessary bridges that will transform climate data into information that is relevant, credible, and trusted. Ongoing communication is important to ensure that the information NCDC provides is appropriate and applicable to tourism sector needs. As climate changes in the years ahead and the effects become more noticeable, new information needs will emerge. NCDC will work closely with those in this community, attending trade meetings and sponsoring workshops and conferences, in order to better understand, address, and anticipate these needs.



Additional details about available NOAA products and the economic benefits of these products are provided at: http://www.economics.noaa.gov

For further information on obtaining NCDC climate services and products related to tourism, please contact:

Customer Services Branch NOAA's National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Avenue, Asheville, NC 28801-5001 828-271-4800 • TDD 828-271-4810 • Fax 828-271-4876 E-mail: ncdc.info@noaa.gov • http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov

**NOAA Satellite and Information Service** 

National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (NESDIS)



