RENEWABLE ENERGY **DEVELOPMENT ON TRIBAL LANDS**







U.S. Department of Energy

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy













Our Mission To offer financial and technical assistance to Tribes through government-to-government partnerships that:

- 1) Allow Tribal leaders to make informed decisions
- 2) Bring renewable energy and energy efficiency options to Indian Country
- 3) Enhance human capacity through education and training
- 4) Improve local Tribal economies and the environment
- 5) Make a difference in the quality of life of Native Americans.

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

TRIBAL ENERGY PROGRAM

Purpose

The program promotes Tribal energy sufficiency, economic development, and employment on Tribal lands through the use of renewable energy and energy efficiency technologies.

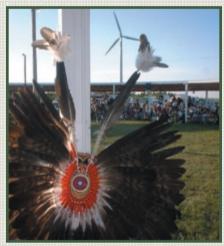
The Tribal Energy Program, under the Department of Energy's (DOE's) Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, provides financial and technical assistance to Tribes for the evaluation and development of renewable energy resources on Tribal lands. As building knowledge and skills is essential to developing, implementing, and sustaining energy efficiency and renewable energy development projects, the program also offers education and training opportunities.

Policy

The Department of Energy's American Indian and Alaska Native **Tribal Government Policy sets** forth principles to be followed by DOE to ensure effective implementation of governmentto-government relationships with American Indians and Alaska Native Tribal governments. Through the authorities set forth in the Energy Policy Acts and **Executive Orders, DOE is seeking** to support energy sufficiency on Tribal lands and support the trust responsibility set forth in DOE's American Indian and Alaska Native Tribal Government Policy.

For DOE's policy, visit www.ci.doe.gov/indianbk.pdf

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy



DOE has funded 91 Tribal energy projects totaling \$14.1 million from 2002 to 2007

Turbine installed at Rosebud Sioux Reservation in South Dakota





Ute Mountain Indian Reservation solar water pumping



Tribes cost-shared \$4.1 million

Samish

Warm Springs (4)

Ft. Bidwell

Upper Skagit Colville

Umatilla

 Blackfeet SFlathead (2)

Eastern Shoshone Wind River

Northern Cheyenne (2)

Shoshone Paiute

Ft. Belknap

TRIBAL ENERGY PROGRAM



Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Wind Energy

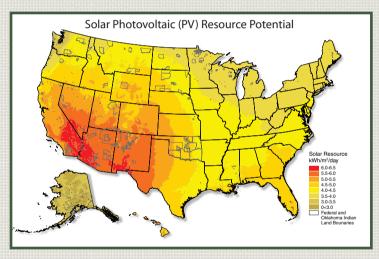
Wind energy uses the energy in the wind for generating electricity, charging batteries, pumping water, or grinding grain. Large, modern wind turbines operate together in wind farms to produce electricity for utilities. Small turbines are used by homeowners and remote villages to help meet energy needs.



Areas designated class 4 or greater are suitable for most utilityscale wind turbine applications, whereas class 2 and 3 areas are marginal for utility-scale applications but may be suitable for remote applications.

Solar Energy

A square area in the Southwest 100 miles on each side could generate all the electricity used in the United States! Sunshine varies across the United States by about a factor of two, while utility rates vary by about a factor of 10. Solar opportunities may exist in places you would not initially expect based only on resource assumptions.



A distance from the nearest utility line of only a quarter mile raises distribution costs sufficiently to make PV cost-effective for small loads even in the cloudiest parts of the country.

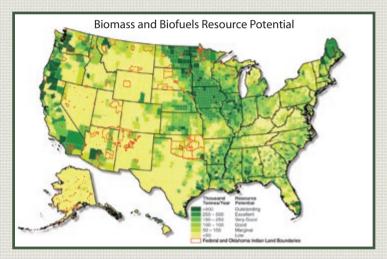
For resource information, visit DOE's Guide to Tribal Energy Development at www.eere.energy.gov/tribalenergy/guide

www.eere.energy.gov/tribalenergy

TRIBAL ENERGY PROGRAM

Biomass

Biomass offers the opportunity to produce fuel, electric power, chemicals, and other industrial materials from renewable resources including agricultural crops and residues, trees and forest residues, grasses, animal wastes, and organic municipal solid wastes. Fuel products include ethanol, which can be produced from wood chips, rice straw, switchgrass, sugar cane waste, and corn; and renewable biodiesel, which can be produced from grain and grain products.



Today, various forms of biomass energy account for 45% of renewable energy used in the United States. Biomass resources must be assessed on a case-by-case basis. The most economic resources are often associated with residual materials from commercial or industrial processes.

Hydropower

Hydropower plants capture the kinetic energy of falling water to generate electricity, using a turbine and a generator to convert the energy from the water to mechanical and then electrical energy. Hydropower currently contributes the greatest share of renewable electricity generation in the United States. For more information, see http://hydropower.inel.gov/prospector/index.shtml

Geothermal Energy

Geo- (Earth) thermal (heat) energy is an enormous, underused heat and power resource that is clean, reliable, and homegrown (making us less dependent on fossil fuel). Earth's energy can be converted into heat and electricity. The three technology categories are geothermal heat pumps, direct-use applications, and electricity production.



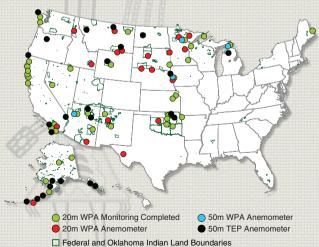
Geothermal (or ground source) heat pumps use temperatures found a few feet below the surface to transfer heat from the ground to the building in winter and from the building to the ground in summer. The rate of installation of ground-source heat pumps is thought to be between 10,000 and 40,000 per year. Direct-use geothermal resources can be used to heat buildings, melt snow, grow plants in greenhouses, dehydrate onions and garlic, heat water for fish farming, and pasteurize milk. Utility-scale electric power can be produced using deep wells, drilled into underground reservoirs to tap steam and very hot water to drive turbines and generators.

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Funding Opportunities

- Funding is provided on a competitive basis for the evaluation and development of renewable energy resources on Tribal lands.
- Each funding opportunity announcement will identify submission requirements, eligibility, and rating criteria.

Tribal Wind Monitoring Sites



Education and Training

- Student internships
 See the Web site for an application form
- Regional workshops
 The Tribal Energy Program conducts periodic workshops for Tribes to learn about renewable energy and energy efficiency and how to develop those resources.
- Renewable energy short courses
 Short courses have been conducted on biomass, solar, and wind energy; renewable energy analysis and economics; business development and project financing; and renewable energy for Tribal community development.

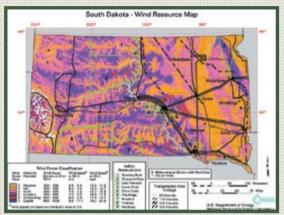


Solar installation at Pueblo of Laguna's Majors Ranch.

Anemometer Loans

- 20-meter and 50-meter anemometer towers are available to Tribes for wind resource monitoring
- To apply, see "Native Americans" at: www.eere.energy.gov/windandhydro/windpoweringamerica

TRIBAL ENERGY PROGRAM



High-resolution wind prospecting maps are available for most Tribal regions.

National Laboratory Technical Assistance

- · Strategic energy planning
- · Renewable energy technology information
- · Renewable resource information
- Project support
- Economic evaluations
- System performance models
- Policy information
- Design review
- Special studies

Assistance provided upon request within available resources. See Web site for instructions on submitting a request.

Information

- Tribal energy Web site www.eere.energy.gov/tribalenergy
 - Features
 - Program information
 - Funding opportunities
- Project summaries
- Project contacts and reports
- Information resources
- Training opportunities
- Program contacts



Guide to Tribal energy development

www.eere.energy.gov/tribalenergy/guide

- Development process
- Strategic planning
- Options analysis
- Organizational development
- Project development
- Resource library
 - Energy resources
 - Technologies
 - Cost
 - Risk factors
 - Legal issues
 - Financing options
 - Contacts
- · Case studies



Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

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The Tribal Energy Program includes (from left to right) Scott Haase, Sandra Begay-Campbell, Thomas Sacco, Lizana Pierce, Victoria DeHerrera, Roger Taylor, and Faline Haven.

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For more information on the Tribal Energy Program visit our Web site at www.eere.energy.gov/tribalenergy

To receive periodic information on funding opportunities, upcoming workshops and training, and other Tribal energy information, join our e-mail list by contacting Lizana Pierce at lizana.pierce@go.doe.gov.











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A Strong Energy Portfolio for a Strong America

Energy efficiency and clean, renewable energy will mean a stronger economy, a cleaner environment, and greater energy independence for America.

Working with a wide array of state, community, industry, and university partners, the U.S.

Department of Energy's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy invests in a diverse portfolio of energy technologies.



Produced for the



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For more information contact: EERE Information Center 1-877-EERE-INF (1-877-337-3463) www.eere.energy.gov

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