#48 in a series of Health Bulletins on issues of pressing interest to all New Yorkers

How Much Is Too Much?



Most adults drink alcohol safely. For some, it's a trap.



- Available in Spanish and Chinese: call 311 or visit nyc.gov/health
- Disponible en español: llame al 311 o visite nyc.gov/health
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How Much Is Too Much?

- For men: More than 4 drinks on one occasion, or more than 14 a week.
- For women and people 65 and older: More than 3 drinks on one occasion, or more than 7 a week.



The Risks of Excessive Drinking

Excessive drinking is unhealthy, and increases the risk of:

- Cirrhosis (scarring) of the liver.
- Hepatitis.
- Osteoporosis.
- Hypertension.
- Enlarged heart or weakening of the heart muscle.
- Cancers of the mouth, throat, esophagus, liver, breast, and colon.

- Weakened immune system.
- Pneumonia and other infections.
- Accidents and injuries.
- Committing or being the victim of violence.
- Depression, dementia, and other mental disorders.
- Suicide.



Some People Shouldn't Drink

People shouldn't drink at all when:

- Driving or operating machinery.
- Pregnant or trying to become pregnant.
- Caring for children or others.
- They have a personal history of alcohol or drug addiction.
- Taking prescription or over-the-counter medications that interact with alcohol.
- Under legal drinking age.
 - Children and adolescents who drink are at much higher risk for motor-vehicle crashes and alcohol-related brain damage.
 - The earlier people start drinking, the more likely they are to become addicted as adults.

You should be extra cautious about drinking if you have:

- A family history of alcoholism or drug addiction.
- Certain illnesses, such as diabetes, congestive heart failure, and long-term liver, stomach, or pancreas problems.
- A history of depression.
- A psychiatric illness.

Alcoholism Is a Disease

- Alcoholism, or alcohol dependence, is a disease that usually gets worse unless it is treated. Symptoms include:
 - Craving a strong urge to drink.
 - Loss of control being unable to stop drinking.
 - Physical dependence withdrawal symptoms (nausea, sweating, shakiness, anxiety).
- Increased tolerance the need to drink greater amounts of alcohol to feel its effects.
- Blackouts forgetting what happens when drinking.

You don't have to be an alcoholic to have a problem.

- A drinking problem is *any* level of drinking that harms the drinker, jeopardizes the drinker's well-being, or places others at risk.
- Even moderate drinking can sometimes be a problem.
 - Taking any amount of alcohol with some medications can be dangerous.
 - Even one drink a day can accelerate liver damage in people with hepatitis.



Problem Drinking Is Treatable

- Looking honestly at your own drinking can be difficult. This is called "denial" and is part of the problem.
- Many treatment options are available. For help and information:
 - Talk to your doctor or a substance abuse counselor.
 - Call 1-800-LifeNet (see More Information).
 - Call Alcoholics Anonymous or go to a meeting.

If someone you care about has a problem:

- Encourage the person to get help.
- Take care of *yourself* consider a support group such as Al-Anon or Alateen.

Don't give up!

People can and do get better, every day. Recovery is possible.



More Information and Help

- Call 1-800-LifeNet (1-800-543-3638) or call 311 and ask for LifeNet for help with alcohol or other substance abuse problems.
- Alcoholics Anonymous: www.nyintergroup.org or 212-647-1680.
- Al-Anon and Alateen: www.nycalanon.org or 212-941-0094.
- National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information: www.samsha.org or 1-800-729-6686.



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Do You Have a Drinking Problem?

Take the CAGE Test

Have you ever:	Yes No
Thought you should Cut down on your drinking?	00
2 Become Annoyed when asked to stop drinking?	00
Felt scared, bad, or Guilty about your drinking?	00
Taken an Eye-opener drink to feel better in the morning?	00

YES to 1 or 2 Questions = Possible Problem YES to 3 or 4 Questions = Probable Dependence





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