



**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE
U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT**



***Iraq – Humanitarian and Reconstruction
Assistance***

Fact Sheet #52, Fiscal Year (FY) 2003

June 26, 2003

- Current Humanitarian Situation (**updated twice a week**)

Sector Updates

Coordination

- On June 26, the U.N High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) appealed for \$90.6 million to fund assistance operations in Iraq, where the agency is helping more than 110,000 refugees mainly from Palestine, Iran, and Turkey, and assisting Iraqi refugees and displaced persons who are starting to return home spontaneously. The \$90.6 includes more than \$59 million that UNHCR already received, as well as approximately \$31 million required to meet estimated needs until the end of the year. UNHCR's appeal is part of the United Nations' (U.N.) humanitarian appeal for Iraq in the amount of \$259 million.
- The Humanitarian Assistance Coordination Center (HACC) in Al Hillah continues coordination efforts, with the United States Government (USG) Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) participating, to encourage stronger linkages between smaller NGOs, private sector partners, and the Office of the Coalition Provisional Authority (OCPA). During a June 25 meeting, 13 organizations including smaller NGOs such as Operation Mercy and FinnRescue shared information on projects and assessments generated by the Government Support Teams (GSTs) and other military sources.

Food

Public Distributions

- The Public Distribution System (PDS) recently reached the one million metric tons (MT) mark for food brought into Iraq. According to the U.N. World Program's (WFP) emergency operation plan, more than 2.2 million MT of food are scheduled to arrive in Iraq by the end of the October distribution.
- June PDS food distributions are complete in the three southern governorates of Al Basrah, Al Muthanna, and Maysan. Distributions will be completed in the fourth southern governorate of Dhi Qar in the coming days.
- The DART, along with OCPA, the Ministry of Trade (MOT), and WFP, finalized the ration amounts for the July distribution. Increased rations will be given in July, with the exception of milk powder, pulses, and oil. The MOT will announce the amounts of the ration in an upcoming public information campaign.

Local Purchase

- The nationwide MOT storage capacity for locally harvested wheat and barley might be currently insufficient for the 1.2 million MT of local wheat grain the MOT is projected to purchase. Capacity concerns revolve around MOT storage space presently utilized by last year's grain harvest, which is reported to include grain spoiled by a fungus infestation.

Health

- With support from USAID partner the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF), on June 22, the Iraqi Ministry of Health restarted the National Immunization Day program, a campaign to immunize Iraq's 4.2 million children under the age of five against preventable diseases such as polio, tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis, measles, and tuberculosis.
- The International Rescue Committee (IRC) launched an immunization campaign in and around the city of Kirkuk on June 22. Thousands of children and women of child-bearing age were immunized against polio, tuberculosis, and tetanus.

Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)

- The U.N. Office of the Humanitarian Coordinator for Iraq's (UNOHCI) Regional Coordinator for Baghdad identified an estimated 25,000 vulnerable people who have been displaced and/or left homeless in the aftermath of the conflict in the Baghdad area. Efforts are being made to better identify and count these vulnerable persons.
- UNHCR remains concerned about the situation of Palestinian IDPs in Baghdad. Since the fall of the previous regime, more than 800 families have been evicted, and another 200 families have been given notice by their landlords to move by the end of the school year. By the end of June, 1,000 families may be in need of permanent shelter.
- UNHCR distributed relief aid to 479 Kurds in Bengawa and Talamater villages in Arbil's southern district of Makhmour. The Kurds were forced out in the 1980s under the "Arabization" program of the previous regime, and only recently reoccupied their property. The return to the villages was facilitated by an arrangement for the sharing of the wheat and barley harvest with the Arab settlers.
- UNHCR has begun registering approximately 140 Syrian refugee families who left Syria in the late 1960s and early 1970s for political reasons, some of whom were evicted from their homes and do not have identity papers.

Security

- WFP reported on June 22 two incidents of drivers being ambushed on the road from Kuwait to Iraq in Safwan and another near attack near Al Basrah. The two trucks attacked in Safwan had a total of 72 bags of wheat flour stolen from the trucks.
- According to WFP, armed assailants forced drivers to abandon three WFP trucks between As Samawah and An Nasiriyah on June 24. As a result, truckers are refusing to handle loads from Kuwait and Umm Qasr through the southern corridor. Armed convoy protection may be required to move food safely to distribution points.
- A UNHCR team visiting the Al Tash camp in western Iraq near Ar Ramadi in Al Anbar Governorate reported that residents complained about a series of violent incidents including shooting, looting, and attacks by the local population over the past weeks.

Current Reconstruction Situation (updated twice a week)

Sector Updates

Security

- In an effort to combat acts of sabotage and looting, OCPA announced the creation of an all-Iraqi security force to be staffed by ex-soldiers that will guard key utility installations in Baghdad. The infrastructure-protection force will eventually employ and train thousands of guards. Sabotage and looting at installations throughout Baghdad have hindered efforts to restore basic services.
- Sporadic looting continues at Umm Qasr port. Shots were fired this week at the Port Captain as he departed the old port, and a sulfur fire broke out, possibly set on purpose, giving off noxious fumes that inhibited port operations. Despite these incidents, 4,166 MT of rice were offloaded from the M/V Thor Orchid's 30,000 MT load during a 24-hour period.
- OCPA has supported Al Basrah River Services, a group of approximately 60 re-enlisted Iraqi Navy, Army, and Coast Guard personnel, who are providing security at the port.

Water and Sanitation

- A major plan for the repair and reconstruction of the Baghdad wastewater treatment system has been developed and will involve collaboration of the DART, Army Corps of Engineers, UNICEF, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), OCPA, and USAID's private sector partner Bechtel.

Fuel

- According to a June 21 report from the Army Corps of Engineers Operation Restore Iraqi Oil (RIO), benzene production in southern Iraq has been affected by fluctuating power to the Al Basrah refinery. The power fluctuations have impacted the performance of the reformer, reducing the refinery's gasoline output. RIO is working to increase benzene imports from Kuwait to more than 3 million liters per day.

Infrastructure

Agriculture

- On June 24, personnel from the As Samawah GST assessed the two privately owned mills in the town. At present, the mills are not operational due to a lack of wheat from the Grain Board silos. In As Samawah, the grain silos have a capacity of 10,000 MT, with an additional storage capacity of 5,000 MT at four warehouses, and 3,000 MT at ten outdoor storage areas that are covered with rubberized canvas.

Airports

- Bechtel reported that work started on the new security checkpoint and parking area at Baghdad International Airport (BIAP). Bechtel subcontracted the job to a Baghdad-based Iraqi firm. This marks the first award for the BIAP.

Bridges

- Bechtel is currently building a bypass road at the severely damaged bridge on Highway 10—the Jordan road near Ar Rutbah. For the high priority Al Fatah bridge that supported 23 oil-related pipelines over the Tigris, Bechtel concluded that once repaired, the damaged structure will be able to support a new pipeline structure. Engineering design work is underway.

Communications

- Bechtel will be implementing emergency repairs to Iraq's communication network. Repairs will likely include reconstructing the country's fiber optic backbone running from north of Mosul, into Baghdad, through An Nasiriyah, and ending in Umm Qasr. A total of 2,000 km of fiber cable will be required to complete the project. The project is expected to take three-months to complete in cooperation with the Iraqi Telephone and Postal Commission (ITPC) and will allow inter-city calling in Iraq. The cost of the fiber optic project is expected to be \$9 million.
- A second Bechtel project is to partially reconstitute the public network in Baghdad that was damaged in the conflict. Ten out of 33 switches were damaged and only one-third of lines in Baghdad are operating. Inoperable lines number 280,000 and are mostly in the city center. Bechtel will install four switches for local access and one switch for international calling, allowing 120,000 lines to return to operation. The estimated cost is \$36 million.

Electricity

- The supply of electricity in Baghdad is approximately 40 percent less than last week, reportedly due to incidents of sabotage at the power plant and fuel lines supply area. Shortages in electrical power resulted in a general shortage of water.
- On June 26, an improvised explosive device killed a driver for the Iraqi power utility in Baghdad, as the city experienced a fourth day with decreased electricity production following the sabotage of a key power line.
- Bechtel and the Iraq Electricity Commission completed efforts to prepare a joint program to increase power generation in the short-term, and rehabilitate plants to improve power output even more in the coming year. Bechtel is beginning to subcontract with companies of the Electricity Commission for important transmission line repairs.
- The town of Umm Qasr is fully powered as of June 26, according to a USAID ports advisor visiting the town.

Umm Qasr Port

- Bechtel reported that the dredging operation at the Umm Qasr port is close to the 2 million cubic meter mark; 2 million cubic meters of silt have been cleared from water alongside the berths and the channel entrance.
- A USAID port advisor reported that three of the four top lifts are repaired and operational in the new port area. Three more top lifts located in the old port will soon be repaired. Bechtel is repairing both container cranes located in the new port.
- USAID private sector partner Stevedoring Services of America (SSA) reported that commercial sea traffic is using the Umm Qasr port. A commercial vessel docked on the roll on/roll off ramp in order to offload cars for sale in Iraq.

U.S. Government Response (New information is underlined.)

Emergency Relief

- USAID's Office of U. S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA) is supporting U.N. and NGO emergency assistance activities through quick-impact projects and IDP support. USAID/OFDA supports projects in the sectors of agriculture, food security, health, logistics, nutrition, shelter, and water and sanitation.
- USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) is providing emergency food commodities through the Bill Emerson Humanitarian Trust (BEHT) and P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance to WFP for distribution to food insecure Iraqis. WFP also received a cash contribution from USAID/FFP for the purchase of commodities in the region.
- The Department of State's Bureau for Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM) contributed assistance for the pre-positioning and emergency response activities of UNHCR, ICRC, the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), and the International Organization for Migration (IOM).
- USAID's Office of Transition Initiatives (USAID/OTI) is supporting the implementation of the Iraq Transition Initiative (ITI). The ITI program supports the process of political stabilization and community recovery in post-

conflict Iraq by providing small grants designed to build confidence among Iraq's diverse ethnic groups, increase citizen participation in decision-making, and rapidly respond to community needs, while establishing and building trust for long term reconstruction efforts. The ITI program is implemented through Development Alternatives International (DAI) and IOM. In addition, USAID/OTI works with the Broadcasting Board of Governors to enhance the capacity of Radio SAWA to broadcast humanitarian and reconstruction reporting.

- With funds from USAID/OFDA, CARE is implementing 21 water and sanitation projects in the South/Central region of Iraq, including Baghdad. CARE reports that materials have arrived and procurement has been completed for several projects, including the purchase and delivery of generators and pumps for the urban areas of Al Hillah, Dauran, Diyalah, Kadasiyah, Khanaqin, and Kamelia.
- International Medical Corps (IMC), a USAID/OFDA implementing partner, will focus efforts on revitalizing the Targeted Nutrition Program (TNP) in Kirkuk and Mosul. Before the hostilities, the TNP worked as a countrywide system of monitoring and treating malnutrition among children under five years of age. The system has three steps: Community Child Care Units (CCCU), which are located in the schools and run by volunteers; Primary Healthcare Clinics (PHCs); and Nutritional Rehabilitation Centers (NRCs), which are located within the hospitals. Working in partnership with UNICEF and various international NGOs, IMC will provide resources and expertise at the community or CCCU level, where the initial growth monitoring of children takes place. IMC recently held two nutrition workshops in Mosul and Kirkuk with TNP volunteers, doctors, and health professionals.
- On June 22, USAID/OTI implementing partner IOM signed a contract for work to repair the Directorate of Education in Mosul. Implementation began on June 23. An IOM grant agreement was signed June 22 to begin reconstruction of the Ninawa primary school in Mosul. In addition, USAID/OTI will sign grant agreements with IOM to begin refurbishment of Mosul's Tuberculosis Center and Al Kudis Health Center.

Reconstruction

- In addition to the emergency relief assistance provided through the DART by USAID and the Department of State, USAID's Asia and Near East Bureau (USAID/ANE) has provided timely assistance for reconstruction activities in Iraq in a broad range of sectors. USAID supports reconstruction projects in education, governance, health, and infrastructure.
- On June 25, 2003, USAID signed a contract with Management Systems International (MSI) to carry out the Monitoring and Evaluating Program Performance (MEPP) activity. Initial funding totaled \$1 million. MEPP will provide regular performance monitoring and periodic performance evaluations of USAID/Iraq's reconstruction portfolio.
- In collaboration with USAID's Architecture and Engineering contract, MEPP will monitor and evaluate activities in the areas of construction, logistics, airport and seaport administration, health care, local governance, education, economic recovery, agriculture, and community action. MSI's MEPP team will arrive in Iraq within the next two to three weeks.
- USAID implementing partner Creative Associates International (CAII) reported that locally hired Iraqi nationals and a core team of Iraqi-Americans are being trained in Al Basrah to systematize and inventory data collection nationwide for educational facilities. Personnel from CAII, UNICEF, and the U.N. Humanitarian Information Center (UNHIC) will carry out the data collection. The methodology designed by CAII, in close collaboration with Coalition civil affairs officers, UNICEF, and UNHIC, is currently receiving approval at the Ministry of Education (MOE).
- USAID implementing partner Cooperative Housing Foundation, Inc. (CHF) began operations in the Babil and Karbala' provinces in the southern region of Iraq.
- A CHF Immediate Results Team (IRT) organized community meetings in the town of Annaneh, a rural village in Babil Governorate with a population of approximately 5,000 people. Two separate meetings were held simultaneously, one meeting with the men and youth, the other with women. One member of the community stated that this was the first time since 1948 that the town was invited to voluntarily attend a meeting. The meetings were concluded with the agreement that residents of the village would convene a community association of eight to twelve persons who will represent the community. This will be done by consensus, and the village will provide CHF with a list of the names of the community association members by next Sunday, June 29.
- A second CHF IRT working in Karbala' reported that they identified community leaders and held several meetings with international organizations and NGOs working in the area. The community leaders in several neighborhoods in Karbala' expressed their willingness to facilitate the work of the IRTs and participate in the consensus-driven process of selecting community association members.
- USAID implementing partner in health Abt Associates is strengthening the Iraqi Nursing Association with the objective of upgrading the nursing profession, which has been neglected for decades.

- Abt will team up with Research Triangle Institute (RTI) and the 82nd Airborne to refurbish 20 primary health clinics in one district of Baghdad that have developed strong community organizations and the capacity to support the clinics and other community infrastructure.

Background

- Since 1991, the Iraqi population has subsisted on the brink of a humanitarian disaster due to the lingering effects of war, sanctions, and drought. Between 1991 and 1996, the U.S. Government provided nearly \$794 million in humanitarian assistance to IDPs in northern Iraq.
- In 1996, the Government of Iraq accepted the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program (OFF), after which humanitarian conditions improved. Revenues from the OFF program provided food, medicine, and other civilian goods to assist vulnerable Iraqis through the Public Distribution System. However, widespread corruption by Iraqi officials limited the effectiveness of the OFF program.
- On March 20, 2003, Coalition forces began military operations in Iraq. On May 1, 2003, 42 days after the conflict began, U.S. President George W. Bush announced that major combat operations in Iraq had ended. Although the recent conflict did not result in the large-scale humanitarian crisis and widespread displacement many had envisioned, the conflict and subsequent disorder have exacerbated the Iraqi population's vulnerable circumstances.
- In March 2003, the United States Government deployed a multi-agency Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) to the region to assess and respond to humanitarian needs and to help coordinate the emergency relief effort. In Iraq, the DART established offices in Arbil, Baghdad, and Al Hillah, with a satellite office in Al Basrah. In addition, DART members were also located in Kuwait and Cyprus, and worked closely with U.N. agencies, NGOs, and in coordination with U.S. Military Civil Affairs personnel.

Other Donor and International Organization Assistance*

DONOR	US \$ (MILLIONS)	DATE (2003)	ASSISTANCE SNAPSHOT
Australia	\$64.9	April 29	U.N. agencies, ICRC, and NGOs
Austria	\$1.1	April 1	UNICEF
Bangladesh	\$2	April 4	Food Assistance
Belgium	\$4.4	April 29	ICRC, UNICEF
Canada	\$74.6	March 26	WFP, UNICEF, UNHCR, OCHA, ICRC, NGOs
China	N/A	March 27	Tents
Czech Republic	\$41	May 22	UNHCR, WFP, and assistance for refugees, health, education, and reconstruction activities
Croatia	\$2.8	May 2	Blankets, sleeping bags, flour, sugar, water purification disinfectants
Denmark	\$54	March 8	Various
European Commission	\$117.7	April 22	U.N. agencies, IOs, and NGOs
Finland	\$5.13	March 25	ICRC, UN OCHA, WFP
France	\$10.7		UNICEF, WFP, NGOs
Germany	\$50	May 5	UNHCR, WFP, ICRC
Greece	\$4.6	May 5	UNHCR, ICRC, NGOs
Iceland	\$3.75	April 8	ICRC, NGOs, UNCHR, WFP
India	\$20	April 4	WFP and U.N. Consolidated Appeal
Ireland	\$5.1	March 31	U.N. agencies and NGOs for humanitarian assistance
Italy	\$16.3	April 29	Field Hospital
Japan	\$212	May 1	U.N. Agencies, NGOs, Bilateral Assistance
Jordan	\$10	May 5	Various
Korea	\$10	April 3	U.N. agencies and Korean NGOs
Kuwait	\$40	March 14	UNHCR, WFP, UNICEF, ICRC, Water and Sanitation, Health
Netherlands	\$20.5	April 2	U.N. Consolidated Appeal and ICRC
New Zealand	\$2.3	April 22	U.N. agencies including WFP, IOs, and NGOs
Saudi Arabia	\$13.3	April 12	Medical Assistance
Spain	\$56.7	April 22	U.N. agencies, bilateral refugee assistance, and NGOs
Sweden	\$38	April 11	OCHA, UNICEF, ICRC, IFRC
Switzerland	\$21.9	April 16	ICRC, UNCHR, IOM, IFRC, OCHA
Taiwan	\$4.3	March 27	Refugee assistance – food, medicine, nonfood items
U.A.E.	N/A	April 22	Medical Assistance
United Kingdom	\$382	April 29	U.N. agencies including WFP, IOs, and NGOs – food, health kits, water units, winter supply kits, primary health, IDP assistance
OTHER DONOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO DATE**			\$1,289 MILLION

*This compilation was drawn from Department of State tracking of donor government pledged or committed funding. The list may not be comprehensive.

** This total is approximate as the value of donated commodities is not available in some cases.

Public Donation Information

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash donations to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for their activities in the Gulf can be found in the “How Can I Help” section at [www.usaid.gov/iraq].
- USAID encourages cash donations because they: allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally appropriate dietary and environmental assistance.
- General information on making donations and volunteering can be found at:
 - USAID: www.usaid.gov/iraq -> “How Can I Help?”
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or 703-276-1914
 - InterAction: www.interaction.org -> “Guide to Appropriate Giving”
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.org.

*Additional Fact Sheets can be obtained from the USAID web site at <http://www.usaid.gov/iraq>

<i>Agency</i>	<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Sector</i>	<i>Regions</i>	<i>Amount</i>
FY 2003				
EMERGENCY RELIEF				
USAID/OFDA				\$54,898,340
	Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$4,061,957
	AirServ	Logistics	Countrywide	\$2,151,585
	ARC	Capacity building, Disaster support	Al Basrah	\$542,047
	The Cuny Center	Research studies	Countrywide	\$40,260
	GOAL	Coordination, Nutrition	Al Muthanna	\$1,507,900
	International Dispensary Association	Health	Countrywide	\$711,850
	InterAction	Coordination	Kuwait City	\$92,860
	IOM	IDP programs	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
	IMC	Capacity building	Countrywide	\$202,900
	Logistics	Commodities and DART support	Countrywide	\$8,003,850
	SCF/US	NGO Consortium	Countrywide	\$883,131
	UNICEF	Health, nutrition, water/sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
	UN OCHA	Coordination and Information	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
	WFP	Logistics and pre-positioning of food	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
Cooperative Agreements				
	IMC	Quick-impact projects: Food Security, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
		Health	Al Basrah, Maysan, Wasit, Kirkuk, At' Tamin	
		Health, Water/Sanitation	An Nasiriyah	
	IRC	Quick-impact projects: Health, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
		Water/Sanitation	Kirkuk, Karbala', Najaf	
	Mercy Corps	Quick-impact projects: Health, Non-Food Items, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
		Water/Sanitation	Kirkuk	
		Water/Sanitation	Diyala, Al Kut, Khanaqin	
		Water/Sanitation	Wasit	
		Water/Sanitation	Al Basrah	
	SCF/US	Quick-impact projects: Food Security, Health, Shelter, Nutrition, Non-Food Items, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
		Nutrition	Mosul	
		Health, Transportation	Mosul	
		Water/Sanitation	Al Basrah	
		Health	Mosul	
		Health	Baghdad	
		Nutrition	Baghdad	
		Water/Sanitation, Health	Al Basrah	
	IDP Support	Al Basrah		
	World Vision	Quick-impact projects: Health, Logistics, Non-Food Items	Countrywide	\$2,500,000
		Water/Sanitation	Al Anbar	
		Hospital Rehabilitation	Al Anbar	
		Water/Sanitation	Mosul	
	CARE	Quick-impact projects	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
		Water System Rehabilitation	Al Anbar	
		Blankets, Hygiene Kits	Baghdad	

U.S. Government Humanitarian and Reconstruction Assistance to Iraq*

USAID/FFP				\$389,333,000
	WFP	Operations	Countrywide	\$55,000,000
	WFP	Emerson Trust – 81,500 MT	Countrywide	\$45,633,000
	WFP	P.L. 480 Title II emergency food commodities – 105,300 MT	Countrywide	\$88,700,000
	WFP	Regional Purchase – 330,000 MT	Countrywide	\$200,000,000
USAID/OTI				\$23,942,344
	Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$708,732
	IOM	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$8,200,000
	DAI	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$14,473,253
	Internews	Media	Countrywide	\$160,359
	SAWA	Media	Countrywide	\$400,000
STATE/PRM				\$37,630,000
	UNHCR	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$21,000,000
	ICRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	IFRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
	IOM	TCN – transportation assistance	Countrywide	\$3,630,000
RECONSTRUCTION				
USAID/ANE				\$307,064,079
	ABT	Health	Countrywide	\$11,995,000
	AFCAP	Logistics	Countrywide	\$8,000,000
	Army Corps of Engineers	Architecture and Engineering services	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
	Bechtel	Capital Construction	Countrywide	\$148,000,000
	Community Action Program	Capacity Building	Countrywide	\$35,000,000
	IRG	Reconstruction Support	Countrywide	\$9,786,094
	RTI	Local Governance	Countrywide	\$19,611,000
	CAII	Education	Countrywide	\$22,853,000
	UNICEF	Health, Water and Sanitation	Countrywide	\$20,000,000
	UNICEF	Education	Countrywide	\$7,000,000
	UNESCO	Textbook Printing	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
	WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	SSA	Port Management	Umm Qasr	\$4,818,985
	SkyLink	Logistics	Baghdad	\$5,000,000
	MSI	Monitoring and Evaluation	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003				\$775,237,763
TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003				\$37,630,000
TOTAL STATE/USAID ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003				\$812,867,763

*Figures in funding sheet are subject to change and do not represent a final official accounting of USG obligations.