

Table 8b. Number and percent of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and nature of injury or illness, All United States, private industry, 2006

Characteristics	Private industry ^{2,3,4}		Sprains, strains, tears		Carpal tunnel syndrome		Tendonitis	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total:	1,183,500	100.0	472,740	100.0	13,010	100.0	4,750	100.0
Length of service with employer:								
Less than 3 months	157,740	13.3	53,570	11.3	350	2.7	370	7.8
3 months to 11 months	259,320	21.9	103,410	21.9	1,370	10.5	950	20.0
1 year to 5 years	394,870	33.4	159,630	33.8	3,620	27.8	1,490	31.4
More than 5 years	361,250	30.5	151,930	32.1	7,620	58.6	1,920	40.4
Race or ethnic origin:								
White	523,320	44.2	209,600	44.3	6,830	52.5	1,830	38.5
Black or African American	94,370	8.0	37,410	7.9	930	7.1	310	6.5
Hispanic or Latino	158,760	13.4	53,620	11.3	840	6.5	530	11.2
Asian	15,350	1.3	4,730	1.0	150	1.2	120	2.5
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	3,820	0.3	1,640	0.3	150	1.2	--	--
American Indian or Alaska Native	5,190	0.4	1,760	0.4	30	0.2	40	0.8
Hispanic and other	680	0.1	150	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	790	0.1	390	0.1	--	--	--	--
Not reported	381,230	32.2	163,460	34.6	4,060	31.2	1,910	40.2
Day of Week:								
Sunday	68,000	5.7	30,020	6.4	520	4.0	170	3.6
Monday	214,420	18.1	85,450	18.1	2,860	22.0	860	18.1
Tuesday	208,540	17.6	81,230	17.2	2,350	18.1	870	18.3
Wednesday	217,500	18.4	85,380	18.1	2,430	18.7	850	17.9
Thursday	202,920	17.1	79,940	16.9	2,230	17.1	980	20.6
Friday	182,780	15.4	74,320	15.7	2,260	17.4	710	14.9
Saturday	89,340	7.5	36,400	7.7	360	2.8	300	6.3
Time of Day:								
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	37,060	3.1	16,960	3.6	120	0.9	120	2.5
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	111,570	9.4	47,650	10.1	480	3.7	230	4.8
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	353,700	29.9	141,990	30.0	1,450	11.1	910	19.2
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	266,850	22.5	101,940	21.6	890	6.8	640	13.5
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	121,050	10.2	46,800	9.9	170	1.3	340	7.2
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	69,890	5.9	28,870	6.1	170	1.3	170	3.6
Not reported	223,380	18.9	88,520	18.7	9,730	74.8	2,340	49.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8b. Number and percent of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and nature of injury or illness, All United States, private industry, 2006

Characteristics	Private industry ^{2,3,4}		Sprains, strains, tears		Carpal tunnel syndrome		Tendonitis	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Hours Worked:								
Occurred before shift began	6,060	0.5	1,930	0.4	20	0.2	--	--
Less than 1 hour	94,200	8.0	38,550	8.2	500	3.8	210	4.4
1 - 2 hours	113,980	9.6	47,490	10.0	420	3.2	310	6.5
2 - 4 hours	248,980	21.0	102,430	21.7	850	6.5	620	13.1
4 - 6 hours	190,880	16.1	76,980	16.3	700	5.4	530	11.2
6 - 8 hours	170,410	14.4	64,530	13.7	450	3.5	470	9.9
8 - 10 hours	84,610	7.1	31,390	6.6	230	1.8	180	3.8
10 - 12 hours	22,930	1.9	8,220	1.7	50	0.4	50	1.1
12 - 16 hours	8,140	0.7	3,640	0.8	--	--	50	1.1
More than 16 hours	710	0.1	390	0.1	--	--	--	--
Not reported	242,590	20.5	97,180	20.6	9,800	75.3	2,340	49.3

¹ Days away from work include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November, 2007