

## Memorandum

Date:

NOV

8 2000

TO

The File

THROUGH:

Susan Ahmed, Ph.D., Associate Executive Director

Directorate for Epidemiology

Russell Roegner, Ph.D., Director

Hazard Analysis Division, EPHA

FROM

Joyce McDonald, EPHA

SUBJECT:

Toy-Related Deaths and Injuries, Calendar Year 1999

This memorandum provides information on toy-related deaths and injuries reported to the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) that occurred during the January 1, 1999 through December 31, 1999 time period.

## **DEATHS**

Sixteen toy-related deaths were reported to the Commission that occurred in 1999. The toys involved in these fatal incidents were as follows:

## Reported Toy-Related Deaths Calendar Year 1999

Type of Toy/Cause of Death	# of Deaths
TOTAL	16
Balloons (Choking/Aspiration)	4
Tricycles and Riding Toys (MVA and Drowning)	4
Toy Balls (Choking)	3
Miniature Pool Game Ball (Choking)	1
Suction Cup-Tipped Projectile from a Toy Dart Gun (Choking)	1
Toy Box (Asphyxia)	1
Half of a Spherical Plastic Toy Container (Asphyxia)	1
Unknown Type of Toy (Aspiration)	1

Source CPSC Death Certificate, In-depth Investigation and Reported Incidents files, 1/1/99 through 12/31/99.

No Mrs/Prvt.birs or Products Identified

CPSC Hotline: 1-800-638-CPSC(2772) ★ CPSC's Web Site: http://www.cpsc.gov

This compares to 14 deaths reported for 1998. However, these numbers do not represent a sample of known probability of selection, nor do they include all the toy-related deaths occurring during the 1999 time period, in part because reporting is not complete for some data sources.

Victims of the 16 fatal incidents ranged in age from 10 months to 11 years old. Eleven of the fatalities involved male victims. The cause of death in 10 of the 16 fatalities was choking or aspiration. Four children (5 and 11 years old, and 22 and 17 months old) choked on or aspirated balloons. Other toys involved in the choking or aspiration deaths were 3 toy balls of various types, a miniature pool game ball, the suction cup projectile of a toy dart and an unspecified type of toy.

Two children rode tricycles into pools, resulting in their deaths. A tricycle and a three-wheeled riding toy were involved in two motor vehicle-related fatalities. Two asphyxiation fatalities involved a toy container and a toy box. (Further details on all 16 toy-related deaths can be found in Appendix A, attached to this memorandum.)

## ESTIMATED INJURIES (NEISS)<sup>2</sup>

In 1999 there were an estimated 152,600 toy-related injuries treated in U.S. hospital emergency rooms. There were no significant trends for estimated toy-related injuries for 1995 through 1999. The injury estimates for those years are shown in the table below.

Calendar Year	Estimated Injuries	Adjusted Estimated Injuries
1995	150,800	139,300
1996	140,700	130,000
1997	141,300	141,300
1998	153,400	153,400
1999	152 600	152 600

Estimated Toy-Related Injuries 1995 to 1999

Source National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS)

Seventy-eight percent (118,300) of the injuries for 1999 were to children under 15 years of age and 46 percent (69,600) were to children under 5. Most of the victims (98%) were treated and released from the hospital.

Fifty-five percent of the total injuries (84,000) occurred to the head and face area, which includes head, face, eyeball, mouth and ear. Arms, from shoulder to finger, accounted for 18 percent of the injuries, while the leg and foot area accounted for 15 percent. The individual body parts having the most injuries overall were faces (37,800), heads (22,100) and mouths (13,500). Lacerations, contusions and abrasions were involved in over half of the total injuries (57%). Overall, males were involved in 60 percent of the toy-related injuries.

Riding toys<sup>4</sup> continue to be associated with more injuries than any other type of toy,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The source of these data is the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS), which is based on a statistical sample of hospital emergency room treated injuries.

The NEISS sample was redesigned beginning in 1997 Estimates for 1995 and 1996 have been adjusted to be comparable to the 1997 data

For the purposes of this document the category of riding toys includes: tricycles, unpowered non-wheeled riding toys, children's wagons, unpowered scooters, powered riding toys, unpowered wheeled riding toys and unspecified types of riding toys.

accounting for 26,100 estimated injuries in 1999. Of the riding toys, wagons and tricycles were Once again associated with the highest number of injuries, with about 7,700 and 6,000 injuries respectively.

	BOOKERS A		conj famor	5	Ä			Sive Wide
<u></u>	990211CNE5095		990100 YONKERS, NY	7 YR	Σ	BALL	CHILD CHOKED ON CLEAR, RUBBER BALL, 175 INCHES IN DIAMETER THAT HAD A PLASTIC FIGURINE MOLDED INTO BALL'S CENTED LISTED AS SAFE FOR SHILL SHAPE	199B0116A X99B3757A
							AND UP HE WAS CHEWING ON THE BALL AND IT SLIPPED TO BACK OF HIS THROAT	
× -	2 X9961974A		FORT MEYERS, FL	2 YR	Σ	TRICYCLE	N A PLASTIC	N9920081A
<u>ത്</u> ന	991209HCC3062		990330 GARDEN GROVE, CA	3 Y.R	Σ	TOY DART	CHILD CHOKED ON THE SUCTION CUP-TIPPED	
							PROJECTILE FROM A TOY DART GUN WHILE JUMPING ON THE COUCH WITH HIS BROTHER DEATH DUE TO	<del></del>
							ASPHYXIA FROM OBSTRUCTION WITH A FOREIGN	
99	991214HCC0189		990405 MARGRETSVILLE, NC	5 YR	Σ	BALLOON	EN A WHO! E BALLOON (") FET OVER FROM	X9993081A
							VED	C 0000
<u>उ</u>	5 19970103A	990718	LUBBOCK, TX	11 YR	ш	BALLOON	CHILD ASPIRATED A LATEX BALLOON PRONOUNCED REAN DEAD SEVEDAL DAYS LATED	
69	6 990924CCC3500	990727	990727 PACOIMA, CA	4 YR	Σ	BALL	CH BECAME	990615086A
								X9983047A
١	000430040	, , 0000			Į.		SECONDARY TO CHOKING	
ກ   ∂ ~   o	9900139219	990814	KIAL I U, CA	7 4 8			RODE TRICYCLE INTO POOL DROWNING	
<u>స</u>	9947035896	990821	NASHVILLE, TN	4 YR	Σ	TRICYCLE	MOTOR VEHICLE COLLISION WITH A TRICYCLE SEVERE HEAD IN 11 IRV	
0	000211HCC0409	906066	HAINES CITY, FL	22	ш	BALLOON	NWHOLE SMALL BALLOON	YOOA3668A
				MOS			DAT	N99A0189A
						<u>-</u>	OBSTRUCTING THE UPPER AIRWAY SHE WAS	
Ö	10 9906153892	000010	000010 HINTINGTON BEACH	2/2			ATTENDING A COOKOUT AT APARTMENT COMPLEX.	
3 +	760001000		SEACH,	۲ -	Σ	S-WHEELED RIDING TOY	3-WHEELEU KIUING IOY VS AUTO IN DRIVEWAY BLUNT X0052025A FORCE HEAD TRAUMA	X0052025A
<u>0</u>	11 991202CCC3050	991003	991003 MURRIETA, CA	10	ц.	BALL	CHILD CHOKED ON A TOY BALL, 3 CM IN DIAMETER	9906157191
				MOS			SHE SWALLOWED THE BALL AND IT BECAME LODGED IN X99A3487A	X99A3487A
							HER THRUAL ASPHYXIA DUE TO ASPIRATION OF A FOREIGN BODY.	
7	12 000921HCC2865	991030		2 YR	Σ	TOY	ASPIRATED A TOY (TYPE OF TOY UNKNOWN AT THIS ITME)	9948118893
30	00626HCC2630	991129	13 000626HCC2630   991129   GREEN BAY, WI	17 MOS	Σ	BALLOON	ASPIRATED A PIECE OF A RUBBER BALLOON	X0062365A
!								

SOURCE CPSC DATA FILES (IPII, DCRT, INDP, NEISS) 1/1/99-10/3/00 U S CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION/EPHA

_															_
X0020370A				F99C6001A	H99C0179	9906219835	X0010237B				G99C0142A,	X0010002A	9926079524	X99C4297A	X99C4347A
M MINIATURE POOL CHILD AT DAYCARE IN A PLAYPEN CHOKED ON	MINIATURE POOL BALL THE BALL, SLIGHTLY OVER 15	INCHES IN DIAMETER, BLOCKED HIS AIRWAY HE WAS	DECLARED BRAIN DEAD SEVERAL DAYS LATER	F TOY CONTAINER HALF OF A PLASTIC TOY CONTAINER (IN THE SHAPE OF F99C6001A	A HALF SPHERE) WAS FOUND COVERING THE CHILD'S   H99C0179	NOSE, MOUTH AND CHIN THE PLASTIC BALL	CONTAINER CONTAINED A NOVELTY TOY KEY RING, A X0010237B	COLLECTOR'S CARD, AND LITERATURE PRELIMINARY	AUTOPSY FINDINGS WERE CONSISTENT WITH	SUFFOCATION	CHILD ASPHYXIATED WITHIN A HAND-ME-DOWN TOY	BOX FILLED WITH TOYS AND DOLLS DEATH CAUSED	BY POSITIONAL ASPHYXIA DUE TO WEDGING IN THE	TOY BOX FACE UP WITH THE LID CLOSED.	
MINIATURE POOL	BALL FROM A	TABLE TOP	GAME SET	TOY CONTAINER						,	M TOY BOX				
Σ				ட							Σ				
17	MOS			2 YR							13	MOS			
CHILLICOTTE, IL	_			SONORA, CA						-	2 LANSING, MI				
91210				91211						į	91212				
14 991215HEP9003 991210 CHILLICOTTE, IL				15 991215CWE6001 991211 SONORA, CA			-				16 991216CCN0048 991212 LANSING, MI				