## Fiscal Service, Treasury

bond's first full semiannual interest accrual period following each announcement of the rate.

#### §351.13 What do I need to know about the savings bond rate to understand redemption value calculations in this subpart?

We determine the savings bond rate by compiling 5-year Treasury securities yields as of the close of business for each day of the previous six months and calculating the monthly average to the nearest one-hundredth of one percent. We then determine the savings bonds rate by taking 90 percent of the 6-month average and rounding the result to the nearest one-hundredth of one percent.

### § 351.14 When are rate announcements that apply to Series EE savings bonds announced?

(a) The Secretary will furnish rates that apply to Series EE savings bonds in announcements published each May 1 and November 1.

(b) If the regularly scheduled date for the announcement is a day when we are not open for business, then the Secretary will make the announcement on the next business day. However, the effective date of the rate remains the first day of the month of the announcement.

(c) The Secretary may announce rates at any other time.

# §351.15 Is the determination of the Secretary on rates and values final?

The Secretary's determination of rates of return and savings bond redemption values is final and conclusive.

### §351.16 What do I need to know about the base denomination for redemption value calculations?

We base all calculations of interest on a unit with a principal amount of \$12.50. We use this unit value to determine the value of bonds in higher denominations. The effect of rounding off the value of the \$12.50 unit increases at higher denominations. This can work to your slight advantage or disadvantage, depending on whether the value is rounded up or down.

Example. The following hypothetical example illustrates the calculation: A rate of 3.25% will result in a newly purchased \$12.50 unit increasing in value after six months to \$12.70, when rounded to the nearest cent. Therefore, a \$5,000 definitive Series EE bond (with a principal amount of \$2,500) will be worth \$2,540 after six months ([\$2,500 divided by \$12.50] × \$12.70 = \$2,540.) In contrast, if applied directly to a \$2,500 principal amount, the rate would render a value of \$2,540.63 after six months, a difference of 63 cents. (This example does not account for any interest penalty that might apply if you redeem a bond less than five years after its issue date.)

# §§351.17-351.18 [Reserved]

SERIES EE SAVINGS BONDS WITH ISSUE DATES PRIOR TO MAY 1, 1995

## §351.19 What are maturity periods of Series EE savings bonds with issue dates prior to May 1, 1995?

Bonds with issue dates from January 1, 1980, through May 1, 1995 have an original maturity period and two extended maturity periods, as shown by the following table:

Issue dates—1st day of	Original term (in years)	First extended term (in years)	Second ex- tended term (in years)	Final maturity dates
Jan. 1980–Oct. 1980	11	10	12	Jan. 2010–Oct. 2010.
Nov. 1980–Apr. 1981	9	10		Nov. 2010–Apr. 2011.
May 1981–Oct. 1982	8	10		May 2011–Oct. 2012.
Nov. 1982–Oct. 1986	10	10		Nov. 2012–Oct. 2016.
Nov. 1986–Feb. 1993	12	10	8	Nov. 2016–Feb. 2023.
Mar. 1993–Apr. 1995	18	10		Mar. 2023–Apr. 2025.