A-570-504 Scope Review **PUBLIC DOCUMENT** DAS III (7): MR

# By Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested

To All Interested Parties:

On May 21, 2001, the Department of Commerce (the Department) received requests from Avon Products, Inc. (Avon) for scope rulings on whether four types of candles it plans to import are covered by the antidumping duty order on petroleum wax candles from the People's Republic of China (PRC).

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(k)(1), the Department has determined that these candles are outside the scope of the antidumping duty order on petroleum wax candles from the PRC.

Enclosed is a memorandum containing the Department's analysis. We will notify the U.S. Customs Service of this decision. If you have any questions, please contact Matthew Renkey at (202) 482-2312.

Sincerely,

Barbara E. Tillman Director Office of AD/CVD Enforcement VII Import Administration

Enclosure

A-570-504 Scope Review **PUBLIC DOCUMENT** DAS III (7): MR

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Joseph A. Spetrini Deputy Assistant Secretary Enforcement Group III
FROM:	Barbara E. Tillman Director Office of AD/CVD Enforcement VII
SUBJECT:	Final Scope Ruling; Antidumping Duty Order on Petroleum Wax Candles From the People's Republic of China (A-570-504); Avon Products, Inc.

## **Summary**

On May 21, 2001, the Department of Commerce (the Department) received requests from Avon Products, Inc. (Avon) for scope rulings on four candles, three of which are identified as "Easter Garden Candles," the fourth as a "Pine Cone Candle," to determine if they are covered by the antidumping duty order on petroleum wax candles from the People's Republic of China (PRC) (<u>Petroleum Wax Candles from the PRC</u>, 51 FR 25085 (July 10, 1986)). In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(k)(1), we recommend that the Department determine that these candles are outside the scope of the antidumping duty order on petroleum wax candles from the PRC.

## Background

Avon filed its requests for scope rulings in proper form on May 21, 2001.

The regulations governing the Department's antidumping scope determinations are found at 19 CFR § 351.225. On matters concerning the scope of an antidumping duty order, the Department first examines the descriptions of the merchandise contained in the petition, the determinations of the Secretary and the International Trade Commission (the Commission), the initial investigation, and the antidumping duty order. This determination may take place with or without a formal inquiry. If the Department determines that these descriptions are dispositive of the matter, the Department will issue a final scope ruling as to whether or not the subject merchandise is covered by the order. *See* 19 CFR 351.225(d).

Conversely, where the descriptions of the merchandise are *not* dispositive, the Department will consider the five additional factors set forth at 19 CFR 351.225(k)(2). These criteria are: i) the

physical characteristics of the merchandise; ii) the expectations of the ultimate purchasers; iii) the ultimate use of the product; iv) the channels of trade in which the product is sold; and v) the manner in which the product is advertised and displayed. The determination as to which analytical framework is most appropriate in any given scope inquiry is made on a case-by-case basis after consideration of all evidence before the Department.

In the instant case, the Department has evaluated Avon's requests in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(k)(1) and the Department finds that the descriptions of the products contained in the petition, the final determinations of the Secretary (including prior scope determinations) and the Commission, the initial investigation, and the antidumping duty order are, in fact, dispositive. Therefore, the Department finds it unnecessary to consider the additional factors set forth at 19 CFR 351.225(k)(2).

Documents and parts thereof from the underlying investigation deemed relevant by the Department to this scope ruling were made part of the record of this determination and are referenced herein. Documents that were not presented to the Department, or placed by it on the record, do not constitute part of the administrative record for this scope determination.

In its petition of September 4, 1985, the National Candle Association requested that the investigation cover:

[c]andles [which] are made from petroleum wax and contain fiber or paper-cored wicks. They are sold in the following shapes: tapers, spirals, and straight-sided dinner candles; rounds, columns, pillars; votives; and various wax-filled containers. These candles may be scented or unscented ... and are generally used by retail consumers in the home or yard for decorative or lighting purposes (Antidumping Petition, September 4, 1985 at 7).

The Department defined the scope of the investigation in its notice of initiation. This scope language carried forward without change through the preliminary and final determinations of sales at less than fair value and the eventual antidumping duty order:

certain scented or unscented petroleum wax candles made from petroleum wax and having fiber or paper-cored wicks. They are sold in the following shapes: tapers, spirals, and straight-sided dinner candles; rounds, columns, pillars, votives; and various wax-filled containers (*Petroleum Wax Candles from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigation*, 50 FR 39743 (September 30, 1985); *see also Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 51 FR 6016 (February 19, 1986), *Final Determination*, 51 FR 25085 (July 10, 1986), and *Antidumping Duty Order: Petroleum Wax Candles from the People's Republic of China* 51 FR 30686 (August 28, 1986)). The Commission adopted a similar definition of the "like product" subject to its determinations, noting that the investigations did not include "birthday, birthday numeral and figurine type candles" (*Determinations of the Commission (Final*), USITC Publication 1888, August 1986, at 4, note 5, and A-2 (Commission Determination)).

Also of relevance to the present scope inquiry is a notice issued to the United States Customs Service in connection with a July 1987 scope determination concerning an exception from the Order for novelty candles, which states:

The Department of Commerce has determined that certain novelty candles, such as Christmas novelty candles, are not within the scope of the antidumping duty order on petroleum-wax candles from the People's Republic of China (PRC). Christmas novelty candles are candles specially designed for use only in connection with the Christmas holiday season. This use is clearly indicated by Christmas scenes and symbols depicted in the candle design. Other novelty candles not within the scope of the order include candles having scenes or symbols of other occasions (*e.g.*, religious holidays or special events) depicted in their designs, figurine candles, and candles shaped in the form of identifiable objects (*e.g.*, animals or numerals), (CIE N-212/85, September 21, 1987; Letter from the Director, Office of Compliance, to Burditt, Bowles & Radzius, Ltd., July 13, 1987).

### **Avon's Scope Request**

Avon argues that all candles subject to this inquiry are in the form of identifiable objects, and that the "Easter Garden Candles" depict symbols associated with the Easter holiday and are designed for use during, and in connection with, that holiday. Avon thus concludes that these candles should be excluded from the scope of the Order. Avon included a sample of each candle with its scope request.

#### Analysis

With respect to the instant request, we find that for the reasons outlined below, these candles fall outside the scope of the Order.

### Easter Garden Candles (PP 226666)

This set includes three candles in the shape of a bunny, a duckling, and a topiary. Each of these candles is shaped as an identifiable object, and they are thus not of a shape that is within the scope of the Order. Since these items are not of a shape that is within the scope of the Order because they are in the shape of identifiable objects, rather than tapers, spirals, straight-sided dinner candles, rounds, columns, pillars, or votives, the Department did not reach an analysis of whether or not these items would qualify as holiday novelty candles.

## Pine Cone Candle (PP 223469)

This candle is clearly in the shape of a pinecone, including clear delineation and sculpting of the ridge for the needles, and, like the Easter Garden candles discussed above, is thus not of a shape that is within the scope of the Order.

## Summary

Avon's "Easter Garden Candles" and "Pine Cone Candle" are in the shape of identifiable objects, and are therefore not of a shape that is within the Order's scope. This conclusion is consistent with the scope of the investigation and the Order, as defined in the petition, as well as the Department's and the Commission's determinations.

## Recommendation

Based on the preceding analysis, we recommend that the Department find that the "Easter Garden Candles" and "Pine Cone Candle" are outside the scope of the Order.

If you agree, we will send the attached letter to the interested parties, and will notify the U.S. Customs Service of our determination.

Agree

\_\_\_\_\_Disagree

Joseph A. Spetrini Deputy Assistant Secretary AD/CVD Enforcement Group III

Date

Attachment