

JUL 1 6 2009

Region VII 601 East 12th Street Room 0429 Kansas City, Missouri 64106

Report Number: A-07-09-02756

Ms. Joan Henneberry
Executive Director
Department of Health Care Policy & Financing
1570 Grant Street
Denver, Colorado 80203-1818

Dear Ms. Henneberry:

Enclosed is the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Office of Inspector General (OIG), final report entitled "Review of Medicaid Credit Balances at Sunny Vista Living Center." We will forward a copy of this report to the HHS action official noted on the following page for review and any action deemed necessary.

The HHS action official will make final determination as to actions taken on all matters reported. We request that you respond to this official within 30 days from the date of this letter. Your response should present any comments or additional information that you believe may have a bearing on the final determination.

Pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, OIG reports generally are made available to the public to the extent that information in the report is not subject to exemptions in the Act. Accordingly, this report will be posted on the Internet at http://oig.hhs.gov.

If you have any questions or comments about this report, please do not hesitate to call me at (816) 426-3591, or contact Jim Korn, Audit Manager, at (303) 844-7153 or through email at <u>James.Korn@oig.hhs.gov</u>. Please refer to report number A-07-09-02756 in all correspondence.

Sincerely,

Patrick J. Cogley

Regional Inspector General

for Audit Services

Enclosure

Direct Reply to HHS Action Official:

Ms. Jackie Garner Consortium Administrator Consortium for Medicaid and Children's Health Operations Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 233 North Michigan Avenue, Suite 600 Chicago, Illinois 60601

Department of Health and Human Services

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

REVIEW OF MEDICAID CREDIT BALANCES AT SUNNY VISTA LIVING CENTER



Daniel R. Levinson Inspector General

> July 2009 A-07-09-02756

Office of Inspector General

http://oig.hhs.gov

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OFFICE OF AUDIT SERVICES FINDINGS AND OPINIONS

The designation of financial or management practices as questionable, a recommendation for the disallowance of costs incurred or claimed, and any other conclusions and recommendations in this report represent the findings and opinions of OAS. Authorized officials of the HHS operating divisions will make final determination on these matters.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, the Medicaid program provides medical assistance to low-income individuals and individuals with disabilities. The Federal and State Governments jointly fund and administer the Medicaid program. At the Federal level, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) administers the program. Each State administers its Medicaid program in accordance with a CMS-approved State plan. Although the State has considerable flexibility in designing and operating its Medicaid program, it must comply with applicable Federal requirements. In Colorado, the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing (State agency) administers the State's Medicaid program in accordance with its CMS-approved State plan.

Providers of Medicaid services, such as nursing facilities, submit claims to the State agency in order to receive compensation for the services they provide to Medicaid beneficiaries. The State agency processes and pays the claims. The Federal Medical Assistance Percentage specifies the percentage of each claim to be reimbursed by Federal funds (this reimbursement is commonly referred to as the Federal share) and is determined pursuant to 42 CFR § 433.10.

Credit balances occur when the Federal reimbursement that a provider receives for services provided to a Medicaid beneficiary exceeds the charges earned, for example when a provider bills Medicaid for more days than the patient was at the facility. In such cases, the provider should return the existing overpayment to the Medicaid program, which pursuant to 42 CFR § 433.139 is the payer of last resort.

To avoid abuse of the Medicaid program, sound fiscal and business practices require provider repayment of identified overpayments within a reasonable period of time. Federal regulations require States to adjust any outstanding credit balances within 60 days after notification by a provider that a credit balance exists. The Code of Colorado Regulations at 10 CCR 2505-10 § 8.076.1 defines abuse of the Medicaid program as provider practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal or business practices, to include failure to repay or make arrangements to repay overpayments or payments made in error.

Sunny Vista Living Center (Sunny Vista) is a 100-bed nursing home located in Colorado Springs, Colorado, that participates in the Medicaid program. It is an independent facility, governed by a volunteer board of directors and not affiliated with any corporation, hospital, or religious order. Sunny Vista provides rehabilitation, restorative services, and long-term care.

OBJECTIVE

Our objective was to determine whether the Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services constituted overpayments that should have been returned to the Medicaid program pursuant to Federal and State requirements.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services included \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) in unallowable overpayments that should have been returned to the Medicaid program pursuant to Federal and State requirements. These Medicaid credit balances also included \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable overpayments that may, subject to further evaluation by the State agency, have to be returned to the Medicaid program.

Although Sunny Vista had informal policies and procedures to identify and confirm outstanding Medicaid credit balances, those policies and procedures specified that after unsuccessful repayment attempts, Sunny Vista would make no further repayment attempts, opting instead to maintain the Medicaid overpayment until the State agency's audit (which typically occurs once every four or five years). As a result, Sunny Vista did not repay Medicaid overpayments totaling \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) to the Medicaid program in a reasonable time period in accordance with Federal and State Medicaid requirements.

These errors occurred because Sunny Vista had inadequate policies and procedures in place to ensure the timely reimbursement of Medicaid overpayments. Specifically, Sunny Vista did not always have policies and procedures in place to:

- document the appropriate method for returning Medicaid overpayments via the State agency's online payment system or any other method;
- communicate with the State agency to resolve any repayment issues; and
- notify the State agency regarding outstanding Medicaid credit balances that were due and payable.

Furthermore, our audit revealed that most of the credit balances over 60 days old were Medicaid overpayments. Due to the inadequacy of policies and procedures that would ensure that Sunny Vista would notify the State agency and refund any overpayments, we are setting aside, for adjudication by the State agency, the remaining credit balances at that facility: credit balances that we did not review and that totaled \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable costs.

In our review of the accounts in Sunny Vista's accounting records, we determined that \$21,768 (\$10,884 Federal share) were not actually overpayments. These funds were included in Sunny Vista's accounting records in error.

RECOMMENDATIONS

We recommend that the State agency:

• recover from Sunny Vista the \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) of Medicaid overpayments and refund the \$37,081 to the Federal Government;

- work with Sunny Vista to evaluate the remaining credit balances that we did not review and determine what portion (if any) of the \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) was due to Medicaid overpayments, and then collect that portion and refund the Federal share to the Federal Government; and
- ensure that Sunny Vista develops, implements, documents, and maintains written policies and procedures to identify outstanding Medicaid credit balances and to notify the State agency of these credit balances in a timely manner.

STATE AGENCY COMMENTS

In written comments on our draft report, the State agency concurred with our recommendations. The State agency's comments appear in their entirety as the Appendix.

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STATE AGENCY COMMENTS

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

Medicaid Program

Pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, the Medicaid program provides medical assistance to low-income individuals and individuals with disabilities. The Federal and State Governments jointly fund and administer the Medicaid program. At the Federal level, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) administers the program. Each State administers its Medicaid program in accordance with a CMS-approved State plan. Although the State has considerable flexibility in designing and operating its Medicaid program, it must comply with applicable Federal requirements. In Colorado, the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing (State agency) administers the State's Medicaid program in accordance with its CMS-approved State plan.

Federal Reimbursement and Medicaid Credit Balances

Providers of Medicaid services, such as nursing facilities, submit claims to the State agency in order to receive compensation for the services they provide to Medicaid beneficiaries. The State agency processes and pays the claims. The Federal Medical Assistance Percentage specifies the percentage of each claim to be reimbursed by Federal funds (this reimbursement is commonly referred to as the Federal share) and is determined pursuant to 42 CFR § 433.10.

Credit balances occur when the Federal reimbursement that a provider receives for services provided to a Medicaid beneficiary exceeds the charges earned, for example when a provider bills Medicaid for more days than the patient was at the facility. In such cases, the provider should return the existing overpayment to the Medicaid program, which pursuant to 42 CFR § 433.139 is the payer of last resort.

To avoid abuse of the Medicaid program, sound fiscal and business practices require provider repayment of identified overpayments within a reasonable period of time. Federal regulations require States to adjust any outstanding credit balances within 60 days after notification by a provider that a credit balance exists. The Code of Colorado Regulations at 10 CCR 2505-10 § 8.076.1 defines abuse of the Medicaid program as provider practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal or business practices, to include failure to repay or make arrangements to repay overpayments or payments made in error.

Sunny Vista Living Center

Sunny Vista Living Center (Sunny Vista) is a 100-bed nursing home located in Colorado Springs, Colorado, that participates in the Medicaid program. It is an independent facility, governed by a volunteer board of directors and not affiliated with any corporation, hospital, or religious order. Sunny Vista provides rehabilitation, restorative services, and long-term care.

OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY

Objective

Our objective was to determine whether the Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services constituted overpayments that should have been returned to the Medicaid program pursuant to Federal and State requirements.

Scope

We identified \$118,016 (\$59,008 Federal share) which comprised the 95 accounts in Sunny Vista's accounting records whose net Medicaid credit balances were, as of February 28, 2009, outstanding over 60 days. We selected 24 of the 95 accounts totaling \$95,931 (\$47,965 Federal share) for detailed testing.

We did not review the overall internal control structure at either Sunny Vista or the State agency because our objective did not require us to do so. Rather, we limited our review of internal controls to obtaining an understanding of the policies and procedures that Sunny Vista used to review credit balances and report overpayments to the Medicaid program.

We performed our fieldwork in April 2009 at Sunny Vista in Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Methodology

To accomplish our objective, we:

- researched and reviewed Federal and State requirements pertaining to Medicaid credit balances;
- identified and reconciled Sunny Vista's Medicaid credit balances to its accounting records as of February 28, 2009;
- reconciled Sunny Vista's February 28, 2009, credit balance list to the accounts receivable records, and reconciled the accounts receivable records to the general ledger;
- judgmentally selected and tested 24 credit balance accounts that were outstanding over 60 days, that had Medicaid listed as a payer, and that had credit balances greater than \$1,000;
- reviewed provider claims reports, patient accounts receivable detail, and additional supporting documentation for each of the judgmentally selected credit balance accounts; and
- coordinated our audit with officials from the State agency.

We conducted this performance audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objective.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services included \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) in unallowable overpayments that should have been returned to the Medicaid program pursuant to Federal and State requirements. These Medicaid credit balances also included \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable overpayments that may, subject to further evaluation by the State agency, have to be returned to the Medicaid program.

Although Sunny Vista had informal policies and procedures to identify and confirm outstanding Medicaid credit balances, those policies and procedures specified that after unsuccessful repayment attempts, Sunny Vista would make no further repayment attempts, opting instead to maintain the Medicaid overpayment until the State agency's audit (which typically occurs once every four or five years). As a result, Sunny Vista did not repay Medicaid overpayments totaling \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) to the Medicaid program in a reasonable time period in accordance with Federal and State Medicaid requirements.

These errors occurred because Sunny Vista had inadequate policies and procedures in place to ensure the timely reimbursement of Medicaid overpayments. Specifically, Sunny Vista did not always have policies and procedures in place to:

- document the appropriate method for returning Medicaid overpayments via the State agency's online payment system or any other method;
- communicate with the State agency to resolve any repayment issues; and
- notify the State agency regarding outstanding Medicaid credit balances that were due and payable.

Furthermore, our audit revealed that most of the credit balances over 60 days old were Medicaid overpayments. Due to the inadequacy of policies and procedures that would ensure that Sunny Vista would notify the State agency and refund any overpayments, we are setting aside, for adjudication by the State agency, the remaining credit balances at that facility: credit balances that we did not review and that totaled \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable costs.

In our review of the accounts in Sunny Vista's accounting records, we determined that \$21,768 (\$10,884 Federal share) were not actually overpayments. These funds were included in Sunny Vista's accounting records in error.

FEDERAL AND STATE MEDICAID REQUIREMENTS

42 U.S.C. § 1396(b)(d)(2)(C) states that, "when an overpayment is discovered, which was made by a State to a person or other entity, the State shall have a period of 60 days in which to recover or attempt to recover such overpayment before adjustment is made in the Federal payment to such State on account of such overpayment [T]he adjustment in the Federal payment shall be made at the end of the 60 days, whether or not recovery was made."

Pursuant to the implementing regulations for this legislation, 42 CFR § 433, subpart F, "Refunding the Federal Share of Medicaid Overpayments to Providers," States must adjust any outstanding credit balances.

In accordance with these Federal regulations, the State agency must adjust the applicable claim or recover the amount of the Medicaid overpayment from the provider within 60 days of notification. The Code of Colorado Regulations at 10 CCR 2505-10 § 8.076.3 states that identified overpayments to a provider are recoverable ". . . through a repayment agreement with the Provider, by offsetting the amount owed against current and future claims of the Provider, through litigation, or by any other appropriate action within the [State agency's] legal authority."

The Code of Colorado Regulations at 10 CCR 2505-10 § 8.076.1 defines abuse of the Medicaid program as provider practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal or business practices, to include failure to repay or make arrangements to repay overpayments or payments made in error. To avoid abuse of the Medicaid program, sound fiscal and business practices require provider repayment of identified overpayments within a reasonable period of time. Although the State regulations contain this language, the State of Colorado does not have any regulations requiring providers to refund Medicaid credit balances within a specified timeframe.

UNALLOWABLE MEDICAID OVERPAYMENTS

Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services included \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) in unallowable overpayments that should have been returned to the Medicaid program pursuant to Federal and State requirements. Our judgmental sample identified 24 cases of Medicaid credit balances at Sunny Vista that were, as of February 28, 2009, over 60 days old.

These overpayments occurred because Sunny Vista did not properly maintain patient census data and patient fiscal records and used a daily reimbursement rate higher than the Medicaid approved rate. Sometimes the credit balances were outside the control of the nursing facility because the appropriate county did not verify the beneficiary's income or determine the patient payment amount in a timely manner.

The types of issues described above can be improved, but the normal operations of the nursing home facility are such that overpayments will occur. Accordingly, this review focused on whether Sunny Vista had adequate policies and procedures in place to notify and repay the State agency in a timely manner once a Medicaid overpayment had been identified.

Sunny Vista had informal policies and procedures to review the Accounts Receivable Detail Report to identify and confirm outstanding Medicaid credit balances. When a Medicaid credit balance was identified, Sunny Vista attempted to make a repayment using the State agency's online system. However, if this was unsuccessful, Sunny Vista recorded the credit balance in an accounts payable account and, pursuant to its informal policies and procedures, made no further repayment attempts. Sunny Vista planned to hold onto the Medicaid funds until the State agency performed its next audit of the facility, which typically occurs once every four to five years. As a result, Sunny Vista did not repay Medicaid overpayments totaling \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) to the Medicaid program in a reasonable time period in accordance with Federal and State Medicaid requirements.

POTENTIALLY UNALLOWABLE MEDICAID OVERPAYMENTS

Medicaid credit balances recorded in Sunny Vista's accounting records for patient services included \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable overpayments that may, subject to further evaluation by the State agency, have to be returned to the Medicaid program.

Our audit revealed that most of the credit balances over 60 days old—that is, most of the credit balances above and beyond the 24 that we judgmentally selected for review—were Medicaid overpayments. Due to the inadequacy of policies and procedures that would ensure that Sunny Vista would notify the State agency and refund any overpayments, we are setting aside, for adjudication by the State agency, the remaining credit balances at that facility: credit balances that we did not review and that totaled \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) in potentially unallowable costs

INADEQUATE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Sunny Vista had inadequate policies and procedures in place to ensure the timely reimbursement of Medicaid overpayments pursuant to Federal and State requirements. Specifically:

- Sunny Vista did not have written policies and procedures in place to notify the State agency regarding outstanding Medicaid credit balances that were due and payable.
- Sunny Vista had not documented its current policies and procedures to identify and
 confirm outstanding Medicaid credit balances or to notify the State agency of such
 balances. Thus, although it appeared that the current Accounting staff was properly
 identifying Medicaid overpayments, a continued absence of documented policies and
 procedures, if combined with any future employee turnover at Sunny Vista, could lead to
 problems in the identification, and timely notification to the State agency, of the
 outstanding Medicaid overpayments.

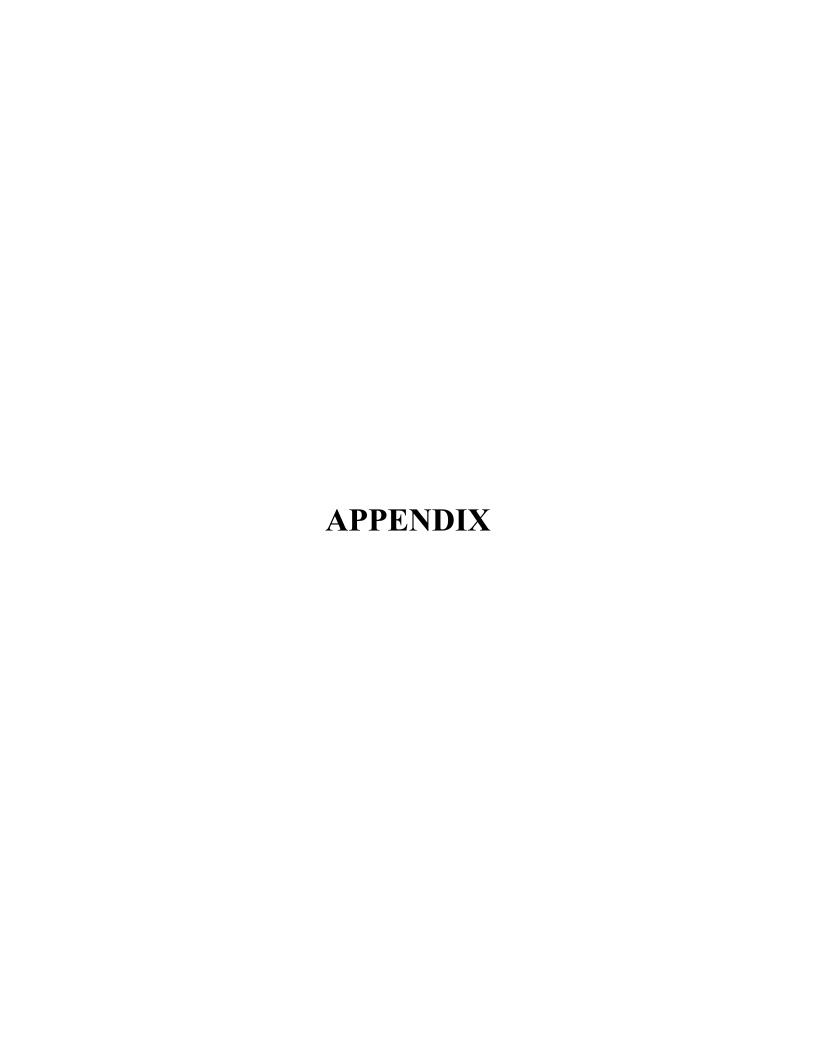
RECOMMENDATIONS

We recommend that the State agency:

- recover from Sunny Vista the \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) of Medicaid overpayments and refund the \$37,081 to the Federal Government;
- work with Sunny Vista to evaluate the remaining credit balances that we did not review and determine what portion (if any) of the \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) was due to Medicaid overpayments, and then collect that portion and refund the Federal share to the Federal Government; and
- ensure that Sunny Vista develops, implements, documents, and maintains written policies and procedures to identify outstanding Medicaid credit balances and to notify the State agency of these credit balances in a timely manner.

STATE AGENCY COMMENTS

In written comments on our draft report, the State agency concurred with our recommendations. The State agency's comments appear in their entirety as the Appendix.





COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY

1570 Grant Street, Denver, CO 80203-1818 • (303) 866-2993 • (303) 866-4411 Fax • 303- 866-4411 Bill Ritter, Jr., Governor • Joan Henneberry, Executive Director

July 16, 2009

Mr. Patrick J. Cogley, Regional Inspector General Office of the Inspector General 601 E. 12th Street, Room 0429 Kansas City, MO 64106

Report Nos. A-07-09-02751, A-07-09-02755, A-07-09-02756

Dear Mr. Cogley

Please find the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing's responses to the 3 Medicaid Provider Credit Balance Audit Reports released in June 2009.

If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact the Department's Audit Coordinator, Laurie Simon at 303-866-2590 or laurie.simon@state.co.us.

Sincerely

Joan Henneberry Executive Director

JH:las

cc: HCPF Executive Director's Office

Jennifer Evans, Administration and Operations Office Director

Laurie Simon, HCPF Audit Coordinator James Korn, OIG Audit Manager

"The mission of the Department of Health Care Policy & Financing is to improve access to cost-effective, quality health care services for Coloradans" http://www.chcpf.state.co.us

The Department of Health Care Policy and Financing's Responses to Office of the Inspector General's Medicaid Credit Balance Audit Recommendations (Sunny Vista)

July 16, 2009

Recommendation #1: Recover from Sunny Vista the \$74,163 (\$37,081 Federal share) of Medicaid overpayments and refund the \$37,081 to the Federal Government;

Health Care Policy and Financing's Response to #1:

Concur.

The Department agrees with the need to recover the identified overpayments represented by credit balances greater than 60 days old in Sunny Vista's accounting records, and will communicate with Sunny Vista to obtain this recovery.

Recommendation #2: Work with Sunny Vista to evaluate the remaining credit balances that we did not review and determine what portion (if any) of the \$22,085 (\$11,043 Federal share) was due to Medicaid overpayments, and then collect that portion and refund the Federal share to the Federal Government.

Health Care Policy and Financing's Response to #2:

Concur.

The Department will work with Sunny Vista to determine if other credit balances over 60 days old exist which represent overpayments from the Department, and will recover the applicable overpayments.

Recommendation #3: Ensure that Sunny Vista develops, implements, documents, and maintains written policies and procedures to identify outstanding Medicaid credit balances and to notify the State agency of these credit balances in a timely manner.

Health Care Policy and Financing's Response to #3:

Concur.

The Department will work with Sunny Vista to ensure that the facility understands the requirement to refund overpayments to the Department on a timely basis, and to then ensure the facility adopts appropriate written policies and procedures to this effect.

Implementation dates for all 3 recommendations is August 2009.