INTEGRATING PROBABILISTIC AND TARGETED SURVEYS

The New Hampshire Experience So Far and Some Insights

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8th EMAP Symposium

April 10-11, 2007 Washington, DC

THE PROBLEM:

Not enough assessment coverage with targeted sampling

THE SOLUTION: (maybe?)

State level probabilistic surveys
supplemented with watershed-level
targeted sampling

NH ASSESSMENT UNITS1

WATERBODY TYPE	AGGREGATE SIZE	NUMBER OF ASSESS MENT UNITS (AUs)	AVERAGE AU SIZE	MIN. AU SIZE	MAX. AU ZIZE
Estuary	11,520 ac.	57	192	1.3	2,880
Impound ment	21,406 ac.	811	26.4	0.01	3,800
Lake	164,472 ac.	1,134	145	0.097	44,585
Ocean	44,800 ac.	26	1,728	0.2	39,296
River	9,628 mi.	3,183	3	0.01	19

Total assessment units 5211

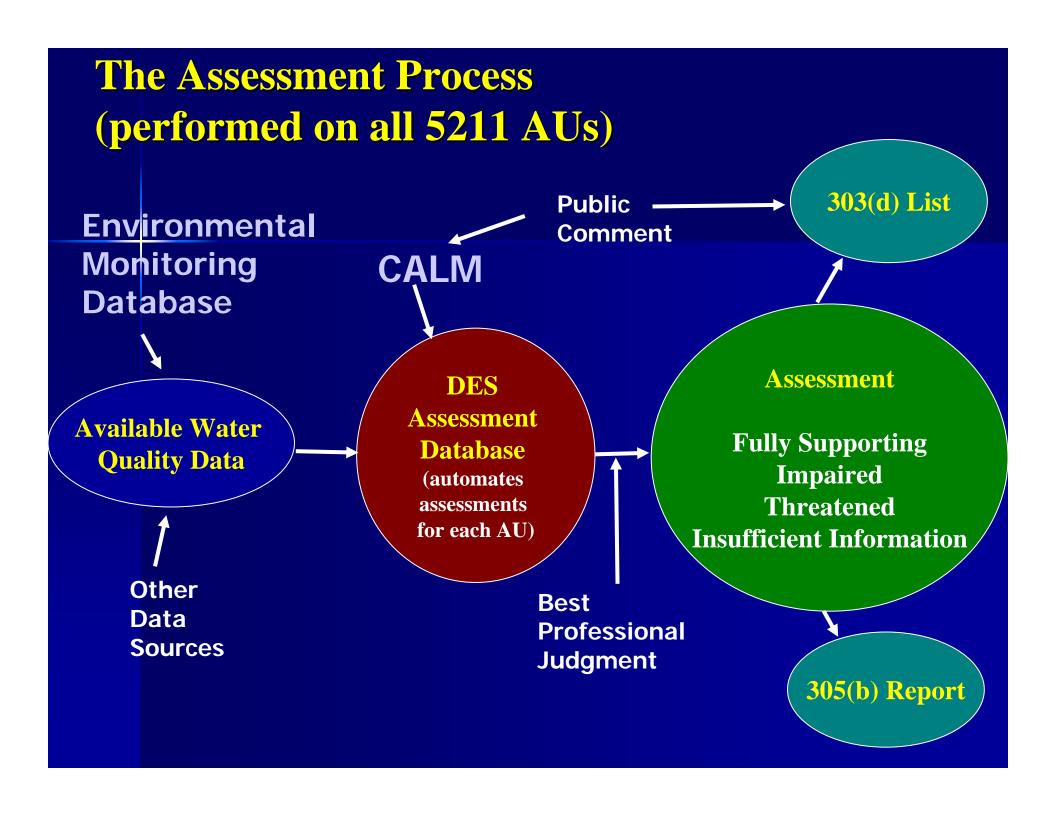
¹NH Waterbody Atlas is based on 1:100K NHD

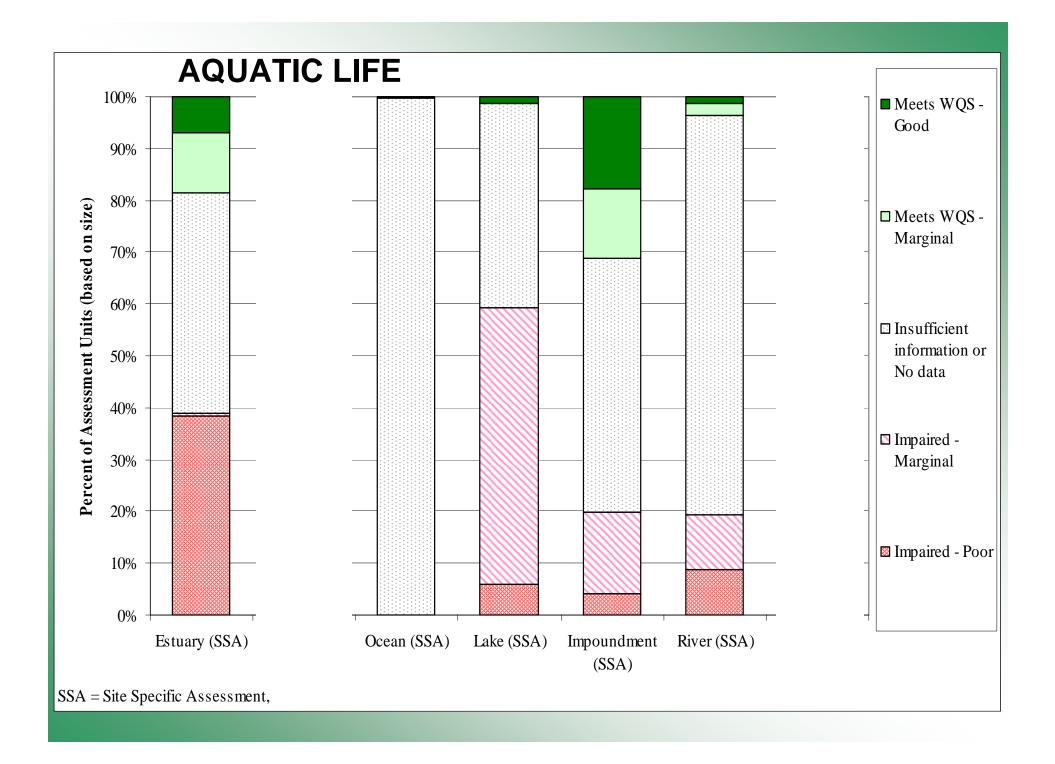
NH DESIGNATED USES

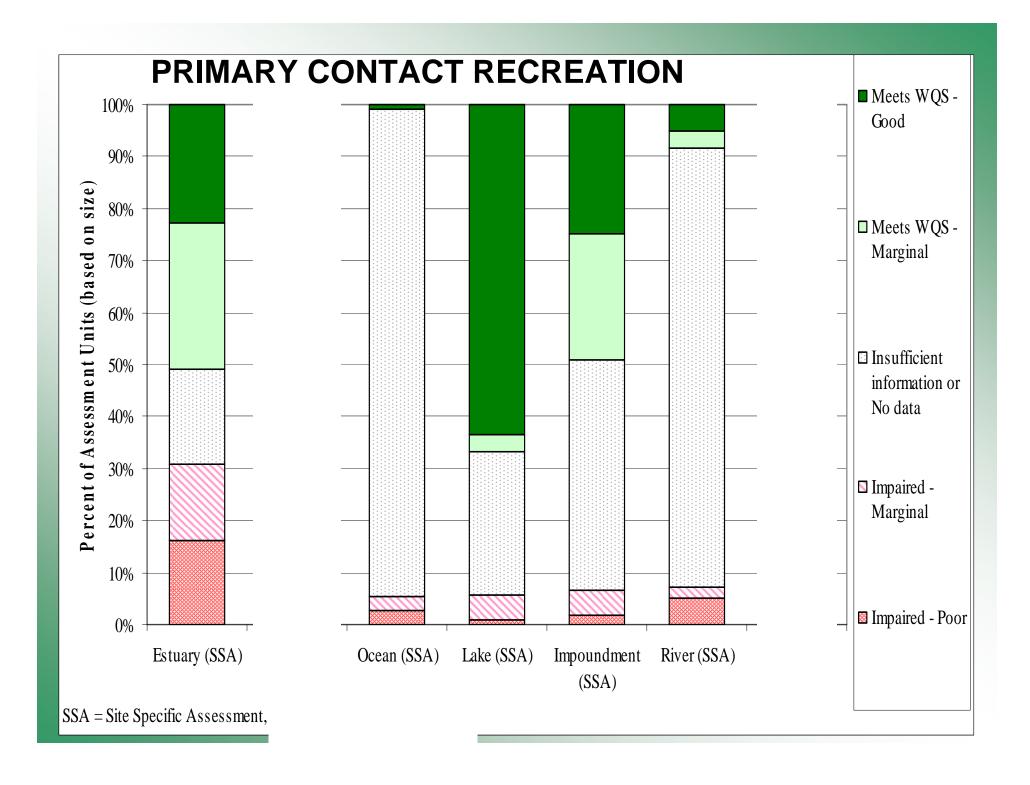
- · Aquatic Life
- · Primary Contact Recreation
- · Secondary Contact Recreation
- · Fish/Shellfish Consumption1
- · Drinking Water Supply²
- Wildlife³

NOTES:

- 1 Statewide Fish Consumption Advisory for Hg
- 2 All waters suitable after adequate treatment
- 3 Assessment methodology not yet developed

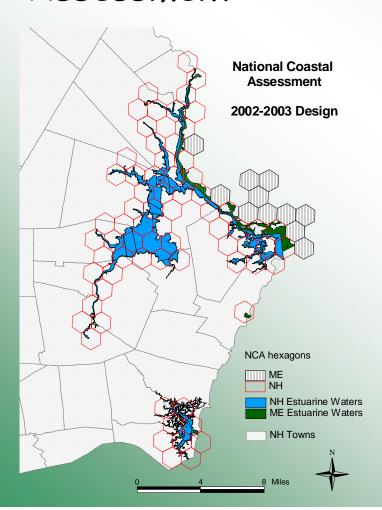






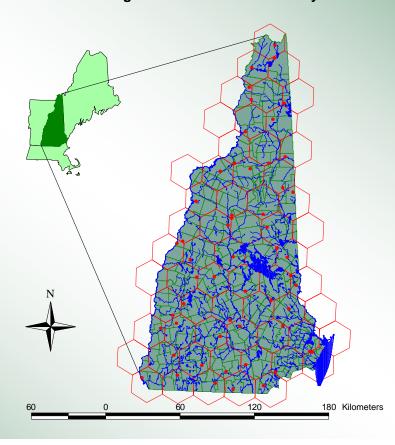
TWO TRIAL DATASETS

 National Coastal Assessment



New England
 Wadeable Streams

New Hampshire Stations for the New England Wadeable Stream Study



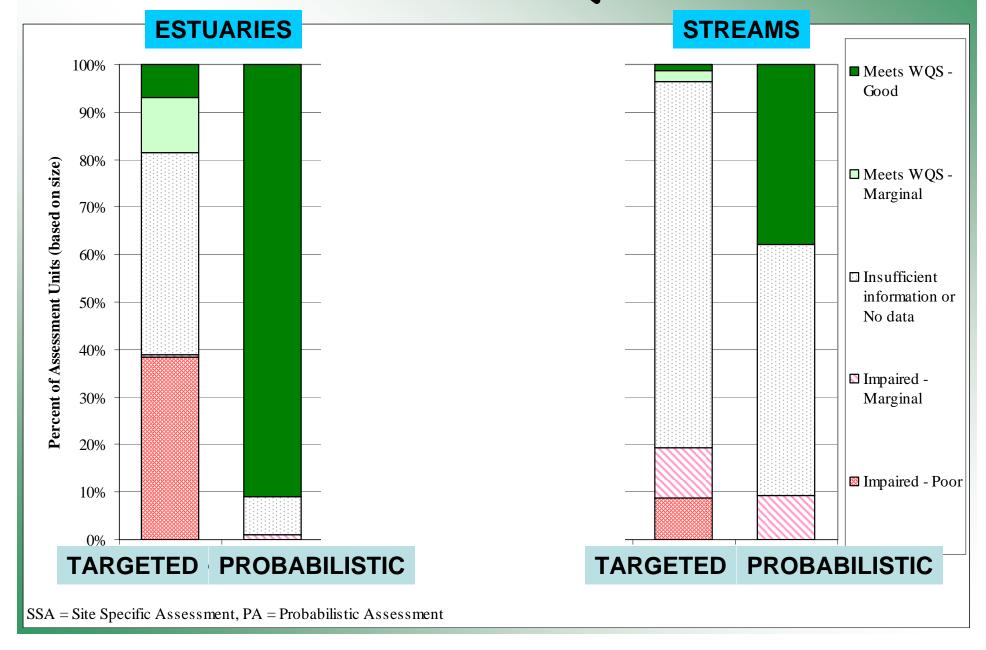
PROBABILISTIC DESIGN

- Put a hex grid over all waters of the selected type
- Use NHD to select area in hex that has waters
- Do a random draw of succesive random points on the waters in each hex
- Attempt sampling at selected points in priority order until success
- · Minimize # of station visits at each point

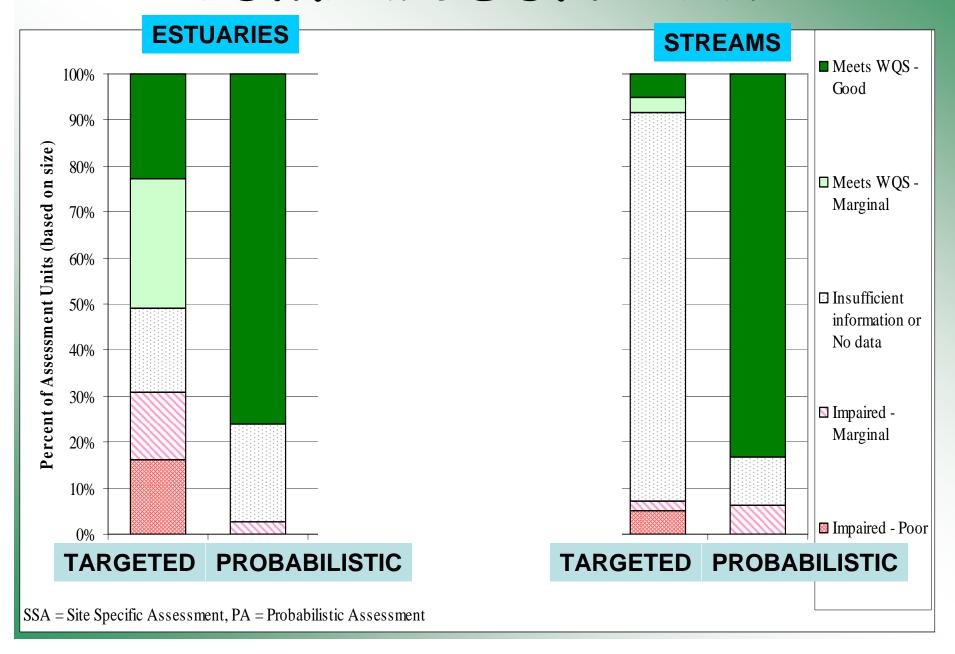
CALMing INFORMATION

- NH has biological metrics only for wadeable streams (benthic IBI)
 - Wadeable streams are ~ 94% of total stream miles
- · ALUS is assessed for other types by
 - Instantaneous minimum DO
 - Daily average DO
 - pH
- · PRIMARY CONTACT RECREATION (all types)
 - 60 d. Geometric mean of 3+ ecoli samples (FW)
 - 60 d. Geometric mean of 3+ enterococci samples (tidal)

COMPARISON - AQUATIC LIFE



COMPARISON - PCR



WHAT DID WE LEARN?

- Need CALM redesign for probabilistic sampling
 - Could not assess avg daily DO
 - Could not meet minimum sample set for pH
 - Could not get geo mean for PCR (estuaries)
 - Needed revisits at streams for geo mean

WADEABLE STREAM METRICS DIDN'T WORK WELL

- Metrics constructed for moderate gradient stream reaches
- Many selected locations were low gradient - could not use metrics
 - Large reduction in assessment coverage

APPARENT DIFFERENCE IN % IMPAIRED

- Probabilistic assessment seems to yield less impairments than targeted assessments
 - Even in the estuaries where the targeted data are close to a complete census
 - Outside the 95% confidence limit unlikely
- 22222

CONCLUSIONS

- Probabilistic sampling is still the only feasible way to get a comprehensive assessment
- CALM revision is needed: Current sampling methods are for targeted sampling
- To work, probabilistic sampling must yield an assessment in most all spatial units.
- The differing conclusions in estuaries and streams from targeted and probabilistic sampling need to be understood and resolved

THANKS TO THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ASSESSMENT TEAM WHO DID THE NUMBER CRUNCHING!

- · Gregg Comstock WQ Planning
- · Dave Neils Biomonitoring
- · Phil Trowbridge Coastal Scientist
- · Ken Edwardson 305(b) and ADB guru