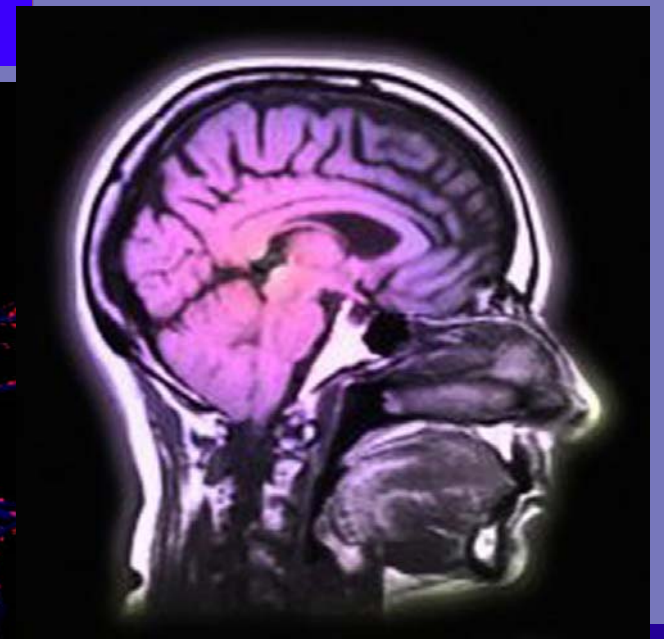
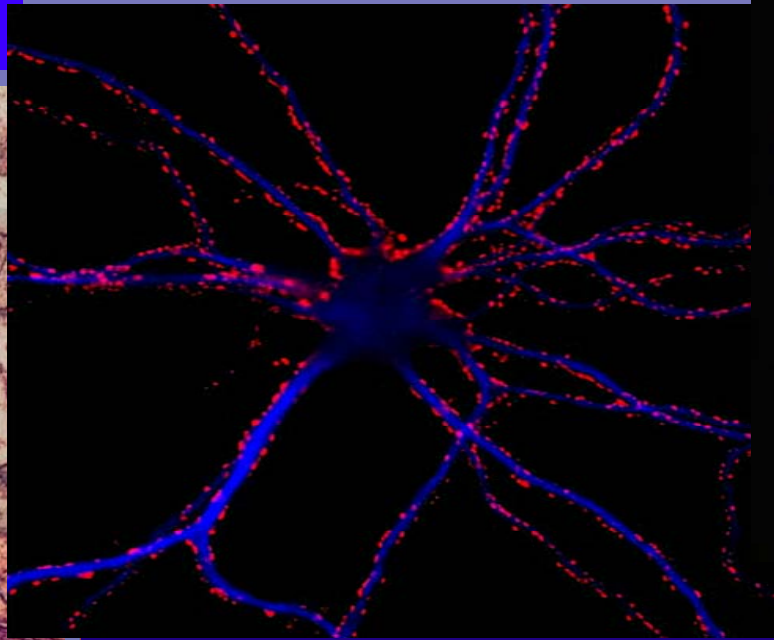
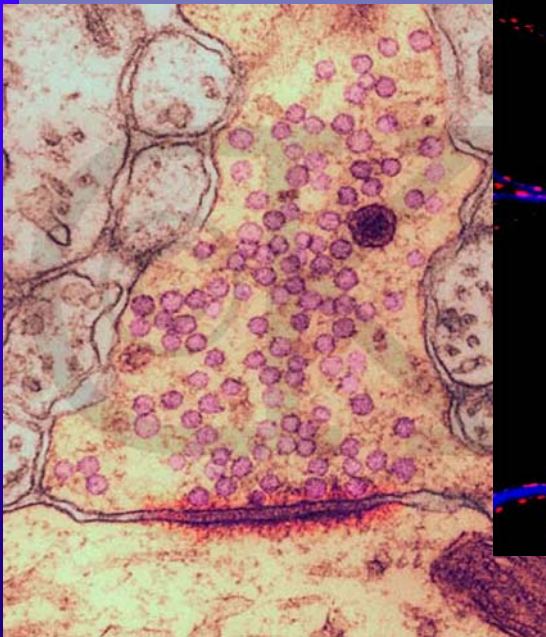


# *Cadherin- $\beta$ -catenin Adhesion Complexes in Synaptic Development and Remodeling*

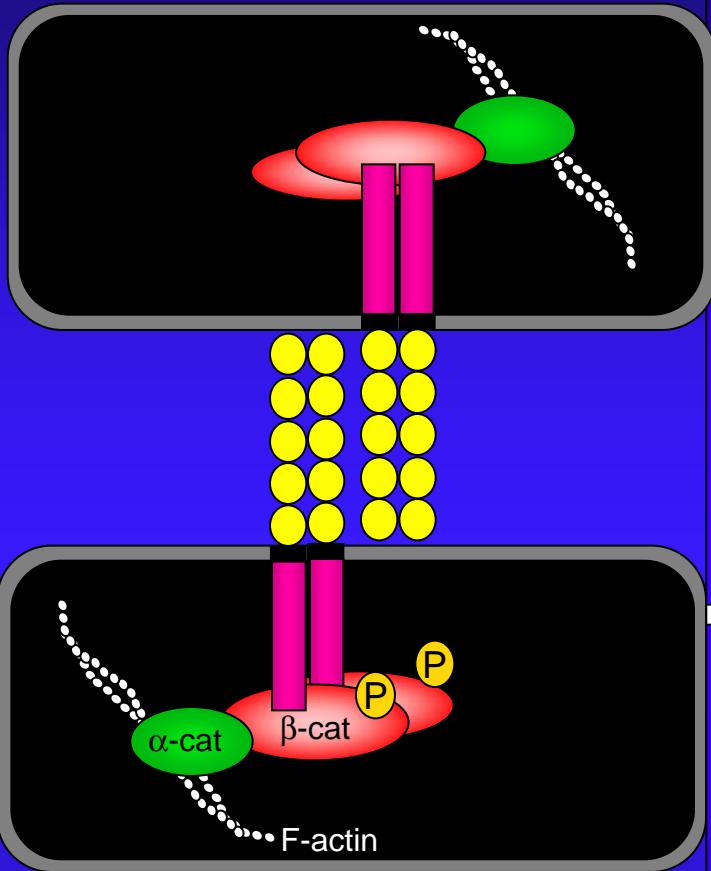
*Shernaz X. Bamji*

University of British Columbia

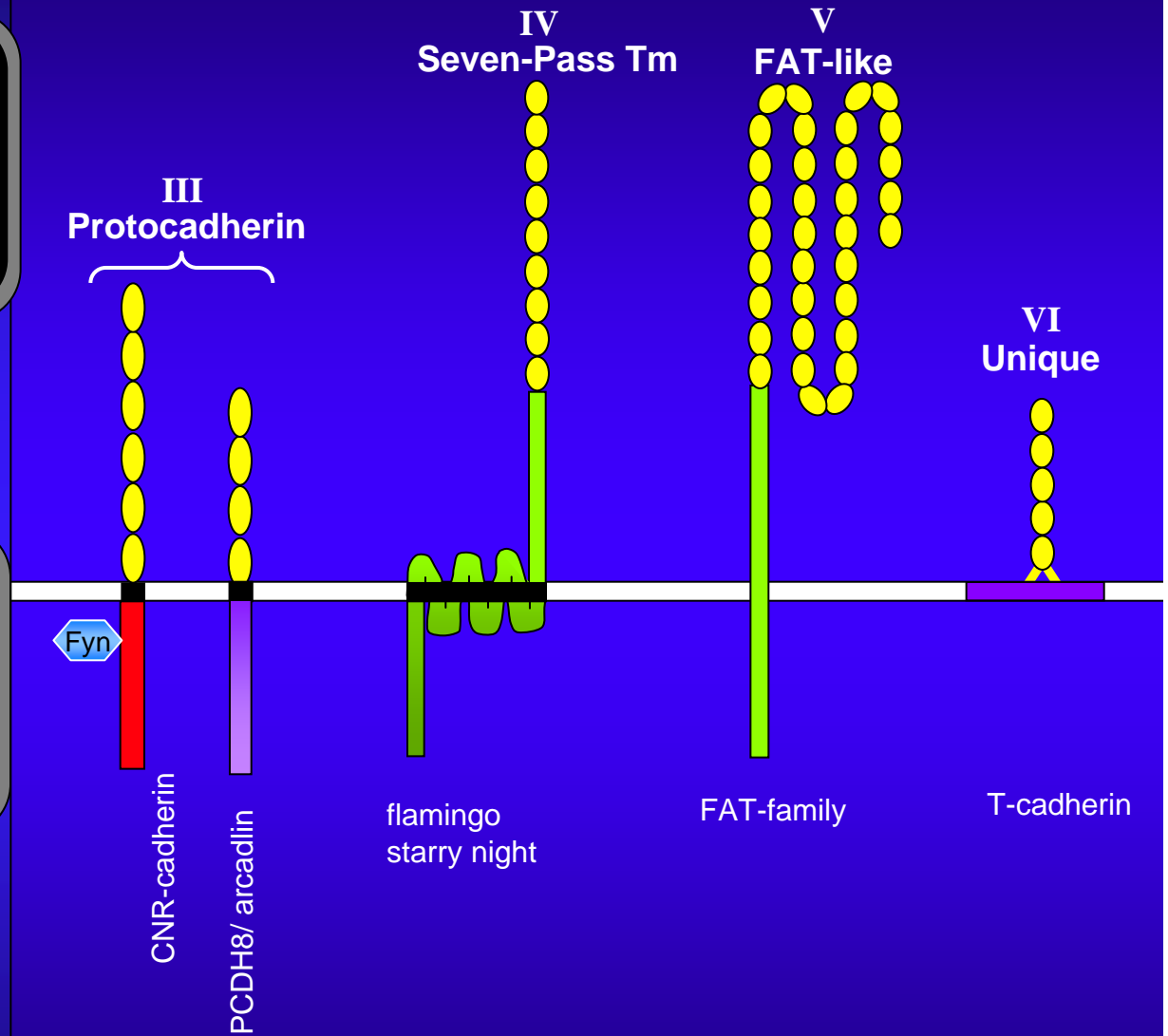
2006 NIDA Frontiers in Addiction Mini-Convention



# Cadherin Superfamily



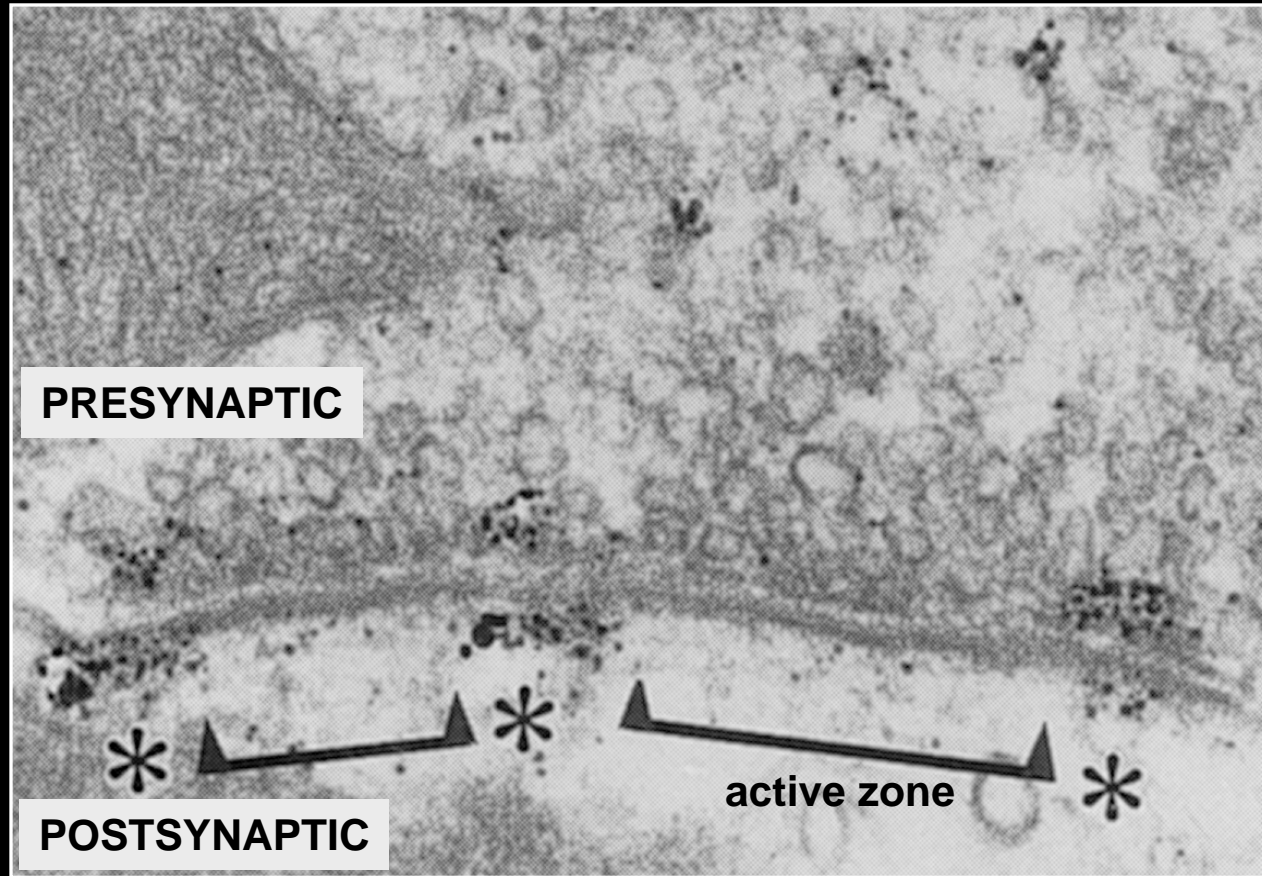
- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| <u>Type I:</u> | <u>Type II:</u> |
| N-cad          | VE-cad          |
| E-cad          | K-cad           |
| P-cad          | cad-8 to 12     |
| R-cad          | cad-18 to 20    |
| H-cad          | cad-24          |
| C-cad          |                 |
| DE-cad         |                 |



Adapted from : Angst et al., J.Cell Sci. 114:629

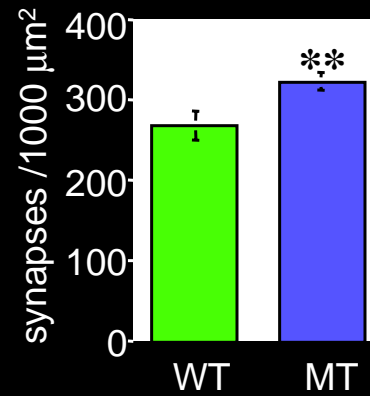
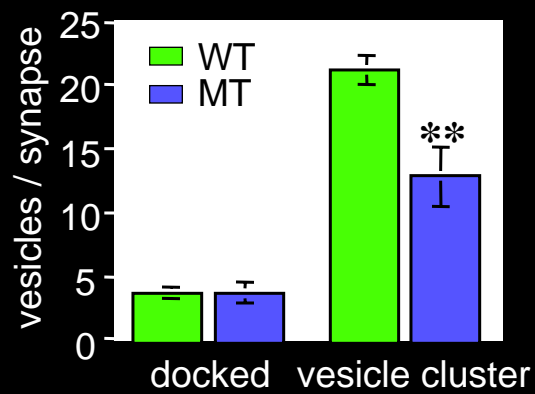
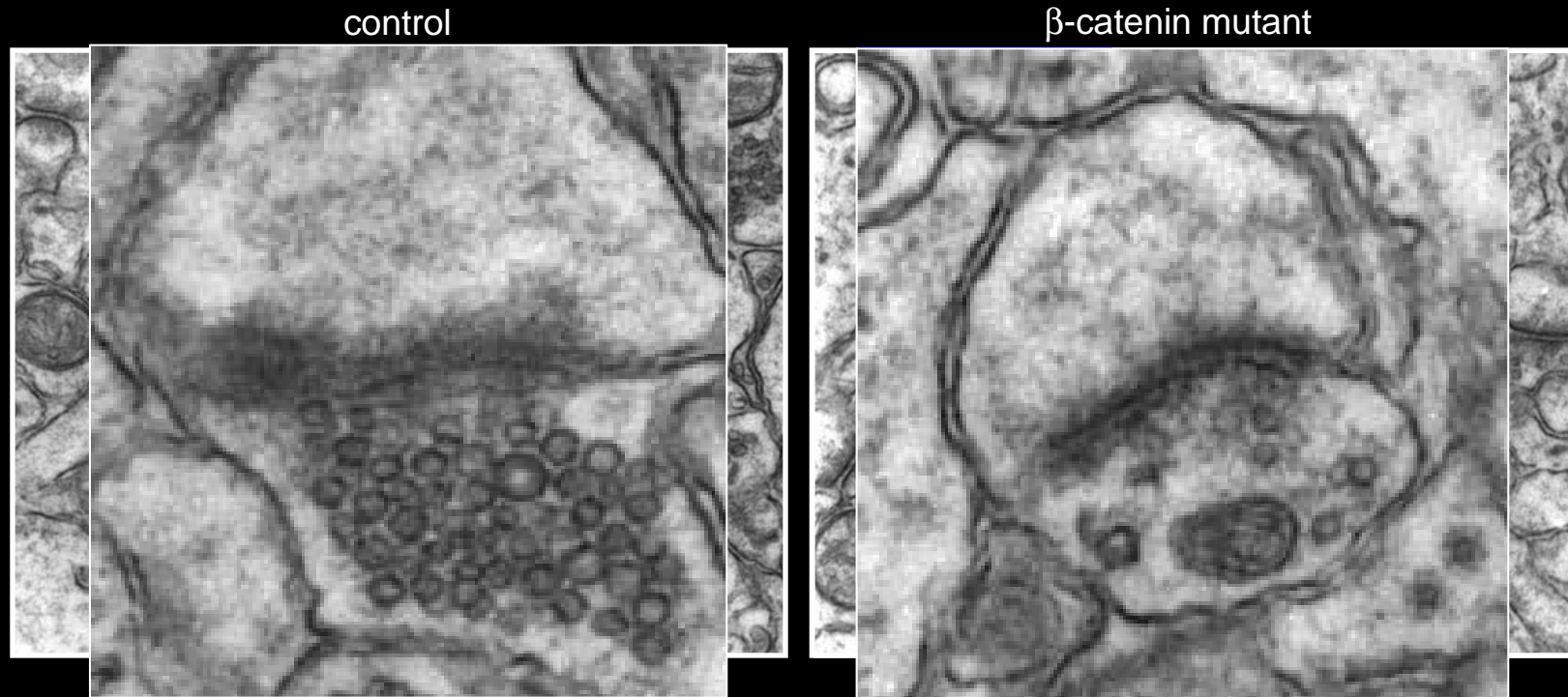
# Synaptic localization of cadherin and catenin

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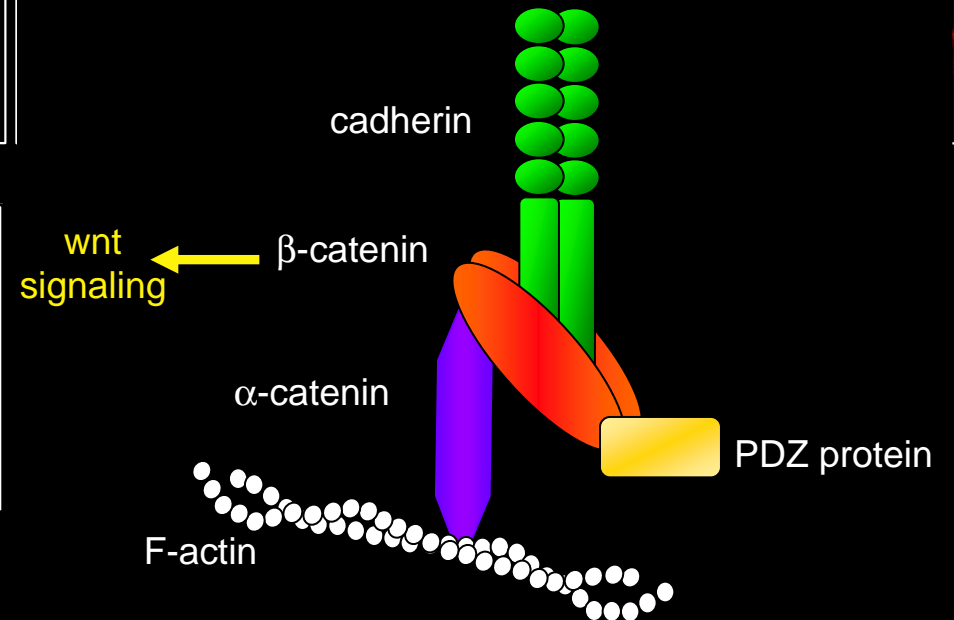
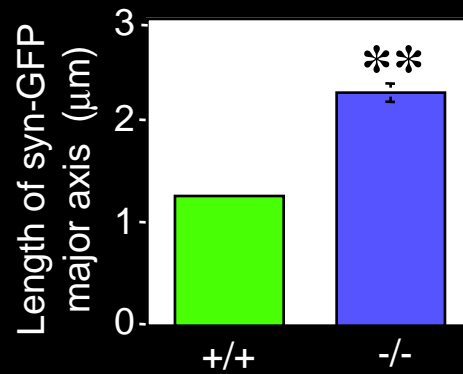
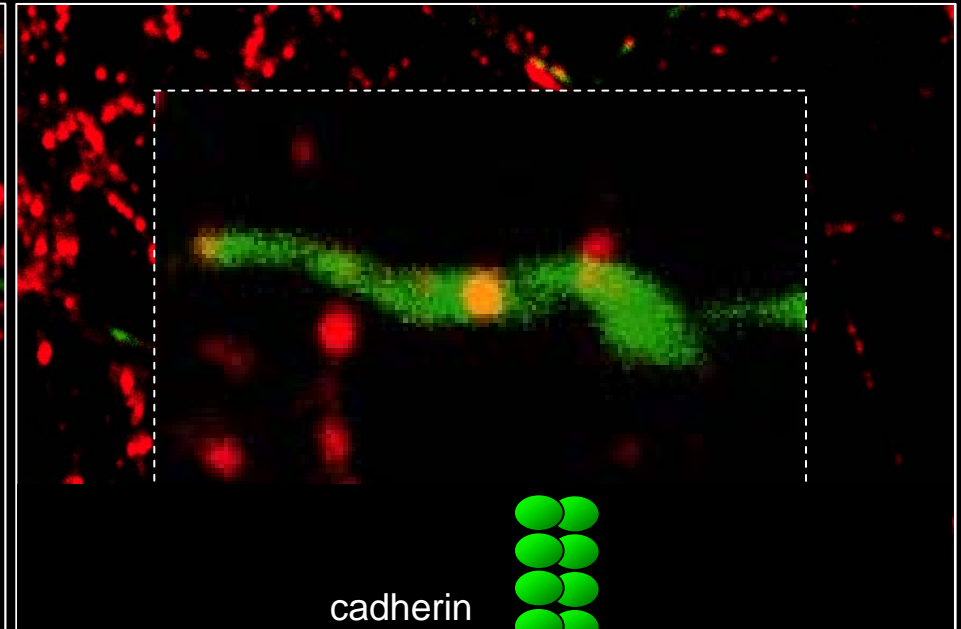
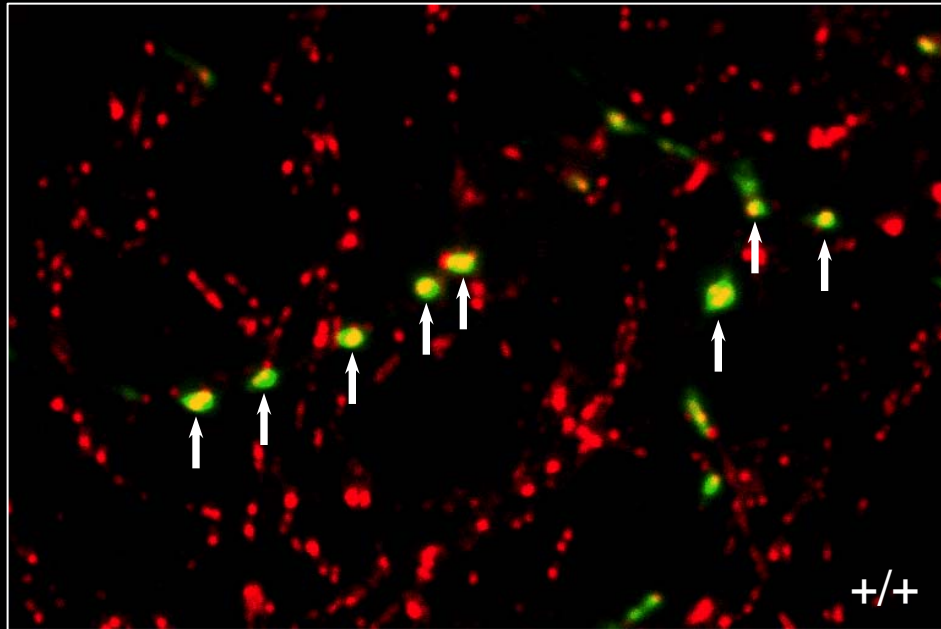
Uchida et al. 1996. JCB. 135:767-779

# Synapse number and structure is altered in $\beta$ -catenin mutant mice



# Synaptic vesicles are diffusely localized when $\beta$ -catenin is ablated

Synaptophysin-GFP / bassoon



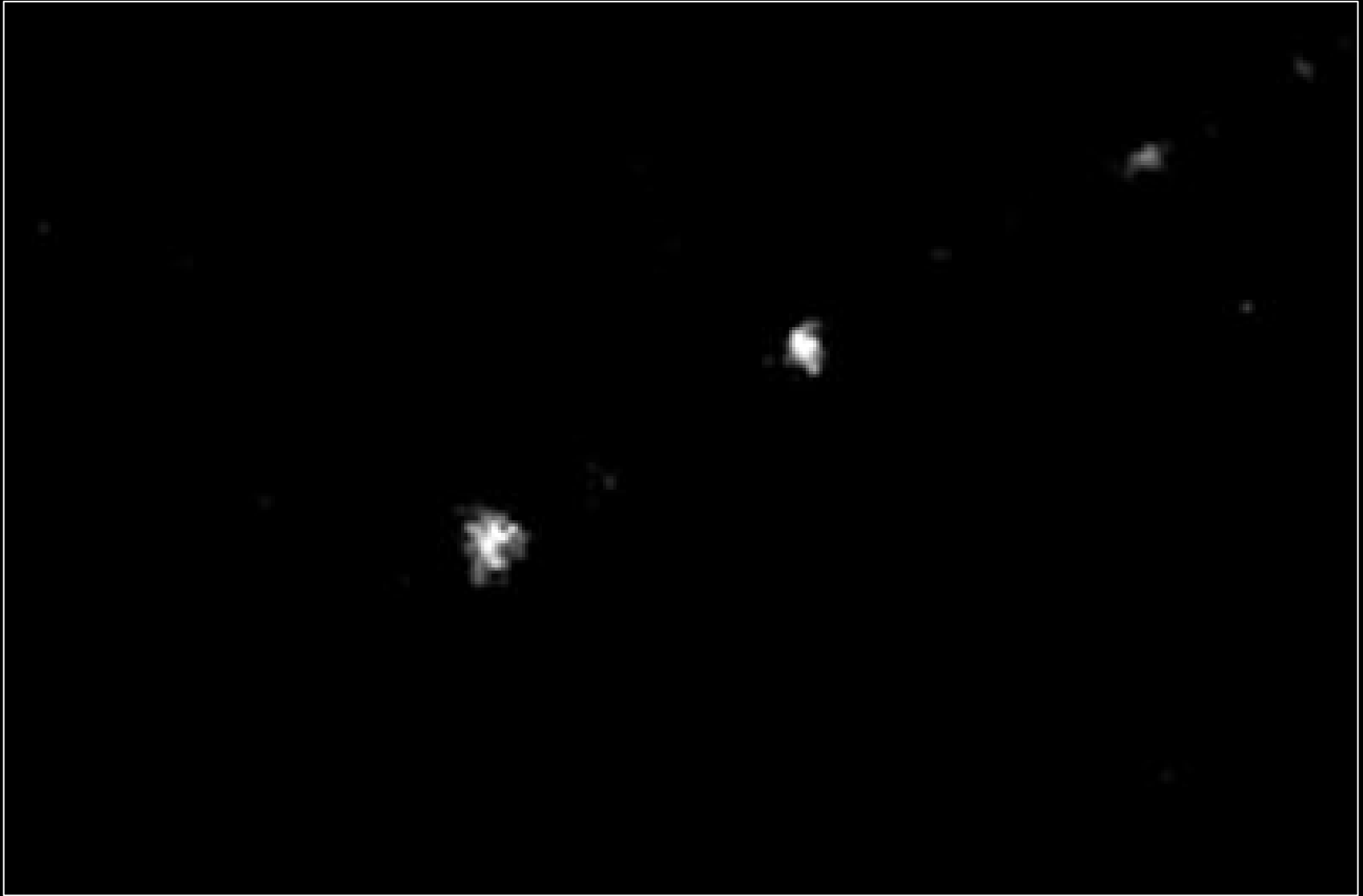
## What is the function of cadherin in synaptic plasticity?

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- 👉 Does regulation of cadherin- $\beta$ -catenin interactions affect synaptic remodeling and plasticity?
- 👉 What are the upstream regulators of cadherin- $\beta$ -catenin interactions?

# There is an Increase in SV Cluster Splitting Following BDNF Treatment

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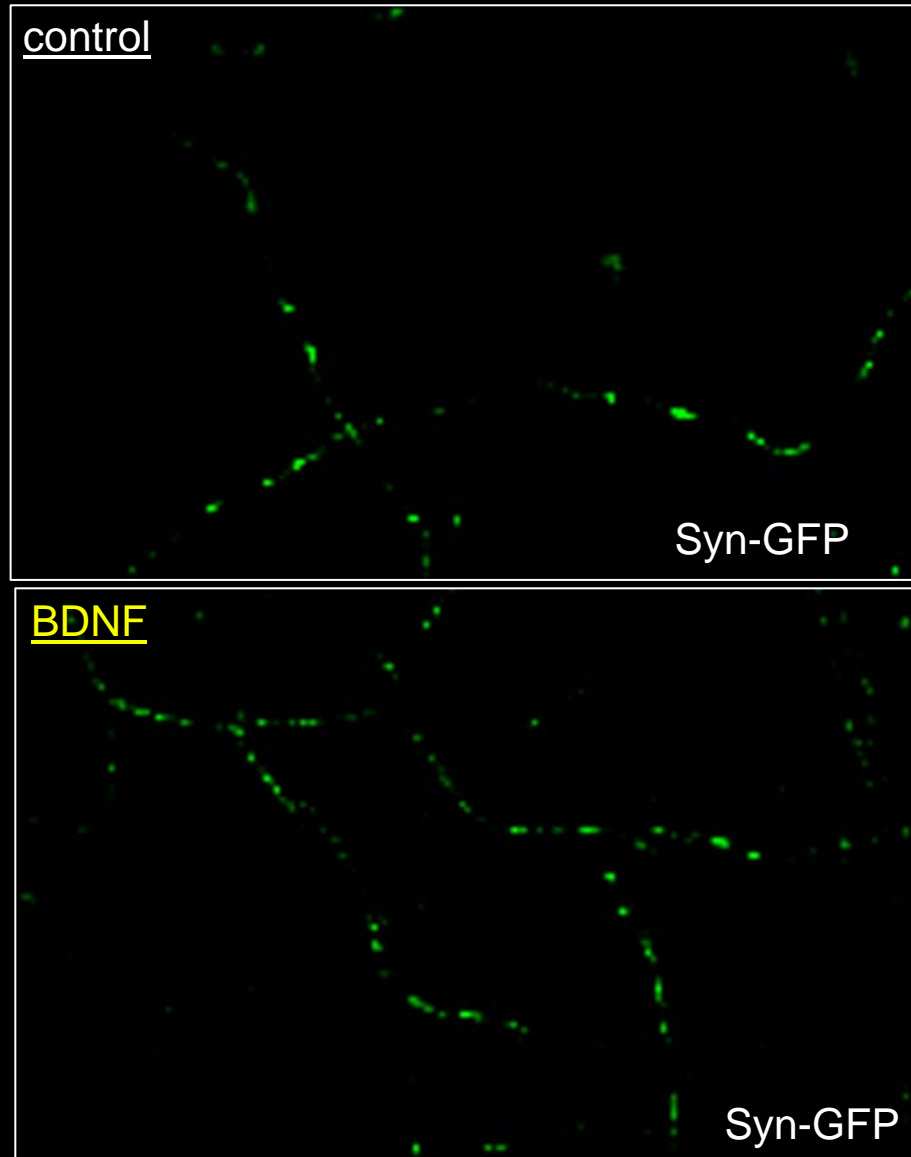


Rate : 1 frame/ 5 sec

2  $\mu$ m

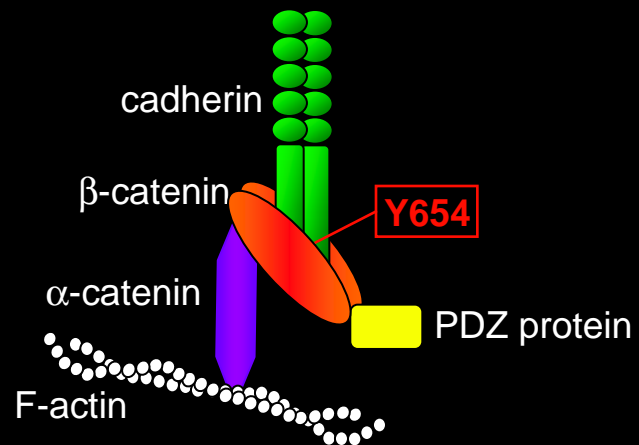
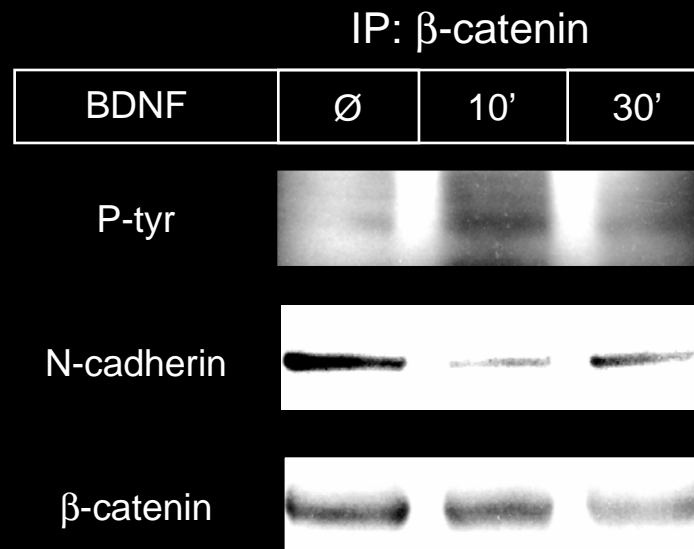
# BDNF increases the density of synaptophysin-GFP puncta

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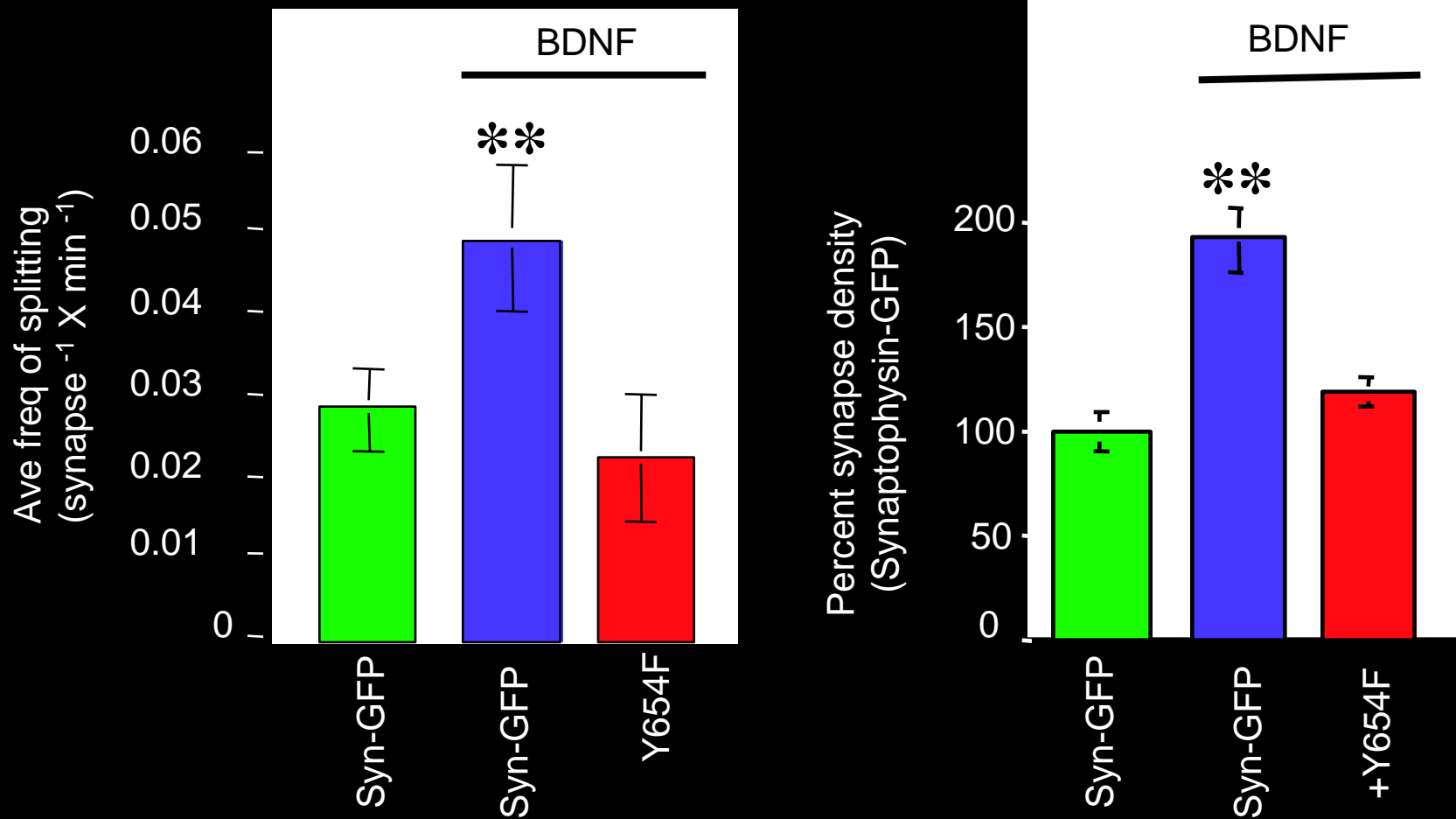




# BDNF mediates cadherin- $\beta$ -catenin uncoupling



BDNF increases the frequency of synaptic vesicle cluster “splitting” and the density of synapses by disrupting cadherin-  $\beta$ -catenin complexes

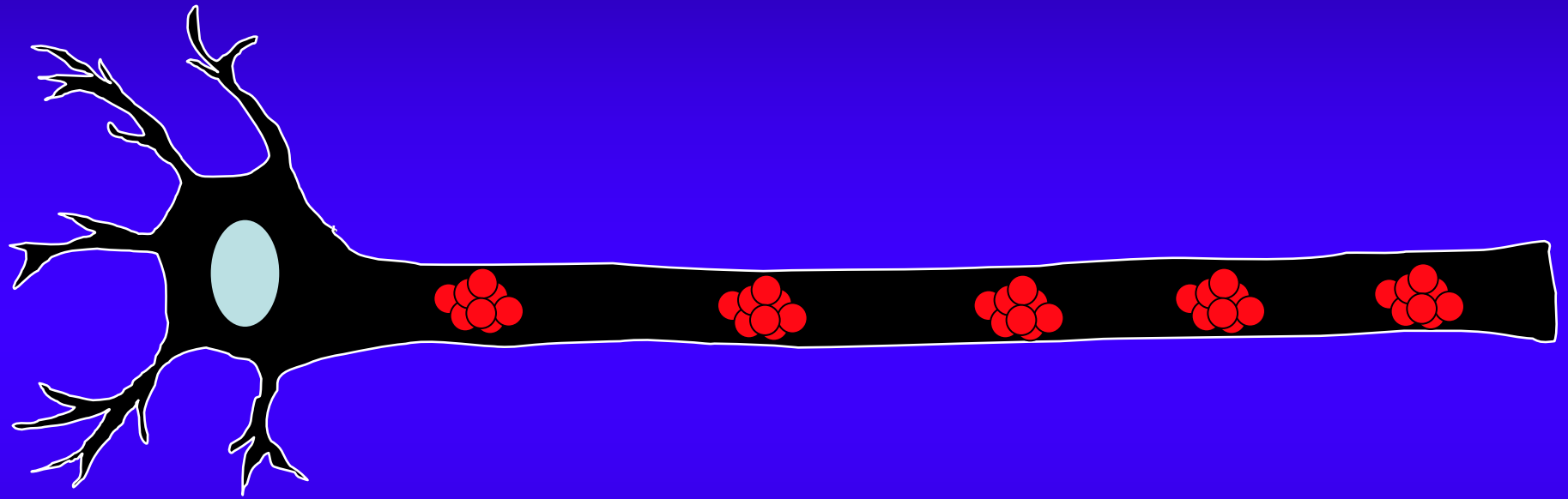


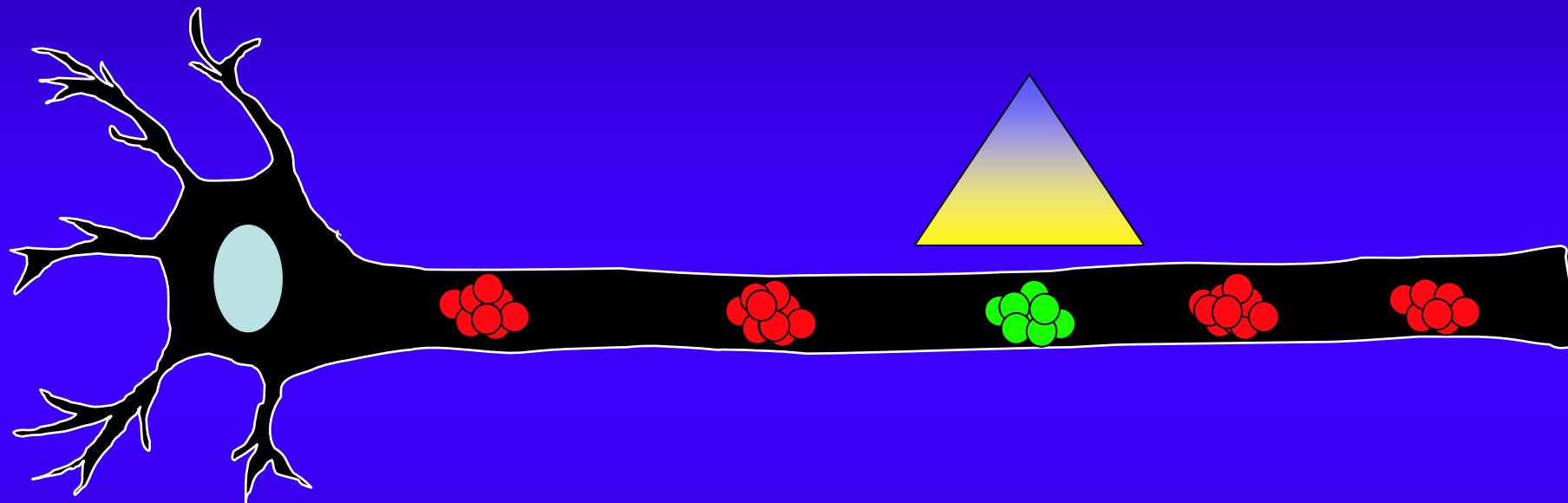
## Conclusions:

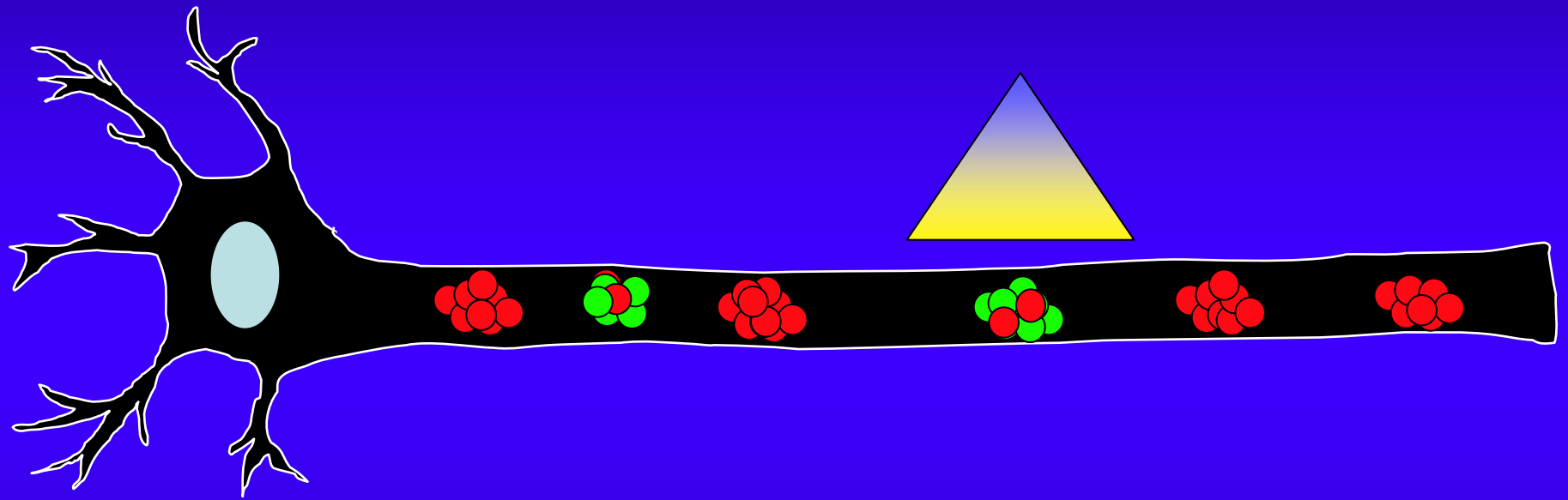
- ☞ Cadherin/  $\beta$ -catenin adhesion complexes are important for localizing SVs to presynaptic compartments during development
- ☞ Disruption of cadherin/  $\beta$ -catenin adhesion complexes is important for the formation of new synapses

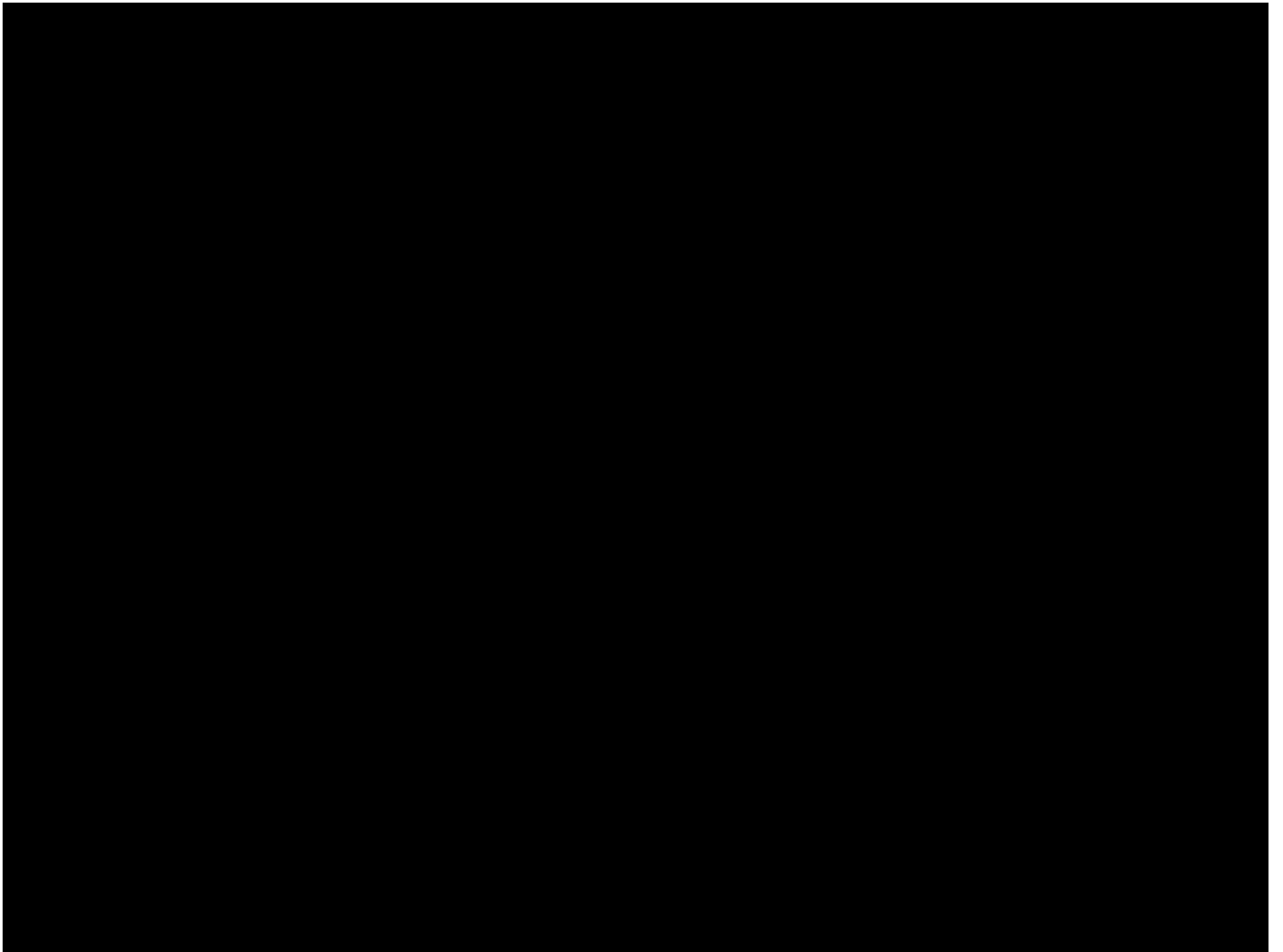
## Hypothesis:

- ☞ Weakening of cadherin/  $\beta$ -catenin complexes enhances synapse formation by increasing the mobility of SV clusters from existing synapses



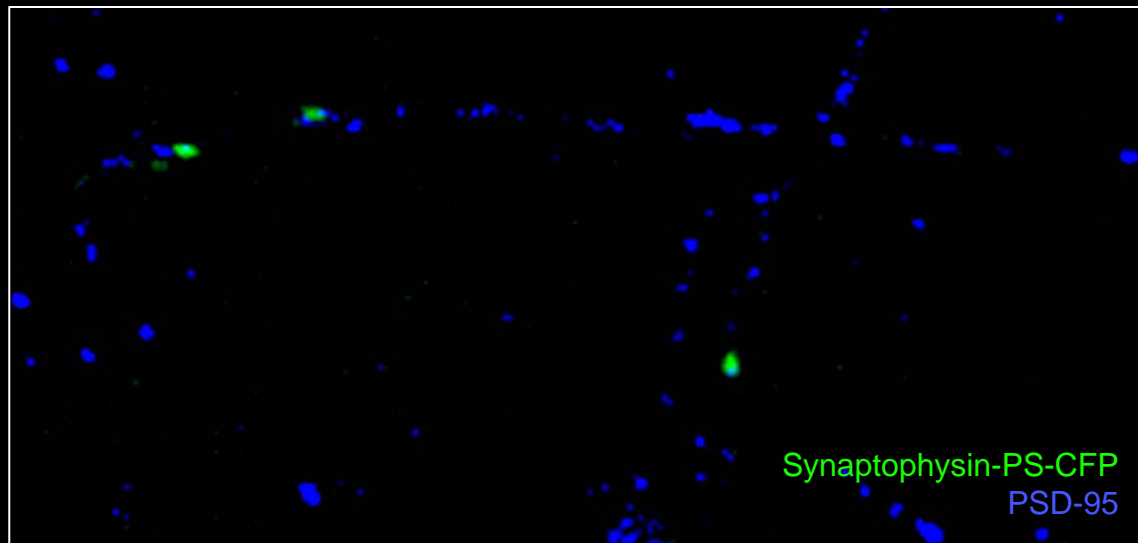
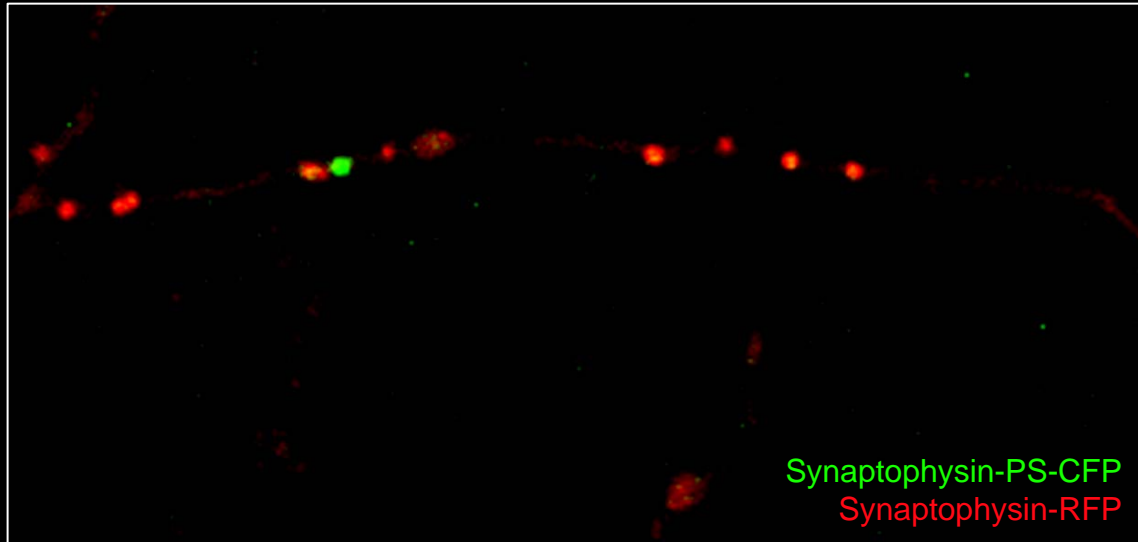






# Synaptic vesicles associated with one synapse split to form new synapses and to associate with existing synapses

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# Acknowledgements

Louis F. Reichardt

Nikole Kimes

(University of California San Francisco  
San Francisco, CA)

Shernaz X. Bamji

Lucia Tapia  
Eileen Yoshida  
Yu Sun

(University of British Columbia  
Vancouver, B.C.)



Tula Foundation  
Michael Smith Foundation for Health Research  
Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR)  
Canadian Foundation for Innovation  
British Columbia Knowledge Development Fund

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TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor  
are needed to see this picture.

