Chapter 13 Training & Qualifications

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Introduction

Agency standards for training and qualifications which may exceed the minimum standards established by NWCG, are coordinated through National Fire and Aviation Executive Board. Such additional standards will be approved by the Fire Directors, and implemented through the Incident Qualifications and Certification System (IQCS).

Policy

12 It is agency policy that only qualified personnel will be assigned duties in
13 wildland fire suppression or prescribed fire. All employees assigned dedicated
14 fire program management responsibilities at the local, geographic area, or
15 national level shall meet established interagency and agency competencies
16 (knowledge, skills, and abilities) and associated qualifications. The National
17 Wildfire Coordination Group (NWCG), Wildland and Prescribed Fire
18 Qualifications Systems Guide PMS 310-1 is the policy.

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Requirements for fire management positions are outlined in the Interagency Fire
Program Management Qualifications Standards and Guide, referred to as the
IFPM Standard. The supplemental Qualification Standard for professional GS0401 Fire Management Specialist positions, approved by the Office of Personnel
Management, is also included in the IFPM Standard. The Interagency Fire
Program Management Qualification Standards and Guide can be found in it's
entirety on the IFPM website:

27 http://www.nifc.gov/training_quals/IFPM/ifpm.htm

• FS - Standards which may exceed the minimum standards established by NWCG are identified in FSH 5109.17. AD hires will meet NWCG 310-1 qualification standards.

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Incident Qualification and Certifications System (IQCS)

The Incident Qualification and Certifications System (IQCS) is the fire qualifications and certification record keeping system. The master file report provided by the IQCS meets the agency requirement for maintaining fire qualification records. The system is designed to provide managers at the local, state/regional, and national levels with detailed qualification, experience, and training information needed to certify employees in wildland fire positions. The IQCS is a tool to assist managers in certification decisions, however, it does not replace the manager's responsibility to validate that employees meet all requirements for position performance based on standards.

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A hard copy file folder will be kept for each employee. The contents will include, but are not limited to: training records for all agency required courses, evaluations from assignments, position Task Book verification, yearly updated IQCS forms, and Responder Master Record (RPTC028) from IQCS.

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All records will be stored and/or destroyed in accordance with agency policies.

BLM - These policies can be found at:
 www.blm.gov/nhp/records/blmgrs/subject.html

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Certification of Non-Agency Personnel

6 Non-agency firefighters will be certified by state or local fire departments.

Agencies will not assist in the administration, or sponsor the work capacity test

8 (WCT), as the certifying agency.

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The Incident Qualifications and Certification Card (Red Card)

The Agency Administrator (or delegate) is responsible for annual certification of all agency and Administrative Determined (AD) personnel serving in wildland and prescribed fire positions. Agency certification is issued annually in the form of an Interagency Incident Qualification Card (Red Card), which certifies that the individual is qualified to perform in a specified position. The Red Card must be reviewed for accuracy and signed by the Agency Administrator or delegated official. The Agency Administrator, fire manager, and individual are responsible for monitoring medical status, fitness, training, performance, and for taking appropriate action to ensure the employee meets all position performance requirements.

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Training, medical screening, and successful completion of the appropriate WCT must be properly accomplished. All Red Cards issued to agency employees, with the exception of EFF-paid or temporary employees at the FFT2 level, will be printed using the IQCS. Red Cards issued to EFF or temporary employees at the FFT2 level may be printed at the local level without use of the IQCS.

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Each agency will designate employees at the national, regional/state, and local levels as Fire Qualifications Administrators, who ensure all incident experience, incident training, and position Task Books for employees within the agency are accurately recorded in the IQCS. All records must be updated annually or modified as changes occur.

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Red Card certification will have a 12-month currency.

Qualification System

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Minimum Training Requirements

All personnel filling ICS positions on the fireline must have completed a minimum of 32 hours of basic wildland fire training, including the modules on basic firefighting, basic fire behavior, and standards for survival.

NPS - It is NPS policy that two or more assignments be experienced after completing a Position Task Book, and receiving certification, before an individual begins movement to the next higher level. It is also NPS policy to require two or more qualified assignments be experienced in a position

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before an individual may become a position performance evaluator. Exceptions to this should be rare and well founded.

Annual Fireline Safety Refresher Training

Annual Fireline Safety Refresher Training is required for all personnel
 participating in fire suppression or prescribed fire activities who may be subject
 to assignments on the fireline. Any unescorted visitors must meet the
 requirements specified in Chapter 06 of this volume. Annual Fireline Safety
 Refresher Training must include the following core topics:

- Entrapments Use training and reference materials to study the risk management process (as identified in the Incident Response Pocket Guide) and rules of engagement (e.g., LCES, 10, 18, Look Up, Look Down, Look Around).
 - Current Issues Review and discuss identified "hot topics" and "national emphasis topics" including the "Do the Right Thing" video. Review forecasts and assessments for the upcoming fire season and discuss implications for firefighter safety.
- Fire Shelter Review and discuss last resort survival. Conduct "handson" fire shelter inspections. Practice shelter deployments in applicable
 crew/module configurations. No "live fire" exercises for the purpose of
 fire shelter deployment training will be conducted.
 - Other Hazards and Safety Issues Choose additional hazard and safety subjects, which could include SAFENET, current safety alerts, site/unit specific safety issues and hazards.

These core topics must be sufficiently covered to ensure that personnel are aware of safety concerns and procedures and can demonstrate proficiency in fire shelter deployment. The minimum refresher training hour requirements for each agency is identified below. Training time may be extended in order to effectively complete this curriculum or to meet local training requirements.

- **BLM** 4 hours
- **FWS** 8 hours
- 32 **NPS -** 8 hours
- 33 **FS** 8 hours

35 Annual Fireline Safety Refresher Training will have a 12-month currency.

A web site, WWW http://www.nifc.gov/safety_study/index.htm, titled "Wildland Fire Safety Training Annual Refresher (WFSTAR)" is available to assist in this training.

• FS - The Incident Complexity Analysis found in Appendix M will be shared with all Type 3, 4, & 5 Incident Commanders. Review of this guide should be a part of your annual refresher training.

Entrapment avoidance and deployment protocols have been revised and issued in the *Incident Response Pocket Guide* (PMS No. 461/NFES No.1077). The

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guide contains a specific "Risk Management Process", and "Last Resort Survival Checklist". An *Incident Pocket Response Guide* will be issued to every fireline supervisor.

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Non-NWCG Agencies' Qualifications

Personnel from other agencies who do not subscribe to the NWCG qualification
 standards may be used on agency managed fires. However, agency fire
 managers must ensure these individuals are only assigned to duties
 commensurate with their abilities, agency qualifications, and equipment
 capabilities.

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Qualification and Certification Process

Each unit with fire management responsibilities will establish a Red Card qualification and certification process. In areas cooperating with other federal, state, or local agencies, an interagency qualification and certification committee should include representatives from each unit. These qualification and certification committees provide management oversight and review of the wildland and prescribed fire positions under their jurisdiction. The committee also:

- Ensures that qualifications generated by IQCS or other agency systems for employees are valid by reviewing the training and experience of each employee.
- Evaluates if each employee possesses the personal characteristics necessary to perform the wildland and prescribed fire positions in a safe and efficient manner.
- Makes recommendations to the appropriate Agency Administrator or
 designee who is responsible for final certification signature.
- Develops interagency training needs and sponsors courses that can be
 offered locally.
 - Ensures training nominees meet minimum requirements for attending courses.

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Physical Fitness

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Physical Fitness and Conditioning

Agency Administrators are responsible for ensuring the overall physical fitness of firefighters. The Agency Administrator may authorize employees who are available and/or serving in wildland or prescribed fire positions that require a physical fitness rating of arduous, one hour each day for fitness condition. All other wildland firefighting personnel may be authorized up to three hours per week of duty time for fitness conditioning. Furthermore, individuals who have a position with an arduous physical requirement may be periodically tested during the fire season to ensure they are retaining the required level of fitness and conditioning.

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TRAINING & QUALIFICATIONS **CHAPTER 13** Fitness conditioning periods may be identified and structured to include aerobic and muscular exercises. Team sports are not authorized for fitness conditioning. Chapters 7, 8, and 9 of Fitness and Work Capacity, 2nd ed. (1997), provide excellent guidance concerning training specifically for the pack test, aerobic fitness programs, and muscular fitness training. FS - Forest Service direction is found in FSH 5109.17. Work Capacity Tests (WCTs) **Work Capacity Tests** The agencies have adopted the NWCG approved Work Capacity Tests (WCT) 11 as the official method of assessing wildland firefighter fitness levels. See "Work Capacity Tests for Wildland Firefighters, Test Administrator's Guide" PMS 307, NFES 1109. 14 15 WCTs are administered annually to all employees, including ADs and emergency hires, who will be serving in wildland or prescribed fire positions 17 that require a fitness level. The currency for the WCT is 12 months. 18 Administration of the WCT and certification of non-agency firefighters is 20 prohibited for liability reasons. Potential emergency firefighters who would be 21 hired under AD Emergency Hire authority by the agency must be in AD pay status or sign an agency-specific volunteer services agreement when given the 23 24 25 Personnel taking the WCT will only complete the level of testing (Pack, Field, Walk) required by the highest fitness level identified for a position on their Red Card. 28 29 Agency Administrators (or delegates) are responsible for ensuring that the Health Screen Questionnaire (HSQ) is administered prior to initiating a physical training program and/or the WCT. 32 Agency Administrators for offices who have implemented the *Interagency* 34 Wildland Firefighter Medical Qualification Standards (or delegates) are responsible for ensuring that medical clearance is given for each employee/incumbent prior to administering the WCT. 37 38

Test results must also be entered in the IQCS annually to update the fitness level and date that will appear on the Red Card. Physical fitness dates entered in IQCS will reflect the date the employee passed the fitness test. The information on this health screen is considered confidential and must be filed in the employee's Official Medical File.

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WCT Retesting

- Those who do not pass the WCT will be provided another opportunity to retest.
- Employees will have to wait at least 48 hours before retaking the WCT. If an
- employee sustains an injury (verified by a licensed medical provider) during a
- test, the test will not count as an attempt. Once an injured employee has been
- 6 released for full duty, the employee will be given time to prepare for the test (not
- 7 to exceed 4 weeks). The number of retesting opportunities that will be allowed 8 include:
- Three opportunities for permanent employees required to pass a test for duties in the fire program.
- One opportunity for temporary employees required to pass a test (a second chance maybe provided at the discretion of fire management).
- FS The Forest Service also uses the WCT as the official method of
 assessing wildland firefighter fitness levels. The specific direction,
 Implementation Guide, Health Screen Questionnaire, and required
 processes can be found at the following web site:
 www.fs.fed.us/fire/fire_new/.

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WCT Categories

The NWCG Wildland and Prescribed Fire Qualification System Guide, 310-1 identifies WCTs for agency specific positions. There are three fitness levels - Arduous, Moderate, and Light - which require an individual to demonstrate their ability to perform the fitness requirements of the position. Duties in the "None" category are normally performed in a controlled environment, such as an incident base.

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Any position required to be on the fireline unescorted for suppression or nonsuppression tasks will be required to have passed the WCT at the "light" physical fitness level. This requirement applies even to positions which are identified in the 310-1 with a fitness level of "None."

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Work Capacity Test

Work Category	Test	Distance	Weight	Time
Arduous	Pack Test	3 miles	45 lb.	45 min.
Moderate	Field Test	2 miles	25 lb.	30 min.
Light	Walk Test	1 mile	None	16 min.

Arduous - Duties involve field work requiring physical performance with above average endurance and superior conditioning. These duties may include an occasional demand for extraordinarily strenuous activities in emergencies under adverse environmental conditions and over extended periods of time.

Requirements include running, walking, climbing, jumping, twisting, bending, and lifting more than 50 pounds; the pace of the work typically is set by the emergency conditions.

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- Moderate Duties involve field work requiring complete control of all physical
- ² faculties and may include considerable walking over irregular ground, standing
- for long periods of time, lifting 25 to 50 pounds, climbing, bending, stooping,
- twisting, and reaching. Occasional demands may be required for moderately
- strenuous activities in emergencies over long periods of time. Individuals
- 6 usually set their own work pace.
- 7 **Light** Duties mainly involve office type work with occasional field activity
- 8 characterized by light physical exertion requiring basic good health. Activities
- 9 may include climbing stairs, standing, operating a vehicle, and long hours of
- work, as well as some bending, stooping, or light lifting. Individuals can usually govern the extent and pace of their physical activity.

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WCT Administration

An HSQ will be administered prior to initiating a physical training program and/or the WCT with the following objectives:

- To identify, prior to the WCT, at-risk personnel.
- To identify existing injuries or illness and minimize the probability of new injuries.
 - To establish the need for a medical examination (see Medical Examinations criteria below).

A Job Hazard Analysis (JHA) shall be developed and approved for each field office prior to administrating the WCT. See the sample JHA found in Appendix X.

Administer the test using the JHA as a briefing guide. Document using the HSQ Appendix W and WCT Record (see Appendix Y. These documents must be retained until the next testing.

• NPS - For those parks that experience severe winter conditions and must test personnel during those conditions, work capacity testing may be conducted using industrial grade treadmills. This least-preferred option should only be considered when all other indoor facilities are unavailable (gyms, indoor tracks, malls etc.), and requires Regional Fire Management Officer approval. For safety reasons, these treadmills must have suitable handrails and kill-switches, preferably switches physically attached to the user via a cord. The Job Hazard Analysis must address all possible balance/fall mitigations. Specific questions are answered in the "Work Capacity Administrators Guide" (PMS 307,NFES 1109).

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Health Screen Questionnaire HSQ

The purpose is to identify individuals who may be at risk in preparing for and completing the WCT, which may result in a recommended exercise program and/or medical examination.

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Title 5 CFR Part 339 – Medical Qualification Determinations, which provides a determination of an individual's fitness-for-duty, authorizes solicitation of this information. The HSQ can be found in Appendix W.

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- The information on the HSQ is considered confidential and once reviewed by the test administrator to determine if the WCT can be administered, it must be kept in the employee's OPF medical file. This file may only be viewed by Human Resource Management (HRM) or Safety personnel and the identity of the individual must be protected.
- Solicitation of this information is authorized by Title 5 U.S. Code Section 3301, which provides for a determination of an individual's fitness-for-duty.

Work Capacity Test (WCT) Record

Units will document the administration of the WCT to all employees and job applicants. This documentation must be retained until the next WCT is administered. Units may also be requested to provide data from these records to assist in the evaluation of the WCT process.

Medical Examinations

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Agency Administrators and supervisors are responsible for the occupational health and safety of their employees performing wildland and prescribed fire activities, and may require employees to take a medical examination at any time.

Established medical qualification programs, as stated in 5 CFR 339, provide consistent medical standards in order to safeguard the health of employees whose work may subject them or others to significant health and safety risks due to occupational or environmental exposure or demand.

The new Federal Interagency Wildland Firefighter Medical Qualification
Standards continue to be implemented throughout the DOI and FS
organizations. Those units who have not yet implemented the new standards
must continue to comply with the current standards as stated below until
implementation of the new standards is accomplished.

Where Interagency Wildland Firefighter Medical Standards are implemented no person will be employed as an arduous duty fire fighter under AD/EFF hiring authority if they have:

- failed to gain clearance through the Interagency Wildland Firefighters
 Medical Standards Program under any pay authority, or:
- personal knowledge of any physical reason that would prohibit them from
 carrying out arduous duties, or:
- medical professional's advice of any physical reason that would prohibit them from carrying out the duties of a wildland firefighter.

All employees who participate in wildland or prescribed fire activities requiring a fitness level (Arduous, Moderate, Light) must answer all the questions on the HSQ prior to taking their WCT.

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The information on any medical records is considered confidential and must be kept in the employee's medical file.

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- All permanent, career-seasonal, temporary, and Student Career Experience
 Program (SCEP) employees who participate in wildland or prescribed fire
 activities requiring a fitness level of Arduous must have a current medical
 examination prior to attempting the WCT. Thereafter, employees 40 years of
 age and older must have a physical every three years or as indicated by the
 Health Screen Questionnaire.
- NPS see RM-18, Chapter 3 and NPS exceptions below.

Stress EKGs are not required as part of the medical examination and will only be approved if recommended and administered by the medical exam physician.

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If any "Yes" answer is indicated, a medical examination is required prior to the employee taking the WCT or if there is a known pre-existing medical condition that is already being monitored under medical care (e.g., high blood pressure), a medical clearance statement will be provided by the physician prior to taking WCT.

- FWS All permanent employees over 40 years of age who take the pack or field test to qualify for a wildland or prescribed fire position are required to take an annual physical examination before taking the test.
- NPS "Wildland Firefighter" Defined: Those employees who perform
 duties of a hazardous and/or strenuous nature are targeted. Therefore,
 within this section, "wildland firefighter" hereinafter refers to an
 employee whose wildland fire position(s) qualifications require an
 "Arduous" fitness level, as defined in the current PMS 310-1 "Wildland
 and Prescribed Fire Qualifications System Guide."
- **NPS** For health and fitness purposes, those who are fire-qualified at less 29 than the Arduous fitness level are not required to meet the mandatory 30 fitness program requirements of DO-57 for wildland fire management. 31 However, they are strongly encouraged to participate in the voluntary 32 fitness program, and must still meet physical fitness/work capacity 33 requirements as outlined in 310-1 "Wildland and Prescribed Fire 34 Qualification System Guide" for positions with Moderate and Light fitness 35 requirements. 36
- NPS Health Screening: Arduous duty medical exams must be taken once every 3 years by wildland firefighters. They do not include stress EKGs, except for those 41 years or older if required by the examining physician.
 Those cases would be considered exceptional. FIREPRO funding will not be used to pay for stress EKGs, except in exceptional cases, which require prior approval by the regional fire management officer.
- NPS FIREPRO funding may be used to pay for medical exams for mandatory fitness program participants within the following limits:

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- NPS Those who meet the definition of "wildland firefighter" will have costs of all required medical examinations paid for by FIREPRO, not to exceed \$350. Anything in excess of \$350 requires approval of the regional fire management officer. This includes recent requirements for blood screenings.
- NPS In the event an employee-selected physician indicates that an EKG
 or other advanced test is needed, the government may require a second
 opinion from an appointed physician.
- 9 NPS Pending implementation of the federal interagency wildland
 10 firefighter medical qualification standards in a geographic area, NPS units
 11 will continue to use the U.S. Civil Service Commission Certificate of
 12 Medical Exam, SF-78, Wildland Fire Medical Examination Standard, for
 13 use by examining physicians.
- NPS The examining physician will submit the completed SF-78 to the employee's park, where it will be reviewed by the personnel office and retained in the employee's Official Personnel Medical File.
- NPS The law enforcement medical exam for NPS rangers, who are collateral duty wildland firefighters, will suffice for wildland fire health screening purposes.
- NPS Employees requiring medical exams on the 3-year cycle will have exams conducted prior to taking the Arduous fitness WCT (Pack Test).

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