

**Offering Circular Supplement
(To Base Offering Circular dated March 1, 2000)**

\$632,290,000

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE[®]



**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities
and MX Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2001-52**



The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be October 26, 2001.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

LEHMAN BROTHERS

THE WILLIAMS CAPITAL GROUP, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is October 22, 2001.

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2001-52

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below. If you own exchangeable securities identified in the table, you can exchange them for the corresponding MX Securities, and vice versa.

<u>Class of REMIC Securities</u>	<u>Original Class Principal Balance(2)</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Principal Type(3)</u>	<u>Interest Type(3)</u>	<u>Final Distribution Date(4)</u>	<u>CUSIP Number</u>
Group 1						
AI(1)	\$250,000,000	6.00%	NTL(SEQ)	FIX/IO	March 2029	38373RZA0
AP(1)	250,000,000	0.00	SEQ	PO	March 2029	38373RZB8
B	12,545,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	October 2029	38373RZC6
C	16,605,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	July 2030	38373RZD4
D	3,060,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	October 2030	38373RZE2
DA	1,167,000	5.50	SEQ	FIX	October 2030	38373RZF9
DB	2,333,000	6.25	SEQ	FIX	October 2030	38373RZG7
E	25,790,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	October 2031	38373RZH5
Group 2						
BC	21,430,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	November 2029	38373RZJ1
BD	10,339,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	April 2030	38373RZK8
BE	13,795,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	November 2030	38373RZL6
BF	25,226,000	6.00	SEQ	FIX	October 2031	38373RZM4
BI(1)	250,000,000	6.00	NTL(SEQ)	FIX/IO	November 2028	38373RZN2
BO(1)	250,000,000	0.00	SEQ	PO	November 2028	38373RZP7
Residual						
RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	October 2031	38373RZQ5

- (1) These securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.
- (2) Subject to increase as described under “Increase in Size” in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by “NTL” under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (3) As defined under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.
- (4) See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date” in this Supplement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Supplement and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>.

If you do not have access to the internet, call The Chase Manhattan Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the description of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

Sponsor: Lehman Brothers Inc.

Trustee: State Street Bank and Trust Company

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: October 26, 2001

Distribution Date: The 20th day of each month or, if the 19th day or the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day following the 20th day of each month, commencing in November 2001; provided, however, if Ginnie Mae converts to the book-entry system maintained by the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, the Distribution Date for the Securities will be the 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Trust Assets:

<u>Trust Asset Group</u>	<u>Trust Asset Type</u>	<u>Certificate Rate</u>	<u>Original Term To Maturity (in years)</u>
1	Ginnie Mae II	6.0%	30
2	Ginnie Mae II	6.0%	30

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets¹:

<u>Principal Balance²</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Mortgage Rate³</u>
Group 1 Trust Assets			
\$311,500,000	340	18	6.74%
Group 2 Trust Assets			
\$320,790,000	350	10	6.74%

¹ As of October 1, 2001.

² Does not include Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

³ The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.5% to 1.5% per annum above the related Certificate Rate.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See “The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans” in this Supplement.

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only or Principal Only Class. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Security Group 1

A percentage of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount (the “Group 1 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) will be allocated as follows:

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Sequential Pay | { | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To AP, B and C, in that order, until retired 2. To D, DA and DB, pro rata, until retired 3. To E, until retired |
|-----------------------|---|--|

Security Group 2

Sequential Pay	{	<p>A percentage of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount (the “Group 2 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) will be allocated to BO, BC, BD, BE and BF, in that order, until retired</p>
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Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents</u>
AI	\$250,000,000	100% of AP (SEQ Class)
BI	\$250,000,000	100% of BO (SEQ Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interests of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount (principal only securities, for example) and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment

on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, principal only and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities.

You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities.

The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the

actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Trust MBS are either:

1. Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% to 1.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Ginnie Mae receives a fee (the “Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee”) for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate of 0.06% per annum of the outstanding principal balance of each related Mortgage Loan. The difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the sum of the Certificate Rate and the Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets” and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”). See “*The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will

differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See “Risk Factors” and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee (the “Trustee Fee”).

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities (the “Ginnie Mae Guaranty”). The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See “Ginnie Mae Guaranty” in the Base Offering Circular.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See “Description of the Securities” in the Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities (other than the Residual Securities) initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the book-entry system of the MBS Division of The Depository Trust Company (together with any successor, the “Book-Entry Depository”). Ginnie Mae has proposed a conversion from this book-entry system to the book-entry system maintained by the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. It is anticipated that this conversion will be completed during the second quarter of the calendar year 2002, although there can be no assurance that the conversion will occur as scheduled. See *Ginnie Mae’s website at www.ginniemae.gov for more information related to the proposed conversion.* Under either book-entry system, Beneficial Owners of Securities in book-entry form will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per physical certificate to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See “Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures” in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000.

The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in the following minimum denominations:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Minimum Denomination</u>
AI	\$852,000*
AP	\$112,000
BI	\$800,000*
BO	\$112,000

* Notional balance

Distributions

Distributions on each Class of Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under “Terms Sheet — Distribution Date” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will distribute the Distribution Amount to Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs (each, a “Record Date”). For Book-Entry Securities, the Trustee will distribute principal and interest to the Book-Entry Depository, and Beneficial Owners will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of appropriate financial intermediaries. *See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” and “— Method of Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Interest Distributions

On each Distribution Date, the Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class on any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days’ interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities on any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. *See “— Class Factors” below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

Interest Rates

Each Regular or MX Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount for each Security Group will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal.” Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See “— Class Factors” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will reduce as shown under “Terms Sheet — Notional Classes” in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the related Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for any month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution to be made on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.

- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published each month (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on gREX.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee’s determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any Notional Class will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the inside cover page may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner’s Book Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal or class notional balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office, State Street Bank and Trust Company, Global Investor Service Group, Corporate Trust, 2 Avenue de Lafayette, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 662-1337 and by fax at (617) 662-1435.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional balance) of the Securities

surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000). The fee must be paid not later than two business days prior to the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in the Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain “due-on-sale” provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, Ginnie Mae Issuer advances and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae’s guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, a high level of defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust’s assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan is subject to assumption upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans” in the Base Offering Circular.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets” in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months and a Mortgage Rate of 1.5% per annum higher than the related Certificate Rate.

2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.

3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month whether or not a Business Day, commencing in November 2001.

4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.

5. The Closing Date for the Securities is October 26, 2001.

6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust.

7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th of the month, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement (“PSA”) is standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is

applied. See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models” in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the “PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates”). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. **The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.**

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of any Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance (or notional amount, as applicable), referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as the Notional Classes are not entitled to distributions of principal and have no weighted average lives. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

Percentages of Original Class Principal Balances and Weighted Average Lives

Security Group 1 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates															
Distribution Date	Classes A, AI and AP					Class B					Class C				
	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2002	99	92	88	77	68	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2003	98	84	74	55	40	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2004	96	76	62	37	20	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2005	95	69	52	24	6	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	93	61	42	13	0	100	100	100	100	28	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	92	55	34	4	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	22
October 2008	90	49	27	0	0	100	100	100	57	0	100	100	100	100	0
October 2009	88	43	20	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	66	0
October 2010	86	37	14	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	7	0
October 2011	84	32	9	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2012	81	27	5	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2013	79	22	1	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2014	76	18	0	0	0	100	100	44	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2015	73	14	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	86	0	0
October 2016	69	10	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	45	0	0
October 2017	66	6	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	9	0	0
October 2018	62	3	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2019	58	0	0	0	0	100	95	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2020	54	0	0	0	0	100	34	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2021	49	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	83	0	0	0
October 2022	44	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0
October 2023	38	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	3	0	0	0
October 2024	32	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2025	26	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2026	19	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2027	11	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2028	3	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	0	0
October 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	18.1	7.5	4.8	2.6	1.8	27.7	18.8	12.9	7.1	4.9	28.4	20.8	14.9	8.3	5.7

Security Group 1 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates										
Distribution Date	Classes D, DA and DB					Class E				
	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2002	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2004	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2008	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	96
October 2009	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	66
October 2010	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	45
October 2011	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	31
October 2012	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	77	21
October 2013	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	59	14
October 2014	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	45	10
October 2015	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	34	6
October 2016	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	26	4
October 2017	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	19	3
October 2018	100	100	42	0	0	100	100	100	14	2
October 2019	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	93	11	1
October 2020	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	77	8	1
October 2021	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	63	6	1
October 2022	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	51	4	0
October 2023	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	41	3	0
October 2024	100	17	0	0	0	100	100	32	2	0
October 2025	100	0	0	0	0	100	82	24	1	0
October 2026	100	0	0	0	0	100	61	17	1	0
October 2027	100	0	0	0	0	100	42	11	0	0
October 2028	100	0	0	0	0	100	23	6	0	0
October 2029	100	0	0	0	0	100	6	1	0	0
October 2030	0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	28.9	22.7	16.9	9.6	6.6	29.5	25.7	21.7	13.6	9.5

**Security Group 2
PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates**

Distribution Date	Classes BA, BI and BO					Class BC					Class BD				
	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2002	99	94	91	84	78	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2003	98	86	78	61	47	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2004	96	78	65	41	24	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2005	95	70	54	26	8	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	93	63	44	14	0	100	100	100	100	59	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	91	56	35	4	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	35
October 2008	90	49	27	0	0	100	100	100	66	0	100	100	100	100	0
October 2009	88	43	20	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	97	0
October 2010	85	37	14	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2011	83	32	8	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2012	81	27	4	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2013	78	22	0	0	0	100	100	92	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2014	75	17	0	0	0	100	100	48	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2015	72	13	0	0	0	100	100	9	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
October 2016	68	9	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	48	0	0
October 2017	65	5	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2018	61	2	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2019	57	0	0	0	0	100	82	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2020	52	0	0	0	0	100	45	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2021	47	0	0	0	0	100	10	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
October 2022	42	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	53	0	0	0
October 2023	36	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2024	30	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2025	24	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2026	16	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2027	9	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2028	1	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2029	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
October 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	17.8	7.6	4.9	2.8	2.1	27.6	18.9	13.0	7.3	5.1	28.3	21.1	15.0	8.4	5.9

**Security Group 2
PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates**

Distribution Date	Class BE					Class BF				
	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2002	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2004	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2008	100	100	100	100	30	100	100	100	100	100
October 2009	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	80
October 2010	100	100	100	92	0	100	100	100	100	55
October 2011	100	100	100	29	0	100	100	100	100	37
October 2012	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	89	25
October 2013	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	68	17
October 2014	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	52	12
October 2015	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	40	8
October 2016	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	30	5
October 2017	100	100	89	0	0	100	100	100	23	4
October 2018	100	100	48	0	0	100	100	100	17	2
October 2019	100	100	11	0	0	100	100	100	13	2
October 2020	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	89	9	1
October 2021	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	74	7	1
October 2022	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	60	5	0
October 2023	100	91	0	0	0	100	100	49	4	0
October 2024	100	46	0	0	0	100	100	39	3	0
October 2025	100	3	0	0	0	100	100	30	2	0
October 2026	100	0	0	0	0	100	80	22	1	0
October 2027	100	0	0	0	0	100	59	15	1	0
October 2028	100	0	0	0	0	100	39	10	0	0
October 2029	100	0	0	0	0	100	20	5	0	0
October 2030	5	0	0	0	0	100	3	1	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	28.8	22.9	17.0	9.7	6.8	29.5	26.5	22.5	14.2	10.0

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price and the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular or MX Securities (especially Interest Only Securities) purchased at a premium, faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular or MX Securities (especially Principal Only Securities) purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Group of Trust Assets prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because (1) on the first Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier and (2) on each subsequent

Distribution Date, the interest payable will accrue during the related Accrual Period, which will end approximately 20 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will have characteristics that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.**

The yields were calculated by

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest (in the case of interest bearing Classes), and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest (in the case of interest bearing Classes) is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class AI to Prepayments Assumed Price 11.75%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates				
100%	180%	350%	455%	500%
43.9%	35.8%	15.0%	0.1%	(6.6%)

Sensitivity of Class AP to Prepayments Assumed Price 90.00%

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates			
100%	180%	350%	500%
1.4%	2.3%	4.2%	6.0%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to such price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

**Sensitivity of Class BI to Prepayments
Assumed Price 12.50%***

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates				
100%	180%	350%	482%	500%
41.4%	34.1%	15.8%	0.1%	(2.1%)

**Sensitivity of Class BO to Prepayments
Assumed Price 90.00%**

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates			
100%	180%	350%	500%
1.4%	2.2%	3.9%	5.2%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to such price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC (each, a “Trust REMIC”).

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class AP and BO Securities are Principal Only Securities. Principal Only Securities are treated for federal income tax purposes as having been issued with an amount of original issue discount (“OID”) equal to the difference between their principal balance and their issue price.

The Class AI and BI Securities are “Interest Weighted Securities” as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities” in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

Based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics and the prepayment assumption described below, no Classes of Regular Securities other than those described in the preceding two paragraphs are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 180% PSA (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur at any time after the date of this Supplement. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the *Base Offering Circular*.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, “permitted assets” for financial asset securitization investment trusts (“FASITs”), and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities of their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

On December 8, 2000, the IRS issued Revenue Procedure 2001-12, effective February 4, 2000 pending finalization of proposed regulations, which expands the safe harbor for transfers

of noneconomic residual interests to include transfers to certain taxable domestic corporations with significant gross and net assets, provided that those corporations agree to transfer the residual interests only to other taxable domestic corporations in transactions qualifying for one of the safe harbor provisions. Eligibility for the expanded safe harbor requires, among other things, that the transferor not know of any facts or circumstances that reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the residual interest will not be paid. The Revenue Procedure provides that transfers to foreign branches of domestic corporations or transfers involving arrangements that subject income from the residual interest to net tax by a foreign country or possession of the United States is not within the safe harbor, and also provides that if the amount of consideration given to the transferee to acquire the residual interest is so low that under any set of reasonable assumptions a reasonable person would conclude that the taxes associated with holding the residual interest will not be paid, then the transferor will be deemed to know that the transferee cannot or will not pay those taxes. See *“Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Residual Securities — Non-Recognition of Certain Transfers for Federal Income Tax Purposes”* in the *Base Offering Circular*.

Effect of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001

As a result of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, limitations imposed by Section 68 of the Code on claiming itemized deductions will be phased-out commencing in 2006, which will affect individuals holding either Regular Securities in Single Class REMICs or Residual Securities. In addition, starting in 2001, the backup withholding rate will start declining from 31% until leveling at 28% in 2006. Unless the statute is amended, all provisions of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 will no longer apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010. For information relating to itemized deduction and backup withholding for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, see *“Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Single Class REMICs,” “— Tax Treatment of Residual Securities — Special Considerations for Certain Types of Investors — Individuals and Pass Through Entities”* and *“— Backup Withholding”* in the *Base Offering Circular*. Investors are encouraged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the new legislation.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see *“Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities,” “— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes”* and *“— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities”* in the *Base Offering Circular*.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Plan investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See “ERISA Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, Plans.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from October 1, 2001 on the Fixed Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of each Class receiving distributions from the same Trust Asset Group will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP, New York, New York; for the Trust by Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, Washington, DC, and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., Greenbelt, Maryland; and for the Trustee by Peabody & Arnold LLP, Boston, Massachusetts.

Schedule I

Available Combinations

REMIC Securities			MX Securities					
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance(1)	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(3)
Security Group 1								
Combination 1								
AI	\$250,000,000	A	\$250,000,000	SEQ	6.0%	FIX	38373RZR3	March 2029
AP	250,000,000							
Security Group 2								
Combination 2								
BI	\$250,000,000	BA	\$250,000,000	SEQ	6.0%	FIX	38373RZS1	November 2028
BO	250,000,000							

(1) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.

(2) As defined under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

(3) See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date” in this Supplement.



\$632,290,000

**Government National
Mortgage Association**

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**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Securities
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OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT
October 22, 2001

**LEHMAN BROTHERS
THE WILLIAMS CAPITAL GROUP, L.P.**