

# How Does Product Differentiation Affect Competition in HMO Markets?

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Health Care and Competition Policy and Law Hearings:  
Health Insurance Monopoly Issues — Competitive Effects

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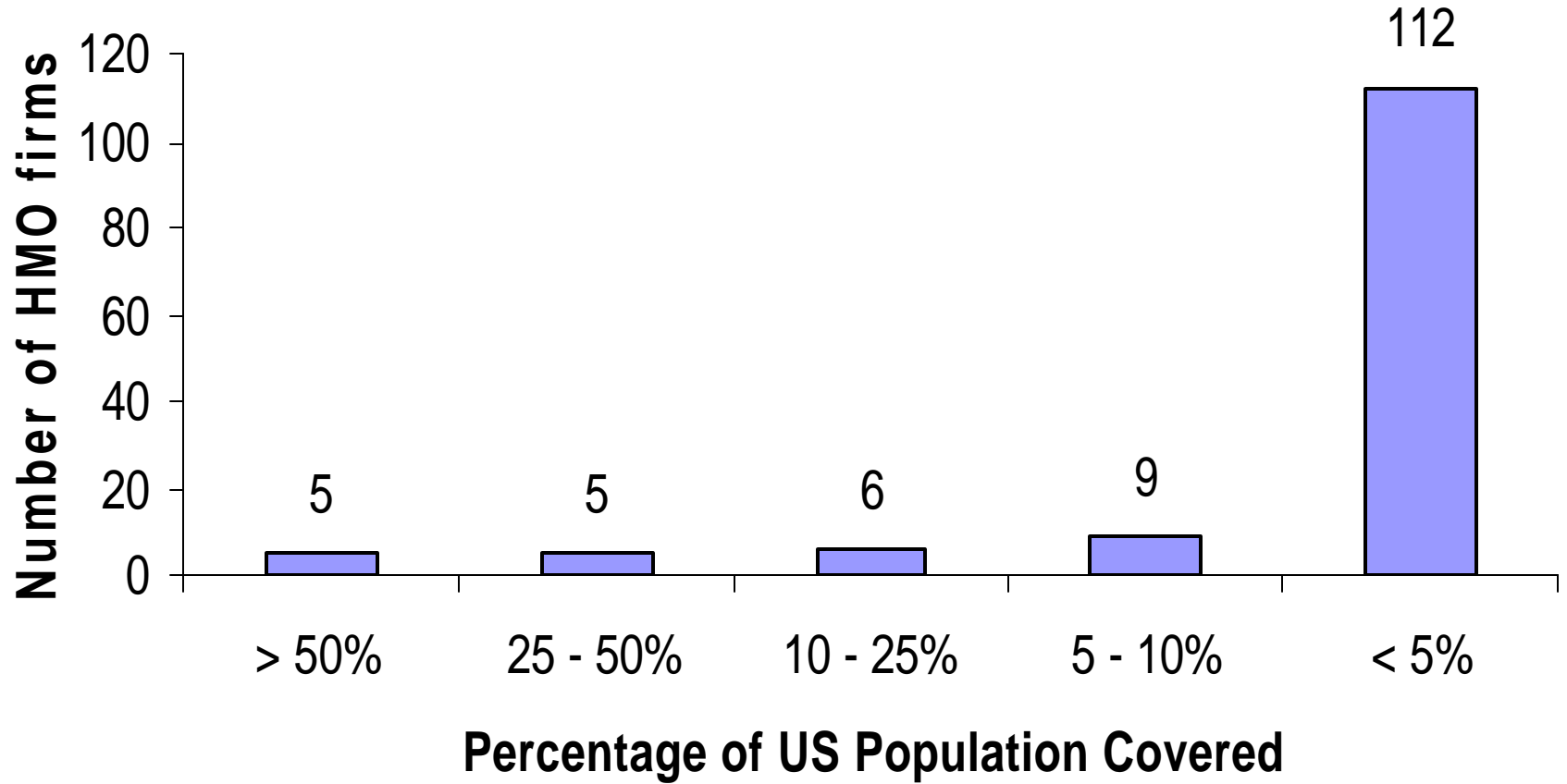
# Differentiation and Competition in HMO Markets

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Question: Does product differentiation among HMOs reduce competition among the HMOs in individual markets?

1. Common measures of market competitiveness are difficult to calculate in this industry (and others) because of data limitations.
2. Concentration ratios/firm counts are hard to interpret, as they fail to account for differentiation and its potential effect on market competition.
3. Empirical framework measures the effect of additional competition, distinguishing between types of sellers based on scope of operation.
4. Applied to operating HMOs in a cross-section of geographic markets that vary in size and other demographic characteristics.

## Histogram of HMOs by Geographic Scope



## “Entry Threshold” Methodology (Bresnahan & Reiss)

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Insight: Firms will enter a market so long as:

$$\text{Entry Costs} < \text{Profit Margin} * \text{Quantity}$$

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- So, if margins fall with additional competition, quantity has to be higher to compensate (otherwise firms won't enter).
  - By comparing market size per firm across markets, we can infer the extent to which the presence of additional firms reduces margins.

# “Entry Threshold” Methodology (Bresnahan & Reiss)

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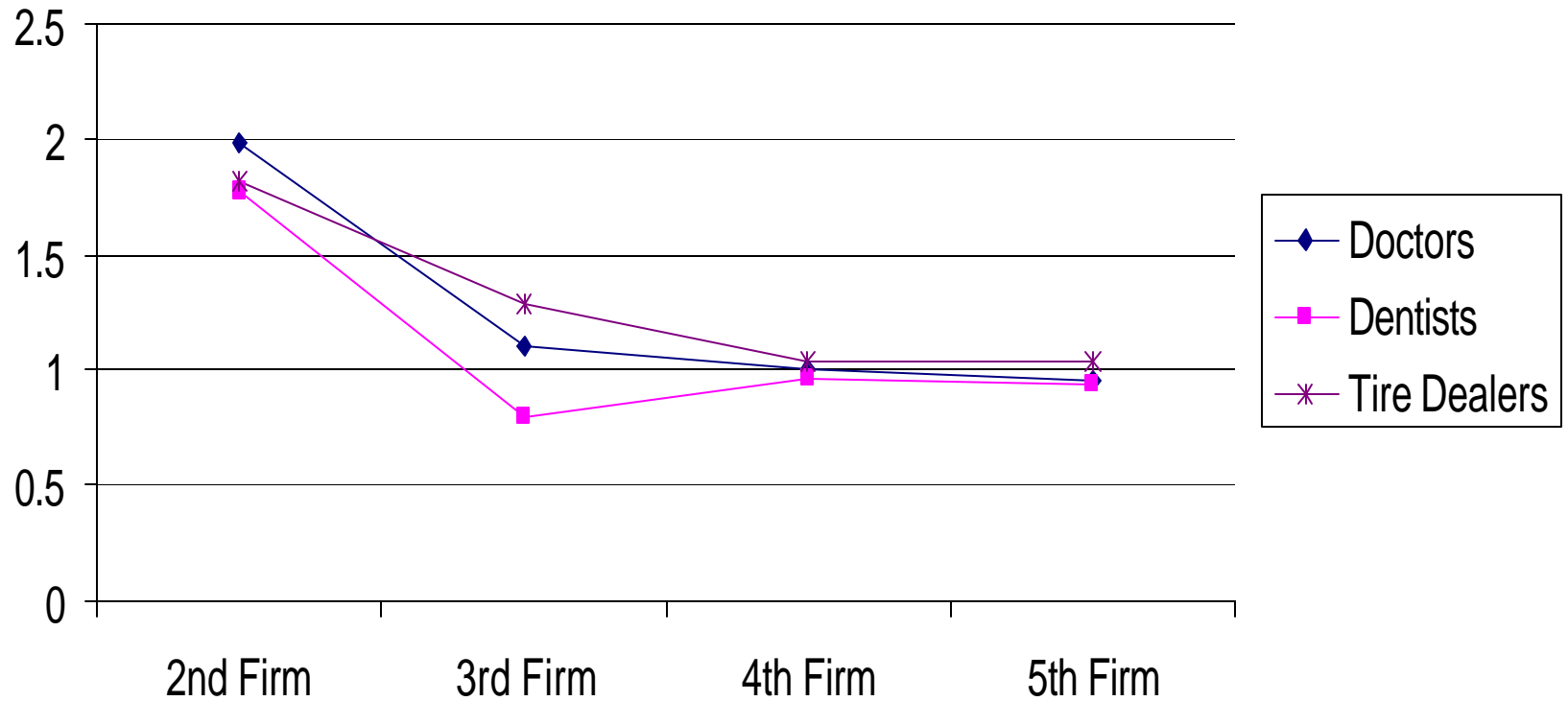
$$\text{Entry Costs} < \text{Profit Margin} * \text{Quantity}$$

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- N-Firm “Entry-Threshold Ratio”:

$$\frac{\text{Market Size per Firm} - \text{N-firm markets}}{\text{Market Size per Firm} - (\text{N}-1)\text{-firm markets}}$$

- $\text{ETR}_N > 1 \rightarrow$  the  $N^{\text{th}}$  firm’s presence reduced margins
- $\text{ETR}_N = 1 \rightarrow$  the  $N^{\text{th}}$  firm’s presence doesn’t reduce margins

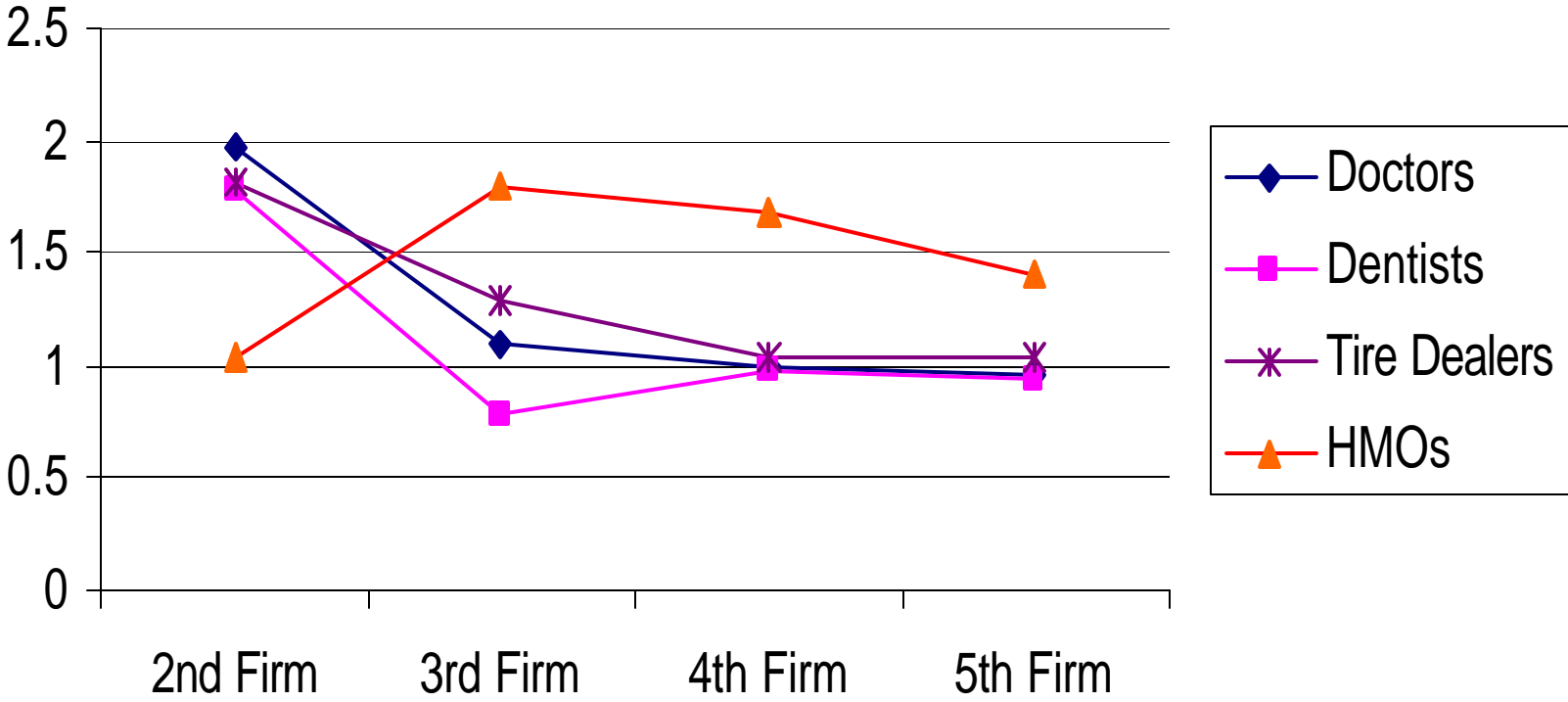
## Entry-Threshold Ratios in Industries Studied by Bresnahan & Reiss



# Total Number of HMOs per Market

<b>Number of HMOs operating</b>	<b>Number of markets</b>	<b>Frequency (%)</b>
0	5	1.9
1	10	3.8
2	31	11.8
3	42	16.0
4	37	14.1
5	28	10.6
6	33	12.5
7	19	7.2
8	20	7.6
9	12	4.6
10	13	4.9
11	5	1.9
12	4	1.5
13	2	0.8
14	1	0.4
15	4	0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>100.00</b>

# Comparing Entry Threshold Ratios for HMOs with the B & R Industries





# Incorporating Product Heterogeneity

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Dependent Variable = Product-Type Configuration at Each Market

( # of National HMOs, # of Local HMOs )

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Underlying Economic Relationship:

$$\mathbf{p}_{Tm} = X_m \mathbf{b}_T - \mathbf{q}_T N_T - \mathbf{q}_{-T} N_{-T} + \mathbf{e}_{Tm}$$

Market Effects

Competitive Effects

Key Parameters Estimate the Competitive Effects of Each Product-Type

# Observed Product Type Configurations in the Dataset

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## Product-Type Configuration -- Number of Markets

	<b>Local HMOs</b>					
<b>National HMOs</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5+</b>
<b>0</b>	5	7	1	8	1	1
<b>1</b>	3	24	16	7	6	4
<b>2</b>	6	17	15	3	6	5
<b>3</b>	1	9	13	5	4	6
<b>4</b>	5	5	9	7	4	4
<b>5+</b>	4	9	6	14	12	11

# Estimated Parameters: Competitive Effects

<u>Parameter</u>		<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Standard Error</u>
Competitive Effects on Local HMOs			
Constant	$C_L$	1.79	0.13
<b>Local Competitor #1</b>	$\theta_{LL1}$	<b>-1.07</b>	<b>0.10</b>
Local Competitor #2	$\theta_{LL2}$	-0.68	0.07
Local Competitor #3 & #4	$\theta_{LL3/4}$	-0.57	0.05
<b># of National Competitors</b>	$\theta_{LS}$	<b>-8.8e-8</b>	<b>2.7e-5</b>
Competitive Effects on National HMOs			
Constant	$C_S$	2.04	0.14
<b>National Competitor #1</b>	$\theta_{SS1}$	<b>-1.05</b>	<b>0.11</b>
National Competitor #2	$\theta_{SS2}$	-0.61	0.06
National Competitor #3 & #4	$\theta_{SS3/4}$	-0.46	0.04
<b># of Local Competitors</b>	$\theta_{SL}$	<b>-1.1e-7</b>	<b>3.3e-5</b>

# Estimated Parameters: Market Effects

<u>Parameter</u>		<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Standard Error</u>
Market Effects on Local HMOs			
Constant	$C_L$	1.79	0.13
Population	$\beta_{L-P}$	0.56	0.08
Per Capita Income	$\beta_{L-I}$	0.03	0.43
Older Resident Share	$\beta_{L-O}$	-0.13	0.22
Large Establishment Share	$\beta_{L-BE}$	0.66	0.12
State Regulations	$\beta_{L-R}$	-0.14	0.08
Extra Hospitals	$\beta_{L-EH}$	0.12	0.04
Market Effects on National HMOs			
Constant	$C_S$	2.04	0.14
Population	$\beta_{S-P}$	0.81	0.09
Per Capita Income	$\beta_{S-I}$	-1.62	0.44
Older Resident Share	$\beta_{S-O}$	1.14	0.24
Large Establishment Share	$\beta_{S-BE}$	-0.05	0.12
State Regulations	$\beta_{S-R}$	-0.22	0.08
Extra Hospitals	$\beta_{S-EH}$	0.02	0.05

# Implications for Competition Policy in HMO Markets

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- Estimated Parameters suggest that Within-Type Competition is Much Stronger than Across-Type Competition.
- Product types of merging HMOs are important to analyzing the potential competitive effects that will result:

Consider a (2,3) market ? (2,2) results if two locals merge  
(1,3) results if two nationals merge

- Depending on market structure, a takeover may increase competition:

Consider a (3,1) market ? (2,2) results if national takes over a local

- Market Characteristics have a Differential Effect on National and Local HMOs ? Detailed Analysis Required in Individual Markets