

EFFECTS OF SALTCEDAR CONTROL MEASURES ON WILDLIFE, PECOS RIVER, NEW MEXICO



2006: 2nd Year of a 3-Year Research Effort







Acoustic Bat Surveys



Setting out an Anabat Bat Detector at Scott's New Release Site







Anabat Bat
Detectors Record
Ultrasonic Bat Calls
on Compact Flash
Cards.

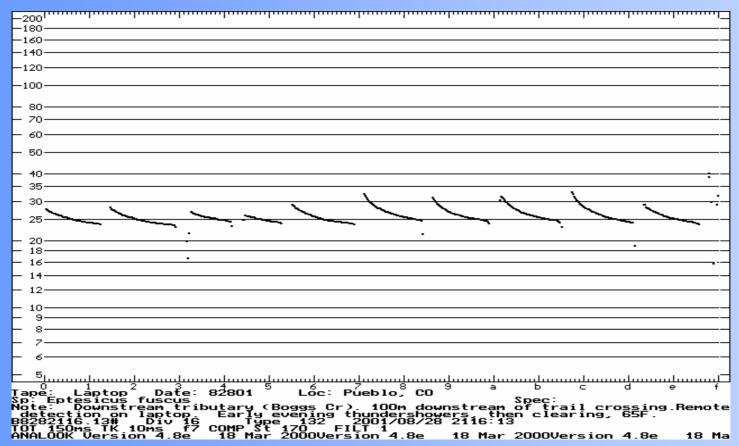
 Detectors record all night

Calls can be
identified to species
&/or species groups





A Bat Call File Looks Like This:





U. S. Department of the Interior

Bureau of Reclamation



 There were approximately 20,000 bat call files recorded for the 2006 Field Season for the Pecos River sites.

 Sampling was conducted 3 times during May, June & July

 Species identified by comparing calls to a library of known call signatures





Acoustic Bat Sampling Conducted at:

2 Treatment Sites:

Biocontrol (Scott O'Meara's New Saltcedar Leaf Beetle Release Site) &

Aerial Herbicide Near Dayton Road

<u>2 Control Sites</u>: Seven Rivers Waterfowl Area & Brantley Wildlife Area Adjacent to Pecos

1 Native Site: Black River





Avian Point Counts



All Birds Heard
& Observed are
Recorded for 5
Minutes Per
Point.





10 to 12 Points per Site Were Sampled 3 Times in May, June & July.

•Avian Point Counts Were Conducted at the Same Times & Locations as the Acoustic Bat Surveys.





Data Analysis to be Conducted Winter of 06/07

2007 Will Continue Avian Point Counts &
 Acoustic Bat Surveys (Final Year) At Saltcedar
 Treatment, Control & Native Sites on the Pecos

 Riparian Butterfly Surveys Were Conducted on the Pecos in 2005

•Wildlife Research Also Conducted on the Arkansas, Rio Grande & Canadian Rivers

