
A graphic featuring the year '2002' in a white, elegant serif font. The numbers are set against a background of blue and light blue geometric shapes, including squares and triangles, arranged in a grid-like pattern.

Federal Employees Health Benefits Enrollee Survey Results and Benefit Information



**United States
Office of
Personnel
Management**

Retirement and
Insurance Service

Visit our web site at www.opm.gov/insure

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Patient Safety

Medical error and patient safety aren't well understood by most Americans. When we need vital or risky health care services, we want to believe that someone else has made sure that we'll get safe care. Sadly, every hour, 10 Americans die in a hospital due to avoidable errors; another 50 are disabled. Too many patients get the wrong medicines, the wrong tests and the wrong diagnosis. By asking questions, learning more and understanding your risks, you can improve the safety of your own health care, and that of your family members. Take these simple steps:

- 1 Speak up if you have questions or concerns.** Choose a doctor who you feel comfortable talking to about your health and treatment. Take a relative or friend with you if this will help you ask questions and understand the answers. It's okay to ask questions and to expect answers you can understand.
- 2 Keep a list of all the medicines you take.** Tell your doctor and pharmacist about the medicines that you take, including over-the-counter medicines such as aspirin, ibuprofen, and dietary supplements like vitamins and herbals. Tell them about any drug allergies you have. Ask the pharmacist about side effects and what foods or other things to avoid while taking the medicine. When you get your medicine, read the label, including warnings. Make sure it is what your doctor ordered, and you know how to use it. If the medicine looks different than you expected, ask the pharmacist about it.
- 3 Make sure you get the results of any test or procedure.** Ask your doctor or nurse when and how you will get the results of tests or procedures. If you do not get them when expected -- in person, on the phone, or in the mail - don't assume the results are fine. Call your doctor and ask for them. Ask what the results mean for your care.
- 4 Talk with your doctor and health care team about your options if you need hospital care.** If you have more than one hospital to choose from, ask your doctor which one has the best care and results for your condition. Hospitals do a good job of treating a wide range of problems. However, for some procedures (such as heart bypass surgery), research shows *results often are better at hospitals doing a lot of these procedures*. Also, before you leave the hospital, be sure to ask about follow-up care, and be sure you understand the instructions.
- 5 Make sure you understand what will happen if you need surgery.** Ask your doctor and surgeon: Who will take charge of my care while I'm in the hospital? Exactly what will you be doing? How long will it take? What will happen after the surgery? How can I expect to feel during recovery? Tell the surgeon, anesthesiologist, and nurses if you have allergies or have ever had a bad reaction to anesthesia. Make sure you, your doctor, and your surgeon all agree on exactly what will be done during the operation.

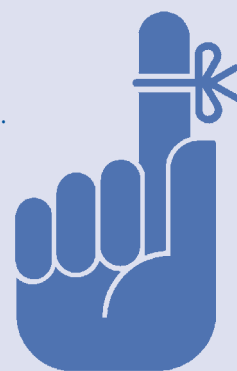
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Things to Remember

- ✓ The choices available to you may have changed. A number of plans withdrew from the FEHB Program, plans have merged, and some options won't be offered. Make sure your plan will be offered in 2002.
- ✓ Be aware of benefit changes for 2002.
- ✓ Check the premium for 2002.



The information in this Guide gives you an overview of the FEHB Program and its participating plans. Before you make any final decisions about health plans, read the plan brochures.

FEHB and You

The Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) Program began operation in July 1960. It is the nation's largest employer-sponsored health insurance program. Almost 9 million people, including 2.2 million federal employees, 1.9 million retirees, and their eligible family members, are members of the Program.

Getting information and selecting a health plan

Use this Guide and plan brochures to make your health plan decision. The Guide is a summary of FEHB plans; the plan brochures give specific benefit information. You can get brochures from the health plans or your human resources office. Our web site, www.opm.gov/insure provides the Guide, brochures, and other helpful information.

Before selecting a health plan:

- Consider quality (look for accreditation and survey results)
- Compare benefits in the brochures
- Review costs (premiums, deductibles, copayments, etc)
- Understand how the plan works

Quality

Quality matters to your health. Some health plans, just like doctors and hospitals, do a better job at caring for patients than others. Health plans today play an important role in improving quality. They can provide services for wellness and prevention; coordinate care; and help doctors, patients, and families work together. These things - when done well - can help produce good results.

* **Enrollee Survey Results** in this Guide have been collected, scored, and reported by an independent organization - not by the health plans. We list here the survey categories and actions the health plan can take to make things better. **Note:** A plan may not be rated for one of three reasons: 1) It is new to the FEHB Program, 2) It has fewer than 500 Federal enrollees, or 3) It did not administer the survey as we asked; these plans are identified with an X.

Getting Needed Care. Did you have problems getting a referral to a specialist or did you experience delays in obtaining care?

- Health plans that do well on the survey educate members up-front about the scope and limitations of covered benefits, referral requirements, and preauthorizations. They speed-up referrals for routine preventive care or established diagnoses, especially for chronic conditions. They empower their own customer service staff to resolve problems at the outset.

FEHB and You

Getting Care Quickly. When you called during the doctor's regular office hours, did you get the advice or help you needed? Could you get an appointment for regular or routine care as soon as you wanted?

- Health plans that score well track the performance of doctors or medical groups to see if there are problems with patients getting needed appointments. They use members' definitions of "urgent" and "routine" needs - and not physicians' - to measure providers' performance against members' expectations.

How Well Doctors Communicate. Did your doctor listen carefully to you and explain things in a way you could understand? Did he spend enough time with you?

- Plans that do well survey members of specific medical groups or practices and provide physicians with feedback on their performance. They recruit physicians with the best reputations in the community, and they develop guidelines that aid physicians in communication with patients with specific diseases or conditions.

Customer Service. When you called your plan's customer service department, were they helpful? Did you have paperwork problems? Were the plan's written materials understandable?

- The better performing plans train customer service teams to deal solely with FEHB enrollees. They also look for ways to reach out directly to members, to elicit their concerns, and inform them about changes in policies and practices that would affect them. Just as importantly, they issue "report cards" to members about the performance of medical groups on key measures of quality, including patients' reported experiences with each group.

Claims Processing. Did your plan pay your claims correctly and in a reasonable time?

- A well-rated plan informs you if there will be a delay in processing a claim, e.g., additional information is needed from the doctor. The plan's Explanation of Benefits should be clear and understandable.

Overall Plan Satisfaction. How would you rate your overall experience with your health plan?

- Health plans that do well on the survey value you as a customer.

* **Accreditation** is the most widely accepted way to measure and evaluate health system performance. It is a rigorous and comprehensive evaluation by independent organizations that assess the quality of the key systems and processes that health care organizations use. It may also assess the care and service health plans deliver in areas such as immunization rates, mammography rates, and member satisfaction. The National Committee for Quality Assurance (**NCQA**), the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (**JCAHO**), and the American Accreditation Healthcare Commission/URAC (**URAC**) are independent, private, not-for-profit organizations dedicated to the quality of health care organizations.

Use the following key to compare the accreditation status of different health plans (a lower number means a better accredited plan). See page 7 for definitions.

NCQA (www.ncqa.org):

N1 = Excellent

N2 = Commendable

N3 = Accredited

N4 = Provisional

N6 = New health plan accreditation

JCAHO (www.jcaho.org):

J1 = Accreditation with commendation

J2 = Accreditation without recommendations

J3 = Accreditation with recommendations

J5 = Provisional

J6 = Conditional

URAC (www.urac.org):

U1 = Accredited

F E H B and You

Benefits

Check to see if the plan offers the type of services you might need. Does it offer a prenatal program or programs for people with chronic diseases? Can you get preventive care or help to stop smoking? Given the trend toward reducing hospital stays, will your plan pay for care in a rehabilitation facility? See if there are limits on the number of visits for the services you need. Don't assume benefits will be the same as they were last year.

- **Read plan brochures carefully.**
- **Check the brochure's Change page.**
- **Know what services are covered.**
- **Know what services are not covered.**

Cost

The premium you pay is an important consideration. When thinking about premiums, what can you afford biweekly or monthly? Plans that offer two options distinguish the difference between the two by the benefits or services provided, and this in turn affects the premium and out-of-pocket costs you pay. What benefits and services do you need, and what are you willing to pay for?

You also need to consider other costs. Pay attention to the plan's annual out-of-pocket (catastrophic) maximum to see how you are protected. If you need to go to the hospital, how much will you have to pay? What will you pay for an emergency room visit? If you have children, what will you pay for a well-child visit? What will you pay for a prescription?

- **Review the costs summarized in this Guide.**
- **Check plan brochures for specific information.**

How the Plan Works

Different types of plans help you get and pay for care differently. Fee-For-Service (FFS) plans generally use two approaches. You can choose your doctors and hospitals yourself. This approach may be more expensive for you and require extra paperwork. You can generally use a Fee-For-Service plan's Preferred Provider Organization (PPO), which offers you a choice of doctors and hospitals within a network. Most networks are quite wide, but they may not have all the doctors or hospitals you want. This approach usually will save you money and reduce your paperwork.

Generally, enrolling in a FFS plan does not guarantee that a PPO will be available in your area. PPOs have a stronger presence in some regions than others, and *in areas where there are regional PPOs, the non-PPO benefit is the standard benefit. In "PPO-only" options, you must use PPO providers to get benefits.*

Be sure to look at the primary care physicians, specialists, and hospitals with whom your health plan contracts (the provider network). Does it promote prevention and early detection and intervention? Does it have the specialists to treat your chronic condition? Does it contract with a hospital close to your home?

Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) use networks of physicians and facilities that are generally limited. You must use their network to get covered services and follow the plan's rules for referrals and other services. HMOs limit your out-of-pocket costs to the relatively low amounts shown in the benefit brochures.

F E H B a n d Y o u

Some plans are Point Of Service (POS) plans and have features similar to both FFS plans and HMOs.

You are in a FFS plan and do not use the PPO (or one is not available):

- You will generally pay more when you get care
- Fewer preventive health care services may be covered
- You will have to file claims for services yourself

You are in a FFS plan and use the PPO:

- You will generally pay less when you get care
- More preventive health care services may be covered
- You may have less paperwork

You are in a FFS plan's "PPO-only" option:

- You **must** use network providers to get benefits
- You will generally pay copayments and have no deductibles
- You will have little, if any, paperwork

You belong to an HMO:

- You will have limitations on the doctors and other providers you can use
- You will usually pay less when you get care
- You will have little, if any, paperwork
- More preventive health care services may be covered

You belong to a POS plan and use only the providers in that network:

- You will pay less when you get care
- You will get full network benefits and coverage
- You will have very little paperwork

You belong to a POS and do not use network providers or referral procedures:

- You will pay more when you get care
- Some services may not be covered out of network at all
- You generally have to file claims for services yourself

Things to do to make a plan work best for you

- When you need care, use your brochure to find out about the plan's **rules and coverage**. Know what services require precertification, prior approval, or referral before you use them.
- Use your plan's **home delivery** drug program if it has one. You generally get the convenience of a 90-day supply instead of a 30-day supply, usually with lower out-of-pocket expense.
- Request **generic drugs** instead of brand name drugs. A generic medication is a copy of a brand name drug. It has the same active ingredients and receives the same Food and Drug Administration approval but costs less.
- If you're in a FFS plan, use the plan's **PPO** if it has one. (Be aware, however, that some of the services, such as anesthesia and radiology, provided in a PPO hospital may not be covered by PPO arrangements.)
- **Ask questions.** You deserve a voice in your own health care.

Nowadays, the distinctions among different plan types (i.e., FFS, PPO, POS, HMO) are blurring. FFS plans use networks of providers in their PPO arrangements; POS plans let you get care in or out-of-network; HMOs allow members to visit selected specialists without a referral from the primary care physician. Rather than make decisions based on plan type, compare quality indicators, compare benefits, compare premiums and out-of-pocket costs, and look at the rules for getting care.

FEHB Web Resources

Visit us at www.opm.gov/insure to find

- **Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) Program home page**
- **FEHB Open Season Plan Comparison Page**

Visit the FEHB Home Page and the FEHB Open Season Plan Comparison Page for the most up-to-date information on the FEHB Program.

The **FEHB Home Page** has information on the FEHB Program and important information on health care. On this page you'll find:

- *The FEHB Handbook for Enrollees and Employing Offices* - detailed and in-depth information about the FEHB Program.
- The FEHB law and regulations.
- Information on disputed claims, patient safety, former spouse coverage, FEHB and Medicare.
- Questions and Answers on prescription drugs, dental benefits, premiums, enrollment and other topics.
- *FEHB Facts* - Information for Federal Civilian Employees on the FEHB Program.
- A page for Agency Human Resources Personnel with links to FEHB Benefits Administration Letters.
- Health plan information disclosure requirements under the Patients' Bill of Rights.

The **FEHB Open Season Plan Comparison Page** has information you'll need to make an informed health insurance election. Be sure to look at our new section on how to use this web site.

On this page you'll find:

- General information about plans including plan quality, benefits, and cost.
- Information on how to enroll or make changes to your enrollment, including the enrollment form which you can complete on-line, print and give to your personnel office; information on Employee Express, and enrollment information for annuitants.
- Links to plan web sites and other web sites where you can find more about health care quality.

You can also look at and download:

- All of the FEHB Guides including the Guide For Federal Civilian Employees (Postal and Non-Postal), the Guide for Federal Retirees and Their Survivors, the Guide For Certain Temporary Employees, the Guide For Individuals Receiving Compensation From the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, and the Guide for Temporary Continuation of Coverage (TCC) and Former Spouse Enrollees.
- Plan Brochures that include the benefits, cost, and other major features and provisions of each health plan.

Program Features

- **No Waiting Periods.** You can use your benefits as soon as your coverage becomes effective. There are no pre-existing condition limitations.
- **A Choice of Coverage.** Choose between self only or self and family.
- **A Choice of Plans and Options.** Select from Fee-For-Service, Health Maintenance Organization, or Point of Service plans.
- **A Government Contribution.** The Government pays 72 percent of the average premium toward the total cost of your premium, but not more than 75 percent of the total premium for any plan.
- **Salary Deduction.** As a Federal employee, you pay your share of the premium through a payroll deduction using pretax dollars.
- **Annual Enrollment Opportunity.** Each year you can enroll or change your health plan enrollment. This year the Open Season runs from November 12, 2001 through December 10, 2001.
- **Continued Group Coverage.** Eligibility for you or your family members may continue following your retirement, divorce, death, or change in employment status. See your human resources office for more information.
- **Coverage After FEHB Ends.** You or your family members may be eligible for temporary continuation of FEHB coverage or for conversion to non-group (private) coverage when FEHB coverage ends. See your human resources office for more information.



Federal Employees
Health Benefits Program

Better Information
Better Choices
Better Health

Definitions

Accreditation - A rigorous and comprehensive evaluation performed by independent organizations to assess the quality of the key systems and processes that managed care organizations use. Accreditation may also include an assessment of the care and service plans are delivering in important areas of public concern such as immunization, mammography, patient safety, and member satisfaction. The following three organizations perform accreditation reviews we recognize in this guide:

NCQA - The National Committee for Quality Assurance. These are NCQA's accreditation levels:

- **Excellent** - NCQA's highest status. Levels of service and clinical quality that meet or exceed NCQA's requirements for consumer protection and quality improvement AND achieve HEDIS (see definition) results that are in the highest range of national or regional performance. Valid for 3 years.
- **Commendable** - Meets or exceeds NCQA's requirements for consumer protection and quality improvement. Valid for 3 years.
- **Accredited** - Meets most of NCQA's requirements for consumer protection and quality improvement. Valid for 3 years.
- **Provisional** - Meets some but not all of NCQA's requirements for consumer protection and quality improvement. Valid for 1 year.
- **New Health Plan** - Designed for health plans that are less than 2 years old.

JCAHO - The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. These are JCAHO's accreditation levels:

- **Accreditation with commendation** - JCAHO's highest status. Awarded to a plan that has demonstrated exemplary performance (category discontinued as of 2003). Valid for 3 years.

- **Accreditation without recommendations** - Demonstrates satisfactory compliance with JCAHO standards in all performance areas. Valid for 3 years.
- **Accreditation with recommendations** - Demonstrates satisfactory compliance with JCAHO standards in most performance areas. Valid for 3 years.
- **Provisional** - Demonstrates satisfactory compliance with a subset of standards. Valid for 6 months until plan is re-surveyed.
- **Conditional** - Demonstrates the capability of achieving satisfactory compliance but has not done so.

URAC - Also known as the American Accreditation Healthcare Commission.

- **Accredited** - Demonstrates full compliance with standards. Valid for 2 years.

Fee-For-Service (FFS) - Health coverage in which doctors and other providers receive a fee for each service such as an office visit, test, procedure, or other health care service. The plan will either pay the medical provider directly or reimburse you for covered services after you have filed an insurance claim. When you need medical attention, you visit the doctor or hospital of your choice.

Things to consider:

Fee-For-Service PPOs, non-PPOs, and PPO-only all work a little differently. See page 4 for things you should know.

Definitions

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) - A health plan that provides care through contracted or employed physicians and hospitals located in particular geographic or service areas. HMOs emphasize prevention and early detection of illness. Your eligibility to enroll in an HMO is determined by where you live or, in some plans, where you work.

Things to consider:

- The HMO pays for all covered services as long as you use the doctors, including specialists, and hospitals in the HMO network.
- You will usually pay less than FFS when you get care.
- You will have very little, if any, paperwork
- More preventive health care services may be covered

HEDIS¹ - Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set. A set of health plan performance measures that cover things such as preventive care, prenatal care, treatment of acute and chronic diseases and member satisfaction with health plans and doctors that look at a plan's quality of care and services. NCQA requires HEDIS and JCAHO accepts HEDIS in accrediting health plans.

In-network - The doctors, clinics, health centers, hospitals, medical practices, and other providers that a plan contracts with or employs to care for its members. Examples include a Fee-For-Service plan's PPO or a Health Maintenance Organization. Members have less out-of-pocket costs when they use in-network providers.

Managed care - A very broad term that generally refers to a system that manages the quality of health care, access to care, and the cost of that care. For example, a formulary controls the quality of medications dispensed to enrollees; a referral ensures that you see the right specialist for your condition; and going to a hospital that has an agreement with your plan can save both you and the plan money.

Out-of-network - Members seek treatment from doctors, hospitals, and others outside the plan's panel of contracted or employed providers, and pay more to do so. Members in a PPO-only option who receive services from outside the PPO network pay all charges.

Point of Service (POS) - A product offered by an HMO or FFS plan that has features of both. If you join a POS offered by a Fee-For-Service plan, you receive care from the plan's network of providers and:

- You will generally pay less when you get care than you would under the traditional FFS coverage
- You will get full HMO-type benefits and coverage
- You will have very little paperwork

If you join a POS offered by an HMO, you are not limited to the plan's network of providers and:

- You will generally pay more when you get care than you would under an HMO arrangement
- Some services may not be covered out-of-network at all
- You generally have to file claims for services yourself

In a POS you don't have to use the plan's network of providers, but there are advantages if you do.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) - Under the FEHB Program, PPOs are only available through enrollment in a Fee-For-Service plan. The PPO is similar to FFS insurance except it uses a network of providers. PPO's give you the choice of using any doctor or other provider you want, or using one who is part of the plan's network. You don't have to use the PPO, but there are advantages if you do (see Fee-For-Service).

Please note that some FFS plans may offer an enrollment option that is "PPO-only". Under this option, you **must** use network providers to get benefits.

Provider - A doctor, hospital, health care practitioner, or health care facility.

¹HEDIS is a registered trademark of the National Committee for Quality Assurance.

Long Term Care Insurance Is Coming Later in 2002!

➡➡ **Many FEHB enrollees think that their health plan and/or Medicare will cover their long term care needs – Unfortunately, they are **WRONG!****

➡➡ **How are YOU planning to pay for the future custodial or chronic care you may need?**

➡➡ **You should consider buying long term care insurance.**

The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) will sponsor a high-quality long term care insurance program effective in October 2002. As part of its educational effort, OPM asks you to consider these questions:

What is long term care (LTC) insurance?

- It's insurance to help pay for long term care services you may need if you can't take care of yourself because of an extended illness or injury, or an age-related disease such as Alzheimer's.
- LTC insurance can provide broad, flexible benefits for nursing home care, care in an assisted living facility, care in your home, adult day care, hospice care, and more. ***LTC insurance can supplement care provided by family members, reducing the burden you place on them.***

I'm healthy. I won't need long term care. Or, will I?

- ***Welcome to the club!*** 76% of Americans believe they will never need long term care, but the facts are that about half of them will. And it's not just the old folks. About 40% of people needing long term care are under age 65. They may need chronic care due to a serious accident, a stroke, or developing multiple sclerosis, etc.
- We hope you will never need long term care, but everyone should have a plan just in case. ***Many people now consider long term care insurance to be vital to their financial and retirement planning.***

Is long term care expensive?

- Yes, it can be very expensive. A year in a nursing home can exceed \$50,000. Home care for only three 8-hour shifts a week can exceed \$20,000 a year. And that's before inflation!

- Long term care can easily exhaust your savings. ***Long term care insurance can protect your savings.***

But won't my FEHB plan, Medicare or Medicaid cover my long term care?

- Not FEHB. Look at the "*Not covered*" blocks in sections 5(a) and 5(c) of your FEHB brochure. Health plans don't cover custodial care, a stay in an assisted living facility, or a continuing need for a home health aide to help you with activities of daily living. Limited stays in skilled nursing facilities can be covered in some circumstances.
- Medicare only covers skilled nursing home care (the highest level of nursing care) after a hospitalization for those who are blind, age 65 or older or fully disabled. It also has a 100 day limit.
- Medicaid covers long term care for those who meet their state's poverty guidelines, but has restrictions on covered services and where they can be received. ***Long term care insurance can provide choices of care and preserve your independence.***

When will I get more information on how to apply for this new insurance coverage?

- Employees will get more information from their agencies during the LTC open enrollment period in the late summer/early fall of 2002.
- Retirees will receive information at home.

How can I find out more about the program NOW?

Our toll-free teleservice center will begin in mid-2002. In the meantime, you can learn more about the program on our web site at www.opm.gov/insure/ltc.

Learning about today's Federal Benefit Programs can be beneficial to your health.

Today's Medicare offers more.

- ✓ *More preventive benefits.*
- ✓ *More information.*
- ✓ *More help with your questions.*



An education program of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services

Medicare Questions?

www.medicare.gov

1-800-MEDICARE
(1-800-633-4227)

Medicare & You Handbook



The Department of Defense's New TRICARE-For-Life is an affordable alternative to FEHB.

- ✓ *Available to Uniformed Services Retirees with Medicare Parts A and B.*
- ✓ *Comprehensive medical and pharmacy coverage.*
- ✓ *Low out-of-pocket costs.*

TRICARE-for-Life Questions?

www.opm.gov/insure
OR
www.tricare.OSD.mil

1-888-DOD-LIFE
(1-888-363-5433)



Notes

Nationwide Fee-for-Service Plans Open to All

How to read this chart:

The table below highlights selected features that may help you narrow your choice of health plans. *Always consult plan brochures before making your final decision.* The chart does not show all of your possible out-of-pocket costs.

The **Deductibles** shown are the amount of covered expenses that you pay before your health plan begins to pay.

Calendar Year deductibles for families are two or more times the per person amount shown.

In some plans your combined **Prescription Drug** purchases from mail order and local pharmacies count toward the deductible. In other plans only purchases from local pharmacies count. Some plans require each family member to meet a per person deductible.

The **Per Stay Hospital Inpatient** deductible is what you pay each time you are admitted to a hospital.

What you pay for **Doctors** (inpatient visits and surgical services) and **Outpatient Tests** (provided, or ordered, and billed by a physician or physicians' group).

Plan name	Plan code	Benefit type	Medical-Surgical — You pay						
			Deductible			Copay (\$)/Coinsurance (%)			
			Per Person		Per stay Hospital inpatient	Doctors & Outpatient Tests	Hospital		
			Calendar Year	Prescription Drug			Inpatient	Outpatient other	
				R&B	Other				
Alliance Health Plan (AHP)	1R	PPO	\$100	\$200	\$150	10%	10%	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$300	\$200	\$250	30%	30%	30%	30%
APWU Health Plan (APWU)	47	PPO	\$275	None	None	10%	10%	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$350	None	\$200	30%	30%	30%	30%
Blue Cross and Blue Shield Service Benefit Plan-Std (BCBS)	10	PPO	\$250	None	\$100	10%	Nothing	Nothing	10%
		Non-PPO	\$250	None	\$300	25%	30%	30%	25%
Blue Cross and Blue Shield Service Benefit Plan-Basic (BCBS)	11	PPO only	None	None	\$100/day;\$500	\$20/\$30	Nothing	Nothing	\$30
GEHA Benefit Plan-High (GEHA)	31	PPO	\$300	None	None	10%	Nothing	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$300	None	None	25%	Nothing	25%	25%
GEHA Benefit Plan-Std (GEHA)	31	PPO	\$450	None	None	15%	15%	15%	15%
		Non-PPO	\$450	None	None	35%	35%	35%	35%
Mail Handlers-High (MH)	45	PPO	\$200	\$250	None	10%	Nothing	Nothing	10%
		Non-PPO	\$200	\$250	\$250	30%	Nothing	Nothing	30%
Mail Handlers-Std (MH)	45	PPO	\$250	\$600	\$150	10%	Nothing	Nothing	10%
		Non-PPO	\$250	\$600	\$300	30%	Nothing	Nothing	30%
NALC (NALC)	32	PPO	\$250	None	None	15%	10%	10%	15%
		Non-PPO	\$300	\$25 for Retail	\$100	30%	30%	30%	30%
PBP Health Plan-High (PBP)	36	PPO	\$200	\$100	None	10%	10%	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$400	\$150	\$150	20%	25%	25%	20%
PBP Health Plan-Std (PBP)	36	PPO	\$250	\$100	None	10%	10%	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$500	\$150	\$250	30%	30%	30%	30%

Your share of **Hospital Inpatient Room and Board** and **Other** (e.g., nursing, supplies, and medications) covered charges are shown, usually after any per stay deductible. Services provided and billed by the hospital for outpatient care (other than surgery) are shown as **Hospital Outpatient Other** expenses.

A **Generic** drug is a copy of the manufacturer's **Brand Name** drug and is approved by the Food and Drug Administration. **Non-formulary** drugs are Brand Names that are not on your health plan's list of preferred drugs.

Prescription drug benefits have become more complex as you can see from the many variations. Multiple numbers for a plan mean there are different levels of cost sharing. For instance, you may pay one amount for your first prescription (e.g., 10% or \$5) and then a different amount for some refills (e.g. 50%). You may have to pay the greater of a dollar amount or a percentage (e.g., \$10 or 20%). In some cases, you'll pay less for a Brand Name drug that has no Generic equivalent than for a Brand Name that has a Generic (e.g., \$15 versus \$30). A few plans have lower copays for Medicare members. Plans vary in the number of days supply of drugs you get for the copays shown, and you'll almost always pay more if you use a non-PPO pharmacy (e.g., the + sign means you pay the amount shown plus a differential).

Read the brochures for details.

Enrollee Survey Results — See pages 1-2 for a description.

Medical-Surgical — You pay					Enrollee Survey Results					
Copay (\$)/Coinsurance (%)					● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average					
Prescription drugs					Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing
Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Mail Order							
			Generic	Brand Name						
10%/50% 10%/50% +	10%/50% 10%/50% +	10%/50% 10%/50% +	20% 20%	20% 20%	●	○	●	●	◐	◐
\$7 45%	25% 45%	25% 45%	\$10 \$10	20% 20%	●	◐	◐	●	●	●
25% 45%	25% 45%	25% 45%	\$10/25% 45%	\$35/25% 45%	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐
\$10	\$25	\$35 or 50%	\$10	\$25						
\$5/50% \$5 or 50%	\$15/\$30/50% \$15/\$30/50%	\$15/\$30/50% \$15/\$30/50%	\$10 \$10	\$35/\$50 \$35/\$50	●	◐	○	◐	●	●
\$5 \$5 +	50% 50% +	50% 50% +	\$15 \$15	50% 50%	●	◐	○	◐	●	●
25% 50%	25% 50%	25% 50%	\$10 \$10	\$30/\$45 \$30/\$45	○	○	○	○	◐	○
30% 50%	30% 50%	30% 50%	\$10 \$10	\$40/\$55 \$40/\$55	○	○	○	○	◐	○
25% 40%+	25% 40%+	25% 40%+	\$12 \$12	\$25 \$25	●	●	●	●	●	●
\$10 or 20% 20%+	\$25 or 20% 20%+	\$40 or 20% 20%+	\$10 \$10	\$25 \$25	○	◐	●	●	○	○
\$15 or 20% 30%+	\$30 or 20% 30%+	\$40 or 20% 30%+	\$15 \$15	\$30 \$30	○	◐	●	●	○	○

Nationwide Fee-for-Service Plans Open Only to Specific Groups

How to read this chart:

The table below highlights selected features that may help you narrow your choice of health plans. *Always consult plan brochures before making your final decision.* The chart does not show all of your possible out-of-pocket costs.

The **Deductibles** shown are the amount of covered expenses that you pay before your health plan begins to pay.

Calendar Year deductibles for families are two or more times the per person amount shown.

Some plans apply **Prescription Drug** purchases to the Calendar Year deductible.

The **Per Stay Hospital Inpatient** deductible is what you pay each time you are admitted to a hospital.

What you pay for **Doctors** (inpatient visits and surgical services) and **Outpatient Tests** (provided, or ordered, and billed by a physician or physicians' group).

Plan name	Plan code	Benefit type	Medical-Surgical — You pay						
			Deductible		Copay (\$)/Coinsurance (%)				
			Per Person		Per stay Hospital inpatient	Doctors & Outpatient Tests	Hospital		
			Calendar Year	Prescription Drug			Inpatient	Outpatient other	
					R&B	Other			
Association Benefit Plan (ABP)	42	PPO	\$300	None	\$100	10%	Nothing	Nothing	10%
		Non-PPO	\$300	None	\$200	25%	25%	25%	25%
Foreign Service (FS)	40	PPO	\$300	None	Nothing	10%	Nothing	Nothing	10%
		Non-PPO	\$300	None	\$200	30%	20%	20%	30%
Panama Canal Area [◇] (PCA)	43	No PPO	None	\$400	\$125	50%	50%	50%	50%
Rural Carrier Benefit Plan (Rural)	38	PPO	\$350	CY Applies	Nothing	10%	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing
		Non-PPO	\$350	CY Applies	\$200	15%	Nothing	20%	Nothing
SAMBA (SAMBA)	44	PPO	\$300	None	\$200	10%	Nothing	10%	10%
		Non-PPO	\$300	None	\$300	30%	30%	30%	30%
Secret Service (SS)	Y7	No PPO	\$200	\$200	\$100	20%	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing

[◇] Offers a Point of Service product. See page 28.

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Enrollee Survey Results — See pages 1-2 for a description.

Medical-Surgical — You pay					Enrollee Survey Results					
Copay (\$)/Coinsurance (%)					● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average					
Prescription drugs					Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing
Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Home Delivery							
			Generic	Brand Name						
\$10 \$10	\$20 \$20	\$30 \$30	\$15 \$15	\$30/\$45 \$30/\$45	◐	◐	◐	○	●	◐
\$10 \$10	\$20 \$20	\$20 \$20	\$15 \$15	\$25 \$25	●	◐	◐	○	○	○
50%	50%	50%	N/A	N/A						
25% 25%	25% 25%	25% 25%	\$13 \$13	\$18 \$18	●	●	●	◐	●	●
\$15 \$15	\$25/\$30 \$25/\$30	\$25/\$30 \$25/\$30	\$15 \$15	\$25/\$30 \$25/\$30	◐	○	○	◐	○	○
\$10	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$40	○	●	◐	◐	○	○

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and Point of Service (POS) Plans

How to read this chart: The table below highlights selected features that may help you narrow your choice of health plans. Always consult plan brochures before making your final decision. This chart does not show all of your possible out-of-pocket costs.

Primary Care Doctor Office shows what you pay for each office visit to your primary care doctor.

Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						Accredited
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Alabama													
PrimeHealth of Alabama, Inc.	AA	\$10	None	\$7	\$12	\$30							
The Oath - A Health Plan for Alabama, Inc .	DF	\$15	\$100	\$5	\$15	\$25	◐	◐	●	●	◐	○	
Arizona													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	WQ	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
Health Net of Arizona, Inc.	A7	\$10	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$40	○	○	○	○	◐	◐	N2
PacifiCare Health Plans	A3	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	○	○	○	◐	N2
California													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	2X	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
Blue Cross- HMO	M5	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	50%	○	○	○	○	○	◐	N2
Blue Shield of CA Access+	SJ	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$25	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
CIGNA HealthCare of California	9T	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$35	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
Health Net	LB	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$35	○	○	○	○	○	◐	N2
Kaiser Permanente	59	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	○	○	○	●	○	N1
Kaiser Permanente	62	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	◐	○	○	●	◐	N2
PacifiCare Health Plans	CY	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	○	○	○	◐	N2
UHP HEALTHCARE	C4	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5							J3
Universal Care	6Q	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$30	○	○	○	○	○	○	N3
Western Health Advantage	5Z	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$20	●	○	○	◐	◐	●	N6

Prescription drugs — Generic, Brand Name, and Non-formulary shows what you pay for prescriptions when you use a plan pharmacy. Non-formulary refers to prescriptions that are not on the plan's preferred list. Some plans charge different amounts for some drugs and for mail orders. In many plans, if you get the brand name instead of the generic drug, you also pay the difference between the two.

Enrollee Survey Results — See pages 1-2 for a description. An (X) means the plan did not conduct the survey as we asked.

Accredited — The National Committee for Quality Assurance (N); the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (J); and/or the American Accreditation Healthcare Commission/URAC (U). See pages 2 and 7 for details. A lower number means a better accreditation.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
Colorado													
Kaiser Permanente	65	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	◐	◐	◐	○	●	◐	N1
PacifiCare of Colorado-High	D6	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$20	○	○	◐	◐	○	◐	N2
PacifiCare of Colorado-Std	D6	\$15	\$300	\$10	\$20	\$30	○	○	◐	◐	○	◐	N2
Rocky Mountain HMO-High	XJ	\$10	\$200	\$10	\$20	\$35	◐	●	●	●	○	●	N1
Rocky Mountain HMO-Std	XJ	\$25	\$500	\$10	\$20	\$35	◐	●	●	●	○	●	N1
Connecticut													
ConnectiCare	TE	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Health Net, Inc.	DP	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	◐	◐	●	

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and Point of Service (POS) Plans

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Primary Care Doctor Office shows what you pay for each office visit to your primary care doctor.

Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ● average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
District of Columbia													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-High	JN	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	●	○	○	N2
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-Std	JN	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	●	○	○	N2
CareFirst BlueChoice*	2G	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	○	○	N2
Kaiser Permanente	E3	\$10	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	○	●	○	N2
MD-IPA	JP	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Florida													
Av-Med Health Plan	EM	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$10	\$25	●	○	○	●	●	●	N2,J2
Capital Health Plan	EA	\$10	\$100	\$7	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Foundation Health	5E	\$10	\$200 per yr	\$7	\$14	\$34	○	○	○	○	○	○	N4
HIP Health Plan of FL	3N	\$10	\$250	\$5	\$10	\$35	○	○	○	●	●	●	N2
Humana Medical Plan	EE	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	○	○	○	○	●	●	N2,U1
Total Health Choice	4A	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$15	\$15							

* Previously CapitalCare, which had Commendable NCQA accreditation.

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average							Accredited
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing		
Georgia														
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	2U	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	◐	○	○	N1	
Kaiser Permanente	F8	\$10	None	\$5/\$11 Comm	\$5/\$11 Comm	\$5/\$11 Comm	●	●	◐	○	●	◐	N1	
Guam														
PacifiCare Asia Pacific-High	JK	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	◐	○	◐	◐	○		
PacifiCare Asia Pacific-Std	JK	\$15	\$150	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	◐	○	◐	◐	○		
Hawaii														
HMSA - In-Network	87	20%	None	\$5	\$15	\$15 or 50%	●	●	●	●	●	●		
HMSA - Out-of-Network		30%	30%	\$5 + 20%	\$15+20%+	\$15 or 50%+								
Kaiser Permanente-High	63	\$10	None	\$7	\$7	\$7	●	●	◐	●	●	●	N1	
Kaiser Permanente-Std	63	\$15	None	\$7	\$7	\$7	●	●	◐	●	●	●	N1	
Idaho														
Group Health Cooperative	VR	\$10	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	N1	

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Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ● average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
Illinois													
BlueCHOICE	9C1	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$15	○	●	●	●	●	●	N2
Mercy Health Plans/Premier	7M	\$10	None	\$7	\$12	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	
- In-Network - Out-of-Network		30%	30%	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Group Health Plan	MM	\$10	\$100	\$8	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Health Alliance HMO	EX	\$10	\$100	\$7	\$14	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Humana Health Plan Inc.	75	\$10	None	\$3	\$10	\$25	○	●	○	○	○	○	N2
John Deere Health Plan	YH	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
OSF HealthPlans	9F	\$10	\$100-\$300	\$7	\$15	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	N3
PersonalCare's HMO	GE	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$15	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
UNICARE HMO	17	\$15	None	\$5	\$15	\$25	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
Union Health Service	76	\$10	None	\$10	\$10	\$10							
Indiana													
Advantage Health Plan, Inc.	6Y	\$10	\$200	\$10	\$20	\$45							N6
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	7L	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	●	●	○	○	
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	RD	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	●	●	●	○	○	
Arnett HMO	G2	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Health Alliance HMO	EX	\$10	\$100	\$7	\$14	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Humana Health Plan	D2	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	●	○	●	●	○	○	N2
Humana Health Plan Inc.	75	\$10	None	\$3	\$10	\$25	○	●	○	○	○	○	N2
M*Plan	IN	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Physicians HP of N. Indiana	DQ	\$10	20%of\$2500	\$5	\$15	\$40	●	●	●	●	●	●	
UNICARE HMO	17	\$15	None	\$5	\$15	\$25	○	○	○	○	○	○	N2
Welborn HMO	H3	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	

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				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ● average, ○ below average						Accredited
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Iowa													
Avera Health Plan	AV1	\$10	\$250	\$10	\$20	\$35							
Coventry Health Care of Iowa	SV	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	○	●	●	●	○	●	N2
Health Alliance HMO	FX1	\$10	\$100	\$7	\$14	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
John Deere Health Plan	YH	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
SecureCare of Iowa	3Q	\$10	\$100	\$5 or 25%	\$5 or 25%	\$5 or 25%							
Kansas													
Coventry HC Kansas Cty formerly Kaiser	HA	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$45							
Coventry Health Care of Kansas	7W	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$20	●	○	●	●	●	●	
Humana Health Plan, Inc.-High	MS	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	○	○	●	○	○	○	N2
Humana Health Plan, Inc.-Std	MS	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$25	\$45	○	○	●	○	○	○	N2
Preferred Plus of Kansas	VA	\$10	\$50/day\$500	\$5	\$15	\$15							J3
Kentucky													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	7L	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	●	●	○	○	
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	RD	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	●	●	●	○	○	
Humana Health Plan	D2	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	●	○	●	●	○	○	N2
United Health Care of Ohio, Inc.	3U	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	○	N1

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				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
Louisiana													
Amcare Health Plans	ZH	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	50%							N6
Amcare Health Plans	ZQ	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	50%							N6
Coventry Healthcare Louisiana former Maxicare LA	BJ	\$15	\$100/day	\$10	\$20	\$45							
Coventry Healthcare Louisiana former Maxicare LA	JA	\$15	\$100/day	\$10	\$20	\$45	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Vantage Health Plan	AQ	\$15	\$250	\$10	\$20	\$35							
Vantage Health Plan	MV	\$15	\$250	\$10	\$20	\$35							
Maryland													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-High	JN	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	◐	○	○	N2
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-Std	JN	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	◐	○	○	N2
CareFirst BlueChoice*	2G	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	◐	◐	◐	◐	○	○	N2
Kaiser Permanente	E3	\$10	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	○	◐	○	●	○	N2
MD-IPA	JP	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	◐	◐	●	◐	N1
Massachusetts													
Blue Chip, Coord Hlth Partners - In-Network	DA	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	◐	N1
Blue Chip, Coord Hlth Partners - Out-of-Network		20%	None	\$30 + 20%	\$30 + 20%	\$30 + 20%							
Fallon Community Health Plan	JV	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	◐	N1

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ● average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
				Michigan									
Bluecare Network of MI	G7	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	K5	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	KF	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	KN	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	KR	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	LN	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Bluecare Network of MI	LX	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	●	○	●	N1
Grand Valley Health Plan	RL	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Health Alliance	52	\$10	None	\$2	\$2	\$2	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthPlus MI	X5	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
M-Care	EG	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
OmniCare	KA	\$10	None	\$2	\$2	\$2	○	○	○	○	○	○	N4
The Wellness Plan	K3	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5	○	○	○	○	○	○	
Total Health Care	N2	\$10	None	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing							
Minnesota													
HealthPartners Classic-High	53	\$15	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthPartners Classic-Std	53	\$20	\$200	\$11	\$22	\$22	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthPartners Primary Clinic Plan	HQ	\$15	None	\$10	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and Point of Service (POS) Plans

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Primary Care Doctor Office shows what you pay for each office visit to your primary care doctor.

Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results						Accredited
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Missouri													
Mercy Health Plans/Premier	7M	\$10	None	\$7	\$12	\$25	●	●	●	◐	◐	●	
- In-Network													
- Out-of-Network		30%	30%	N/A	N/A	N/A							
BlueCHOICE	9G	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$15	○	◐	●	●	◐	◐	N2
Coventry HC Kansas Cty formerly Kaiser	HA	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$45	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Group Health Plan	MM	\$10	\$100	\$8	\$20	\$35	◐	◐	●	●	◐	●	
Humana Kansas City, Inc.-High	MS	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	○	○	◐	○	○	○	N2
Humana Kansas City, Inc.-Std	MS	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$25	\$45	○	○	◐	○	○	○	N2
Nevada													
Health Plan of Nevada	NM	\$10	\$100/dayX2	\$5	\$20	\$35	○	○	○	○	○	○	N3
- In-Network													
- Out-of-Network		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%							
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	8L	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	○	◐	○	N6
PacifiCare Health Plans	K9	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	○	○	○	◐	N2

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						Accredited
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
New Jersey													
GHI Health Plan - In-Network	80	\$15	None	\$10	\$20	\$50	●	●	◐	◐	○	○	
GHI Health Plan - Out-of-Network		50% of sch.	None	N/A	N/A	N/A	●	●	◐	◐	○	○	
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	P3	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	◐	●	●	●	◐	◐	N1
AmeriHealth HMO	FK	\$30	None	\$15	\$25	\$35	◐	●	●	◐	◐	◐	N1
HealthNet of Pennsylvania	27	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	◐	◐	●	●	○	◐	
New Mexico													
Cimarron Health Plan	PX	\$10	None	\$5	\$8	\$8	○	○	○	◐	○	◐	N3
Lovelace Health Plan	Q1	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$35	◐	●	○	○	◐	○	N2
Presbyterian Health Plan	P2	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	◐	○	○	○	◐	◐	N2

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Primary Care Doctor Office shows what you pay for each office visit to your primary care doctor.

Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
New York													
GHI Health Plan - In-Network	80	\$15	None	\$10	\$20	\$50	●	●	◐	◐	○	○	
GHI Health Plan - Out-of-Network		50% of sch.	None	N/A	N/A	N/A	●	●	◐	◐	○	○	
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	JC	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	◐	◐	○	◐	◐	○	N1
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	TG	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	◐	◐	○	◐	◐	○	N1
Blue Choice	MK	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N2
C.D.P.H.P.	PW	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	◐	●	●	N1
C.D.P.H.P.	QB	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	◐	●	●	N1
C.D.P.H.P.	SG	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	◐	●	●	N1
GHI HMO Select	6V	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$30	○	○	●	◐	○	○	N6
GHI HMO Select	X4	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$30	○	○	●	◐	○	○	N6
Health Net, Inc.	PD	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	◐	●	◐	◐	◐	○	
HIP of Greater New York	51	\$10	None	\$10	\$15	\$35	◐	◐	○	○	◐	○	N2
HMO Blue	AH	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$35	◐	●	●	◐	○	○	N1
HMO-CNY	EB	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$35	◐	●	●	●	◐	◐	N1
Independent Health Assoc	QA	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
MVP Health Plan	GA	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N2
MVP Health Plan	M9	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N2
MVP Health Plan	MX	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N2
Preferred Care	GV	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Univera Healthcare - CNY	QE	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$35	◐	●	●	◐	◐	◐	N3
Univera Healthcare - CNY	SH	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$35	◐	●	●	◐	◐	◐	N3
Univera Healthcare - WNY	Q8	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Vytra Health Plans	J6	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5	●	●	◐	◐	◐	◐	

Prescription drugs — Generic, Brand Name, and Non-formulary shows what you pay for prescriptions when you use a plan pharmacy. Non-formulary refers to prescriptions that are not on the plan's preferred list. Some plans charge different amounts for some drugs and for mail orders. In many plans, if you get the brand name instead of the generic drug, you also pay the difference between the two.

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
				North Dakota									
Heart of America HMO	RU	\$10	None	50%	50%	50%							
Ohio													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	7D	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%							N2
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	RD	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	◐	●	●	○	○	N2
AultCare HMO	3A	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Health Maintenance Plan (HMP)	R5	\$10	None	\$8	\$15	\$25	◐	●	●	●	◐	◐	
Health Plan Upper OH Valley	U4	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HMO Health Ohio	L4	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	◐	◐	◐	○	○	N2
Kaiser Permanente	64	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	◐	●	◐	○	●	◐	N1
Paramount Health Care	U2	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$25	●	●	●	●	●	●	N2
SummaCare Health Plan	5W	\$10	None	\$5	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	◐	◐	N1
SuperMed HMO	5M	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	◐	◐	◐	○	○	N2
United Health Care of Ohio, Inc.	3U	\$15	\$100	\$10	\$15	\$30	◐	●	◐	◐	◐	○	N1

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Primary Care Doctor Office shows what you pay for each office visit to your primary care doctor.

Hospital per Stay Deductible/Copay is the amount you pay when you are admitted into a hospital.

Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						Accredited
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Oklahoma													
Amcare Health Plans	ZX	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	50%							N6
PacifiCare Health Plans	2N	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	◐	○	○	○	◐	●	N1
Oregon													
Kaiser Permanente-High	57	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	●	○	○	●	●	N1
Kaiser Permanente-Std	57	\$15	None	\$15	\$30	\$30	◐	●	○	○	●	●	N1
PacifiCare Health Plans	7Z	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	◐	◐	○	●	N1
Panama													
Panama Canal Area - In-Network	43	\$10	\$75	50%	50%	50%							
- Out-of-Network		50%	\$125	50%	50%	50%							

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results ● above average, ● average, ○ below average						
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
				Pennsylvania									
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	P3	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%							N1
HealthAmerica Pennsylvania	26	\$10	None	\$8	\$14	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthAmerica Pennsylvania	SW	\$10	None	\$8	\$14	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthGuard	NQ	\$10	None	\$10	\$25	\$40	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Keystone Health Plan Central	S4	\$10	None	\$10	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Keystone Health Plan East	ED	\$10	None	\$5	\$5	\$5	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
KeystoneBlue	EF	\$10	\$100	\$8	\$14	\$14	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
HealthNet of Pennsylvania	27	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	○	●	
HealthNet of Pennsylvania	2K	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35							
UPMC Health Plan	8W	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Puerto Rico													
Triple-S													
- In-Network	89	\$7.50	None	\$2	\$5/\$10	\$10 or 20%	●	●	○	●	●	○	
- Out-of-Network		\$7.50 + 10%	Most	25%	25%	25%							

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				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Rhode Island													
Blue Chip, Coord Hlth Partners	DA	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	◐	N1
- In-Network													
- Out-of-Network		20%	None	\$30 + 20%	\$30 + 20%	\$30 + 20%							
South Dakota													
Sioux Valley Health Plan	AU	\$10	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$20							J3,N6
- In-Network													
- Out-of-Network	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%							
Avera Health Plan	AV	\$10	\$250	\$10	\$20	\$35							
Tennessee													
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	6J	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	◐	◐	○	○	N1
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	UB	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	◐	◐	○	◐	◐	◐	N1
HealthSpring	6K	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35							N1

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Plan name	Plan code	Primary care doctor office copay	Hospital per stay deductible/copay	Prescription drugs			Enrollee Survey Results						Accredited
				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	● above average, ◐ average, ○ below average						
							Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	
Texas													
Mercy Health Plans/Premier - In-Network	HM	\$10	None	\$7	\$12	\$25	●	●	◐	●	●	●	
- Out-of-Network		40%	40%	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Amcare Health Plans	2V	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	50%	X	X	X	X	X	X	N6
Amcare Health Plans	ZG	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	50%							N6
FIRSTCARE	6U	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$30	○	◐	◐	●	◐	◐	
FIRSTCARE	CK	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	
HMO Blue Texas	YM	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$10	\$25	○	○	○	◐	○	○	N2
HMO Blue Texas	YX	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$10	\$25	○	○	○	◐	◐	◐	N2
Humana Health Plan of Texas	UR	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$40	○	○	○	○	◐	○	
PacifiCare Health Plans	GF	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	○	◐	○	○	N2
Utah													
Altius Health Plans	9K	\$10	None	\$10	\$15	\$30	○	◐	○	◐	○	○	
Vermont													
MVP Health Plan	VW	\$10	None	\$5	\$20	\$20	◐	●	●	●	●	●	N2

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				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing		
Virginia														
Piedmont Community Healthcare - In-Network	2C	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15								
Piedmont Community Healthcare - Out-of-Network		30%	None	\$5	\$15	\$15								
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-High	JN	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	●	○	○	N2	
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.-Std	JN	\$20	\$200-\$600	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	○	●	○	○	N2	
CareFirst BlueChoice*	2G	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	○	○	N2	
HealthKeepers	X8	\$10	\$100	\$5	\$10	\$25	●	●	○	●	●	●	N1	
Kaiser Permanente	E3	\$10	\$100	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	○	●	○	●	○	N2	
MD-IPA	JP	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$30	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1	
OPTIMA Health Plan	9R	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$40	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1	
Washington														
Aetna U. S. Healthcare, Inc.	8J	\$15	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	50%	○	○	●	●	○	○		
Group Health Cooperative	54	\$10	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1	
Group Health Cooperative	VR	\$10	\$100-\$300	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1	
Kaiser Permanente-High	57	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	●	●	○	○	●	●	N1	
Kaiser Permanente-Std	57	\$15	None	\$15	\$30	\$30	●	●	○	○	●	●	N1	
Kitsap Physicians Service-High	VT	\$10	\$200	50%	50%	50%	●	●	●	●	●	●		
Kitsap Physicians Service-Std	VT	20%	None	\$5	\$15	\$100 or 50%	●	●	●	●	●	●		
PacifiCare Health Plans	7Z	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	●	●	○	○	N1	
PacifiCare Health Plans	WB	\$10	None	\$5	\$15	\$15	○	○	●	●	○	○	N1	

* Previously CapitalCare, which had Commendable NCQA accreditation.

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				Generic	Brand Name	Non-formulary	Overall plan satisfaction	Getting needed care	Getting care quickly	How well doctors communicate	Customer service	Claims processing	Accredited
West Virginia													
Health Plan Upper OH Valley	U4	\$10	None	\$10	\$20	\$35	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Wisconsin													
Dean Health Plan	WD	\$10	None	\$10	\$15	\$15	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Group Health Coop	WJ	\$10	None	\$6	\$12	\$12	●	●	●	●	●	●	N1
Group Hlth Coop/Eau Claire	WT	\$10	None	\$10	\$10	\$10	●	●	●	●	●	●	
HealthPartners Classic-High	53	\$15	None	\$10	\$20	\$20	◐	●	◐	◐	◐	◐	N1
HealthPartners Classic-Std	53	\$20	\$200	\$11	\$22	\$22	◐	●	◐	◐	◐	◐	N1
HealthPartners Primary Clinic	HQ	\$15	None	\$10	\$10	\$10	◐	●	◐	◐	◐	◐	N1
Unity Health Plans	W4	\$10	None	\$6	\$12	\$24	●	●	●	◐	◐	●	
Wyoming													
WINhealth Partners	PV	\$10	None	\$10	\$15	\$40							

Notes

Notes

