



# South Coast Air Quality Management District

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## Particulate Matter (PM) Emission Factors For Processes/Equipment at Asphalt, Cement, Concrete, and Aggregate Product Plants June 2007

This document provides emission factors for estimating **total suspended particulate matter (PM) emissions (not PM<sub>10</sub>)** for **individual** emission source at aggregate (sand and gravel), brick and tile, hot mix asphalt, cement, and concrete batch plants. These factors are also applicable to emission sources other than processes identified in recently adopted Rules 1156 and 1157.

The factors and equations are extracted from the US EPA AP-42 document. Some of the complex equations are simplified with either default settings or assumptions that are applicable to the conditions and operations existing in the South Coast Air Basin as shown in the Reference column of the attached table.

*Facility is encouraged to apply specific parameters that are applicable to its operations to calculate emissions from the equipment/processes including the results from approved source tests. Supporting documents must be submitted with the Annual Emission Report to show the use of such parameters or source test results in calculating annual emissions.*

In the absence of specific parameters and/or source tests, facility can calculate its annual emissions using the factors provided in the attached table and the following equation.

$$E = TP \times EF$$

Where: E = Emission (tons/year)  
TP = Annual Throughput  
EF = Emission Factor

The unit for TP in this equation must be consistent with the unit of EF. For example, if EF is in pound per ton of material transferred (lb/ton), then TP must be tons of transferred material. For unique emission sources, additional data must be used in determining the factor (EF or TP) before it can be used in emission calculation as discussed in the following notes:

**Note 1:** For mining/quarrying, **emission factor** is expressed in pound per blast (lb/blast) and is calculated as:

$$EF = 0.000014 \times A^{1.5}$$

Where: A = Total horizontal blasted area in squared foot (ft<sup>2</sup>), provided that the blast depth is less than 70 ft.

In this case, the throughput (TP) is number of blast per year.

**Note 2:** For road emissions (E) caused by vehicle traffic, the **throughput** is expressed in annual vehicle miles traveled (VMT) as follows:

$$TP = VMT = \text{Road Length} \times \left( \frac{\# \text{ Truck Trips}}{\text{Day}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\# \text{ Days}}{\text{Year}} \right) \times \left( \frac{1 \text{ Mile}}{5,280 \text{ ft}} \right)$$

Where: Road Length = One-way distance in feet (ft) of paved or unpaved road within the facility, used by haul trucks and non-haul trucks.

# Truck Trips = the number of roundtrips the vehicle made.

*Definitions:*

*Haul Road:* an unpaved road used by haul trucks to carry materials from the quarry to the unloading/processing area within the facility.

*Non-Haul Road:* unpaved and/or paved road used by non-haul trucks to carry materials from one location to another location within the facility, usually between the facility's entrance/exit to loading/unloading/processing areas.

**Note 3:** For PM emissions (E) at **each** conveyor transfer point, the **emission factor** (lb/ton of material transferred) can be determined using the following equation:

$$EF = k \times 0.0032 \times \frac{\left( \frac{U}{5} \right)^{1.3}}{\left( \frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}}$$

Where: k = Particle Size Multiplier (dimensionless)

U = Average Wind Speed (mile per hour)

M. = Average Moisture Content (%)

**Note 4:** In addition to PM emissions, VOC emissions are also expected from asphalt product during loading out and silo filling operations. **Emission factor** (lb/ton of product loaded) is expressed in as follows:

### ASPHALT LOAD-OUT

$$EF_{PM} = 0.000181 + 0.00141 (-V) e^{((0.0251 \times (T+460)) - 20.43)}$$

$$EF_{VOC} = 0.0172 (-V) e^{((0.0251 \times (T+460)) - 20.43)}$$

### SILO FILLING

$$EF_{PM} = 0.000332 + 0.00105 (-V) e^{((0.0251 \times (T+460)) - 20.43)}$$

$$EF_{VOC} = 0.0504 (-V) e^{((0.0251 \times (T+460)) - 20.43)}$$

Where: V = Asphalt Volatility (in negative %); (Example -2.5%)

T = Asphalt Product Mix Temperature (degree F)

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor	Unit	References And Assumptions
<p><b><u>ROAD EMISSIONS FROM VEHICLE TRAFFIC</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>PAVED ROAD</b></li> </ul> $E = \text{VMT} \times k \times \left(\frac{\text{sL}}{2}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b$ <p>Where:  E = PM emissions  TP = VMT = annual vehicle mile traveled  (see <b>Note 2</b>)</p> $\text{EF} = k \times \left(\frac{\text{sL}}{2}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b$ <p>k = particle size multiplier  a, b = constants  sL = road surface silt loading (g/m<sup>2</sup>)  W = average weight (tons) of the vehicle</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>CONTROLLED</u></b></p> <p><b>Aggregate / Crushed Material Plants</b>  EF = 11.65  <u>EF = 2.33</u></p> <p><b>Hot Mix Asphalt Plants</b>  EF = 14.73  <u>EF = 2.95</u></p> <p><b>Concrete Batching</b>  EF = 4.91  <u>EF = 0.98</u></p> <p><b>Cement/Other Plants</b>  EF = 4.19  <u>EF = 0.84</u></p>	<p>lb/VMT</p> <p>lb/VMT</p> <p>lb/VMT</p> <p>lb/VMT</p>	<p>Chapter 13.2.1, Equation 1  Assumptions:  k = 0.082, a = 0.65, b = 1.5  Aggregate / Crushed Material  sL = 53 g/m<sup>2</sup> *  Hot Mix Asphalt  sL = 76 g/m<sup>2</sup> *  Cement / Concrete / Others  sL = 11 g/m<sup>2</sup> *  Control Efficiency = 80%  W<sub>Loaded</sub> = 30 tons  W<sub>Unloaded</sub> = 5 tons  W<sub>Unloaded</sub> for concrete Batching = 12 tons  * Per agreement between the District &amp; Industry</p>

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor	Unit	References And Assumptions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>UNPAVED ROAD</b></li> </ul> $E = \text{VMT} \times k \times \left(\frac{S}{12}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b$ <p>Where:            E = PM emissions            TP = VMT = annual vehicle mile traveled            (see <b>Note 2</b>)</p> $EF = k \times \left(\frac{S}{12}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b$ <p>k = particle size multiplier            a, b = constants            S = surface material silt content (%)            W = average weight (tons) of the vehicle</p>	<p><b>UNCONTROLLED</b>      <u>CONTROLLED</u></p> <p><b>Aggregate Plants</b>            HAUL VEHICLE            EF = 16.36      <u>EF = 3.27</u>            NON-HAUL VEHICLE            EF = 8.79      <u>EF = 1.76</u></p> <p><b>Other Plant</b>            HAUL VEHICLE            EF = 14.66      <u>EF = 2.93</u>            NON-HAUL VEHICLE            EF = 5.26      <u>EF = 1.05</u></p> <p>EF = 0.33      <u>EF = 0.0165</u></p>	<p>lb/VMT            lb/VMT            lb/VMT            lb/VMT</p>	<p>Assumptions:            k = 4.9, a = 0.7, b = 0.45            HAUL            W<sub>Loaded</sub> = 120 tons            W<sub>Unloaded</sub> = 45 tons            S<sub>Aggregate</sub> = 8.3%            S<sub>Others</sub> = 7.1%            NON-HAUL            W<sub>Loaded</sub> = 30 tons            W<sub>Unloaded</sub> = 5 tons            S<sub>Aggregate</sub> = 10%            S<sub>Others</sub> = 4.8 %            Control Efficiency = 80%</p>
<p><b>OPEN STORAGE PILE</b>            TP = annual tonnage of stored material = amount of material loaded into, or out of, the pile</p>		<p>lb/ton</p>	<p>Chapter 11.19.1, Final Report, Table 4-1            Control Efficiency = 95%</p>

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor		Unit	References And Assumptions
	UNCONTROLLED	<u>CONTROLLED</u>		
<p><b><u>MINING/QUARRYING</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DRILLING</b> TP = number of hole drilled</li> <li><b>BLASTING</b> (see <b>Note 1</b>) TP = number of blast</li> </ul>	<p>EF = 1.3</p> <p>EF = 0.000014 (A)<sup>1.5</sup></p>		<p>lb/hole</p> <p>lb/blast</p>	<p>Chapter 11.9, Table 11.9-4</p> <p>Chapter 11.9, Table 11.9-1</p>
<p><b><u>LOADING / UNLOADING</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>CONVEYOR TRANSFER POINT</b></li> </ul> $EF = k \times 0.0032 \times \left(\frac{U}{5}\right)^{1.3} \times \left(\frac{M}{2}\right)^{1.4}$ <p>k= Particle size multiplier  M = Material moisture content  U = Mean wind speed</p> <p>For a system of multiple transfer points, this EF must be multiplied by the number of transfer points (where materials drop from one point to another). Refer to Rule 1157 definition for more detail. Also see <b>Note 3</b>.</p>	<p><b>Aggregate/Crushed Miscellaneous Base/ Asphalt Plants</b></p> <p>EF = 0.00234</p> <p><u>EF = 0.00012</u></p> <p><b>Concrete Batching and Others</b></p> <p>SAND: EF = 0.0021</p> <p>AGGREGATE: EF = 0.0069</p> <p><u>EF = 0.00011</u></p> <p><u>EF = 0.00035</u></p>		<p>lb/ton</p> <p>lb/ton</p> <p>lb/ton</p>	<p>Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1(b)</p> <p>Assumptions:  k = 0.74  U = 6.3 mph  M = 2.5%  Control Efficiency = 95%</p>

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor		Unit	References And Assumptions
	UNCONTROLLED	<u>CONTROLLED</u>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>WEIGHT HOPPER / SURGE BIN</li> <li>SILOS Cement Cement Supplements (Fly Ash)</li> </ul>	EF = 0.0051	<u>EF = 0.00026</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.12, Table 11.12-2 Control Efficiency = 95%
	EF = 0.72	<u>EF = 0.00099</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.12, Table 11.12-2
	EF = 3.14	<u>EF = 0.0089</u>	lb/ton	Control Efficiency = 99%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CONCRETE TRUCK MIX LOADING</li> </ul>	EF = 0.995	<u>EF = 0.0568</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.12, Table 11.12-2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CONCRETE CENTRAL MIX LOADING</li> </ul>	EF = 0.544	<u>EF = 0.0173</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.12, Table 11.12-2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ASPHALT PRODUCTS LOAD OUT (see Note 4)</li> </ul>		PM: <u>EF = 0.00052</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.1, Table 11.1-14
			VOC: <u>EF = 0.0042</u>	lb/ton
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ASPHALT SILO FILLING (see Note 4)</li> </ul>		PM: <u>EF = 0.00059</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.1, Table 11.1-14
			VOC: <u>EF = 0.0122</u>	lb/ton

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor		Unit	References And Assumptions
	UNCONTROLLED	<u>CONTROLLED</u>		
<u>CRUSHING</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PRIMARY CRUSHER</li> <li>TERTIARY CRUSHER</li> <li>FINE CRUSHER</li> </ul>	EF = 0.014*	<u>EF = 0.00031</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.6, Table 11.6-4 Control Efficiency = 97.8%
	EF = 0.055*	<u>EF = 0.0012</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.2, Table 11.19.2-2 Control Efficiency = 97.8%
	EF = 0.136*	<u>EF = 0.003</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.2, Table 11.19.2-2 Control Efficiency = 97.8%
	* Based on using controlled EF & control efficiency of 97.8%			
<u>SCREENING</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>COARSE</li> <li>FINE</li> <li>SAND</li> </ul>	EF = 0.056*	<u>EF = 0.0022</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.2, Table 11.19.2-2 Control Efficiency = 96.1%
	EF = 0.092*	<u>EF = 0.0036</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.2, Table 11.19.2-2 Control Efficiency = 96.1%
	EF = 0.21*	<u>EF = 0.0083</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.1, Final Report, Table 4-3 Control Efficiency = 96.1%
	* Based on using controlled EF & control efficiency of 96.1%			

Operation/Emission Sources	Emission Factor		Unit	References And Assumptions	
	UNCONTROLLED	<u>CONTROLLED</u>			
<u>MILLING</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GENERAL</li> <li>• CEMENT Raw Mill Finish Grinding Mill</li> </ul>	EF = 0.62*	<u>EF = 0.0062</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.3, Table 11.3-1 Control Efficiency = 99%	
	EF = 1.2*	<u>EF = 0.012</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.6, Table 11.6-4	
	EF = 0.8*	<u>EF = 0.008</u>	lb/ton	Control Efficiency = 99%	
	* Based on using controlled EF & control efficiency of 99%				
<u>OTHER PROCESS/EQUIPMENT</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MATERIAL DRYER SAND and GRAVEL BATCH MIX ASPHALT DRUM MIX ASPHALT BRICK MANUFACTURING</li> <li>• KILNS BRICK CEMENT CLINKER COOLER</li> </ul>	EF = 2.0	<u>EF = 0.039</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.19.1, Table 11.19.1-1	
	EF = 32	<u>EF = 0.042</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.1, Table 11.1-1	
	EF = 28	<u>EF = 0.033</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.1, Table 11.1-3	
	EF = 0.187		lb/ton	Chapter 11.3, Table 11.3-1	
	EF = 0.96		lb/ton	Chapter 11.3, Table 11.3-1	
	EF = 109*	<u>EF = 1.09</u>	lb/ton	Chapter 11.6, Table 11.6-2	
	EF = 14.7*	<u>EF = 0.147</u>	lb/ton	Control Efficiency = 99%	
	* Based on using controlled EF & control efficiency of 99%				