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## The Precautionary Principle:

≠ Zero risk

= Minimize harm

≠ Zero science

= Maximize information/science

≠Predetermined outcome (i.e. ban)

= Process for public decision making

# What Got San Francisco's Attention?

- Community Interest
  - Bay Area Working Group on the Precautionary Principle
  - Breast Cancer Fund
- Commission on the Environment
- Department of the Environment
- Mayor Willie Brown Jr.

#### The Public Process:

- Direction from elected officials
- 18 months of public meetings
- Input from business groups
  - Committee on Jobs
  - Chamber of Commerce
  - Labor Unions
  - American Chemistry Council
- Consultation with subject matter experts

#### Precautionary Principle Ordinance

 Chapter One of a newly formed Environment Code – over arching principle

For complete text see:

www.sfenvironment.org

# Moving From Theoretical Principle to Practical Policy:

#### Alternatives Assessment

Mary O'Brien

Making Better Environmental Decisions:

An Alternative to Risk Assessment

# The Precautionary Approach: Risk Assess. vs. Alternatives Analysis

- Risk Assessment
  - What is an acceptable level of harm? (i.e. # of cancers in 1000 people)
  - Does this activity
     (product) fall within that acceptable level?

- Alternatives Analysis
  - Is this potentially hazardous activity (product) necessary?
  - What less hazardous options are available?
  - How little damage is possible?

### Five Tenets of SF Ordinance:

 There is a duty to take anticipatory action to prevent harm

- The community has a right to know complete and accurate information
- Decisions must be transparent, participatory, and informed by the best available information

#### Five Tenets of SF Ordinance:

 There is a duty to examine a full range of alternatives, including the alternative of doing nothing

 Decision makers must consider the full range of costs, including costs outside the initial price

#### Implementation - San Francisco



- Integrated Pest Management
  - Evaluated health and environmental impacts
     of pesticides used on City property
  - Alternatives analysis identified pesticides presenting minimum harm
  - Designed training programs to minimize pesticide use

#### Implementation - San Francisco

ed Presided Wood



- Evaluated health and environmental impacts of constituents of pressure treated wood (CCA)
- Alternatives analysis revealed less toxic formulations (ACQ, CBA)
- Alternatives analysis identified cases where arsenic treated wood is the most environmentally preferable formulation of pressure treated wood i.e. submerged aquatic

### Implementation - San Francisco

- New Regulations
  - Purchasing Ordinance
  - Green Building Standards
- New Avenues for Discussion
  - Recycled Water
  - Power Plant Development
  - Links to Environmental Justice
  - More possibilities

## Implementation - SCAQIMD

- Parts Washers
  - solvent vs. aqueous
- Paint
  - VOC limits, oil vs. latex
- Dry Cleaners
  - PERC vs. other technologies

# Re-defining the Central Question for Decision Makers:

# Is it legal?
# Is it safe?

Instead: Is it necessary?