ACADEMIC PHARMACY'S VITAL STATISTICS

Institutions and Programs

- As of fall 2004, there are 89 colleges and schools of pharmacy with accredited (including candidate status) professional degree programs.
 The Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) accredits programs.
- Thirty-three (33) programs are in private institutions and fifty-six (56) are in publicly supported universities.
- All eighty-nine (89) colleges and schools will offer the Pharm.D. as a first professional degree. Thirty-one (31) colleges and schools will offer the Pharm.D. as a post-B.S. degree in fall 2004.
- Sixty-seven (67) colleges and schools will offer graduate programs in the pharmaceutical sciences at the M.S. and/or Ph.D. level in fall 2004.
- In fall 2003, there were 3,918 full-time and 833 part-time pharmacy faculty members at 89 colleges and schools of pharmacy.

Pharmacy Students

- First professional degree enrollment ranged from 51 to 1,612 students per college or school in fall 2003. Institutions reported an average application to enrollment rate of 4.8:1 for admission in fall 2003.
- Total first professional degree enrollment was 43,047 in fall 2003 (42,627 in Pharm.D. programs and 420 in B.S. programs).
- The number of students already holding a B.S. in pharmacy and enrolled in Pharm.D. programs was 3,603.

- Of the total number of students enrolled in first professional degree programs for fall 2003, 66.9 percent were women and 13.9 percent were underrepresented minority students.
- Professional pharmacy student enrollments rose steadily from fall 1984 through fall 1995, decreased slightly in fall 1996 and fall 1997, increased 1.7 percent in fall 1998, and fell 1.7 percent in fall 1999; however, this number increased 6.0 percent in fall 2000, 4.1 in fall 2001, 8.4 percent in fall 2002, and 10.7 percent in fall 2003. Attrition estimates (tracking enrollees through to graduation) over the past five years have averaged 6.02 percent per class.
- Total fall 2003 full-time graduate student enrollment was 3,331 (2,597 students in Ph.D. programs and 734 in M.S. programs). Women accounted for 49.7 percent of full-time graduate students. U.S.-educated pharmacists made up 8.9 percent of the total Ph.D. enrollment.
- In 2002-03, 7,488 first professional degrees in pharmacy were awarded: 64.8 percent to females and 35.2 percent to males. Of the first professional degrees awarded, 839 were baccalaureate degrees and 6,649 were Pharm.D. degrees. In addition, 895 post-B.S. Pharm.D. degrees were awarded.
- In 2002-03, 384 Ph.D. degrees were awarded (54.7 percent to males, 45.3 percent to females), representing a 2.1 percent increase from 2001-2002. M.S. degrees awarded increased 6.5 percent from 443 in 2001-02 to 472 (42.2 percent to males, 57.8 percent to females) in 2002-03.

Sources: AACP's institutional, faculty, and student databases track on an annual basis the status of pharmacy's academic enterprise. Data in "Academic Pharmacy's Vital Statistics" are reflective of the Association's *Profile of Pharmacy Faculty, Pharmacy School Admission Requirements*, and *Profile of Pharmacy Students*.

Programs in Pharmacy

The following inventory represents programs offered to beginning students in fall 2004 by the 89 U.S. colleges and schools of pharmacy, as reported by the schools to AACP in April 2003. To ascertain the current accreditation status of each program, contact the individual college or school or the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education, 20 North Clark Street, Suite 2500, Chicago, Illinois 60602; 312/664-3575.

Pharm.D. as first professional degree (89):

Auburn University Samford University (AL) Midwestern University-Glendale (AZ) Arizona, University of Arkansas, University of Loma Linda University (CA) California-San Francisco, University of California-San Diego, University of Pacific, University of the (CA) Southern California, University of Western University Colorado, University of Connecticut, University of Howard University (DC) Florida A & M University Nova Southeastern University (FL) Palm Beach Atlantic College (FL) Florida, University of Mercer University (GA) South University (GA) Georgia, University of Idaho State University Midwestern University-Chicago (IL) Illinois at Chicago, University of Butler University (IN) Purdue University (IN) Drake University (IA) Iowa, University of Kansas, University of Kentucky, University of Louisiana at Monroe, University of

Xavier University of Louisiana Maryland, University of Massachusetts College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences-Boston Massachusetts College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences-Worcester Northeastern University (MA) Ferris State University (MI) Michigan, University of Wayne State University (MI) Minnesota, University of Mississippi, University of St. Louis College of Pharmacy (MO) Missouri at Kansas City, University of Montana, University of Creighton University (NE) Nebraska, University of Nevada College of Pharmacy Rutgers University (NJ) New Mexico, University of A&M Schwartz (NY) St. John's University (NY) SUNY at Buffalo (NY) Albany College of Pharmacy (NY) Campbell University (NC) North Carolina at Chapel Hill, University of Wingate University (NC) North Dakota State University Ohio Northern University Ohio State University Cincinnati, University of (OH) Toledo, University of (OH)

SW Oklahoma State University Oklahoma, University of Oregon State University Duquesne University (PA) Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine (PA) Philadelphia College of Pharmacy (PA) Temple University (PA) Pittsburgh, University of (PA) Wilkes University (PA) Puerto Rico, University of Rhode Island, University of South Carolina, Medical University of South Carolina, University of South Dakota State University Tennessee, University of Texas Southern University Texas Tech University Houston, University of (TX) Texas at Austin, University of Utah, University of Hampton University (VA) Shenandoah University (VA) Virginia Commonwealth University Washington, University of Washington State University Wisconsin, University of Wyoming, University of West Virginia University

Pharm.D. degree as a post-B.S. in pharmacy degree (31):

Auburn University (AL)
Arkansas, University of
Southern California, University of
Western University (CA)
Howard University (DC)
Florida A & M University
Nova Southeastern University (FL)
Florida, University of
Mercer University (GA)
Midwestern University-Chicago (IL)
Purdue University (IN)

Kansas, University of Massachusetts College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences-Boston Michigan, University of Mississippi, University of St. Louis College of Pharmacy (MO) Creighton University (NE) Nebraska, University of Rutgers University (NJ) New Mexico, University of St. John's University (NY) Campbell University (NC)
North Dakota State University
Ohio State University
Cincinnati, University of (OH)
Toledo, University of (OH)
Oklahoma, University of
Philadelphia College of Pharmacy (PA)
Texas Southern University
Utah, University of
Shenandoah University (VA)