Federal blue-collar employees, and five representatives from Federal agencies. Entitlement to membership on the Committee is provided for in 5 U.S.C. 5347.

The Committee's primary responsibility is to review the Prevailing Rate System and other matters pertinent to establishing prevailing rates under subchapter IV, chapter 53, 5 U.S.C., as amended, and from time to time advise the Office of Personnel Management.

This scheduled meeting will start in open session with both labor and management representatives attending. During the meeting either the labor members or the management members may caucus separately with the Chair to devise strategy and formulate positions. Premature disclosure of the matters discussed in these caucuses would unacceptably impair the ability of the Committee to reach a consensus on the matters being considered and would disrupt substantially the disposition of its business. Therefore, these caucuses will be closed to the public because of a determination made by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management under the provisions of section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463) and 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(9)(B). These caucuses may, depending on the issues involved, constitute a substantial portion of a meeting.

Annually, the Chair compiles a report of pay issues discussed and concluded recommendations. These reports are available to the public, upon written request to the Committee's Secretary.

The public is invited to submit material in writing to the Chair on Federal Wage System pay matters felt to be deserving of the Committee's attention. Additional information on this meeting may be obtained by contacting the Committee's Secretary, Office of Personnel Management, Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee, Room 5559, 1900 E Street, NW., Washington, DC 20415 (202) 606– 1500.

Dated: August 7, 1997.

Phyllis G. Heuerman,

Chair, Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee.

[FR Doc. 97–21979 Filed 8–19–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–M

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee; Cancellation of Open Committee Meeting

According to the provisions of section 10 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), notice is hereby given that the meeting of the Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee scheduled for Thursday, August 21, 1997, has been cancelled.

Information on other meetings can be obtained by contacting the Committee's Secretary, Office of Personnel Management, Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee, Room 5559, 1900 E Street NW., Washington, DC 20415, (202) 606–1500.

Dated: August 13, 1997.

Phyllis G. Heuerman,

Chair, Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee.

[FR Doc. 97–21980 Filed 8–19–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

- Upon written request, copies available from: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, Washington, DC 20549
- Extension:
 - Rule 17f–1(b), SEC File No. 270–28, OMB Control No. 3235–0032
 - Rule 17f–1(c) and Form X–17F–1A, SEC File No. 270–29, OMB Control No. 3235–0037
 - Rule 17h–1T and 17h–2T, SEC File No. 270–359, OMB Control No. 3235–0410

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget requests for extension of the previously approved collections of information discussed below.

Rule 17f–1(b) Requirements for reporting and inquiry with respect to missing, lost, counterfeit, or stolen securities.

Rule 17f–1(b) requires approximately 19,000 entities in the securities industry to register in the Lost and Stolen Securities Program. Registration fulfills a statutory requirement that entities report and inquire about missing, lost, counterfeit, or stolen securities. Registration also allows entities in the securities industry to gain access to a confidential data base that stores information for the Program.

It is estimated that 600 respondents will register in the Lost and Stolen Securities Program annually. It is also estimated that each respondent will register one time. The average number of hours necessary to comply with the Rule 17f–1(b) is one-half hour. The total annual burden is 300 hours for respondents, based upon past submissions. The cost per hour is approximately \$30. Therefore, the total cost of compliance for respondents is \$9,000.

Rule 17f–1(c) and Form X–17F–1A Reporting of missing, lost, stolen, or counterfeit securities.

Rule 17f–1(c) requires approximately 23,000 entities in the securities industry to report lost, stolen, missing, or counterfeit securities to a central database. Form X-17F-1A facilitates the accurate reporting and precise and immediate data entry into the central database. Reporting to the central database fulfills a statutory requirement that reporting institutions report and inquire about missing, lost, counterfeit, or stolen securities. Reporting to the central database also allows reporting institutions to gain access to the database that stores information for the Lost and Stolen Securities Program.

It is estimated that 23,000 reporting institutions will report that securities are either missing, lost, counterfeit, or stolen annually. It is also estimated that each reporting institution will submit this report 29 times each year. The average amount of time necessary to comply with Rule 17f–1(c) and Form X– 17F–1A is five minutes. The total annual burden is 55,583 hours for respondents, based upon past submissions. The average cost per hour is approximately \$30. Therefore, the total cost of compliance for respondents is \$1,667,490.

Rules 17f–1T and 17h–2T Risk Assessment Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements for Associated Persons of Brokers and Dealers.

Rules 17h–1T and 17h–2T require certain broker-dealers to maintain and file with the Commission certain records relating to the activities of affiliates whose business activities are reasonably likely to have a material impact on the broker-dealers. These rules enable the Commission to gather complete and timely information about the activities of broker-dealer affiliates in a form necessary for surveillance, enforcement, and other regulatory purposes. The Commission uses this information to assess the potentially